

PUBLIC LIBRARY
FORT WAYNE & ALLEN CO., IND
REFERENCE

GEN

ALLEN COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY



3 1833 01753 7215

GENEALOGY

973.3406

D2AYA

1915,

JULY-DEC.



Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2012

<http://archive.org/details/daughtersofameriv47daug>

DAUGHTERS of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

CONTENTS FOR JULY, 1915

Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth.....	<i>Frontispiece</i>
Name Chautauqua of North Carolina Origin, <i>Lida T. Rodman</i>	3
Review of Twenty-fourth Continental Congress.....	5
STATE CONFERENCES:	
Colorado	11
Oklahoma	12
WORK OF THE CHAPTERS.....	15
GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT	22
Story of Hannah Arnett, <i>Mrs. M. S. Lockwood</i>	34
Death of Real Daughter.....	36
REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS	37
IN MEMORIAM	38
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:	
Official list of	39
Regular meeting of, April 26.....	42

Send all subscriptions to the Chairman, Miss Florence G. Finch, 36 Gramercy Park, New York City. All checks and money orders are to be made payable to Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

Yearly Subscription, \$1.00 in Advance.
Foreign Postage, \$1.00 Additional.

Single Copy, 10 Cents.
Canadian Postage, 30 Cents Additional.

ISSUED MONTHLY.

Copyright 1915, by

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

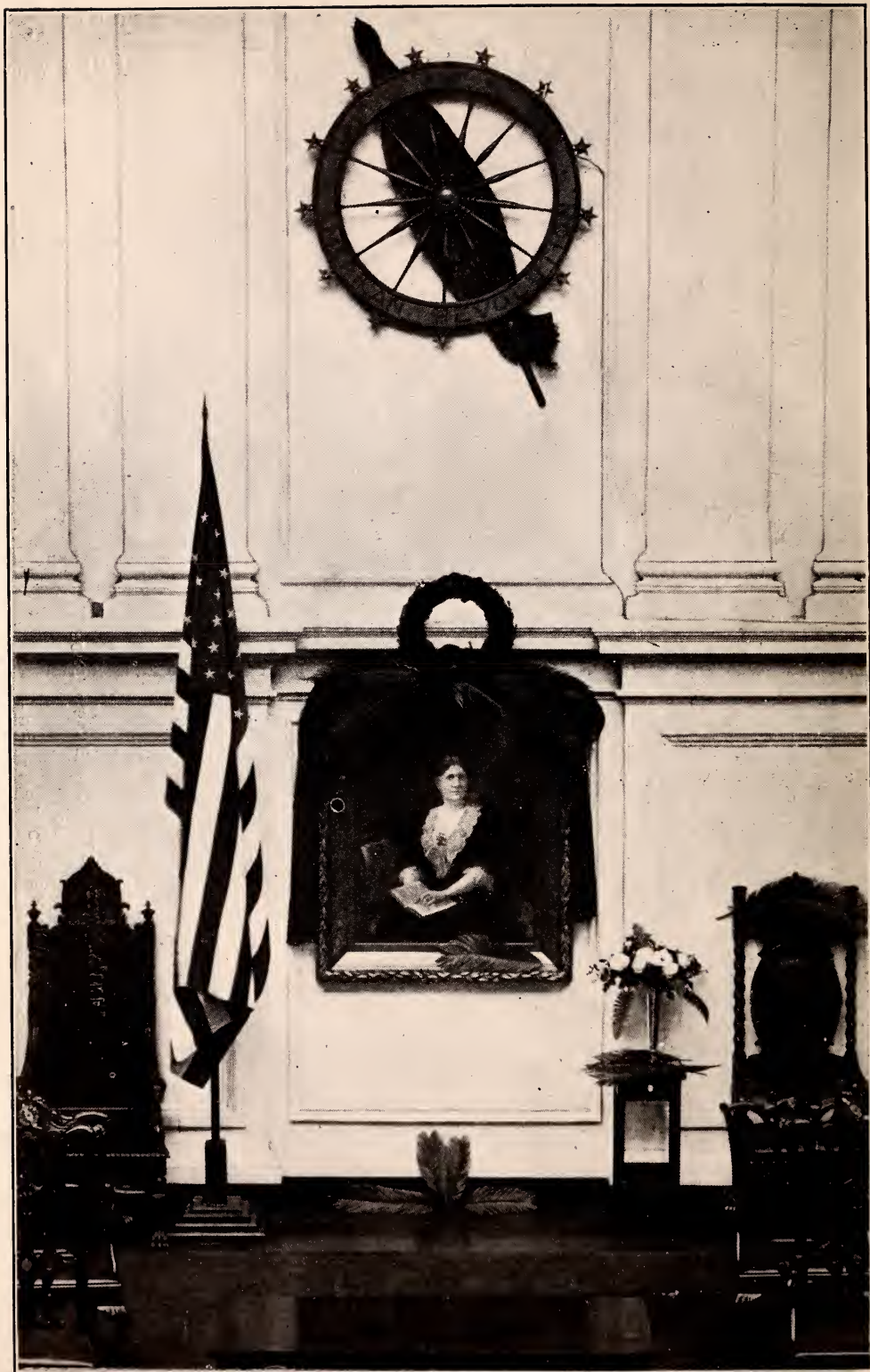
Publication Office, 36th Street and 10th Avenue, New York City, N. Y.

Miss ELIZA OLVER DENNISTON, Editor, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. AMOS G. DRAPER, Genealogical Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

Miss FLORENCE G. FINCH, Chm. of Magazine Committee, 36 Gramercy Park, New York City.

Entered at the New York Post-Office as Second-Class Matter.



In Memory of
MRS. ELLEN HARDIN WALWORTH
A Founder of the
National Society Daughters

DAUGHTERS of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE 574284

Vol. XLVII. No. 1

JULY, 1915

Whole No. 276

The Name Chautauqua of North Carolina Origin

By Lida Tunstall Rodman, State Regent of North Carolina

It does not seem to be generally known that the Chattawka, or Chautauqua, Indians were originally from North Carolina. They were a band, or lesser tribe, of the great Tuscarora tribe. These Indians, Tuscaroras, Chattaquas, Matchapungos, and others inhabited the eastern part of North Carolina, where, in the picturesque river district, they built their towns—notably Pampticoe, on Pampticoe river, and Chattawka, on Neuse river. Here they held their various ceremonies, and journeyed with graceful ease from point to point as they paddled their canoes, or dug-outs, over the shining waters of creek and inlet in every month of Carolina's temperate winter climate.

The Indian town of Chattawka, or Chautauqua, was beautifully located at the junction of the Neuse and Trent rivers, on the site of the present city of New Bern. The old cypress tree under which the Indian chiefs deeded their lands to Lawson, the surveyor general under the crown, remained standing on what is now East Front street until comparatively recent years. At the foot of Broad street, nearby, was a hill formerly called "Council Bluff," where, in solemn assembly, the Chattawka Indians, in front of their blazing camp fires, de-

liberated upon war, or peace, or vengeance.

In 1710, when the distinguished Baron De Graffenreid, native of Switzerland, came to America with the German Palatines in search of homes of peace and plenty in the new world, after passing through Virginia they came to North Carolina and planted the central part of their colony on the site of the Indian village of Chattawka, to which they gave the name of New Berne, in compliment to old Berne, in Switzerland.

Seeing their lands rapidly passing from their possession, and, perhaps, for other grievances, the Indians became jealous of their white neighbors, and determined upon an uprising, which resulted in a general massacre of the whites of Pampticoe and Neuse, extending partly to Roanoke. This barbarous attack of the savages began about the middle of September, 1711, and continued until after the 22nd; many of the inhabitants were brutally put to death and their homes destroyed. Lawson, distinguished as Carolina's earliest historian, was captured in company of De Graffenreid, with whom he had started on a surveying expedition. After some days of captivity the latter was re-

leased, but Lawson met the horrible fate of having his body stuck full of lightwood splinters and then being set on fire.

The condition of the settlers was piteous and critical in the extreme, however, South Carolina sent timely aid and the Indians were so severely chastised that in the month of June following they abandoned North Carolina forever. Broken in their strength, and fearing further punishment, the Tuscaroras, including the remnants of the Chattawkas,

and other component bands, migrated northerly towards Canada, near the southeast end of Lake Oneida, on the shores of which they settled. They were admitted into the confederacy of the five great nations, which from this time were called the Six Nations, the Tuscaroras becoming the sixth member of the union. The smaller tribe of Chattawkas settled on and gave their name to Lake Chautauqua, in New York state, now so famous as an educational rallying ground.

Review of the Twenty-fourth Continental Congress

(Concluded from June issue)

The Saturday morning session was called to order by the President General at 10:10 a. m. The devotional exercises were conducted by the Rev. William Callender.

The minutes of the morning session of Thursday were read and approved. The minutes for the afternoon and evening sessions of Thursday were then read, corrected and approved.

Mrs. Kate Kearney Henry, as Chairman of the Banquet Hall Committee, presented the report of that committee.

Mrs. Smooth, Chairman, presented the report of the Memorial Highway to Mount Vernon.

Mrs. Bassett, Chairman of Historical Research and Preservation of Records, presented the report of that committee.

Miss Richards read the report of the Chairman of Peace and Arbitration, Mrs. Cook not being able to be present. The time limit having expired, it was moved by Mrs. Thompson, of Massachusetts, seconded by Mrs. Leary, and carried, that the remainder of this report be printed in the Magazine.

Mrs. Draper, as regent of the Mary Bartlett Chapter, which presented the amendment to the by-laws, explained the reasons for desiring the amendment carried, and after considerable discussion, moved the adoption of the amendment, seconded by Mrs. Sternberg. The mo-

tion to adopt the amendment was afterwards put to vote and carried.

It being in order for the presentation of proposed amendments to the constitution, to be acted on by the Twenty-fifth Congress, amendments were presented by Mrs. Bryan, Mrs. Gault, Mrs. Draper and Mrs. Morgan.

At 12.55 p. m. it was moved by Miss Richards, seconded by Mrs. Taylor, and carried, that we take a recess until 2.30.

(Extract from Friday evening minutes):

[Presentation of gift by House Committee to Mrs. Ludlow.

Presentation of gift to Miss Fletcher from Credential Committee. Moved by Mrs. Morse of Maine that this Congress give to Miss Hilda Fletcher, Chairman of the Credential Committee, a rising vote of thanks for her untiring service in our behalf. Seconded by Miss McDuffee, and carried.

The State Vice Regent of Alabama presented to the President General a fan from her friends of the delegation of Alabama.

An obsequies flag with copper case presented as a memorial of Mary Desha by Mrs. Leeds, from the Mary Desha Chapter.

Mrs. Schuyler moved that a telegram be sent to Mrs. Wood regretting her absence and the illness of her son.

Moved that a telegram of regret at her absence and appreciation be sent to Mrs. Walworth.

Mrs. Prince, Chairman of Revolutionary War Pension Records, presented the report of that committee, reading only the resolution, and moved that this report be accepted and the resolution appended be adopted. This motion, duly seconded and carried.]

The Saturday afternoon session was called to order by the President General at 2:30 p. m.

printed, being the explanation of the Treasurer General with regard to the reduction of the debt. The printed sheet was ordered to be distributed.

Moved by Mrs. Salisbury, seconded by Mrs. Allan, that all candidates for office in the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, campaign on her own merits alone. Amended by Mrs. Berry, seconded by Mrs. Salisbury, that each candidate stand upon her political platform and that personalities do not enter into the campaign. Carried.



Photo by Buck, Washington, D. C.

INDIANA DELEGATION.

A rising vote of sympathy from the house to Mrs. Foraker on the death of her son was taken. The motion was also made and carried that a letter of loving appreciation should be sent to Mrs. Bellamy, who had been prevented from attending the Congress, also a letter of sympathy to Mrs. Arthur Maxwell Parker.

Mrs. Maupin, as Chairman of Printing Committee, presented the statement which was ordered on Thursday to be

The motion as amended was then put and carried.

Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, acting Chairman of the Committee on Recommendations of National Officers and Committees, brought in the report for the committee, Mrs. Gedney, the chairman, having been suddenly called home. The recommendation of the Organizing Secretary General that all chapter officers take oath as soon as elected, as do the National Officers, thus avoiding great

confusion in the records, the signing of application papers, credential blanks, etc., was approved by the committee, and the adoption moved by Mrs. Smith, seconded by Mrs. Schoonmaker, and carried.

Recommendations of the Organizing Secretary General that great consideration be taken in the choosing of Chapter names, and when selected and recorded, no change be granted in the future, approved by the committee, and the adoption moved by Mrs. Smith, seconded by Mrs. Hamilton, and carried.

Recommendation of Registrar General that a salary of \$100 per month be paid to the genealogist of this society. Moved by Mrs. Smith for the committee that the recommendation be referred to the proper committee. Seconded by Miss Richards and carried.

Recommendation of Librarian General that the one hundred dollars given by the Congress last year be continued this year for the purchase of books that cannot be secured as gifts. Approved by committee. Miss Richards moved to amend by replacing the word "continued" with the word "renewed." Seconded by Mrs. Logan and carried. Amended resolution moved by Mrs. Smith, seconded and carried.

Recommendation of Committee on Real Daughters that this Congress instruct the National Board to send to each State Regent a request that she, as State Regent, obtain the desired facts concerning the Real Daughters and so report to the chairman of this committee. Approved by the committee. Adoption moved by Mrs. Smith, seconded by Mrs. Ben F. Gray, Jr., and carried.

Mrs. Sternberg submitted the further recommendation contained in her report that the catalogue of the books and pamphlets in the library, which she had had prepared, should be printed and sold in the library. Moved by Mrs. Tarbell, seconded by Mrs. N. Taylor Phillips, that the catalogue of the library be printed. Carried.

Recommendation of Publication Committee that a Reciprocity Committee of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution be created in connection with the Publication Committee, for the purpose of receiving programs and papers written by women in the different chapters that might be suggestive and helpful to women in compiling reports and programs throughout the country, and these papers to be secured through this committee whenever applied for, and to be returned within a reasonable length of time or under certain regulations established by the committee. Approved, and adoption moved by Mrs. Smith, seconded by Mrs. Morse, and carried.

Recommendation of Committee on Insignia that a pin, the same in design and quality as the one which will be kept as a memento by the President General, shall be presented by the National Society to each living Honorary President General. Approved by the committee, adoption moved by Mrs. Smith, with the understanding that an additional bar bearing the word "Honorary" will be included—the pendant part being owned by the National Society and only worn while the woman is serving as President General. Seconded by Mrs. Augsbury, and carried.

Recommendation of Insignia Committee that upon the recommendation of a member, the insignia owned by this member should be sent to the Registrar General, who will return to the member the full value of said insignia. The Registrar General will forward said insignia to the official jeweler, who will remit to the Treasurer General the net value of said insignia. An amendment to this recommendation was offered, and, after lengthy discussion, the previous question on the amendment was called for by Mrs. McWilliams, seconded by Mrs. Metcalf, and carried. The recommendation and amendment were again read to the Congress, and, there being still a disposition to discuss the subject, it was moved by Mrs. Draper, seconded

by Mrs. Roome, that we reconsider the vote on the previous question. This motion was lost. The amendment was put and lost. After some further discussion, it was moved by Mrs. Schuyler that this motion be recommitted. This was seconded by Miss Richards and carried.

The State Regent of Kentucky asked permission to read a very short report. Moved by Miss Richards, seconded by Mrs. Hamilton, and carried, that we suspend the order of the day for this purpose. The report of the Chairman of Memorial Continental Hall Silver Shower Day was then read by Mrs. Glore, Mrs. Nelson not being able to be present. Moved by Miss Richards, seconded by Mrs. Hodge, and carried, that this report be accepted, with a vote of thanks to Mrs. Nelson.

The report of the Committee on Recommendations of National Officers and Committees was resumed with the reading of the recommendation from Insignia Committee of the recommendation that a badge for charter members be provided, with the understanding that such badge be returned to the society upon the death of any charter member. Adoption moved by Mrs. Smith, seconded by Miss Richards. Moved by Mrs. Tarbell, seconded by Mrs. Schuyler, to amend by striking out "to be returned to the society in case of death." Carried. The adoption of the recommendation, as amended, was then put, and carried.

Recommendation of Committee to Wait Upon Queen Elenore of Bulgaria, that under changed and existing conditions, the discontinuance of the committee to greet the Queen of Bulgaria. Moved by Mrs. Smith, seconded by Miss Richards, to adopt the recommendation, and carried.

The recommendations from the Committee on the Preservation of the John Paul Jones House were then presented with the approval of the committee. After considerable discussion, and a lengthy explanation by both Mrs. Gregory and Mrs. Smallwood, it was

moved by Mrs. Draper, seconded by Mrs. Roome, that this entire matter be submitted to the National Board of Management with power to act. This motion was also seconded by Mrs. Sternberg. The previous question on the motion to refer this to the National Board of Management with power to act was moved by Mrs. Schuyler, seconded by Mrs. Howard, and carried. The question was put, the result being in doubt, a division was called for, which showed 134 in the affirmative as against 128 in the negative, and the motion to submit the matter to the National Board was declared carried.

A communication was read from Mr. John Barrett, subscribing for the purchase of 100 feet of land at the rear of the hall. The motion for a rising vote of thanks was seconded and carried.

The reading of the report of the Committee on Recommendations of National Officers and National Committees was resumed, with the recommendation of the Committee on Children and Sons of the Republic for general use by the society of the book, "Suggestions for Programs," compiled by Miss Anne P. Burkhams, State Chairman for Ohio, and for the use of all club leaders and teachers of the book called "A Course in Citizenship." The adoption of this recommendation was moved by Miss Richards, seconded by Mrs. Taylor, and carried.

The recommendation of the Committee on National University, approved by the committee, that the Twenty-fourth Congress pass a strong resolution in favor of the establishment at Washington of the University of the United States, as it will be known, and that it recommend to each chapter and to each member of each chapter to write a direct personal appeal to the members of Congress representing the district in which she resides. The adoption of this recommendation, on motion, duly seconded, was carried.

The President General referred to a little gold ring, designed and to be exhibited by Mrs. Bertha M. Boruff, of the

John Wallace Chapter, Indiana, which is to bear the insignia of the society; the profits of the sale to go toward the liquidation of the debt on Memorial Continental Hall. The adoption of the recommendation was moved by Miss Richards, and seconded. Amendment moved by Mrs. Hamilton, seconded by Mrs. Hicks, that the question be referred to the Insignia Committee. After some discussion and a conference between the members of the Insignia Committee, the chairman of that committee, Mrs. Cook, stated that her committee desired the matter to be decided by the Congress. There being no objection, the motion was withdrawn by Mrs. Hamilton, and after some further discussion, it was moved by Mrs. Schuyler, seconded by Mrs. Thomas Johnston and Mrs. Sternberg, to indefinitely postpone action upon the recommendation to endorse this ring. Carried.

It being in order to accept the report of the Committee on Recommendations of National Officers and National Committees, the adoption of the report was moved by Miss Richards, seconded by Mrs. McWilliams, and carried.

Mrs. Gray presented a recommendation that all ribbons worn by Vice Presidents General and National Officers be in future twice the width *now* worn, and the shade be the same as ribbon of our President General. This to be in the hands of a committee appointed by the President General. This recommendation was numerously seconded. The adoption was moved by Miss Richards, and seconded, and after some discussion, carried.

Mrs. Smallwood, as Chairman of the Committee on Statistics, stated that as there had been some confusion with some answers asked for on the blanks sent out, and State Regents at the National Board meeting having asked that they be allowed to report next year instead of this year for work done up to the close of the Twenty-fourth Congress, new blanks would have to be sent out to Chapter Regents and to the State Re-

gents, and accurate answers were requested for the honor of the members, the chapters, and the National Society.

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Minor, Mrs. Abbott and Mrs. Day, that the Congress order the publication of a new directory containing correct addresses of the members of the organization. After some discussion the proceedings were interrupted to permit the State Regent of Virginia to read a petition to the Congress which had come from Mexico City. The motion for the adoption of the new directory was put and carried. Mrs. Sternberg recommended that the directory be published in pamphlet form for each state. Moved by Mrs. Draper, and seconded, that the matter of detail be referred to the National Board. Carried.

Mrs. J. Morgan Smith presented a part of her report on Recommendations of National Officers and Committees which was inadvertently omitted; the resolution of the National Old Trails Road Committee that the sum of \$500 be appropriated for office expenses, and moved that this recommendation be referred to the National Board. Seconded by Mrs. Lane, and carried.

Moved by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt, that the President General be made Chairman of the Memorial Continental Hall Committee. The President General asked Mrs. Gray, Vice President General from Missouri, to take the chair. The motion was put and carried.

Mrs. Berry, on behalf of two or three other members of the Program Committee, presented to the chairman of that committee a card case as a testimonial of their affection and appreciation.

Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Kite, that all recommendations yet to be presented shall be referred to the National Board, and that after the reading of the minutes, the Congress shall stand adjourned.

Moved by Mrs. Squires, seconded and carried, that a little reference to members of the Congress and of the press in

the presentation speech of Mrs. Berry be expunged.

The President General made it plain to the Congress that the motion presented by Mrs. Orton, referring all recommendations yet to be presented to the National Board, did not exclude motions of thanks.

Moved by Mrs. Day, seconded by Miss Richards, and carried, that the question of markers be referred to the next Congress.

The motion that all recommendations yet to be presented shall be referred to the National Board, and that after the reading of the minutes the Congress shall stand adjourned, was put and carried.

Moved by Miss Finch that the pages of the Twenty-fourth Congress be given the spoons usually presented, and also a vote of thanks for their efficient and untiring service. This was seconded by Miss McDuffee, and carried.

A rising vote of thanks expressing our

appreciation of the courtesy and justice of our presiding officer was moved by Mrs. Carey, seconded by Mrs. Gaar. At the request of the President General, Mrs. Minor, Vice President General from Connecticut, took the chair and put the motion, the Congress rising.

The President General having resumed the chair, it was moved by Mrs. Richardson, seconded by Mrs. Carruth, and carried, that a vote of thanks be given to our patient doorkeepers for their efficient and patient work.

Moved and seconded that hearty thanks be expressed to the House Committee. Carried.

An expression of appreciation and the unfailing kindness and courtesy of the Superintendent of Memorial Continental Hall was moved by Mrs. Dunning, seconded by Mrs. Augsburg, and carried.

Moved by Mrs. Goldsborough, seconded by Mrs. Minor, that the usual amount of money be given to the Super-



Photo by Buck, Washington, D. C.

MISSISSIPPI DELEGATION.

intendent, policemen, firemen, and attendants for their courtesy and untiring service during the Twenty-fourth Congress. Carried.

Moved by Mrs. Schuyler, seconded by Mrs. McGwerin, that the report of the Committee on Resolutions of thanks be adopted.

Miss Richards, as chairman of Resolution Committee, presented the following resolution by Mrs. Berry, seconded by Mrs. Hoff. The Chief of Staff of the United States Army recently traveled thousands of miles and rode unarmed and unattended in the wilderness to meet hostile Indians, showing in these modern times the soul of Marquette and William Penn, and whereas he achieved a pieciful victory over the Indians whom the civilian authorities sought with arms and bloodshed, and whereas he changed the mistrust of these poor barbarians into a perfect faith in his justice and humanity, we, the Daughters of the American Revolution, in Congress assembled, do hereby endorse with pride and admiration this spirit of true Americanism (courage, combined with brotherly love) as shown by General Hugh Scott, the Chief of Staff of our Army.

The adoption of the resolution was moved by Miss Richards, seconded, and carried.

Moved by Miss Richards that a vote of thanks be made to Mrs. Guss and her aids on the platform. Seconded by Mrs. Spencer, and carried.

Mrs. Parks Fisher suggested that there be a called meeting of the State

Regents at each Congress, the amendment was suggested that the plan include the retiring State Regents as well as the newly elected State Regents.

Miss Finch read a communication from the members of the press in attendance on the Congress, conveying their thanks for the courtesy and kindness extended them, and expressing their desire to co-operate in every way with the National Society. Moved by Miss Harnit, seconded by Mrs. Leary, that a vote of thanks and appreciation be tendered Mrs. Gadsby and the members of her Press Committee. Carried.

Mrs. Draper, acting on the understanding that a recommendation to be referred to the National Board might be stated to the Congress and then referred, moved that the National Board consider the matter of editing the appendices of the proceedings for the sake of avoiding repetition. This was seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt.

Mrs. McWilliams moved that we give a rising vote of thanks to the Chairman of our Music Committee. This was seconded by Cora R. Pierce, and carried.

The minutes of Friday were read, corrected, and approved.

The motions of Saturday were then read by the Official Reader, and approved.

After the reading of announcements, and requests that messages of sympathy be sent to Mrs. Van Landingham, Mrs. Rhett Goode, Mrs. Delafield, and others, the Twenty-fourth Congress, at 7.30, adjourned *sine die*.

Notice

Beginning with the August issue, THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE will be under the direction of Miss Natalie Sumner Lincoln, who was elected to the office of editor at the Twenty-fourth Continental Congress.—FLORENCE G. FINCH, *Chairman*.

State Conferences

Colorado

The twelfth annual conference of The Colorado Daughters of the American Revolution convened at Camfield Hall, Greeley, March 10 to 11, by invitation of Centennial State Chapter, Mrs. N. D. Bartholomew, regent.

The meeting opened on the afternoon of the tenth with the beautiful march of the State officers escorted by the pages bearing the colors.

The hall was handsomely decorated with flags and emblems of the society, the Old Colony Flag of 1871 holding the place of honor.

Mrs. Winfield Scott Tarbell, State regent, presided.

Mrs. N. D. Bartholomew gracefully welcomed the guests to our city, and Mrs. W. H. Clatworthy, State vice-regent, of Fort Morgan, responded in a pleasing manner to the welcome so cordially given.



MRS. WINFIELD S. TARBELL.
State Regent of Colorado.

The afternoon was taken up with the reports of the various committees.

In the evening a very informal reception was given for the State officers and visiting delegates to which the S. A. R. were invited. After the short reception the Centennial State Chapter and guests were the guests by invitation of the Philharmonic Orchestra at the concert given by The Royal Gwent Welsh Singers. Just before the concert began Mrs. E. B. Field, Jr., of Denver, recited "The Star-Spangled Banner" as the flag was slowly lowered behind her; at the close of the recitation the orchestra played the music, the entire audience standing.

Thursday morning was given to the reports of the various State officers and the election of new officers: State regent, Mrs. Winfield Scott Tarbell, of Denver; vice-State regent, Miss Katharine Story McElroy, Greeley; Recording Secretary, Miss Winona Jewell, Salida; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. A. Macomb Rucker, Denver; Treasurer, Mrs. E. L. Preston, Colorado Springs; Consulting Registrar, Mrs. Franklin R. Carpenter, Denver; Auditor, Mrs. Freeman L. Robbins, Colorado Springs; Historian, Mrs. Walter N. Leslie, Pueblo; Chaplain, Mrs. Lucinda Ingham, Loveland.

The Colorado Chapters are very much interested in the Old Trails that cross their State, in marking historical spots where the white man and the Indians battled for supremacy and in teaching patriotism to the rising generation.

Since the organization of the first D. A. R. Chapter in Colorado twenty years ago the society has expended in patriotic, philanthropic, historical and civic work the sum of \$20,069.05, a fine showing for the State.

The two prizes offered by the Executive Board of fifteen and ten dollars in gold for the best essay on the "Star-

Spangled Banner" for all pupils in the 7th and 8th grade in the public schools throughout the State were awarded to pupils of rural districts of Keota, Weld Co., and District 28, Laguache Co. Both pupils were girls twelve years of age.

Mrs. Charles Thomas, of Denver, was unanimously nominated by the conference as a candidate for Vice-President General to represent Colorado on the National Board.

The banner for the greatest gain in membership during the past year was awarded the Kinnikinnik Chapter of Colorado Springs for a gain of fifty-three members since its organization.

There were seventy-four delegates and fifteen alternates present representing the twenty-one chapters in the State at the conference.

The music for the conference was furnished by the ladies from the Fortnightly Musical Club, and was much enjoyed by all in attendance.

At one o'clock luncheon was served at Odd Fellows Hall for the visiting ladies and their friends.

About one hundred and twenty were seated. The small tables were decorated with spring flowers. The officers were seated at a large table beautifully decorated with pink roses and rare old china of our great-grandmothers' day.

After an hour and a half spent visiting and feasting the delegates returned to the conference hall, and, after a short business session, adjourned to meet in Boulder in 1916.—KATHARINE STORY McELROY, *State vice regent (elect)*.

Oklahoma

March 16 and 17, 1915, will always be red-letter days in the annals of the Sachem Sequoyah Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, of McAlester, Oklahoma, for on those days the Sachem Sequoyah Chapter had the pleasure of entertaining the Oklahoma State Conference for the first time.

The guests arrived on the afternoon of Wednesday, March 16, and were met by a committee of the hostess chapter, who took them in automobiles to the beautiful Busby Hotel, which was to be the headquarters of the conference.

At eight o'clock the visiting Daughters were all taken to the residence of Mrs. Melvin Cornish, where a reception was held in their honor. The beautiful and commodious Cornish house was exquisitely decorated in blue and white, the chapter colors, and filled with the members of the Sachem Sequoyah Chapter and their friends, who had been invited to meet the guests. After several hours of enjoyable social intercourse, broken by readings and musical selections, the guests were taken back to the hotel.

The business session took place Thursday morning in the committee room of

the Busby Hotel. There were present thirty delegates from thirteen of the fifteen chapters in the State. There were also present thirty members of the Sachem Sequoyah Chapter, making an attendance of sixty.

Promptly at nine o'clock the conference was called to order by the State regent, Mrs. J. D. Hail, of Tulsa. After the singing of "America" and prayer by the State chaplain, Mrs. Augusta Moore, of Haskell, Mrs. W. S. Rogers, regent of the hostess chapter, in a few well-chosen words welcomed the conference to McAlester. Mrs. A. E. Patrick, of the Washington Irving Chapter, of Chandler, responded most happily to Mrs. Rogers's words of welcome.

Mrs. Hail then gave her report as State regent. Mrs. Hail has a most gracious manner and charming personality, which made itself felt throughout the day's proceedings. Upon the conclusion of the regent's address, Mrs. S. H. Moore, vice regent of the Sachem Sequoyah Chapter, in a beautiful little speech, presented Mrs. Hail with an armful of American Beauty roses.

After the report of the credential committee was heard, some time was taken



OKLAHOMA STATE CONFERENCE.

up with a discussion of the new ruling in regard to the apportionment of delegates to the State conference.

The routine business began with the reading of the printed minutes of the last meeting. This is the first time the State minutes had been printed and distributed. Then followed the reports from the chapters and various State committees. These reports made a good showing for the State as a whole, for they showed that the chapters were growing in size and that the members were manifesting much interest in the various lines of D. A. R. work. Some of the chapters had offered prizes for patriotic compositions by school children, while others had presented flags or taken part in flag day programs. Money had been contributed freely to the Red Cross and other charitable causes by all the chapters. In some places the chapters had assisted the city government in caring for parkings and boulevards.

But the most enduring and important work of the conference as a body was begun two years ago by the setting aside of fifty dollars for the nucleus of an educational fund to assist some young girl through college. The fund now amounts to one hundred and fifty dollars. Miss Amelia Coyner, of McAlester, an eighteen-year-old girl of Revolutionary descent, has had the honor to be selected as the beneficiary of the fund, and will use it this year to help defray the expenses of her first year in college. It is the purpose of the conference to set aside each year a sum for educational work.

The conference adjourned at two o'clock for lunch, which was served in the Busby Hotel dining room. A long table centered with Easter lilies, ferns and blue and white potted hyacinths had been arranged for the State officers and chapter regents. Around this center table were grouped smaller tables, centered with blue and white hyacinths, at which the other guests and members of the hostess chapter were seated. There

were no formal speeches, but hostesses and guests enjoyed a thoroughly social hour over their lunch.

After lunch the business of electing officers was taken up. All the officers were re-elected except the vice regent, who was out of the State on account of her health. Mrs. S. H. Moore, vice regent of the Sachem Sequoyah Chapter, was elected to this position. Upon her election Mrs. Moore was presented by the members of her chapter with a bouquet of Easter lilies and jonquils.

McAlester has reason to be proud, for she has two State officers, Mrs. S. H. Moore, vice regent, and Mrs. M. J. Shannon, parliamentarian. Mrs. Shannon is a descendant of George Washington's sister, Betty Washington, who married Colonel Fielding Lewis. It is interesting to note that she bears a strong resemblance to the portraits of her great-great-great uncle, George Washington. She is also descended from Augustine Washington, George Washington's half-brother, a grandson of Betty Washington having married a granddaughter of Augustine Washington.

Oklahoma has probably one chapter which can not be duplicated by any other State. It is the Ah-Yah-Stee Chapter, composed of women of Creek descent and of white women from families which can show a connection of over fifty years with the Creek nation. This connection may come through intermarriage or missionary work. The most interesting report read at the conference was that of Mrs. Daily, regent of the Ah-Yah-Stee Chapter.

Upon the adjournment of the conference the hostesses took their guests for an automobile ride over the city and out to the Country Club. When it came time to say goodbye to the members of the conference, the Sachem Sequoyah Chapter did it with regret and the hope that they might soon again have the pleasure of entertaining the conference.

The Sachem Sequoyah Chapter of McAlester was organized with twenty-one charter members, November 13,

1912, by Mrs. W. N. Redwine, State regent. The name Sachem Sequoyah was given the chapter in honor of the famous Cherokee Indian, Sequoyah, who first reduced the Cherokee language to writing. As McAlester is not in the Cherokee nation, but in the Choctaw nation, our chapter has no Cherokee members, but we can boast of having two Choctaws on our roll. During our first year we studied the "Campaigns and Battles of the Revolution," and this year we have taken up the study of "Home Life in Colonial Days."

Our membership now numbers thirty-six, and we never fail to have a large attendance at each meeting. We have been fortunate in being represented both years at the National Congress, the first year by our vice regent, Mrs. B. A. Enloe, and last year by Miss Ethel Jones. The chapter will this year have two representatives at Washington, Mrs. Z. T. Cain and Mrs. Beriah Magoffin, which, considering that we are over fifteen hundred miles away, is doing fairly well for a beginning.

The Sachem Sequoyah was the first of the ten chapters organized by Mrs. Redwine while State regent in 1912-14. Mrs. Redwine, though a resident of McAlester, was a member of the Muskogee

Indian Territory Chapter when elected to the State regency. There were then only five chapters in Oklahoma—the Oklahoma City, Muskogee, Tulsa, Hobart and Ahyahstee chapters. There are now fifteen chapters with the Sachem Sequoyah, the fourth in size of membership.

Besides organizing these ten chapters, Mrs. Redwine made a study of the work done in the six adjoining states and then sent out ten typewritten pages of information concerning D. A. R. work to each of the fifteen Oklahoma chapters. She next made a study of the National Committee work and endeavored to arouse interest in this line by sending out twelve typewritten pages of information to the various chapters. It is largely due to this policy of thorough information that the D. A. R. work has made such rapid progress in our new State. The Sachem Sequoyah Chapter is proud to have Mrs. Redwine on its roll as honorary regent for life. We are a young State and a young chapter, just a little over two years old, but we are forging ahead and we hope in the future to make ourselves felt in the D. A. R. work.—ELEANOR PENDLETON STRATTON, *historian*, Sachem Sequoyah Chapter.

Work of the Chapters

New Orleans Chapter (New Orleans, La.)—On April the 11th, 1912, a little body of women met together and organized the New Orleans Chapter. The purpose of this chapter was to form a club in which congenial women might meet together once a month in harmony and love and carry on patriotic and historical work, thus fostering true patriotism. Though young, our chapter has already accomplished a great deal, and we hope to do greater things in the future.

We meet on the second Tuesday of each month, at the Grunewald Hotel, where we have been tendered by the

management the use of beautiful convention parlors for our meetings. A feature of the monthly meetings is the reading of a sketch by a member from time to time, about the ancestor on whose revolutionary services she was admitted to the society, this to contain historic data of the regiment in which he served, and as much original research work as possible.

The chapter is much interested in social center work, to encourage the young to meet at the different schools for pleasant and instructive diversion. Mrs. Stewart, our regent, donated a graphophone to this work, Mrs. Huff-

man being chairman of the committee in charge. We are also interested in conservation, and while we have done little along this line as yet, we hope to accomplish more later. Situated as New Orleans is, at the gate of the greatest food-producing valley on earth, it is meet that we should give the concerted influence of the chapter toward re-establishing traffic on the Mississippi River.

We have contributed books to the Louisiana shelves of the library of Memorial Continental Hall, donated to the Philippine Scholarship Fund, and to the local Y. W. C. A.

The social side of the chapter is very happy. We have celebrated the anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson with a beautifully appointed luncheon, at which appropriate toasts were given on Country Life in Old Virginia, Jefferson the Statesman, Home Life of Thomas Jefferson, etc. Each year we entertain at a tea on the 22nd of February, in honor of George Washington's birthday. This year a feature of the entertainment was the crowning of the portrait of Washington with a wreath of laurel.

Last year the regent, Mrs. Thomas D. Stewart, entertained at a silver offering party, the returns of which were put into the treasury for the purpose of carrying on the chapter work. This year Mrs. Stewart entertained at a similar affair, the returns of which were applied toward removing the debt on Memorial Continental Hall. The members of the chapter also gave personal contributions of 25 cents each toward this work.

On November 10, 1914, the chapter assisted the Spirit of '76 Chapter in presenting a Dixie Red Cross Cotton Ball, which was a great success. In addition to Red Cross work, clothing has been sent to the Belgians by our regent, and work of a similar nature has been done.

Miss Ella Dicks, who has been the recording secretary of the chapter since its

organization, entertained the officers with whom she has been most closely associated at a luncheon the early part of May.

The "New Orleans" and "Spirit of 1776" Chapters united in entertaining the delegates to the State conference, which was held in this city March 10th and 11th.

The officers of the chapter, all of whom have served faithfully and tirelessly, are: Regent, Mrs. Thomas D. Stewart; vice regent, Mrs. Pearl Wight; recording secretary, Miss Ella Dicks; corresponding secretary, Mrs. G. B. Straughn; registrar, Mrs. C. M. Hero; historian, Mrs. John Huffman, and treasurer, Mrs. Will Branan.

We mourn the loss of one member, Mrs. John Burgess, who died March 3rd. Her death was particularly sad for us, as she was the first of our members to be called.

The success of the New Orleans chapter has been due in a large measure to the zeal and unfailing devotion to its interest of our regent. — CAROLINE CANDLER BRANAN, *treasurer*.

Lansing Chapter (Lansing, Michigan.—Wednesday, June 10th, 1914, saw the culmination of a project in which the members of the Lansing Chapter had been intensely interested and for which they had been earnestly working for over two years, namely, the dedication of a beautiful bronze tablet measuring thirty-two by twenty-six inches, the work of Paul Cabaret, of New York, and costing one hundred and seventy-five dollars. This tablet, which is declared by connoisseurs to be both artistically and mechanically a work of art, and of which the chapter is very proud, marks the side of the old Capitol, the first building erected by the State of Michigan for a Capitol Building.

It was built during the summer of 1847, and was first occupied by the legislature which convened January 1, 1848, upon the removal of the seat of government from Detroit, which had

been the territorial capital, and had so continued for the first ten years of Michigan's statehood, until, according to the constitution, the legislature of 1847 should decide on a location in the interior of the state and more nearly central.

Lansing, then an unbroken wilderness, with only one log house upon its present site, was chosen, and claims the unique distinction of being a city built for a capital.

The time selected for the dedication was during the meeting of the Pioneer and Historical Societies, as it was thought many of the pioneers of the state would be interested and able to be present.

At 3 p. m., at the corner of Washington avenue and Allegan street, where two platforms had been placed for the speakers and band, the exercises of the day took place.

Rev. Henry Simpson, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, gave the invocation. This was followed by the singing of "America" by the school children.

Mrs. James M. Turner, Regent of the Chapter, gave a short address, as did also Mrs. Harvey J. Campbell, of Benton Harbor, State Vice Regent, acting in behalf of the State Regent, Mrs. Arthur M. Parker, who was detained by illness.

The address of the day, prepared by Governor Ferris, who was unavoidably absent, was read by Mr. Lawton T. Herman, a member of the Historical Commission and a well known Michigan historian.

The tablet was unveiled by Mrs. A. M. Cummins, who, as chairman of the tablet committee, has done such efficient work.

The program concluded with the singing of "Michigan, My Michigan," by the school children and audience, accompanied by the high school orchestra.

Afterward a reception to all Daughters and members of the Pioneer and Historical Societies was given at the

home of Mrs. James M. Turner, the Chapter Regent.

Many of the chapters throughout the state were represented.—LIZZIE B. COWLES, *historian*.

Andrew Lynn Chapter (Belle Vernon, Pa.)—Miss Eliza B. Lynn, regent. —This is a new chapter, organized at Lynndale, (the Lynn home) situated on a tract of land purchased by Andrew Lynn, Jr., from the Indians, and was the first tract surveyed in Fayette County. On November 4, 1914, a number of descendants of Andrew Lynn, Jr., assembled at this place for a preliminary meeting.

Having thirteen ladies present ready for membership, we proceeded to plan for organization, after which followed a social hour, with other guests present. Our next meeting was held at the home of Mrs. J. L. Gray, Belle Vernon, Pa., January 6, 1915. At this time we fully organized our chapter, and decided to meet on the first Wednesday of each month, and after the transaction of business have a short program, followed by a social hour. About two weeks after this meeting death took from us a loved member in the person of Miss Lenora New Kirk, which was a great shock and much sorrow to our chapter, and leaving us without a vice regent, which office we were proud to have her fill.

On February 3 our chapter was entertained by Mrs. Charlotta Phillips, of Brownsville, at the Monongahela Hotel. Much business was transacted and five new members were added to the chapter. This was an all day meeting and very much enjoyed by all members present. Our next meeting was held at Odd Fellows' Hall, Belle Vernon, March 3. This was the beginning of our year and two new members were added. Our program was short but very much appreciated. It consisted of reading by Mrs. Barnett, and two vocal selections by Mrs. Charles Goslyne. Our next meeting is to be held at Belle Vernon, April 7. We have had good attendance

at each meeting. Although our members are scattered, five towns being represented, Belle Vernon, Uniontown, Brownsville, Charleroi and Fayette City.

Chapter work is new to us, but there is good interest, and each one is striving to do their part.

We are fortunate to have among us a dear sister in the work, in the person of Mrs. Nancy Scott, of the Samuel Huntington Chapter, of Huntington, Indiana, who attended most of our meetings as an honored guest, and is an inspiration to us.—*MARTHA D. LYNN, historian.*

Charles Carroll Chapter (Delphi, Indiana).—This chapter was organized January 28, 1911, and enters upon its fifth year with bright prospects for the future. Our total number of members is now thirty-three, five new names having been added during the year, one of whom, Mrs. Eva J. Dooley, was transferred from the General Francis Marion Chapter. Ten members are non-residents, of whom Mrs. Arthur Gros, a charter member, has proved by her faithful attendance and discharge of duties that "where there's a will there's a way," even if one is out of town. Nine regular meetings have been held each year. The chapter meet at the homes of members at 2.30 in the afternoon, with the exception of the Regent's Meeting, in October, which is held in the evening. A fine of five cents is requested of those who are not present at roll call, and this fund is given to the Flower Committee for their work in sending flowers to those who are ill. The Program Committee issued a handsome and well arranged Year Book, in which a photogravure of Charles Carroll was placed as one leaf. The line of study has been historical, on colonial subjects, with one Indiana meeting. The Magazine has been briefly reviewed at each meeting by Mrs. Love C. Crampton Caulkins.

One public lecture has been given the past year by Mrs. Ida Vose Woodberry,

who was secured through the tireless efforts of our regent, Mrs. N. W. Bowen, who also arranged for her to give a lecture at Lafayette. Mrs. Woodberry spoke to a large audience in the Presbyterian Church, who were the guests of the chapter. The original manner in which she presents the subject from her personal experience cannot fail to awaken an interest and sympathy for the Southern Mountaineers, of whom she speaks. This lecture was the chief event of the year. The chapter escorted the speaker and Mrs. John Lee Dinwiddie, past-state regent, who was present, to the platform, and then sat in a body for the evening.

February 22, 1914, was observed by giving a public social entertainment, both in the evening and afternoon, at the residence of Mrs. Thomas J. Ryan. A quilt was pieced in the afternoon, of the "nine patch" design, in blue and white, and a prize of a colonial tea-pot in the same colors was awarded the one who had made the most blocks. Military euchre was the order of the evening.

The work of the Patriotic Committee under Mrs. Harriet B. Gros, has been carried on with good results. On Memorial Day one hundred and thirty children marched to the Court House with the old soldiers and placed flowers upon the Soldiers' Monument. The graves of three Revolutionary soldiers in Carroll County were visited for the first time by members of the chapter, and flowers placed upon them. A small silk flag had been sent to be placed in the casket of each of the three soldiers who have passed away from the G. A. R. Post this year. Five dollars was given to the Belgian Relief Fund, and a box of books donated for the Martha Berry School. Thanksgiving was observed by a presentation of five D. A. R. flags in standards for the grade rooms which had not already been presented with them. A program was given in the high school room by the children, and the presentation made by Mrs. Henry B. Wilson. Flags were displayed on Sep-

tember 12, in honor of Francis Key and "The Star Spangled Banner." A reward of two dollars was given to a high school pupil for making the best design for a state banner.

The chapter has been represented by its full quota at both the national and state meetings since its organization. It has given its loyal support to our much esteemed state regent, Mrs. Frances H. Robertson, in her work, and has entered into all the plans of the chapter regent with a spirit of good fellowship and enthusiastic support. The recent bereavement of our regent in the loss of her husband has called forth deep sympathy from each heart. The chapter appreciates also the generous hospitality shown by their regent in so often opening her beautiful home for the entertainment of the chapter. As a slight token of their love and esteem, one of the D. A. R. plates sold by the Lucy Hinsdale Chapter, of Kalamazoo, Mich., was sent to her for a Christmas gift.

The chapter has been delightfully entertained at each meeting by the hostess and her assistants. The officers for the year are, regent, Mrs. Nathaniel W. Bowen; vice-regent, Mrs. Harriet B. Gros; treasurer, Mrs. Florence Lathrop; secretary, Mrs. George R. Ives; registrar, Miss Lou Bonnell.—Mrs. NEWBERRY J. HOWE, *historian*.

Staten Island Chapter (Staten Island, N. Y.)—This chapter has been in existence seven years, and its work has steadily progressed along patriotic lines. The last year has been like its predecessors, one of activity.

There have been nine meetings, at each of which papers have been read, discussions held, and patriotic work planned. We have held one reception, and have entertained besides well known club women of the state, the highest officers of the great society of which we are a part, including the President General, Vice-President General, four other National Officers, our State regent, and fourteen chapter regents.

We have given a prize of a five dollar gold piece for the highest standing in history in one of the public schools, and have made the same offer in another school. We have renewed our subscription to the Journal of American History for the St. George library, have sent one box of story books for children to a teacher in New Mexico, and have sent two boxes of school and story books to Maine Sea Coast Missionary Society; we have given \$10 toward Memorial Continental Hall, and several Penny-a-Day subscriptions to individual members. We have given an offering of five dollars (\$5) for the Eugenia Washington memorial, five dollars (\$5) for the work of the Red Cross, two dollars for the testimonial to the retiring state regent, and five dollars and fifty cents (\$5.50) for the Maine Sea Coast Missionary Society. We have given to the library at Port Richmond a framed picture of George Washington.

We have been interested for several years in the "Safe and Sane" Fourth of July celebration, and are co-operating with other societies to celebrate Flag Day.

Plans are being made to raise a flag pole at the Home for Seamen's Children.

Our membership is growing. We expect, before June, to have five papers accepted. Our membership is, I believe, forty-seven.

A box of books has been sent to Mrs. Fielder's School at San Lorenzo, New Mexico, also through the kindness of Mrs. Gates, one of our members, another package, and some sewing materials for which a very grateful letter of thanks has been received.—JULIA WILSON, *historian*.

Gaviota Chapter (Long Beach, Cal.)—An auto ride on a perfect June day is an inspiration anywhere, and especially so in Southern California, when the objective point is the summer home of one of our members, in the beautiful Sierra Madre Mountains, with

a most delicious picnic luncheon to be served.

Greetings to our newly elected regent, and exercises appropriate for Flag Day, were a fitting closing for our successful year's work, before the good-byes were said for the summer's rest and preparation for the coming year.

Our programs for the year have been a continuation of the subject of the preceding year's work.

As we listened to the description of the colonial holidays, as related to one of our members by her grandfather, we realize very fully the difference between those times and the present.

Anecdotes was another interesting theme; the tales of the witches, scalpings, and love affairs of our ancestors was followed by Mrs. Upton asking us to imagine ourselves in our ancestors' shoes, and she read us an original poem. Relics, with the songs of olden times, turned our thoughts backward to the "Stirring Times of '76."

As all California chapters are hostesses at the Panama Exposition, we have contributed to the D. A. R. Rest Room in San Francisco.

At the close of the year we probably will have something for charity.—CLARA G. FELT, *historian*.

John Hall Chapter (Washington, D. C.).—In presenting the fifth annual report of the John Hall Chapter, I am glad to be able to report all national and state dues for 1914-15 and all national dues for 1915-16 are paid and all obligations met with the exception of the Christmas gift, but including the silver shower, amounting in all, not including 1915-16 national dues, to \$85.90, \$62 of which is for patriotic and benevolent causes.

It may be of interest to know how, with only 24 members in all, and only 14 resident members, we have been able to do this without asking any assistance from other chapters or giving any benefits, etc.

The \$14 given to the Red Cross was

raised in tiny mite boxes, six of which were placed in stores by the regent and others given to the members.

The \$15 given to the Day Nursery was raised entirely by your charity officer.

The \$7 for silver shower was a voluntary contribution.

The \$10 for the Nellie Maynard Knapp Scholarship fund to the Columbian Women for the George Washington University was a contribution from three members and the balance from the treasury.

As a member of state committees, the regent has prevented the desecration of the flag reported to that committee.

In September, 1914, the John Hall Chapter placed a bronze marker on the grave of Lieut. Daniel Johnson, as ancestor of the regent and a descendant of John Hall, for whom the chapter is named. Lieut. Daniel Johnson is buried in the old Center street cemetery of Wallingford, Conn., and the marker was placed by one of his descendants, Mr. George R. Johnson, of Cheshire, Conn. In the party attending the ceremony were Mr. George R. Johnson and his son, Mr. George W. Johnson, and his daughter, Miss Louise Johnson, Miss Nettie Smith, regent of the Lady Fenwick Chapter of Cheshire, and Mrs. Theron French, also a member of this chapter, Miss Beatrice French and Mrs. Mary A. Doolittle, of North Haven, representing the Susan Carrington Clark Chapter of Meriden, Conn.

Lieut. Daniel Johnson was a lieutenant in Capt. Yale's company in the revolution, a grandson of Sara Hall, daughter of John Hall, one of the planters of Wallingford, Conn., born March 24, 1746, died Sept. 2, 1830. He was one of the first to represent his town in the assembly.

The marker was designed by the regent.

On February 9, 1915, the chapter, National and State officers and regents of the District were given a reception by two of the members, Miss Annie

McDaniel and Miss Elvira H. Wood at the Ebbitt House, the occasion being the fourth anniversary of the date of organization.

ETHELWYN BASSETT HALL, *regent*.

Santa Barbara Chapter (Santa Barbara, Cal.)—Has grown from eighteen to thirty-six members, and its meetings have been marked by good attendance and lively interest.

The general topics upon which subjects for each meeting have been based are "Home Life in the Day of the Colonies," and "Present Day Patriotism."

Papers dealing with the "Colonial House," "Colonial Furniture," "Colonial Silver," "Colonial China," and like themes have proven both instructive and interesting. A noticeable feature of the programs has been the music, both instrumental and vocal. Santa Barbara has many talented musicians and they have given of their best for our delight and profit.

Among the special features in the social line have been the entertainment of the State vice-regent in September, and the State regent in October, for each of whom a delightful garden party was given on the beautiful grounds of our own regent, Mrs. Winfield B. Metcalf.

Washington's Birthday was celebrated with a Colonial breakfast at our most noted hostelry, the Potter Hotel, at which there were about fifty present, including guests.

The chapter offered prizes of \$5 and \$2.50 for essays to be written by the high school senior class in U. S. history, on the subject, "Causes and Results of the American Revolution." Many excellent essays were presented, and the chapter was allowed to make quite an occasion of the presentation of the prizes. Our regent and several members were present at the opening of school. The exercises were in charge of the teacher of history, who presented the regent, after fitting introductory remarks.

Among good things yet to come—this is written in early April—is the celebration of Patriot's Day with a Colonial tea at which all will dress in Colonial costume, and Flag Day, when we are to have an outing at the country home of one of our members. An innovation at that time will be the presence of the members of the recently organized chapter of C. A. R., who will help us all to be young in spite of our many silver threads.—MRS. GRACE K. ROBERTSON, *historian*.

For Our Country

"O Lord of Heaven and earth, who ledest our fathers forth, making them go from one kingdom to another people; we yield thee hearty thanks for all that thou didst for them and art doing for the land to which they came.

"May we always remember them in thee, and be grateful to them through thee. We remember that their communion was to eat their bread in exile; their sacrament was to pour out their blood for others. We remember them not only as valiant in fight, but as wise in council; not only as brave warriors, but as farseeing statesmen, and incorruptible patriots. We give thee thanks for them, and we pray that we may follow their good example and bequeath to our children a nation worthy of such founders, meet to do thy will, a country subject completely to thee and to thy Christ. Amen."

[Prayer from the Army and Navy Church Service Manual. Copied at Fort McKinley, Maine, by MRS. T. H. BOORMAN, regent of Fort Washington Chapter, New York City.]

GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

1. Any one is allowed the privilege of sending queries to this department, *provided* they pertain to the Revolutionary period, or that following. Questions pertaining to the Colonial period must be excluded for want of space; also all queries in regard to the requirements of other societies.

2. Queries will be inserted in the order in which they are received. It will, necessarily, be some months between the sending and printing of a query.

3. Answers or partial answers are earnestly desired; and full credit will be given to the sender of the answer, by the Genealogical Editor. She is not responsible for any statements, however, except for those given over her own signature.

4. Write on one side of the paper only. Especial care should be taken to write names and dates *plainly*.

5. Each separate query must be accompanied by a two-cent stamp. Do not use postal cards, or self-addressed envelopes.

6. All Letters to be forwarded to contributors, must be unsealed, and sent in blank, stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its signature.

7. In answering queries, please give the date of the magazine, the number of the query, and its signature.

8. It is impossible for the Genealogical Editor, as such, to send personal replies to queries. They must take their turn and be answered through the columns of the magazine.

ANSWERS

3372. (4) CAMPBELL. The name of William Campbell does not appear in *Vt. Rev. Rolls* but in *Roberts' New York in the Revolution* on pp 31, 60, 73, 77 and 79. On account of the large bounty which the Governor of New York State gave for men who would enlist in that state, a great many Revolutionary soldiers enlisted from the surrounding states, so that it is possible that this may be the man desired. In the Census of 1790 a William Campbell was living in Putney, Windham Co., Vt., three of that name in Chittenden Co., and two, William and William, Jr., in South Hero and one in Cambridge, Vt. The marker on the grave referred to by M. B. H., "Revolutionary Soldier," is sufficient proof of service for an applicant to the Daughters of the American Revolution, provided this marker was erected under the auspices of the U. S. Government.—*Gen. Ed.*

3387 BINNEY-CONANT-MERRIAM. Many men of these names served in the Revolution from various states. It would, therefore, be impossible for this query to be answered with any degree of satisfaction to the sender unless a more definite request was made.—*Gen. Ed.*

3398. MARTIN. Pierre Martin (French for Peter) served in the Illinois Division of the Va. Rev. soldiers on the western frontier and received a bounty warrant. (See *Va. Rev. Soldiers* pub. 1912.)—*Gen. Ed.*

3401. REEDER. Shadrack Reeder of Loudon Co., Va., served in 1779. (See *Va. Rev. Soldiers*, p. 369.)—*Gen. Ed.*

3407. (2) PARKS. There was a Thomas Parks who served in the 12th Va. Regiment. (See *Va. Rev. Soldiers*, p 233), but nothing further is given in regard to him.—*Gen. Ed.*

3414. CARVER. Signing the Cumberland County Declaration June 20, 1775, which states that "We shall be justified in resisting force by force and do unite ourselves under every tie of religion and honor, associate as a band in her defense against every foe, hereby solemnly engaging that whenever our Continental or Provincial Councils shall decree it necessary, we will go forth and be ready to sacrifice our lives and fortunes to secure her freedom and safety," is sufficient Revolutionary service to entitle the descendants of any one of the signers to join the Daughters of the American Revolution.—*Gen. Ed.*

3416. BROWN. As an abstract of all the wills found in Chester County from the foundation of the county to 1825 is in the Pennsylvania Historical Society at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, it would be well for M. G. H. to send to that Society, asking to have this abstract searched, which can be done for a reasonable fee.—*Gen. Ed.*

3451A (3) MILES. Three men by the name of William Miles served in the Revolution from Va. according to *Va. Rev. Soldiers*, published by the State Library of Virginia.—*Gen. Ed.*

3473. TARPLEY. There is no mention of the name John Tarpley either in *Va. Rev. Soldiers*, Supplement, or McAllister's "Va. Militia in

the Revolution," or in any other printed list available to the Genealogical Editor.—*Gen. Ed.*

3473. (3) SWEETLAND. Eleazer Sweetland according to sketches of the Alumni of Dartmouth College by Rev. George D. Chapman, D.D., was born at Hebron, not East Haddam, Conn., and died at East Haddam March 25, 1777, aged 36. He studied divinity and was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church of the Millington Society at East Haddam, May 21, 1776. No record is given of his Revolutionary service, nor is there any record of his marriage.—*Gen. Ed.*

3479. WASHINGTON. There is no mention of the name of Henry Washington in any list of Va. Rev. soldiers printed or any manuscript accessible to the Gen. Editor.

3481. PURCELL-PARKER. James Purcell is mentioned in Va. Rev. Soldiers, p. 361, as serving in the Illinois division on the western frontier of Va. There is no mention of a Seth Parker in any list of Va. soldiers accessible to the Gen. Ed.

3484. LAMKIN-SNEAD. There were a number of Lamkins living in Va. during and immediately after the Revolution in Amelia, Culpeper, Mecklenburg and Northumberland Counties. As John Snead, Sr. and Jr. lived in Hanover Co. during the Rev. and as Culpeper and Hanover Counties are not far apart it might be profitable for A. L. to have the records of Culpeper County searched for the ancestry of William Lamkin born in 1778.—*Gen. Ed.*

3484. (2) KILGORE. There was a Robert Kilgore who served from Georgia and whose name is mentioned in the 3d Report of the D. A. R. to the Smithsonian as a Revolutionary soldier, but no further information is given of him.—*Gen. Ed.*

3605. For information in regard to the back numbers of William and Mary's College Quarterly, address Lyon G. Tyler, LL.D., Editor, President of William and Mary College, Williamsburg, Va.

3605. (4) COLLIER. There was a Cornelius who was born in 1720 or 25 in Porto Bello, King and Queen County, Va., where he died in 1810. He m. Elizabeth Wyatt in 1750 in Gloucester Co. and lived in Lunenburg Co., Va. He was a soldier in the Rev. and moved to Abbeville district, S. Ca. He had 4 sons who served in the Rev.: James (1757-1832) who was wounded at the battle of Eutaw Springs but after the Rev. in 1788 m. Elizabeth Bouldin. In 1802 moved to S. C. and settled in Abbeville district; Cornelius who was killed at the battle of Eutaw Springs; John, b. in 1755, m. (1) Peggy Tyler and (2) Lucinda Glover, and William, b. in 1760. Cornelius had also a son Edward, b. in 1763, who is not known to

have served in the Rev., and a daughter Nancy born in 1765 who married Joshua Hill, a Rev. soldier.—*Gen. Ed.*

3833. CLARK. Barber's Historical Collections of Conn. gives the name of Daniel Clark in list of names of Windsor settlers in 1640. It is quite possible that Stiles' History of Ancient Windsor may give information about him.

3859. LELAND. The children of Phineas Leland, b. 1730, were Lydia, Phineas, Eleazer, Joseph (Lieut.), David W., Thomas, Sarah, Caleb, Joshua, Lydia and Deliverance. Eleazer, b. 1755, m. Elizabeth Sherman and d. in 1827. He was a farmer and State Representative in 1807. His ch. were Prudence, John, Sherman, Cyrus, Salmon, Betsy, Polly, Luke and Patty. Phineas, b. 1730, was the son of James Leland, b. in 1687 and his wife Hannah Larned. They moved to Grafton, Mass., in 1723, where James died in 1768. He was a farmer and Captain of Colonial militia. His children were Jerusha, Thankful, Benjamin, Moses, James, Hannah, Thankful (2) Thomas, Deliverance, Phineas and Prudence. He was a descendant of Henry Leland, the emigrant, who settled at Sherburne, Mass. about 1680.

The above information in regard to Phineas Leland, which supplements what was given in the May issue, as well as the answer to 3833 (CLARK) were kindly forwarded by Mrs. A. L. Briggs, Fond du Lac, Wisconsin.

3863. PIERCE-BARTON. Lydia Pierce, b. Feb. 9, 1756, was the daughter of Dr. Ebenezer Pierce who came to Sutton about 1740. He was born Sept. 11, 1711, died March 2, 1805 and m. Mary Stone, Feb. 25, 1742. She was born in 1719 and died Aug. 7, 1801. Dr. Pierce settled in that part of Sutton which is now Millbury on or near Grass Hill. He is spoken of "as a man of unexceptionable character and active in every good work." He was deacon of the North Parish Church. His ch. were: Mary, b. Feb. 4, 1744, m. Capt. Abijah Burbank, Feb. 21, 1788; Ebenezer b. June 9, 1745, m. Eunice Loomis; Sarah, b. July 18, 1747, d. Sept. 9, 1769; Ruth, b. Feb. 27, 1749, d. Sept. 30, 1750; Ruth, b. Nov. 25, 1750, d. Oct. 21, 1782; unm.; Deborah, b. Oct. 28, 1752, m. Samuel Small July 5, 1786; John, b. Apr. 20, 1754; Lydia, b. Feb. 9, 1756, m. Jedediah Barton, March 23, 1774; Jonathan, b. Sept. 17, 1757; David, b. Aug. 12, 1760, m. Sarah Bridges, and Aaron b. Apr. 16, 1762. (History of Sutton, p. 700.)—(Miss) Alice M. Brady, Oxford, Mass.

3863. (2) (3) STEVENS. Neither Captain John Stevens nor Benjamin Stevens, who was a member of Col. Chas. Burrall's Regiment had any sons that left Conn. nor a son named Peter. There was, however, a Zebulon, b. July 31, 1751, who married Sarah Harrick, March 28, 1779 in Canaan, Conn. After 1790 he re-

moved to Vt. where he died May 27, 1819. He was in the Revolutionary war serving as a corporal in Capt. John Stevens' Company, enlisting Jan. 24, 1776. His children were; George, m. a Spaulding; Harry; Nancy, buried in Canaan in 1790; Thomas, m. Sarah Tappan, resided in Vergennes, Vt.; Marian; Wealthy, m. Levi Marks and lived in Ferrisburg, Vt., and Lovisa, m. (1) Mr. Hinsdale and (2) Samuel Fairfield, resided in Vt. in 1827. This is the only Rev. war record from the Stephens-Stevens Genealogy that might in any way answer the query 3863 (2) and (3). There were men by name of Stevens who left Plainfield, Conn., and settled in Vt. Stonington, Conn., was the town that Henry Stevens, the immigrant, founded before 1668. Many Stevens left Stonington for all parts of New England. I have the original diary of Benjamin Stephens recording the march under Capt. John Stevens to Montreal and will be glad to assist any one in this branch of the Stevens family.—*Mrs. Harvey Tyson White*, 310 Carlton Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Peter, Asa, Abner and James Stephens were living in Wells, Vt., in 1790 according to the Census of that date.—*Gen. Ed.*

3882. (2) FREEMAN. Freeman genealogy gives Moody Freeman (Edmund⁴, Edmund³, Edmund², Edmund¹) as son of Edmund Freeman and Mentha Otis. He was born in Mansfield, Conn. Apr. 25, 1753. He m. (1) Kezia, daughter of Price Freeman (a cousin). She was b. Dec. 10, 1756 and d. March 9, 1810 in Clarkson, N. Y. He m. (2) Abia, wid. of Hon. Russell Freeman and d. Aug. 1820. Moody (called Capt.) d. in Clarkson, N. Y. July 16, 1828 aged 75. His ch. were: Jeduthan, b. Mansfield, Dec. 5, 1773; Abigail Otis, b. Hanover, Apr. 30, 1775; Jemima, b. Apr. 21, 1777; Calvin, b. Apr. 7, 1779; Martha, b. Thetford, Vt., June 11, 1781; Gurden, b. May 17, 1783; Kezia, b. Aug. 3, 1785; Moody Russell, b. Nov. 13, 1787, m. Phebe Volkenburg of Rochester; Luther, b. Sept. 1, 1789, d. Feb. 28, 1792; Elizabeth, b. Dec. 6, 1792. Major Moody Russell Freeman was an officer in the War of 1812 and d. in Buffalo. His ch. were Moody Russell, b. Darien, m. Sarah Conghall of Canada West and had Phebe Ann, Moody Russell and Charles M.; Mary Ann, b. Aug. 30, 1825, m. Dr. M. B. Norton of Buffalo, d. June 1, 1852; George died aged 4 years. Moody R. Freeman could not have been in Rev. war but Ct. Rev. rolls gives service for his father and many others of the family.—*Mrs. Lloyd Wyman*, 418 Walnut Avenue, Painesville, Ohio.

3883. AUSTIN-GATES. The following information may be of interest to descendants of the Austin-Gates family, although it does not answer the specific inquiry: Levi Austin, b.

1743, July 7, d. 1824, Oct. 4, m. Mary, dau. of Major James Gates of Richmond, Mass., 1769, Nov. 28. James Gates was a major in the Revolution and the first magistrate in the town of Richmond. Levi Austin was a minute man under Gen. Stark. Mary Gates was b. 1750, Mar. 24, d. 1818, May 25. Ch.: Levi, b. 1770 Sept. 27, d. 1846, Sept. 13; Russel, b. 1772, Aug. 7, d. 1849, Jan. 17; Erastus, b. 1775, Aug. 7, d. 1839, Dec. 7; Alanson, d. 1820; Dec. 20; Diadama, b. 1777, Nov. 5, d. 1803, July 27; James, b. 1779, Nov. 29, d. 1855; Sylvester, b. 1781, Dec. 5. Levi Austin, Jr., b. 1770, Sept. 27, m. (1) 1794, Nov. 16, Polly Martin of Bethlehem, Conn. (Bethlehem records). She had a brother Seth Martin noted in the records of Woodbury. Children: Martin Gates, b. 1798, Mar. 18, d. 1860, Apr. 10; Elijah Judson, b. 1803, July 5, d. 1846, Feb. 21; Polly Ann, b. 1812, Dec. 28, d. 1881, June 25, m. Truman B. Andrews, James Austin, b. 1779, d. 1855, Durham, N. Y. had a son James G. and a grandson, Eugene W., b. 1835, living at Cranford, N. J. I have not been able to connect these families with the first Austin and Gates settlers. Tombstones in Richmond, Mass. lead me to infer that Major Gates is descended from Stephen Gates who is the first in the Gates book, either through his sons Stephen or Simon of Preston, Conn.—*Samuel W. Balch*, 67 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

3884. WEAVER-GREEN. Isaac Green, 1724-1807, who married Mary or Molly Weaver of Coventry, R. I. June 20, 1754 was a corporal in Capt. Samuel Wall's Company and served in the Rev. from R. I. His son, James Green (1754-1839) married Eunice Case Hopkins (1769-1852) and served as a drummer in the company of his father. They are two of the ancestors of *Mrs. Frank A. Waterman*, National No. 28776.—*Gen. Ed.*

3892. LEWIS. As the Constitution of the Daughters of the American Revolution requires lineal descent from a Revolutionary soldier or patriot in order to make an applicant eligible for membership it would be impossible for G. A. L. to enter the D. A. R. through an ancestor who was more or less remotely connected with the Lewis (3892) family of North America, many of whom served in the Revolution. If ancestry simply is desired and not membership in the D. A. R. it might be well to write to the place in N. Wales where her father was born, as the Welsh have the reputation of keeping the record or lineage better than almost any other nation.—*Gen. Ed.*

3897. (2) BAIRD. William Baird who served in the Revolution as Captain and Major of Somerset County, N. J. Militia, was born Sept. 22, 1742 and died Oct. 5, 1830. He was a son of William Baird, b. Feb. 24, 1704 and Elsie Van Cleef and a grandson of the Scotch

emigrant Alexander Baird, a lawyer of Kings County, N. Y. and his wife Magdalena Van Vleet. He married Catherine Hoagland (not Esther Smalley or Smiley) who was born Feb. 27, 1753 and died July 11, 1817. She was the daughter of Christopher Hoagland and moved to Glen, Montgomery Co., New York. Their children were: Christopher; Hannah, b. June 11, 1773, d. Nov. 1, 1857; William; Benjamin, b. Oct. 11, Baptized Nov. 26, 1786; Abraham; Sarah, Elsie and Robert. His daughter Hannah, b. June 11, 1773, died Nov. 1, 1857, married William Vanderveer, b. July 12, 1771, d. Dec. 16, 1861, a descendant of Cornelius Janse Vanderveer. Their children were: Isaac who m. Martha Ann Warford; Catherine who m. a Cady; John m. Electra Cole; Maria m. a Serviss; Sallie Ann; Abram; Elsie m. Richard Clute; Elisabeth and Alehie who m. Henry B. Mount. Was not Esther Smalley or Smiley the wife of another William Baird?—*David Vanderveer Perrine*, Freehold, N. J.

3899. MARTIN. If S. B. C. will correspond with *Mrs. Sara B. Valentine*, Bellefonte, Pa., she can obtain the Revolutionary record of Peter Martin.

3904. GRIGSBY. Reuben Grigsby and his wife Nancy Parker of Kentucky had a son Redmond Davis who married Matilda Starks and lived to be nearly 100 yrs. of age. He was born in 1818. Among the other children of Reuben were Aaron who married the sister

of Abraham Lincoln; William, James and Charles. This Redmond Davis Grigsby had a son Redmond and grandsons Redmond. The Grigsbys came from Va. and some of their descendants are buried at the old Pigeon Grave Yard near Lincoln City, Spencer County, Indiana. Many of the Grigsbys were killed by the Indians and one boy was taken captive by them.—*Mrs. Florence A. Chrisney*, Chrisney, Spencer Co., Ind.

3913. HINDMAN. In the third series of Pennsylvania Archives, Vol. XI, Page 34 Alexander Hindman is given as an inmate of West Nottingham, Chester County, Penna. in 1765.—*Mrs. Sara B. Valentine*, Bellefonte, Pa.

His name does not appear in the index to the 5th series of Pa. Archives nor in any list of Rev. soldiers accessible to the Genealogical Editor. In Vol. 2 or abstracts from the records of Augusta Co., Va., pp. 302 and 303 his name appears as one of the sureties for the marriage of William Caldwell and Esther, dau. of William Buchanan, Sept. 4, 1787 and 8 and also as one of the witnesses March 8, 1787 to the marriage of Fergus Graham, son of Arthur Graham, of Rockbridge County and Elizabeth, daughter of David Trimble. In Vol. III, p. 476 of the same record it is recorded that Aug. 11, 1768 Isabella Robinson and John, her son, deeded to Alexander Hindman 124 acres on Hayes Creek, part of Borden's tract. His name appears in Vol. I, p. 179 as obtaining a Hemp certificate May 17, 1774.—*Gen. Ed.*

NOTICE

OBITUARIES OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS, FROM "WESTERN CITIZEN"

[Through the kindness of Mrs. W. H. Whitley, regent of the Jemima Johnson Chapter, D. A. R., Vine Street, Paris, Ky., a number of obituaries have been condensed and copied from the "Western Citizen" for the years 1831-1865. This paper was published at Paris, Bourbon Co. Ky. from 1807-1866, but the only copies Mrs. Whitley has seen earlier than 1831 are two special numbers issued during the War of 1812 and a single copy of the issue of 1827. The obituaries are condensed but no item of genealogical value has been omitted. Many notices were not included for failure to record age as she has not attempted to record any persons born after 1810. The actual date of death is given where stated; where it is not stated, the issue of the paper is given. These obituaries have been divided into two parts by the Genealogical Editor, Part I giving the obituaries of Revolutionary soldiers, or their wives, and Part II the obituaries of those whose service, if any, is not stated.]

PART I.

ADAMS. June 27th, 1846 (Fayette Co.). At residence of son-in-law, Mr. Thomas True, Mr. Benjamin Adams, a soldier of the Revolution in 102d yr. of his age.

BACON. July, 1848, Mr. Jonathan Bacon, Oppenheim, N. Y., aged upwards of ninety, deceased. Was a Revolutionary soldier under Gen. Washington.

BEDINGER. Dec. 1843 (Nicholas Co.) Major George Bedinger, a soldier of the Revolution in his 88th year at his home near Blue Licks.

BREST. Jan. 1, 1844. John Brest died Jan. 1, 1844 in 85th yr. of his age. Deceased was for a great many years a highly respected citizen of this county. During the Revolutionary contest he served his country as a soldier in the south.

CHASE. Jan. 1, 1843. Last of crew of Paul Jones is living in Livermore, Me. Thomas Chase, now 86, a pensioner, was on the Bon Homme Richard.

COOK. May 22, 1844. At his residence near Millersburg, Ky., Capt. William Cook, Sr. Was a soldier of the Revolution and bore with him to his grave the scars of wounds received in the field of battle. Emigrated to this State at early date.

DAVIS. On April 6th, 1843 Capt. James Davis, of this county, at an advanced age. He was a soldier of the Revolution.

DEBRULER. Dec. 13, 1849. (Bourbon County) Mr. John Debruler, a Revolutionary soldier aged 99 years. Born in Harford Co., Md., June 7th, 1750. At age of 25 volunteered for three years' service. Was at battles of Trenton, Princeton, Monmouth, Brandywine, etc. Came to Ky. in 1800.

DELANEY. Dec. 14, 1849. Mr. Daniel Delaney, a soldier in the Revolutionary war. Aged 88 years. (Bourbon Co.)

GANO. Apr. 20, 1849 (Scott Co.) Capt. Daniel Gano in his 91st year, born in North Carolina 1758, son of a Baptist preacher of New York. At age of seventeen, while in senior year in Brown University, Rhode Island, entered service of his country as ensign of artillery in Capt. Lamb's Co. Col. McDougall's Regiment. His first service was performed in annoying the British shipping in the North and East Rivers while N. Y. was being evacuated and the skirmishes that followed on the North River and at White Plains. He made his first campaigns as Lieutenant in the same service in 1776 with the gallant and ill fated Montgomery in that memorable and disastrous march to Quebec, in midwinter through an inhospitable and trackless wilderness and was very near his noble chief when he fell, just on the eve of accomplishing a more glorious achievement. He returned to New York in the spring in the command of his company and continued throughout the war as Capt. of Artillery, a portion of the time in the staff of Gen. Clinton in the N. Y. line. He distinguished himself in many of those memorable engagements, up to the capture of Cornwallis at Yorktown, which resulted so gloriously for our cause. A few years after the close of the war he came to Ky. with Gen. Wilkerson as Captain in the regular service and was with Wilkerson, Weisiger and others among the first settlers at Frankfort, having in 1787 laid off in company with those gentlemen the present city of Frankfort. In 1809 he moved to Scott

Co. Was a member of the order of Cincinnati. He was a Revolutionary pensioner.

GIVENS. Feb. 2, 1847. (Union Co., Ky.) Mr. William Givens died at home of his son in his 86th year. Was born in Augusta Co., Va., joined the Continental army towards close of the Revolution, in his 17th year in time to participate in taking of Yorktown and to witness surrender of Cornwallis. He married Miss Rebecca Kenney, moved to Bourbon Co. about 1790, later to Hopkins Co. about 1810, to Union Co. in 1845, two years before his death. He was a Revolutionary pensioner.

HARRIS. March 25th, 1839 William Harris, a soldier of the American Revolution, aged 94.

KINNISON. Jan. 2, 1851. Chicago, Illinois. David Kinnison, aged 115, last survivor of the Boston Tea Party is still living.

MITCHELL. April 2, 1842. On Monday morning last Mr. Joseph Mitchell, Sr., one of our oldest and most respectable and worthy citizens in the 78th year of his age. He was in the war of the Revolution. Was an elder in the Presbyterian Church for a great number of years.

ROGERS. March 18th, 1839. Mr. Thomas Rogers, of the county, at a very advanced age. Mr. Rogers was a Revolutionary soldier and one of the first settlers of the county.

STEPHENS. May 7, 1850. Lucy, wife of Joseph L. Stephens (Revolutionary pensioner) died in 76th year.

STOKES. April, 1846. (Nicholas Co.) Mr. Edward Stokes aged between 85 and 90. Soldier of the Revolution, entered service at age of 16, fought at Brandywine, etc., and remained in the service through the greater part of the war. Citizen of Ky. for 60 years, the greater part of that time of Bourbon Co.

WIGGINTON. Feb. 2, 1844. Mr. Henry Wigginton, aged 88 years, 2 months, 24 days. Served as a soldier during the Revolutionary War and was at the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown.

WILMOTT. Sept. 20, 1838. Col. Robert Wilmott, a soldier of the Revolution, a member of the Convention that framed Kentucky's first Constitution. Representative for 7 years. Aged 82.

YATES. April, 1848. Benjamin Yates applied for pension at Cincinnati Agency, aged 107, probably oldest living survivor of American Revolution.

NOTES ON THE BOWEN FAMILY OF GEORGIA.

(Through the courtesy of Mrs. Wayland Camp of Marietta, Ga., the following tombstone records of the Bowen family found on Chattahoochee River in Coweta and Carroll Counties, Ga., were copied for the Magazine. Mrs. Camp would like to correspond with any members of the Bowen family.)

Mrs. Elizabeth Bowen died Feb. 1st, 1848, aged 51 years.

Sacred to the memory of Christopher Bowen, born Sept. 28, 1789 and died Oct. 18, 1845. By his children.

Sacred to the memory of Mrs. Martha Bowen, wife of William Bowen, daughter of Richard Henry Hayes. Born 18th of Nov. 1824, died 18th day of June 1845, aged 21 yrs.

Infant son of William and S. C. Bowen, born July 31st, 1848 and died Sept. 23d, 1849.

QUERIES

4037. MORGAN. Please give any information ab. the Morgan family of Va. Abram or Abraham Morgan m Mary Bedinger. Jacob B. Morgan lived in Miss. This family came from Sheppardstown, Va. Give Rev. service.

(2) QUARLES. I would like to know anything of the Quarles family, one branch of which m into the Poindexter family. Lucy or Sally Quarles m William Green Poindexter.—Q. M.

4038. HENDRY-McGEE. Dr. Charles Hendry and Nancy McGee were m April 10, 1776 in Va. Who were his parents? Had they Rev. service? Who were his parents? Rev. service? Their children were Sophia, m — Harbin; Lottie, m — Allen; Thomas Pinkney, m — Bolton; Nancy, m — Peterson; Millie M., m Jonathan Lindley, b Pendleton Dist. S. C. Feb. 23, 1808; Mildred Hurdry, b Nov. 15, 1827.

(2) BOLTON-HOWARD. Mary Bolton m Thomas Pinkney Hendry. Her mother was a Howard and m a Bolton. I think they lived in Columbia Co. Ga. Can anyone tell me her given name? I shall appreciate learning anything of the Howards or Boltons.

(3) ANDERSON-COLEMAN. John Anderson m (2) Susan Coleman; he was b Louisa Co. Va., moved to S. C. 1790, then to Cobb Co. Ga. Who was his father? Did either serve in the Rev.? Who was Susan Coleman's father, and did he serve in the Rev.?

4039. BINGHAM-WILLARD. Wanted, dates of birth and death of Daniel Bingham, who m Esther Willard 1774 in Salisbury, Conn. Did he have Rev. service? Esther Willard's birth and death wanted, also names of her parents and their Rev. service.

(2) ROBINSON. Elizabeth Robinson of Fairfield District, S. C. m Samuel Banks 1797. Wanted, names, dates and Rev. service of her parents.

(3) HARRINGTON-DALRYMPLE. Sion Harrington's 2d wife was Anne Dalrymple. Wanted, dates of both and his Rev. record. Family tradition says he was in the Commissary Dept. and twice captured, once by Fanning; his father was Charles Harrington, who with a brother came from England ab. 1745. The brother went to Md. and Charles to Halifax Co. Va., thence to Orange Co. N. C., now Chatham, and patented the land on which the town of Pittsboro now stands, where he died just before the Rev. War. He m Agnes Wells and had 9 sons and 1 dau. Any information of Charles and Agnes Harrington will be appreciated.

4040. WADE-ANDERSON. David Anderson (April 9, 1764-April 26, 1836), m Rachel Wade. Can anyone give me information of her parents' names and dates? Tradition says that she had a sister Nancy who m — Hampton, both of S. C.—R. C. E.

4041. CAMPBELL. Ephraim Loomis, b Torrington, Litchfield Co. Conn. April 1, 1731, m Oct. 13, 1764 Jane Campbell of Canaan, Conn. Who were the parents of Jane Campbell?

(2) ROOD. Moses Rood of Litchfield Co. Conn. m Jan. 5, 1768, Sarah Loomis, dau. of Isaac Loomis. Wanted, the ancestry of Moses Rood.—M. R. M.

4042. STANLEY. John Stanley lived in Penna. during the Rev., m Millie —, had a son Jacob, b 1775. Any information about him will be appreciated.—M. M. B.

4043. LEWIS-COLE. Susan Lewis m John Nicodemus (b Dec. 10, 1807) abt. 1835 or 1836, near Falling Waters, W. Va. Her sister m a Cole of Va. Can the Lewis or Cole family give information on the ancestry of Susan Lewis?

(2) POTTER. Margaret Potter was b Mar. 13, 1787 near Waynesboro, Penna., and d there Nov. 12, 1861. She m John Nicodemus (Oct. 28, 1784-July 18, 1827). Who were her parents, and did they render Rev. service?

(3) RIPPPE. Margaret Ripple m Frederick Nicodemus, and d near Waynesboro, Penna., Mar. 5, 1815, in the 67th year of her age. Who were her parents, and did they render Rev. service?—M. K.

4044. GILL. Did John Gill of Salem, Mass., have Rev. service? He m Priscilla Phippen, b. Jan. 8, 1743. Names of his children wanted.

(2) RUSSELL. Did Capt. Edward Russell of Salem, Mass. have Rev. service of any kind?

(3) TIBBETTS. Wanted, names of parents of Sallie Tibbetts, who m Samuel De Meritt (a Rev. soldier 1756-1801) of Durham, and lived in Durham, N. H.—E. R. P.

4045. SHERMAN. Which son of Roger Sherman, Signer of the Declaration, was the father of Ruth Sherman, b 1797, who m Paul Kribs? —P. H. P.

4046. TAYLOR-DAWSON-WILLIAMS. Can someone tell me how the Taylors and Williams were related? Isaac Dawson and Sicha Williams were m 1792 in Va. and moved to Bourbon Co. Ky. I would like to correspond with members of these branches. Have these families gen. records been published?—C. B. S.

4047. VANDERVEER. Wanted, ancestry, gen. data and Rev. record of Arnold Vanderveer of New Brunswick, N. J., who m Lillian — and had children, Laura, Amanda, Lillian. Was he related to the Monmouth Co. Vanderveers? —B. B. G.

4048. MOSS. Zealy Moss (Mar. 6, 1755, Loudon Co. Va.—Oct. 20, 1859) was a Rev. soldier. His father, — Moss, also in the Rev., was a Baptist preacher and had 6 other sons, all of whom were Baptist preachers. Wanted, name and dates of — Moss, proof of his Rev. serv-

ice in Army of Va., name of his wife, date of m, names of sons and their descendants.

(2) GLASCOCK. Zealy Moss above m (2) Jeannette Glascock, b April 17, 1766, Fauquier Co. Va., d Jan. 7, 1867, Peoria, Ill. Her father was b in Scotland, educated for the ministry in Edinburgh, served as chaplain in the Rev., from Va. Wanted, his name, record of service, names of parents, wife and children.

(3) WEBB. Wanted, to communicate with members of the Webb family of Ky. and to know if any Webb served in the Rev.—*A.M.F.*

4049. WING. What were the Rev. services of Charles Wing? Has anyone entered the D. A. R. on his record, and if so how can I get her address?—*E.W.S.*

4050. FOLLETT-BURNHAM. William Follett (1745-1808 Pittstown, Rensselaer Co. N. Y.) m Lois Burnham (1748-1832). Children John, William, Jacob, Mary, Lydia, Lois, Rebecca, Sarah. Wanted, gen. data and Rev. records of these families.

(2) HUNT-HORTON. James Hunt (1767-1838 Pittstown, Rensselaer Co. N. Y.) m (1) Margaret Horton (1772-1809); m (2) Susannah Horton (1777-?). Who were James Hunt's parents? Did they come from Westchester Co. N. Y.? Please give all data concerning the Hunt family, especially Rev. service.

(3) KNISKERN-COMPTON. Peter Kniskern of Schoharie Co., N. Y., (1764-1827) m Anna Compton (1762-1836). Who were his parents? We have been told his father was Peter Kniskern and served in the Rev., which we are desirous to prove.

(4) LONG. Sophia Long (1798-1864) m Peter Kniskern, son of the above, Peter and Anna (Compton) Kniskern. He lived 1797-1881. She was the dau. of Christian Long and grand-dau. of Conrad Long of Albany, N. Y. Wanted, the gen. records of this branch of the Long family.—*E. H. C.*

4051. MILLER. Where was Maj. Jacob Miller of the 4th Bat. Frederick Co. Md. Militia, of which Baker Johnson was Col., born? Where was his wife born? What was her maiden name? What children? When and where were Maj. Miller and his wife buried? Where can a history of his Rev. services be found?

(2) DE LA MATER. Has it yet been proved by the descendants of John De La Mater of New York Island that he loaned money to the Govt. during the Rev.? He was the father of Cornelia De La Mater.—*E. M. S.*

4052. HARPER-BLAIR. Benjamin Harper, b 1776, m Elizabeth Blair, b 1775. They lived in Lancaster District, S. C., and their dau. Mary Knox, b 1799, m (1) Everard Massey, (2) James Stewart. Benjamin's brothers moved to Tenn. Wanted, the names of Benjamin Harper's parents, their dates and Rev. service. Who were Elizabeth Blair's parents? Rev. service? Who is Benjamin Harper (1735-

1801), buried in the old Waxhaw cemetery? Who is William Blair (1759-1824), m Sarah Douglass (1763-1816), dau. of George Douglass? Both William and Sarah (Douglass) Blair are buried in Waxhaw cemetery. The inscription on William Blair's tombstone says he served in the Rev. Can Benjamin Harper b 1735 be the father of Benjamin b 1776?—*M. M. A.*

4053. HARLOW-ALDEN. Would like names of wives, children and grand-children of William Harlow of Plymouth, Mass. Is there a Harlow history?

(2) MAY. Mary May, b abt. 1765, m — Harlow, and their children were Clarissa, Martha, Benjamin, Susan and Guy. Clarissa m Joseph Gould and went to Texas. Mary (May) Harlow was a dau. of John May of Mass. who was in the Rev. Would like his service, names of his wife and other children, and whom they married.

(3) WALKER. Whom did John Walker, b abt. 1710, marry? He was related to Dr. Thomas Walker of Castle Hill, Va. Who were his children, and whom did they marry? Was he a Rev. soldier? Are the Va. Walkers related to the N. C. Walkers?—*A. P. W.*

4054. WATSON. I wish to know if Hezekiah Watson (May 18, 1752, Hartford, Conn., Nov., 1816, Rensselaerville, N. Y.), m Abigail Fellows (b Canaan, Conn. Aug. 1757) has any Rev. record. According to tradition he served as a blacksmith. His father was John Watson, Jr. Was this the John Watson who was Capt. of the 4th Conn.?—*E. O. W.*

4055. CLARK. Can some one who has access to the Abstract of Wills of Lancaster, Penna., tell me if there is mention of the will of a man named Col. Robert Clark, of Lancaster, Co. Penna.? He was b there Jan. 2, 1740, d Jan. 25, 1821, m Sarah Hutchison, 1765. She was b June 7, 1745, d Aug. 19, 1820. He was a member of the Lancaster Associators, Capt. in a co. of the 1st Regt. Flying Camp, Lieut. Col. under Col. Cunningham, 1777 to 1781. Did he receive pension or lands from the Govt? Who were his children? Where was he buried?—*S. C. M.*

4056. PECK. Nathaniel Peck (Jan. 9, 1742-Mar 28, 1782) m Mary Condict (Dec. 18, 1743-Oct. 25, 1821). Children: Phebe, b Nov. 26, 1764; Hannah, b March 24, 1767; Ruth, b Feb. 28, 1769; Rachel, b Feb. 20, 1771; Mary, b March 11, 1773; Tirzah, b July 21, 1775; Lydia, b March 4, 1778; Sarah, b May 6, 1780. The Pecks moved from Long Island, one of them settled at a place ab. two miles from Morristown, N. J. Did Nathaniel Peck serve in the Rev.?

(2) NORRIS. Peter Norris (Dec. 16, 1722-Jan. 3, 1806) m Mary —, b Oct. 18, 1726, and their children were Peter Jr., b May 30, 1746; Keziah, b Aug. 3, 1748; Walter Joise,

b Sept. 28, 1749; Keziah, b May 1, 1752, d Aug. 6, 1802; John, b Feb. 3, 1755; Ebenezer, b June 1, 1757, d Sept 5, 1779; Mary, b Sept. 9, 1759; Liba, b Jan. 2, 1762; Hannah, b March 13, 1769, d 1769. Was Peter Norris a Rev. soldier? I believe he lived in N. Y. or N. J.

(3) OSMUN. Abraham Osmun (April 5, 1754-June 3, 1803) m March 5, 1776, Keziah Norris above. Children were Jacob, b Dec. 19, 1776; d Aug. 9, 1779; Mary, b July 5, 1778, d March 15, 1820; David, b Nov. 9, 1780, d Aug. 22, 1859; Jacob, b April 4, 1783, d same day; Jacob, b April 7, 1784, d in Michigan when very old; Adonijah, b March 18, 1789, d June 3, 1860; Seth Huron, b Sept. 9, 1793, d April 9, 1883. Abraham Osmun I am quite sure lived in N. Y. State, though it is possible he may have lived in N. J. part of the time. Is there Rev. service?—*M. E. T.*

4057. SNOOK. Is there a book of the Snook family, and if so, where can it be had?—*C. S. P.*

4058. EDMUNDS. Who was the wife of Thomas Edmunds of Brunswick Co. Va.? He was a big land-owner and merchant, doing an extensive trade with foreign countries. His son Henry moved to Halifax Co. Va. abt. 1812. The said Henry's sons were John A. Lytleton, Sterling E., Joseph and Tom. Who was the wife of Henry? All his sons lived in Halifax Co. Va. except Joseph, who lived in Charlotte Co. Va. Whom did Joseph marry? His son Joseph Jr. m Charlotte Wright abt. 1829 and d in Pittsylvania Co. Va. and is buried on his plantation near Riceville, Va. His son John was a Col. in the Civil War and d at Gettysburg. Joseph's son Joseph 3d lived in Wytheville, Va. and was a R. R. contractor. He died abt. 20 years ago.—*S.*

4059. GRIFFITH. Can anyone give information of Mary Griffith of Berks Co. Penna., who m James McMillen and had Elma, Gulia, Ira, Asa?

(2) RUSSELL. Does anyone know of Margaret Russell, b July 10, 1770, we suppose in Va., m Hugh Gwynn when abt. 18?—*M. G. K.*

4060. JONES. Wanted, all dates and parents' names of Ephraim Jones, who m Jerusha Rix, dau. of Thomas and Jerusha (Tracy) Rix; supposed to have lived in Preston or Norwich, Conn. Did Ephraim Jones have Rev. service?—*E. P. N.*

4061. BLAIR. Is there a Blair gen.? Jane Blair, b Apr. 8, 1800, in Lancaster Co. Penna., m John Cassidy in Bellefonte, Center Co., Penna. Her father was Thomas Blair, d 1845 his wife's name Nancy. What was her father's name, and did he serve as Col. in the Rev.?

(2) GAYLORD-TIBBALS. Did Joseph Gaylord, son of Lieut. Samuel Gaylord, serve in the Rev.? The family lived in or near Norfolk, Conn. He m Rachel Tibbals Apr. 27, 1766, and

had Philemon, Joseph, David, Rachel, Asahel, Sarah, Lois. In "Conn. in the Rev." p. 653 is mentioned Joseph Gaylord, of Farmington, a member of the 15th Regt. under Col. Hooker. He also appears as pensioner from Litchfield Co. Who were Rachael Tibbals' parents, and did her father serve in the Rev.?

(3) WELCH. Joseph Gaylord, son of Joseph and Rachel (Tibbals) Gaylord m Abigail Welch of Conn. Who were her parents?

(4) HUBBARD. Myron Gaylord, son of Joseph and Abigail (Welch) Gaylord, m Malinda Hubbard in Norfolk, Conn., abt. 1820 and moved to Bethlehem, Conn., later, in 1835, to Round Prairie, Ill. Who were her parents? She had two brothers I know of, Rufus and Asahel, who m Abigail M. Gaylord.—*M. E. G. P.*

4062. MERRILL. Elizabeth Merrill (Jan. 10, 1802-March 27, 1874), dau. of Adrian and Mercy (Robison or Robinson) Merrill, m Jan. 11, 1818—Gould, b within a few miles of N. J. She lived in Wilkesbarre, Penna. a number of years, perhaps born and married there; at least 3 of her children were born in that state. Want to know if Adrian Merrill or his father was in the Rev. Her children were Maryanne, John Carey, Margaret, Lydia, Mathew, Eliza, Elizabeth C., Lemuel Powers, Julia Anne, Sarah Adaline, William Mitchell.—*E. D. L.*

4063. WILSON-ALLEN. Parentage and Rev. service wanted of Richard Wilson of Cumberland Co. Va., who m Priscilla Allen, dau. of Daniel and — (Harrison) Allen. Said Daniel Allen was b in Hanover Co. Va. 1728, d Cumberland Co. 1807. His Rev. service desired.—*A. M. F.*

4064. VAN WORMER. John Van Wormer, son of John and Elizabeth (Powell) Van Wormer, m Rachel Egbert in N. J. abt. 1760. From 1773 to 1780 he lived in Kinderhook on the Hudson. In "New York Men in the Rev." I find two John Van Wormers in the 14th Albany Co. Regt., Hoosack and Schaghticoke Division, one an ensign in the Brutt Co. and the other an ensign in the Brown Co. Which, if either, was the John Van Wormer referred to, and how can I prove it?—*E. A. D.*

4065. PIKE. Jonathan Pike d in Randolph, Vt. Oct. 12, 1813, aged 70 years. His ancestry desired, also, data concerning wife and children. His son James Pike (July 30, 1784-Apr. 3, 1816), m Feb. 14, 1808, Sophia Lyman, dau. of Richard Lyman of Lebanon, Conn. The name of Jonathan Pike is found on the Vermont Rev. Rolls, and there are four of the name on the Mass. Rolls. Which one is the above?

(2) ROBINSON. Solomon Robinson, b May 14, 1742 (where?) d June 5, 1838 at Putney, Vt. He m Hannah — and had the following children b at Templeton, Mass.: Isaac, b Mar. 28, 1769 Hannah, b Aug. 9, 1770; Abigail, b Sept. 17, 1773; William, b Oct. 17, 1775; Solomon, b Aug. 1, 1778. He also had Samuel,

b June 12, 1780; David, b June 10, 1782; Sarah, b Jan. 13, 1785, where, I do not know. Did Solomon Robinson have a 2d wife Abigail, d July 24, 1824? His ancestry desired, also proof that he was the Solomon Robinson who served as private in Capt. John Boynton's Co., Col. Sparkhawk's Regt. from July 27, to Aug. 23, 1777, at Bennington.

(3) FRIZZELL-BARTLETT. John Frizzell, (Sept. 30, 1730, Framingham, Mass.-1815, probably Northfield, Mass.) m Martha (Patty) Bartlett, date desired. She was b in Northfield Aug. 16, 1739 and d in Stratford, Vt. at the age of 101 yrs. 3 mos. 4 d. Their children, b in Northfield, were Earl, Susa, Lois, Calma, Pattie (Martha), Relief and John. Dates of birth desired. John Frizzell, the father, was a soldier in the French and Indian Wars, was taken prisoner, carried to England, where he was kept 7 yrs. The diary he wrote while in captivity is in possession of one of his descendants. Did he also serve in the Rev. after his return? Was he the John Frizzle of Walpole, who served in Capt. Jeremiah Smith's Co. Col. John Smith's Regt. at Lexington, according to Mass. Rev. Rolls Vol. 6?—*F. H. S.*

4066. ELLIS. Wanted, the ancestry of John Ellis of Plymouth, Mass. He was the father of Elizabeth Ellis who m William Powell abt. 1793 or 1794 and is buried in the Lyonville churchyard, Chester Co. Penna.—*E. G. E.*

4067. BOOTH. Wanted, information of James Booth, who moved to Marion Co. W. Va. in 1765 and was killed by the Indians in 1778. He was a Capt. of Rangers. Where did he come from? What of his wife and children? It is known he had sons, John and Daniel, and possibly a dau. Bathsheba. Daniel lived in Barbour Co. W. Va. and is said to have m Jane Houston of Penna., whose father was an officer in the Rev. army from Penna.

(2) CHURCHWELL. Can anyone tell me of the family of Richard Churchwell who lived in Ky. at the time of Daniel Boone? Nancy Churchwell was b in Lexington, Ky. and m John Porter Blackburn.—*M. S. H.*

4068. SHEPHERD. Wanted, the parentage of Thomas Shepherd, who m, in Dedham, Sept. 17, 1761, Mehitable Deane (both of Dedham), dau. of Thomas and Grace (Wadsworth) Deane. Did Thomas Shepherd or his father serve in the Rev.?

(2) MILLIGAN, MILLIKEN, BALES. Elizabeth Milligan or Milliken, b Feb. 15, 1809, in Randolph Co. N. C. was the dau. of Benjamin Milligan, b Feb. 21, 1783 and Margaret Bales of Randolph Co. N. C. Her parentage, all data and Rev. service of her father wanted. This Benjamin Milligan was the son of Samuel Milliken, b Chester Co. Penna. Dec. 1, 1742, m June 10, 1767, Ann Baldwin of Randolph Co. N. C. When did Samuel die? Dates and parents of Ann? Both lived to be 70 or 80.

Samuel was the son of William Milliken, b 1720, moved to N. C. abt. 1784, m 1740-1 Jane White, both of Chester Co. Penna. In 1790 census I find Millikens, Bales and Baldwins living in N. C. and not far apart. Will be grateful for help as to Rev. service of these lines.

(3) CARTER. Isaac Carter, b Jan. 13, 1808, m Elizabeth Milliken. He was a son of Samuel Carter of N. C. (d Apr. 14, 1841) and his wife Ruth — (d Meh. 25, 1846). Her father or grandfather could have served in the Rev. Can anyone give me their service and children? Samuel Carter was son of John Carter of N. C. who had a wife Ann. Who was she? Dates, children, Rev. service wanted. I am very anxious to complete an application for the D. A. R. in either the Milliken or Carter line, and will be most appreciative of any assistance.—*L. G. N.*

4069. DOWNER-LUM. John Downer (Feb. 27, 1744, Norwich, Conn.-Mar. 12, 1819) m Desire Lum (1744-Dec. 25, 1800) of Groton, Conn. Can anyone tell of her people, if her father had Rev. service, and if John Downer had any service in Conn.?

(2) SHERMAN-EBER. Would like information concerning Israel Sherman and his wife Martha Eber. They were m 1739, she b 1707. Did his wife's or Israel Sherman's father have Rev. service?

(3) TURNER. Can anyone tell who the parents of Hannah Turner were? Rev. service? She m James Le Baron Feb. 4, 1747.—*P. A. W.*

4070. BOWEN. Wanted, name of wife and proof of Rev. service of Henry Bowen, who lived in Frederick Co. Va. from 1743 to 1784. His will in 1784 speaks of three sons, Henry, John and Jacob; one grandson, Rees Hill; and six daus., Priscilla, wife of William Goddes; Hannah, wife of Isaac Eaton; Mary, wife of Peter Babb; Margaret, Jean and Ann.—*M. I. T.*

4071. GRIFFITH-LITTLE. In what year was Caleb Griffith (Dec. 30, 1769-Apr. 10, 1857) m to Juliann Little (Sept. 28, 1775, in N. C.-Aug. 21, 1862)? Who were their parents, and had either Rev. ancestry? Caleb came to Habersham Co. Ga. from Md. Tradition says he had a brother Stephen, who fought at Bunker Hill.

(2) CHANDLER. Was Joseph Chandler the father of Rhodia, b 1799, Asa, Farmer and Thomas Chandler? They lived near Anderson, S. C. If not, who was their father? Who was their mother?—*B. C. F.*

4072. CROSBY. Can anyone give me information about the father of John Crosby? As nearly as I can tell, his name was Simeon or Simon Crosby. John Crosby was b in Chelmsford, Mass., May 4, 1772, but his father moved to Andover just before the Rev. Both his

father and his father's brother fought in the Rev.—*L. N.*

4073. **MADDEN.** In 1774 Cornelius Madden came here to Penna. from Ireland and served 6 years with the 4th Penna. commanded by Gen. Anthony Wayne. He was a weaver and m Ellen Anderson, dau. of Maj. Joseph Anderson of the 71st British Highlanders, who was killed at Brandywine. Can anyone give me his Rev. service and any other information? His father and son were both named Jeremiah.—*R. R. M.*

4074. **WALMESLEY-ROBINSON.** John Walmsley, d Augusta Co. Va. 1782 and in his will of that date names no wife, but mentions a dau. Elizabeth Robinson and makes son McKinney Robinson one of the executors. Who were the parents of McKinney Robinson? When was he b? Was he in the Rev.? He d in Lumberport, Harrison Co. W. Va. Who was the wife of John Walmsley? Was he in the Rev.?—*H. N. R.*

4075. **POWELL-REYNOLDS.** Information desired of John Powell, who lived and d in Rowan Co. N. C. According to family data he served in the Rev. and was living in 1815. All of his children lived to be grown. They were Ransom, teacher and member of the Legislature; Tempsie; Forest; Cynthia; Granville; Susanna (the only child by the 2d wife, Nancy Letishia Reynolds, b May 24, 1799, d in Miss. 1871). I have all data of Susanna. Mrs. Nancy L. (Reynolds) Powell m (2) Dr. Ellis, and d near Columbia, Tenn.—*M. H.*

4076. **CARLETON-McHANEY.** Who were the parents of Elizabeth McHaney who m William McHaney? They lived in Pittsylvania Co. Va. and had 3 daus., Fannie, Susan, Mary, also 3 sons, Cornelius, m a widow, — Stephens, in Gonzales, Tex.; William Jr., m Tee Myers in Pittsylvania Co. Va.; John, m Huldah Edmunds in Pitts Co. Va., fought in the Civil War and d in Pittsylvania Co. Va. in 1912. Cornelius d in Gonzales several years ago and William Jr. is still living, at Toshes, Va. Information desired of the Carlton family. Was Elizabeth Carlton's father in the Rev.? I think there has only been one branch of the Carlton family and one of the McHanays in this country. The mother of William McHaney Senior was — Mitchell of Va. probably of Pitts. or Halifax Co. Was Wm. Sr. in the Rev.?—*S.*

4077. **POWELL-TORPIN.** About the time of the Rev. there came from England to Va. one Thomas Powell, who brought with him his only children, two sons, James and Thomas. James Powell, m Mary Turpin, had issue: Caron, b 1793; Hezekiah; Joshua; Josiah, b 1783. Thomas Jr. m Nancy Womack and had: Watson, William, John, James, Thomas. These all lived in Halifax Co. Va. Was Thomas

Powell, 1st Lieut. of a Va. State Regiment, 1778, the one who came from England? Was Thomas Turpin, Ensign 15th Va., Aug. 28, 1777, resigned Mar. 11, 1778, also called Horatio Turpin, the father of the above Mary Turpin? Correspondence solicited as to above families.—*F. P. Otken, McComb, Miss.*

4078. **CARVER-GRISWOLD.** Samuel Carver, b Mar. 3, 1756 at Bolton, Conn., d Mar. 3, 1833, m Aug. 14, 1777, Bathsheba or Bersheba Griswold, b 1761, d June 3, 1833. What was her father's name? Was he in the Rev.?—*J. A. N.*

4079. **PEIRCE, PIERCE, PERS-BALL.** Francis Peirce, b July 18, 1729, m Lydia Ball Dec. 8, 1759. Lived in Hopkinton, Mass. When a boy he enlisted with 12 men to go on an expedition to Cuba with Capt. Prescott of Concord. They all died but Francis Peirce. His children were Aaron, Samuel, Ebenezer, Seth, Eli, Abijah, John and Benjamin, twins; Abraham, Lois, Lydia, Francis. Can it be proved that he belonged to the same family as Pres. Franklin Pierce, as tradition says? Has Francis Peirce a war record? Who was Lydia Ball's father? Has he a Rev. record?

(2) **WOOD-TREADAWAY, TREADWAY.** Hezekiah Wood, b July, 1748, m Lucy Tredaway in 1773. Lived in or near Mendon, Mass. His children were Maynard, Lyman, Joseph, Lucy, b June 20, 1791, m Nov. 26, 1801 Francis Peirce, b Oct. 9, 1779; Susan, Holley, Nancy, Polly. Has Hezekiah Wood a Rev. record? Who was Lucy Tredaway's father, and has he a Rev. record?

(3) **WILLIAMS-STAPLES.** Abiel Williams m Zeruiah Staples, b Jan. 27, 1740, gr. grand-dau. of Myles Standish, about 1758. Lived in Raynham, Mass. They had a dau. Hannah, b Sept. 25, 1759, m Seth Robinson 1781. Has Abiel Williams a Rev. record? Who were his other children besides Hannah? Has Seth Staples, father of Zeruiah Staples Williams, a Rev. record?

(4) **WILSON-MAINE, MAIN.** Abraham Wilson, b 1751, m Joanna Maine (b 1754) in 1774. Their children were Nathaniel, Hannah, Noah, Eunice, Assenath, Zadok, b June 23, 1788, m Anna Robinson of Raynham, Mass., 1815, lived at Woodstock, Windham Co. Conn.; Grafton, Anna. Where did Abraham Wilson live? Tradition says he or his relatives lived in N. H., perhaps at Pelham. Has he a Rev. record? Who was Joanna Maine's father, and has he a Rev. record?

(5) **GRAY-BRADDOCK.** David Gray with his two brothers, Mathew and John, settled in Washington Co. Penna. in 1770. David Gray m — Baskin. Their son David Gray Jr., b in Ft. Jackson, Aug. 14, 1781, m Elizabeth Braddock in 1802. Lived in Washington Co. (now Greene Co.) Penna. Had David Gray Jr. brothers or sisters? Had David Gray Sr. a Rev. record? Who was Elizabeth Braddock's father,

and had he a Rev. record? Tradition says the Braddocks were from Baltimore, Md.

(6) ROSEBERRY-HUGHES. — Roseberry m — Hughes and lived in Washington Co. Penna. They had a large family, among whom was Sarah Roseberry, b 1804, m 1824 Francis Gray, b 1803. What was Sarah Roseberry's father's given name, and had he a Rev. record? What were her mother's and grandfather Hughes' given names? Had the last a Rev. record? Any information will be greatly appreciated.—*V. P. H.*

4080. DAVIS. Nathan Davis, b in N. J. Mar. 31, 1772, m 1797 Mary Bergen, b May 5, 1780. Tradition says they lived in Middlesex Co. N. J., near Freehold and Cranberry. After the d of Nathan Davis, Mary Bergen Davis m (2) — Voorhies. Nathan Davis' father is said to have been in the Rev. What was his name? Whom did he m? What were his dates?

(2) ROOD-STANTON. Eleazer Lewis Jr. (1772-1839) m Sarah Stanton Rood (1775-1850), dau. of Asher Rood and Sarah or Lydia Stanton, whose father is said to have been Gen. Joseph Stanton of R. I. What are the dates of Asher Rood and his wife Sarah Stanton? Did he serve in the Rev.? What are Gen. Joseph Stanton's dates and service? Whom did he m, and what are the names of his ch.?

(3) SIMONS, SIMMONS, SEAMANS, SIMONDS-DEAL. John Simons (1779-June 6, 1867) m Catherine Deal (1784-Jan. 6, 1852) in Amsterdam, Montgomery Co., N. Y. In 1826 they moved to Michigan. His father is said to have served in the Rev. with a Vt. regt. Tradition says he was a colonel. Who were the parents of John Simons and Catherine Deal? In the "Roll of Vt. Soldiers in the Rev." there is a John Simons Jr. (1729-Clarendon, Vt. May 10, 1813) who was on the pay-roll of Capt. Abraham Salisbury's Co. for service in 1780. Did this John Simons have a family, and if so whom did he m and what were the names of the ch.?—*A. D. W.*

4081. INMAN. Would like the names of the parents of Hiram Inman, b at Windham, Greene Co., N. Y. 1817. There were 7 other ch.

(2) QUICK. Wanted, names of the parents of Benjamin Quick, b Apr. 24, 1782 and Cynthia Turner Quick, his wife, b 1782. They lived in Ulster Co. N. Y.

(3) JOSLIN. Elder Henry Joslin lived at Portsmouth, R. I. His wife's name was Mary —. Would like further information.—*C. M. W.*

4082. HART-MUNSON. Jehudi Hart of New Britain and Farmington, Conn., son of Elijah and Abigail (Goodrich) Hart, was b Dec. 12, 1739, d Aug. 25, 1825, m (1) Mary Munson, dau. of Reuben; (2) Elizabeth (Mezuzen) Judd. Did Jehudi Hart or Reuben Munson have Rev. service?

(2) PENNFIELD. Nathaniel Pennfield Jr. of Meriden, Conn., son of Nathaniel and Hannah Pennfield, m Jan. 9, 1755, Lydia Barnes (1734-1811). Nathaniel Pennfield Jr. d May 18, 1777 of small-pox, in Meriden. Did he or his father Nathaniel who d Jan. 1776 have Rev. service?

(3) EVANS. Would like dates and history of Richard Evans, probably of Franklin Co. Penna., whose son Jeremiah Evans m Rachel McMullen, dau. of John and Mary (Poe) McMullen of Cumberland and Franklin Co. Penna. Would like proof if he was the Richard Evans who was a private in Capt. John Dennis' Co., Col. Patton's Regt. of Continental Troops, whose name appears on a pay-roll covering the period from May 1777 to Feb. 1778.—*L. P. A.*

4083. STONEHOUSE. Information wanted concerning Capt. Isaac Stonehouse of N. Y. and his wife Catherine, who when a widow kept a school at 315 Broadway. Who were his ch.? The Kippes of Kipp's Bay, L. I. and the Moores are connected with this family. Capt. Isaac Stonehouse was in the War of 1812.—*E. R. W. K.*

4084. LOGAN. Who were the sons of James and William Logan, Provincial Councillors of Penna.? Did any of their sons or descendants do Rev. service? Who were the father and brothers of William Logan, b in Penna. 1756, who served in Capt. Grubbs' Co. and Col. Samuel Miles' rifle Regt., and did any of them do Rev. service?

(2) BUTLER-HENSHAW, HANSHAW. Who were the ancestors of William Butler and Nancy Henshaw, or Hanshaw, who were m in Uniontown, Penna. about 1800, and did any of them do Rev. service? They moved to Ind. in 1814.—*O. U. C.*

4085. WORTHINGTON. Can any one tell me the ancestors of Thomas Worthington and — Lowe? He m (1) a widow, — Courtney; (2) — Lowe; (3) m Mary Leach, June 11, 1816. Thomas and — (Lowe) Worthington had 2 daus., Ann, m (1) Ben McKay, (2) John Dunbar; and Mary, who m (1) Bennett Bean, (2) Ignatius Clarke.

4086. ARMSTRONG. Who were the parents and grandparents of Robert Armstrong of Greenbrier Co. Va.? His dau. m Joel Walker in 1792. Whom did Robert Armstrong m?

(2) ALEXANDER. Who were the parents and grandparents of William Alexander of Va.? His dau. m Samuel L. Campbell of Lexington, Va. Whom did William Alexander m?

(3) ARMSTRONG - PATTERSON - ALEXANDER. Where can I find copies of the Armstrong, Patterson, and Alexander genealogies?—*H. G. K.*

4087. WALSTON-CALHOUN. William Walston of N. C. served in Capt. John McQuire's Co. Col. Wm. Greyson's Regt. Continental troops. Enlisted May 1, 1777 to serve 3 yrs. Wounded

Sept. 1777. On furlough June 1778 was shot from ambush while driving his horses from pasture. Married Lady Mary Pryor. Son William m Nancy Calhoun. Would like all gen. data of both above, and of their children. Who was the father of Nancy Calhoun?

(2) BRADLEY. John Bradley served from Oct. 21, 1777 to Dec. 30, 1777 in Capt. Robert Porter's Co. Logan Co. N. C. troops. Another John Bradley was private in Capt. Jacob Larrow's Co. Carrytuck Co. N. C. Which of these was the John Bradley who m Mary — and was father of Isaac Bradley who m Lucy Scott, John Bradley Jr., George Bradley and perhaps others? Would like names and all gen. data of John Bradley, his wife and children.

(3) CARTER. Would like names of wife and children of Frederick Carter who lived in Rutland or Addison Co. Vt. at Census of 1790. Was Sally Carter b 1787 who m William Bostwick in 1802 his dau.? They lived at Shoreham and Bridport, Vt. Would like father of Frederick Carter.—*S. M.*

4088. HOLTON-WALKER. Lieut. Jonathan Holton of Charleston, N. H. (1743-1821) was a Rev. soldier and wounded in the Battle of Bennington. He m (1) 1786 Hannah Olcott and had 5 children. She d Jan. 26, 1792 and he m (2) 1793 Nancy Walker, d 1803. They had 4 children, George Washington, b 1795; Gustavus Stebbins, b 1797; Hannah Olcott, b 1799 and Abbie Bowers b May 7, 1800. Who were the parents of Nancy Walker?

(2) HOSFORD-GREEN, GREENE. Private Aaron Hosford of Thetford, Vt. (1769-1850) m Olive Green (1771-1846). Their children were Lucy, m — Moore; Sarah, (1795-1881) m 1821 Geo. W. Holton (1795-1882); George Lewis, m Susan Knapp. Who were the parents of Olive Green?—*Mrs. G. W. Leaverton*, 415 East Lawrence Ave., Springfield, Ill.

4089. MINTON. Is there a Minton lineage in the D. A. R.? This Minton was from Va. near Harper's Ferry. One came from Roane Co. Tenn.

(2) SILBAUGH. Is there a Conrad Silbaugh of Penna. lineage?

(3) OSTER. Is there a Jacob Oster lineage of Md. in the D. A. R.?

(4) McLAUGHLIN. Is there a McLaughlin of Penna. lineage in the D. A. R.?

(5) PENNSYLVANIA. What publication will give me the names of the men who served in the Rev. from Penna.?—*M. K.*

4090. WEAVER. Is there any record of David Weaver serving in the Rev. from N. C. or Penna.?

(2) BELL. John Bell of 96 District, probably Abbeville Co. S. C., m Sophia — abt.

1780. Their dau. Frances, b Sept. 17, 1784, m Arthur Carmichael and had a brother Johnson Bell. Wanted, Rev. service of John Bell and wife's maiden name. She is said to have been of German ancestry.

(3) SWANSON-SMITH. Andrew Swanson m Caty Smith in Oglethorpe Co. Ga. in 1798. Wanted, their parentage and children. Was Caty Smith the dau. of Larkin Smith who served in the Rev. from Cumberland Co. Va. and d in Oglethorpe Co. Ga. in 1834, aged 82 yrs.? Wanted, the name of —, supposed to have m Larkin Smith in Cumberland Co. Va. Correspondence desired with any tracing the Swanson family or the Smith family of Cumberland Co. Va.—*A. L. P.*, Box 343, Sylacauga, Ala.

4091. BUCKMASTER. Who was the wife of Col. Joseph Buckmaster Jr., enlisted in the Rev. from Waltham, Mass., had a dau. Frances who m Col. Jonathan Brewer, a Rev. soldier, and had 3 children, Martha, Frank, Susanna. The Buckmasters came to Charlestown, Mass. abt. 1626.—*J. E. P.*

4092. BOWEN. Horatio Clark Bowen, b Aug. 15, 1786 in Ala. or Ga. m Annie Gaines or Annie Morse. I would like the date of his m and all the information I can get about his wife.

(2) MARTIN-BLANCHARD. Emanuel Martin m abt. 1830 Mary Blanchard, dau. of James Blanchard, Baptist preacher. I would like to correspond with some of the Blanchard and Martin families.—*Mrs. Mary Davis*, Sargent, Ga.

4093. BLACK-SMITH. Did either of the sons of John and Isabel Black who lived at or near Staunton, Va. have a dau. Nancy, and did she m Edward Smith abt. 1781 or 1782? If so give names of her parents. Did her father or Edward Smith serve in the Rev.?—*A. W. S.*

4094. BROWN. Data, especially Rev. service, desired of Benana (Benoni) and Mable Brown, whose dau. Elizabeth, b Oct. 3, 1750, m at Leyden, Mass., Oct. 29, 1770, Edward Barney, b Aug. 18, 1749.

(2) RICE. Any data appreciated in regard to Zebulon and Abigail (Forbush) Rice, m in Westboro, Mass., Jan. 27, 1757. Their eldest child was Persis, who m Gen. Rufus Putnam, and a dau. Susannah, b Westboro, Mass. Sept. 25, 1758, m (when?) Ephraim Potter, b Marlborough, Mass., July 31, 1752. See (3).

(3) POTTER-WALKER. Theophilus Potter, father of the above Ephraim, was b Marlborough, Mass., Sept. 14, 1814; m Lois Walker 1748. Did he contribute to the cause of independence in any way? Parentage of Lois Walker desired.—*S. P. D.*

The Story of Hannah Arnett

By Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood

(Extracts from her letter to the *Washington Post*, July 13, 1890.)

FOREWORD.

[Since the organization of the Hannah Arnett Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, in June, 1913, I have been amazed to learn that very few of the members of the Daughters were cognizant of the important part which Hannah Arnett played in determining the final action of those brave men and women who fought so courageously for the freedom of their country.

It may be that some did have a knowledge of the very noteworthy part which she played, but in the majority such was not the case.

When this chapter was forming, the question of a name was of the utmost importance. Some of the members wanted to perpetuate the name of a general, I among others. The preponderance of evidence, however, was greatly in favor of the name of a woman, and it is to the kindness of Rev. Wm. Force Whitaker, pastor of the "Old First" Church in Elizabeth, N. J., in whose churchyard lie the remains of Isaac Arnett and his rebellious wife, that we are indebted.

Mr. Whitaker evidently knew whereof he spoke when he sent us the history of her part in the Revolution and recommended that a name more worthy could not be found.

It has occurred to me that, as there seems to be some lack of the knowledge of history on this point, it would be timely for the magazine to publish the enclosed brief history in as early an issue as possible.—OCTAVIA PALMER HOPKINS, *regent*, Hannah Arnett Chapter, East Orange, N. J.]

The days were dark and hopeless, the hearts of our forefathers were heavy and cast down. Deep, dark despondency had settled upon them. Defeat after defeat had overtaken our army until it was demoralized, and despair had taken possession of them. Lord Cornwallis, after his victory at Fort Lee, had marched his army to Elizabethtown, New Jersey, and there encamped. This was in that memorable December, 1776. The Howe brothers had already issued their celebrated proclamation that offered protection to all that would seek refuge under the British flag within sixty days, declare themselves British subjects, and

take an oath binding themselves not to take up arms against the mother country or induce others to do so.

In one of the many spacious homes of the town there had assembled a goodly number of the foremost men of the time to discuss the feasibility of accepting the proffered proclamation.

For hours the council went on, the arguments were sincere, grave but faltering. Some thought that the time had fully come to accept the clemency offered—others shook their heads, but the talk went on until every soul in the room had become of one mind, and courage, bravery, patriotism, hope, honor, all were swept away by the flood-tide of disaster.

There was one listener from whom the council had not heard. In an adjoining room sat Hannah Arnett, the wife of the host. She had listened to the debate, and when the final vote was reached, she could no longer restrain herself. She sprang to her feet and, throwing open the parlor door, in her womanly majesty confronted that group of councilors.

Picture a large room with a low ceiling, furnished with the heavily carved furniture of those days, dimly lighted by wax candles, and a fire in a huge fireplace. Around a table sat a group of anxious, disheartened, discouraged-looking men. Before them stood the fair dame in the antique costume of the day. Imagination will picture her stately bearing as she entered into their august presence. The indignant scorn upon her lips, the flash of her blue eyes, her commanding figure and dignified presence brought every man to his feet.

Consternation and amazement for the moment ruled supreme. The husband advanced toward her, shocked and chagrined that his wife had so forgotten herself that she should come into the midst

574284

of a meeting where politics and the question of the hour were being discussed. He would shield her now. The reproof he would give later on; so he was quickly at her side, and, whispering, said to her: "Hannah! Hannah! this is no place for you. We do not want you here just now."

He would have led her from the room.

She was a mild, amiable woman, and was never known to do aught against her husband's wishes, and if she saw him now, she made no sign, but turned upon the astonished group.

"Have you made your decision, gentlemen?" she asked. "I stand before you to know; have you chosen the part of men or traitors?"

It was a direct question, but the answer was full of sophistry, explanation, and excuse.

"The case is hopeless; the army is starving, half clothed and undisciplined, repulsed everywhere. We are ruined and can stand out no longer against England and her unlimited resources."

Mrs. Arnett, in dignified silence, listened until they had finished, and then she asked, "But what if we should live, after all?"

"Hannah! Hannah!" said her husband in distress. "Do you not see that these are no questions for you? We are doing what is best for you—for all. Women have no share in these topics. Go to your spinning wheel and leave us to settle affairs. My good little wife, you are making yourself ridiculous. Do not expose yourself in this way before our friends."

Every word he uttered was to her as naught. Not a word had she heard; not a quiver of the lip or tremor of an eyelash. But in the same strangely sweet voice she asked: "Can you tell me if, after all, God does not let the right perish, if America should win in the conflict, after you have thrown yourself on British clemency, where will you be then?"

"Then," said one, "we should have to leave the country. But that is too

absurd to think of in the condition our country and our army is."

"Brothers," said Mrs. Arnett, "you have forgotten one thing which England has not, and which we have, one thing which outweighs all England's treasures, and that is the right. God is on our side, and every volley of our muskets is an echo of His voice. We are poor and weak and few, but God is fighting for us; we entered into this struggle with pure hearts and prayerful lips; we had counted the cost and were willing to pay the price, were it in our heart's blood. And now—now, because for a time the day is going against us, you would give up all, and sneak back like cravens to kiss the feet that trampled upon us. And you call yourselves men—the sons of those who gave up home and fortune and fatherland to make for themselves and for dear liberty a resting place in the wilderness! Oh, shame upon you, cowards!"

"Gentlemen," said Mr. Arnett, with an anxious look on his face. "I beg you to excuse this unseemly interruption of our council. My wife is beside herself, I think. You all know her, and know it is not her wont to meddle in politics, or to bawl or bluster. To-morrow she will see her folly, but now I pray your patience."

Her words had already begun to arouse the little manhood remaining in their bosoms, but not a word was spoken. She had turned the light of her soul upon them, and in the reflection they saw photographed their own littleness of purpose or want of manly resolve.

She still talked on: "Take your protection if you will; proclaim yourselves traitors and cowards, false to your God; but horrible will be the judgment you will bring upon your heads and the heads of those that love you. I tell you that England will never conquer; I know it, and feel it in every fiber of my heart. Has God led us so far to desert us now? Will He, who led our fathers across the stormy, wintry sea, forsake His children, who have put their trust in Him? For me, I stay with my country, and my

hand shall never touch the hand, nor my heart cleave to the heart of him who shames her."

While these words were falling from her lips, she stood before them like a tower of strength, and turning toward her husband, she gave him a withering look that sent a shock through every fiber of his body. Continuing, she said, "Isaac, we have lived together for twenty years and through all of them I have been a true and loving wife; but I am the child of God and my country, and if you do this shameful thing, I will never own you again as my husband."

"My dear wife," answered Isaac, excitedly, "you do not know what you are saying. Leave me for such a thing as this?"

"What greater cause could there be?" answered the injured wife. "I married a good man and true, a faithful friend, and it needs no divorce to sever me from a traitor and a coward. If you take your

protection, you lose your wife, and I—I lose my husband and my home."

The scornful words uttered in such earnestness; the pathetic tones in which these last words were spoken; the tears that dimmed the sad blue eyes, appealed to the heart of every man before her. They were not cowards all through, but the panic over the land had caught them also.

A latent courage put on new activity; manliness renewed its strength in strong resolutions.

Before these men left the house of Hannah Arnett that night, every man had resolved to spurn the offer of amnesty, and had taken a solemn oath to stand by their country through good days and bad, until freedom was written over the face of their fair land.

There are names of men who fought for their country and won distinction afterward, who were in this secret council, but the name of Hannah Arnett figures on no roll of honor.

Death of a Real Daughter

By Mrs. John Rawls Jones, Chairman,
Committee on Real Daughters in Mississippi

A beautiful life, golden crowned with age, was ended when Mrs. Maria Rhoe Bennett, Mississippi's only Real Daughter of the American Revolution, entered into rest, March 2, 1915.

Maria Rhoe Bennett, National Number 34546, the youngest of twelve children, was a daughter of Archibald and Elizabeth Gilmore Johnson, of near Gallatin, Tennessee. She was reared an orphan by her older brothers and sisters.

A year after moving to Mississippi, September 30th, 1847, she was married to J. W. Bennett, of near Baldwyn, Miss., where they established the home in which she lived and died.

Mrs. Bennett was nominated and

recommended to the National Society, D. A. R., by Mrs. William Lawson Peel, and first belonged to Joseph Habersham Chapter, in Atlanta, Ga. Later she was transferred to Horseshoe Robertson Chapter, of West Point, in her own state. Her father, Archibald Johnson, was a pensioned Revolutionary soldier, and Mrs. Bennett received a pension also, along with many courtesies from the D. A. R. in Mississippi.

The Mississippi State Conference, D. A. R., was in session at Natchez, and was notified of her death. A message of sympathy was sent to the bereaved family. Mary Stuart Chapter, Tupelo, sent a beautiful floral design.

Revolutionary Records

NORWAY, MAINE, REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS

The September meeting of Abigail Whitman Chapter, of Norway, Me., had on its program, "A Talk by Judge C. F. Whitman." No one knows more of the local history of this section than Judge Whitman of Norway. The following are extracts from his talk:

DARIUS HOLT.—Enlisted from Andover, Mass. He was born in 1765. He served in Capt. White's Company of Col. Rufus Putnam's Regiment. Pensioned in 1818; No. certificate, 9997. He died in August, 1854, and is buried in the Norway Center Cemetery. It states on his gravestone that he was a Revolutionary soldier. This soldier has the distinction of being the last Revolutionary soldier who died in the town of Norway.

From the foregoing it will be seen that 44 soldiers of the War for American Independence, at least during a portion of their lives were residents and citizens of Norway. Twenty-eight of them died here, and twenty-six of them, possibly more, were buried here. The graves of nineteen of these are marked with stones. On twelve stones it states that those buried there were Revolutionary soldiers. In the Pike Hill Cemetery two lie in unmarked graves, and in the Norway Center Cemetery there are five. Somewhere in town there are two more.

David Noyes gives the names of thirteen Revolutionary soldiers who lived in the town. Dr. William B. Lapham's history of the town of Norway has twenty-two. The above list comprises forty-four. There must be, it is thought, a few others. It is hoped all the graves may be found and marked.

SERGEANT JONAS STEVENS, JR.—Served in the "Massachusetts Line." Pensioned; certificate No. 5604. Died, Feb. 9, 1833, aged 84, of palsy. Buried in Norway Center Cemetery. Grave unmarked.

JONAS STEVENS, SEN.—Enlisted from Townsend, Mass. Served three years in "Massachusetts Line." Said in Norway History to have come to Norway, which is very doubtful. If he died here was buried in Center Cemetery and grave is unmarked.

CORP. JOSEPH STEVENS.—Enlisted from Gray, Me., in Capt. Moses Merrill's Company of Col. Edmund Phinney's Regiment of Foot. In Siege of Boston. First settler in Norway.

Died, Aug. 14, 1830, aged 77 years. Buried in Norway Center Cemetery. Has a gravestone. Does not state on it that he was a Revolutionary soldier.

NATHANIEL STEVENS.—Enlisted from Gray, Me., in the same company with his brother Joseph. One of the early settlers. Not pensioned. Died June 30, 1816. Probably buried in Norway Center Cemetery. Grave unmarked.

AMOS HOBBS.—Enlisted from Gray, Me., in the disastrous Penobscot Expedition of 1779. Died June 5, 1839, aged 78 years. His gravestone in Norway Center Cemetery does not state that he was a Revolutionary soldier.

EBENEZER WHITMARSH.—Served in "Massachusetts Line on the Continental Establishment." Have not date of his death. Probably buried in Norway Center Cemetery. Grave unmarked.

ELIPHALET WATSON.—This soldier served in two wars—the Old French and Indian War, and the Revolutionary War. He served in Capt. Maybury's Company in the forts of Boston. He lived for seven years in the Block House at Gorham, Me. He was born about 1718, and married Elizabeth, daughter of Capt. John Phinney. His wife was as brave and resolute as himself. Came to Norway very late in life (1805) with his son, Ebenezer. Died here in family of his son, Daniel, March 14, 1812, aged 94 years and 8 months. His wife died in Gorham in 1795. He is buried beside his son Daniel in the Norway Center Cemetery. Common field stones mark his grave. He deserves a monument.

SIMEON SANBORN.—Served in the "Massachusetts Line on the Continental Establishment." Pensioned under act of 1818; certificate, No. 9769. Was 60 years old in 1820. Moved to Greenwood, Me., and died there.

DANIEL BECKLER.—Served nearly two years in Col. Hunt's regiment. Came from Waldoboro, Me., to Norway. Removed to Greenwood, Me., and died there.

NATHANIEL YOUNG of Dedham, Mass., enlisted from Gray, Me. Was in Capt. Paul Ellis' company of Col. Bigelow's Regiment, and had other service. Pensioned; certificate No. 7603. He died in Greenwood in 1838, in his 78th year.

In Memoriam

MRS. JULIA LACHENOUR MICHLER, wife of the late Francis Michler, and a loyal member of George Taylor Chapter, Easton, Penna., died on Sunday, April 4, 1915. She was a descendant of Thomas Potts, a member of Continental Congress in 1776-77; a daughter of Dr. Daniel and Margaret Henry Lachenour.

MISS JULIA E. HOPKINS, historian of Mach-wi-hi-lusing Chapter, Wyalusing, Penna., died on February 15, 1915. Miss Hopkins was a charter member of the chapter and had faithfully served as historian three years.

MISS JOSEPHINE JORDAN, formerly a resident of Saratoga, N. Y., and later of Washington, D. C., died at the home of her cousin, Miss Julia Hoffman-Martin, Claverack, N. Y., on March 6, 1915. (She was the only daughter of the late Niram Jordan and his wife, Julia Hoffman. Miss Jordan was an interested member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, having joined as a member-at-large. She was a direct descendant of Ensign Asa Alling and William Jordan.

MISS LEONORA NEWKIRK, first vice-regent of the Andrew Lynn, Jr., Chapter of Belle Vernon, Penna., died suddenly on January 22, 1915. Miss Newkirk was one of the organizing members of the chapter, in which she was keenly interested.

MRS. ANNA GOULD DUDLEY, regent and charter member of Shiawassie Chapter, Owosso, Mich., died on February 11, 1915. Mrs. Dudley was a woman who won and held the esteem of a wide circle of friends, and the chapter feels its loss keenly.

Queen Alliquippa Chapter, McKeesport, Penna., reports with sorrow the death of two members, MISS MARY HANNAH TASSEY, a charter member, on March 31, 1914, and MRS. SARAH A. DAVIS MOORE, organizer and first regent, on July 28, 1914.

MRS. ADELAIDE BIRDSALL BALDWIN, who founded the Onwentsia Chapter at Addison, N. Y., fifteen years ago, died at her home there March 8, 1915. Mrs. Baldwin, who was a descendant of Col. Arthur Erwin, was born March 30, 1844.

CARRIE ELLEN HARRINGTON DEAVITT, wife of Thomas J. Deavitt, of Montpelier, Vt., died on January 17, 1915. Mrs. Deavitt was born in South Royalston, Mass., September 26, 1841, the daughter of Luther and Sarah (Nourse) Harrington. She was a member of Marquis de Lafayette Chapter.

MRS. SARAH SIMPSON VAN TIFFLIN, a member of the Genesee Chapter, died at her home in Flint, Michigan, on February 2, 1915, aged 85 years. She was a real granddaughter, her grandfather, John Gibson, having served for about five years with the New York State troops.

MISS MARY MATHEWS, a member of Marion Chapter, Knoxville, Iowa, died on February 25, 1915.

MRS. SARAH ELIZA SIGOURNEY TUCKERMAN died on April 26, 1915, at her home in Worcester, Mass., aged 83 years. Mrs. Tuckerman was born in Boston, the daughter of Thomas Parkman Cushing, founder of Cushing Academy, and Martha Cargill, his wife. After her marriage to Prof. Edward Tuckerman she lived in Amherst and was a charter member of Mary Walton Chapter.

Sergeant Newton Chapter, Covington, Ga., reports with sorrow the death of the following members:

FLORA CARR OLLIVER died on November 13, 1914. She served faithfully as State secretary and several terms as chapter officer.

MRS. LEONORA PACE died on March 22, 1915, after a few days' illness, whilst visiting in Washington, D. C. She was the founder of Sergeant Newton Chapter, and much of its success is due to her loyalty and enthusiasm.

MRS. MARY ELECTA SMALLEY-OLMSTEAD, a charter member of the Nelly Custis Chapter, Bunker Hill, Illinois, died December 27, 1914, at the age of 71 years 3 months and 9 days. She was the daughter of Andrew Jackson and *Julia Ann Smalley. Her father entered the homestead on which she was born from the government, and with his father, Samuel Smalley, was the first settler on that tract when there was only one house in Bunker Hill. They were Baptists and came from New Jersey in the old-time "mover's wagon."

OFFICIAL

The National Society of the

Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters Memorial Continental Hall, Seventeenth and D Streets, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management 1915-1916

President General

MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY,

36 Gramerey Park, New York, N. Y., and Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General

(Term of office expires 1916.)

MRS. GEORGE MAYNARD MINOR,
Waterford, Conn.

MRS. JOSEPH S. WOOD,
135 S. 2nd Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

MRS. ELIZA FERRY LEARY,
1551 10th Ave., N., Seattle, Wash.

MRS. CHARLES CLEMENCE ABBOTT,
Washington St., Keene, N. H.

MRS. ALVIN V. LANE,
2505 Maple Ave., Dallas, Texas.

MRS. GEORGE T. SMALLWOOD,
3520 Sixteenth St., Washington, D. C.

MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON,
1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke, Va.

MRS. CHARLES R. DAVIS,
St. Peter, Minn.

MRS. EDMUND F. NOEL,
Lexington, Miss.

MRS. WILLIAM H. CROSBY,
1042 Main St., Racine, Wis.

(Term of office expires 1917.)

MRS. EDMUND P. MOODY,
1004 W. 10th St., Wilmington, Del.

MRS. RHETT GOODE,
60 St. Emanuel St., Mobile, Ala.

MRS. KENT HAMILTON,
2317 Scottwood Ave., Toledo, Ohio.

MRS. WILLIAM HAIMES SMITH,
The Snuggery, Parkersburg, W. Va.

MRS. CHARLES SPALDING THOMAS,
123 E. 16th Ave., Denver, Colo.

MRS. JOHN LEE DINWIDDIE,
Fowler, Ind.

MRS. JOHN F. SWIFT,
2715 Benvenue Ave., Berkeley, Cal.

MRS. SAMUEL MCKNIGHT GREEN,
3815 Magnolia Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

MRS. WILLIAM H. THOMPSON,
E. Maxwell St., Lexington, Ky.

MRS. SHEPPARD W. FOSTER,
711 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

Chaplain General

MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,

The Columbia, Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General

MRS. WILLIAM C. BOYLE,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Organizing Secretary General

MRS. WILLIAM A. SMOOT,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Treasurer General

MRS. JOSEPH E. RANDELL,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary General

MRS. JULIUS C. BURROWS,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Registrar General

MISS GRACE M. PIERCE,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Historian General

MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution

MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.

788 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.

Librarian General

MRS. GEORGE M. STERNBERG,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Curator General

MISS CATHERINE B. BARLOW,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

State Regents and State Vice-Regents—1915-16

ALABAMA	MRS. JOHN LEWIS COBBS, 124 Mobile St., Montgomery. MRS. WILLIAM HARVEY, 423 Sherman St., New Decatur.
ARIZONA	MRS. HARRY L. CHANDLER, Mesa. MRS. JOHN S. BAYLESS, Tucson.
ARKANSAS	MISS STELLA PICKETT HARDY, Batesville. MRS. SAMUEL PRESTON DAVIS, 523 E. Capitol Ave., Little Rock.
CALIFORNIA	MRS. MAYNARD FORCE THAYER, 651 S. Pasadena Ave., Pasadena. MRS. JOHN C. LYNCH, 1848 University Ave., Berkeley.
COLORADO	MRS. WINFIELD S. TARBELL, 1645 Vine St., Denver. MISS KATHARINE S. MCELROY, R. F. D. No. 1, Box No. 1, Greeley.
CONNECTICUT	MRS. JOHN LAIDLAW BUEL, Litchfield. MRS. CHARLES H. BISSELL, Southington.
DELAWARE	MRS. GEORGE C. HALL, St. John's Rectory, 2300 Blvd., Wilmington MISS ELEANOR EUGENIA TODD, Newark.
DIST. OF COLUMBIA.	MRS. FRANK FOSTER GREENAWALT, 1719 Lanier Pl., Washington. MISS JANET E. RICHARDS, "The Olympia," Washington.
FLORIDA	MRS. M. W. CARRUTH, 412 W. Lafayette St., Tampa. MRS. ALEXANDER T. BIGELOW, Box 72, Seabreeze.
GEORGIA	MRS. THADEUS C. PARKER, Ingleside, Vineville, Macon. MRS. ALEXANDER O. HARPER, Dewyrose, Elberton.
IDAHO	MRS. CHARLES W. PURSELL, 4 Hurtt Apts., Boise. MRS. WARD STONE, Caldwell.
ILLINOIS	MRS. GEORGE T. PAGE, 127 Flora Ave., Peoria. MRS. FRANK W. BAHNSEN, 723 20th St., Rock Island.
INDIANA	MRS. HENRY A. BECK, 3522 Central Ave., Indianapolis. MISS EMMA A. DONNELL, Greensburg.
IOWA	MRS. ROBERT J. JOHNSTON, Humboldt. MRS. DAVID A. COLLIER, 326 Fulton St., Keokuk.
KANSAS	MRS. GEORGE THACHER GUERNSEY, "Ridgewood," Independence. MRS. L. L. KIENE, 501 Lincoln St., Topeka.
KENTUCKY	MRS. WALTER S. GLORE, Danville. MISS JENNIE DAVIESS BLACKBURN, 716 11th St., Bowling Green.
LOUISIANA	MRS. WILLIAM W. WALLIS, 1302 Washington Ave., New Orleans. MRS. TILEY H. SCOVELL, 1002 Olive St., Shreveport.
MAINE	MRS. CHARLES W. STEELE, Farmington. MRS. WILFORD G. CHAPMAN, 482 Cumberland Ave., Portland.
MARYLAND	MRS. ARTHUR LEE BOSLEY, 1406 Mt. Royal Ave., Baltimore. MRS. WILLIAM H. TALBOTT, Rockville.
MASSACHUSETTS ..	MRS. GEORGE O. JENKINS, 28 Warren Ave., Whitman. MRS. FREDERICK S. DAVIS, 10 Westland Ave., Boston.
MICHIGAN	MRS. WILLIAM H. WAIT, 1706 Cambridge Rd., Ann Arbor. MISS ALICE LOUISE McDUFFEE, 1012 W. Main St., Kalamazoo.
MINNESOTA	MRS. GEORGE C. SQUIRES, 698 Oakland Ave., St. Paul. MRS. WILLIAM H. MOREHART, 104 Pleasant St., Mankato.
MISSISSIPPI	MRS. ANDREW FULLER FOX, West Point. MRS. THOMAS FRANKLIN, Columbus.
MISSOURI	MRS. MARK S. SALISBURY, Independence. MRS. HERBERT A. OWEN, 1027 Henry St., St. Joseph.
MONTANA	MRS. EDWARD A. MORLEY, 15 S. Benton Ave., Helena. MRS. CHARLES A. BLACKBURN, 804 W. Silver St., Butte.
NEBRASKA	MRS. CHARLES H. AULL, 1926 S. 33rd St., Omaha. MRS. HELEN MARR B. DRAKE, 606 N. 6th St., Beatrice.
NEVADA	MISS BIRD M. WILSON, Goldfield.
NEW HAMPSHIRE ..	MISS ANNIE WALLACE, Rochester. MRS. WILL BERNARD HOWE, 35 South St., Concord.
NEW JERSEY	MRS. GEORGE W. GEDNEY, 50 Montclair Ave., Montclair. MRS. WILLIAM D. SHERRERD, Highland Ave. Haddonfield.
NEW MEXICO	MRS. SINGLETON M. ASHENFELTER, Silver City. MRS. WILLIAM H. POPE, Santa Fe.
NEW YORK	MRS. BENJAMIN F. SPRAKER, Palatine Bridge. MRS. DAVID B. PAGE, 157 W. 3rd St., Oswego.
NORTH CAROLINA ..	MISS LIDA TUNSTALL RODMAN, P. O. Box 175, Washington. MRS. THEODORE S. MORRISON, Asheville.

NORTH DAKOTA	MRS. GEORGE M. YOUNG, Valley City.
OHIO	MRS. AUSTIN C. BRANT, 848 N. Market St., Canton. MRS. EDWARD LANSING HARRIS, 6719 Euclid Ave., Cleveland.
OKLAHOMA	MRS. J. D. HALL, 1325 S. Cheyenne Ave., Tulsa. MRS. SNOWDEN HALL MOORE, McAlester.
OREGON	MRS. ISAAC L. PATTERSON, Eola Rd., Salem. MISS MARIA RUTH GUPPY, 1158 High St., Eugene.
PENNSYLVANIA	MISS EMMA L. CROWELL, Oak Lane, Philadelphia. MRS. ANTHONY WAYNE COOK, Brookville.
RHODE ISLAND	MRS. CHARLES E. LONGLEY, 87 Walcott St., Pawtucket. MISS FLORENCE G. BULLOCK, 74 Harris Ave., Woonsocket.
SOUTH CAROLINA	MRS. FRED H. H. CALHOUN, Clemson College. MRS. HUGH L. MCCOLL, Bennettsville.
SOUTH DAKOTA	MRS. EDWARD B. KEATOR, 907 Park St., Watertown. MRS. E. ST. CLAIR SNYDER, 617 2nd St., N. W., Watertown.
TENNESSEE	MRS. GEORGE W. BAXTER, 437 Temple Ave., Knoxville. MRS. HALLUM W. GOODLOE, Franklin.
TEXAS	MRS. ANDREW ROSE, 821 Olive St., Texarkana. MRS. CHARLES E. KELLY, 900 Mesa Ave., El Paso.
UTAH	MRS. LEE CHARLES MILLER, 943 East 1st South St., Salt Lake City. MRS. LUCIUS ENDICOTT HALL, 78 East 1st North St., Salt Lake City.
VERMONT	MRS. PERLEY HAZEN, 5 Highland Ave., St. Johnsbury. MRS. E. R. PEMBER, Wells.
VIRGINIA	MRS. J. F. MAUPIN, 42 N. Court St., Portsmouth. MISS ALETHEA SERPELL, Norfolk.
WASHINGTON	MRS. EDMUND BOWDEN, 1534 18th Ave., Seattle. MRS. JAMES S. MCKEE, Hoquiam.
WEST VIRGINIA	MRS. PARKS FISHER, 186 Willey St., Morgantown. MRS. LINN BRANNON, 236 Center Ave., Weston.
WISCONSIN	MRS. JOHN P. HUME, 358 Royal Pl., Milwaukee. MRS. JOHN G. REXFORD, 210 Sinclair St., Janesville.
WYOMING	MISS GRACE RAYMOND HEBARD, Laramie. MRS. E. RICHARD SHIPP, 443 Beach St., Casper.
ORIENT	MRS. CHARLES S. LOBINGIER, care of Judge Lobingier, Shanghai, China.

Honorary Officers Elected for Life

Honorary Presidents General

MRS. JOHN W. FOSTER,
MRS. DANIEL MANNING,

MRS. DONALD MCLEAN,
MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT.

Honorary President Presiding

MRS. MARY V. E. CABELL.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General

MRS. ELLEN HARDIN WALWORTH, 1894.
MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895.
MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GEE, 1896.
MRS. MILDRED S. MATHES, 1899.
MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, 1905.
MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.

MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON, 1906.
MRS. SARA T. KINNEY, 1910.
MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, 1911.
MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, 1913.
MRS. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 1913.
MRS. WALLACE DELAFIELD, 1914.

MRS. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, 1914.

STATE OF NEW YORK } ss.
COUNTY OF NEW YORK }

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., OF DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE.

Published once each month, at New York, N. Y. Required by the Act of August 24, 1912.
Editor, MISS ELIZA O. DENNISTON, Post-Office Address, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.
Chairman Magazine Committee, MISS FLORENCE G. FINCH, 237 West End Avenue, N. Y., and
Business Managers, DAUGHTERS OF AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE COMMITTEE,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.
Publishers, NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, Memorial
Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.
OWNERS: NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, Memorial
Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Known bondholders, mortgages, and other security holders, holding 1 per cent. or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities; NONE.

(Signed) (Miss) FLORENCE G. FINCH, Chairman of Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine Committee.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 30th day of March, 1914.

HAROLD V. STORY,
Notary Public, New York County,
No. 3788.

(My commission expires March 30, 1915.)

National Board of Management

Regular Meeting, Monday, April 26, 1915

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story, in the Board Room of the Memorial Continental Hall, Monday, April 26, 1915, at 10:15 a. m.

After a prayer by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Lockwood, the members joined in repeating the Lord's Prayer.

The following members responded to the roll call or reported present during the morning: President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story; Vice-Presidents General, Mrs. Minor, Connecticut; Mrs. Leary, Washington; Mrs. Lane, Texas; Mrs. Smallwood, District of Columbia; Mrs. Davis, Minnesota; Mrs. Moody, Delaware; Mrs. Hamilton, Ohio; Mrs. Smith, West Virginia; Mrs. Thomas, Colorado; Mrs. Dinwiddie, Indiana; Mrs. Green, Missouri; Mrs. Thompson, Kentucky; Mrs. Foster, Georgia. Active Officers: Mrs. Lockwood, Chaplain General; Mrs. Boyle, Recording Secretary General; Mrs. Smoot, Organizing Secretary General; Miss Pierce, Registrar General; Mrs. Ransdell, Treasurer General; Mrs. Augsbury, Historian General; Mrs. Orton, Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution; Mrs. Sternberg, Librarian General; Miss Barlow, Curator General. State Regents: Mrs. Cobbs, Alabama; Miss Hardy, Arkansas; Mrs. Tarbell, Colorado; Mrs. Buel, Connecticut; Mrs. Greenawalt, District of Columbia; Mrs. Carruth, Florida; Mrs. Parker, Georgia; Mrs. Page, Illinois; Mrs. Beck, Indiana; Mrs. Johnston, Iowa; Mrs. Guernsey, Kansas; Mrs. Wallis, Louisiana; Mrs. Bosley, Maryland; Mrs. Wait, Michigan; Mrs. Squires, Minnesota; Mrs. Salisbury, Missouri; Mrs. Fox, Mississippi; Mrs. Aull, Nebraska; Miss Wallace, New Hampshire; Mrs. Ashenfelter, New Mexico; Mrs. Spraker, New York; Mrs. Brant, Ohio; Miss Crowell, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Longley, Rhode Island; Mrs. Calhoun, South Carolina; Mrs. Parks Fisher, West Virginia; Mrs. Hume, Wisconsin. State Vice-Regents: Miss Todd, Delaware; Mrs. Davis, Massachusetts; Miss Serpell, Virginia.

The President General welcomed the new National Board, and urged that each State Regent keep her State in sympathy and co-operation with the parent body, recalling the spirit of love and co-operation that was evidenced during the Congress, showing that the members of the Society are loyal to the organization and truly love it and stand for the highest ideals—that they had poured out their money generously and given their gifts spon-

taneously, and it was the duty of the Board to encourage this spirit and do everything to increase the usefulness of the Society and be worthy of the great opportunity that had been given them, each one holding her office as a sacred trust, as a great proof of confidence.

The President General stated she had been asked by the Chairman of Transportation Committee to permit her to appear before the Board on a matter that it was necessary should be settled very early, and on motion of Mrs. Lane, seconded by Mrs. Augsbury, it was carried *that the Chairman of Transportation be allowed to appear*. Mrs. Goldsborough stated that her committee trusted to succeed in changing the Southern tour in order to have it join the other tour at Denver and have both proceed to the coast as one tour; that literature would be sent to all the chapters giving them full information as to the rates, etc., and she urged the members to make their reservations as early as possible, so it would be known how many would have to be arranged for—that there was no limit as to the number who might go, as there would be as many sections provided as were needed. Mrs. Goldsborough desired that information be sent her as promptly as possible regarding the entertainments that were to be given at the different points in order that these might be arranged for wherever possible, and that, in answer to the question as to whether only Daughters might join the tour, she wished it clearly understood that the committee was very anxious to have the families and the friends of the Daughters go with them, that while the tour was not open to the general public, any one recommended by the Daughters would be permitted to join the party. The President General stated also that there would be men in charge of the baggage end of the trip and it would be possible for the members to have access to their trunks. All the various details of the arrangements were gone into, the members displaying great interest and enthusiasm.

Mrs. Boyle stated that she had no report, nor was there a report from the Corresponding Secretary General. The President General referred to the illness of Mrs. Burrows and suggested that a little letter of affection be sent her with an expression of regret that she was not able to be present. Moved by Mrs. Hamilton, seconded by Mrs. Boyle, and carried, *that an expression of sympathy and regret for her absence from the Board meeting be sent to the Corresponding Secretary General*.

Reference was made to the motion passed at the Board meeting prior to the Congress with regard to the insertion of the words "legal and lawful" in the application blanks, and after some discussion it was moved by Mrs. Lane *that the Executive Committee be empowered to act in regard to the wording of application blanks.* This was seconded by Mrs. Dinwiddie and carried.

The report of the Organizing Secretary General was then read by Mrs. Smoot.

Report of the Organizing Secretary General.
Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Through their respective State Regents the following members at large ask for authorization to organize chapters:

Mrs. Abbie Edna Roach Dawson, Grant City, Mo.

Mrs. Rebecca Cook Carter, Hattiesburg, Miss.

Mrs. Anna M. Cook, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Elizabeth Truett Eaton, Earleton, Fla.

Mrs. Mary Waldo Harriss, Ocala, Fla.

Miss Abby Harlan Jewett, Laconia, N. H.

Mrs. Anne Peacock, Dublin, Ga.

Miss May Bowen Young, Bloomington, Wis.

The reappointment of Mrs. Alice Caldwell Mathers as Organizing Regent at Delta, Colo., is requested by the State Regent of Colorado.

By request of the State Regent of Massachusetts, the appointment of Mrs. Sarah A. Cadwell Brown is asked to be changed from an Organizing Regent at Auburn to an Organizing Regent at large.

The Organizing Regency of Miss Mary C. Barney has expired by time limitation.

The resignation of Mrs. Caroline Mallett Hooper Moorhead as Organizing Regent at Ocala, Fla., has been reported.

The Board is asked to authorize the formation of chapters at:

Alliance, Ohio.

Bainbridge, N. Y.

The following chapters are to be officially disbanded:

Lewis Malone Ayer, Barnwell, S. C.

Pulaski, Pulaski, Tenn.

Jane Meriwether, Mountain Grove, Mo.

Respectfully submitted,

BETTY CARTER SMOOT,

Organizing Secretary General.

On motion, the acceptance of the report was carried.

Mrs. Orton asked for the privilege of the floor to present the case of a member who had been appointed on a Congressional Committee, which was not a National Committee, being merely a temporary committee, while a member in good standing, but who had resigned from her chapter in order to organize a new chapter, and it was considered extremely un-

fair that a member in good standing should be deprived of her privileges because she was organizing a chapter and helping the Society to grow. The President General ruled that in appointing an organizing regent on a Congressional Committee she had been entirely in accord with the constitution and by-laws of the National Society, and this ruling was so accepted by the Board, there being no objection to the ruling.

A request having come from Mrs. McWilliams that Mrs. John N. Carey be granted permission to appear before the Board for a few moments, it was moved by Mrs. Lockwood, seconded by Mrs. Smoot, and carried, *that we take a recess to allow Mrs. Carey to appear before the Board.*

The President General suggested that the Recording Secretary General send a note of regret and of sympathy to the several National officers and State Regents who were not able to meet with the Board, Mrs. Abbott, Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Gedney and others.

Mrs. Hamilton desired to be informed whether there was any ruling as to the residence of a chairman of a State committee, and was told by the President General that there was nothing in the constitution as to the residence of a chairman of a State committee—the reference being only to a State Regent, State Vice-Regent, and Vice-President General.

Mrs. McWilliams and Mrs. Carey then appeared before the Board to have decided the question as to who was to pay for the Philippine Scholarship pins—which were given in honor of the person paying \$50 or for whom \$50 had been paid. It seemed to lessen the value of the memorial to ask the person to whom it was presented to pay \$3.50 for the pin, and yet if the sum were taken out of the \$50, the amount given could appear on the books only as \$46.50 and not as \$50. The President General stated that if the Committee did not wish to decide this matter for themselves they might take the matter up later on with the Board if time permitted.

The meeting was again called to order and regular business continued. The Recording Secretary General enumerated the matters that had been referred by Congress to the Board, and on motion of Mrs. Squires, seconded by Miss Pierce, it was carried, *that we take up the three matters suggested by Mrs. Boyle—North Carolina matter, appendices to Proceedings, and Directory.*

After some discussion, it was moved by Mrs. Johnston and seconded *that we resolve ourselves into a Committee of the Whole during the discussion of North Carolina matter.* On motion of Miss Barlow, seconded by Mrs. Augsbury, it was carried *that we rise from the Committee of the Whole.* It was then moved and carried that a recess be taken and

Mrs. Gregory be invited to appear. Mrs. Gregory explained the proposition in detail and replied to questions put to her by the members of the Board. Miss Daniel was also introduced to the members of the Board as an enthusiastic and earnest worker in the effort to save the home of John Paul Jones, and the following telegram was read from the State Regent of North Carolina:

Washington, North Carolina, April 25.

MRS. EDWIN C. GREGORY,

Memorial Continental Hall, Washington,
D. C.

Pledge personal and State D. A. R. aid for every living service in care and supervision of ground Memorial School, and make effort in common with other States to raise endowment funds. Severe pain in eyes causes my absence from Board meeting. Wish all success. Write me.

LIDA T. RODMAN, *State Regent*.

The announcement being made that the attorney was present in the Syracuse matter, which was to be brought before the Board at this meeting, it was moved by Mrs. Hamilton, seconded by Mrs. Longley, and carried, *that the attorney be permitted to appear before the Board at this time*. The President General stated that the attorney who represented the National Society in this matter had informed her that the Board could not act, the injunction not having been removed. Mr. Bride, representing the Onondaga Chapter, and Miss Jenney, representing Mrs. Rich, were thereupon introduced to the members of the Board, Mr. Bride saying that he really had no statement to make in the matter, that while the injunction had been vacated as far as the chapter was concerned, as against the National Society the injunction had not been removed.

A recess was taken to permit the two attorneys to present their statements. Miss Jenney requested that the case be postponed, giving as her reasons that her client had not been notified, that her client had hurt her ankle and was unable to travel, and that Mr. Hancock, whom her client preferred to act for her in this case, was engaged in court and could not appear, but stated that the injunction was vacated at the request of her client, presenting a stipulation to that effect.

The Recording Secretary General stated that on April 3 a letter had been sent Mrs. Rich and all the other interested parties notifying them that the matter of the charges filed by the Regent of Onondaga Chapter and nine other members of the said chapter against Mrs. Rich would be called for hearing at the meeting of the National Board of Management held in Memorial Continental Hall April 26, 1915; that a letter had been sent to the Postmaster of Syracuse, stating that a special delivery letter had been sent from Washington,

at 3:30 p. m., April 3, 1915, addressed to Mrs. Rich, the corner of the envelope bearing the address card of the Recording Secretary General, requesting him to refer to his delivery receipt book and to let her know if this letter was delivered and when. Mrs. Boyle then read the following letter:

United States Post Office,

Syracuse, New York,

April 21, 1915.

Mrs. Abbie Williams C. Boyle,
Recording Secretary General, N. S.

D. A. R.,

Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam: Replying to your favor of the 13th making inquiries about a letter mailed by you on April 3, addressed to Mrs. Nellie M. Rich, I beg to advise that the records of this office show that the letter was delivered at Mrs. Rich's residence on April 4 at 12:30 p. m.

Respectfully,

JOHN J. KESEL,

Postmaster.

After the attorneys had closed their discussion the meeting again came to order and reconvened. After the matter had been exhaustively discussed, it was moved by Mrs. Hamilton, seconded by Mrs. Minor, and carried, *that as the stipulation is undated, this Board holds that the injunction is still in force and the Board is not able to hear the case*.

Recess was then taken at 2:05 for luncheon.

The afternoon session was called to order by the President General, who explained that an effort was being made to have the advice of an attorney in Washington as to whether, since the statement had been made that the injunction was removed, it was proper and best for the National Board to proceed and finish the Syracuse case—many of the witnesses of the Onondaga Chapter being in the city ready to be heard.

The President General announced that while she desired to respect the wishes of the State Regents in the matter of appointments on National Committees wherever possible, the power to appoint had been vested in the President General, and she trusted State Regents would accord the courtesy to the President General to wait until she could communicate with them regarding appointments on the National Committees.

Mrs. Sternberg told of a loose-leaf genealogical note book and index arranged by Mrs. Owen, which had proved so helpful in her work that she wished others to know about it and had loaned it for a time to the library. The motion that *the Board accept with thanks this loan of Mrs. Wm. O. Owen to the Library* was made by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Lane and carried.

Mrs. Smoot presented the following supplementary report:

Supplemental Report of Organizing Secretary General.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

By request of the respective State Regents, the Board is asked to authorize the following chapters:

Ogden, Iowa.
Salem, Illinois.
Chicago, Illinois.
Homer, Michigan.
Cassopolis, Michigan.

Permission of the Board is asked for the use of the name Hannah Cobb for the chapter to be formed at Ogden, Iowa.

The chapter formed at Norwalk, Ohio, asks permission for the use of the name Sally de Forest.

Respectfully submitted,

BETTY CARTER SMOOT,
Organizing Secretary General.

The acceptance of the supplementary report of the Organizing Secretary General was moved by Mrs. Tarbell, seconded by Mrs. Brant and carried.

Nominations for the Executive Committee were then made as follows: Mrs. Willard S. Augsbury, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Mrs. George M. Sternberg, Mrs. Joseph E. Ransdell, Mrs. Eliza Ferry Leary, Mrs. C. R. Davis, Mrs. William C. Boyle, Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel, Mrs. Frank Foster Greenawalt. Moved by Mrs. Lane, seconded by Mrs. Smoot, and carried, *that the Recording Secretary General be empowered to cast the ballot for the Executive Committee and declare them elected.* The Recording Secretary General cast the ballot and the President General declared the members of the Executive Committee elected.

The President General announced the appointment of the following Chairmen of Committees: Finance Committee, Mrs. Sternberg; Auditing Committee, Mrs. Greenawalt; Printing Committee, Mrs. Maupin. For the Revolutionary Relics Committee, the President General stated that office had been filled by the election by Congress of Miss Barlow as Curator General, but in order to conform to the requirements of the by-laws, she would name Miss Barlow as Chairman of that Committee. For Buildings and Grounds, Mrs. Spencer; Magazine Committee, Miss Finch.

Miss Pierce presented her report as Registrar General, the lists containing the names of the applicants being accessible to the members of the Board.

Report of Registrar General.

Madam President General, Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report the following:

Applications presented to the Board..... 83

Respectfully submitted,

GRACE M. PIERCE,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Augsbury, and carried, *that the Recording Secretary General be empowered to cast the ballot for the names presented by the Registrar General.* The Recording Secretary General cast the ballot, and the President General declared the 83 applicants elected.

Miss Pierce presented a recommendation with regard to granting the genealogist a few days' leave, and one permitting those clerks who had not been able to take all of their annual leave during the past year to have the time extended. These recommendations were referred to the Buildings and Grounds Committee.

The request having been made that no action in the North Carolina matter be taken until Mr. Gregory had been given an opportunity to appear before the Board, it was now moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Miss Barlow, and carried, *that we go into recess to hear Mr. Gregory.*

Following Mr. Gregory's presentation of the situation, the meeting was again called to order. Mrs. Buel moved *that the matter of the John Paul Jones House be indefinitely postponed*, seconded by Mrs. Longley. Many of the members discussed the proposal for and against, after which the motion was put and carried.

The Treasurer General presented the names of members desiring to be reinstated, and the Board agreed to their reinstatement. A recommendation was also presented by the Treasurer General with respect to the payment to the clerks for the work overtime incident to the Congress just past, and a recommendation relative to the promotions of two of the clerks in her office. These recommendations were referred to the Buildings and Grounds Committee.

Mrs. Augsbury then read her report as Historian General.

Report of Historian General.

Madame President General and Members of the National Board:

My first report must necessarily be brief, but I wish to take advantage of this opportunity to send a message to each of the States represented by the officers present.

Will you all, Vice-Presidents, State Regents and other officers, convey verbally to the State and Chapter Historians and all Daughters whom you meet upon your return to your States my earnest desire to hear from them?

Rich as the harvest has been in previous years, there is vast field before us for historical research. Delay is often fatal. The passing away of our old people, the ravages of fire

and other causes are liable to deprive us of valuable material.

Realizing that a personal appeal is often more potent than pages of printed argument, I am begging the co-operation of the members of our Board in presenting the importance of our historical work whenever they are called upon to speak before chapters and State Conferences, and indeed upon all occasions where Daughters are assembled. The blanks and circulars sent out from our offices are too often relegated to some pigeon hole and eventually to the scrap basket. If we can impress upon our chapter officers the belief that no document is mailed from this building without a good reason and that each and every one is worthy of a reply, much will have been accomplished toward broadening the work of our Society.

I have the honor to present the fortieth volume of the lineage book, which was unavoidably delayed in publication.

Respectfully submitted,
MARY E. AUGSBURY,
Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

On motion, this report was accepted by the Board.

Mrs. Orton, Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution, stated that she would only say that the report was in the hands of the printer.

Mrs. Sternberg, Librarian General, had no report to make.

Miss Barlow, Curator General, stated that she came before the Board as the youngest child of the Board to be clothed in the habiliments of her office, and would make a request for some one to assist her as a clerk, and that some arrangement be made for the fitting up of her office.

The following suggestions were submitted by the former Chairman of the Committee on Revolutionary Relics:

The Committee on Revolutionary Relics for Memorial Continental Hall presents the following recommendations for the consideration of the Board:

1. A fund to be held for the Museum, separate from other money, to be used by the Curator General, at her discretion, by the advice of the National Board.

2. That no loans be accepted, but that everything belong to the Society.

3. In accepting gifts for the Society, that the Art Committee decide where they shall be placed.

4. Where articles are brought to the attention of the Curator General, that a State Regent or some one appointed by

her shall pass judgment upon them and recommend them to the Art Committee.

Respectfully submitted,

SARAH F. DEARBORN,
Chairman Committee on Revolutionary Relics.

Washington, D. C., April 22, 1915.

Moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Miss Barlow, and carried, *that in connection with the report of the Curator General that the securing (by purchase or otherwise) of suitable furniture for the office of the Curator General be referred to the proper Committee.*

The Treasurer General read the following communication from Mrs. McWilliams, Chairman of the Philippine Scholarship Endowment Fund.

DEAR MRS. RANSELL:

The pins *already in use* have either *been paid for or will be* by the Chairman of the Committee or Mrs. Carey. We only wish to provide a way in which pins *may be paid for by the Committee* from now on, and the money *not to be* taken from the National Treasury. We *did not ask* that this be done, we only desired to have the Board authorize us to use *our own money*, but I was interrupted by a point of order in an effort to state that I would be satisfied if the Board would allow us to pay for the pins out of *our accruing interest*.

Sincerely yours,

CAROLINE E. MCWILLIAMS.

On motion of Mrs. Lane, seconded by Miss Barlow, it was carried, *that in future the Philippine Scholarship pins be paid for out of the interest accruing from funds invested.*

Mrs. Spencer then read the report of the Building and Grounds Committee. The President General stated that certain recommendations had come to the National Officers having to do with placing of clerks, matter of leave, etc., and it was requested that the Building and Grounds Committee make their recommendations at this time if possible in order that there might not be any delay.

Report of Building and Grounds Committee.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Desiring always to follow the example of the Government offices as much as possible, yet having found it necessary to postpone the day of rest granted the Government clerks on the anniversary of Lincoln's death because of the press of work in this building, we now respectfully request

RECOMMENDATION No. I.

That the clerks be granted May 1st as a day of rest, and that the building be closed on that date.

Permission having been given the Curator General to organize her office, and she having requested us to provide her with a clerk experienced in the routine of the work of the National Society and thoroughly conversant with the building and the business conducted therein, we, with full consent of the Treasurer General, hereby respectfully present

RECOMMENDATION No. II.

That Miss Priscilla E. Kent, a clerk on the roll of the Treasurer General, having been employed by the Society for eleven years, be now transferred to the office of the Curator General, at her present salary, namely seventy-five dollars (\$75) per month.

In the event that you see fit to accept Recommendation No. 2, we submit the two following recommendations, which have also approved by the Treasurer General:

RECOMMENDATION No. III.

That Miss Hazel L. Rock, a clerk in the Treasurer General's office, be promoted from the clerkship she now fills, at a salary of sixty-five (\$65) per month, to the clerkship vacated by Miss Kent's transfer, at a salary of seventy-five dollars (\$75) per month, to date from May 1st.

RECOMMENDATION No. IV.

That Miss Eva J. Bright, clerk in the office of the Treasurer General, be promoted from her present clerkship, at fifty-five dollars (\$55) per month, to sixty-five dollars (\$65) per month, to date from May 1st.

The two recommendations above are in accordance with the recommendations from the Committee on Readjustment of Clerk's Salaries.

Again, in the event of your accepting the transfer of Miss Kent, as recommended above, to the Curator General, a vacancy will be left in the force of the Treasurer General's office, and we therefore present.

RECOMMENDATION No. V.

That Miss Lillian Powell, who has now fulfilled her term of temporary clerkship, be placed on the permanent roll, at a salary of fifty-five dollars (\$55) per month, to date from April 1, 1915.

RECOMMENDATION No. VI.

That Miss Louise Weedon, a clerk in the Historian General's office, be promoted from sixty-five dollars (\$65) a month to seventy-five (\$75) per month.

We present

RECOMMENDATION No. VII.

That Frank K. Ott, having served on trial for three months and having proved satisfactory, be appointed night watchman at a salary of sixty dollars (\$60) per month.

RECOMMENDATION No. VIII.

That George Hughes, telephone operator, be promoted from twenty dollars (\$20) to twenty-five dollars per month (\$25), to date from March 14, 1915, he having served his six months' probation at that date.

The twenty-fourth Continental Congress, having voted a gift of money be made to the Superintendent of the building, the firemen and policemen on duty during the twenty-fourth Continental Congress, but not having designated the amount, we present

RECOMMENDATION No. IX.

That the Superintendent of the building, Mr. Phillips, be given twenty-five dollars (\$25) in recognition of his faithful services during the Congress.

RECOMMENDATION No. X.

That the sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25) be sent to the Chief of Police for the Police Fund for the efficient services of the policemen on duty during the Congress.

RECOMMENDATION No. XI.

That the sum of twenty dollars (\$20) be sent to the Firemen's Relief Association in recognition of the services of the firemen on duty during the Congress.

In conclusion we present

RECOMMENDATION No. XII.

That all temporary clerical aid be dispensed with on or before April 30th.

Respectfully submitted,

LOUISA V. SPENCER,

Chairman, Building and Grounds Committee.

The statement was made for Mrs. Ransdell that Miss Powell would not be able to take the position in the Treasurer General's office, as she was leaving May 1st for her home in the South, her mother being ill. Mrs. Spencer said that Mrs. Ransdell had another clerk in her office, Miss Myers, who could be appointed in Miss Powell's place. Moved by Mrs. Leary, seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt, and carried, *that the report of the Building and Grounds Committee be accepted with its recommendations.* Mrs. Ransdell then read the following: I respectfully request that my recommendation to the Building and Grounds Committee relative to the promotions of Misses Rock and Bright be dated from February 16th, 1915, and I wish the vote of the Board of Management upon this recommendation. Olive Powell Ransdell. Seconded by Miss Pierce, and carried.

Mr. Peelle was then introduced as the Washington lawyer recommended to represent the National Society in the absence of Mr. Melliss, and the President General outlined the legal situation for which his advice was desired as to whether the Board might proceed with the hearing of the Syracuse matter, and the papers in the case having been furnished him, Mr. Peelle retired.

Mrs. Spencer, having called a meeting of the Building and Grounds Committee, presented the following recommendations, which were adopted by the Board as read:

Supplementary Report of the Building and Grounds Committee.

RECOMMENDATION NO. XIII.

Please grant Mrs. Pealer leave of absence with pay for the remainder of the week in recognition of her many, many hours of work over the average working hours, on account of the illness of her husband. She has no leave coming to her at present, and she has given voluntarily and gratuitously many more hours of service than the few days asked for her.

RECOMMENDATION NO. XIV.

Also, that the clerks who were unable to take all of their annual leave before the first of May, may have it added to their leave for the coming year, as the Treasurer General has also requested.

The President General referred to bids she had received in regard to the matter of official photographer. On motion of Mrs. Hamilton, seconded by Mrs. Salisbury, it was carried that *the photographers' bids be referred to the Executive Committee.*

The President General read a letter from Mr. Charles R. Lamb offering to contribute a design of a Peace Flag to the National Society. *A vote of thanks to Mr. Charles Lamb for his very kind offer of a design for a peace flag* was carried on motion of Mrs. Augsburg, seconded by Miss Barlow.

The President General announced that Mrs. Ben F. Gray, Jr., was Chairman of the Committee to arrange some distinctive way for ex-National Officers to wear their ribbon.

The President General read the following letter from Mrs. Belle Bushnell, author of the drama, "The Blue Lights of Cape Fear":

THE CAIRO,

Washington, D. C.

April 26, 1915.

MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY,

President, Daughters American Revolution.

My Dear Mrs. Story:

It is my desire to present to your organization the sole use of the drama,

"The Blue Lights of Cape Fear," which was read in Memorial Hall on the evening of April 16.

If accepted it will be available for production by all the chapters throughout the country. I may suggest in this connection that a certain percentage of the proceeds be used to reduce the debt on Memorial Hall, the balance to be retained by the chapter giving the performance. The percentage to be determined by your committee.

I shall place the manuscript with a publisher in New York who will issue the volume to sell for about seventy-five cents. The chapters giving the performance will, of course, be required to purchase the necessary copies of the drama.

In presenting this to the Daughters it is my wish to assist, though indirectly, in the great work being done by the organization.

Most sincerely,

BELLE BUSHNELL.

On motion of Mrs. Smith, seconded by Mrs. Wallis, it was carried, *that the offer of Mrs. Belle Bushnell to present her historical drama, "The Blue Lights of Cape Fear," to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, be accepted.*

Miss Finch, Chairman of the Magazine Committee, stated that there were two and possibly three matters in regard to which she wished to be instructed—first, in regard to the arbitration matter between Mr. Wilson and the National Society, then the matter of the bill of the Bowker Company which had been referred to the arbitration committee. After some discussion by members of the Board, it was moved by Mrs. Davis, seconded by Mrs. Squires, and carried, *that the Chairman of the Magazine Committee be empowered to act in the settlement of the Wilson controversy.*

Miss Finch also brought up the question of the number of copies of the Proceedings of Congress it was desired to be printed, and the statement was made that Congress had not this year voted to send a copy of the Proceedings free to each chapter regent. On motion of Miss Serpell, seconded by Mrs. Lockwood, it was carried, *that the number of "Proceedings" of Congress to be printed be left in the hands of the committee, and that each chapter pay for its own copy.*

The President General presented the request from the Chairman of the National Old Trails Committee for \$500 for the use of that Committee, and on motion of Mrs. Squires, seconded by Mrs. Carruth, it was carried, *that the matter of the request of Old Trails Committee (Miss Gentry) for \$500 be referred to the Executive Committee.*

Mrs. Smallwood, Chairman of the Committee on Statistics, made the announcement that all

State Regents might obtain their statistical reports (which were to be returned to be completed) by calling at the Business Office.

By motion of Mrs. Leary, seconded by Mrs. Parker, it was carried *that the matter of the compilation and publishing of a new Directory be referred to the Executive Committee.*

It was also moved by Mrs. Hamilton, seconded by Mrs. Davis, *that it be suggested that the list of chapter officers be omitted from the Directory.* Moved by Mrs. Fisher, seconded by Mrs. Bosley, and carried *that the Directory be published in one volume.*

A recess was then taken to hear Mr. Peelle in the matter of the Syracuse case, the representatives of the Onondaga Chapter and of Mrs. Rich being also present. Mr. Peelle stated that in view of all the circumstances it would be better to wait until after the injunction was dissolved by the court granting it or until the proceedings were dismissed. After considerable discussion as to a convenient time for the postponement of the matter, the President General announced that matter of the charges preferred by the Onondaga Chapter against Mrs. Rich would be heard at the meeting of the National Board of Management the third Wednesday in October.

Miss Finch resumed the presentation of the matters in regard to which she desired to be instructed by the Board—as to the editing of the appendices of the Proceedings to avoid repetition and reduce the bulk of the proceedings, about which it was decided, after considerable discussion, that nothing could be done this year.

Mrs. Lockwood spoke of the importance of classifying and indexing all the records of the society so that they might be readily accessible, and moved that a *committee on classifying and indexing the records of our society be appointed by the President General to continue this work begun and carried on for years.* This was seconded by Miss Barlow and carried.

Miss Finch referred to her intention to have the envelopes for the Magazine addressed at her home in order to avoid as much as possible any cause for the complaint that Magazines were not received. On motion of Mrs. Tarbell, seconded by Mrs. Davis, it was carried, *that Miss Finch purchase an addressing machine.*

Mrs. Squires, in a message from the Board, presented with charming words of appreciation a sum of money to the official stenographer as a remembrance from the members of the Board.

On motion of Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Boyle, it was carried *that all clerks who have worked overtime incident to the Congress just past shall be paid for their extra hours of service as always heretofore, and that they be paid at once, and this motion be referred to the*

Building and Grounds Committee for immediate action.

The following appeal and letter from the State Department was then read by the President General:

In commemoration of our beloved General Washington and his warm affection for Lafayette and the French people, I, a member of the D. A. R., Battle Creek Chapter, Mich., would like to send an auto ambulance and one hundred cases of clothing to the French Red Cross.

I ask the assistance of all of our dear state and chapter regents to help me in carrying on this work. I ask for a contribution of ten cents or more from each chapter member, the money to be sent by check by the chapter regent to the Columbia National Bank, Ambulance Fund, Washington, D. C., your voucher being your receipt; or pieces of old gold or silver, a broken spoon, a worn out ring or chain, an old pin, rims of eye glasses, any discarded bit which can be melted down into coin will help. These articles are also to be sent to the Columbia National Bank, Ambulance Fund, Washington, D. C.

The clothing I ask for need not be new, but any thing suitable for old men, women, children and babies who have absolutely nothing in this world. These packages are to be sent to Mrs. Beatrice de Tavera, French Line Pier, New York City.

Your generosity is asked for in loving memory of the Father of our Country, George Washington.

BEATRICE DE TAVARA.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington.

MRS. DE TAVARA, April 26, 1915.
Shoreham Hotel
Washington, D. C.

Madam:

Referring to your call at the Department inquiring as to whether the making of a donation to the Red Cross Society in one of the belligerent countries of a motor ambulance, together with its equipment, and a quantity of old clothing for non-combatants, would in any way be violate of the neutrality of this country, I beg to state that there would appear to be no violation whatsoever of this Government's neutrality by the making of such a donation.

As of possible interest to you in connection with the matter under consideration, I enclose herewith a print in regard to neutrality and contraband.

I am, Madam,

Your obedient servant,
For the Secretary of State,
WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
Third Assistant Secretary

Moved by Mrs. Buel, seconded by Mrs. Salisbury, and carried, *that permission be given to Beatrice de Tavora to ask assistance for an ambulance for one of the belligerents.*

Mrs. Lockwood recalled the splendid work in the National Society done by Mrs. William Lindsay, Honorary Vice President General from Kentucky, and referred to record work that she is now doing, and asked that the Board present a full set of the Lineage Books to Mrs. Lindsay. Moved by Mrs. Lockwood, seconded

by Miss Barlow, and carried, *that a full set of Lineage Books be sent to Mrs. William Lindsay as an expression of appreciation of her past work.*

The motions as passed were read by the Recording Secretary General and approved.

On motion, the meeting adjourned at 6.15 p. m.

Respectfully submitted,

(Mrs. William C.) ABBIE WILLIAMS R. BOYLE,
Recording Secretary General.

Contributors to Connecticut Bond

Total Appearing in Treasurer General's Report
February and March, 1915

Abi Humiston Chapter.....	\$7.00	Mrs. Bryan F. Mahan, Lucretia Shaw	
Abigail Phelps Chapter.....	25.00	Chapter	5.00
Mrs. A. Eno Wood, Abigail Phelps		Marana Norton Brooks Chapter.....	85.00
Chapter	100.00	Martha Pitkin Wolcott Chapter.....	50.00
Abigail Wolcott Ellsworth Chapter..	36.00	Mary Clap Wooster Chapter.....	115.00
Anna Warner Bailey Chapter.....	50.00	Mrs. Dennis Blakeslee, Mary Clap	
Anne Brewster Fanning Chapter....	5.50	Wooster Chapter	5.00
Anne Wood Elderkin Chapter.....	85.00	Mrs. Sarah M. Candee, Mary Clap	
Mrs. Alice Bugbee, Anne Wood El-		Wooster Chapter	1.00
derkin Chapter	50.00	Mrs. Robert France, Mary Clap Woos-	
Miss Harriet A. Cranska, Deborah		ter Chapter	11.00
Avery Putnam Chapter.....	3.65	Mrs. F. F. Knous, Mary Clap Woos-	
Miss Evelyn Cranska, Deborah Avery		ter Chapter	1.00
Putnam Chapter	3.65	Mrs. E. Maude Jerome, Mary Clap	
Mrs. Julia H. Andrews, Deborah Avery		Wooster Chapter	1.00
Putnam Chapter	13.65	Mrs. John T. Manson, Mary Clap	
Dorothy Ripley Chapter.....	50.00	Wooster Chapter	100.00
Elizabeth Clarke Hull Chapter.....	15.00	Mrs. Hubert N. Sedgwick, Mary Clap	
Elizabeth Porter Putnam Chapter....	100.00	Wooster Chapter	10.00
Emma Hart Willard Chapter, through		A Member, Mary Clap Wooster Chap-	
Silver Shower	10.70	ter	1.00
Esther Stanley Chapter.....	100.00	Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter.....	76.60
Eunice Dennie Burr Chapter.....	20.00	Mrs. Robert Marey, Mary Floyd Tall-	
Faith Trumbull Chapter.....	26.25	madge Chapter	1.00
Freelove Baldwin Stow Chapter....	25.00	Mrs. Martin G. Wright, Mary Floyd	
Mrs. Merritt Merwin, Freelove Bald-		Tallmadge Chapter	1.00
win Stow Chapter	25.00	Mary Silliman Chapter	150.00
Green Woods Chapter.....	30.00	Mrs. Nellie R. L. McKensie, Mary	
Hannah Benedict Carter Chapter....	15.00	Silliman Chapter	25.00
Hannah Woodruff Chapter	25.00	Mrs. Sarah R. Patterson, Mary Silli-	
Mrs. F. B. Bradley, Hannah Wood-		man Chapter	1.00
ruff Chapter	11.50	Mrs. K. M. Spalding, Mary Silliman	
Mrs. Ida L. Thompson, Hannah		Chapter	5.00
Woodruff Chapter	1.25	Mary Wooster Chapter	83.00
Mrs. W. V. Walkley, Hannah Wood-		Melicent Porter Chapter	25.00
ruff Chapter	25.00	Nathan Hale Memorial Chapter.....	66.25
Judea Chapter	25.00	Norwalk Chapter	98.00
Katherine Gaylord Chapter.....	50.00	Mrs. Christian Swartz, Norwalk Chap-	
Lucretia Shaw Chapter	100.00	ter	5.00
Mrs. Mary Louise Beckwith, Lucretia		Orford Parish Chapter	53.00
Shaw Chapter	5.00	Phoebe Humphrey Chapter	5.00
Mrs. H. L. Crandall, Lucretia Shaw		Putnam Hill Chapter	64.00
Chapter	10.00	Roger Sherman Chapter	50.00

Ruth Hart Chapter	100.00	Mrs. L. K. Curtis, Susan Carrington	
Ruth Wyllys Chapter	188.00	Clarke Chapter	3.00
Mrs. Mary E. G. Bingham, Ruth Wyllys Chapter	20.00	Mrs. C. F. Linsley, Susan Carrington	
Sabra Trumbull Chapter	76.00	Clarke Chapter	3.00
Sarah Ludlow Chapter	100.00	Miss Lucy Peek, Susan Carrington	
Mrs. S. Hart Culver, Sarah Ludlow Chapter	1.00	Clarke Chapter	2.00
Sarah Rogers Chapter	50.00	Mrs. W. F. Rogers, Susan Carrington	
Mrs. Cora Bristol, Sarah Rogers Chapter	1.00	ton Clarke Chapter	1.00
Sarah Whitman Hooker Chapter.....	35.00	Mrs. George Savage, Susan Carrington	
Sarah Whitman Trumbull Chapter...	18.00	Clarke Chapter	2.00
Sarah Williams Danielson Chapter...	35.00	Mrs. J. A. Thayer, Susan Carrington	
Sibbil Dwight Kent Chapter.....	25.00	Clarke Chapter	1.00
Stamford Chapter	10.00	Mrs. George H. Wilcox, Susan Carrington	
Mrs. Florence Boardman, Susan Carrington Clarke Chapter	1.00	ton Clarke Chapter	7.00
Mrs. N. L. Bradley, Susan Carrington Clarke Chapter	5.00	Wadsworth Chapter	25.00
Mrs. L. W. Cook, Susan Carrington Clarke Chapter	1.00	Cash, State Conference and Interest..	44.00
		Total	\$2,897.00

(Mrs. Joseph E.) OLIVE POWELL RANDELL,
Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.



Official Jewelers and
Stationers
N. S. D. A. R.



Makers of BRONZE MARKERS and
MEMORIAL TABLETS

Careful attention given to special designs meeting
any requirements

Insignia Catalog mailed upon request

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.
Philadelphia

THE LIFE OF FRANCIS SCOTT KEY

Author of "The Star Spangled Banner"

WHAT ELSE HE WAS AND WHO

By His Great Grandson

F. S. KEY-SMITH, ESQ.

The coming Centennial Celebration of the
birth of the National Anthem cannot be thor-
oughly appreciated without reading this book.

There are a few remaining copies of the
first and only edition to be had, while they
last, at \$1.00, of the

ARMY AND NAVY REGISTER

511 11th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

VIOLA ROOT CAMERON GENEALOGIST

*Member Genealogical and
Biographical Society*

13 East 30th Street
New York City



MEMORIAL FOUNTAINS

TABLETS = MARKERS

GRANITE · MARBLE · BRONZE

ARTISTIC & ENDURING

VIRGIL W. FULLER

466 · BOYLSTON ST. · BOSTON · MASS.
DESIGNS · AND · ESTIMATES

Woodland Bronze Works

DEPARTMENT OF

ALBERT RUSSELL & SONS COMPANY

Bronze Memorial and Tablets

NEWBURYPORT, 107 Merrimac St., MASSACHUSETTS

GENEALOGIST

MRS. AMOS G. DRAPER

*Genealogical Editor, Daughters of the American
Revolution Magazine.*

Registrar Descendants of Signers and Member of
Daughters of 1812 and Daughters of Founders
and Patriots of America.

KENDALL GREEN, Washington, D.C.

MRS. LAURA A. MADDEN, Genealogist

512 West 156th Street New York City

Telephone 3620 Audubon.

Revolutionary, Colonial and Mayflower researches made. Papers pre-
pared. Member of the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society

BRONZE MEMORIAL TABLETS OF THE HIGHEST GRADE

SPECIALISTS IN THIS LINE FOR 25 YEARS. DE-
SIGNERS AND MAKERS OF THE OFFICIAL BRONZE
MARKER FOR GRAVES OF REAL DAUGHTERS,
D. A. R., ADOPTED AT THE 1912 NATIONAL
CONGRESS, HELD IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

PAUL E. CABARET & CO.

Office and Studio:

120-126 ELEVENTH AVE., CORNER 20th ST.,
NEW YORK CITY

Illustrated Booklet on Request.

Correspondence Invited.



DAUGHTERS of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

CONTENTS FOR AUGUST, 1915

	PAGE.
Herkimer Mansion.....	<i>Frontispiece</i>
Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth.....	55
New Members Admitted to Society.....	57
STATE CONFERENCES:	
California	58
Washington	59
Did Not Live to See Treaty of Peace.....	60
Ye Olde Heirlooms.....	61
Mrs. Louisa K. Thiers.....	62
Reception to Mrs. Lockwood.....	63
D. A. R. Tablet to Heroic Dead.....	64
WORK OF CHAPTERS.....	66
Preservation of Historic Spots.....	71
IN MEMORIAM	73
The Editor's Desk.....	75
Revolutionary Soldiers	76
Town Records of Canterbury.....	79
Marriage Record Exchange.....	80
GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT	82
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:	
Official List of.....	96
Regular Meeting of June 16.....	99
Mrs. Story's Letter to State Regents.....	151

Send all subscriptions to the Chairman, Miss Florence G. Finch, 36 Gramercy Park, New York City. All checks and money orders are to be made payable to Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

Yearly Subscription, \$1.00 in Advance.
Foreign Postage, \$1.00 Additional.

Single Copy, 10 Cents.
Canadian Postage, 30 Cents Additional.

ISSUED MONTHLY.

Copyright 1915, by

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

Publication Office, 36th Street and 10th Avenue, New York City, N. Y.

Miss NATALIE SUMNER LINCOLN, Editor, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. AMOS G. DRAPER, Genealogical Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

Miss FLORENCE G. FINCH, Chm. of Magazine Committee, 36 Gramercy Park, New York City.

Entered at the New York Post-Office as Second-Class Matter.



HOME OF GENERAL NICHOLAS HERKIMER
which is being restored to be used as a depository for Revolutionary Relics

DAUGHTERS of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

Vol. XLVII. No. 2

AUGUST, 1915

Whole No. 277

MRS. ELLEN HARDIN WALWORTH

A Founder of the Daughters of the American Revolution
and First Editor of Its Magazine.

By Ella Loraine Dorsey

In the death of Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution is called upon to mourn not only a Founder, but one of the most brilliant women ever enrolled in its membership.

All of the States in which the Daughters are organized will unite in honoring her memory; but four are so intimately associated with her life that their mourning will be as deep as their pride, their grief as enduring as their affection—Pennsylvania, the cradle of her race in America, from which her grandfather, Martin D. Hardin of Monongahela County, marched westward;—Kentucky, where her father, the gallant soldier John J. Hardin, was born; Illinois, where in 1832 she herself was born, and New York, where she went as a bride, and where for years she enriched the social, literary and patriotic life of Saratoga Springs, and where her revered remains are now laid to rest.

Her family were distinguished for many qualities, but they excelled especially in law, and a leading characteristic was the firmness with which they followed a conviction, let it lead where it would.

As an instance of this last, her grandfather, the Hon. Martin D. Hardin, served his adopted State as State representative, State secretary of State, and United States senator as a Democrat; while her father, the Hon. John J. Hardin, born in Kentucky, reared in the atmosphere of his father's convictions, served his adopted State in its Legislature and in the United States House of Representatives as a Whig. But both men were of a single mind in the defence of their country's liberty, for it was Major Martin Hardin who marched against the British in 1812, and Col. John Hardin, who died leading his regiment at Buena Vista in the Mexican War.

Later, it was this same insistence on the right to individual opinion and the readiness to risk life in its support that sent the men of her race into both armies when the great Civil War broke out.

Brilliant, witty, gifted with charm and personality as well as beauty, she always rallied about her a spirited following, and reigned supreme among her young and old friends wherever she was. She cast her lot with the North by her marriage, her husband being a

son of the Hon. Reuben Hyde Walworth, the greatest and last of the Chancellors of New York.

As in the case of her own people, this distinguished man had also served in the War of 1812, and had been honored with election to the Congress of the United States, but his preference lay with the law, and from the position of Justice of the Fourth United States Circuit Court, he passed to the chancellorship, giving his services for twenty arduous years in this high office.

His daughter-in-law, with her splendid mental inheritance, her brilliant social qualities, and her great individuality, brought new vigor to his life; her place in his home was unique, and her zeal for history made her such a leading spirit in all memorial movements that she was put upon the Saratoga Battle Monument Committee—the only woman thus honored.

Her enthusiasm for the patriots of the American Revolution brought her into instant sympathy with Miss Eugenia Washington and Miss Mary Desha on the subject of founding an association to honor their memory and preserve their history.

It was in her apartment at the Langham in Washington, D. C., that the eventful meeting of August 9, 1890, was held, and from that moment to the day of her death she never ceased her efforts for the advancement of the splendid objects of the National Society.

She wrote constantly on patriotic and historic subjects, and was the first editor of the official organ of the National Society, the *American Monthly Magazine*, and served as editor from the spring of 1892 until July, 1894.

She was the first recording secretary general of the National Society; was made honorary vice-president general in 1894; and, as one of the founders, was presented with a gold medal at the Continental Congress of 1898. She lived in the ancestral home at Saratoga

Springs, spending the winters with her son at Glencarlyn, Va.

Mrs. Walworth was president and founder of the Art and Science Field Club of Saratoga, and founder and ex-president of the Post Parliament, New York, and was one of the first three women nominated and elected to a school board under the New York law admitting women as trustees. She took the degree of L.L.B. at the University of New York, and was entitled to practice law in New York and the District of Columbia.

She was director general of the Woman's National War Relief Association in 1898, and was at the field hospital at Fortress Monroe to meet the first wounded brought from Santiago, with supplies, nurses, etc. She went to Montauk and remained in the field hospital there until it closed. She served on many important committees of the Daughters of the American Revolution. She was the author of "Battles of Saratoga," "Parliamentary Rules," also various monographs.

It was Mrs. Walworth who suggested the idea of having the portrait of the first president-general, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, painted by Daniel Huntington, and placed in the White House. Her efforts in this direction were successful, and at the Continental Congress, in 1894, the picture was presented to the Executive Mansion, where it now hangs.

She bore her honors gracefully, and her inheritance of courage enabled her to carry the full cup of her sorrows with a steady hand, a dignity, and a patience that crowned her more nobly than the roses of her youth and happiness.

A gifted son died untimely of consumption, a lovely daughter in the first years of her womanhood, fell a victim to her zeal for the wounded and sick of the Spanish War, for it was while nursing in the hospitals at Montauk that she contracted fever and died in a few weeks. Her picture is at Memorial

Continental Hall, for she is a Daughter who "died in the service of her country."

It is placed near the admirable portrait of her mother in the New York room.

Mrs. Walworth is survived by a son and two daughters, the former well known to every Continental Congress of late years, for it was with him she made her winter home, and he was her constant escort at these meetings, never leav-

ing the Hall so long as she wished to stay, and devoting every moment to her service.

To them I am privileged to offer the sympathy of the National Society, and with it to join them in mourning for a member who can never be replaced, and before whose vacant seat in our Councils we lay the laurel offered those victors who "have fought the good fight, who have kept the faith, and have finished their course."

New Members Admitted to the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution at the June Board Meeting

New members admitted to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution at the meeting of the National Board of Management in Washington, on June 16, aggregated 1,301. Of these there were forty-five conditionally accepted whose *verified* papers are being held for the necessary signatures of State regents and notary seals. As these required regulations were likely to be met before August 1, it was not deemed advisable to hold the applications over until October for admission.

The new members were drawn from all but one of the States, the District of Columbia, Canada, and Hawaii, and the list of States and the number admitted unconditionally from each is as follows:

Alabama	20
Arizona	2
Arkansas	12
California	27
Colorado	22
Connecticut	56
District of Columbia	23
Florida	20
Georgia	35
Idaho	10
Illinois	79
Indiana	42
Iowa	75
Kansas	22
Kentucky	14

Louisiana	6
Maine	10
Maryland	3
Massachusetts	48
Michigan	39
Minnesota	22
Mississippi	14
Missouri	59
Montana	2
Nebraska	28
Nevada	1
New Hampshire	18
New Jersey	27
New Mexico	3
New York	123
North Carolina	13
North Dakota	1
Ohio	46
Oklahoma	11
Oregon	20
Pennsylvania	104
Rhode Island	12
South Carolina	20
South Dakota	8
Tennessee	19
Texas	35
Utah	2
Vermont	21
Virginia	21
Washington	15
West Virginia	13
Wisconsin	28
Wyoming	2
Canada	1
Territory of Hawaii	3

State Conferences

California



MRS. MAYNARD FORCE THAYER,
State Regent of California

The seventh annual conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution of California was held on February 18 and 19 in the Native Sons' Building, San Francisco. A splendid programme, large attendance, and the utmost harmony made this the most successful conference we have held. The State regent, Mrs. Maynard Force Thayer, called the conference to order at 10 o'clock Thursday morning, after which Mrs. I. N. Chapman, ex-State regent, extended greetings to the delegates, as did also Mr. Thomas A. Perkins, ex-State president of the S. A. R. After the response by Mrs. Horace B. Day of San Diego, Mrs. John F. Swift, vice-president general, was introduced and later the conference unanimously endorsed Mrs. Swift as a candidate for re-election.

The report of the State regent gave the present membership of the thirty-four chapters as fourteen hundred and fifty, with the organization of three chapters the past year, and a growing interest throughout the State. The address of the morning on "Spanish Colonial Methods," was delivered by Mr. H. E. Bolton, professor of American history at the University of California. He emphasized the fact that the American Revolution was not an isolated event, but was one phase of that struggle of the oppressed to enjoy liberty of life and thought, which is distinctly traceable in all nations of the time. The colonization of California, which antedated the revolution, is another phase of that same struggle and so is linked with the revolution as part of that world movement.

At 1 o'clock the conference adjourned to a luncheon at Hotel Clift and nearly two hundred Daughters gathered about the tables. For the customary toasts each regent was called upon to tell "The Best Thing and the Worst Thing Any Chapter Did This Year." In the evening the chapters about the Bay and the Sons of the American Revolution joined in a reception to the delegates and State officers in the white and gold ballroom of the Native Sons' Building, which was gay with flags for the occasion.

On Friday, two business sessions were held with interesting reports from the various State chairmen and State officers. When time for elections came, great enthusiasm was shown in the unanimous re-election of the entire Board, headed by Mrs. Thayer, State regent, and Mrs. John Conaut Lynch, State vice-regent. With reports of work accomplished, with plans outlined for new work, with musical numbers interspersed, and a spirit of co-operation and loyalty always in evidence, the

time for adjournment came all too quickly.

On Saturday afternoon, February 20, the opening day of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, the California Daughters opened their headquarters with a largely attended tea, where Sons of the American Revolution, visiting "Daugh-

ters" and friends came to enjoy our beautiful room with us. Here each day of the Exposition, Daughters will be on hand with a cheery greeting and a cup of tea to welcome our visiting "Daughters," and we hope many will make use of and enjoy our D. A. R. room.—(MRS. LOREN) MARGARET M. CRENSHAW, *recording secretary*.

Washington

The fourteenth annual conference of the Washington Daughters of the American Revolution was held March 26 and 27 in Seattle, with Rainier Chapter as hostess. It will long be remembered by all who attended as the twenty-first anniversary of the organization in our State.

Preceding the assembly was a breakfast given by Mrs. J. F. Wagner, regent of Rainier Chapter, at her home, in honor of Mrs. Henry McCleary, State regent, and Mrs. Edmund Bowden, State regent-elect.

The conference convened in the ballroom of the New Washington Hotel. The meeting was opened by a procession led by pages carrying flags, followed by the State regent, Mrs. McCleary, with Governor Lister, and Mr. G. A. Virtue, president of the Sons of the American Revolution with Mrs. Bowden. Then followed the State regent of Oregon, Mrs. J. F. Beaumont, and Mrs. J. S. McKee of Robert Gray Chapter, the former State regents, State officers and chapter regents.

Mrs. McCleary, State regent, who has so ably and efficiently directed the affairs of our society for the past two years, called the meeting to order.

The programme which followed took the form of a birthday celebration. It was opened by singing "The Star Spangled Banner," at which time a beautiful silk flag was unfurled by Eleanor Washington Caldwell, a great grand-

daughter of John Augustine Washington of Mount Vernon.

The invocation was given by Dr. A. W. Leonard, and followed by the salute to the Flag.

Mrs. Wagner, regent of the hostess chapter, extended a cordial welcome to the Daughters in her own gracious manner. The response by Mrs. McKee was heartfelt and sincere.

An interesting letter was read from our president general, Mrs. William Cumming Story, regretting that it would be impossible for her to visit Washington on her Western tour.

A telegram of good wishes was received from our beloved vice-president general, Mrs. Eliza Ferry Leary. It was deeply regretted that her duties in Washington deprived the conference of her helpful presence.

Greetings were given by the president of the Sons of the American Revolution, Mr. G. A. Virtue, who spoke of the importance of co-operation in the work of the Sons and Daughters in conserving the patriotism and loyalty of American citizenship.

The Daughters of Oregon sent their greetings by their State regent, Mrs. J. F. Beaumont, who also gave an interesting report of the work in her State.

Governor Lister's address was pleasing and inspiring. His words of encouragement for the work that the Daughters had undertaken in this State

were a great stimulus to all the delegates.

An interesting feature of the programme was the history of the State organization given in the form of reminiscences by former State regents.

The address of the State regent, Mrs. McCleary, was typical of her work—able, helpful and encouraging. She has held our organization on the highest plane of loyalty and devotion to patriotism during her term of office.

Mrs. Bowden gave us a delightful glimpse into the future in an address that was full of interest and individual charm. She urged that we adopt progressive measures along all lines of patriotic work in the coming year as a means of bringing out the best elements in our organization.

In the evening a reception was given in honor of the delegates.

The second day was given over to reports of officers and standing committees. The reports were most interesting and showed great activity along all lines of patriotic work.

A luncheon was given to the Daughters in the banquet hall of the hotel, where an enjoyable social hour was passed.

The business of the day was resumed at the afternoon session.

The hearing of the Committee on Resolutions and the election of officers concluded the last session of the conference.

Mrs. Edmund Bowden was unanimously endorsed by the Assembly for State regent, and her name presented to



MRS. EDMUND BOWDEN,
State Regent of Washington

the Twenty-fourth Continental Congress.

At the close of the afternoon session, by the courtesy of the hostess chapter, the visiting Daughters were taken for an automobile ride around the boulevards and then to the University of Washington where tea was served at the home of President and Mrs. Landes on the campus.

The twenty-first anniversary will linger long as a pleasant memory in the minds of the Daughters of Washington. —(MRS. JOHN) EDITH MARKHAM WALLACE, *State secretary*.

Did Not Live to See Treaty of Peace

Of the fifty-six signers of the Declaration of Independence, nine never lived to see the Treaty of Peace concluded between the United States and Great Britain. They were Button Gwinnett, delegate from Georgia; Joseph Hewes, North Carolina; Philip Livingston, New York; Thomas Lynch, Jr., South Carolina, who was lost at sea; John Morton, Pennsylvania; Caesar Rodney, Delaware; George Ross, Pennsylvania; Richard Stockton, New Jersey, and George Taylor, Pennsylvania.

John Morton died within the year of signing the Declaration, while Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, outlived the other signers, dying on Nov. 14, 1832, at the age of 95.

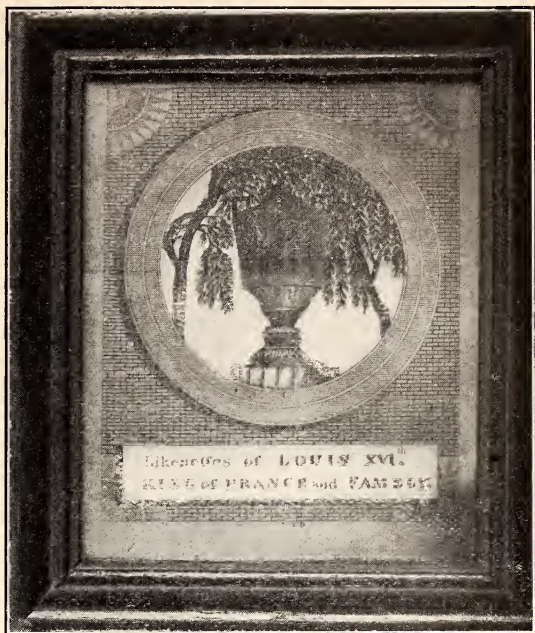
By a strange coincidence John Adams and Thomas Jefferson, both ex-Presidents of the United States, as well as signers, died on the same day, July 4, 1826—the fiftieth anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence.



Photo—Edmonston, Washington

A DOLL MADE BY MRS. ALEXANDER HAMILTON

This eighteenth century doll was made by Mrs. Alexander Hamilton, when she was 92 years old, and presented by her to Elizabeth Lee Washington. From the private collection of Mrs. Fanny Washington Reading, of Washington.

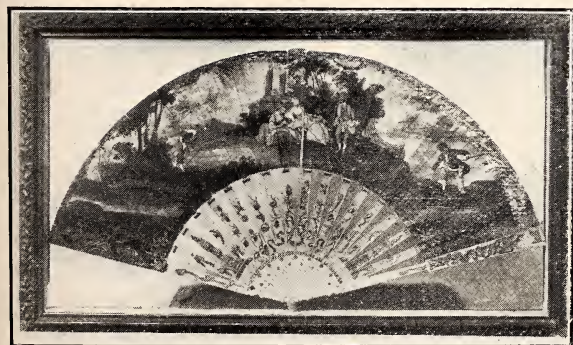


Photo—Edmonston, Washington

A PICTURE PUZZLE OF 1793-4

This antique picture was brought to the United States in 1795 by a French emigré, a friend of General Lafayette. During the Reign of Terror a miniature or print of the royal family would, if found in his possession, send the luckless owner to the guillotine, and the loyal adherents to the crown devised this concealed method of portraits.

In the outlines of the urn and tree can be found the profiles of Louis XVI, Marie Antoinette, the Dauphin, and Mme. Adelaide. The picture's present owner is a great-niece of the French emigré.



Photo—Edmonston, Washington

A DANCE FAVOR PRESENTED BY GEORGE WASHINGTON

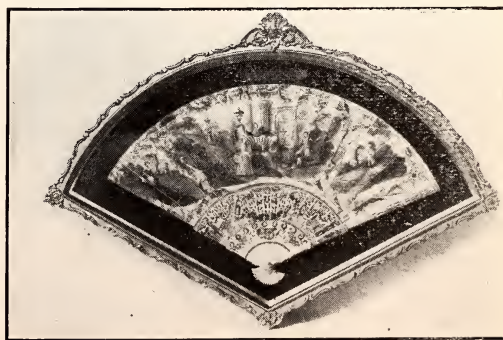
This antique fan was presented by General George Washington to his fair partner on opening a ball with her at Annapolis, Md. It is now in the possession of Mrs. Clare Hanson Dorsey Mohun, who inherited it from her great-great aunt, General Washington's fair partner in the dance.

A FAN USED BY MADAM HANCOCK

This hand-painted fan was given to Mme. Hancock by Admiral d'Estaing, who had received much hospitality from her husband and herself. The admiral commanded a squadron sent by the French government to aid the Colonies in their war for independence. He was guillotined in 1794 by order of the French revolutionary tribunal, because he was of the noblesse.

Mme. Hancock, wife of John Hancock, was Dorothy Quincy, first cousin of "Dorothy Q." of Oliver Wendell Holmes' poem.

Mrs. S. O. Richey, present owner of the fan, inherited it from her grandmother, Mrs. Levi Woodbury, a niece of Mme. Hancock.



Photo—Edmonston, Washington

Mrs. Louisa K. Thiers

"Real Daughter"



MRS. LOUISA K. THIERS,
*who celebrated the one hundredth anniversary
of her birth October 2, 1914*

Mrs. Louisa Kirwan Capron Thiers, a real daughter, was born in Whitesboro, Oneida County, N. Y., on October 2, 1814. Her father, Seth Capron, and mother, Eunice Mann Capron, were married in Attleboro, Mass, September 9, 1790.

Seth Capron served first as private, afterward as corporal in Colonel Shepard's Massachusetts regiment, and took part in the siege of Newport, where he was attached to General Lafayette's corps of light infantry. It was there that a cannon ball, aimed at the general, grazed the top of his head. He participated in the Battle of White Plains; was then transferred to headquarters at

West Point under Washington, where he served during the remainder of the war, commanding the barge that conveyed Gen. Washington to Elizabethtown Point, where he was the last man to say good-bye to the general.

Mrs. Thiers' grandfather, Dr. Bezael Mann, was a great grandson of William Mann of Cambridge, Mass. The latter was a grandson of Sir Charles Mann of Kent County, England, who was knighted in 1625 for loyalty to Charles the First.

Mrs. Thiers was married to David Bodine Thiers in New York City, April 6, 1847. They came to Kenosha, Wis., in 1850. Mr. Thiers died in Kenosha, March 21, 1875, leaving his widow with three sons and one daughter.

Mrs. Thiers was a student at Emma Willard's seminary in Troy, N. Y. She came to Milwaukee, Wis., in 1888, making her home with her daughter, Mrs. Charles Quarles, where she still thoroughly enjoys life, being able to read, also to do hand work, knitting and crocheting. She is keenly interested in national affairs, reading current literature and newspapers, although last fall she celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of her birth.

Four days after her one hundredth birthday Mrs. Thiers wrote with her own hand the following letter to the members of the Wisconsin State conference:

October 6, 1914.

To the Daughters of the D. A. R., Greeting: I am asked to give some reminiscences of my life. I fear if I begin I should fill a volume.

Suffice to say I have seen the building of this great nation from a few States along the Atlantic coast across the continent to the Pacific Ocean. In my childhood I visited the wigwams of the Oneida Indians

in central New York. This was away out West. I played on the bank of the Erie Canal as it was being dug back of my father's house; rode in the first boat, called the Pumpkin Seed; rode on the first railroad, a short line from Schenectady to Albany, N. Y., about twenty miles; went down the Hudson River in one of the first steamboats at the rapid rate of six miles an hour, when it took six weeks to cross the ocean in a sail boat. Schools were "few and far between." The first were held in

a house about as large as a good sized dining-room of the present day. Nothing but wood fires in an open fireplace, tallow dips for light that you had to snuff every five minutes. All west of Ohio a howling wilderness. You can fill the gap between that and the marvels of the present day. No country, so far as we know, has made such, or anything like such progress.

Yours with kindest regards,

(Signed) LOUISA K. THIERS.

Reception in Honor of Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood Given in Washington

July 13, 1915

We have reached an important epoch in our history. On July 13, 1890 the "Washington Post" published the letter that called the Daughters to arms. It was written by Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood and is known as "The Bugle Call," and this resulted in the founding of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. She gave the history of Hannah Arnett, the heroine of the Revolution, and it aroused widespread interest. Mrs. Lockwood was an official at the Chicago Fair that summer, but in October the National Society was officially organized, and she is now the only living member of four who received their medals on that eventful evening at Chase's Theatre, when Mrs. Eleanor Holmes Lindsey, Vice-President General, of Kentucky, presented the four medals Feb. 24, 1898.

It is but natural that Washington honored this noble woman on the 25th anniversary, July 13th. She was surrounded by her personal friends, Daughters and Sons of the American Revolution. The cool weather had kept many in town and the reception was one never to be forgotten by those who were able to enjoy such a gathering of patriotic women and men, to take the hand of a woman who for twenty-five years has worked for the good of the order and to preserve the Constitution that her councils had founded.

No one could have anticipated the growth of the organization, but we know this dear lady has been a wise guiding spirit.

SARAH HALL JOHNSTON,

Editor of the Lineage Book.

Errata

In the December Report of Gifts to the Historical Research and Preservation of Records Committee the gift from Virginia of the Family History of Dorothy Annette Roberts should be

from the Buford Chapter, W. Va. Gift of Maude A. Roberts. The records of Wills from Peoria County, Mo., should be records of Wills from Peoria County, Illinois.

D. A. R. Tablet to the Heroic Dead

Replaced on the Maine Memorial Mast in Arlington Cemetery

With befitting ceremonies the Maine Memorial in Arlington National Cemetery was dedicated on Decoration Day in the presence of President Wilson, the Secretary of the Navy, other high Government officials, diplomats, officers of the army and navy and patriotic organizations. The day dawned in summer brilliance, and the sun's rays fell softly upon the military top of the mast of the U. S. Battleship Maine and rested for the nonce on the bronze D. A. R. tablet riveted once more in the place assigned it. The gift of the Havana Chapter, the tablet, on the removal of the mast to Arlington Cemetery from the wreck in Havana harbor, had been preserved in Arlington Mansion.

Miss Mary E. Springer, regent and founder of Havana Chapter, and her patriotic, tender hearted fellow mem-

bers, much distressed at the removal of the tablet, appealed to the Army and Navy Chapter of the District of Columbia to use their influence to have it put back on the mast. The latter chapter responded heartily, and Mrs. G. W. Baird and Mrs. Benjamin Gilman were appointed a committee to interview officials of the War Department. Through the kind interest of Colonel John Clem, U. S. A., the committee was successful in its mission, and the tablet again rests in its accustomed place—a tribute not only to the heroic dead but to work well done by patriotic women ever quick to recognize and honor valor.

The scene of the dedication of the memorial was most impressive; around the circular white stone base, with the Maine's mast and fighting top rising from its center, were lined cavalrymen and marines. The Presidential party, the Secretary of the Navy, and other distinguished guests were seated on a flag draped platform. Buglers sounded the "Assembly," and, as the last notes died away, the Marine Band struck up the national anthem, after which Captain R. F. Finucane and a guard of marines presented the colors. The invocation was delivered by the Rev. Father Chadwick, former chaplain of the ill-fated Maine, and followed by introductory remarks and the reading of letters, after which came the dedication. While a sailor high in the fighting top wigwagged signals, Masters Jonathan and Frank Daniels, sons of the Secretary of the Navy, raised the American flag on one halyard, and signal flags spelling "Maine, 1915," on another. Fifty sailors then manned the rigging, and the ceremony ended with the shrill cry of the boatswain's whistle.

As the jackies descended from the fighting top, and Jonathan and Frank Daniels turned and saluted the Presi-



Miss Mary E. Springer, Regent and Founder of the Havana Chapter, D. A. R., standing at head of Maine's Memorial Mast in Arlington Cemetery, April 22, 1913.

dent, the band struck up "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean." The Rev. Dr. Randolph McKim then delivered a prayer, and Rear Admiral G. W. Baird, U. S. N., member of the District of Columbia Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, gave the following address:

"The National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution have an interest in this memorial very dear to their hearts. The Battleship Maine was destroyed by an explosion on February 15, 1898, and was afterward abandoned by the Government. The wreck was in plain sight in Havana Harbor, a menace to navigation and an object lesson. Within her iron hull the bodies of a goodly number of our countrymen were confined. They were not forgotten by the Daughters of the American Revolution residing in Havana. Prominent among these noble women was Miss Mary Springer, sister of the Vice Consul General at Havana.

"These Daughters of the American Revolution, with their chaplain, Bishop Knight, made annual pilgrimages to the wreck on the anniversary of the destruction of the Maine, February 15, making the trip in the yacht Gipsy, belonging to Mr. Carlos Carbonnell, which was placed at their disposal. On arriving at the wreck, these patriotic women held appropriate services, first hoisting an American flag to the masthead of the Maine and laying laurel wreaths and roses on the hatches as memorials to the gallant dead below decks in their watery grave. This American flag, however, never floated at the masthead many days, for, from the weather or other causes, it usually disappeared.

"Finally these loyal Daughters of the American Revolution had a beautiful bronze tablet cast and riveted to the

military top of the mast, which would defy the wind, the weather and the other causes of the flag's disappearance. This memorial tablet remained until the mast was lowered to be brought here when it was removed, probably for its protection during transportation, but was not replaced when the mast was raised to its present position.

"The Havana Chapter, with the assistance of the Army and Navy Chapter of the District of Columbia, recently brought this fact to the attention of the Quartermaster General, and was referred to Colonel Clem, who has taken a great interest in it, and, as you see, the tablet is again riveted to the military top of the mast.

"Too much cannot be said in praise of the Havana Chapter for their generous loyalty, not only in placing this enduring marker on the abandoned wreck at Havana, but for their devotion in decorating the grave of their countrymen in that foreign harbor; and we rejoice that their loyalty and devotion is recognized by replacing their memorial in its original place on the mast."



Memorial Maine Mast at Arlington National Cemetery, April 22, 1913. Miss Mary Springer Regent Havana Chapter, D. A. R., and Mrs. G. W. Baird standing under the mast.

Work of the Chapters



*Boulder dedicated to patriots of Middleboro
erected by Nemasket Chapter*

Nemasket Chapter (Middleboro, Mass.)—The unveiling of the memorial tablet and boulder, presented to the town of Middleboro by Nemasket Chapter, took place Wednesday afternoon, May 5, 1915. The presentation exercises, held on Town House Lawn where the boulder stands, were opened by Miss Gladys Berry, cornetist, who sounded the "assembly." The invocation was by the Rev. Louis A. Walker, after which Miss Berry played the "Star Spangled Banner," and the boulder was unveiled by Miss Katharine Bates and Miss Thalia Stetson. Mrs. C. D. Kingman of the Boulder Committee, then presented it to the town in an appropriate speech. In behalf of the town, the chairman of the selectmen, Mr. Henry B. Schlueter, accepted the boulder.

The inscription on the tablet reads:

1775—1783

This boulder is dedicated to the memory of the men of Middleboro, who, as soldiers or patriots, served their Country in the War for American Independence.

Erected by Nemasket Chapter
Daughters of the American Revolution,
1915.

The Boulder Committee comprised Mrs. C. D. Kingman and Mrs. Virgil W. Thompson; Committee in Charge of Dedication, Mrs. O. K. Gerrish, Mrs. C. D. Kingman, Mrs. D. G. Pratt, Mrs. V. W. Thompson, and Mrs. Annie Pierce.

The remainder of the program was carried out in the Unitarian Church. After the singing of "America," the chaplain of the chapter, Mrs. Emma W. Ham, led in prayer, and Mrs. Ruth C. Holmes, regent of the chapter, then gave the address of welcome. Following Mrs. Holmes' address, "To Thee, O Country" was sung by a trio comprising Mrs. Eldoratta Bourne, Mrs. Ruth Rogers, and Miss Nellie Wieher, accompanied by Mrs. Witbeck. The next speaker was Mrs. George O. Jenkins, State regent, who gave an interesting talk. Mr. Charles H. Bates, superintendent of schools, then delivered the dedication ode, and the last speaker of the afternoon was George W. Stetson, who spoke of Middleboro in the days of the Revolution. The exercises closed with the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner," and the salute to the flag.

Nemasket Chapter has contributed to Memorial Continental Hall, Martha Berry School, Springfield International College, and other calls have also received assistance.—MARY A. KINGMAN, *registrar*.

Independence Pioneers Chapter (Independence, Mo.)—This chapter was organized February 26, 1914, Mrs. George B. McFarlane, retiring State regent, and Mrs. Mark Salisbury, incoming State regent, being present. The original membership roll of thirteen has increased to thirty during the year. Twelve members are subscribers to the DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE. The chapter has made a study of the American Revolution and conditions preceding it. Our scrap

book has several articles of value, which have been contributed. One hundred and sixty marriage permits, dating from 1825, have been copied.

Flag Day was observed by the decoration of the business houses of Independence and many private homes. This year, in addition to the usual decorations, the chapter celebrated the day with a garden party at the home of one of the members.

In November a moving picture benefit secured \$25.00 for the Red Cross Fund, a Christmas fund of \$5.00, plus the \$1.25 requested, was sent to Memorial Continental Hall in December.

On the first anniversary of the chapter a musical and literary program was given at the residence of Mrs. Christian Ott. Friends of the chapter were the guests. Mrs. Salisbury, State regent, delivered an interesting address.

In 1914 we were represented at the Continental Congress by Mrs. Collins Peebles of Washington, D. C., our non-resident member, and this year by Mrs. O. H. Gentry, our regent.—MRS. JOHN SCHOLL, *historian*.

Colonel Dummer Sewall Chapter (Bath, Me.)—Meetings have been held regularly the past year (1913-14) with but one exception, and have proved helpful in many ways. The social life of the chapter, aside from the meetings, began in November, when Mrs. John A. Morse opened her home for a large and successful card party; this was followed by a most enjoyable luncheon at the home of Mrs. Ernest A. Allen, and on February 23 the members of the chapter were invited by their regent, Miss Laura B. Palmer, to a Washington Birthday party, and on their departure each guest was presented with appropriate and pretty souvenirs.

The treasurer's report gives the financial history of our chapter, and the result of our year's work will, we hope, be of benefit. We have contributed to our City Hospital, to our Public Library, to Christmas for the children, to

a State Traveling Library, to the Major Whipple Memorial in Kittery, to Memorial Continental Hall, and toward the perpetual care of Dromore Cemetery, and for markers to identify the many graves of Revolutionary soldiers in this locality. The latter work is to be carried out this summer. Plans have also been made for the marking of our Paul Revere Bell that hangs in the belfry of City Hall.

The first of the year, the historian was given newspaper clippings collected by a former regent, the late Mrs. L. F. Metcalf, and they have been added to the Historical Scrap Book, thereby increasing its value. There are items of local history as well as clippings concerning the chapter from its organization on December 29, 1903, to the time of Mrs. Metcalf's death; items of value to every member of the chapter. Our Year Book and newspaper clippings of the past year have been added to this collection.—MARY PELHAM HILL, *historian*.

Sarah Ludlow Chapter (Seymour, Conn.)—Has just ended a very prosperous and successful year. All the State officers were invited to meet the officers of this chapter at the House of Tyrrell on May 5, 1915, where a delicious luncheon was served. This was followed by a meeting in Odd Fellows' Hall, where one hundred and eighty people, members of the chapter and their friends, assembled to celebrate the twenty-first birthday anniversary of the Sarah Ludlow Chapter. The hall was appropriately decorated with flags and bunting.

At half past 2 o'clock, to the music of a stirring march, played by Miss Gertrude Davis, and led by Miss Helen Sanford carrying the "Stars and Stripes," the ushers, officers of the chapter and guests of honor entered the hall and took reserved seats. Mrs. Lewis A. Camp, first regent of the chapter, occupied the position of honor with the present regent, Mrs. S. Hart Culver.

The program was as follows: Invocation, Rev. William A. Woodford; song, Mrs. Herbert Williams; words of welcome, Mrs. S. Hart Culver, chapter regent; recitation, Miss Florence H. James; song, Miss J. A. Sweeten; speech, Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel, State regent; brief history of Sarah Ludlow Chapter, Mrs. C. H. Guild; song, Miss J. A. Sweeten; speech, Mrs. Charles Bissell, State vice-regent; recitation, Miss F. H. James; song, Miss Sweeten; cutting of birthday cake, Mrs. Lewis A. Camp, honorary regent, and the singing of "Auld Lang Syne." At the close, refreshments were served, followed by a social hour.—IDA. L. JAMES, *ex-regent*.

Caughnawaga Chapter (Fonda, N. Y.)—Our chapter passed the seventh milestone on February 22, 1915, and from the original number of twenty-five members has now an enrollment of ninety-two. We sorrowfully report the death of seven valued members in the past year and a half.

Our regular meetings for the past year began last October and have been replete with interest, as instructive papers relating to all phases of Colonial and Revolutionary history have been read, and socially the meetings have also been a great success. Previous to the resumption of the regular meetings the chapter in September met in response to the President General's call for aid for the Red Cross Relief Fund, and the sum of \$25.00 was sent, this chapter being one of the first to respond. Also a number of members contributed knitted scarfs and wristlets as well as doing other work for the European war sufferers.

The chapter gives annually \$10.00 in prizes (\$5.00, \$3.00, \$2.00, respectively) to high school students for the best essays on Colonial history.

We pay a per capita tax of \$9.00, and last year sent \$50.00 to help pay the debt on Memorial Continental Hall. It

might be interesting to know how we raised that amount. In the early history of the chapter an historic record quilt was designed, the model containing sixty-four blocks of white muslin joined with bars of orange muslin; each block having the outline of the spinning wheel, while around the hub were inscribed the names of Revolutionary men and women, the names of the descendants of patriots forming the spokes of the wheel. Thus some blocks bear the names of nine generations. The center block has a pen picture of old Caughnawaga Church, 1763—our beloved landmark. The inscriptions are made in indelible blue ink, thus combining the colors of the Netherlands flag. Originally the quilt netted \$110.00, but last year it was sold by vote at ten cents a vote, and brought the fifty dollars sent to Memorial Continental Hall. Mr. H. H. Dockstader, who wrote the inscriptions on the quilt, was presented with a valuable cameo scarf pin by the chapter.

On Arbor Day last, our regent, Mrs. Catherine M. Schuyler, with befitting patriotic exercises, presented to the school adjoining her property a spacious memorial playground.

In response to the "Silver Shower," called for on March 18, for the debt on Memorial Continental Hall, the chapter raised \$15.00. Two delegates are sent annually to the Continental Congress and to the State conference. The chapter has contributed to the gift for our retiring State Regent, Mrs. Willard S. Augusbury, who has served so efficiently and whom all regret to lose. She could have no better successor than Mrs. Benjamin F. Spraker.

On January 26th, under the auspices of the chapter, a Colonial play was given which added \$65.00 to the treasury. While we wish to do beneficial and charitable work, we also aim to have a home for the chapter in the future.—(Mrs. S. W.) ALICE J. HADLEY PUTNAM, *historian*.

Marietta Chapter (Marietta, O.)—A very successful program has been given this winter by the Marietta Chapter at the monthly meetings in the homes of the members. The chairman of the committee, Mrs. Tasker Bosworth, arranged a series of talks on "American Statesmen," and prominent Marietta citizens contributed addresses.

The February and April meetings were especially interesting and instructive. The former was held on Washington's Birthday, and an illustrated lecture was given on "Landmarks in History," with slides obtained from Memorial Continental Hall. The meeting on April 7 marked the one hundred and thirty-seventh anniversary of the arrival of the pioneers at Marietta and the establishment of the first settlement in the great Northwest. It was also a celebration of the hundred years of peace between this country and Great Britain, and a lecture on "The Causes Leading up to the Treaty of Ghent" was illustrated by slides belonging to Mrs. Henry S. Bowen of New York.

These two meetings were held in the Episcopal Parish House, and were enjoyed by large audiences. On the second occasion the flag presented to the chapter by one of its members, Miss Minna Nye of Brooklyn, was displayed and the new design of the stars in the blue field attracted much attention.

Mrs. S. A. Mullikin, chairman of the Peace Committee, arranged a program to be held May 18 in the public schools of Marietta.—MRS. THEODORE F. DAVIS, *regent*.

John Hart Chapter (Elkins, W. Va.)—When this chapter was organized a few years ago, with Mrs. May Taylor as regent, it consisted of twelve members, more than half being descendants of John Hart, signer of the Declaration of Independence. Mrs. Taylor had held the office until the past year, when she resigned, and Mrs. Christine Baker, a Hart descendant, was chosen to fill her place. The other officers are: Vice-re-

gent, Mrs. Mabel Lee Myers Johnston; secretary, Mrs. Margaret Butcher Bent; treasurer, Mrs. Evelyn Talbot Fling; registrar, Mrs. Lucy Bosworth Talbott; historian, Mrs. Rebekah Dast Gulland, and assistant historian, Mrs. Anna Grace Daniels.

We have two deaths to report: Miss Lottie Wilson, in 1913, and Mrs. Eva Baker Pearson, on January 21, 1914, both descendants of John Hart. Our membership has increased to thirty.

Mrs. Gulland reports that the chapter presented two medals to the scholars who wrote the best papers on Colonial heroes, and also presented a flag to the high school. We are now educating a student at the Martha Berry School for Mountain Children. At our monthly meetings a series of papers on Colonial and Revolutionary history were read. A "Peace Tea" was given at the home of Mrs. A. M. Fredlock, in Elkins, on November 27, and a silver offering was received from each guest, which was placed in the hands of the American Red Cross Society for the relief of the European war sufferers.—MRS. LUCY BROWN McCrum.

Pittsburgh Chapter (Pittsburgh, Pa.)—Unveiled a bronze tablet placed on the dividing line of the properties of the First Presbyterian Church and Trinity Church, Pittsburgh, Pa., at noon, Thursday, June 3, 1915. This tablet records the grant of that land in 1787 by the heirs of William Penn for the respective buildings of the people of Presbyterian and Episcopalian faith of this locality. Also the names of forty-nine officers of the Colonial and Revolutionary Armies, who, after assisting in the achievement of American Independence, were associated with the early history of Pittsburgh. Almost all of these officers attained higher rank in later service. Some died in action, but most of them were buried in the historic ground of these two churches.

Appropriate patriotic exercises marked the unveiling, and the order of the

program was as follows: Invocation and address, the Rev. Edward S. Trav-ers, Trinity Church; address: "The Penn Grant Tablet," Miss Julia Morgan Harding, chairman; address, the Rev. Maitland Alexander, D.D., First Presbyterian Church; address, Colonel Thomas P. Roberts; tablet unveiled, Mrs. Robert T. Reinman, regent; benediction, the Rt. Rev. Cortlandt Whitehead, D.D.

The members of the Penn Grant Tablet Committee were Mrs. Elizabeth R. Allen, Mrs. Jane Baird Atwood, Mrs. Eleanor R. Baltzell, Mrs. Clara Howe Brown, Mrs. Mary Blair Burgwin, Miss Mary Burgwin, Miss Mary O'Hara Darlington, Mrs. Kate Guthrie Dickson, Mrs. Jane Hays Hawkins, Mrs. Rose Ingraham Marsh, Miss Annie S. Phillips; Mrs. Florence Jones Reineman, regent; Miss Julia Morgan Harding, chairman; Mrs. Emily Sprankle Heron, vice-chairman; Mrs. Edith Darlington Ammon, secretary.

George Clymer Chapter (Towanda, Pa.)—Mrs. C. R. Stiles of the Mansfield Normal School delivered an address on "Women of the Revolution" before the chapter on March 27. The chapter made it an open meeting, and invited the literary and educational clubs of the town to take part. The lecture was heard with much interest. The attendance was large. Mrs. Stiles' address was delivered in a pleasing and unassuming manner, and was interesting as well as instructive.—SUE RAHM MERCUR, *regent*.

Colonel Lowrey Chapter (Flemington, N. J.)—June 22, 1899, eight patriotic women, descendants of Revolutionary heroes, met at the home of Mrs. H. E. Deats to organize a chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution; this year marks the sixteenth anniversary of that event, and on Tuesday evening, June 22, we celebrated it at the

home of our first and only regent, Mrs. Hiram E. Deats, whose gracious hospitality is always extended to us on these occasions. Her untiring efforts to arouse and maintain interest in the work and enlarge our chapter has resulted in our present membership of thirty-six. Our thanks are also due Mr. Deats, a son of the American Revolution, for his help and encouragement.

Our meetings are held in the homes of the members and well attended. The salute to the flag and the D. A. R. ritual are used in the opening exercises. The programs have been most interesting this year. Addresses on patriotic subjects have been given by prominent townsmen, to whom we tender our appreciative thanks. One musicale and a social afternoon varied the program.

Historically we have not been able to accomplish very much practical work, as we must constantly bear in mind lack of funds; however, a strong effort is being made by efficient committees to restore the grave of Esther Lowrey, also to provide suitable markers for Revolutionary soldiers buried in our vicinity. The only prize offered during the year is a five dollar gold piece to the pupil in the Flemington Grammar School having the highest standing in American history. A copy of "Pioneer Mothers of America," by H. C. and Mary W. Green, was presented to the Public Library. We have a particular interest in these books, as Miss Green was a charter member of our chapter. The subscription was again renewed to the *DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTIONARY MAGAZINE* for the Public Library. We also presented our file of Lineage Books to Hunterdon Historical Society, located in Flemington, the county seat. A scrap book has been prepared by the present historian in which past and future events pertaining to the chapter will be recorded.—MARY E. DUNHAM, *historian*.

Preservation of Historic Spots

Report of the New York State Committee

Watertown.

Activities along the lines of marking historic sites began on the day following the close of our last D. A. R. conference, when the Le-Ray-de Chaumont Chapter of Watertown presented a fence and unveiled a memorial tablet at the Arsenal Street Cemetery in that city.

Enthusiastic citizens manifested their appreciation of the gift, and patriotic speeches and patriotic music made the day a memorable one, an auspicious beginning of the year's program in the marking of historic sites.

Colonel Israel Angel Chapter.

Colonel Israel Angel Chapter of New Berlin, in June following, saw the consummation of a long cherished hope when, amid most impressive ceremonies, they unveiled a bronze tablet, which bears this inscription:

"IN MEMORY OF THE THREE SCOUTS
KILLED ON THE ESTATE OF
PERCEPHEL CARR
BY
BRANDT'S INDIANS,
SEPTEMBER, 1773."

Monroe Chapter, Brockport.

In the same month of June, Monroe Chapter of Brockport, at a cost of \$1,500. installed a clock in the steeple of the Methodist Church in their town, and on the facade of the church erected a tablet to the memory of the thirty Revolutionary soldiers whose services they have been able to verify; also to unknown heroes whose neglected graves lie in fields close by. The tablet bears this inscription:

"TO THE HONOR AND GLORY OF OUR
PATRIOTIC ANCESTORS WHO GAVE
THEIR SERVICES AND THEIR LIVES FOR
THEIR COUNTRY IN THE WAR OF THE
AMERICAN REVOLUTION, 1775-1783."

New York State Daughters would have occasion for gratitude had there been no other achievement than that accomplished by the Daughters of the Monroe Chapter of Brockport.

Tuckahoe.

Under the auspices of Bronx Chapter, Mt. Vernon, occurred on November 25 the unveiling of the Captain Samuel Crawford Memorial Tablet in Gifford Park, Tuckahoe. More than 400 people witnessed the unveiling, which was attended with most impressive ceremonies, in keeping with the character of the man whose memory was honored by one hundred of his descendants of the fourth and fifth generations—prominent members of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The tablet is secured to a large piece of granite, and bears this inscription:

"THIS TABLET MARKS THE SPOT
WHERE CAPTAIN SAMUEL CRAWFORD WAS
KILLED IN A SKIRMISH WITH BRITISH
TROOPS, NOVEMBER 18, 1777.

"HE WAS A SOLDIER AND STATESMAN
AND A DEPUTY FROM WESTCHESTER
COUNTY TO THE PROVINCIAL CONGRESS;
COMMITTEEMAN FROM SCARSDALE, AND
SECONDED THE RESOLUTION TO MAKE
NEW YORK A STATE. ERECTED BY BRONX
CHAPTER, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN
REVOLUTION, NOVEMBER 22, 1914."

The tablet was placed on the spot where the fearless soldier met his death. Directly opposite, a large platform, artistically draped with American flags and bunting, had been erected, and from this platform stirring patriotic addresses were delivered, then, as the band played "The Star-Spangled Banner," the tablet was unveiled by the young son of the fifth generation.

These most impressive ceremonies were concluded with patriotic airs in which the audience joined, and marked

a red-letter day in the annals of New York history.

Fort Edward.

On September 16 occurred the unveiling and dedication ceremonies of the boulder and bronze tablet marking the site of Fort Edward, under the auspices of the Jane McCrea Chapter of the town of Fort Edward.

Most elaborate exercises marked this dedication, and was a memorial not only to the site of the Fort, but was in honor of those who, up and down the Valleys of Champlain and the Hudson, at great sacrifice brought victory to the Colonies.

September 1, 1914, will be remembered by the people of Fort Edward as a day big with history. Speeches by distinguished guests, stirring patriotic music, hospitality interspersed with historic reminiscences, all made the occasion a memorable one.

Herkimer Homestead.

Perhaps no one event has created more profound interest in our State than the consummation of the project so dear to the hearts of the Daughters, and especially to the Daughters of our historic Mohawk Valley, the sure promise, in the very near future, of the purchase by our State of the General Nicholas Herkimer Homestead, that most sacred spot in our historic valley, for a museum of Revolutionary relics. After years of hope and disappointments, we "have come into our own" rightful heritage. The year has marked the appointment of a commission, composed of three members of the National Society of the German-American Alliance and three members of the Daughters of the American Revolution of New York State, to take into its sacred care and keeping the Herkimer Homestead.

The prospectus of the General Nicholas Herkimer Homestead Association, through the efforts of Mrs. Charlotte Pitcher, its compiler, is already in your

hands, and we will not repeat, but only tell you that frequent visits to the homestead by members of the commission, enable us to report to you most satisfactory progress in the way of repairs, and restoration to the exact original in every detail possible in the fine old mansion.

We believe our next report will show such perfected restoration of the homestead as to receive Revolutionary gifts and relics, and that it will find the name of every Daughter of New York State enrolled in the membership of the General Nicholas Herkimer Homestead Association.

Wiltwyck Chapter, Kingston.

Perhaps the most unique affair along the line of chapter unveiling was the surprise party given in the beautiful old Chapter House of Kingston. A large number of invitations were sent out for "October 1, from 3 to 6 o'clock." Much secrecy pervaded the event beforehand, the chapter members positively refusing to say what the special feature of the occasion would be.

Arriving at the Chapter House, the guests were surprised and delighted to see at the doorway a very handsome bronze Memorial Tablet which was, through the generosity of Judge Clearwater, given by Mrs. Clearwater to the chapter, quite unknown to her. The tablet bears this inscription:

"AS A MEMORIAL TO THOSE HISTORIC CITIZENS OF KINGSTON BECAUSE OF WHOSE PATRIOTISM THE VILLAGE WAS BURNED BY THE BRITISH FORCES UNDER THE COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL VAUGHEN ON THE 16TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1777, THIS TABLET IS ERECTED BY ONE OF THE MEMBERS OF WILTWYCK CHAPTER, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, ON THE 16TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1914."

Rear Admiral Higginson, U. S. N., made the presentation, and Judge Hasbrouck accepted the gift for the chapter, in an address replete with the history of Kingston, the burning of the

town on October 16, and the flight of the inhabitants to "Old Hurley." The address was most thrilling, as those familiar with the early history of Kingston will realize. Judge Clearwater concluded with an able address, after which the guests, as they proceeded down the stairway, were presented with handsome souvenir cards, cuts of the tablet. A beautiful scene met the eyes of the guests as they reached the large meeting room. American flags and large yellow and white chrysanthemums in great profusion decorated the walls and the handsomely appointed tables.

The people of Kingston will ever remember the 16th of October and Judge Clearwater's very happy surprise.

Oneonta Chapter.

On August 10, Oneonta Chapter placed, without ceremonies, a granite marker in beautiful Riverside Cemetery. The marker is about four feet high and of good proportions, and bears the name of eleven Revolutionary soldiers.

The marker was placed on the day which was the actual one hundred and thirty-fifth anniversary of the passing of Clinton's Army through what is now the City of Oneonta, passing in sight of

the present resting place of those heroes, some of whom marched with Clinton one hundred and thirty-five years ago.

The marker bears this inscription:

"IN MEMORY OF THE SOLDIERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION BURIED IN RIVERSIDE CEMETERY."

Then followed the names of the eleven soldiers and underneath:

"ERECTED BY THE ONEONTA CHAPTER, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, 1914."

Much has been done in the way of marking the graves of our patriot dead. The ceremonies attending these events have such an important place in our D. A. R. history that the temptation is great to include an account of them in our report, but we must not repeat what you will get in full in the chapter reports.

We can only tell you that the symbolic bronze marker, wrapped in the protecting folds of red, white and blue, dot our hillsides everywhere, and indicate to passers-by that the Daughters of the American Revolution never forget, but always remember. (Signed),

CHARLOTTE A. PITCHER,

ROSETTA C. L. PUGH,

FRANCES W. ROBERTS,

Chairman.

In Memoriam

It is with regret that Buffalo Chapter announces the death of these members:

Mrs. Wm. H. H. Newman, December 22, 1914.

Mrs. Edward Holmes, January 19, 1915.

Mrs. George D. Emerson, March 28, 1915.

Mrs. John C. Adams, April 18, 1915.

Mrs. Gracy C. Becker, June 6, 1915.

Mrs. Joseph H. Horton, June 27, 1915.

The death of Mrs. Sarah Adams MacWhorter, widow of George Gray MacWhorter, which occurred at her home in Augusta, Ga., March 25, 1915, is a loss to the community in which she lived, and also to those widespread interests which our patriotic organizations endeavor to maintain. While regent of the Augusta Chapter she was an enthusiastic leader, and her work in developing interest and increasing the membership was exceedingly valuable. Her patriotic work never flagged until the

day of her death at the age of eighty-three. She was a devoted member of the Episcopal Church, chairman of the Augusta Circle of Colonial Dames, member of the U. D. C. and D. A. R., the Boys' Home, and West End Library.

The Sun Dial Chapter of Ames, Iowa, mourns the death of Mrs. Sarah Martha Breed Budd, a charter member of this chapter, who died February 4. She was the widow of Professor Budd, who occupied the chair of Horticulture at the State College at Ames.

Descended from distinguished New England ancestry, Mrs. Budd was also connected with that line of patriots for whom Breed's Hill, upon which Bunker Hill Monument now stands, was named. Among her ancestors were Captain Caleb Baldwin, who served throughout the Revolutionary War with the Second Connecticut Regiment; his son, Elezar, also of Killingworth, and Isaac Livingstone of Haverhill, Mass. Captain Caleb Baldwin moved to Vermont, and later to New Hampshire, where he died. His son resided for a time in Benson, Vt., not far from Lake Champlain. Other members of the family settled across the lake at Crown Point, N. Y., where Mrs. Budd was born in 1837.

Almira E. (Carter) Simmons of Quincy, Mass., a charter member of Abigail Phillips Quincy Chapter, died April 6, 1915, at the home of her daughter, in Detroit. Born in Stetson, Me., September 16, 1845, she was the daughter of Rufus B. Carter of Unity, Me., and Mary Burnett of Newport, Me., and was descended from Robert Burnett, a member of the Boston Tea Party. Until failing health kept her from attending the meetings, Mrs. Simmons was a member of the Tea Party Chapter of Boston. Among her ancestors were the Rev. Thomas Dalton, one of the founders of Woburn, Mass., and Joseph Carter, an intimate friend of General Warren. She came to Needham, Mass., when twelve years old, and was a resident of Massachusetts up to the time of

her death. On February 22, 1868, she married Walter E. Simmons, who, with five children, survives her. For the last forty-four years they have lived in Quincy, where she was well known for her patriotic and charitable work. With the help of a friend she generously educated two boys at the George Junior Republic.

Mrs. Alice Hopkins Meyer died in Gary, Ind., March 10, 1915. The daughter of Newman W. and Mary E. Hopkins, she was born January 5, 1861, at Rensselaer, Ind., where she lived almost all her life. She was instrumental in the organization of the General Van Rensselaer Chapter, of which she became a charter member.

She married Frank B. Meyer, September 1, 1881, and seven years ago the family moved to Gary. At that time she transferred her membership at large in order that she might assist in the organization of the chapter in her new home, and it was largely through her efforts that it was formed. Mrs. Meyer was a woman of rare cheerfulness, proud of her ancestry, and broad in her sympathies.

Mrs. Lucy Atwood Fay, beloved member of the Massa Chapter, died June 15, 1915, at her home in Boston. Mrs. Fay was the founder of the Margaret Corbin Chapter, of Chelsea, following service in another chapter. She was the first president of the Massa, D. A. R., Founders' Society, and for more than fifty years had been in active, civic, philanthropic and patriotic life. Her enthusiasm was an inspiration, her life an example of true womanhood.

The Gansevoort Chapter (Albany, N. Y.), reports the death of Mrs. Walter McEwan on January 14, 1915.

Mrs. McEwan was a life member of the D. A. R., a descendant of General Seth Pomeroy, Lieutenant Jesse McIntire and Samuel Stuart, all of Revolutionary fame.

THE EDITOR'S DESK

Before many months have passed this Society will celebrate its silver anniversary. During these eventful twenty-five years the Daughters of the American Revolution have worked faithfully and nobly to mark and honor the graves of patriots, to preserve historic papers, and to pass on to future generations the best traditions of the Nation. The alien at our door has been taught the first duties of American citizenship through the educational pamphlets issued by the Daughters of the American Revolution.

But there is a field which this Society has hitherto touched upon lightly—and yet a field whose value cannot be over-estimated—the good which this magazine can accomplish in popularizing American history.

* * *

There are excellent historical magazines doing good work, but this is the official organ of the largest society of patriotic women in the world, and therefore the DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE should rank second to none in this educational field.

In carrying out this belief we shall strive to present the human and romantic side of history—guided by two fundamental principles—every article must have permanent value and be absolutely accurate.

Every effort will be made by the chairman, the Magazine Committee, genealogical editor, and the editor to give to the Daughters of the American Revolution a magazine worthy of the Society's highest ideals.

The same space and careful attention as formerly will be devoted to the Minutes of the National Board Meetings,

State Conference reports, work of the Chapters, and articles contributed by members of this Society.

* * *

The Genealogical Department, edited and conducted by Mrs. Amos G. Draper, whose sterling work has won deserved recognition and commendation from high authorities, will be, as always, one of the most valuable sections of the magazine.

In addition, historical articles by writers of distinction will appear from time to time.

Valuable historical data, never before published, will shortly be used in a "Department of Documents."

A page will be devoted to "Ye Olde Heirlooms," and photographs of authentic heirlooms will prove a valuable and interesting feature.

Chapter reports should be dated as well as signed.

Kindly mention in "In Memoriam" notices of chapter members the place of death and date.

To insure accuracy in the reading of proper names it is requested that manuscripts be typewritten.

* * *

All contributions for the Genealogical Department should be sent to *Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Genealogical Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.*

Articles and photographs of historic and patriotic value are desired. Contributions should be accompanied by letters from the senders, and addressed to

NATALIE SUMNER LINCOLN, *Editor*,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the Genealogical Editor of this magazine, under whose supervision this department has been placed for the present.

CHARLES POLK, Revolutionary Soldier.

Where was Charles Polk born, and what service did he perform? This question has been asked so many times and been answered in so many different ways that it is evident that a short sketch of three men, by name of Charles Polk, who served in the Revolution will interest many of the readers of the magazine. The information has been obtained from Pension Applications, wills in Rowan Co., N. C., sketches of the family written by Bishop Leonidas Polk, Judge Albert Watkins, W. H. Polk and others, and records in the office of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

While we will not follow the advice of the Divine, who says no true history of a man can be written unless we begin a thousand years before he is born, still a hasty sketch of the Polk Family in North Carolina will be of aid in distinguishing the two men, uncle and nephew, by name of Charles Polk, who rendered such valiant service in that state during the Revolution.

William Polk, the first of the name in North Carolina, and his wife, Margaret Taylor, settled west of the Yadkin in that part of Anson Co., which is now Mecklenburg Co., and died there about twenty years before the Revolution, leaving three daughters and four sons: John, Charles, Thomas (who married Susan Spratt and was famous as an officer in the Revolution, and was the grandfather of Bishop Leonidas Polk), and Ezekiel also a Revolutionary soldier, who married Nanny Wilson, and was the grandfather of President James Polk.

In the Spring of 1765, John Polk was residing on the Selwyn land grant in Mecklenburg Co., and was the author of a petition to the Governor and Council complaining of the oppressive conduct of Selwyn's agent; in June, 1766, he was in a company of Mecklenburg Colonial Militia, of which his brother, Charles Polk, was first Lieut., and during the Revolution he was Captain of a Rifles Company of Volunteers, which served at the mouth of Cape Fear River, and also at Charleston, S. C.

According to Family History, John married Miss Shelby, and had a large family of children. During the Revolution, while he lived only eight

miles from Charlotte, N. C., it was just over the line in the Catawba Reservation in S. C., and during the Revolution he commanded a company made up mostly of Indians, under Gen. Sumpter, being engaged in the New River fight and others. After the Revolution he moved to Tennessee, where he lived the rest of his life.

He had among others, a son, John, who married and moved to San Augustine Co., Texas, and later to Leon Co., Texas; a son, Charles, and possibly also a son, Taylor Polk, who moved to Arkansas, but whose family history seems to be unknown.

Oct. 23, 1846, Charles Polk, of San Augustine Co., Texas, who was born in Mecklenburg Co., N. C., Jan. 18, 1760, applied for a pension as a soldier in the Revolution, and also in the War of 1812. He deposed that in 1776, when he was too young to be subject to militia service, he had volunteered, under Capt. James Jack, and served during the Cross Creek expedition against the Tories in the Mecklenburg Brigade, commanded by Col. Thomas Polk; and later had served in his father's company (Capt. John Polk), at Cape Fear River and Charleston. He was in the engagement at Sullivan's Island, under the command of Gen. Moultrie; and also served a tour under Capt. James Jack, at Snow Camp, in S. C., where the Tories were defeated; but his cousin, William Polk (son of Col. Thomas), being wounded, he was sent home with him. He was also in many other engagements, among them that of Bate's Ford, where Gen. Davidson was killed, and was encamped on Robert Lee's plantation, on Rocky River, where they took twelve or fifteen hundred stand of arms from the Tories. He served continuously from the taking of Charleston until the close of the war, part of the time under his uncle, Major Charles Polk (who was first Captain), and at other times under his uncle, Col. Thomas Polk, who commanded the Fourth regiment. After the war he resided in South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas, and was a sergeant in the War of 1812. The claim was held in the Pension Office, awaiting specific terms of service, and proof of service by other witnesses, neither of which were furnished by the applicant, and the file was therefore known as R. F. 8301. In a letter from Bishop Polk,

he states that "Old Charley" Polk showed him a powder-horn, which he valued highly, having carried it through the Revolution, under his uncle (Bishop Polk's grandfather), Col. Thomas Polk. "Just before the forces were to march North, he found that he had lost his horn; and on reporting the fact to his kinsman and General, when the troops were under arms the morning following, the General requested him to accompany him down the line and see if he could find it. He did so, and to his great delight found it, shot-pouch and all, on the neck of one of the soldiers. An examination was immediately begun, the man was convicted of having wilfully appropriated it, and the penalty was dismissal from service with a refusal ever to allow him to serve again." Charles told this with great pride to illustrate the gallantry and sense of honor which distinguished his day and command! According to Judge Watkins, Charles Polk married Margaret Baxter, in North Carolina (born in Charlotte in 1760), resided in Maury Co., Tenn., and later in Western Tennessee, and in his old age moved to Texas, whither most of his children had emigrated. Charles and Margaret had: Jane, who m (1) Mr. Fowler, m (2) John Potts and lived in Alabama; John, b 1780, m Miss Elizabeth Allen, and d in Nacogdoches Co., Texas, in 1866; Andrew, who m Miss Tindall, and moved first to Mo., and then to Texas; William, who m Miss Petty, and lived and died in Miss., being at one time the postmaster at Holly Springs; Cynthia, who m her cousin, John Polk (son of John, and grandson of Capt. John Polk), moved to San Augustine Co., Texas, and later to Leon Co., Texas, where she died; Charles, who m Elizabeth Haynes, and moved to Leon Co., Texas, where he died; and Alfred, who m Nancy McIvor, and lived and died in San Augustine Co., Texas, where they raised a large family. The above was the only record of a Charles Polk, of N. C., in the Pension Office for eight years.

Oct. 25, 1854, George W. Polk, of Union Co., N. C., aged 55 years, claimed, as only living son and administrator of his mother, the five years' pay, due her as the widow of a soldier, who had served throughout the Rev. war. He deposed that his father, Charles Polk, was born July 9, 1732, resided in Mecklenburg Co., N. C., where he was a Lieut. in the Militia, before the Revolution; that he was a Captain in 1777, serving under Lieut. Col. William Polk, in the N. C. Brigade; was in the Battle of Eutaw Springs, and in other battles not specified; that he married, first in March, 1762, Mary (or Polly) Clark, who was born in June, 1744, and died Oct. 8, 1776; that he married secondly, Feb. 5, 1782, Philipina Helmes, who was born June 10, 1764; that his father, Charles Polk was the brother of Gen. Thomas Polk, John Polk and Ezekiel Polk, and died March 10, 1821; that his mother died Jan. 12, 1849;

that by his first wife, Charles had: Peggy, b Dec. 25, 1764, m Wm. Freeman, (b June 24, 1765), John, b Nov. 7, 1766, m Esther Pool; Deborah, b Dec. 10, 1768, m Gideon Freeman, (b July 12, 1759), Thomas, b Feb. 28, 1771, m Kezia Pyron, (b Feb. 18, 1768), Michael, b June 20, 1774, m Susanna Pyron, (b March 26, 1774), and Mary, b Sept. 24, 1776, m John Brooks; that by his second wife, Charles had: Charles, b Mch. 15, 1784; William, b Apr. 30, 1786; Susanna, b June 19, 1788; Ezekiel Washington, b June 9, 1791; Martha, b May 4, 1794, m Mr. Shelby, and moved to Tenn., George W. (himself), b Sept. 18, 1799, m Dec. 4, 1823, Margaret Garman, (b May 10, 1804), and Eleonora, b Jan. 16, 1804. His claim was allowed for the Rev. services of Charles Polk, as a Lieutenant; but as George W. Polk, insisted on the higher service, a number of depositions were taken to establish the claim, and Charles was finally given credit for having served four months as a Capt. of Cavalry, in N. C. Militia; 9 months and 19 days as Capt. of Infantry in N. C. Militia; 5 months as Lieut. in N. C. Militia; and 5 months as Captain of Cavalry in Sumpter's Brigade, which was composed partly of N. C. troops. Four rolls of the Militia company, under Capt. Charles Polk, were filed with the application and are now in the War Department. Before these were sent from the Pension Office several copies of them were made by me, one being presented to the State of North Carolina, through the (then) Vice-President General of N. C., Mrs. Gregory; one for publication in the Fourth Volume of the Index to N. C. Archives to Mr. Weeks, who had charge of the work; one to the Library at Continental Memorial Hall and one to the (then) Assistant Historian General, Mrs. Henry M. Thompson, for the Smithsonian Report. The last copy was the only one of the four which was published. The evidence for the service in S. C., was obtained from the (then) Comptroller, George W. Brooks, who in a letter dated Jan. 16, 1856, states that there is among the archives at Raleigh, "a list or small book, unbound, containing fifteen pages of sheets something less than ordinary letter paper, headed as follows: 'A list of Accts. of the money paid the N. C. troops by S. Carolina. Signed, Simon Jefferies, 1779.' The precise object of its being made and sent to this state is not known, but it is to be presumed it was for the purpose of settling accounts between the two States. It is a fact well known that the N. C. troops rendered much service in S. C. at different times; that some of them were imprisoned by the British at the Fall of Camden. From this book it appeared evident that two men by name of Charles Polk had served, one being called Capt. Charles Polk, and the other Charley Polk; but, as by that time the deposition of Charles Polk, R. F. 8301, had been forgotten nothing was done about his claim, al-

though the evidence was then in the possession of the authorities. As the evidence of the death of Martha (Polk) Shelby was also not conclusively shown, the money was given to George W. Polk, as Executor, he giving bond to give Martha her share, if she appeared within two years.

Among those who deposed in behalf of George W. Polk were: "Old Mrs. Susanna Alexander," whose deposition, and account of rescuing Gen. Joseph Graham is given in the April, 1914, issue of this magazine; and William Davidson, (then) J. P. of Mecklenburg Co., who testified that he was born Sept. 2, 1778, had known the Polks all his life; that while he can not tell from personal knowledge of their deeds before and during the Revolution, he would state from what he had always heard that the four brothers, Thomas, Charles, John and Ezekiel, were men of mark; that Thomas was a Colonel, and called out the people of Mecklenburg Co., May 20, 1775, when Mecklenburg declared its independence; that he had two sons in the service: Thomas, Jr., who was killed at the Battle of Eutaw Springs, and William, who was shot in the mouth at the Battle of Brandywine, and shot in the shoulder at Snow Camp, S. C. (compare the statement of Charles Polk, R. F. 8301), that Capt. Charles Polk settled about twenty miles east of Charlotte, among his wife's relations, and is the only family of the original stock now in the county; that when Gen. George Washington was on his Southern tour he stopped a day at Charlotte, about 1791, and dined at Gen. Thomas Polk's, with all the leading men of the day, and after dinner walked the streets that the people might see him; that ever since he (Davidson) was a boy, he has attended the meetings of Revolutionary veterans and listened to their stories, and remembers well old Henry Emerson bragging about being sent by Col. Washington with a troop of cavalry to take a Tory fort, about fourteen miles this side of Camden, S. C. He sent a flag of truce, demanding its surrender; and on their refusal, the troops retired to a sand hill near by, and paraded about and got a black pine log and cut the end off and mounted it on the fore wheels of a wagon, and hauled it round and planted it for action as a cannon. A white flag was instantly held out from the fort, and the prisoners were much mortified when they found out the trick that had been played on them. Among the other persons who deposed were: Edith Stancil, of Union Co., in her 89th year (Feb. 2, 1855), who stated that Capt. Charles Polk lost his eyesight entirely before his death; that of his six children, by his first wife, all had left Mecklenburg Co., and of the five children, by his second wife, all were then dead except George W. Polk.

Andrew Seerest, of Union Co., in 1855, said that his brother, John Seerest, now deceased, had often told him of serving under Capt.

Charles Polk, and that he was a brave, fearless man.

Dan Alexander, of Mecklenburg Co., N. C., aged 73 yrs., testified Apr. 25, 1855, that he was the son of Capt. William Alexander, a Rev. pensioner; was born and raised in Mecklenburg Co., that Charles Polk was his father's uncle, was rather slender, a whole-souled, genial man, and has often heard his father say that he was a brave officer.

Creasy B. Long, who was born and raised within nine miles of Charles Polk's house and is "now turning her eighty-fourth year," testified that she remembers hearing of Capt. Charles Polk when the American soldiers were encamped at her father's house.

A number of other neighbors and friends testified along these lines; and the service of Charles Polk seemed complete; but, some years after the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was organized, search was begun for another Charles Polk, who also was a Captain during the Revolution, and who moved to Kentucky, near Bardstown, in 1780, and from there to Knox Co., Ind., where he died in 1823. He was a conspicuous Indian Fighter after the Revolution, and an officer, under Harrison, at Vincennes.

After weeks and months of research, it was discovered that this Charles Polk was born in Frederick Co., Maryland, that so far as known he is not related to the Polks of North Carolina; that he was not the son of William Polk, etc. The will of his father, Charles Polk, Senior, was probated June 20, 1753, in Frederick Co., Md., and mentions his six children: Sarah, William, Thomas, Charles, Edmund and John, Sarah married Anstil Piety, and died in Kentucky, in 1835, aged 99 years; Charles born in 1744, married Delilah Tyler in 1774. She was born in 1755, was the daughter of Edward Tyler (b 1719) and Anne Langley, and a descendant of Robert Tyler, Sen., the emigrant, and died in 1797. They lived first in that part of Virginia which is now West Virginia (Brooke Co.), about sixteen miles from the Ohio river, on what was then called, "Cross Creek." As both of the other Charles Polks served during the Revolution, in "the Cross Creek expedition," there seemed to be authentic evidence that all of them were on Cross Creek during the Revolution. But the Cross Creek expedition was in North Carolina, and Cross Creek then is Fayetteville now, while the Cross Creek settlement in Virginia during the Revolution is now Wellsburg, West Virginia. In 1780, Charles and Delilah moved to Kentucky, and in 1799 he was a resident of Shelby Co., Ky., and deposed in regard to the murder of Logan's family, by Daniel Greathouse (see Jefferson's Notes), having led a varied life, between those dates, as is shown by the birth-place of their son, Charles. Their children were: William, Elizabeth, (who married Captain Spear Spen-

cer, son of John and Margaret Spencer, for whom Spencer Co., Ky., and Ind., and the town of Spencer, Ind., are named, and who was killed at the Battle of Tippecanoe, Nov. 7, 1811, after having been wounded three times), Nancy, who m Peter Ruby; Sallie, who married Capt. William Bruce; Charles, who was born at Detroit, while his mother was held in captivity there, in 1782, and who married Mary McQuaid; Ellen, who married John Hollingsworth; and Kitty, who married Rev. Mr. McCoy, a mission-

ary among the Indians. For official proof of service of this Charles Polk, who also was a Captain during the Revolution, see Virginia Rev. Soldiers (1912), p. 354, "Charles Polk, Capt. I. P. D. 43, D 92," which, being interpreted, means that Charles Polk was a Captain in the Illinois Department, and his services are mentioned in a collection of manuscript rolls on pages 43 and 92.

BELL MERRILL DRAPER,
(MRS. AMOS G.)

Town Records of Canterbury, New Hampshire

Sent by Mrs. Charles W. Barrett, Samuel Ashley Chapter,
Claremont, N. H.

(Continued from May issue.)

Thomas Foss's Children's Age.
Prisillia, born July ye 22nd, A. D. 1772.
Nathaniel, born November ye 4th, 1774.
Hannah Crosby's first born Child, named Hannah, born July 25th, A. D. 1773.
Sarah Foss, Daughter of Thomas Thomas, born November ye 19th, 1781.

Stephen Sutton, Junr., was born at Loudon October the 15th, A. D. 1783.

The Age of Moses Foss's Children:

Stephen, born June ye 30th, 1774.

May ye 9th, 1772—Then recorded the Birth of David Norris' Children: his Oldest Son, named Benjamin, wafe born March the fourteenth, 1766.

the Second Child, named Mark, born February ye 5th, 1768.

the Third Child, named David, born July ye 14th, 1770.

the fourth Child, named John, born August ye 25th, 1772.

the fifth Child, named Edward, born December 5th, 1774; and died April ye 6th, 1775.

the sixth Child, named Nathaniel, born March ye 22nd, 1776.

Ensn. John Moor, Born Apriel ye 9th, 1696.

Hannah Sias, his wife, Born August 21st, 1700.

William Moor, the oldest Son, Born August ye 19, 1720.

Archelaus Moor, Born Apriel ye 6th, 1722.

Elisabeth Moor, Born June 11th, 1724.

Samuel Moor, Born September 13th, 1726.

Sarrah Moor, Born June 1st, 1729.

Nathaniel Moor, Born May 16th, 1733.

Hannah Moor, Born May 6th, 1737.

Mary Moor, Born May 6th, 1740.

Hannah Moore, Wife of ye above John Moore, Died February 11th, 1786.

The above named John Moore Died April ye 10th, A. D. 1786.

Archelaus Moor, Born Apriel ye 6th, 1722.

Hannah Elkins, Born February ye 24th, 1719. they two entred the Marriage Couenant, September 19th, 1745.

Hannah Moor, Junr., Born December ye 1st, 1746.

John Moor, Junr., Born Nouember ye 1st, 1748.

Elkins Moor, Born July 1st, 1751; and Died March 25th, 1756.

Abigail Moor, born March ye 2nd, 1754.

Hannah Clough, Died Apriel ye 6, 1770.

Benjamin Sias, Born July ye 4th, 1747, and married to Abigail Moore, December 25th, 1771.

Jeremiah Sias, born June ye 5th, 1773.

Samuel Sias, born December 23rd, 1775.

Archelaus Sias, born August ye 29th, 1778.

William Forriest, Junr., and Latty Man entred the Marriage Couenant June ye 11th, 1752.

William Forriest, Junr., Born October ye 29th, 1731.

His Wife 1 year younger.

Children born to them:

Janne, Born August ye 25th, 1753.

Mary, Born November ye 22nd, 1755.

Robart, Born October ye 5th, 1757.

Latty, Born June ye 2nd, 1760.

Anne, Born July ye 12, 1762.

Margret, Born Apriel ye 7, 1765; and Dyed May ye 5, 1765.

Elisabeth Born June ye 3, 1766.

Hazzen Webster, the Son of Enoch Webster & Elisabeth, his Wife, wafe Born ye 22nd day of July, 1767; and died Apriel ye 14th, 1768.

John, the Son of Enoch Webster, and Elizabeth, his wife, wafe Born December 25th, 1769.

Lieutenant John Webster, of Canterbury Died Nouember 25th, 1769.

Mr. David Morrill Married to Miss Abigail Stevens, December the 28th, 1763.

Reuben Morrill, Born October ye 18, 1764.

Hannah Morrill, Born October ye 21st, 1766

Mrs. Mary Foster Died March 12, 1813.

MARRIAGE RECORD EXCHANGE

Through the National Committee on Historical Research

Mrs. Willard S. Augsbury, Chairmam

EARLY MARRIAGES IN FREDERICK COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

(Copied at Winchester, Va., by Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Gen. Editor.)

1782, September	1	Balentine, Mary to David Brookless.
1788, February	27	Barnes, Edward to Mary Moore.
1782, July	10	Bateman, Henry to Grace Hoop.
" October	11	Benson, William to Mary Irvin.
" October	11	Bevins, Rachel to James Marney.
" April	24	Bogan, Mary to William Phillips.
1783, March	23	Bonham, Catherine to Stephen Jones.
1782, July	14	Boswell, Winnifred to John Kelly.
" September	1	Brookless, David to Mary Balentine.
" March	26	Buck, Warner to Barbara Slesher.
" August	26	Buller, Barbara to John Hill.
" November	26	Campfield, Catherine to Daniel Mytinger.
" June	3	Cangore, William to Mary McMillan.
" April	23	Cartmell, John to Christian Frye.
" November	25	Colvell, John to Mary Jameson.
1786, April	6	Cooke, Mary Ann to Michael McCormick.
1782, November	25	Cunningham, Mary to John Harper.
1787, August	13	Davis, William to Nancy Wright.
" October	30	Davis, William to Mary Wickersham.
" October	18	Desponet, Elizabeth to Thomas Pollock.
1782, August	18	Easton, Philip to Sarah Smith.
1787, May	23	Edwards, Joseph to Elizabeth Vance.
1785, December	13	Edwards, Thomas to Martha Kesner.
1786, October	24	Everheart, Michael to Barbara Smith.
1782, April	23	Frye, Christian to John Cartmell.
1786, September	11	Fulton, Robert to Mary Ann Ranter.
1782, August	13	Gorman, John to Fanny Masterson.
" November	25	Harper, John to Mary Cunningham.
" August	26	Hill, John to Barbara Buller.
" July	10	Hoop, Grace to Henry Bateman.
" October	11	Irvin, Mary to William Benson.
" June	13	Jack, Samuel to Catherine Knight.
" November	25	Jameson, Mary to John Colvell.
1783, March	23	Jones, Stephen to Catherine Bonham.
1782, July	14	Kelly, John to Winnifred Boswell by Rev. Alexander Balmain.
1785, December	13	Kesner, Martha to Thomas Edwards.
1782, June	13	Knight, Catherine to Samuel Jack.
1786, October	6	McCann, Tabitha to William Tice.
" April	6	McCormick, Michael to Mary Ann Cooke.
1782, June	3	McMillan, Mary to William Cangore.
" October	11	Marney, James to Rachel Bevins.
" August	13	Masterson, Fanny to John Gorman.
" May	14	Miller, Henry to Actsisah Warner.
" July	20	Milton, John to Ann Stribling.
1788, February	27	Moore, Mary to Edward Barnes.
1782, November	26	Mytinger, Daniel to Catherine Campfield.
" October	15	Orndorf, Philip to Elizabeth Seabert.
" April	24	Phillips, William to Mary Bogan.
1787, October	18	Pollock, Thomas to Elizabeth Desponet.
1782, October	15	Rannolds, John to Sarah Thompson.
1786, September	11	Ranter, Mary Ann to Robert Fulton.
1782, October	15	Seabert, Elizabeth to Philip Orndorf.
" March	26	Slesher, Barbara to Warner Buck.
1786, October	24	Smith, Barbara to Michael Everheart.
1782, August	18	Smith, Sarah to Philip Easton.
" October	8	Snapp, Catherine to Jacob Spillin.
" October	8	Spillin, Jacob to Catherine Snapp.

1782, December	2	Stevens, Elizabeth to Andrew Witmon.
" July	20	Stribling, Ann to John Milton.
" October	15	Thompson, Sarah to John Rannolds.
1786, October	6	Tice, William to Tabitha McCann.
1787, May	23	Vance, Elizabeth to Joseph Edwards.
1782, May	14	Warner, Actsisah to Henry Miller.
1787, October	30	Wickersham, Mary to William Davis.
1782, December	2	Witmon, Andrew to Elizabeth Stevens.
1787, August	13	Wright, Nancy to William Davis.

INDEPENDENCE HALL

The Descendants of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence have had printed, in sepia, twelve postcards of Independence Hall, which are now on sale at twenty-five cents a set, postage four cents.

A catalogue of the painting and other works of art in Independence Hall has also been prepared and is on sale. This catalogue contains a short history of Independence Hall and the pictures of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence, as well as a biographical sketch of each signer. It also can be had for twenty-five cents, postage three cents.

Address all orders, inclosing price, to Independence Hall, Philadelphia.

The Genealogical Editor gladly inserts the above notice, as the proceeds from the sale of the cards and hand-books are devoted exclusively for the benefit of Independence Hall.

A RECENT ACQUISITION TO THE LIBRARY

HISTORY OF THE HAGGARD FAMILY IN ENGLAND AND AMERICA, by David D. Haggard, Bloomington, Ill. Pub. 1899.

This genealogy of 136 pages gives an account of the Haggard Family in England, a sketch of the coat of arms, and then traces the descendants of the Haggard Family in this country, all of whom claim to be descended from one James Haggard, a wealthy Englishman, who settled in Norfolk, Va., in 1698, and had four sons: Nathaniel, Edmund, Zachariah and Gray (or Granville). Nathaniel, b Nov. 21, 1723, married Elizabeth Gentry and settled in Albemarle Co., Va. Of their seven sons three became Baptist preachers; and two of the three daughters married Baptist preachers. In 1788 Nathaniel with the entire family moved to Clark Co., Ky., where a colony of Baptists from Culpeper and Orange Counties, Va., had preceded them, and joined the Providence Baptist Church, which numbered among its congregation Daniel Boone. From there the members of the family emigrated into Tennessee, Alabama, Missouri, Illinois and Kansas. One of the sons, David Haggard, born in Albemarle Co. in 1763 is said to have served in the Revolution at the surrender of Cornwallis, and to

be the only Revolutionary soldier buried in Bloomington, Ill. He never applied for a pension; and his name is not found in Virginia Revolutionary Soldiers. It is a tradition, however, that while he was in service his twin brother, Bartlett Haggard, would visit him, quietly exchange clothes and serve for a week or more while David was enjoying the pleasures of home. After the Revolution they married Martha and Nancy Dawson, sisters, and daughters of the Rev. Martin Dawson, a Baptist minister. Edmund Haggard also married and settled in Kentucky, but in Madison Co. His oldest son, William, settled in Tazewell Co., N. C., and served in the Revolution for three years, dying in Garrard Co., Ky., in 1852, aged 98 years. Edmund's descendants were all Methodists; and Rice Haggard, his second son, was the originator of the Christian (or Campbellite) Church.

The book seems to be very carefully compiled, but it lacks that *sine qua non* in a genealogy, an index; and there is not even a table of contents to assist the searcher for knowledge. It contains much valuable information, and will be read with pride by all of the name in this country.

GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

1. Any one is allowed the privilege of sending queries to this department, *provided* they pertain to the Revolutionary period, or that following. Questions pertaining to the Colonial period must be excluded for want of space; also all queries in regard to the requirements or other societies.

2. Queries will be inserted in the order in which they are received. It will, necessarily, be some months between the sending and printing of a query.

3. Answers or partial answers are earnestly desired; and full credit will be given to the sender of the answer, by the Genealogical Editor. She is not responsible for any statements, however, except for those given over her own signature.

4. Write on one side of the paper only. Especial care should be taken to write names and dates *plainly*.

5. Each separate query must be accompanied by a two-cent stamp. Do not use postal cards, or self-addressed envelopes.

6. All Letters to be forwarded to contributors, must be unsealed, and sent in blank, stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its signature.

7. In answering queries, please give the date of the magazine, the number of the query, and its signature.

8. It is impossible for the Genealogical Editor, as such, to send personal replies to queries. They must take their turn and be answered through the columns of the magazine.

ANSWERS

3413. JACKSON. In that fascinating store-house of knowledge, "Pioneer Mothers of America," Volume II, pp 431-6, there is a sketch of Elizabeth Jackson, mother of President Andrew Jackson, compiled from information given by the Historian of the Elizabeth Jackson Chapter, Washington, D. C. In this sketch the statement is made positively that Elizabeth's maiden name was Hutchinson; that her parents were linen weavers and for generations had been noted for their industry, thrift and honesty. It hardly seems probable, therefore, that her name was Vane. I would suggest that A. V. R. correspond with Mrs. Helen A. Engle, the Historian, or with Mrs. R. Augustus Heaton, the Regent of the Elizabeth Jackson Chapter, in regard to the matter. I do not doubt they will be glad to furnish her their reasons for their statement.—*Gen. Ed.*

3451A. (5) MILES. There is a Genealogy of about 200 pages of the Miles Family, of Penna., in the Congressional Library. A recent number of the Athol (Mass.) Transcript mentions a monument recently erected at Petersham, Mass., by Gen. Nelson A. Miles (who was born at Westminster, Mass.) and his brother, Daniel C. Miles, in honor of their ancestors: JACOB MILES (1741-1832), one of the Revolutionary heroes who gave his services and valuable property to the cause of Human Liberty, and his wife, Elizabeth Fitch (1758-1837), their son Daniel Miles (1799-1875), and his wife Mary Curtis (1802-1875).—*Gen. Ed.*

3612. EDGINGTON. The name Edginton, under any of its spellings does not appear in the List of Va. Rev. Soldiers or in McAllister's

Va. Militia in the Revolution. In a list of men serving in the Continental Line from Washington Co., Penna., as recorded in Fifth Series Penna. Archives, Vol IV, p. 398, we find the names of Jesse Edgerton, Isaac and Joseph Edginton, all privates.

(2) JOHNSTONE-DOUGLAS. For the correct title of William and James Johnston and Insley Douglas, of Morris Co., N. J., write to the Adjutant General of the State of N. J., Trenton, N. J., enclosing a dollar for each name, and the search will be made. There are a number of names of N. J. soldiers recorded in Trenton, which have never been printed.—*Gen. Ed.*

(3) SCOTT. While there is no record of a Thomas Scott serving in the Revolution from Vermont, the name of Samuel Scott occurs on the list of the first company of Militia in the town of Bennington, organized Oct. 24, 1764, as a private. Oct. 13, 1777, his name appears among a list of men and horses employed by Capt. Abel Marsh, in carrying flour from Connecticut River to Battenkill for the use of the Northern Army. While Samuel Scott did not go on the expedition, he furnished a horse for twelve days to Capt. Marsh. In Oct. 1780, Samuel Scott was Captain of a company of Militia that served under Col. Ebenezer Woods, from Oct. 16, for two days, traveling seventy miles in that time. In Sept., 1782, the name also occurs as that of a private, who served in Capt. Josiah Fish's Co. of Foot in the First regiment of Militia in Gen. Fletcher's Brigade, Col. Stephen R. Bradley, assisting the sheriff in carrying into execution the law, etc. Whether this last service belongs to the Capt. or not, I

do not know. (Vt. Rev. Rolls, pp. 56, 273, 611 and 632.)—*Gen. Ed.*

(4) STAMM-EMERICK. Nicholas Stam was taxed as a resident of Bern, Berks Co., Pa., in 1781, '84 and '85; and Nicholas Stamm (evidently the same person) was taxed in same twp., in 1779 and 1780. He owned 149 acres of land, horses and cattle. (Penn. Archives, Third Series Vol. XVIII, pp. 451-578 and 710.) Other members of the family who resided in the same township were, A. T., Adam, Alexander, Conrad, Frederick, Henry, Jacob, Leonard, Martin, Peter and Werner (also spelled Verner, Vernor and Vernon). There is no record in either the Third or Fifth Series of the Rev. service of Nicholas, although Adam, David, Peter and Philip Stam are recorded as having served. There were a number of men by name of Emerick, who were residents of Penna. during the Rev., but the only ones who are mentioned as having served are: Adam, from Berks Co., David and John, from Northumberland Co., and Philip, who served in the Penna. State Troops, and in 1832 was a resident of Montgomery Co., Penna., aged 77 yrs., and a Rev. pensioner.—*Gen. Ed.*

3615. ANDREWS. The Andrews Genealogy, giving the descendants of John and Mary Andrews, who settled in Farmington, Conn., in 1640, down to 1872, a book of 652 pages, will quite probably give the answer to R. T. B. See also answer to 3951.—*Gen. Ed.*

3628. (2) GARRARD. There is a Jacob Gerhard mentioned in Penna. Archives, Fifth Series, Vol. V, p 240 as serving in Capt. Ritter's Co., of Berks Co., Militia, in August and Sept., 1780.

3631. DOUGLASS. In the list of S. C. Rev. Soldiers, published by the Columbia State, occurs the name of John Douglass, who was a sergeant, under Col. Anderson, and a Lieut. in Capt. John Irwin's Co.—*Gen. Ed.*

3636. (2) ARNOLD-BLAKEMORE. Richard Arnold served in the Revolution in the Penna. Militia, under Captains Brooks, Robert E. Hooper and Mordecai Roberts, enlisting from Bucks Co., Tenn. He was born in Ireland in 1757, and d July 24, 1843, in Logan, Ind. His widow, Mary Blackmore (Blakemore), applied in 1851 for a pension as his widow, and at that time was aged 87 yrs. They had the following children: George, Jane, Mary, William, Catherine, Richard, Samuel, Charles and Elizabeth. The pension application does not give the names of the persons to whom the children were married.—*Gen. Ed.*

3640. (3) DWYER. There was a James Dwyer, private from Maryland, whose name appears in the Fifth Series, Penna. Archives, on the Roll of the Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of the Invalid Regiment in the Service of the United States, from June 1,

1781, to Jan. 1, 1782. He was honorably discharged at that time, and no further mention is made of him.—*Gen. Ed.*

3647. (6) PETERFISH (BEIDERFISCH). The name of Peterfish or Beiderfish does not appear in any list of Rev. Soldiers from Penna. or Virginia, accessible to the Genealogical Editor.—*Gen. Ed.*

3649. LEACH. There was an Andrew Leach, who served in the Revolution, from Stafford Co., Va., and an examination of the records at the County-seat, Stafford, might show that Elizabeth (Leach) Bridges was a daughter or grand-daughter of his.—*Gen. Ed.*

3752. CAMP. Thomas Camp, who moved to S. C. about 1761, was the son of Thomas Camp, and his wife, formerly Miss Marshall. Thomas was born Feb. 8, 1717, m (1) Winifred Starling, by whom he had twelve children: Edmund, b 1739; Joseph, b 1741; John, b 1743; Nathaniel, b 1745; Thomas, b 1747; Starling, b 1749; Hosea, b 1751; William, b 1753; Alfred, b 1755; Benjamin, b 1757; Elizabeth, b 1759; and Joel, b 1761. His wife died soon after the birth of Joel; and Thomas, m (2) Margaret Corney, b Ireland, June 20, 1744, and had: Henshaw, b 1763; James, b 1765; Daniel, b 1766; Lewis, b 1769; Adam, b 1771; Stephen, b 1773; Larkin, b 1773; Unicy, b 1778; Aaron, b 1780; Ruth, b 1782; and Joshua, b 1786. Thomas Senior died in 1798, and his widow, Margaret in 1824. (The above was contributed from some unknown friend of the Genealogical Department.)

3790. GAYLORD. Joseph Gaylord, who m Rachel Tibbals, Apr. 27, 1766, in Conn., was the son of Lieut. Samuel Gaylord, and Thankful Munson, his wife. Samuel served in the Revolution and died from wounds inflicted in 1778; but the service of Joseph has not yet been proven by me. He may be the Joseph who was a pensioner in 1832, from Litchfield, Conn. An examination of the pension record would probably tell. *Mrs. Albert D. Posz*, Plainview, Minn.

3814. GRYMES. No one has entered the D. A. R. on the service of Nicholas Grymes or Grimes, of Va., neither do I find his name in the Census of 1790; neither is his name on any list of Rev. Soldiers accessible to the Genealogical Editor.

(2) FRAME. While there is no record in Va. Rev. Soldiers of the service of a William Frame, there was a man of that name who served in the Chester Co. Militia, in 1782; and it is possible that he may have moved from Virginia to Pennsylvania during the Revolution. That would have to be proved.—*Gen. Ed.*

(3) TALBOTT. No one has entered the D. A. R. on the service of Samuel Talbott; neither do I find his name in any list of Rev. Soldiers from Virginia accessible to me; but if the statement in regard to his dying from exposure dur-

ing the Revolution can be traced to one who heard it stated at the time of his death, that might be taken as proof of service, at least as a patriot.—*Gen. Ed.*

(4) **TROUTMAN.** There was a Peter Troutman (Troutman), who received Depreciation pay as a Rev. soldier, from Berks Co., Penna. (See Penna. Archives, Fifth Series, Vol. IV, p 268.)—*Gen. Ed.*

(5) **FORMAN.** There was a John Forman, who was living in Hampshire Co., Va., in 1782 and '84, as well as John Forman, Jr. (See Census for Virginia.)—*Gen. Ed.*

(8) **ADAMS.** In 1850, John Adams, 64 yrs. old, b Penna., was living in Jackson Co., Ga. His wife, Elizabeth, was 53 yrs. old, b S. C., and the children in his family, all of whom were b in Ga. were: Harriet, 27 yrs., Nancy, 19 yrs., and Priscilla, 15 yrs.—*Gen. Ed.*

3841. **MALLETTE.** In the answer to 3841 in May issue, a mistake was made by the Genealogical Editor in giving the Rev. ancestor of Mrs. Bateman as Stephen, instead of Gideon Mallette, as it should be.

3924. **DAVIS.** On account of the similarity of names, it seems probable that my ancestors were relatives of the ancestors of M. B. H. I am therefore sending the accounts of mine in the hope that some connection may be found which will aid both of us. My great, great grandfather was Jonathan Davis, of Randolph Co., Va., (now West Va.) His wife was Piety Maxson. Their ch. were: Sabrina (my great grandmother), b July 6, 1798, who m Wm. Low, for his second wife, Aug. 15, 1824; Robert; Elizabeth, who m Abram Helmer; Anna, who m Bill Blue; Gideon, Cheney, James, Lucy, John and Euphemia Narcissus.—*Mrs. U. E. Low, Dayton, Iowa.*

In addition to the above statement the Gen. Ed. appends the application for pension of twelve men by name of William Davis, who claimed to have served in the Revolution from Virginia. They are as follows:

"S. F. 2160. William Davis, of Butler Co., Ohio, in 1832, aged 80, enlisted as a private in 1777, from Stafford Co., Va., in Capt. Wm. Washington's company, Cont. Line. [In a letter on file with this application the statement is made that a dau. of this William, Heathy (or Hettie) Davis, married her cousin, John Davis, who was a soldier of the War of 1812.]

S. F. 3255. William Davis, of Jefferson Co., Tenn., in 1841, aged 84 yrs., enlisted from Halifax Co., Va., in Feb., 1781, under Capt. Conway, Light Horse Harry Lee, Commander.

S. F. 3257. William Davis, of Cocke Co., Tenn., in 1832, aged 70 yrs., enlisted from Culpeper Co., Va., in 1775, and served for 18 months in the Va. Militia, in Capt. Harrison's Co.

S. F. 8277. William Davis, of Orange Co., Va., in 1832, aged 74 yrs., enlisted in the Cont.

Line in Meh., 1776, under Capt. Francis Taylor, in the Second Va. regiment. Was in the battles of Brandywine and Germantown.

S. F. 10521. William Davis, of Lewis Co., Va., applied for pension, but later confessed that his service was rendered in 1794; and the papers were removed. There is a memorandum, however, from one of the inspectors, stating that there was at that time, 1834, a William Davis residing in Harrison Co., Va., who served during the Rev., in N. J. troops.

S. F. 12738. William Davis, of Mainard's Cove, Jackson Co., Ala., in 1842, aged 88 yrs., was born in Hanover Co., Va., enlisted in 1776, from Albemarle Co., Va., as a Minute Man, under Capt. Nicholas Lewis. In 1781 was drafted under Lafayette; and also served two terms as a substitute. He lived after the Rev., in Ky., Tenn. and Ala.

S. F. 15796. William Davis, of Allegheny Co., Va., in 1834, aged 77 years, was born in Maryland, in 1756, enlisted in 1779, from Amherst Co., in Capt. James Pamplin's Co., Va. Militia, as a substitute for John Tinsley; and on two other occasions was a substitute; but in 1780 was drafted in Amherst Co. Militia, in Capt. Barnet's Co. (Dioclesian Reynolds and Wm. H. Davis, both of Allegheny Co., Va., in 1834, certify to his character, etc.)

S. F. 35884. William Davis, of Fleming Co., Ky., in 1818, in his 58th year, enlisted from Frederick Co., Va., in 1781, and was sent to the 3rd regiment of Dragoons, under Capt. Churchill Jones. His name was dropped in 1820, on account of property, but in 1828 he applied again, and his claim was allowed.

S. F. 45896. William Davis of Lunenburg Co., Va., in 1833, aged 82 yrs., was born in Caroline Co., Va., enlisted from Dinwiddie Co., in 1777, under Capt. Walker, and later enlisted for three years, under Capt. Peter Jones, of Dinwiddie Co. He joined the main army at Valley Forge, and was attached to the 14th Va. reg't., commanded by Col. WILLIAM DAVIS. Was in battles of Monmouth, Stony Point, and was taken prisoner at the surrender of Charleston, S. C., put on board the British ship *Renown*, escaped and returned to Dinwiddie Co., where he received a discharge from his Colonel, William Davis, who was then at Chesterfield Court House.

W. F. 6973. William Davis, of Fayette Co., Va., aged 77 years, enlisted from Amherst Co., in 1780, for three years in Va. Cont. Line, and later served under Capt. Nicholas Cabell. Was in the Battle of Guilford Court House, and at the siege of Yorktown. He died in Fayette Co., Va., in 1846, and his widow, Benedicta, received a pension. In 1834, Henry Peyton, Sr., of Cabell Co., testified that he served with William Davis, under Capt. John Peyton, in an Indian war, and also in 1781, under Capt. James Franklin and Capt. James Dillard. He was at

Point Pleasant in 1777, with him, and at Guilford Court House in 1781 with him, also.

W. F. 10309. William Davis of Prince William Co. Va. in 1832, aged 72 yrs. enlisted from New River, Va. in 1776 under Capt. Daniel Trig in the Va. Line, marched against the Indians in the waters of the Big Sandy River and was stationed at Fort Davidson; in 1778 was drafted in Prince William Co. and served 3 months under Capt. Peter Ivens; in 1779 was drafted again, serving under Capt. Valentine Peyton, and marched to Alexandria, Va. He died in 1837, and his widow Jane (King) Davis received a pension.

W. F. 284. William Davis of Logan Co. Ky. (close to the Va. Boundary line) in 1832, aged 85 yrs. enlisted from Chesterfield Co. Va. in the 9th. Va. regiment and served from the time of the Battle of Bunker Hill until after the siege of Yorktown. He died in 1842, and his widow Mary (Taylor) Davis received a pension.

There is also in the Pension Office the application for Bounty-Land of Col. William Davis or Davies. The warrant (BLWt. 597-500-Col.) was issued to him May 7, 1797 for his services as a Colonel. This is supposed to be the William Davis of Isle of Wight Co. who served as Capt. and Colonel, and who in his will, probated in Isle of Wight Co. mentions his lands in Kentucky.

In Augusta Co. Records, Vol. II, the Declarations for pensions of two men by name of William Davis are recorded. They are, however, already given (S. F. 8277 and S. F. 15796.)

In McAllister's Virginia Militia in the Revolution, p 109, is given an abstract of the Declaration of William Davis of Alleghany Co. (S. F. 15796.) On p 207 of the same book mention is made of a William Davis who was appointed Ensign in 1780 or 81 from Greenbrier Co. and on p 217 of same book we have the record of the Montgomery Co. Court, recommending William Davis of that Co. for Second Lieut.

In Va. Rev. Soldiers mention is made of a Lieut. William Davis, who applied for Bounty Land. His claim was withdrawn, however, and the papers in the case returned to him, so nothing further can be found out of him from Richmond.

In the application for pension of Benedicta, wid. of William Davis (W. F. 6973) there is a letter on file from the office of the Auditor, dated Richmond May 13, 1834, stating that "the name of William Davis appears twelve times on the Continental Register and three times on those of the Line. Six individuals of the name received Bounty Land." It may be difficult, therefore, to identify the particular William Davis desired.

3930. MARCELUS. Catherine Marcelus (or Marselis) was the daughter of Derrick or Richard Marselis and Lysbet Van Eps, his wife; and grand-daughter of Ahasuerus Marselis and Sarah Heemstraet, his wife. Richard Marselis (1700-1785) was a patriot of Schenectady, N. Y. where he lived and died. *Mrs. J. R. Kaley*, 151 Montgomery St. Poughkeepsie, N. Y. The *Gen. Ed.* would add to the above information that Mrs. Catherine Clute Conde has joined the D. A. R. on the service of Richard Marselis, and her line is to be found in the Lineage Book D. A. R. Vol. XV, p 109.

3931 (2) GOLDSBOROUGH-GRISWOLD. Mrs. Charles B. Goldsborough, 700 West 113th. Street, New York City, is an authority on the Goldsborough Family of Maryland. Her fine Genealogy of the family which will probably be issued within the year will be a veritable mine of information when published. David M. Griswold, 925 University Building, Syracuse, N. Y. is at work on a Genealogy of the Griswold Family, and has a large amount of data already collected.—*Gen. Ed.*

3933. ROSE. While the following is not a direct answer to E. H. M. it may be of assistance to her in tracing her connection. Lewis Rose, an Indian Fighter during the Revolution whose record was accepted by the D. A. R. some years ago, was born Oct. 11, 1749, in a small village near Bingen, Germany. His parents were Godlove and Barbary Rose, respectable, industrious citizens of the Lutheran faith. They emigrated to America in 1764, landing at Alexandria, Va. In the spring of 1765 Godlove Rose moved to Gaunt's Iron works in Frederick Co. Md. where he continued to reside until 1770 when he moved to Bedford, Penna. where he purchased a tract of land and commenced farming. On Mch. 31, 1772, Lewis Rose m Barbary Trair (or Trayer) and when the Rev. broke out he enlisted in the Penna. Militia. He went to Garrard Co. Ky. in 1779 and was prominent in the Indian uprisings, a splendid account of which may be found in Collins' History of Ky. Vol. II. This account of Lewis Rose is taken from a biography of him published in a Harrodsburg (Ky.) newspaper in 1829. I have been unable to find official proof of his service in Penna. or the names of his brothers and sisters, although it is quite possible that Edward may have been a brother of Lewis.—*Mrs. Malcolm A. Smith*, 1304 North Emporia St., Wichita, Kansas.

3943. HAND. Although I have a great many records of the Hand Family I have never seen any proof that Philip was a Rev. Soldier. Stevens gives a most complete list of the Cape May men, but Philip is not mentioned. Lovicia Ludlam, dau of Anthony Ludlam, m Philip Hand. They had three sons and two daughters: Nathaniel, who m Rachel Hughes; Ludlam, who m Milicent Garrison; Philip who

m Rachel Townsend; Hulda, who m Daniel Cresse; and Priscilla who m William L. Stites. Philip Hand was Sheriff in 1787.—*Mrs. Ward Golden*, Freehold, N. J.

3946. KING. Michael King of York Co. Penna. whose son David m Sophia Ginder married Susan Passmore and they lived in Somerset Co. Penna.—*Miss M. King*, 323 Buckeye Ave., Abilene, Kansas.

3951. ANDREWS. The ancestors of Nancy Andrews (1796-1882) who m (1) Thomas Russell and (2) John Ortt are to be found in an Andrews Genealogy compiled by A. H. Andrews, 174-6, Wabash Ave. Chicago, Ill. (price \$5.00) The edition was limited; but possibly a copy can be obtained by addressing the compiler or if not, through some second-hand store which deals in that class of books. She was the daughter of Moses Andrews (1755-1848) and his wife Elizabeth Clark (1758-1840) and was one of eight children. The descendants of Nancy are not given; but her line of descent from John Andrews the emigrant, who d in this country in 1681 is clearly stated. Moses Andrews and five of his brothers were in the Revolution.—*Mrs. A. P. Phillips*, 123 East Hardin St., Findlay, Ohio. *The Gen. Editor* would add to the above information that Moses Andrews was a Rev. pensioner, resident in Franklin Co. Mass. in 1832 when he was pensioned for service of private and sergeant in the Mass. Continental line and Militia. (See Lineage Book D. A. R. Vol. XXIX, p 35.) See also answer to 3615 in this issue.

3970. SEWALL. A record of the Sewall Family of Maryland can be found in Side Lights on Maryland History by Mrs. Hester Dorsey Richardson, a prominent D. A. R. of Maryland, and Historical writer.—*Gen. Ed.*

3978. TAYLOR. Col. Richard Taylor, b Orange Co. Va. Apr. 3, 1741, son of Zachary and Elizabeth (Lee) Taylor, was m Aug. 20, 1779 to Sarah Strother, dau of William Strother and his wife, Mrs. Sarah (Bailey) Pannill, wid. of Wm. Pannill. She was b Dec. 11, 1760 in Orange Co. Va. and d Dec. 13, 1829 in Jefferson Co. Ky. William was born prior to 1726 and m prior to Feb. 20, 1752, Mrs. Pannill, who d Dec. 1774; he m (2) Mrs. Ann Kavanaugh and after 1780 moved to Bourbon Co. Ky. where he d Sept. 5, 1808. Richard Taylor was the executor of his estate. William was the son of Francis Strother (b 1700) and Susannah Dabney, dau. of John Dabney of Hanover Co. Va. Sarah Strother was educated in the two story school-house, built by her uncle, John Strother, of Culpeper Co. in his yard, and lived with her uncle while attending this school. Capt. John Strother was a wealthy man, imported his teachers from England, and educated his children, grand-children, and also a number of his nieces and nephews in this school, which is still standing. Sarah Strother

had a sister Susannah who m Capt. Moses Hawkins who was killed in the battle of Germantown; and their brother, William Dabney Strother was a colonel in the Revolution, and killed at the battle of Guilford Court-House. The foregoing information was received from a descendant of Col. John Strother of Culpeper Co. *Mr. Henry Strother*, Fort Smith, Ark. and also from a descendant of Capt. Moses Hawkins—*Mrs. L. G. Wright*, LaBelle, Mo.

3979. ALSTON-LYNCH. Elizabeth Alston, b 1728, was the dau of William Alston (Allston) Collector of Customs for Georgetown, S. C. and his wife, Esther Margarette La Bunce (1704-1781). Sept. 5, 1745, she married Thomas Lynch, son of Thomas, and grandson of the emigrant, and had three children: (1) Thomas Jr. b on his father's plantation on the North Santee River, Prince George's Parish, S. C. Aug. 5, 1740, who m Elizabeth Shubrick, was a Captain in 1775 in the first provincial regiment of troops raised in S. C. for the Continental service; resigned to take a seat in the Continental Congress made vacant by his father's feeble health, remained long enough in Philadelphia to sign the Declaration of Independence; and then, with his father started home, but were stopped at Annapolis, by the death of the father. Thomas Jr. returned home, and in 1779 sailed for the south of Europe, but with his wife was lost at sea. (2) Esther, who d unm. (3) Sabina who m John Bowman and had four ch., three daughters who left no issue (two of whom died unmarried) and one son, John Bowman, who changed his name to John Bowman Lynch, and married Miss Campbell, of Baltimore. They had three sons, who died unmarried, and four daughters, three of whom died unmarried. The eldest daughter, Sabina Lynch, married Paul Dismukes, of Nashville, Tenn. and they had nine chn. After the death of Elizabeth (Alston) Lynch, Thomas m (2) Miss Motte from whom are descended the Hamiltons and Prioleaus of S. C. See "The Alstons, and Allstons, of North and South Carolina," by Joseph A. Groves, M. D. pg. 72-73 and The Lives of the Signers of the Declaration by N. Dwight.—*Miss Mattie M. Brownson*, Florence, S. C.

3985 (3) MIDDLESWART. In my travels this summer I ran across an old grave-yard in the Bethany Presbyterian Church, Bridgeville, Penna. (Allegheny Co.) a church which is over one hundred years old, and noticed a number of tombstones of the Middleswart (or Middlesworth, as it is spelled there) family. Allegheny Co. was formed from Washington Co. in 1788 and this graveyard is near Chartiers (not Charities) Creek, which empties into Saw Mill Run. —(Another friend of the Genealogical Department who prefers to hide her good works.)

3986. KNOX. James Knox, son of the emigrant, John Knox, and his wife, Jean Gracy,

was b 1752 in Rowan Co. N. C. and served as a Captain in the Revolution. (Wheeler's History of N. C. p 358.) He refused to join Gov. Tryon in July, 1768, in his attacks on the Regulators, and served in the Continental troops. (Knox Family History by Miss Hattie S. Goodman, Woodleaf, N. C.) He m Lydia Gillespie and in his will he mentions four children: Jean, who m Dec. 25, 1794, Samuel Polk, and became the mother of Pres. James Knox Polk; Naomi, Robert (said to have been a Rev. soldier from one of the Carolinas) and Thomas. The site of the old residence of Capt. James Knox, about two miles west of Huntersville, N. C. is still pointed out to strangers. In the old Hopewell cemetery at Mecklenburg Co. may be found the grave of Capt. Knox, near the gate at the corner nearest the church. His will is on file at Charlotte, N. C.—*Mrs. S. Douglas Knox*, 510 Rock St., Little Rock, Ark.

4007. DEMAREST. On pages 146 to 156 of the "Genealogical and Memorial History of the State of New Jersey," compiled under the editorial supervision of Francis Bagley Lee, and published by the Lewis Historical Society, N.Y. in 1910, is to be found an exhaustive history of the Demarest (Demorest) Family in which E. B. H. may find much of interest.—*Miss Elizabeth C. Hendry*, 5041 Green Street, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa.

4025. (2) WYCKOFF-WIKOFF. A perusal of Mequinness' History of the West Branch Valley may assist M. E. M. R. as the Wyckoff Family were very prominent in the early days of Indian Warfare. The brothers Peter and William were from N. J. Peter with his sons were taken to Canada, captives by the Indians in the summer of 1778. The wife of Peter, Rebecca, made her way back to N. J., where she lived adjoining the Dutch church at Readington in 1782. The sons of Peter were: Cornelius, Joseph, William and John. Joseph signed the oath of allegiance in Northumberland Co. July 30, 1777. He was appointed Lieut. of the 3rd. Co. of the 3rd. Battalion of Militia of Northumberland Co. in 1785. Cornelius Wyckoff left no children. John Wyckoff, second son of Peter, always remained in N. J. He m Altje Jans and they kept the Pottertown Tavern. William, who was taken captive by the Indians, suffered by privation and sickness during the journey but on arriving in the Seneca Country he was adopted into one of the Indian families, according to custom, so his life was fairly comfortable; but in the autumn he was exchanged and returned home. He married Isabella Covenhoven, sister of the noted scout and guide of the West Branch, Robert Covenhoven, June 17, 1786, and they settled near Canandaigua, N. Y. where he died April 2, 1847. After the Revolution Peter Wyckoff and his brother William returned to the West Branch Valley locating again on their old home-

land. Some of the Wyckoff family removed from the West Branch to Harper's Ferry; thence to Kentucky; others went west, so that now the name has become widely distributed all over the United States. A table of the Wyckoff ancestry is included in the History mentioned. Wherever the name may be found, it seems to have emanated from New Jersey originally.—*Mrs. J. C. P. Krom*, Jersey Shore, Penna.

(3) HUGHES-McALLISTER. There is no reference in the large Hughes Genealogy to any one by name of McAllister, nor to a Caty or Catherine who could possibly answer to the description given by M. E. M. R.—*Gen. Ed.*

4036. (5) STIMPSON. George Stimpson (or Stimson) m Abigail Clark in 1751 and they had eleven children as follows: Jeremy, who m Nancy Jones; Abigail who m Roger Fitch; Experience who m Abijah Stone; Henrietta who m John Clafin; Sally, who m Increase Clafin; Betsey who m Samuel Crocker; George who m Sally Westlake (or Westlyck); Ephraim who m Polly Benham; Nathaniel who m (1) Eliza Eliot, and m (2) Phoebe Pond; Harry who m Rebecca Pond; and William who m Phoebe Wright. This George Stimpson was the Paymaster during the Revolution who was mentioned by K. E. B. in her Query.—*Mrs. A. B. Cook*, Massena, N. Y.

4127A. DAMON. The only man of name of Damon mentioned in the Census of Vermont for 1790 is a George Damon, who did not live in Hartford, but in Windsor County, in the town of Woodstock. He had three males over 16 yrs. one under 16 yrs. and six females in his family. There were in the town of Hartford, Windsor Co. three families by the name of Demmon in 1790, two of whom could have been the ones desired. Levi, with one male over 16 yrs. three under 16 yrs. and four females in his family; and William, with one male over 16 yrs. one under 16 yrs. and two females in his family. The other family of Demmons was that of Nathan, who had only one male over 16 yrs. and two females in his family. In each case, of course, one must remember that one of the males over 16 yrs. is the house-holder.—*Gen. Ed.*

4128. DRENNAN. The names of David, James, Joseph, Thomas and William Drennan appear as serving from Penna. but no Hugh Drennan.—*Gen. Ed.*

4162. GERRARD. There is no record of a Jonathan Gerrard under any of the spellings of the name that can be found by the Gen. Ed. Neither does the Census of 1790 give the name. There was a John Gerrard who was a Rev. pensioner living in Ohio in 1835; a Benjamin who served in the 13th Va. regiment; an Elias, and a William who was Captain of Berkeley Co. Militia. There were also men by name of

Isaac, John, Jonah, Josiah and Nathaniel Gerard; also Robert and William Jarret who served in the Revolution from Penna. It is possible that the Jonah who was a private and

ensign in the Washington Co. (Pa.) Militia was your Jonathan. Greene Co. was not formed until after the Revolution. See also answer to 3628 (2).—*Gen. Ed.*

Obituaries from "Western Citizen."

PART II.

[Through the kindness of Mrs. W. H. Whitley, regent of the Jemima Johnson Chapter, D. A. R., Vine Street, Paris, Ky., a number of obituaries have been condensed and copied from the "*Western Citizen*" for the years 1831-1865. This paper was published at Paris, Bourbon Co. Ky. from 1807-1866, but the only copies Mrs. Whitley has seen earlier than 1831 are two special numbers issued during the War of 1812 and a single copy of the issue of 1827. The obituaries are condensed but no item of genealogical value has been omitted. Many notices were not included, for failure to record age, as she had not attempted to record any persons born after 1800. The actual date of death is given where stated; where it is not stated, the issue of the paper is given. These obituaries have been divided into two parts by the Genealogical Editor, Part 1 giving the obituaries of Revolutionary soldiers, or their wives, and Part 2 the obituaries of those whose service, if any, is not stated.]

AKER, Margaret, wid. of Jacob of Bourbon Co., Ky., d Dec. 11, 1855 in 82d year.

ALEXANDER, Margaret (Mrs. Wilson) d Jan. 13, 1831 Harrison Co., Ky., abt. 75.

ALLEN, Adoniram d Nov. 12, 1862 aged 77

ALLEN, Isaac d Sept. 8, 1854 Bourbon Co., Ky., upwards of 70 years

ALLEN, Jane, wid. of Judge Allen, d April 30, 1847 in 82d yr. at residence of daughter, Mrs. Grosjean in Bourbon Co., Ky.

ALLEN, John M. d June 22, 1855 in 82nd yr.

ALLEN, Mrs. Mary d Nov. 9, 1854 in 73d yr.

ALLISON, Andrew d Jan. 5, 1852 in 64th yr.

ANDERSON, Sarah (Mrs.) d May 26, 1865, aged 90 at her son-in-law's Mr. Wm. Benthell's

ARNOLD, Susan P., wid. of Thomas (clerk in Bourbon Circuit Court) d Covington, Ky., at residence of son-in-law Dr. Blackburn, Feb. 4, 1857, aged 80

ARNOLD, Thomas, Sr. d March 6, 1840 in 70th yr. b. in Culpeper Co., Va.; emigrated with his father to Woodford Co., Ky. in 1780. 1793 went to Paris, Ky. to practice law. Performed military service in "Wayne's Campaign."

ASHURST, Rebecca (Mrs.) d Sept. 24, 1855, aged 84. Daughter of John Kennedy. She was one of the oldest settlers in the Co.

AUSTIN, Mrs. Melissa d April 18, 1848 abt. 66

BAKER, Prudence (Mrs.) d April 14, 1865 in 72nd yr.

BARNETT, John d June 2, 1854, Dewitt Co., Ill., abt. 75; formerly of Bourbon Co., Ky.

BASSETT, Frances (Mrs. James) d Jan. 11, 1859 in 72d yr.; native of Va.

BATTERTON, Mrs. Susanna buried May 11 1852, aged 84 yrs. 7 mos. 14 days. Came to Ky. in 1788 from N. C. with parents.

BEDFORD, Mattie Clay (Mrs. Littleberry) d March 1864; b. Charlotte Co. Va. Sept. 8 1772

BEERBRIDGE, Capt. Geo. of Scott Co., Ky d Sept. 15, 1838

BERRY, Mrs. Elizabeth d June 30, 1854 abt. 67

BLEDSON, Sarah H. wid. of Jesse. d Jan. 31, 1849 Frankfort, Franklin Co., Ky., abt. 65

BLYTHE, D. D. Rev. Jas. d May 20, 1842 South Hanover, Ind. in 77th yr.

BOONE, Watson (Col.) Oct. 26, 1855, only surviving child of Daniel Boone is living in Green Co., Mo. Has lived in St. Charles, Warren and Calloway counties.

BORBEIS, Rev. Lewis d April 1, 1840 in 88th yr., Bourbon Co., Ky. Baptist.

BRAMBLETT, Henry d Feb. 10, 1847 in 84th yr.

BRAND, Thomas d Oct. 27, 1855 in 84th yr.; b. Md. emigrated to Augusta Co., Va. and from there to Bourbon Co., Ky. in 1808 or 1809.

BRECKINRIDGE, John d May 5, 1854 in 67th yr.

BRENT, Hugh b. Jan. 18, 1773 came to Ky. with bro-in-law, Capt. Thos. Young in 1789. d July 16, 1848.

BRENT, Richard d 1847 at Lexington, Ky. aged 66

BRISTOW, Mrs. Judith d July 16, 1852 at advanced age in Boyle Co., Ky., at res. of son in law John R. Lyle

BROOKS, Mrs. Eliza M. (Garrard) dau. of late Gov. Garrard, Paris, Ky. d Oct. 26, 1842 Houston, Texas.

BRYAN, Samuel d Oct. 21, 1852 Fayette Co., Ky.; one of oldest citizens in Co.

BUCHANAN, Spencer d Aug. 7, 1840 aged 80 yrs.; one of first settlers of Ky.

BULLOCK, Edmund d July 16, 1852, Louisville, Ky. in 90th yr.; formerly of Fayette Co.

BURNAW, George d April 14, 1848 abt. 59. Was soldier in War of 1812, served one campaign under Maj. Gen. Hopkins as volunteer.

BUTLER, Edmund d Jan. 31, 1846, Montgomery Co., Ky. in 79th yr.

CALDWELL, Ann, wid. of Wm. d May 31, 1838 in 67th yr. Native of Pa., emigrated to Ky. before war whoop had died away. d at residence of son in law, Luther Smith.

CAMPBELL, Elizabeth, wid. of Wm. of Rockbridge Co., Va.; d April 9, 1848 in 68th yr. near Knightstown, Ind.

CARROLL, Charles (Last of the Signers) d Sept. 14, 1831 in 95th yr.

CARTER, Dr. Joseph A. d Feb. 29, 1852 Urbana, Ohio, in 63d yr.

CASTLEMAN, David d May 1852 abt. 67; Fayette Co., Ky.

CHAMBERS, Gov. John of Iowa d Sept. 1852 abt. 73 at res. of son-in-law, Chas. S. Brent, Paris, Ky. b. in N. J. in 1779; emigrated to Mason Co., Ky. Was at Battle of Thames. m. Miss Hannah Taylor

CLARK, A. E. (Mrs.) d June 1863 aged 79, Covington, Ky. (formerly of Bourbon Co.)

CLARKE, Robert d Sept. 24, 1857 in 78th yr.

CLARKE, Mrs. Nancy d abt. 79 Jan. 12, 1849, Nicholas Co., Ky.

CLAY, Margaret, Mrs. (Col.) Henry d June 16, 1854 in 75th yr.

CLAY, Samuel, Sr. d Dec. 7, 1849; old citizen of Ky.

CLINKENBEARD, Isaac, d Feb. 28, 1846, aged 87, near North Middletown, Ky.

CLINKENBEARD, Sarah (Mrs. Isaac) d Feb. 11, 1841, aged 82, Bourbon Co., Ky.

COGSWELL, Nancy (Mrs. Col. Jas. M. of Bates Co., Mo.) dau. of late Gen. Wm. E. Boswell of Harrison Co., Ky. 1812. d June 16, 1860, aged 62

COLCORD, Chas. d May 26, 1854, aged citizen.

COLLINS, Foster d Feb. 22, 1847 at res. of son, Frank Collins, abt. 70 Moved to Bourbon Co., Ky., fr. Va. in 1793.

COLLINS, Mary (Mrs. Wm.) d Jan. 10, 1852 in 71st yr.

COOK, Lucy B. (Mrs. Dr. John E.) d Feb. 6, 1861 in 72d yr.

CORWINE, Sarah (Mrs. Rev. Richard) d March 23, 1862 aged 73 at res. of son in law Rev. D. Stephenson in Shelbyville; b. in Fauquier Co. Va.

COSBY, Mrs. Sarah d Oct. 30, 1859 aged 77 at home of her son in law Major Jas. Trabue.

COUCHMAN, Margaret (Mrs.) d Sept. 28, 1856 in 87th yr. One of the earliest settlers of Ky.; lived in Bourbon Co., Ky. 60 yrs.

COWEN, Robert d Oct. 3, 1856 near North Middletown, Ky. in 80th yr.

CRAIDDOCK, Mrs. Ruth d Dec. 20, 1850 abt. 67 at res. of son in law, Jas. Givens.

CREATH, elder Jacob, Sr. d March 7, 1854, Lexington, Ky.; b. 1777 in Va., emigrated to Ky. in 1800.

CROSE, Henry d August 1, 1845 in 93d yr., Bourbon Co., Ky.

CUMMINS, Mrs. Pamela d July, 1854, abt. 75 at res. of son in law, A. H. Talbott, Bedford, Ky. Formerly of Paris, Ky.

CUMMINS, Wm. d March 24, 1845, Bourbon Co., Ky.; aged citizen

CUNNINGHAM, Isaac d Nov. 11, 1842, Clarke Co., Ky. aged 64

CUNNINGHAM, John (Capt.) d Aug. 19, 1864. Soldier in War of 1812

CUNNINGHAM, Sarah, wid. of Capt. Isaac d April 12, 1845 at advanced age.

CURLE, Mrs. d April 23, 1847, Bourbon, Ky., in 90th yr. at res. of son, John Curle

CURRENT, Elijah d Aug. 23, 1860; old citizen

DARNALL, Elias d March 9, 1860, Bethany, Va.; formerly old citizen of this Co.

DAVIDGE, Henry (Icn.) d Gallatin Co., Ky. 1831, late Judge of circuit; 62 yrs.

DAVIDSON, Mrs. Mary d Feb. 7, 1839 in 74th yr., Bourbon Co., Ky.

DAVIS, Nathaniel d May 27, 1864 aged 73

DEBRULER, Mrs. Anna d April 25, 1858, aged 72

DEBRULER, Miss Polly d Sept. 1854 abt. 80 at res. of nephew B. B. Wright

DESHA, Gen. Joseph, ex-Governor of Ky., d Oct. 12, 1842 at Georgetown

DESHA, Mrs. Margaret, wid. of Governor d May 20, 1849 in 76th yr.

DUNCAN, Capt. Jas. of War of 1812 d April 1, 1841, Clay Co., Mo.; formerly of Ky.

DUNCAN, Mathew, formerly of Bourbon Co., Ky., went to Mo. about 1826. Came to Ky. in 1785 and d Jan. 27, 1844 in Clay Co., Mo.

EADES, Mrs. Priscilla d June 21, 1847, Nicholas Co., Ky. at home of son Preston Eades in 80th yr.

EADES, Thomas, Sr., of Nicholas Co. d Nov. 15, 1838 in Millersburg, Bourbon Co., Ky. in 75th yr.

EASTEN, Gen. Z. d Jan. 15, 1852 at Henderson, Ky. at an advanced age, was formerly of Bourbon Co., Ky.

EDWARDS, Mrs. Elizabeth d Sept. 22, 1850 abt. 80 at res. of son in law Geo. A. Smith.

EDWARDS, Maj. John d Oct. 8, 1852 abt. 79

ELDRIDGE, Peyton R. d Nov. 8, 1848 N. Middletown, Bourbon Co., Ky. abt. 79

ELLIOTT, Major Thos. d Feb. 1843 near Paris, Ky., abt. 45th yr.

ESTELL, Wallace d Sept. 1860, Madison Co. in 86th yr.

FORD, Wm., Sr. d Dec. 20, 1850 in 82d yr.

FOREST, Mrs. Sarah of Bourbon, Ky. d Jan. 10, 1892 aged 76 at res. of Henry Parker.

FORMAN, Thomas Morgan (Gen.) d Mason Co., Ky. near Mayslick Nov. 30, 1864 in 57th yr.

FOTHERGILL, David d Feb. 20, 1854 abt. 69, Madison Co., Ky. Father of Warren W. Fothergill of Paris, Ky.

FOTHERGILL, Sophia, wid. of David, d Fayette Co., Ky. Oct. 3, 1856 in 69th yr.

FWLER, John, "Capt." assigned 2000 acres of land to R. Masterson Oct. 25, 1797, for a debt owed by him. Witnessed by "Col. Thomas Jones."

FRAKES, John d Jan. 28, 1864 aged 86

FRANCIS, Mrs. Martha d Sept. 20, 1850 abt. 72

FRAZIER, John Harmon d Sept. 12, 1863 in 63rd yr.

FRY, Nancy (Mrs.) d Nov. 1862 aged 74 at res. of son Newton Fry

GAINES, Margaret, Mrs. Wm. of Bourbon Co., Ky. d Dec. 26, 1854 abt. 63

GARRARD, James (Gov.) d Aug. 1838

GARRARD, Thos. d Sept. 10, 1842 aged 66

GARRARD, Wm. (Capt.) Soldier of 1812. Son of late Col. Jas. Garrard, former Gov. d Dec. 30, 1838 abt. 69.

GASS, Jas. d Jan. 14, 1854 abt. 89

GASS, John in 91st yr. b Va. Dec. 8, 1765. Came to Ky. with parents, was in Boonesborough during siege. Lived in Madison Co., Ky. until 1793. M. a Miss Anderson. d Dec. 23, 1855. 3 children survive. Funeral at home of son David Gass.

GILTNER, Francis d Jan. 12, 1849 in Carroll Co., Ky. in 77th yr. Formerly of Bourbon Co., Ky., to which he emigrated from Lancaster Co., Pa. in 1785.

GOODMAN, Nathan d May 29, 1840, an old citizen of Bourbon Co., Ky.

GRAFFORD, Mrs. d. Oct. 1831 in 78th yr. in Bourbon Co., Ky.

GRIFFING, Margaret (Mrs. Aaron) d April 1, 1859 in 82d yr.

GRIFFING, Wm. D. d Jan. 11, 1860. t Paris, Ky. Jan. 28, 1800. Parents on both sides were early settlers.

GRIMES, Sylvester d May 11, 1852. Aged citizen.

HALEY, Mrs. Charlotte d June 15, 1860 aged 98

HALL, Stephen d Aug. 18, 1877 Kittanning Pa.; of Bourbon Co., Ky., in 70th yr.

HAMILTON, C. W. of Nicholas Co., Ky. 1864, son in law of Hawes, Elizabeth.

HAMMOND, Chas. Editor of *Gazette*. d April 3, 1840 in 61st yr. Cincinnati, Ohio.

HANSON, Samuel d Feb. 12, 1858, Winchester, Clark Co., Ky., in 72d yr. b. at Alexandria, Va. Speaker of Senate 1839-40

HARCOURT, Elizabeth, wid. of John d Feb. 24, 1892 at res. of Capt. George Moore, aged 69

HARNED, Adalipha, wid. of John of Phila. d Nov. 20, 1855 in 84th yr.

HARRELL, Thomas d Feb. 16, 1855 aged 79

HARRISON, Ann, Mrs. Robert Carter, Sr. d July 27, 1840 in 70th yr., Fayette Co., Ky.

HARRISON, Elizabeth (Mrs.) d May 29, 1863 aged 81 in Fayette Co., Ky. at res. of son, Dr. Harrison.

HARISON, Rev. Joseph Cabell d Sept. 7, 1860, Covington, Ky. in 68th yr., formerly of Fayette Co.

HAWES, Elizabeth d Jan. 1864 aged 79 at res. of son in law, C. W. Hamilton of Nicholas Co., Ky.

HAWES, Samuel d Jan. 18, 1861, Davies Co., oldest bro. of Hon. Richard Hawes of Co.

HAWKINS, Thos. W. d July 24, 1844 in 62d yr. Lexington, Ky.

HAYES, Maj. Thos. d Aug. 25, 1847 in 87th yr.

HAYSE (See Hayes)

HEDGES, John d March 11, 1857 aged 86 yrs.

HEDGES, Peter d Feb. 10, 1865, aged 68; b Bourbon Co., Ky.

HENDERSON, Elizabeth (Mrs.) d Feb. 1, 1865, aged 77, Bourbon Co., Ky.

HENRY, William of Land Office and formerly of Paris, Ky. d Feb. 6, 1846, Washington City, in 73d yr.

HIBLER, Jane d Oct. 14, 1864 aged 99 yrs. at res. of son S. M. Hibler

HICKMAN, Mrs. Clara d Feb. 22, 1843, Bath Co., Ky. abt. 90 yrs. at res. of Mr. Wm. Markham

HICKMAN, Joel d July 16, 1852 in 92d yr. Clark Co., Ky.

HICKMAN, John L. b in Va., Feb. 22, 1777 son of David Hickman. Came to Ky. in 1784 with parents. Sheriff, Legislator and for 8 yrs. Senator d May 18, 1849.

HICKMAN, Wm. d Oct. 24, 1845 in 53d yr. Ky.

HIGGINS, Mrs. Mary E. d April 27, 1859 aged 75, at son Charles' res.

HILDRETH, Joseph d Feb. 14, 1845, Bourbon Co., Ky., one of the first settlers of the Co.

HILDRETH, Marianne, Mrs. Capt. John d June 11, 1862; b. Wythe Co., Va. in 1800, was formerly Miss Finley

HOGGINS, Solomon d April 9, 1845 aged 77

HOLT, Dr. David. Capt. in late war, was at siege of Fort Meigs, etc.; d May 1, 1838, Little Rock, Ark.

HONEY, William d July 31, 1862 in 78th yr.

HORTON, E. W. d Aug. 16, 1861, aged 67

HOUSTON, Nancy (Alexander) d Feb. 28, 1855 abt. 91. Wid. of James who d 1853 aged 85; dau. of Allen Alexander, b. Iredell Co., N. C., emigrated to Ky. 1 yr. after marriage, settled in Bourbon Co. in Caneridge where they lived together 65 yrs.

HOUSTON, Samuel A. d Dec. 1857.; b. Dec. 15, 1792 in N. C.; emigrated to County with father and mother (James Houston)

HOWARD, Paris, d July 27, 1862, aged 86

HUFFMAN, Mary, Mrs. Michael d Feb. 18, 1857, aged 81

HUGHES, Margaret, wid. of John d Dec. 22, 1851 abt. 95 at res. of son in law John S. Todd

HUGHES, Michael d March 12, 1844 in 54th yr.

HUGHES, Mrs. Nancy, d Feb. 21, 1840 aged 76, Bourbon Co., Ky.

HUTCRAFT, Reuben d July 7, 1865 aged 72

HUTCHINGS, James d Feb. 23, 1849; old citizen of Ky.

HUTCHISON, Capt. Wm. d July, 1831, Bourbon Co., Ky.

ISGRIG, Michael d Sept. 28, 1860, Harrison Co., Ky. in 69th yr.

ISGRIG, WILLIAM d March 14, 1860, aged 33, res. on Lick Creek, formerly of County.

JACKSON, Ann, wid. of Dr. John d Feb. 14, 1840 in 93d yr., Bourbon Co., Ky.

JACKSON, John, native of Va. d Jan. 12, 1849 Bourbon Co., Ky.

JACOBY, Jacob, Sr. d Jan. 29, 1843, Bourbon Co., Ky., aged 64

JAMES, Rev. John d Jan. 14, 1860 Millersburg, Ky. aged 78. Methodist preacher

JANUARY, Mrs. Hannah d Aug. 20, 1858 in 79th yr. at res. of J. R. Thornton

JOHNSTON, Capt. Wm. b. in Va., emigrated early to Bourbon Co., Ky., thence to Mo. in 821. Was in campaign under Gen. Harrison a 1812. d Jan. 12, 1850 Boone Co., Mo., in 5th yr.

JONES, Francis d Sept. 21, 1855 aged 80

JONES, James d June 7, 1838 in 81st yr. Bourbon Co., Ky.

JONES, Salathial, wid. of James, d April 12, 1850 abt. 89; native of Va.

JONES, Sarah, dau. of late Jacob Spears, d 1844 aged 44

JONES, W. S. d May 22, 1846 abt. 62. Served in Col. Johnson's Regiment, 1812.

KEENE, Sarah Y. (Fauntleroy), Mrs. Va. chel, b. Queen Anne Co., Md. Jan. 13, 1786; d April 7, 1864 in Scott Co., Ky.

KELLAR, Margaret (Mrs.) wid. of Abraham, d June 1866 aged 82

KENNEDY, David d 1847, old citizen of Bourbon Co., Ky.

KENNEDY, Mrs. Elizabeth d July 25, 1859 aged 67 at home of her son Jacob

KENNEDY, Joseph d Feb. 27, 1860 Danville, Ind. in 77th yr. at son's res. (Mr. P. S. Kennedy); b. in Md., emigrated to Ky. with parents at age of 6 yrs.

KENNEDY, Rev. Thos. d Sept. 18, 1857, Crawford Co., Ill., aged 85 at res. of son in law, Samuel J. Gould.; b. in Va. March 24, 1773, son of Thos. Kennedy, Sr. Came to Ky. with parents in 1779, Bourbon Co. Lived in Christian and Logan Counties, Ky., moved to Ill. Lived at Palestine at time Hutson family was murdered by Indians, where Hutsonville now stands.

KENNEY, Matthew Paton, son of late Jas. Kenney of Fayette, Ky., d Jan. 3, 1852 in Sagamon Co., Ill.

KEWPER, Wm. d Oct. 30, 1846 in 82d yr., Montgomery Co., Ky., pioneer

KIMBROUGH, Wm. d Aug. 1852 abt. 85 in Cynthiana, Ky in 1787

KING, John d July 23, 1852 abt. 76

KIRBY, Richard d Oct. 1, 1855, aged 76

KLIZER, Jos. d July 30, 1846 in 83d yr., Bourbon Co., Ky.; lived 53 yrs. on farm on which he died.

LAKE, Mrs. Isabella d March 18, 1831 at Maysville, Ky., aged 78, at res. of son in law Mr. Wm. Henry

LAMME, James d July 16, 1839, aged 66

LANGHORN, Maj. Maurice d July 9, 1841 aged 68, formerly of Bourbon Co., Ky.

LATHAM, John d June 7, 1838, an aged citizen of Bourbon Co., Ky.

LAUGHLIN, John (Capt.) native of Va. emigrated to Ky. in 1809. d 1838, Aug. 27, in Clarke Co., Ky., aged 72

LAWRENCE, James d March 25, 1857, aged 65

LAYTHAM, See Latham

LEER, David d Aug. 12, 1852 in 86th yr.

LEIGH, Benj. Watkins, U. S. Senator from Va., d 1848 (Richmond Va. *Enquirer*.)

LEWIS, Eleanor Parke (nee Custis) Mrs. Lawrence, d July 15, 1852, Audley, Clark Co., Va., dau. of John Parke Custis, only son of Mrs. Martha Washington by her marriage with Daniel Parke Custis; b March 31, 1779

LUCKIE, Rachel, Mrs. Joseph, of Caneridge, Bourbon Co., Ky. d May 12, 1841 abt. 68

LYLE, Agnes, wid. of Joel R. (first Editor of *Western Citizen*) d Sept. 21, 1849 abt. 66. Dau. of late Matthew Kenney, Sr. of Fayette Co., Ky.; b. in Augusta Co., Va., m. in 1807.

LYLE, John, Sr. d Aug. 6, 1846 near Lexington, Ky. in 79th yr. Native of Va. Came to Fayette, 1796 when he married Miss Tompkins, sister of Judge Tompkins of Ky.

LYLE, Margaret, wid. of Rev. John, d Aug. 21, 1842 Fayette Co., Ky. abt. 82.

LYTER, Henry d Aug. 12, 1842 in 74th yr. Native of Md. Moved with his father at an early age to Va. In 1793 came to Ky. and settled where he lived and died in Bourbon Co.

MCCANN, John d June 1, 1849 in 81st yr.

MCCANN, Nancy, Mrs. John, d April 15, 1842 Bourbon, Ky. in 63rd yr.

MCCCLINTOCK, Wm., Sr. d Nov. 29, 1865 aged 78

MCCONNELL, Col. Edward, War of 1812, d June 4, 1841, buried with honors of war, aged 68. Bourbon Co., Ky.

MCCONNELL, Rebecca, Mrs. Ned. d May 11, 1860

MCCORMICK, Mrs. Mary Anne, d Feb. 21, 1852, Sharpsburg, Ky. abt. 81; formerly of Bourbon Co., Ky.

MCCUNE, Capt. John d May 4, 1849 in 81st yr., Ky. A soldier of Indian wars of the west and 1812. Was at Battle of Thames where he killed an Indian chief.

McGINTY, Dr. Anthony d Sept. 19, 1854, old and respected citizen.

McKEE, John, Sr. d Sept. 10, 1842, an old citizen of Ruddell's Mills, Ky.

McKENNEY, Mrs. Polly, d Sept. 15, 1846 on Green Creek, Ky. in 87th yr.

McMEEKIN, Robert d Sept. 24, 1858 at an advanced age.

McPAYNE, Daniel d Oct. 27, 1865 Trimble Co., Ky. in 71st yr.; oldest member Lexington (Fayette) Bar.

McVICKERS, James d June 23, 1864 Logan Co., O. aged 70; b. Alleghany Co., Pa., moved to Bourbon Co., Ky.

MARSHALL, Hon. Humphrey d July 1841, Lexington, Ky., at very advanced age.

MARTIN, Alexander, native of Pa. and formerly of Paris, Ky., d March 8, 1846 in 67th yr., Levonia, Ia.

MARTIN, John, Warrant 277 for 666 acres land Fayette Co., Ky., Oct. 15, 1779 adjoining "Thos. Foster's line" "Archibald Martin's" "Wm. Moar's corner" signed Patrick Henry, Gov. of Va., May 10, 1786

MASSIE, Jonathan d Dec. 4, 1863 aged 80 yrs.

MENTELLE, Waldemar, d June 26, 1846 near Lexington, Ky. in 77th yr.

MILLER, Col. Isaac d Jan. 19, 1849 Harrison Co., Ky., near Cynthiana in 70th yr. Emigrated to Ky. (then Bourbon, now Harrison) from Va. at age of 16

MILLER, John d Aug. 11, 1846 abt. 76, Nicholas Co., Ky.

MILLER, Robert E., d Jan. 20, 1860 near Millersburg, Ky., aged 80

MILLS, Benjamin, Judge Court of Appeals, d Frankfort, Ky., 1831

MITCHELL, Mrs. Mary d Oct. 8, 1852 at an advanced age

MOAR, See Moore

MONTGOMERY, David, d Feb. 9, 1862, aged 70

MOORE, Mrs. Barbara (Schraeder) daughter of late Conrad Schraeder of Paris, Ky. d aged 61, Jan. 28, 1841

MOORE, Sarah L., wid. of Andrew Moore, d Feb. 12, 1843, Harrison Co., Ky. in 56th yr.

MORAN, Mrs. Letitia, d Aug. 14, 1857, aged 65 yrs.

MORELAND, Wm. d June 25, 1852 in 71st yr., Bourbon Co., Ky. Masonic burial.

MORROW, Col. A. S. d Feb. 9, 1862 Danville, Ky., formerly of Paris

MOUNTJOY, Mrs. Sarah d April 29, 1840 Millersburg, Ky., aged 82, at res. of her grandson, Capt. John Collier.

MUIR, Samuel d Sept. 12, 1844 in 77th yr. Was res. of Ky. 62 yrs. and of Bourbon over 50 yrs. Was in Harmer's campaign and was one of the six of his party that escaped death.

NASH, Francis Harvey d Feb. 22, 1854 in 52d yr.

NAYLOR, Mrs. Sarah d June 12, 1855 in 72d yr., Nicholas Co., Ky.

ORR, Mary B. (Mrs. Col. Alexander D.) d June 6, 1838 aged bet. 65 and 70, Bourbon Co., Ky.

(Owings) OWENS, Mary, wid. of Elihu d Jan. 27, 1847 at res. of her son Rezin C. Owing, Bath Co., Ky. in 74th yr.

PAGET, Wm. d at Millersburg, Bourbon Co., Ky. Aug. 28, 1863 in 84th yr.

PARKER, Henry d April 19, 1858 in 71st yr. Represented this County in legislature one session.

PARKER, Lemuel d Sept. 19, 1838, old citizen.

PARSONS, Rebecca, Mrs. Isaac d Jan. 28, 1859; b May 17, 1778

PARISH, elder Thos. M. d Sept. 26, 1839, North Middletown, Ky., oldest member of church.

PATON, Mrs. Elizabeth d Aug. 1831, Bourbon Co., Ky. abt. 76

PEARCE, Sarah, Mrs. Samuel d Jan. 26, 1850, Bourbon Co., Ky. in 68th yr.

PENN, Delphia, Mrs. Samuel d Jan. 17, 1846, aged 52

PHILLIPS, Thos. d Aug. 15, 1843 in Todd Co. near Elkton, Ky. in 69th yr., was formerly of Paris, Ky.

PICKETT, Col. of Mason Co., Ky. d Feb. 5, 1831 Cincinnati, Ohio

PIPER, James d Sept. 25, 1857, Carlisle, Nicholas Co., Ky. in 81st yr.

PIPER, Nancy A. (Mrs.) b Va. 1778, emigrated early to Ky. with parents; d Dec. 28, 1864 aged 87

PORTER, Mrs. Catherine b in King George Co., Va., March 23, 1773. Moved to Paris, Ky. 1802; d July 23, 1852

PRITCHETT, Mrs. Phoebe d March 23, 1842, aged 81

PULLEN, Agnes, Mrs. James of Boone Co., Ky. d Feb. 21, 1852 at the asylum in 68th yr., Lexington, Ky.

QUARLES, Hon. Tunstall d Jan. 7, 1855 near Somerset, Ky. Was Capt. in War of 1812. Legislator both in Senate and House. Member of Congress when Henry Clay was Speaker. Judge of Mountain District for 12 yrs.

RAINEY, Rev. W. H. d April 21, 1850 abt. 80, Harrison Co., Ky.

RALLEN, James, d May 19, 1865 near Florence, Ky., formerly of this county, aged 89

RESPASS, Harriett, wid. of Col. A. C. d Feb. 7, 1852 abt. 60, Maysville, Ky.

REYNOLDS, Mildon S. (Allen) Mrs. Benjamin R., daughter of late Isham Allen of near Middletown, Ky. d Feb. 15, 1844 in 59th yr. Shippensburg, Pa.

RICE, Mrs. Polly d June 3, 1852 in 85th yr.

RICHESON, John d Aug. 25, 1860 aged 65

ROBERTSON, ELLNER J. (Bainbridge), Mrs. (Hon.) George d Lexington, Ky., Jan. 13, 1865

ROBINSON, James, early settler, Senator and Representative, d in Bourbon Co., Ky. 1831

ROGERS, Nancy (Moran), Mrs. Nathaniel d 1846. Daughter of Edw. B. Moran

ROSEBERRY, Hugh d March 15, 1861 about 72

ROSS, Susan, wid. of James Ross of Bourbon Co., Ky. d March 20, 1844

ROWE, Henry d Oct. 7, 1854 in 84th yr.

ROWE, Rosa, wid. of Henry Rowe, d Nov. 28, 1863 aged 82; b. Pa., came to Ky. in 1790 with parents.

RULE, Samuel d Jan. 13, 1865 aged 87

RULE, Mrs. Susan d Sept. 20, 1844 abt. 73

RUSSELL, RUSSEL, Col. Thos. A. d July 24, 1846, Fayette, Ky.

RYAN, RION, Mrs. Sarah F., formerly of Va. d Jan. 1841, aged 73 at son's residence, Mr. Stokeley T. Rion, Bourbon Co., Ky.

SCOTT, Dr. Joseph of Lexington, Ky. d June 6, 1843 abt. 60

SCOTT, George T., formerly of Bourbon Co., Ky. d March 11, 1843, Jackson, Miss. in 47th yr.

SCOTT, Patrick d Dec. 9, 1845 abt. 72

SCOTT, William d Oct. 14, 1842 in 61st yr.

SCROGIN, Nancy, wid. of Robert, d July 21, 1843 at an advanced age

SEAMANDS, Mrs. Francis, d March 21, 1845, Albemarle Co., Va. 95 or 97 yrs. old.

SHAW, John d Aug. 5, 1843 in 53d yr. Was a native of England, emigrated to America 1819

SHAWHAN, John, emigrated to Bourbon Co., Ky. 1787. Father of Mrs. Elizabeth Smith of Louisiana, Mo.

SHELBY, Gen. James d Aug. 1848, aged 65 in Fayette Co., Ky.

SHERMAN, Mrs. Mary d Aug. 24, 1859 aged 102

SIMPSON, Miss Amelia d Feb. 9, 1862 aged 90, formerly of Fairfax Co., Va., member of household of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Rogers for many years.

SIMPSON, Levi d June 16, 1838, aged 72. Resident Bourbon Co., Ky. 43 yrs.

SKINNER, James d June 26, 1846 abt. 68 in Harrison Co., Ky.

SMEDLEY, Aaron, d Sept. 1860 aged 67

SMITH, Elizabeth, Mrs. James C. d Louisiana, Mo. June 30, 1855; b. March 2, 1795, m. 1811, moved to Mo. 1821; oldest daughter of John Shawhan, one of the first settlers of Bourbon Co. in 1787

SMITH, George A. of Ky. in 1850, son in law of Edwards, Elizabeth

SMITH, George A. d April 21, 1854, old and respectable citizen

SMITH, James C. d Aug. 12, 1842, aged 52

SMITH, Lucretia (Caldwell), Mrs. Luther, last child of late Wm. Caldwell d Jan. 10, 1845

SMITH, Peter in 83rd yr. d March 23, 1864

SPENCER, John d Oct. 14, 1852 abt. 75

STAMPSON, Wm. d Oct. 22, 1855 in 91st yr. From Va. Oldest settler in County

STARK, Col. Cyrus, member of the Bar and native of Bourbon Co., Ky. d Sept. 10, 1846, Palmyra, Mo.

STEELE, Jane (Mrs.) wid. of Rev. John Steele; 5th daughter of Capt. Walter Cunningham; b. Staunton, Va. 1783, d July 24, 1863; emigrated (1) Jessamine Co. (2) Bourbon Co., Ky.

STEPP, Mary, Mrs. F. d April 10, 1852 in 63d yr., Clintonville, Bourbon Co., Ky.

STIVERS, Nancy A., Mrs. R. P. d Oct. 14, 1855 in 66th yr.

STONE, Cynthia, Mrs. Thos. d Aug. 20, 1845, Columbia, Mo. in 57th yr.

STONE, Kinzea, Sr. d Feb. 19, 1846 abt. 73

STUART, Elisha d Oct. 21, 1864 aged 75. War of 1812 in Capt. Manson Seamount's Co.

TALBOTT, Aquilla, d March 17, 1854, old respected citizen in 74th yr.

TALBUTT, Charles d Feb. 9, 1862 aged 72. Native of Va.

TALBUTT, Dan d Sept. 20, 1861 in 80th yr.

TALBOTT, Daniel, Sr. d Nov. 11, 1852, Louisville, Ky. abt 76; formerly of Millersburg, Bourbon Co., Ky.

TALBOTT, Demetrius d April 19, 1839 Bourbon Co., Ky. "old resident of county."

TALBOTT, George, Sr. d Jan. 3, 1852 in 66th yr. Millersburg, Ky.

TALBUTT, Reason, d Feb. 19, 1862 in 79th yr.

TARR, Mrs. Lydia d Jan. 3, 1852 abt. 86

TAYLOR, Simon d March 27, 1854, North Middletown, Ky. in 71st yr.

TEVENBAUGH, Mrs. Magdalen, d June 19, 1847 in 69th yr.

THOMAS, John D. d Leesburg, Bourbon Co., Ky. Aug. 1, 1864 in 70th yr.

THOMAS, Mrs. Samuel d Oct. 6, 1855, aged 80, resident of Bourbon Co., Ky. since 1792.

THORNTON, Mary S. Harrison, Mrs. Dr. John H., daughter of late Gen. Harrison d Nov. 25, 1842, North Bend, Indiana.

THROCKMORTON, John d Nov. 6, 1865 aged 86, Boyd's Station, Nicholas Co., Ky.

THROCKMORTON, Sally (Mrs.) d Nov. 23, 1862 Nicholas Co., Ky. aged 79

TIMBERLAKE, Henry, Esq., youngest son of Richard and Mary Timberlake, b. Hanover Co., Va., Sept. 18, 1777. Came to Ky. in 1786, lived in what was then Bourbon, now Harrison Co. Was Justice of Peace 16 yrs. and represented his county in legislature 1815 and 1825. d Jan. 2, 1848 in 71st yr.

TODD, John d Feb. 18, 1861, Paris, Ill. Was son of Dr. John Todd (Bourbon) who had also David and Andrew and 2 daughters, wives of Rev. John McFarland of Paris, Ky. and of late Dr. Edgar of Nashville, Tenn. b 1802, m 1823 Miss Mary B. Reynolds, daughter of Rev. Samuel Reynolds.

TODD, Mrs. Margaret, d near Lexington, Ky., aged 57 in 1831

TODD, Mary (Todd), Mrs. Dr. A. Todd, daughter of Rev. John Todd of Va. b Jan. 24, 1839 abt. 77, Bourbon Co., Ky.

TOWLS, Henry d Aug. 25, 1854, Ky.

TOWLES, John d June 28, 1844.

TRICE, Mrs. Mildred d March 17, 1845 in 83d yr.

TRIGG, Susan, wid. of Major Wm., d March 6, 1844 Frankfort, Ky., at an advanced age.

TRIMBLE, Nancy, wid. of Judge Robert (N. B. Supreme Court) in 78th yr. at residence of son in law Dr. Flint; b. in Hanover Co., Va. 1782, m. 1803, d June 1, 1860

TRIMBLE, Hon. David d Sept. 15, 1842, Greenup Co., Ky.

TROUTMAN, Peter H. d Sept. 13, 1858 at residence of son in law, A. W. Darling at Carrolton, Ky.; b. Md. Feb. 1788, formerly of Bourbon

TRUMBULL, John d 1831, Detroit, Mich., aged 81

TRUNDELL, Daniel d July 30, 1846 abt. 53

TUCKER, Elias d Feb. 1, 1861, old citizen

VARNON, John d Georgetown, Ky. Jan. 27, 1865 aged 87; b Delaware 1778, emigrated to Bourbon Co., Ky. 1794. 82 lineal descendants, 13 children, 33 grandchildren, 36 great grandchildren

VIMVIRT, Rosannah, wid. of Lewis, b N. C., emigrated to Ky. in early life. d Millersburg, Ky., Oct. 14, 1864.

WALKER, Joseph d Jan. 16, 1843 Harrison Co., Ky. abt. 80 yrs.

WARD, Capt. James d March 9, 1846, Mason Co., Ky. near Washington, Bourbon Co., Ky. abt. 83. Was a citizen of the county 65 yrs.

WARD, James d March 5, 1852, Bourbon Co., Ky. at an advanced age

WARD, Martha, wid. of James, d Jan. 15, 1854 in 62d yr.

WARE, Col. Thompson, d Sept. 9, 1852 abt. 84

WARFIELD, Nicholas d Dec. 2, 1863 Fayette Co., Ky. in 78th yr.; formerly a resident of Bourbon Co.

WASSON, Sarah, Mrs. Joseph of Lexington, Ky. d Aug. 26, 1864 aged 74

WEBB, Mrs. Sally, b. in Bourbon Co., May 24, 1793; d. Jan. 1859

WEST, Mrs. Elizabeth d Jan. 15, 1847 in Bourbon Co., Ky. in 86th yr. at residence of her son in law.

WHEAT, Mrs. d Aug. 27, 1852 in 82d yr.

WILLIAMS, Mrs. Elizabeth d March 16, 1844 in 50th yr.

WILSON, Wm. Spicer, d June 5, 1860, Mt. Sterling; old citizen

WITHERSPOON, Mrs. Sarah W., d July 17, 1849, Boyle Co., Ky. abt. 63

WOODFORD, Thos. d Jan. 16, 1852 abt. 69

WOOLFORD, Abraham d June 3, 1852 in East Maysville, Ky.; aged citizen

WORNALL, Sarah, Mrs. (Col.) Thos. d Sept. 23, 1854 in 78th yr. at residence of son in law Francis P. Clay

WRIGHT, Isaac d Sept. 18, 1863 in 72nd yr.

WRIGHT, John d Oct. 26, 1849 abt. 63

WYATT, Susan, Mrs. Emanuel, b. in Spottsylvania Co., Va. 1782; d Jan. 15, 1848 in Ky.

QUERIES

4095. NORTH. Roger North, 8 of whose sons were in the Rev., all, it is said, in the Battle of Monmouth, made a patriotic speech at Trappe Inn, where the patriots met at the beginning of the Rev. and determined to resist England. He said that although disabled himself by age and infirmity so that he could not engage in the struggle for human rights, his sons belonged to his country in the day of her need, when she must and should be defended. From what record is the above quoted?—*A. N. M.*

4096. ABBOTT. Hull Abbott and Bethia Row, whose marriage intentions were pub. April 4, 1766, had a dau. Rachael, b Feb. 2, 1770. Hull Abbott was a sea-faring man, lost off Cape Ann in a terrible gale when many boats went down some year after 1830. Did he have Rev. service?

(2) WHITTEREDGE. Richard Whitteredge, brother of Mary W., whose marriage intentions with Capt. Andrew Harraden were pub. June 29, 1789, had marriage int. with Rachael Abbott pub. Oct. 9, 1790, and d Oct. 12, 1807. His parentage wanted. Had his father Rev. service? All the above were from Gloucester, Mass.

(3) DALE. Rachael Dale (July 1762-July 1, 1827) m Jacob Dascomb of Lyndeborough, later Wilton, N. H. Her parentage? Father's Rev. service?

(4) ORDWAY. Elizabeth Ordway of Amesbury, Mass. m 1760 Nathaniel Bradley of Haverhill, Mass. (June 1, 1738-April 3, 1804). Her parentage? Father's Rev. service?—*E. A. A.*

4097. MORRILL. John Morrill m Betty Clough and had a dau. Sarah, b in Salisbury, Mass. 1752. Had he Rev. service?

(2) FRENCH. Who were the parents of Betsy French, b Hallowell, Me. 1776? She m Noah Prescott 1795, after which she lived and d in Searsmont, Me. Had her father Rev. service?—*E. B.*

4098. MARTIN-WINN. Did John Martin of Richmond, Va., who m Anne Farish, serve in the Rev.? Their dau. Letitia attended Washington's Inaugural Ball and was a wealthy belle of her day. She m (1) Thomas Carter, killed in battle of Augusta, Ga., (2) Thomas Winn. Was Thomas Winn in the Rev.? I believe John Martin moved to Edgefield and his dau. m Thomas Winn there, for her home was in S. C.

(2) SALE-DAWSON. Wanted, Rev. service for Leroy Sale of Richmond, who m Jane Dawson, for Jane Dawson's father, and for Lewis, son of Leroy and Jane (Dawson) Sale.

(3) HUGHES-MOSS. Is there Rev. service for the father of Charity Hughes, who m John Moss, of Edgefield District, S. C., or for John Moss?

(4) GROVES. Did Solomon Groves of Md. who m Elizabeth Nicholson serve, or their son John Groves of Baltimore, who m Letitia Winn, dau. of Thomas and Letitia Martin Carter Winn?

(5) BURCH. Did John Burch, who m Sara Gerald Phillips (cousin of George Washington) and lived in Westmoreland Co. or Petersburg, Va., serve in the Rev.? Later he lived in Hancock Co., Ga. (1790) and d in Macon, Ga.

(6) LEE. Did Cato Lee who m Nancy Holland serve as a private under Gen. Marion and later under Gen. Eton?

(7) BROOKING. Did Edward Brooking of Amelia Co. Va. serve? Or his son Col. Edward Brooking, who m Rebecca Jackson and moved from Amelia Co. Va. to Hancock Co. Ga.?

(8) BRODDNAX-VIVEIN, VIVIAN. Did members of these families of Va. serve in the Rev.?—*M. L. W.*

4099. HEATH. Wanted, names of the children of Gen. William Heath who served in the Rev. on Gen. Washington's staff, and names of the children of any other Gen. Heath.—*M. G. W.*

4100. COTTEN. William Cotten, son of Alexander Spotswood Cotten, was at Gates' defeat and d in N. C., Hertford Co. I think. He m Ann Kirvin. Proof of this service desired. Address *Miss Martha Glenn*, Sylacauga, Ala.

(2) STEWART-CARTER. Elizabeth Stewart was the dau. of David Stewart, b 1776, and his wife Sally or Sarah Carter, b 1780. Will some one give data for D. A. R. admission of the parents of David Stewart and Sarah Carter? Elizabeth's brothers were John, Lorenz or Dow, James; sisters, Angelina, Susan. They moved from Va. to Ky. Address *Mrs. H. H. Howard*, Sylacauga, Ala.

(3) EICHELBERGER-JOHNSTON. David Eichelberger, b 1801, m Sarah Keeley. He was the son of Michael Eichelberger, b 1774 and his wife Mary Johnston, b 1779. The parents of Michael and Mary desired, to complete line to join D. A. R. Supposed to have been m in Franklin Co. Penna. and moved to Bedford Co. Penna. Address *Mrs. Jas. H. Lane*, Sylacauga, Ala.

(4) ROBERTS. The parents of the following family desired: Joshua, John, Daniel, Josiah, William, Annie and Elizabeth Roberts. They were of Brunswick Co. Va. and Joshua served in the War of 1812. Address *Mrs. J. H. Lane*, Sylacauga, Ala.

(5) RAINEY. Will some one give the parents and Rev. service of the father of Dr. Jas. Morris Rainey and Samuel Rainey of York Co. S. C.? Address *Miss Blanche Rainey*, Sylacauga, Ala.

OFFICIAL

The National Society of the

Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters Memorial Continental Hall, Seventeenth and D Streets, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management 1915-1916

President General

MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY,

36 Gramercy Park, New York, N. Y., and Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General

(Term of office expires 1916.)

MRS. GEORGE MAYNARD MINOR,
Waterford, Conn.

MRS. JOSEPH S. WOOD,
135 S. 2nd Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

MRS. ELIZA FERRY LEARY,
1551 10th Ave., N., Seattle, Wash.

MRS. CHARLES CLEMENCE ABBOTT,
Washington St., Keene, N. H.

MRS. ALVIN V. LANE,
2505 Maple Ave., Dallas, Texas.

MRS. GEORGE T. SMALLWOOD,
3520 16th St., Washington, D. C.

MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON,
1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke, Va.

MRS. CHARLES R. DAVIS,
St. Peter, Minn.

MRS. EDMUND F. NOEL,
Lexington, Miss.

MRS. WILLIAM H. CROSBY,
1042 Main St., Racine, Wis.

(Term of office expires 1917.)

MRS. EDMUND P. MOODY,
1004 W. 10th St., Wilmington, Del.

MRS. RHETT GOODE,
60 St. Emanuel St., Mobile, Ala.

MRS. KENT HAMILTON,
2317 Scottwood Ave., Toledo, Ohio.

MRS. WILLIAM HAIMES SMITH,
The Snuggery, Parkersburg, W. Va.

MRS. CHARLES SPALDING THOMAS,
123 E. 16th Ave., Denver, Colo.

MRS. JOHN LEE DINWIDDIE,
Fowler, Ind.

MRS. JOHN F. SWIFT,
2715 Benvenue Ave., Berkeley, Cal.

MRS. SAMUEL MCKNIGHT GREEN,
3815 Magnolia Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

MRS. WILLIAM H. THOMPSON,
E. Maxwell St., Lexington, Ky.

MRS. SHEPPARD W. FOSTER,
711 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

Chaplain General

MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
The Columbia, Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General

MRS. WILLIAM C. BOYLE,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Organizing Secretary General

MRS. WILLIAM A. SMOOT,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Treasurer General

MRS. JOSEPH E. RANDELL,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary General

MRS. JULIUS C. BURROWS,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Registrar General

MISS GRACE M. PIERCE,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Historian General

MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution

MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.,
788 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.

Librarian General

MRS. GEORGE M. STERNBERG,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Curator General

MISS CATHERINE B. BARLOW,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

State Regents and State Vice-Regents—1915-16

ALABAMA	MRS. JOHN LEWIS COBBS, 124 Mobile St., Montgomery. MRS. WILLIAM HARVEY, 423 Sherman St., New Decatur.
ARIZONA	MRS. HARRY L. CHANDLER, Mesa. MRS. JOHN S. BAYLESS, Tucson.
ARKANSAS	MISS STELLA PICKETT HARDY, Batesville. MRS. SAMUEL PRESTON DAVIS, 523 E. Capitol Ave., Little Rock.
CALIFORNIA	MRS. MAYNARD FORCE THAYER, 651 S. Pasadena Ave., Pasadena. MRS. JOHN C. LYNCH, 1848 University Ave., Berkeley.
COLORADO	MRS. WINFIELD S. TARBELL, 1645 Vine St., Denver. MISS KATHARINE S. McELROY, R. F. D. No. 1, Box No. 1, Greeley.
CONNECTICUT	MRS. JOHN LAIDLAW BUEL, Litchfield. MRS. CHARLES H. BISSELL, Southington.
DELAWARE	MRS. GEORGE C. HALL, St. John's Rectory, 2300 Blvd., Wilmington MISS ELEANOR EUGENIA TODD, Newark.
DIST. OF COLUMBIA	MRS. FRANK FOSTER GREENAWALT, 1719 Lanier Pl., Washington. MISS JANET E. RICHARDS, "The Olympia," Washington.
FLORIDA	MRS. M. W. CARRUTH, 412 W. Lafayette St., Tampa. MRS. ALEXANDER T. BIGELOW, Box 72, Seabreeze.
GEORGIA	MRS. THADEUS C. PARKER, Ingleside, Vineville, Macon. MRS. ALEXANDER O. HARPER, Dewyrose, Elberton.
IDAHO	MRS. CHARLES W. PURSELL, 4 Hurtt Apts., Boise. MRS. WARD STONE, Caldwell.
ILLINOIS	MRS. GEORGE T. PAGE, 127 Flora Ave., Peoria. MRS. FRANK W. BAHNSEN, 723 20th St., Rock Island.
INDIANA	MRS. HENRY A. BECK, 3522 Central Ave., Indianapolis. MISS EMMA A. DONNELL, Greensburg.
IOWA	MRS. ROBERT J. JOHNSTON, Humboldt. MRS. DAVID A. COLLIER, 326 Fulton St., Keokuk.
KANSAS	MRS. GEORGE THACHER GUERNSEY, "Ridgewood," Independence. MRS. L. L. KIENE, 501 Lincoln St., Topeka.
KENTUCKY	MRS. WALTER S. GLORE, Danville. MISS JENNIE DAVIESS BLACKBURN, 716 11th St., Bowling Green.
LOUISIANA	MRS. WILLIAM W. WALLIS, 1302 Washington Ave., New Orleans. MRS. TILLY H. SCOVELL, 1002 Olive St., Shreveport.
MAINE	MRS. CHARLES W. STEELE, Farmington. MRS. WILFORD G. CHAPMAN, 482 Cumberland Ave., Portland.
MARYLAND	MRS. ARTHUR LEE BOSLEY, 1406 Mt. Royal Ave., Baltimore. MRS. WILLIAM H. TALBOTT, Rockville.
MASSACHUSETTS	MRS. GEORGE O. JENKINS, 28 Warren Ave., Whitman. MRS. FREDERICK S. DAVIS, 10 Westland Ave., Boston.
MICHIGAN	MRS. WILLIAM H. WAIT, 1706 Cambridge Rd., Ann Arbor. MISS ALICE LOUISE McDUFFEE, 1012 W. Main St., Kalamazoo.
MINNESOTA	MRS. GEORGE C. SQUIRES, 698 Oakland Ave., St. Paul. MRS. WILLIAM H. MOREHART, 104 Pleasant St., Mankato.
MISSISSIPPI	MRS. ANDREW FULLER FOX, West Point. MRS. THOMAS FRANKLIN, Columbus.
MISSOURI	MRS. MARK S. SALISBURY, Independence. MRS. HERBERT A. OWEN, 1027 Henry St., St. Joseph.
MONTANA	MRS. EDWARD A. MORLEY, 15 S. Benton Ave., Helena. MRS. CHARLES A. BLACKBURN, 804 W. Silver St., Butte.
NEBRASKA	MRS. CHARLES H. AULL, 1926 S. 33rd St., Omaha. MRS. HELEN MARR B. DRAKE, 606 N. 6th St., Beatrice.
NEVADA	MISS BIRD M. WILSON, Goldfield.
NEW HAMPSHIRE	MISS ANNIE WALLACE, Rochester. MRS. WILL BERNARD HOWE, 35 South St., Concord.
NEW JERSEY	MRS. GEORGE W. GEDNEY, 50 Montclair Ave., Montclair. MRS. WILLIAM D. SHERRERD, Highland Ave. Haddonfield.
NEW MEXICO	MRS. SINGLETON M. ASHENFELTER, Silver City. MRS. WILLIAM H. POPE, Santa Fe.
NEW YORK	MRS. BENJAMIN F. SPRAKER, Palatine Bridge. MRS. DAVID B. PAGE, 157 W. 3rd St., Oswego.
NORTH CAROLINA	MISS LIDA TUNSTALL RODMAN, P. O. Box 175, Washington. MRS. THEODORE S. MORRISON, Asheville.

NORTH DAKOTA	MRS. GEORGE M. YOUNG, Valley City.
OHIO	MRS. AUSTIN C. BRANT, 848 N. Market St., Canton. MRS. EDWARD LANSING HARRIS, 6719 Euclid Ave., Cleveland.
OKLAHOMA	MRS. J. D. HAIL, 1325 S. Cheyenne Ave., Tulsa. MRS. SNOWDEN HALL MOORE, McAlester.
OREGON	MRS. ISAAC L. PATTERSON, Eola Rd., Salem. MISS MARIA RUTH GUPPY, 1158 High St., Eugene.
PENNSYLVANIA	MISS EMMA L. CROWELL, Oak Lane, Philadelphia. MRS. ANTHONY WAYNE COOK, Hotel Schenley, Pittsburgh.
RHODE ISLAND	MRS. CHARLES E. LONGLEY, 87 Walcott St., Pawtucket. MISS FLORENCE G. BULLOCK, 74 Harris Ave., Woonsocket.
SOUTH CAROLINA	MRS. FRED H. H. CALHOUN, Clemson College. MRS. HUGH L. MCCOLL, Bennettsville.
SOUTH DAKOTA	MRS. EDWARD B. KEATOR, 907 Park St., Watertown. MRS. E. ST. CLAIR SNYDER, 617 2nd St., N. W., Watertown.
TENNESSEE	MRS. GEORGE W. BAXTER, 437 Temple Ave., Knoxville. MRS. HALLUM W. GOODLOE, Franklin.
TEXAS	MRS. ANDREW ROSE, 821 Olive St., Texarkana. MRS. CHARLES E. KELLY, 900 Mesa Ave., El Paso.
UTAH	MRS. LEE CHARLES MILLER, 943 East 1st South St., Salt Lake City. MRS. LUCIUS ENDICOTT HALL, 78 East 1st North St., Salt Lake City.
VERMONT	MRS. PERLEY HAZEN, 5 Highland Ave., St. Johnsbury. MRS. E. R. PEMBER, Wells.
VIRGINIA	MRS. J. F. MAUPIN, 42 N. Court St., Portsmouth. MISS ALETHEA SERPELL, Norfolk.
WASHINGTON	MRS. EDMUND BOWDEN, 1534 18th Ave., Seattle. MRS. JAMES S. MCKEE, Hoquiam.
WEST VIRGINIA	MRS. PARKS FISHER, 186 Willey St., Morgantown. MRS. LINN BRANNON, 236 Center Ave., Weston.
WISCONSIN	MRS. JOHN P. HUME, 358 Royal Pl., Milwaukee. MRS. JOHN G. REXFORD, 210 Sinclair St., Janesville.
WYOMING	MISS GRACE RAYMOND HEBARD, Laramie. MRS. E. RICHARD SHIPP, 443 Beach St., Casper.
ORIENT	MRS. CHARLES S. LOBINGIER, care of Judge Lobingier, Shanghai, China.

Honorary Officers Elected for Life

Honorary Presidents General

MRS. JOHN W. FOSTER,
MRS. DANIEL MANNING,

MRS. DONALD MCLEAN,
MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT.

Honorary President Presiding

MRS. MARY V. E. CABELL.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General

.....	MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON, 1906.
MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895.	MRS. SARA T. KINNEY, 1910.
MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GEER, 1896.	MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, 1911.
MRS. MILDRED S. MATHES, 1899.	MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, 1913.
MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, 1905.	MRS. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 1913.
MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.	MRS. WALLACE DELAFIELD, 1914.
	MRS. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, 1914.

National Board of Management

Regular Meeting, Wednesday, June 16, 1915

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story, in the Board Room of Memorial Continental Hall, Wednesday, June 16, 1915, at 10:15 a. m.

After a prayer by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Lockwood, the members joined in repeating the Lord's Prayer.

The following members responded to roll call: President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story. Vice-Presidents General: Mrs. Smallwood, District of Columbia; Mrs. Moody, Delaware. Active Officers: Mrs. Lockwood, Chaplain General; Mrs. Boyle, Recording Secretary General; Mrs. Smoot, Organizing Secretary General; Miss Pierce, Registrar General; Mrs. Sternberg, Librarian General; Miss Barlow, Curator General. State Regents: Mrs. Buel, Connecticut; Mrs. Hall, Delaware; Mrs. Greenawalt, District of Columbia; Mrs. Bosley, Maryland; Miss Wallace, New Hampshire; Mrs. Gedney, New Jersey; Mrs. Spraker, New York; Miss Crowell, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Longley, Rhode Island; Mrs. Maupin, Virginia; Mrs. Parks Fisher, West Virginia.

The President General stated that she would not take up the time of the Board with a report, but she desired her first words to be those of tender remembrance of the women who were not meeting with the Board, some of them through sad affliction, mentioning particularly Mrs. Abbott, Vice-President General from New Hampshire, who had lost her father; and Mrs. Goss, former State Regent, of New Hampshire, who had met a great sorrow in the death of her husband; suggesting that the Board would wish to send an expression of tender sympathy to those women; that a loving little message to Mrs. Davis, Vice-President General from Minnesota, who had had to undergo a severe operation, much more painful than she had anticipated, would be very much appreciated; as also to Mrs. Foster, Vice-President General from Georgia, who was confined to her bed and suffering exceedingly; and to Mrs. Augsbury, Historian General, who was unable to be present because of illness; to Mrs. Burrows, Corresponding Secretary General, who the Board was rejoiced to know was recovering, even though slowly, from the effects of the operation she had undergone; to Mrs. Ransdell, Treasurer General, who had been ill since returning to her home in Louisiana; and to any other members who were unable to be present because of illness or affliction, the Board would like to send a message of affection and sympathy.

The President General referred to the appointment it had been her privilege to make of the Secretary of Memorial Continental Hall Committee, and of the honor which had been conferred upon the Society by Mrs. Robert Lansing's acceptance of it. Mrs. Lansing is the daughter of our Honorary President General, Mrs. John W. Foster.

The President General reported also that the order for the cup usually sent to Annapolis had been given, and that the regular routine of business had been attended to.

On motion of Mrs. Buel, seconded by Mrs. Gedney, it was carried, *that a message of deep sympathy be sent to Mrs. Abbott and Mrs. Goss in their sorrow; and letters of sympathy to Mrs. Davis and others in their illness.*

The report of the Recording Secretary General was then read by Mrs. Boyle.

Report of Recording Secretary General.

Madam President General, and members of the Board of Management.

Since the meeting of the Board of Management, on April 26, 1915, the routine work of the office of the Recording Secretary General has gone forward as usual.

The minutes of the Board meetings of April 17 and 26 have been prepared and turned over to the editor of the Magazine and proof read as far as completed. Copies of the rulings of these meetings have been sent to all offices. The minutes of the April meeting of the Memorial Continental Hall Committee, and of the Executive Committee meetings, have also been transcribed.

The official notices, letters of sympathy, regret, and condolence in connection with the Twenty-fourth Congress have been sent out from this office.

The new officers list has been sent to the Magazine, and copies of that list are here for distribution.

Notices of appointments on committees are being sent out as lists are received from the President General.

The printed copies of the Constitution are being corrected in conformity with the revision of the By-Laws as made at the 24th Congress.

The notices to the members of the Board of the meeting to be held June 16 were mailed two weeks in advance, as were the cards of re-appointment to the Memorial Continental Hall Committee and notices of the meeting of that Committee on June 15.

Cards of condolence have been sent to the families of deceased Daughters and to Regents

of their Chapters in all cases when the Recording Secretary has been notified.

The notification cards to new members (1213) admitted at the April 17 Board meeting, and 83 admitted April 26, were promptly mailed and many letters of appreciation have been received in acknowledgment.

All documents requiring her signature have been signed by the Recording Secretary General.

Regrets and acceptances for the June Board meeting have been received and filed.

Certificates of membership issued, 498.

The following invitations have been received: From Mrs. Frederick Heber Eaton, of New York City, to attend reception in honor of the President General, May 19, from four to seven; from the President and Faculty of the George Washington University to attend the 94th Commencement of the University June 9, at 8 p. m., Memorial Continental Hall; from the Interstate Boone Trail Committee, North Carolina, Tenn., Virginia, and Kentucky, and the Daughters of the American Revolution, to attend the unveiling of a monument June 30, 1915, at eleven o'clock, Cumberland Gap, Tenn.

The following Year Books have been received: Captain Job Knapp Chapter of Massachusetts and General Henry Dearborn Chapter of Illinois.

There has also been received from the Kansas Daughters, announcement of the candidacy of Mrs. George Thacher Guernsey of Independence, Kansas, for the office of President General in 1917; from the U. S. Press Association, description of "Mount Vernon, the Home of Washington"; from the Eugenics Record Office, Charles B. Davenport, Secretary, a letter giving data concerning the traits of America families:

An interesting letter from Miss Mary E. Springer, Regent of the Havana Chapter, expressing appreciation of the honor of being a member of the Memorial Continental Hall Committee, and also of appreciation of the kind cooperation of the Army and Navy Chapter, and especially Mrs. Baird, in having the bronze memorial tablet re-affixed to the mast of the "Maine," a place it had held for two years until the wreck of the Maine was sunk outside Havana Harbor. Miss Springer regretted exceedingly she could not be present at the Memorial Exercises at Arlington on May 31st.

Respectfully submitted,

ABBIE WILLIAMS R. BOYLE,

Recording Secretary General

Moved by Mrs. Gedney, seconded by Mrs. Spraker, and carried, *that the report of the Recording Secretary General be accepted.*

The Recording Secretary General stated that

she had with her the minutes of the Saturday session of Congress which it had been impossible to get out before the adjournment on Saturday, and the editing of which had been referred to the Board. There being no objection, these minutes were then read, and those for the morning session approved. Mrs. Sternberg said that she asked to be allowed to publish a catalogue for the Library, which was to be sold in the library, inasmuch as it was very important that the details of the publishing of this catalogue should be under the supervision of the librarian, and the corrections in the proof made by some one giving their entire attention to it, and she asked, therefore, that the minutes read that the Librarian General be authorized to edit and have printed a catalogue of the books and pamphlets in the library, which is to be sold in the future in the library. This correction was accepted, and a few minor corrections having been made, the minutes were approved.

The Recording Secretary General referred to the expressions of appreciation received from those to whom messages of sympathy had been sent from the Congress and the April Board meeting.

The report of the Corresponding Secretary General was read by Mrs. Lockwood in the absence of Mrs. Burrows.

Report of Corresponding Secretary General.

Madam President General and Members

of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report the following for the months of April and May, 1915:

Letters written	545
Letters received	735
Application blanks mailed.....	5,427
Constitutions	570
Leaflets "How to Become Member".....	433
Miniature blanks	408
Transfer cards	537

In addition to the above the mail has been assorted and distributed and the clerical work of the Finance Committee attended to.

Respectfully submitted,

MARY S. LOCKWOOD,

For Mrs. J. C. BURROWS,

Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Gedney, and carried, *that the report of the Corresponding Secretary General be received.*

Mrs. Lockwood also referred to communications received by the Corresponding Secretary General with regard to the change of name desired by some of the members of the Walla Walla Chapter, and to the stand taken by one of the chapters in opposition to the founding of any new schools in the South, arguing that it would be better to give support to those that are now in existence.

The President General asked to be allowed to interrupt to make the point that in all of the parliamentary procedure that she had ever been associated with other than the Daughters, the report of the Corresponding Secretary General had been the last report, with the idea that inevitably matters that required discussion and vote come from the Corresponding Secretary General, and it was better judgment to let the officers who have simply reports finish their reports before the Corresponding Secretary General introduced the extraneous matters, and that in her opinion it would be very wise in the future order of business to make that report of the Corresponding Secretary General the last of the National Officers, and if there was no objection the change would be made in the order of business.

Mrs. Smoot read her report as Organizing Secretary General as follows:

Report of Organizing Secretary General.

Madam President General and members of the National Board of Management:

I present the name of Miss Bird Wilson for confirmation as State Regent of Nevada, the report from her State not having been received in time to have her confirmation take place at Congress.

Through their respective State Regents, the following members at large ask for authorization to organize Chapters:

Mrs. Mary Blewett Carothers, Memphis, Tenn.
Dr. Anna Robinson Cross, Crawford, Neb.
Mrs. Ethel M. Kirwan Rood, Bartlesville, Okla.
Mrs. Sara Willis O. F. Sheard, Oak Lane, Pa.
Mrs. Mary B. P. Vose Potter, Lynn, Mass.
Mrs. Helen H. P. Manson, New Haven, Conn.
Mrs. Mary L. B. McKinnon, Sidney, N. Y.

The Organizing Regencies of Mrs. Asenath Osgood Dailey, of Needham Heights, Mass.; and Mrs. D. Lula Brown Engelken, of Le Mars, Iowa, have expired by time limitation.

The State Regent of Connecticut requests the authorization of a chapter at New Haven, Conn.

The following chapters have been organized since the last Board Meeting:

Hannah Cobb, of Ogden, Iowa, organized May 1, 1915. Fair Forest, of Union, S. C., organized May 4, 1915. Thomas Woodward, of Winnsboro, S. C., organized May 3, 1915. Are-ly-on-let, of Franklin, N. Y., organized March 10, 1915. Sylacauga, of Sylacauga, Ala., organized May 27, 1915. Os-co-hu, of Troy, Penna., organized June 5, 1915. Judge David Campbell, of St. Elmo, Tenn., organized June 9, 1915.

Officers lists written for.....	55
Officers lists received.....	281
Letters written	211
Letters received	193
Organizing Regents commissions issued	8

Regents and Ex-Regents Bar Permits issued	50
Regents lists issued.....	4
<i>Card catalogue reports for April 26, 1915.</i>	
Number of cards made and filed.....	83
Changes recorded	1,500
Marriages	91
Reinstated	4
Admitted membership April 26, 1915..	115,865
Actual membership April 26, 1915.....	87,390

I ask permission of the National Board to issue a letter of instruction to regents, notifying them of the recommendations of the Organizing Secretary General passed by the 24th Continental Congress, and adding several essential items that will prove of value to them in the work of the chapters, and facilitate the work of this office.

Respectfully submitted,

BETTY CARTER SMOOT,

Organizing Secretary General.

Mrs. Smoot's attention was called to the motion passed by the Board that reports of officers were not to contain recommendations—that the recommendations should come in separate form—the Board acting upon the report and then taking up the recommendations.

Moved by Mrs. Buel, seconded by Mrs. Hall, and carried, *that the report of the Organizing Secretary General be accepted.*

Reference was made to the request of the State Regent of Massachusetts for the appointment of Mrs. Minnie B. Kellogg as organizing regent at Boston. It was shown that Mrs. Kellogg had withdrawn from her chapter with the acquiescence of the chapter, but, as no card transferring her to membership at large had been received in the Treasurer General's office, the question had been raised as to whether this appointment as organizing regent could be recommended to the Board. After some discussion by the members, the President General ruled that while it was desirable to observe the proper forms, if it was shown that a member had withdrawn in good standing from her chapter she automatically became a member at large, even though the formal card transferring her as member at large had not been received in the Treasurer General's office. Mrs. Smoot, therefore, recommended that Mrs. Minnie B. Kellogg be appointed organizing regent at Boston, the request having come through the State Regent of Massachusetts. Moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Miss Barlow, and carried, *that the supplemental report of the Organizing Secretary General be accepted.*

The Organizing Secretary General presented the applications of a chapter at Brockport, N. Y., dated February 15, 1915, for a change of name; one from the Macomb Chapter, dated February 2, 1915, asking permission to add

General to their chapter name; one from the chapter at Salem, Missouri, dated February 3, 1915, to change their name from Salem to Caleb Parry; and from the Walla Walla Chapter, dated May 5, and another one dated June 5, to change the name of their chapter to something of more meaning to them than the name of the town they live in. Mrs. Smoot stated that inasmuch as the recommendation of the Organizing Secretary General, "that great consideration be taken in the choosing of chapter names, and when selected and recorded no change be granted in the future," had been adopted by Congress, the request of the Walla Walla Chapter could not be granted, but she desired to know if the Board considered that the applications which had been received before the adoption of the recommendation would also come under that ruling. After some discussion, it was moved by Mrs. Smallwood, seconded by Mrs. Maupin, Mrs. Moody and Mrs. Fisher, and carried, *that the ruling of Congress against the change of chapter names be sustained and that it be interpreted to include all pending requests.*

The President General presented the request of Mrs. Enslow, the National Charity Officer, to appear before the Board and submit her recommendations with regard to her work. The point was brought out in the discussion which followed that, since Congress had adopted her plan, it only remained for the Board to appropriate the money for the printing and postage, and the President General stated that if the Board accepted that interpretation Mrs. Enslow would be asked to appear for five minutes and a vote could afterwards be taken. The Chairman of Finance Committee stated that she would bring in her report in a business like form a recommendation with regard to appropriations for committees, etc.

Mrs. Smoot presented the recommendation in her report for permission to issue a letter of instruction to regents notifying them of the recommendations of the Organizing Secretary General as adopted at the recent Congress, and other details relating to the work of the chapters, stating that the information had to be sent to the chapters in some way, and, unless the circular was printed, the imparting of the information necessitated the writing of a great many letters. The President General referred to the rule of the Society that no official document should be circulated by officers except with the approval of the Board, and she would, therefore, request the Board to relegate the power to a small committee acting with the Organizing Secretary General in getting up this letter for distribution. Moved by Mrs. Maupin, seconded by Mrs. Buel and carried, *that a committee be appointed to prepare the card of instruction to be sent out by Organizing Secre-*

tary General to chapter regents. The President General requested that Mrs. Smoot act as Chairman, and appointed as members Mrs. Buel and Mrs. Draper, others to be named later; the President General stating that it would require considerable familiarity with constitutional measures, and Mrs. Buel and Mrs. Draper had been recently serving on a committee having to do with the constitution.

Mrs. Enslow having appeared before the Board, the President General stated that in the opinion of the Board any further authorization was unnecessary, because Congress had adopted her plan, which the President General considered wonderfully well conceived and very carefully worked out, and the only question before the Board was the appropriation for the necessary expense of the committee. Mrs. Enslow stated that her plan had been submitted to the principal juvenile court judges and the heads of other organizations, and they had all expressed their approval, Mrs. Enslow reading the following letter:

Juvenile Court of the District of Columbia,
June 15, 1915.

Mrs. Carrie Ridley Enslow,

National Charity Officer of the Daughters of
the American Revolution.

Dear Mrs. Enslow:

I have read that portion of your report to the President General and members of the National Board of the Daughters of the American Revolution relating to the proposed committee for assisting the work of the juvenile courts, and, speaking for the Juvenile Court of the District of Columbia, I should not only be willing, but very glad, indeed, to have the co-operation and assistance of such a committee working along the lines suggested in your report.

Yours respectfully,

J. W. LATIMER,
Judge.

Mrs. Enslow stated that she had never before asked the Society to pay any stamp bill or for any stationery, but she was so anxious that her plan should be a success that, rather than have it imperilled for the lack of necessary funds, she would prefer standing the entire expense herself. Mrs. Enslow asked, since she had not been granted time enough to read her report, whether it might not be made a part of the minutes of the meeting and be published in the magazine. This request was granted Mrs. Enslow by the President General.

Report of National Charity Officer.

To the President General and Members of the National Board:

At the last annual Convention it was resolved by the Daughters of the American Revolution to put into effect a plan for the es-

establishment of an organized force for the doing of "good deeds" along certain lines, and I now beg to submit, as National Charity Officer, my recommendation for carrying such work into effect.

All formal directions and instructions shall be issued for this work by the National Board.

The returns will be made quarterly to the National Charity Officer, at Washington, who will present to the Board the result of each quarter's work.

After the first cost of printing the instruction sheets indicated, there will at the present time be practically no further expense involved. The expense for printing, based on an estimate, is seventy dollars (\$70).

The work of receiving and tabulating the quarterly returns from the various State Charity Officers can easily be done with the present clerical force now employed at Memorial Hall, and one clerk should be specially designated to look after this work. As the scheme is planned, after the organization is well under way there will be but four returns a year, which returns will be made on forms, copies of which are attached hereto. These reports will simply contain the figures showing the work done under various heads, and it should not require more than a few hours work four times a year to condense the same and enter in the general form employed at Headquarters to show all the work that has been done.

The principal thing at the present moment is to start the movement by establishing a force of State Charity Officers. For this purpose there is attached a circular addressed to the State Regents giving instructions with regard to recommending appointments of State Charity Officers, and which circular I shall now read.

No. 1.

Information and Directions for State Regents.

Pursuant to the resolution adopted at the last annual Convention, authorizing the establishment by the Daughters of the American Revolution of a strong organization for the doing of "good deeds" along certain lines, the National Board has now prepared plans for carrying out the work intended.

The first step is to secure the appointment of a State Charity Officer in each State. This Officer is to be appointed by the President General upon the recommendation of the State Regent, and the party recommended for appointment should be one who by experience, sympathy and ability is deemed best capable for the performance of her duties.

Upon receipt from the State Regent of the name and address of the party recommended for appointment as State Charity Officer, and as soon as the appointment has been made by

the President General, the National Board will cause to be sent to each of the Chapters in such State full information and directions for the appointment of Local Charity Officers, who shall correspond direct with the State Charity Officer concerning such matters as they may care to bring up, and who will report to her quarterly on the blanks, as per forms attached hereto.

It is requested that you be good enough to recommend the appointment of a State Charity Officer at the earliest date possible, in order that the work of establishing Local Charity Officers may be promptly undertaken.

Copies of instructions for State and Local Charity Officers are attached so that you may be fully informed.

(To be signed by the President General.)

By having our State Charity Officers first established, there will be no necessity of the local Chapters writing to Headquarters for instructions and explanations; they are to correspond with the State Charity Officer, who will have full charge of such matters in her particular State. The State Charity Officer will receive, quarterly, all the returns from the various Chapters in her State and incorporate them in one report which she will forward quarterly to Headquarters, so that the work devolving upon those here will be very little after the organization is established.

It is not intended to delay starting the work until *all* the State Charity Officers have been appointed. On the contrary, it is planned to start the work immediately in the various States as State Charity Officers are appointed. For instance, if the State Regent of New York should promptly recommend the appointment of a State Charity Officer, upon receipt of such recommendation and after the appointment is made by the President General, Headquarters will send to the State Charity Officer instructions as per copy attached hereto, which I shall now read.

No. 2.

Information and Direction for State Charity Officers.

(Name)

(Address)

Upon the recommendation of your State Regent, which we have approved, you are hereby appointed State Charity Officer for....., of which we have made note in our records. We have this day sent to each of the Chapters in your State copies of the attached instructions and directions for appointment of Local Charity Officers, and as you will note they are to correspond and report direct to you on the work accomplished. The quarterly reports will be made out on the forms as per copy attached hereto.

It is desired that the work of the Local Charity Officers be confined to the lines of effort indicated by the report forms. As you will appreciate, in some localities the opportunities of doing some classes of work will be quite different from that afforded in other places, and the Local Charity Officers should be guided accordingly. Your good judgment will indicate to you the advice to give to the Local Charity Officers in such cases where they apply to you for assistance.

The bulk of the work is to be performed by the Local Charity Officer, who will receive from her Chapter and associates full credit for all the details of the work performed; but it is not intended that the State Charity Officers shall be burdened with details beyond the receipt of the quarterly reports and condensation of same into one report for transmission to the National Charity Officer. To illustrate: In the District of Columbia there are forty-four Chapters, and, assuming Local Charity Officers have been appointed for each Chapter, there will be sent to the State Charity Officer for the District of Columbia forty-four quarterly reports. These quarterly reports are to contain simply the figures showing the work done under the four heads indicated. The State Charity Officer condenses these forty-four reports into one report, which is sent to the National Charity Officer. In this way the National Board will receive only forty-eight reports each quarter, instead of about fourteen hundred, which would be the case if the Local Charity Officers reported direct to Washington; and these forty-eight reports will be condensed at Headquarters into one report showing the work done by each State.

The instructions to the Local Charity Officer are deemed sufficient for starting their work, but should they require further explanation or assistance they are to correspond direct with you. It is requested that you will dispose of all such cases except those that you deem are of sufficient importance, or of such an exceptional nature as to warrant taking up direct with the National Charity Officer.

As soon as Regents of the Chapters advise you of the appointment of Local Charity Officers, you will please report such names and addresses to the National Charity Officer at Washington.

(To be signed by the President General.)

At the same time that this notification is sent to the State Charity Officer, Headquarters will mail direct to all Regents of Local Chapters in that State a notice giving the name and address of the State Charity Officer and directions for the appointment of Local Charity Officers, which notice I shall now read.

No. 3.

Information and Instructions for Regents of Chapters.

In accordance with the resolution passed at the last annual Convention, authorizing the establishment by the Daughters of the American Revolution of a National organization for doing "good deeds" along certain lines, you are hereby advised that....., whose address is....., has been appointed State Charity Officer for..... Will you please, therefore, appoint from your Chapter some one who is desirous and is specially fitted for doing work along the lines indicated in the "Instructions for Local Charity Officers," copy of which is attached hereto, and which copy, with the quarterly report forms, please hand to the Local Charity Officer at the time of making the appointment, together with the report of the National Charity Officer for 1915.

The Local Charity Officer is to correspond direct with the State Charity Officer, to whom please send notice, giving name and address of party appointed by you as Charity Officer of your Chapter.

It is specially requested that you will kindly give the matter of this appointment your prompt attention, so that the work of establishing the organization may be proceeded with as speedily as possible.

(To be signed by the President General.)

The Local Charity Officers will then correspond direct with the State Charity Officer and submit to her quarterly the reports, as called for by the accompanying forms.

The real work, of course, is to be done by the Local Charity Officers, and I shall now read, therefore, the instructions and directions which I have prepared for issuance to them, with your approval.

No. 4.

Instructions for Local Charity Officers.

At the last annual Convention a resolution was passed for the establishment by the Daughters of the American Revolution of a national organization for the doing of "good deeds" along certain lines.

It is planned to establish forty-eight State Charity Officers, appointed by the President General upon the recommendation of the State Regents, and fourteen hundred Local Charity Officers, appointed by the Regents of Chapters. The Local Charity Officers are to report to the State Charity Officers, who in turn will condense the reports from the various Chapters in their States and report to the National Charity Officer at Washington.

It is intended to limit the work to be done along lines benefiting children and young girls. It has therefore been decided to cover the following four lines of work:

1. Establishment of Tooth Brush Brigades;
2. Assisting young working girls;
3. Visits to Children's Hospitals;
4. Juvenile Court Work.

Tooth Brush Brigades.—The establishment of these brigades offers a very practical field for doing good. It enables the worker to start easily along lines of interest and brings her into contact with many cases deserving special attention, which will arouse her interest and induce further efforts on her part. These brigades are made up of bands of children between the ages of 6 and 12, and as a reward for faithfully brushing their teeth twice a day they are given a lily at Easter and a small American flag at Christmas. A great deal of good can be accomplished in these directions, not only in the specific results of having children preserve their teeth, but particularly because the practice of regularly brushing their teeth inculcates in them the habit of cleanliness.

Assisting Working Girls.—In those localities where there are large department stores a great deal of good can be accomplished by getting the department store managers to improve the conditions surrounding the working girls in their charge, and in pursuing this work many opportunities will be found to help individual cases and to enable many of the girls to help themselves.

Hospital Visits.—The visiting of children in hospitals is a line of work that will appeal to many and bring untold joy to the little ones. At very little expense lilies can be distributed at Easter and small American flags at Christmas.

Juvenile Court.—This subject is one requiring the attention of an experienced worker and is to be undertaken gradually, as it may require some time before the Judges of the various Juvenile Courts will be prepared to admit outside workers. The Local Charity Officers in our large cities should form a committee for this specific work, and endeavor by tact and ability to secure the approval of the Judges of such Courts and to impress them with the fact that they are sincerely desirous of being of assistance to them and to the regular workers attached to the Juvenile Courts. Considerable success has already been achieved along these lines. Where there are no Juvenile Courts, however, efforts should be made toward securing their establishment, which is a most important work.

The foregoing, together with the report of the National Charity Officer for 1915, attached hereto, will no doubt give all the information desired.

The work that has been conducted by the National Charity Officer along the foregoing lines has been entirely without expense to our National Society, and we wish to clearly point

out that the work of the Local Charity Officers must also be done without expense to the National Society, it being left entirely to the discretion of the Local Charity Officer and of her Chapter just what expense, if any, there is to be assumed. It will be found that through the contributions and other assistance given by various members of the Chapter who are in sympathy with the work no difficulty will be encountered in carrying it along, and without imposing a burden or heavy obligation on any one person or Chapter.

On the first of March, June, September and December, a report on one of the enclosed forms should be sent to the State Charity Officer.

(To be signed by the President General.)

From a consideration of the foregoing it will be quite apparent that there should be little or no expense to headquarters for the carrying out of this work beyond the first cost of the printing herein indicated; that there will be very little work devolving upon the State Charity Officer beyond receiving the quarterly reports from the Local Chapters and condensing the same into one report for Headquarters; and for the Local Charity Officers there is only such work to be done as they may feel they are properly fitted for and the territory in which they are established permits.

It should be borne in mind that the limitations of work herein specified have been carefully thought out, and it is considered most advisable to confine ourselves first to the establishment of a soundly built organization applied to a few specific lines of work, instead of attempting a general and nebulous policy of endeavoring to do good. By restricting our efforts along certain well defined channels, we shall not only make it easier for our Local Charity Officers to start, but also for them to properly report to the State Charity Officers the result of their efforts, so that at our annual Convention we can show by reliable figures just what has been accomplished for the year.

It is not thought that the foregoing plan is perfect or one that cannot be amended and improved. On the contrary, it is fully appreciated that changes will have to be made from time to time as experience and good judgment may dictate. But it is felt that the foregoing is a workable plan and sufficient for our immediate requirements; that it will accomplish the purpose for which we have planned it. We may well rest content with our labors if we can but get this plan soundly started and established along the broad lines laid down, leaving it to those who are to follow us to expand and develop it to the needs and necessities of their times.

CARRIE RIDLEY ENSLOW,
National Charity Officer.

REPORT OF CHAPTER.

(Date)

(Address)

To, State Charity Officer,

.....
.....

I beg to give you below the work accomplished by this Chapter for the quarter ending

{	February 28th	(Indicate quarter by cross mark.)
	May 31st	
	August 31st	
	November 30th	

Tooth Brush Outfits Distributed	Visits to Children in Hospitals	WORKING GIRLS			JUVENILE COURTS		
		Visits to Stores	Individual Cases Specially Assisted	Individual Cases Material Help Furnished	Visits and Investi- gations Made	Individual Cases Specially Assisted	Individual Cases Material Help Furnished

Remarks:

.....

.....

.....

(Name).....

Local Charity Officer.

REPORT OF STATE CHARITY OFFICER FOR

(Date)

(Address)

To the National Charity Officer, D. A. R.,
Memorial Hall,
Washington, D. C.

I beg to give you below the work accomplished by (state number) Chapters

in the State of.....for the quarter ending	February 28th	(Indicate quarter by cross mark.)
	May 31st	
	August 31st	
	November 30th	

Tooth Brush Outfits Distributed	Visits to Children in Hospitals	WORKING GIRLS			JUVENILE COURTS		
		Visits to Stores	Individual Cases Specially Assisted	Individual Cases Material Help Furnished	Visits and Investi- gations Made	Individual Cases Specially Assisted	Individual Cases Material Help Furnished

Remarks:

.....

.....

.....

(Name).....

State Charity Officer

The report of the Treasurer General was next presented by Miss Pierce in the absence of Mrs. Ransdell, the totals only being read with the permission of the Board.

REPORT OF TREASURER GENERAL

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to submit the following report of receipts and disbursements from April 1st to May 31st, 1915:

CURRENT FUND

Balance in Bank at last report, March 31, 1915..... \$53,489.40

RECEIPTS

Annual Dues \$10,586.00 less \$392.00 refunded.....	\$10,194.00	
Initiation Fees, \$1,194.00, less \$32.00 refunded.....	1,162.00	
Certificate	9.00	
D. A. R. Report to Smithsonian Institution	16.42	
Directory	5.38	
Drinking Cups—Slot Machine	9.20	
Duplicate Papers and Lists	52.29	
Exchange .....	.40	
"First Flag Pole" Gavels	6.25	
Hand Books	283.24	
Interest	132.04	
Lineage Books	53.56	
Magazine, sale of single copies	7.97	
Museum Fund	6.50	
Proceedings of Congress	11.00	
Ribbon	17.52	
Rosette .....	.17	
Stationery	4.89	
Telephone	50.05	
Ice, Nordhoff Guild .....	.40	
Program Committee, Twenty-fourth Congress	50.00	
Transportation Committee, Twenty-fourth Congress...	194.03	
Auditorium Events:		
George Washington University	\$100.00	
Home Club Chorus	100.00	
Motet Choral Society	100.00	
Washington College of Law	100.00	400.00
Total Receipts		\$12,666.31

\$66,153.71

EXPENDITURES

OFFICE OF PRESIDENT GENERAL

Clerical service	\$180.00	
Postage	52.72	
Telegrams and telephones	22.89	
Rent of typewriter	3.50	\$259.11

OFFICE OF ORGANIZING SECRETARY GENERAL

Clerical service	390.00	
Extra clerical service	14.18	
Postage	5.00	
Engrossing charters and Chapter Regents' commissions	14.10	423.28

OFFICE OF RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL

Clerical service	305.00	
Extra clerical service	87.87	
Postage	2.00	
Telegram .....	.31	395.18

CERTIFICATE

Clerical service	173.59	
Postage and expressage	77.24	
Engrossing 730 certificates	73.00	
10,000 seals	18.00	341.83

OFFICE OF CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL

Clerical service	150.00	
Extra clerical service	16.70	
Postage	50.00	216.70

OFFICE OF REGISTRAR GENERAL

Clerical service	1,090.00	
Extra clerical service	157.76	

Binding Registrar's records	42.50	
Pin, Bar and Badge permits	23.20	
5,079 cards	10.16	1,323.62

OFFICE OF TREASURER GENERAL

Clerical service	1,157.50	
Extra clerical service	272.60	
Rent safe deposit box	5.00	
Ink pads and repairing typewriter	1.45	
Six bill books	9.85	
Cash, disbursement and receipt books, ledgers and voucher checks	207.00	1,653.40

OFFICE OF HISTORIAN GENERAL

Clerical service	495.00	
Extra clerical service	8.21	503.21

DIRECTOR GENERAL, IN CHARGE OF REPORT TO SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Clerical service	73.00	
Postage, telegrams and expressage	10.00	83.00

OFFICE OF LIBRARIAN GENERAL

Clerical service	320.00	
Extra clerical service	16.37	
Postage	1.00	
"Mayflower Descendants"	3.50	
Repairing typewriter, Genealogical Research De- partment	1.00	341.87

OFFICE OF CURATOR GENERAL OF MUSEUM

Clerical service	87.50	87.50
------------------------	-------	-------

GENERAL OFFICE

Clerical service	150.00	
Extra clerical service	9.64	
Messenger	44.00	
Extra messenger service	2.70	
Postage	2.16	
17,000 stamped envelopes	364.88	
Supplies	25.45	
Telegrams and expressage	6.70	
Repairing bicycle	3.00	
City Directory and binding magazine	8.35	
Legal service, Arizona, Boudinot and Onondaga cases	275.00	
Mount Vernon wreaths and flowers	30.00	

Committees:

Auditing, postage .....	.09	
Building and Grounds and other Committees, cler- ical service	150.00	
Finance, postage .....	.15	
International Peace Arbitration, postage and rub- ber stamp	6.06	
National Old Trails Road, clerical service, print- ing, supplies and postage	73.11	
Patriotic Education, printing, postage, clerical service and supplies	145.00	
Patriots' Memorial School, postage	1.22	
Preservation John Paul Jones Home, postage....	.17	
Publication, professional service	100.00	
Postage and typewriting	22.75	
State and Chapter By-Laws, postage and rubber stamp	5.34	
Statistics, postage .....	.49	
To Prevent Desecration of the Flag, printing and postage	32.85	
Welfare of Women and Children, typewriting....	1.25	1,460.36

EXPENSE CONTINENTAL HALL

Superintendent	225.00	
Watchman	120.00	
Guide	100.00	
Telephone Operator	52.90	
Cleaners	328.88	
Five tons coal	31.25	
Electric current	30.16	
Towel service	10.90	
Ice	20.02	

Electric fixtures	4.84	
Wax, oil, vaseline and gasoline	5.59	
Soap and disinfectant	12.88	
Hardware	2.75	
Drayage .....	.50	
Gold lettering, sign for front door	7.25	
Turning twenty-two gavels	5.50	958.42
PRINTING MACHINE AND MAINTENANCE		
Printer	36.00	36.00
MAGAZINE		
Clerical service, Chairman	180.00	
Postage, Chairman	33.24	
Rent of typewriter, Chairman	3.00	
Salary, Editor	200.00	
Postage and telegrams, Editor	5.74	
Expense "Notes and Queries".....	60.00	
Printing and mailing April number	919.63	
Cuts, photos and cash for Post Office	78.50	
Expressage and wrappers	10.82	1,490.93
SUPPORT REAL DAUGHTERS		
Support 41 Real Daughters, April	328.00	
Support 40 Real Daughters, May	320.00	
Support 1 Real Daughter, June-November.....	48.00	696.00
STATE REGENTS' POSTAGE		
State Regent, California	6.00	
State Regent, Idaho	10.00	
State Regent, Indiana	5.00	
State Regent, Iowa	16.55	
State Regent, Maryland	10.00	
State Regent, Massachusetts	12.00	
State Regent, Michigan	10.00	
State Regent, New Hampshire	5.00	
State Regent, New York	10.00	
State Regent, Ohio	25.45	
State Regent, South Carolina	27.55	137.55
TELEPHONE		
Service and toll	47.69	47.69
LINEAGE		
Postage, expressage, drayage and telegrams.....	13.67	
1,000 copies volume forty	558.00	571.67
AUDITING ACCOUNTS		
Audits January, February and March	150.00	150.00
HAND BOOKS		
10,000 copies, revised	1,265.40	
Addressing cards	4.50	1,269.90
RIBBON		
Five bolts D. A. R. Ribbon	15.00	15.00
TWENTY-THIRD CONGRESS		
Spoons for eighty-three Pages	124.50	124.50
TWENTY-FOURTH CONGRESS		
Official Reader	100.00	
Parliamentarian	150.00	
Reporting Proceedings	500.00	
2,000 copies financial statement of Treasurer General	12.00	
Committees:		
Credential, clerical service	148.64	
Rent of three voting machines, freight and dray-		
age and expense of representative.....	245.88	
4,000 ballots and dating stamps	30.75	
Badges	290.00	
Decoration, plants and flowers	40.00	
House, advance	500.00	
Labor	192.16	
Police and fire service	45.00	
Postage	2.67	
Music, pianist and bugler	45.00	
Press, postage, stationery, messenger, typewriting		
and two books	2.50	

Program, telegrams, telephones and carriage hire..	4.63		
7,000 programs	294.00		
Reception, postage	1.22		
Transportation, guides and circulars	99.70		
Charts and maps	54.50		
Clerical service	4.60		
Postage, drayage and express	2.60	2,765.85	
FURNITURE, EQUIPMENT, ETC.			
Typewriter, Treasurer General	41.00		
Holder for paper cups	3.15		
Medallion, pin for President General	450.00		
Addressing machine for Magazine Chairman.....	279.55	773.70	
AUDITORIUM EVENTS			
Labor and expressage, Motet Choral Society.....	19.94		
Refund, Motet Choral Society	42.11	62.05	
Total disbursements			\$16,188.32
			<hr/>
			\$49,967.39
Transfer to Permanent Fund, order of Twenty-fourth Congress			20,000.00
			<hr/>
Balance, Current Fund, May 31, 1915			\$29,967.39
EMILY NELSON RITCHIE MCLEAN HISTORICAL FUND			
As at last report, March 31, 1915	\$1,483.09	\$1,483.09	
FRANCO-AMERICAN FUND			
As at last report, March 31, 1915	214.89	214.89	
PHILIPPINE SCHOLARSHIP FUND			
As at last report, March 31, 1915	1,065.30		
RECEIPTS			
Mary Desha Chapter, D. C.....	\$1.00		
Mary Washington Chapter, D. C.....	15.00		
New Orleans Chapter, La.....	3.00		
Spirit of '76 Chapter, La.....	3.00		
Anne Frisby Fitzhugh Chapter, Mich.....	36.00		
Marie Therese Cadillac Chapter, Mich.....	1.00		
Miss Emma G. Hunker, Philippine Scholarship Committee, Mich.	15.00		
Mrs. J. C. Burrows, Philippine Scholarship Committee, in honor of Miss Clara Donaldson, Mich.....	11.00		
Mrs. A. S. McKittrick, Ohio	5.00		
Mrs. W. H. Picking, Ohio	1.00		
Merion Chapter, in memory of Miss Margaret B. Harvey, Pa.	50.00		
Mrs. Solomon Solis-Cohen, Pa.	1.00		
Mrs. Anna F. Miller, Pa.	1.00		
Mrs. M. Anna Osgood, Pa.	1.00		
Philippines Chapter, in memory of Mrs. Georgia D. Greenleaf, founder of American Library, P. I....	40.00		
Mrs. Charles S. Lobingier, Philippines Chapter, P. I..	5.00		
Philippine Scholarship Committee, in honor of the President General	50.00	239.00	1,304.30
PATRIOTS' MEMORIAL D. A. R. SCHOOL FUND			
As at last report, March 31, 1915		647.30	
RECEIPTS			
Pasadena Chapter, Cal.	25.00	25.00	672.30
			<hr/>
On deposit in National Metropolitan Bank, May 31, 1915			\$33,641.97
			<hr/>
Petty Cash Fund	\$500.00	\$500.00	
			<hr/>
PATRIOTIC EDUCATION FUND			
RECEIPTS			
Captain Molly Pitcher Chapter, D. C.....	\$15.00		
Lucy Holcombe Chapter, D. C.....	10.00		
Mary Bartlett Chapter, D. C.....	10.00		
Monticello Chapter, D. C.	25.00		
Wadsworth Chapter, Conn.	25.00		
Dorothy Quincy Hancock Chapter, Mass.....	10.00		

Ashuelot Chapter, N. H.....	50.00	
Washington Heights Chapter, N. Y.....	10.00	
Ohio Chapters, Ohio	25.00	
Catherine Greene Chapter, Ohio	10.00	
Columbus Chapter, Ohio	50.00	
Lima Chapter, Ohio	5.00	
Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio.....	10.00	
Donegal Chapter, Pa.	5.00	
General Joseph Warren Chapter, Pa.....	50.00	
Independence Hall Chapter, Pa.....	25.00	
Quemahoning Chapter, Pa.	15.00	
Susquehanna Chapter, Pa.	50.00	
Thomas Leiper Chapter, Pa.	25.00	
Valley Forge Chapter, Pa.	5.00	
Witness Tree Chapter, Pa.....	30.00	
Pawtucket Chapter, R. I.	50.00	
Chickamauga Chapter, Tenn.	20.00	
Cumberland Chapter, Tenn.	19.65	
Watauga Chapter, Tenn.	15.00	
Fort Atkinson Chapter, Wis.....	10.00	
Oshkosh Chapter, Wis.....	25.00	
Waupun Chapter, Wis.....	10.00	\$609.65

DISBURSEMENTS

Helen Dunlap School, Ark.	10.00	
District of Columbia Night Schools, D. C.....	20.00	
Young Woman's Christian Association, D. C.....	5.00	
Berry School, Ga.....	210.00	
Pine Mountain Settlement School, Ky.....	10.00	
W. C. T. U. Settlement School, Hindman, Ky.....	55.00	
Christ School, N. C.	10.00	
George Washington Memorial, Ohio	5.00	
Godman's Guild, Ohio	25.00	
Grandview Normal Institute, Tenn.....	50.00	
Lincoln Memorial University, Tenn.	50.00	
Maryville College, Tenn.	80.00	
Tennessee D. A. R. School, Tenn.....	54.65	
Rev. Josiah Ellis School, Va.....	25.00	\$609.65

RED CROSS FUND

RECEIPTS

John Pettigrew Chapter, Del.....	20.00	
Alexander Macomb Chapter, Ill.....	97.00	
Huntington Chapter, Ind.	10.00	
Dover-Foxcroft Chapter, Me.....	25.00	
Elizabeth Montague Chapter, Neb.	10.00	
Haddonfield Chapter, N. J.....	5.00	
Sylvia de Grasse Chapter, N. Y.....	5.00	
South Carolina Chapters, S. C.....	43.00	
Col. Hardy Murfree Chapter, Tenn.....	23.92	
Commonwealth Chapter, Va.	50.00	\$288.92

DISBURSEMENTS

American Red Cross, D. C.....	\$288.92
-------------------------------	----------

BELGIAN RELIEF

RECEIPTS

Mrs. Margaret M. Berry, Regent, Major William Overton Callis Chapter, D. C.....	\$2.00	\$2.00
---	--------	--------

DISBURSEMENTS

Through Madame E. Havenith, Belgian Legation, D. C.	\$2.00
---	--------

PERMANENT FUND

Balance in Bank at last report, March 31, 1915.....	\$1,049.89
---	------------

RECEIPTS

Charter Fees		\$30.00
Life Membership Fees		50.00
Continental Hall Contributions:		
Alabama:		
Alabama Chapters	\$168.00	
General Sumter Chapter	10.00	
Colorado:		
Arapahoe Chapter	15.00	
Arkansas Valley Chapter	5.00	
Boulder Chapter	5.00	
Cache La Poudre Chapter	5.00	
Centennial State Chapter	5.00	
Colorado Chapter	50.00	
Denver Chapter	50.00	
Fort Morgan Chapter	5.00	
Kinnikinnik Chapter	25.00	
Peace Pipe Chapter	5.00	
Pueblo Chapter	10.00	
Santa Fe Trail Chapter	5.00	
Shavano Chapter	5.00	
Connecticut:		
Connecticut Delegation, Bond	45.00	
Abigail Wolcott Ellsworth Chapter, Bond	25.00	
Fanny Ledyard Chapter, Bond	14.00	
Freelove Baldwin Stow Chapter, Bond	100.00	
Judea Chapter, Bond	10.00	
Mrs. Alice G. Crandall, Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Bond	10.00	
Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, Bond	194.00	
Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, to enroll name of Miss Jane Shelton on Remembrance Book..	50.00	
District of Columbia:		
American Chapter	10.00	
Army & Navy Chapter	50.00	
Capt. Molly Pitcher Chapter, com. on flowers....	126.10	
Columbia Chapter	1.25	
Dolly Madison Chapter	50.00	
Eugenia Washington Chapter	20.00	
Little John Boyden Chapter	10.00	
Louisa Adams Chapter	10.00	
Mrs. Jessie Porter Wood, Lucy Holcombe Chapter, commission on coat of arms	8.00	
Magruder Chapter	5.00	
Major William Overton Callis Chapter	10.00	
Mrs. M. M. Berry, Maj. William Overton Callis Chapter, commission on daisies	18.20	
Manor House Chapter	30.00	
Mary Washington Chapter	50.00	
Miss Bessie Carter, Mary Washington Chapter, commission on coat of arms	5.00	
Patriots' Memorial Chapter	13.00	
Samuel Gorton Chapter	5.00	
Thomas Marshall Chapter	25.00	
Miss Barnett, commission on books	5.00	
Miss McConnell, commission on books	6.78	
Continental Hall Committee, State Conference, Luncheon	52.00	
Transportation Committee, 24th Congress.....	108.47	
A Friend .....	.25	
Florida:		
Maria Jefferson Chapter	10.00	
Georgia:		
Anawauqua Chapter	2.00	
Elijah Clarke Chapter	5.00	
Fielding Lewis Chapter	5.75	
Governor Treutlen Chapter	5.00	
Mary Hammond Washington Chapter	10.00	
Mrs. Ellie H. Johnson, at Large	1.00	

Illinois:

Illini Chapter	25.00
Rebecca Park Chapter	10.00
Rochelle Chapter	25.00

Indiana:

Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter	10.80
Cornelia Cole Fairbanks Chapter	17.45
General Francis Marion Chapter	10.00
Hoosier Elm Chapter	10.00
John Paul Chapter	10.00
Richmond-Indiana Chapter	20.00
Rushville Chapter	50.00

Iowa:

Clinton Chapter	25.00
Glenwood Chapter	15.00
Mrs. Mary H. Brownell, Keokuk Chapter, Ctfs....	3.65
Miss Susie C. Collier, Keokuk Chapter, Ctfs.....	3.65
Miss Lucia G. Pittman, Keokuk Chapter, Ctfs.....	3.65
Martha Washington Chapter	6.50
Washington Chapter	3.00

Kansas:

Kansas Chapters, in honor of Real Daughter.....	8.00
---	------

Kentucky:

Col. John Green Chapter	10.00
Fincastle Chapter	15.00
Mrs. James C. Worthington, Fincastle Chapter....	1.00
Frankfort Chapter	50.00
General Samuel Hopkins Chapter	20.00
Hart Chapter	10.00
Jemima Johnson Chapter	5.00
John Fitch Chapter, Certificates	10.00
St. Asaph Chapter	2.00
Trabue Chapter	10.00

Louisiana:

Spirit of '76 Chapter	15.00
Spirit of '76 Chapter, Certificates.....	3.65
Mrs. Wm. O. Hart, Spirit of '76 Chapter, Ctfs....	3.65
Mrs. E. C. T. Longmire, Spirit of '76 Chapter, Ctfs.	3.65

Maine:

Col. Dummer Sewall Chapter, to enroll name of Mrs. William Cumming Story on Remembrance Book	50.00
--	-------

Maryland:

Francis Scott Key Chapter	25.00
Frederick Chapter, commission on Post Cards..	11.00

Massachusetts:

Mrs. George O. Jenkins, State Regent	30.00
Ausotunnoog Chapter, Room	12.00
Betsy Ross Chapter, Room	10.00
Boston Tea Party Chapter, Room	25.00
Bunker Hill Chapter, Room	25.00
Col. Henshaw Chapter, Room	25.00
Deane Winthrop Chapter, Room	10.00
Dorothy Quincy Hancock Chapter, Room	10.00
Fort Massachusetts Chapter, Room.....	12.00
Lucy Jackson Chapter, Room	25.00
Lydia Cobb Chapter, Room.....	15.00
Mary Draper Chapter, Room	10.00
Mary Mattoon Chapter, Room	10.00
Old Belfry Chapter, Room	10.00
Old South Chapter, Room	50.00
Paul Revere Chapter, Room	50.00
Peace Party Chapter, Room	12.00
Mrs. Cornelia W. L. Davol, Quequechan Chapter, Penny-a-Day	3.65
Warren and Prescott Chapter, Room.....	25.00
Mrs. Bertha L. Heustis, in memory of Hannah Newell Barrett, a Real Daughter.....	5.00

Michigan:

Michigan Chapters	371.36
Michigan Chapters, Certificates	10.95
Chippewa Chapter	5.00
Ypsilanti Chapter	5.00

Mississippi:

Mississippi Chapters	102.50
Bernard Romans Chapter	5.00

Missouri:

Ann Haynes Chapter	10.00
Bowling Green Chapter	5.00
Carrollton Chapter	25.00
Columbian Chapter	25.00
Cornelia Greene Chapter	14.50
Dorcas Richardson Chapter	3.50
Elizabeth Benton Chapter	10.00
Elizabeth Carey Chapter	5.50
Jefferson Chapter	6.00
Jefferson Chapter, to enroll name of Mrs. William D'Oench on Remembrance Book	50.00
Laclede Chapter	27.00
Nancy Hunter Chapter	5.00
Patsey Gregg Chapter	5.00
Pike County Chapter	3.00
Polly Carroll Chapter	3.00
Rachel Donelson Chapter	25.00
St. Joseph Chapter	18.00
St. Louis Chapter, to enroll Mesdames Henry H. Denison, Benjamin B. Graham and Dwight Tredway on Remembrance Book	150.00
Sarah Barton Murphy Chapter	6.00
Sarah Bryan Chinn Chapter	5.00
Threesivellus Minor Chapter	10.00
Virginia Daughters Chapter	12.00
Warrensburg Chapter	6.00
Watson-Van Buren Chapter	5.00
Webb City Chapter	4.25
Webster Groves Chapter	14.72

New Hampshire:

Abigail Stearns Chapter	6.20
Abigail Webster Chapter	8.50
Anna Stickney Chapter	5.00
Ashuelot Chapter	64.50
Asquamchumauke Chapter	10.00
Coossuck Chapter	10.00
Exeter Chapter	5.00
Liberty Chapter	10.00
Mrs. Wm. F. Russell, Margery Sullivan Chapter...	160.00
Mary Torr Chapter	6.60
Molly Stark Chapter	25.00
Peterborough Chapter	5.60
Samuel Ashley Chapter	10.00

New York:

New York State Conference	300.00
Adirondack Chapter	10.00
Baron Steuben Chapter	15.00
Battle Pass Chapter	20.00
Benjamin Prescott Chapter	25.00
Mrs. Erastus D. Hill, Regent, Beukendaal Chapter, Penny-a-Day, No Certificates	3.65
Bronx Chapter, Penny-a-Day	25.42
Camden Chapter	25.00
Chemung Chapter	25.00
Col. Israel Angell Chapter	10.00
Corp. Josiah Griswold Chapter	10.00
Fort Greene Chapter	100.00
Fort Oswego Chapter	10.00
Fort Rensselaer Chapter	3.50
Gansevoort Chapter	117.50
General Richard Montgomery Chapter.....	25.00

General William Floyd Chapter	10.00
Holland Patent Chapter	10.65
Iroquois Chapter	3.00
Jamestown Chapter	50.00
Kanestio Valley Chapter	20.00
Kayendatsyona Chapter	10.00
Keskeskick Chapter	20.00
Knickerbocker Chapter	60.00
Le Ray de Chaumont Chapter	50.00
Mrs. Catherine Clute Condé, Le Ray de Chaumont Chapter	25.00
Lowville Chapter	25.00
Manhattan Chapter, Penny-a-Day	130.75
Mary Murray Chapter	15.30
Mary Washington Colonial Chapter	10.50
Mrs. Russell W. Moore, Mary Washington Colonial Chapter, in memory of her sister, Miss Flor- ence Russell Wright	156.25
Mohawk Chapter	90.00
Countess Sarah S. Mackin, New York City Chapter	10.00
Onwentsia Chapter	25.00
Owasco Chapter	20.00
Sleepy Hollow Chapter	10.00
Staten Island Chapter	10.00
Swe-kat-si Chapter	15.00
Tianderah Chapter	9.25
Tioughnioga Chapter	25.00
White Plains Chapter	6.75
Women of '76 Chapter	35.00
Mrs. Angus C. McCall, commission on music.....	3.78
North Carolina:	
Miles Harvey Chapter	10.00
Ohio:	
Bellefontaine Chapter	5.00
Canton Chapter	50.00
Mrs. Johnetta B. Hardy, Catherine Greene Chapter	5.00
Col. George Croghan Chapter	21.00
Columbus Chapter	50.00
Cuyahoga-Portage Chapter	25.00
Fort Industry Chapter	25.00
Lima Chapter	5.00
London Chapter	10.00
Mahoning Chapter	15.00
Martha Pitkin Chapter	20.00
Mary Stanley Chapter	13.50
Mount Sterling Chapter	15.00
Oberlin Chapter	25.00
Urbana Chapter	10.00
Ursula Wolcott Chapter	33.00
Wauseon Chapter	5.00
Western Reserve Chapter	50.00
Pennsylvania:	
Allagewe Chapter	10.00
Bradford Chapter	10.00
Dial Rock Chapter	10.00
Fort Antes Chapter	25.00
Fort McClure Chapter	10.00
General Thomas Mifflin Chapter	5.00
Independence Hall Chapter	25.00
Liberty Bell Chapter	15.00
Lycoming Chapter	30.00
Michelet Chapter	10.00
Montrose Chapter	10.00
Phoebe Bayard Chapter	15.00
Pittsburgh Chapter	100.00
Quaker City Chapter	50.00
Quemahoning Chapter	10.00
Robert Morris Chapter	10.00
Thomas Lelper Chapter	10.00
Tioga Point Chapter	25.00

Wellsboro Chapter	25.00	
Witness Tree Chapter	10.00	
Rhode Island:		
Mrs. William Critcherson, Phebe Greene Ward Chapter	5.00	
William Ellery Chapter	25.00	
South Carolina:		
South Carolina Chapters	100.00	
Tennessee:		
Campbell Chapter	25.00	
Cumberland Chapter	25.00	
Mrs. W. E. Norvell, Cumberland Chapter.....	8.75	
Hermitage Chapter	20.00	
Texas:		
Mrs. Alvin V. Lane, Vice-President General.....	10.00	
Mrs. Gross R. Scruggs, Jane Douglas Chapter....	10.00	
Lady Washington Chapter	25.00	
Vermont:		
Brattleboro Chapter	25.00	
Marquis de Lafayette Chapter	5.00	
Virginia:		
Albemarle Chapter	8.90	
Albemarle Chapter, Bust	25.00	
Beverly Manor Chapter	10.00	
Joseph Hedges Chapter .....	.50	
Mr. Jones, commission on books	6.00	
West Virginia:		
West Virginia Chapters	37.50	
Col. Charles Lewis Chapter	15.00	
Col. John Evans Chapter	17.50	
Elizabeth Zane Chapter	10.00	
James Wood Chapter	40.00	
Kanawha Valley Chapter	5.00	
William Haymond Chapter	25.00	
Wisconsin:		
Benjamin Tallmadge Chapter	10.00	
Ellen Hayes Peck Chapter	10.00	
Fond-du-Lac Chapter	10.00	
Fort Atkinson Chapter	15.00	
Jackson-Madison Chapter	10.00	
Janesville Chapter	15.00	
Mrs. A. E. Proudfit, John Bell Chapter, Penny- a-Day	3.65	
Kenosha Chapter	15.00	
Milwaukee Chapter	50.00	
Oshkosh Chapter	25.00	
Racine Chapter	10.00	
Stevens Point Chapter	5.00	
Waupun Chapter	10.00	\$6,691.38
Christmas Offering:		
Alabama:		
Bigbee Valley Chapter	5.75	
Arkansas:		
Miss Cleo Case, at Large .....	.25	
California:		
Miss Winnie J. Sloan, at Large .....	.25	
District of Columbia:		
Misses Edith M. and Janet A. Foster, at Large....	.50	
Florida:		
Maria Jefferson Chapter	1.50	
Idaho:		
Pioneer Chapter	6.00	
Illinois:		
Abraham Lincoln Chapter .....	.50	
Minnesota:		
Monument Chapter	7.75	
Mrs. J. L. Yost, Monument Chapter .....	.25	

Missouri:	
Elizabeth Benton Chapter .....	.50
Noah Coleman Chapter	17.50
Oklahoma:	
Mrs. Lena S. Blakeney, at Large .....	.25
Pennsylvania:	
Mahantonga Chapter	1.25
South Carolina:	
Mrs. Amanda M. Sinclair, at Large.....	1.00
Virginia:	
Mrs. Virginia M. Robinson, at Large	1.00
Wisconsin:	
Mrs. Frank W. Allis, John Bell Chapter .....	.25
Mrs. W. W. Daniels, John Bell Chapter.....	.25
Mrs. A. E. Proudfit, John Bell Chapter .....	.25
Mrs. Edwin C. Van Ostrand, John Bell Chapter...	.25
	45.25
Silver Shower:	
Alabama:	
Needham Bryan Chapter	\$5.00
Peter Forney Chapter	5.00
Twickenham Town Chapter	2.75
Under Five Flags Chapter	3.00
California:	
Berkeley Hills Chapter	5.00
Cabrillo Chapter	7.50
Mrs. E. D. Blamer, Encinitas Chapter	1.00
Colorado:	
Denver Chapter	25.00
Mrs. Lois S. Craven, Mt. Garfield Chapter .....	.50
Connecticut:	
Eunice Dennie Burr Chapter	5.00
Lucretia Shaw Chapter	2.50
Delaware:	
John Pettigrew Chapter	10.00
District of Columbia:	
Army & Navy Chapter	1.00
Elizabeth Jackson Chapter	1.25
Margaret Whetten Chapter	1.25
Florida:	
Col. Arthur Erwin Chapter	10.00
Jacksonville Chapter	26.25
Georgia:	
General Daniel Stewart Chapter	10.00
Samuel Reid Chapter	1.20
Illinois:	
North Shore Chapter	25.00
Stephen Decatur Chapter	10.00
Indiana:	
Fort Harrison Chapter	2.05
Tippecanoe River Chapter	1.75
Iowa:	
Martha Washington Chapter .....	.50
Spinning Wheel Chapter	10.00
Kentucky:	
Kentucky D. A. R.	25.00
Bryan Station Chapter	6.00
Fincastle Chapter	10.00
Frankfort Chapter	7.00
Hart Chapter	8.00
Henry Clagett Chapter	5.00
Israel Putnam Chapter	5.00
Jane McAfee Chapter	6.50
Keturah Moss Taylor Chapter	3.50
Lexington Chapter	25.00
Paducah Chapter	10.00

Poage Chapter	10.00
St. Asaph Chapter	128.00
Samuel Davies Chapter	6.00
Susannah Hart Shelby Chapter	5.00
Maine:	
Hannah Weston Chapter	6.95
Mary Dillingham Chapter	5.00
Mary Kelton Dummer Chapter	1.20
Samuel Grant Chapter	5.00
Maryland:	
Baltimore Chapter	15.00
John Eager Howard Chapter	5.50
Massachusetts:	
Massachusetts D. A. R.	50.00
Abigail Batcheller Chapter	2.60
Abigail Phillips Quincy Chapter	10.00
Ausotunnoog Chapter	5.00
Boston Tea Party Chapter	25.00
Bunker Hill Chapter	7.50
Captain George Webb Chapter	10.25
Col. Loammi Baldwin Chapter	4.00
Col. Thomas Gardner Chapter	10.00
Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter	25.00
Committee of Safety Chapter	1.25
Dolly Woodbridge Chapter	5.00
Dorothy Brewer Chapter	5.00
Faneuil Hall Chapter	5.25
Gen. Ebenezer Learned Chapter	5.00
Hannah Winthrop Chapter	11.30
Humphrey & Sprague Chapter	5.00
John Paul Jones Chapter	5.00
Lucy Jackson Chapter	12.50
Lucy Knox Chapter	5.00
Mary Draper Chapter	5.00
Natick Chapter	12.70
Old Bay State Chapter	2.35
Old Blake House Chapter	5.00
Old Mendon Chapter	2.00
Old Newbury Chapter	1.00
Old State House Chapter	5.00
Paul Revere Chapter	14.10
Prudence Wright Chapter	3.00
Watertown Chapter	10.00
Michigan:	
Chippewa Chapter	3.75
Lewis Cass Chapter	1.25
Muskegon Chapter	5.00
Philip Livingston Chapter .....	.75
Minnesota:	
Lake City Chapter	2.00
Minneapolis Chapter	1.00
Nathan Hale Chapter	2.25
Missouri:	
Clark County Chapter	2.00
Elizabeth Randolph Chapter	5.00
Missouri Pioneers Chapter	5.00
Webster Groves Chapter	7.55
Montana:	
Silver Bow Chapter	15.00
Nebraska:	
Platte Chapter	14.00
New Hampshire:	
Granite Chapter	2.95
New Jersey:	
Ann Whitall Chapter	6.30
Chinkchewunsk Chapter	3.00
Col. Thomas Reynolds Chapter	5.00
Greenwich Tea Burning Chapter	8.00
Monmouth Chapter	10.00

Nova Caesarea Chapter	25.00	
Tennent Chapter	4.76	
New Mexico:		
Roswell Chapter	3.00	
New York:		
Captain John Harris Chapter	15.00	
Caughnawaga Chapter	15.00	
Chemung Chapter	20.00	
Corning Chapter	3.50	
Corp. Josiah Griswold Chapter	6.50	
Johnstown Chapter	15.00	
Kanestio Valley Chapter	3.00	
Mahwenawasigh Chapter	14.25	
Monroe Chapter	10.50	
Ondawa-Cambridge Chapter	1.00	
Otsego Chapter	25.00	
Owasco Chapter	8.25	
Patterson Chapter	10.00	
Schenectada Chapter	4.55	
Willard's Mountain Chapter	8.00	
North Carolina:		
Mecklenburg Chapter	25.00	
Ohio:		
Ohio Chapters .....	.50	
Fort Findlay Chapter	10.00	
George Clinton Chapter	6.15	
Kokosing Chapter	5.00	
Mahoning Chapter	11.00	
Moses Cleaveland Chapter	5.00	
New Connecticut Chapter	13.00	
Oklahoma:		
Nancy Green Chapter	3.00	
Oregon:		
Multnomah Chapter	25.00	
Oregon Lewis & Clark Chapter	6.00	
Willamette Chapter	10.50	
Pennsylvania:		
Allagewe Chapter	6.75	
Brookville Chapter	26.00	
George Clymer Chapter	5.05	
Lawrence Chapter	3.26	
Michelet Chapter	1.50	
Pittsburgh Chapter	5.25	
Quaker City Chapter	12.44	
Rhode Island:		
Gaspee Chapter	15.00	
Phebe Greene Ward Chapter	25.00	
Rhode Island Independence Chapter	2.00	
South Carolina:		
South Carolina Chapters	3.80	
Texas:		
Alamo Chapter	10.00	
Comfort Woods Chapter	2.00	
Major John Rose Chapter	1.25	
Utah:		
Spirit of Liberty Chapter	9.75	
Vermont:		
Vermont Chapters	55.50	
Virginia:		
Great Bridge Chapter	2.50	
Stuart Chapter	15.00	
Wisconsin:		
Munedoo Chapter	9.30	
Racine Chapter	5.75	
Waukesha-Continental Chapter	25.00	
Wyoming:		
Fort Caspar Chapter	6.00	\$1,398.31

Contributions for Purchase of Land:

Alabama:

Bigbee Valley Chapter	1.25
Mrs. W. F. Garth, Twickenham Town Chapter...	45.00
Under Five Flags Chapter	5.00

California:

Mrs. Frank E. Allen, Eschscholtzia Chapter	1.25
Mrs. E. D. Barry, Martin Severance Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Charles B. Booth, Oneonta Park Chapter....	20.00
Mrs. William Lawley Saul, San Antonio Chapter..	1.25
Mrs. S. B. Boak, Tamalpais Chapter	1.25

Connecticut:

Abigail Phelps Chapter	2.50
Abigail Wolcott Ellsworth Chapter	62.50
Mrs. Charles W. Cook, Abigail Wolcott Ellsworth Chapter	62.50
Mrs. A. M. Wilson, Abigail Wolcott Ellsworth Chapter	31.25
Anna Warner Bailey Chapter	6.25
Dorothy Ripley Chapter	1.25
Elizabeth Porter Putnam Chapter	15.00
Miss Lista Lincoln, Emma Hart Willard Chapter ..	1.25
Eunice Dennie Burr Chapter	1.25
Miss Loretta B. Perry, Eunice Deannie Burr Chapter	1.25
Hannah Benedict Carter Chapter	5.00
Mrs. M. M. Neale, "a friend of Hannah Woodruff Chapter"	1.25
Lucretia Shaw Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Herbert L. Crandall, Lucretia Shaw Chapter	2.50
Miss Ethel K. Lawrence, Lucretia Shaw Chapter	10.00
Miss Agnes H. Gilbert, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter	11.25
Mrs. Henry L. Harrison, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter	5.00
Mrs. Mary A. C. Knous, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter	1.25
Mrs. S. S. Thompson, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter	6.25
Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel, State Regent, Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter	6.25
Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter	6.25
Mrs. Henrietta Bissell, Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Wm. H. Doyle, Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter	2.50
Mary Silliman Chapter	6.25
Mrs. R. J. MacKenzie, Mary Silliman Chapter, in honor of Mrs. Katherine M. Spalding.....	10.00
Mrs. Helena Hill Weed, Norwalk Chapter	6.25
Orford Parish Chapter	5.00
Mrs. Caroline Low Pierce, Regent, Putnam Hill Chapter	5.00
Mrs. S. Hart Culver, Regent, Sarah Ludlow Chapter	1.25
Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter	12.50
Sarah Rogers Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Cora Bristol, Regent, Sarah Rogers Chapter	6.25
Wadsworth Chapter	2.50

Delaware:

State Conference for Misses Anderson and Blanken, pages	2.50
---	------

District of Columbia:

Army & Navy Chapter	4.00
Mrs. Anna J. Stout, Continental Dames Chapter..	1.25
Miss Helen Stout, Continental Dames Chapter....	1.25
Elizabeth Jackson Chapter	5.00
Mr. A. J. Green, S. A. R., through Mrs. Engle, Elizabeth Jackson Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Helen F. Frew, Elizabeth Jackson Chapter..	1.25
Mrs. Alice H. Heaton, Elizabeth Jackson Chapter..	2.50
Emily Nelson Chapter	20.00

Mrs. Sarah E. M. Cornwell, Emily Nelson Chapter	2.50
Mrs. Mary L. Martin, Emily Nelson Chapter.....	5.00
Eugenia Washington Chapter	2.50
Little John Boyden Chapter	10.00
Mrs. Margaret M. Berry, Regent, Major William Overton Callis Chapter	1.25
Margaret Whetten Chapter	16.25
Mrs. Elinore Collins, Mary Washington Chapter..	1.25
Mrs. A. B. Dille, Mary Washington Chapter.....	1.25
Mrs. Augusta Geer, Mary Washington Chapter...	1.25
Mrs. Maria C. Jeffras, Mary Washington Chapter..	1.25
Mrs. Sanders Johnston, Mary Washington Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Cornelia Munn, Mary Washington Chapter..	1.25
Mrs. James S. Phillips, Mary Washington Chapter	1.25
Miss Mary Rector, Mary Washington Chapter.....	1.25
Mrs. J. E. Richardson, Mary Washington Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Bessie R. Rogers, Mary Washington Chapter	1.25
Mrs. E. H. Staver, Mary Washington Chapter...	2.50
Miss Elizabeth Timlow, Mary Washington Chapter	1.25
Miss Mary J. Timlow, Mary Washington Chapter.	1.25
Mrs. Helen Wayland, Mary Washington Chapter.	1.25
Mrs. Walter Weaver, Mary Washington Chapter..	1.25
Mrs. William Weaver, Mary Washington Chapter.	1.25
Miss M. B. Wills, Mary Washington Chapter.....	1.25
Ruth Brewster Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Roberta Van H. Volland, Sarah Franklin Chapter	1.25
Susan Riviere Hetzel Chapter.....	1.25
Miss Madeliene S. Callaghan	1.25
Mrs. Sabine D. Callaghan	1.25
Governor Thomas Welles Society, C. A. R.....	1.25
Florida:	
Mrs. G. C. Frissell, State Regent	15.00
Mrs. M. W. Carruth, De Soto Chapter.....	5.00
Mrs. Carl Hill, De Soto Chapter	5.00
Orlando Chapter	10.00
Georgia:	
Mrs. Gazolone L. Ellis, Mary Hammond Washington Chapter	5.00
Illinois:	
Chicago Delegation, in honor of Mrs. W. D. Washburn	6.25
Mrs. Marie H. Smith, Chicago Chapter.....	1.25
Mrs. Samuel W. Earle, Chicago Chapter, in memory of her sister, Mrs. O. P. Dickenson.....	6.25
Mrs. John R. Webster, Mildred Warner Washington Chapter	5.00
Miss Mabel Beeman, Ninian Edwards Chapter...	5.00
Indiana:	
Mrs. Henry A. Beck, Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter	5.00
Miss Cora A. Curry, Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter	1.25
Mrs. John N. Carey, Cornelia Cole Fairbanks Chapter	5.00
General de Lafayette Chapter	6.25
Mrs. Frank Felter, Huntington Chapter	5.00
Mrs. W. W. Gaar, Richmond-Indiana Chapter.....	5.00
Rushville Chapter	5.00
Mrs. W. J. Vickery, Vanderburgh Chapter.....	1.25
Iowa:	
Mrs. Athelia E. Chesley, Pilgrim Chapter	1.25
Miss Zada M. Cooper, Pilgrim Chapter	1.25
Kentucky:	
Mrs. John Thixton, Regent General Evan Shelby Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Horace E. Garth, General Samuel Hopkins Chapter	5.00

Maine:

Mesdames R. H. Baxter and J. G. Morse, Col. Dummer Sewall Chapter, in honor of Mrs. A. S. Tarbox	10.00
General Knox Chapter	4.00

Maryland:

Mrs. Arthur Lee Bosley, State Regent, tribute to Mrs. George W. Hodges	1.25
Mrs. Robert G. Hogan, State Regent.....	5.00
Anne Arundel Chapter	2.50
Baltimore Chapter	5.00
Cresap Chapter	2.50
Francis Scott Key Chapter	5.00
General Smallwood Chapter	2.50
John Eager Howard Chapter	6.25
Mordecai Gist Chapter	5.00
Peggy Stewart Tea Party Chapter.....	2.50
Mrs. Eric Bergland, Thomas Johnson Chapter..	1.25
Washington-Custis Chapter	5.00

Massachusetts:

Betsy Ross Chapter	5.00
Mrs. Emma M. Bass, Boston Tea Party Chapter, for her five grandchildren	6.25
Miss Marion Bass, Boston Tea Party Chapter	1.25
Miss Marion Decrow, Boston Tea Party Chapter..	1.25
Miss Annie S. Head, Boston Tea Party Chapter...	5.00
Col. Thomas Gardner Chapter	2.50
Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter	5.00
Miss Gertrude Hudson, Humphrey and Sprague Chapter	1.25
Miss Jennie G. Moseley, Johanna Aspinwall Chapter	1.25
John Hancock Chapter	10.00
Lucy Jackson Chapter	1.25
Mrs. James G. Dunning, Mercy Warren Chapter..	7.50
Mrs. James G. Dunning, Mercy Warren Chapter, for granddaughter, Marjorie Frost Dunning..	3.75
Miss Julia T. Pevey, Molly Varnum Chapter.....	1.25
Nemasket Chapter	10.00
Mrs. Rozella Thompson, Nemasket Chapter	2.50
Mrs. Marian Longfellow, Old North Chapter.....	1.25
Miss Harriet K. Smith, Sea Coast Defence Chapter	5.00
Miss Mildred G. Smith, Sea Coast Defence Chapter	5.00

Michigan:

Mrs. James P. Brayton, Honorary State Regent, in memory of Mrs. Irene W. Chittendon	25.00
Louisa St. Clair Chapter	25.00
Mrs. Emily J. Clark, Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter	125.00

Minnesota:

Mrs. Charles R. Davis, Vice-President General...	5.00
Lake City Chapter	5.00
Monument Chapter	12.50
Mrs. L. C. Jefferson, Regent, Nathan Hale Chapter	5.00
Mrs. W. P. Jewett, St. Paul Chapter, in honor of Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Chaplain General...	5.00
Mrs. James Schoonmaker, St. Paul Chapter.....	5.00

Missouri:

Mrs. Ben F. Gray, Jr., Vice-President General...	10.00
Mrs. Mark S. Salisbury, State Regent.....	6.25
Alexander Doniphan Chapter	1.25
Anne Helm Chapter	5.00
Carrollton Chapter	5.00
Columbian Chapter	5.00
Cornelia Greene Chapter	3.75
Elizabeth Benton Chapter	11.25
Elizabeth Carey Chapter	1.25
Hannah Hull Chapter	1.25
Henry County Chapter	5.00
Jane Randolph Jefferson Chapter	1.25

Jefferson Chapter	6.25
Laclede Chapter	5.00
Lafayette-Lexington Chapter	1.25
Nancy Hunter Chapter	5.00
Patsey Gregg Chapter	2.50
St. Louis Chapter	10.00
Sarah Bryan Chinn Chapter	5.00
Virginia Daughters Chapter	1.25
Warrensburg Chapter	2.50
Webb City Chapter	1.25
Webster Groves Chapter	1.25
New Hampshire:	
Mrs. Charles C. Goss, State Regent.....	1.25
Miss Annie Wallace, State Vice-Regent	31.25
Ashuelot Chapter	5.00
Buntin Chapter	5.00
Exeter Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Matilda P. Haines, Margery Sullivan Chapter	6.25
Miss Sarah Morton, Margery Sullivan Chapter..	1.25
Mrs. William F. Russell, Margery Sullivan Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Josephine W. Sweet, Mary Torr Chapter...	1.25
Mercy Hathaway White Chapter	5.00
Mrs. F. W. Farnsworth, Milford Chapter.....	1.25
Miss Mattie L. B. Burpee, Molly Stark Chapter...	1.25
Mrs. Fannie H. Sawyer, Molly Stark Chapter	1.25
Rumford Chapter	5.00
Mrs. W. B. Howe, Rumford Chapter.....	1.25
New Jersey:	
Ann Whitall Chapter	1.25
Annis Stockton Chapter	1.25
Bergen Chapter	6.25
Boudinot Chapter	2.50
Camp Middlebrook Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Frank Chapman, Eagle Rock Chapter.....	1.25
General Lafayette Chapter	1.25
New York:	
Mrs. Willard S. Augsbury, State Regent	5.00
Mrs. Harriet L. Gates, Chemung Chapter.....	1.25
Mrs. Stella F. Broadhead, Jamestown Chapter....	10.00
Mrs. Fred W. Hyde, Jamestown Chapter.....	5.00
Mrs. Edward Wells, Johnstown Chapter.....	5.00
Mrs. Charles B. Scudder, Ketewamoke Chapter...	1.25
Mrs. Emma B. Cleveland, Le Ray de Chaumont Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Nora C. W. Cruikshank, Le Ray de Chaumont Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Charles L. Brodt, Manhattan Chapter.....	1.25
Mrs. Daniel de Cardenas, Manhattan Chapter...	1.25
Mrs. R. A. Ehman, Manhattan Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Levi Holbrook, Manhattan Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Edwin A. Jones, Manhattan Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Livingston Rowe Schuyler, Manhattan Chap- ter	1.25
Mrs. Harvey T. White, Manhattan Chapter	1.25
Miss Mary Marshall Mead, through Minisink Chapter	1.25
Mohawk Valley Chapter	6.25
Miss Libbie Bosworth, Ondawa-Cambridge Chapter	1.25
Mrs. Daniel Westfall, Ondawa-Cambridge Chapter.	5.00
Mrs. Leonard H. Giles, Philip Schuyler Chapter	20.00
Quassaick Chapter	5.00
Tioughnloga Chapter	1.25
Tuscarora Chapter	5.00
White Plains Chapter	1.25
Messrs. Edward J. and George T. Moon, through Mrs. George T. Moon, Jr., Regent, Women of '76 Chapter	5.00
North Carolina:	
Mrs. William N. Reynolds, State Regent.....	32.50

Miss Ethel May Johnson, through David Williams Chapter	1.25	
Miss Eunice M. Taylor, through David Williams Chapter	1.25	
Miss Serena F. Taylor, through David Williams Chapter	1.25	
Miss Asha Louise Wells, through David Williams Chapter	1.25	
North Dakota:		
Mrs. George M. Young, State Regent.....	5.00	
Ohio:		
Mrs. Kent Hamilton, Vice-President General.....	5.00	
Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr., Director General, In Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution	10.00	
Mrs. Austin C. Brant, State Regent.....	5.00	
Canton Chapter	5.00	
Mrs. Johnetta B. Hardy, Catherine Green Chapter	5.00	
Mrs. Robert R. Jones, Cincinnati Chapter.....	6.25	
East Cleveland Chapter	2.50	
Mrs. Virginia S. Hodge, Regent, East Cleveland Chapter	5.00	
Mrs. M. A. Harnit, Fort Industry Chapter.....	5.00	
Mrs. John T. Mack, Martha Pitkin Chapter, for her granddaughter, Penelope M. Stark	1.25	
Miss Mary W. Morrison, Mary Stanley Chapter...	5.00	
Mrs. Harriett D. Burgner, Oberlin Chapter	2.50	
Mrs. Edward L. Harris, Western Reserve Chapter	5.00	
Mrs. Stephen L. Pierce, Western Reserve Chapter	5.00	
Mrs. John J. Wood, Western Reserve Chapter...	5.00	
Pennsylvania:		
Harrisburg Chapter	2.50	
Lawrence Chapter	1.25	
Mrs. T. Chalmers Darsie, Pittsburgh Chapter.....	12.50	
Mrs. Jean W. Downey, Pittsburgh Chapter	5.00	
Presque Isle Chapter	5.00	
Mrs. George E. Pierce, Presque Isle Chapter.....	5.00	
Miss Mary Evans, Valley Forge Chapter.....	5.00	
Wyoming Valley Chapter	5.00	
Rhode Island:		
Mrs. Clovis H. Bowen, State Regent	5.00	
Gaspee Chapter	25.00	
Mrs. William Critcherson, Regent, Phebe Greene Ward Chapter	5.00	
South Carolina:		
Mrs. F. H. H. Calhoun, State Regent.....	5.00	
King's Mountain Chapter	1.25	
Tennessee:		
Mrs. George W. Baxter, State Regent	31.25	
Mrs. Nannie Cheely, Cumberland Chapter	2.50	
Mrs. W. E. Norvell, Cumberland Chapter	1.25	
John Sevier Chapter	5.00	
Mrs. Maggie L. Hicks, Chairman, Children and Sons of the Republic	2.50	
Virginia:		
Alleghany Chapter	2.50	
Mrs. Eleanor S. Washington Howard, Mount Vernon Chapter, for herself, daughter and three granddaughters	20.00	
West Virginia:		
West Virginia Chapters	20.00	
Mrs. Parks Fisher, Col. John Evans Chapter.....	1.25	
Mrs. S. G. Jackson, Col. John Evans Chapter.....	1.25	
Mrs. Wm. Moorhead, Col. John Evans Chapter...	1.25	
Mrs. Sleden A. Stone, Daniel Davisson Chapter...	1.25	
Mrs. Robert B. Bernheim, Kanawha Valley Chapter	2.50	
Unknown	3.75	\$1,501.75
Liquidation and Endowment Fund, Mrs. Williard T. Block, Chairman		46.65

Commission on:		
Photos	113.27	
Recognition Pins	39.40	
Regents' and Ex-Regents' Pins	42.50	195.17
Total Receipts		\$9,958.51
		\$11,008.40
Transfer from Current Fund by order of Twenty-fourth Continental Congress.....		20,000.00
		\$31,008.40
DISBURSEMENTS		
Continental Hall contribution refunded, Elijah Paine Chapter, Vermont	\$5.00	
Bills Payable	25,000.00	
Interest on Bills Payable	465.28	
Stand, regilding candelabra, glass for mirror and plates, Massachusetts Room	43.25	
Total Disbursements		\$25,513.53
Balance on hand, May 31, 1915		\$5,494.87
Balance, American Security & Trust Co. Bank, May 31, 1915	\$5,494.87	
Permanent Investment, Chicago & Alton Bonds.....	2,314.84	
Total Permanent Fund, Cash and Investment.....		\$7,809.71

Respectfully,
OLIVE POWELL RANSELL,
Treasurer-General, N. S. D. A. R.

The President General announced that the statement of the Treasurer General was received as read. Miss Pierce presented also a request from the Treasurer General that she be granted the privilege of a reprint of the Christmas offering letter and permitted to send it out before the October meeting. Moved by Mrs. Hall, seconded by Mrs. Moody, and carried, *that the request of the Treasurer General to send out a reprint of the Christmas offering letter before the October meeting be granted.*

REPORT OF REGISTRAR GENERAL

The following report of the Registrar General was presented by Miss Pierce, who stated that during the afternoon she would have an additional list to present:

Madam President General and Members of the Board of Management, I have the Honor to Report the Following:

Applications presented to the Board.....	1,023
Supplemental applications verified.....	804
Original papers returned unverified.....	22
Supplemental papers returned unverified	7
Permits for Insignia issued.....	285
Permits for Ancestral Bars issued.....	242
Permits for Recognition Pins issued....	269
Applications for Real Daughters presented	1
Number of Letters, including duplicate papers, issued	2,835
Number of cards issued.....	1,164
Original papers examined and not yet verified	614

Supplemental papers examined and not yet verified	1,979
New Records verified.....	326
Original papers awaiting Notary's Seal.	26
Supplemental papers awaiting Notary's Seal	24
Total number of papers verified.....	1,827
Number of application papers copied..	91@25c
	\$22.75
Number of volumes bound since Congress	12
Number of volumes ready to bind.....	10

Respectfully submitted,
GRACE M. PIERCE,
Registrar General.

Referring to the admission of the Real Daughter, the Registrar General stated that when this paper was verified it was discovered that the Society already had another Real Daughter as a member, who had been admitted through another wife of this revolutionary soldier. This Real Daughter was discovered in South Dakota, the daughter of a soldier who had served in Virginia with Washington's Life

Guards, and whose service was especially honorable, and the record was remarkably clear. Miss Pierce told briefly of the enormous amount of work that had been accomplished by her office since the last Congress, stating that every paper in the office had been gone over, in the hope that it might be verified in time for the June Board meeting, and every paper that could be verified had been completed. *The acceptance of the Registrar General's report, with appreciation for the great amount of work accomplished,* was moved by Mrs. Smallwood, seconded by Mrs. Maupin, and carried. Following an explanation by the Registrar General of a complication that sometimes occurred in the admission of a member living outside of her state, whose paper had been signed by another state regent, the President General requested that Miss Pierce would also serve on the committee to be appointed to prepare the letter of instruction to be sent out by the Organizing Secretary General to chapter regents.

The President General stated that the lists of names of applicants for membership were at the disposal of the state regents, and the motion was seconded and carried empowering the Secretary to cast the ballot. The Recording Secretary General announced that she cast the ballot for the admission of the 1,023 new members presented by the Registrar General.

The Registrar General presented the following telegram:

As a favor, will you present to Board name of Inez Matthews Wilcox, daughter of Ellen Eddy Matthews, a recent member. Mrs. Wilcox is very anxious to attend as a member in August the state conference at Marquette, her old home. Papers on the way.

ALICE LOUISE McDUFFEE

stating that the mother and sister of this applicant were members of the Society and there would be no question of the papers being perfectly satisfactory, and requested that her name be placed on the conditional list and accepted by the Board if the requirements were met. On motion duly seconded, it was carried that this request be complied with.

The Registrar General recommended also that the pension usually paid to Real Daughters be paid to the Real Daughter (Mrs. Charlotte J. W. Turner) whom we have admitted today. This also, on motion duly seconded, was carried.

Miss Pierce then proceeded to read the rest of her report.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

In submitting this report of work accomplished since the close of the Congress in April, I wish to acknowledge with deep appreciation the splendid assistance and co-operation of the clerical force of my office. Every sug-

gestion, every expressed desire has been responded to with a spontaneous and whole-hearted devotion to the interest of this Society which deserves this public commendation. The temporary employment of an additional clerk in the office has made it possible to readjust and more nearly equalize certain portions of the work and enabled the office to present the total of work which you have just approved. Still further readjustment, however, is necessary to meet the rapidly growing demands of our Society and I am bringing to you at this time a statement of the needs of my office, as it is necessary that the change I desire shall be authorized by this Board at this time, in order that the office may be able to meet and dispatch the increasing volume of work which we have to meet before the first of October.

The first obstacle confronting us is a lack of space in which to do our work. We are hampered by a congestion of papers, furniture and clerks. None of these can be dispensed with and more must be immediately added. Since our first occupancy of Continental Hall, the smaller room which was assigned to the use of the Registrar General has been used as a stack room and devoted to the shelving of the bound volumes of application papers and the ancestral card catalogue. The number of these volumes has steadily increased until the question of shelf room must be again considered. There are now in this room five vacant shelves for the bound volumes of original application papers and three for the bound volumes of supplemental papers. These vacant shelves have heretofore been utilized as a storage place for application papers awaiting verification and office supplies, a certain quantity of which have to be constantly at hand in the office. Our increase in membership now averages nearly, if not quite, one thousand members at each of the nine monthly meetings of the year. From each of these meetings, therefore, result five or six bound volumes of original applications and one or more of supplemental application papers. The papers from the April meeting now ready to go to the bindery and those from this June meeting will require two, if not three, of the vacant shelves now used for storage of application papers and one at least of the shelves for supplemental volumes now used for storage of supplies. After the coming October meeting the vacant shelves will be practically all utilized for their legitimate purpose, therefore, an additional section of shelves will have to be provided in the fall, and by the end of another year we will be confronted by the problem of having to provide additional stack space, either by an upper gallery in the present stack room or by some other provision. The records of the Registrar's Office necessarily increase more

rapidly than any other department. In addition to this extra shelving space which we have to consider, three articles of furniture are immediately needed to meet the requirements of the work of this office, these are a letter file, a new ancestral card catalogue, a filing case or cabinet for application papers awaiting verification. At present the letters are filed in the pasteboard filing cases which accommodate one-hundred letters each. These are stored on top of the stacks in the smaller room, so high they are out of reach of the clerks and require a messenger or step-ladder whenever needed for reference. These pasteboard files have a way of bursting open when closely packed, like ripened chestnut burrs, and have to be tied with strings. They are exposed to all of the dust of the office and altogether present neither an orderly nor sanitary appearance.

The membership application papers awaiting verification are necessarily stacked anywhere and everywhere. No receptacle of any kind has ever been provided for these papers since the early days, when two tin bread boxes of a suitable length and width were provided in which to keep these papers. These bread boxes are still in use for certain papers, but the increase in membership from less than one-hundred members in one month to more than one thousand members in the same time has caused the leaven of those early days to overflow the confines of the bread boxes, and today these papers are stored in every available place, on vacant shelves now required for other use, on top of cabinets, desks and tables. An improvised cabinet of discarded furnishing and office chairs have been requisitioned until there have been times when there has not been an available chair to offer a visitor who comes in to the office on business. As a result of this lack of proper care, these papers are constantly exposed to dust and the wear of constant handling. They become soiled, defaced and mutilated. I have signed papers during the past few weeks so soiled and worn that I felt it a disgrace for the Society to have them returned in such a condition, and yet, under existing conditions in the office, proper care cannot be given them. In the old days at 902 F street, when anything was needed, the reply was always "Wait until we move to Continental Hall and we will be able to have everything we need then," but, somehow, in the selection by the several states of rooms to furnish, the two rooms of the Registrar General, being the working offices of the Society, did not lend themselves to artistic furnishing so readily as the others and were, therefore, not desired. The Daughters of the American Revolution of the State of Iowa have been most generous of their furnishings of one of these rooms, but it is a question whether this generosity can

be called upon to cover all the additional features which will be needed from time to time with the growth of the Society. The ancestral card catalogue, at present in the smaller room, has now reached the limitations of its service. This catalogue is at present composed of a motley collection of sectional cabinets of two, four and six drawers. Some of these sections were originally purchased for this office, while others, as the need arose, have been transferred from other offices as they were discarded or replaced by the purchase of new cabinets for those offices. These sections vary in depth from twelve, fourteen, fifteen and seventeen inches and present a very irregular appearance. The height has gone beyond the height of the average clerk, necessitating the use of a step to reach the top row of drawers. In some of the drawers the cards are so tightly packed that it is an impossibility to file another card, and cards are having to be bunched and kept on top of the case, exposed to dust and danger of loss or destruction. Every application paper coming into the office has to be compared with this catalogue to ascertain if the Revolutionary ancestor through whom the applicant desires to enter is already in our files. These cards enable us to verify the papers for two generations, that of the Revolutionary soldier and the child through whom the applicant descends. The catalogue is, therefore, in constant use and in order to secure rapid and accurate work the drawers cannot be filled beyond a certain point for ready handling. After each meeting of the Board for the admission of members, new cards are added for the Revolutionary soldiers whose records are thus added to our files, so that we cannot hope to have a finished catalogue as long as we can receive even one new member. This catalogue has also reached the limitation of space which can be allotted to it in the room where it now is and, furthermore, as previously stated, the space it now occupies will be needed in the autumn for book stacks for bound application papers. Consequently, some other provision must be made and this catalogue must be removed to another room. With these conditions in view, I have measured every inch of available space and studied every unoccupied room in the building and herewith submit the following report:

The room most practicable both for the present and for years to come, most convenient for both the Registrar's work, the clerks of the Historian General's room, who refer to it almost as constantly as the Registrar, and the future development of the Genealogical Department, will be the larger one of the present Registrar's rooms. There is no place for it in this room at present, and to place it there will necessitate an entire readjustment of the work of my office, rearrangement of furniture and

the transfer of several clerks with their work to other rooms at present unoccupied. This change, of course, must be worked out carefully and with deliberation, as it is not possible to make radical readjustments and transfer of work from one clerk to another all at once without impairing the degree of efficiency which it is so desirable to maintain. I desire, therefore, Madam President General and ladies, the consent and authority of this body to try out during the summer vacation the plans which I have drafted to relieve the congestion to which I have previously referred and which I now believe will result in more efficient service to the Society. I ask that the Board assign to me two rooms at present not occupied as offices for this purpose. I prefer first the room in the northeast corner of the third floor. I have selected this because it is adjoined that now occupied by the clerk whose work it is to make out the certificates of membership and who has to use for that purpose the application papers passed upon at each meeting before these papers are sent to the bindery. My plan is to transfer to this room the two clerks from my office whose work can be rearranged so as to have practically the entire handling of the papers after admission until the duplicates are returned to the applicants or members and ours are ready for the bindery. At present these papers have to be transferred from my office to the certificate clerk and returned there, but in the plan I have suggested the same transfer would accommodate the clerks of both offices. The work on them could also be completed there and they need not be returned to the office on the first floor till returned from the bindery and ready for the stacks. This would also remove from the present Registrar's room a large part of the congestion of papers previously referred to, as the papers passed upon would no longer have to be stacked, as they now are, on desks and tables until sent to the binders. The other room I ask for, if available, is the room directly above the smaller of the two rooms I now have, recently furnished by the State of Massachusetts. Here I would remove two other clerks with their desks, but whose work necessitates their being nearer the main office, within ready call. This will then leave in the main office two typewriters and the desks of the chief clerk and national officer. At present there are in this room six typewriters, the desk of the chief clerk and of the national officer. A call on the telephone always necessitates suspension of work on from two to six machines and a call in person the same, as it is practically impossible for any conversation under present conditions.

Having thus readjusted my clerical force and their work, a rearrangement of furniture would permit the placing in this

larger room of the ancestral card catalogue, and we would thus have readily available on the first floor convenient to the Library and other offices all the data and material necessary for reference and verification of papers. The ancestral card catalogue has also been the object of anxious hours of study for days and nights during the past few weeks. Again it is necessary to plan for the future growth of the Society and development of work. I have consulted dealers in library supplies for prices and materials and make the following report: To purchase a solid wood mahogany filing case for these records does not seem to me a wise thing to do when all large libraries, business concerns and public record places are refitting their filing rooms with steel equipments. These can be obtained with mahogany finish which gives them an appearance of wood with the safety of steel. I have had several designs drafted based upon my own suggestions and plans and believe that I have now solved the question of a card catalogue and filing cabinet for our application papers and a letter file—the three articles of furniture required in my office—in one combination, which will prove perfectly practicable, being both compact and expansive as the growth of the Society may demand. This is of steel construction, mahogany finish and consists of three sections on a sanitary base. In the lower part of each section are four filing drawers of a height and length to accommodate our application papers. In the three sections which we shall need immediately there are twelve drawers. Here can be kept all application papers awaiting verification under various headings, classified and filed according to states and alphabetically by chapters under states. One or two of these drawers can be used as a letter file and one drawer can accommodate the number of letters now contained in from fifteen to twenty of the pasteboard files now in use. One or two of these drawers can also be used for the office supplies which necessarily have to be kept in the office, and will be better than cupboards, as they can be drawn out and articles in the back part of the drawer can be removed without displacing those in the front. Above these large filing drawers are the smaller card filing drawers for the card index, with sliding shelves so necessary for resting paper and taking notes from the catalogue work. Whenever wall space is no longer available for these sections they can be placed back to back and double rows extended through the room. I have had estimates made on these by two firms. Each has some feature that the other has not. One has a larger base. That is, the lower filing drawers are twenty-five inches deep, the index card drawers seventeen inches deep, the difference between these forming a ledge eight inches wide which answers the purpose of another

shelf. This arrangement gives a larger base, which precludes the possibility of the sections falling forward and also affords additional filing space of eight inches for papers in each of the lower drawers, or altogether eight feet additional filing space. As this catalogue and filing cabinet is absolutely necessary for the immediate work of the office, I ask authorization to arrange for the purchase of same and that the Finance Committee be empowered to approve the voucher. It would also be a great accommodation to the office if the small closet adjoining the stage could be assigned to us for storage of supplies.

As usual, with the end of every season there remains in the office a vast accumulation of work still to be finished. The rule has always obtained that applications for new members in the Society must always be given preference, and the supplemental papers filed by those already members must await verification until such times as seem convenient. Personally I do not altogether approve of this rule. The preference for new members is always necessary, but it has never seemed to me fair that the actual members should not be accorded the same promptitude of service as the would-be-members. The supplemental papers filed by actual members are those from which we are getting our greatest number of new records, as it seems to be the general scheme for applicants to enter as far as possible on records already approved, so that there may be the least possible delay in admission, and to send in additional papers on new records later.

These new records are those to which the ruling referred to applies, and they are always the ones that have to wait a more convenient season. But these new records are all the time helping to complete our files, and the verification of all new records means the easier verification later of papers from applicants for membership. These new records, supplemental, unless additional data has had to be required, have been verified to the first of May, 1913. I hope by another readjustment in the clerical force during the summer to be able to clear all of these papers out of the office by the first of October, and, if the changes that I have asked the privilege of trying out prove satisfactory, it is my desire to keep the work up to date and to give to the supplemental papers the same prompt attention now given original applications. To one who has not been at the head of one of the working departments of our great organization, the increase in the work of our offices is a sealed book. Nor is it easy to explain to others, but, knowing as I do the intense desire of the President General and of this Board to give our beloved Society and its members the best and most efficient service possible, I have brought to you the above statement and request and ask of you

your consent and co-operation to so far as lies within my part to bring about our hearts' desire.

In consultation with other National Officers upon the work of our respective offices we have found many little cross workings of the office which seem to the National Officers in charge might be easily readjusted to the betterment of the general work. Therefore, I would recommend that the active National Officers, that is, those elected by Congress as heads of departments, shall be constituted a committee to confer regarding the work in the several offices and in part to make such changes as affect their respective offices which are not established by the officers of the National Board of Management, and to try out during the summer such changes as seem desirable, and to report back to the Board such changes requiring the action or approval of the Board at the October meeting; to also conjointly make such rules and regulations governing the work and clerical force of their respective offices and to arrange, if possible, for a change of clerical assistance during the rush season, and, in fact, to draft and test out such measures as seem to them best adapted in their own departments to the progress and efficiency of the work of the General Society, and, if this can be done, I believe, it would insure an esprit de corps among the clerical force and the National Officers which would result in the material advancement in the interest of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Respectfully submitted,

GRACE M. PIERCE,
Registrar General.

With respect to the desired changes outlined by the Registrar General, the President General stated that she felt that the person immediately associated with the work was the one who knew best what was required, that there was a committee to whom the details might be taken, but it was desired to know the lump sum the changes would require, as the Board alone had the authority to vote the money. The entire sum required was stated by Miss Pierce to be between \$299 and \$300, the other changes not requiring any expense, being merely a transfer of certain furniture and of the clerks from one room to another, with permission to try out a temporary scheme of work to see if it was proper to put it into permanent operation. The President General stated that it would be necessary to consider the recommendations *ad seriatim*. There was considerable discussion as to whether a state had the right to object to the use of its room when required for the work of the National Society, the point also being made that, inasmuch as the Board had referred all these matters to the Building and Grounds Committee, the rec-

ommendations or suggestions should be reported from that Committee, which was compelled to present the recommendations of National Officers to the Board, whether or not approved by the Building and Grounds Committee. The President General stated, however, that an effort would be made to discover some way of taking immediate action in those matters which the laws required to be presented through the Committee, so that the work of the Registrar General would not be retarded.

On motion of Mrs. Sternberg, a recess was taken for luncheon, Miss Pierce requesting permission to resume immediately on reconvening.

The afternoon session was called to order at 2:45 by the President General.

The Registrar General presented a third list of applicants for membership, stating that her clerks had worked through the luncheon hour in order to complete the verification of the papers.

Supplemental Report of Registrar General.

New records verified	19
Applications presented to the Board....	278
(Including 44 conditionals.)	
Supplemental applications verified.....	24
Total number of papers verified.....	2,129
Respectfully submitted,	

GRACE M. PIERCE,
Registrar General.

It was moved that the Secretary be empowered to cast the ballot for the 234 applicants reported by the Registrar General as having fulfilled all the requirements. This was seconded and carried, and the Recording Secretary General announced that she had cast the ballot for the admission of the 234 additional members. It was then moved by Miss Pierce, seconded, and carried, that the Board consent to accept as members the 44 applicants as soon as they meet the necessary requirements of eligibility of the Society.

The President General stated that when the Registrar General reached a point in her work where she had many applications to present it would be wise to admit these applicants, even though it were in the middle of the summer—that a special meeting would be called just for the admission of the members.

The Registrar General presented a letter from a member in which it was stated that the insignia of the Society could be purchased from almost any jeweler at a price less than that of Caldwell, to which the reply had been made that the official insignia could only be purchased through Caldwell on a permit from the office of the Registrar General. This matter was referred to the proper committee.

Mrs. Sternberg presented her report as Librarian General, with the permission of the Board reading only the totals.

Report of Librarian General.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report the following accessions received since April 17th:

BOOKS.

History of Northern Michigan and its people. By Perry F. Powers. Three volumes. Chicago, Lewis Publishing Company, 1912. Presented by the Marie Theresa Cadillac Chapter.

The town of St. Johnsbury, Vermont. A review of one hundred and twenty-five years to the anniversary pageant 1912. By Edward T. Fairbanks. St. Johnsbury, Cowles Press, 1914. Presented by the St. John de Crevecoeur Chapter, under whose auspices the work was prepared.

Old Rail Fence Corners. The A. B. Cs. of Minnesota history. Authentic incidents gleaned from the old settlers by the Book Committee (a sub-committee of the Old Trails and Historic Spots Committee, D. A. R., Mrs. James T. Morris, Chairman). Austin, Minnesota, 1914. Presented by Mrs. James T. Morris, regent Old Trails Chapter.

Archives of Maryland. Proceedings and Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, October, 1720—October, 1723. Volume 34. Baltimore Maryland Historical Society, 1914. Presented by Baltimore Chapter.

The Family Tree of Columbia County, Wisconsin. By A. J. Turner. Portage, Press of Wisconsin State Register, 1904. Presented by Mrs. Chester W. Smith, regent Wau Bun Chapter.

History of De Kalb County, Tennessee. By Will T. Hale. Nashville, Paul Hunter, Publisher, 1915. Presented by Mrs. Keller Anderson.

History of the Disciples of Christ in Illinois, 1819-1914. By Nathaniel S. Haynes. Cincinnati, 1915. Presented by the author.

Register of the Lynn Historical Society, Lynn, Mass.; for the year 1914. Lynn, 1915. Presented.

Biographical Congressional Directory with an outline history of the National Congress 1774-1911. The Continental Congress, September 5, 1774—October 21, 1788. The United States Congress from the First to the Sixty-Second Congress, March 4, 1789—March 3, 1911. Washington, Government Printing Office, 1913. Presented by Mrs. Ellen Straw Thompson, through Mr. Ansel Wold.

The Story of the Marking of the Santa Fe Trail by the Daughters of the American Revolution in Kansas and the State of Kansas. By Allie Peekham Cordry, Historian Kansas D. A. R. Topeka, Crane and Company, 1915. Presented by the Seventeenth Annual Conference Kansas D. A. R.

Yesterdays in Washington. By Mary Smith

Lockwood. Two volumes. The Commonwealth Co., Rosslyn, Virginia, 1915. Presented by the author.

Index, volumes one to seven 1907-1913 of The Journal of American History. Containing an exhaustive index of the first five volumes, and separate index and syllabus for each of the two years, 1912-1913. New York, The Journal of American History, 1914. Presented by Mrs. Amos G. Draper.

The Baxter family descendants of George and Thomas Baxter of Westchester County, New York, as well as some West Virginia and South Carolina lines. By Frances Baxter. New York, Tobias A. Wright, 1913. Presented by the author.

Genealogical memoir of the Cunnabell, Conable or Connable family. John Cunnabell of London, England, and Boston, Massachusetts, and his descendants, 1650-1886. By Edward J. Connable and John B. Newcomb. Jackson, Michigan, 1886. Presented by Miss Lena R. Conable.

New England Harwood Genealogy. By Watson H. Harwood. Three volumes. Volume 1, Descendants of Andrew Harwood; Volume 2, Descendants of Henry and Elizabeth Harwood; Volume 3, Descendants of Nathaniel Harwood. Chasm Falls, New York, 1911-1912. Received from the author.

Early history of Brown University, including the life, times and correspondence of President Manning, 1756-1791. By Reuben Aldridge Guild. Providence, Snow and Farnham, 1897. Presented by Miss Katherine Clarke.

Records of the town of Braintree, Mass., 1640 to 1793. Randolph, 1886.

History of Temple, New Hampshire. By Henry Ames Blood. Boston, 1860.

Public papers of George Clinton, first Governor of New York. Vol. 10. Analytical index G-Z. Prepared under auspices of the State Historian and Chief Division of History. Albany, 1914.

Magazine of History with Notes and Queries. Vol. 19. William Abbott, publisher, 1914.

The Mayflower Descendant. Vol. 16. Boston, 1914.

Pension papers; typewritten abstracts of original pension applications. Vol. 30 prepared in office of Historian General, 1915.

Genealogy of the Cadle family, including the English descent. Washington, 1915. Presented by Charles F. Cadle.

The Genealogy of the Cleveland and Cleaveland Families. An attempt to trace, in both the male and female lines, the posterity of Moses Cleveland . . . of Woburn, Mass.; . . . Alexander Cleveland of Prince William County, Virginia; and of ancient and other Cleavelands in England, America and elsewhere . . . also a genealogical account of Edward Winn of Woburn, and other Winn families.

3 vols. By Edmund James Cleveland, and Horace Gillette Cleveland. Hartford, Case, Lockwood and Brainard, 1899. Presented by Mrs. Edmund James Cleveland, Sr.

An account of some of the Descendants of John Russell, the emigrant, from Ipswich, England, who came to Boston, New England, October 3, 1635. Together with some sketches of the allied families of Wadsworth, Tuttle and Beresford. By the late Gurdon Wadsworth Russell. Edited by Edwin Stanley Welles. Hartford, 1910. Presented by Mrs. Gurdon Wadsworth Russell.

Genealogical history of the Hoyt, Haight and Hight families, with some account of the earlier Hyatt families. By David W. Hoyt. Providence, 1871. Purchased.

Lineage Book, N. S. D. A. R. Volume 40. Washington, 1915. Two copies. Presented by the Society.

Clarke family tree. Descendants of Thomas Clarke and Martha Dunlap. A chart. Compiled by Miss Carrie Barnett. *Foy family tree. Descendants of Peter Foy and Hamital Moore.* A chart. Compiled by Miss Carrie Barnett. The last two presented by Miss Carrie Barnett.

Five bookplates have been added to our collection. One presented by Miss Amy Winslow and four by Mr. Anton Ziehl.

PAMPHLETS.

Watson family in America, 1760-1914. By Clayton Keith, 1914. Presented by Mrs. Gaius M. Brumbaugh.

Genealogy of the families of Payne and Gore. Compiled by W. H. Whittemore. Boston, 1875. Presented by Mrs. J. B. Foraker, through Mrs. Ruth Griswold Pealer.

Rhode Island Independence Day, May 4, 1915. Patriotic observances in the schools of Rhode Island. Presented by Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker.

Pennsylvania Federation of Historical Societies. Acts and Proceedings. Tenth annual meet, January 21, 1915. Harrisburg, 1915. Presented by the Secretary, S. P. Heilman.

Proceedings of the Maine Historical Society, January-June, 1914. Portland, 1915.

PERIODICALS.

Annals of Iowa.

Daughters of The American Revolution Magazine. May.

Mayflower Descendant. January.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register. April.

New York Genealogical and Biographical Record. April.

New York Public Library Bulletin. April-May.

Newport Historical Society Bulletin. April.

Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly. April.

Patriotic Marylander. June.

South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine. January.

Virginia Magazine of History and Biography. April.

William and Mary College Quarterly. April.

The above list includes 35 books, 5 pamphlets, 5 bookplates, 2 charts and 13 periodicals. 25 books were presented, 6 received in exchange and 4 purchased. 5 pamphlets were presented. 2 charts and 5 bookplates were presented.

Respectfully submitted,

(Mrs. George M.) M. L. STERNBERG,
Librarian General.

Moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Smoot, and carried, *that the report of the Librarian General be accepted.* Mrs. Sternberg read the following letter from the State Historian, giving list of books donated by Tennessee Daughters in response to her appeal:

National Board of Management, D. A. R.
Ladies:

Some days since I wrote the regents of the twenty-seven chapters in Tennessee, telling them of a conversation I had with Miss Griggs, librarian, concerning the inadequate collection of Tennessee books. I urged each of the chapters to send a volume, or set of volumes, in order that our wealth of history might be fittingly indicated. I am delighted to report that the suggestion has met with favor, and that I have already handed the librarian some volumes received in response to that request. I feel sure that a number of others will be sent, and I ask that you accept these volumes, so promptly and willingly donated by the Tennessee Daughters.

Very truly,

MRS. CHARLES H. SLACK,
Cumberland Chapter, *State Historian*,
Nashville, Tennessee.

721 19th Street, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

Daniel Boone, or the Wilderness Road, gift of Mrs. George White Baxter, State regent; Nancy Ward, gift of Mrs. Charles H. Slack, State historian; Caldwell's Constitutional History of Tennessee, gift of Mrs. Slack; De Kalb Co., gift of Mrs. Keller Anderson, Memphis; De Soto, gift Com. Lawrence Chapter, Memphis; Preservation of the Hermitage, gift Mrs. Mary C. Davis; Historic Homes in Middle Tennessee, gift Mrs. James Caldwell; Mrs. W. B. Gates, regent Adam Dale, Memphis, and Col. McClung, Knoxville, will each send one volume.

It was moved and carried that these books from Tennessee be received with thanks.

Mrs. Sternberg asked also that one of the clerks in the building be made a notary public for the convenience of the Society, and on

motion of Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Spraker, it was carried, *that one of our clerks in the building be made eligible to act as a notary public.*

Mrs. Maupin, Chairman of Printing Committee, then read her report as follows:

Report of Printing Committee.

April 19 to June 16, 1915.

Orders for printing filled outside the building:

No. 2078. Directions for voting; ballots for 24th Continental Congress.

No. 2083. 2,000 copies of Financial Statement, for Treasurer General.

No. 2084. 500 copies of songs of different States, for 24th Continental Congress.

No. 2124. 5,000 "How to Become a Member," Form 18, for Corresponding Secretary General; 30,000 remittance blanks, Form 25, for Treasurer General; 500 "Chapter Charters, etc.," Form 6A; 1,000 "Application for Charter."

No. 2127. 1,000 "Methods of Organization, D. A. R.," Form 5, for Organizing Secretary General.

No. 2140. Book of 100 pages, 500 envelopes for filing, for Curator General.

Orders for printing filled in the building:

No. 53. 2 quires $\frac{1}{2}$ letter sheets, for Curator General; 1 box letter heads, 1 box envelopes, for editor of magazine; 2,000 transfer cards, for Corresponding Secretary General; 500 referring cards, for Recording Secretary General; 300 large letter heads, 300 small letter heads, 600 envelopes with return card, for Committee to Prevent Desecration of the Flag.

No. 54. 100 notification cards, for Organizing Secretary General; 1,000 certificate slips, for Certificate Division.

No. 55. 400 postals, for editor of Lineage Book; 500 Memorial Continental Hall appointment cards, 450 Memorial Continental Hall notice cards, for Recording Secretary General.

No. 56. 150 magazine appointment cards, for Recording Secretary General.

No. 57. 130 Magazine Committee notices, for Recording Secretary General.

No. 58. 500 Pension Record sheets, for Registrar General.

MRS. JAS. F. MAUPIN.

On motion, duly seconded, the report of the Printing Committee was accepted.

The question having been brought up as to a telephone message from the secretary of the Building and Grounds Committee having been incorrectly delivered, in the course of a discussion of communications received by the Recording Secretary General, the Registrar General and the Organizing Secretary General, from the Building and Grounds Committee, to which exception had been taken by the Na-

tional Officers (the first vice-chairman and the secretary of the Building and Grounds Committee having been invited by the President General to appear before the Board), it was moved by Miss Barlow, seconded by Miss Pierce, and carried, *that communications from committees bearing on the affairs of the different offices shall be addressed to the National Officers.*

The President General referred to the recommendations in the report of the Registrar General, which, she stated, according to the laws made by the Board, must be presented to the Board through the Building and Grounds Committee, and asked that Mrs. Greenawalt, second vice-chairman of that Committee, present these recommendations as a request that had come to her from the Registrar General. The first was a request for two additional rooms to which might be removed certain clerks and furniture, so that the congestion now prevailing in that office might be relieved. Moved by Mrs. Hall, seconded by Mrs. Smallwood and Mrs. Bosley, and carried, *that a committee be appointed by the President General with power to act in regard to the Registrar General's request—the President General being the chairman of that committee.*

The second request was that a new ancestral catalogue be provided for the work in the Registrar General's office as outlined in the report. Moved by Mrs. Smallwood, seconded by Mrs. Moody, and carried, *that the second request of the Registrar General be referred to the same Committee as the first request, with power to act.*

The recommendation that the active National Officers—those elected by Congress as heads of departments—be constituted a committee to confer regarding the work in their respective offices—to try out during the summer such changes as seemed desirable and to report back to the Board at the October meeting, was then taken up and discussed. The motion by Mrs. Moody, seconded by Mrs. Smallwood, that this be laid on the table, was lost. The President General stated that it did not require a motion to permit the National Officers to get together and institute little methods that they thought would improve their own departments. Miss Pierce, thereupon, with the consent of the Board, withdrew the recommendation.

A supplementary report from the Organizing Secretary General was next presented as follows:

Supplementary Report of Organizing Secretary General.

Through their State regents the following members-at-large ask for authorization to organize chapters:

Mrs. Mary Lamkin Howe, Everett, Mass.

Mrs. Lizzie C. Flavell, Marshfield, Mass.

The Capt. Christopher Robinson Chapter of Crawford, Neb., has been recorded officially organized June 16, 1915.

Respectfully submitted,

BETTY CARTER SMOOT,

Organizing Secretary General.

On motion, duly seconded, this report was accepted.

Mrs. Sternberg, as Librarian General, presented the following supplementary report:

Supplementary Report of Librarian General.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

In accordance with a recent revision of the By-Laws, made at the Twenty-fourth Continental Congress, I have the honor to report that the following historical and genealogical books, magazines, pamphlets, manuscripts, and State and chapter reports from the Historian General's office, have been duly turned over to the Librarian General.

This material has been very carefully examined and placed as follows:

- a. Historical and genealogical books, magazines, pamphlets and manuscripts, suitable for reference in the library.
- b. Birth, marriage, and death records which properly speaking would be classified in the Genealogical Research Department.
- c. Church and court records, embracing dates, that would not be of any value at present, but may be useful for future generations.
- d. State and chapter reports.
- e. Duplication of data already in possession of the National Society and on file.

Under each sub-division the gifts have been arranged according to the States from which they were presented.

A.

California.

History of the Watson family in America, 1760-1914.

Connecticut.

History of the Andrews Family of Connecticut, 1640-1809.

Traditions of Wallenpaupack.

East Hartford in the Revolution.

List of persons buried in Avery and Morgan Yard, the Colonial Cemetery, Groton, Connecticut.

Georgia.

Newspaper clippings from Georgia, 1912.

Georgia's Old Trails Road, 1814.

Illinois.

Journal of the Illinois State Historical Society, Number 1, Volume 5, April, 1912.

The Farmer's Almanack. For the year of our Lord, 1810, 1836, 1837. (To be loaned to Museum of Memorial Continental Hall.)

History of Old Homestead of Philip Walker, Seekonk, Massachusetts. Old deed signed by

John Quincy Adams. Old deed signed by Andrew Jackson. Lineage of Harriet J. Walker.

The Story of Black Hawk's Tower.

Copy of commission appointing Lewis Sowles. Photographic copy of painting made by Edward Richardson, eldest son of Edward and Harriot Gale Richardson. Letter from Prudence to Stephen Sawyer, May 19, 1796. Copies of title pages of quaint old books. Copy of sampler made by Charlotte Pierce Gale of London, October 20, 1808.

List of Revolutionary soldiers in Morgan County, Illinois. Copy of deed bearing signature of James K. Polk, President of the United States. Copy of Democratic ticket for President, Samuel J. Tilden.

List of Revolutionary soldiers buried in Sangamon County, Illinois.

Diary of John Fisher, 1776, with sketch of John and his father, Barzilla.

List of soldiers of the Revolution and War of 1812, from Dearborn County, Indiana, papers.

Photographs of indentures, telegrams, affidavits and deeds. Certified letter from Josiah Fay, 1775.

Brief History of Hancock County, Illinois.

Report of Historical Research Committee.

Shade's Monthly, Pekin, Illinois. First marriage in Tazewell County, Illinois, 1827.

Newspaper account of the ten great Lincolns of American History.

Collection of old records from H. L. Allen, Springfield, Illinois.

Article on Colonel William Whitley, 1749.

Bates' Pekin City Directory and History of Pekin, Illinois, 1887.

Indiana.

Historical sketch of Indiana.

Reminiscences of Old Fort Wayne, Indiana.

Biographical sketches of twenty-three Revolutionary soldiers buried in Jefferson County, Indiana.

Revolutionary soldiers whose graves have been located in Jefferson County, Indiana.

Our Philippine Sisters. By Mrs. Joseph E. McWilliams.

Iowa.

Copy of old deed given by William Clark to Isaac Spaulding, 1732.

Kansas.

Illustrated History of Wichita, 1868-1880. Compiled by Eunice Sterling Chapter.

Maine.

Revolutionary soldiers buried in North Anson, Maine, and vicinity.

Revolutionary soldiers in Norway, Maine.

Article on Maine Indians. General facts about Indians.

Maryland.

Saint Mary's Female Seminary. Established 1844.

Marlboro tombstone inscriptions. Commodore Stephen Decatur, 1812.

Copy of the Morning Chronicle and Baltimore Advertiser, April 4, 1820.

Notes collected at Frederick, Maryland, and Leesburg, Virginia.

The Patriotic Marylander.

Francis Scott Key Memorial Day Program and newspaper article.

History of Jacob Hall, Surgeon and Educator, 1747-1812.

Inscriptions from cemeteries at Snow Hill, Maryland, 1754-1905.

Obituaries copied from Maryland Gazette, 1727-1776.

Our Fathers who crossed the ocean wave to seek this shore. By Margaret Roberts Hodges.

History of ye ancient city and its public buildings, Annapolis, Maryland.

Sixteen views of Annapolis, Maryland.

Colors or flags of ten counties of Maryland. Tombstone inscription of Major General Daniel Morgan.

Massachusetts.

Services in dedication of the village Congregational Church, Whitinsville, Massachusetts.

Souvenir programme. Dedication services of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Whitinsville, Massachusetts.

History of Thomas Sawyer of Lancaster, Massachusetts.

Revolutionary soldiers buried in Mendon and newspaper clippings of exercises incident to marking graves of Mendon soldiers.

The Living Descendants of William Healy of Cambridge, Massachusetts.

Revolutionary soldiers buried in Blackstone, Mass.

A Discourse delivered in Whitinsville-Northbridge, July 31, 1859.

Historical sketch of the Congregational Church, Northbridge Center, 1772.

Two hundred Revolutionary soldiers of Hadley. Old Hadley and Hockanum, Massachusetts.

Soldiers buried in Grafton, Massachusetts, and list of soldiers serving from Grafton, Mass.

The First Early Settlers of the Town of Northbridge, Mass.

The Jonathan Bacon family of Worcester County, 1733-1783.

List of Revolutionary soldiers from Milford, Mass.

Brief sketch of Fall River, Massachusetts, 1656-1913.

List of soldiers in Captain Wood's company, Battle of Lexington. List of Revolutionary soldiers buried in the town of Northbridge. The White and Wing Tavern of Northbridge, Massachusetts.

Michigan.

Newspaper clippings. Editorial on General Washington.

A History of the Ottawa and Chippewa Indians.

Two post cards of marker on Old Territorial Road, Marshall, Michigan.

Account of Boulder which marks the old Indian Trail.

Invitation and Seal of State presented to University of Michigan.

Early history of Ottawa County, Michigan.

Minnesota.

Ogden-Preston Genealogy.

History of St. Paul and Ramsey County, 1877-1850.

Mississippi.

A Song Grown in Mississippi. Dedicated to a Daughter of Mississippi, Mrs. Chalmers Williamson.

Missouri.

Early History of La Plata, Missouri.

Proof of Revolutionary service of Bennet Tilley.

Copy of preemption papers in the case of James Cole.

Reminiscences of "The Bloomington Gazette."

List of Revolutionary soldiers buried in Missouri.

Newspaper clipping of first Pony Express.

Sketch of the Minnis Family.

Revolutionary soldiers buried in Missouri.

National Old Trails Road.

Early History of La Plata, Missouri.

Historical sketch of Missouri, 1827-1844.

Some items of interest from Callaway County, Missouri.

Early History of Pike County, Missouri, 1808-1819.

New Hampshire.

A chronological register of Boscawen, New Hampshire, 1732-1820.

The Descendants of Joseph Stickney. Stickney chart.

An Historical Pageant, Hartford, Vermont, 1761-1911.

A Rural Poem Centennial Celebration of the town of Reading, Vermont, 1872.

Revolutionary soldiers buried at Forest Hill Cemetery, Charlestown, N. H.

Revolutionary soldiers' graves in Manchester, N. H.

The Vermonter. The State Magazine—Autumn Number, 1912.

The Granite State Free Press. Anniversary supplement, Friday, June 30, 1911.

The Granite State Free Press. April 12, 1901.

Articles on American Indians.

List of Old Dover Revolutionary soldiers' graves.

Reminiscences of the Revolution.

Record of John Deneritt.

New Jersey.

Account of Franklin Cabin Home.

History on early Newark, New Jersey.

Royal Pedigree of Colonel Azariah Dunham.

Newspaper article, Old St. Mary's, Burlington, N. J.

Early settlements of Elizabethtown, N. J., Perth Amboy, N. J., and Shrewsbury, Monmouth County, N. J.

History of Perth Amboy, New Jersey.

Almanac and Year Book, 1915, Woodstown, New Jersey.

Old Church of St. George's in Penn's Neck, N. J.

History of Gen. Elias Boudinot. Year Book Boudinot Chapter, 1914-1915.

New York.

General Nicholas Herkimer. Homestead and newspaper article.

The story of the rescue of Catherine Du Bois from the Indians and the settlement of New Paltz, New York.

Partial list of Colonial and Revolutionary documents and papers at Washington's Headquarters, Newburgh, New York.

Address on the Battle of Fort Washington, New York.

Tombstone inscriptions of eight country cemeteries in Hanover, New York. Mss.

Newspaper clipping. Unveiling of bronze tablet to Rev. Nathan Ker.

Newspaper clipping. Account of death and funeral of Miss Wilhelmina Randall, "Real Daughter."

Newspaper clipping. Saving General Knox's Headquarters.

Year Book of Avon, New York, 1912.

American Phrenological Journal, 1848.

Centennial Book. First Presbyterian Church, Caledonia, New York, 1805-1905.

A pamphlet on Lawrence Washington and Benjamin Franklin.

Newspaper clippings of Caledonia county, New York.

The 16th annual meeting of Livingston County Historical Society, 1892.

Newspaper clippings of Dansville and Mount Morris, New York. Historical papers on Land Grants and Forts of Schenectady. Evacuation of Boston. Evacuation of New York City. Historical Buildings and Landmarks in Schenectady. Colonial customs of early settlers of Schenectady.

Composer describes writing "Old Glory."

Newspaper clippings of Randall and other families of New York.

Address on the Battle of Fort Washington, New York.

The Victor Centennial, 1813-1913.

Rise and Progress of Baptists in the Empire State.

Lineage of John Adams, New York.

Photo and sketch of Captain John Green. Also commission of Captain John Green signed by Robert Morris, New York.

The Military Tract of the State of New York.

Historic spots and graves restored in New York State by different chapters of that State.

Records of Revolutionary soldiers living in or near Fredonia, New York.

Revolutionary soldiers buried in Lincoln County. Account of Lafayette in Rochester, New York.

Sketch of Mrs. Sarah Bishop Carl, "Real Daughter."

Family History of the Jordans. Two photographs of Major William Jordan's home. Record from old tombstones in Temple Hill cemetery, Geneseo, New York.

Copy of Pledge taken in Hanover Precinct, 1775.

List of Revolutionary soldiers of Cortland County. First deed recorded in Cortland County. First will recorded in Cortland County, New York.

List of Revolutionary soldiers located by Jamestown Chapter, New York.

List of Revolutionary graves from Delaware County, New York.

North Carolina.

An Historic Spot in the Old North State.

Balfour of Randolph.

A Genealogical History from Northampton County at head of Roanoke Falls. Inscription on the grave of Mary Montfort Jones. Poetry.

Post card of Council Oak, Quaker Meadows, North Carolina.

History of Fort Dobbs, North Carolina.

Ohio.

Pictures of Josiah Hedges, 1778-1858.

Port Clinton, Ohio, Memorial Day.

Photograph of tree which marks site of old Fort Ball.

Account of first newspaper in the United States. "Scioto Gazette," Chillicothe, Ohio.

Pictures of headstones of Revolutionary soldiers' graves.

Report from Dayton, Ohio.

Map of Ripley, Brown County, Ohio.

List of Revolutionary soldiers from Brown County, Ohio.

Monument to Major General Arthur St. Clair and sketch of his life.

List of Revolutionary soldiers buried in Franklin County, O.

Oregon.

History of Multnomah Chapter, Portland, Oregon, 1915.

Pennsylvania.

Ring Pedigree. Letters from Samuel Ring.

Copy of old marriage certificate and history of Somerset County, Pennsylvania.

Records from old Bibles, 1643-1853.

List of Revolutionary soldiers' graves in Scranton.

Marker placed on grave of a Mr. Barnett, Brookville, Pa.

Revolutionary soldiers' graves, Pennsylvania.

List of records from Allegheny County, Susquehanna County, Lackawanna County, Northumberland County, Penna.

List of graves of Revolutionary soldiers near Jersey Shore, Pennsylvania.

Post cards of historic spots in Pennsylvania.

Ye Olde Southwarke Shot Tower, 1913. Newspaper clipping, giving address on Patriotic Education.

"The Westmoreland Democate," Greensburg, Pennsylvania.

Continental Hospital Returns, 1777-1780. Newspaper clippings of tablets unveiled in Warren, Pennsylvania.

The Van Houten Family of Bergen, New Jersey. Hopewell's celebration of the 120th anniversary of the Declaration of Independence. The unveiling of the Houghton Memorial, 1896.

First Annual Report of the Montgomery County Historical Society, 1914.

Journal of Lieutenant Colonel Adam Hubley, Jr., 1779.

Rhode Island.

The Journal of American History, 1907.

Rhode Island Independence Day, May 4, 1776.

Pamphlet on Rhode Island Arbor Day.

Rhode Island Arbor Day, May 9, 1913.

Rhode Island Independence Day, May 5, 1913.

Two photographs, Miss Ella Packard Wild, of Rochester, New York, and Nancy (Montgomery) Henry, "Real Daughter."

History of Hubbard Burdick, Sr., 1630.

History of the Dyer Family, 1725. Copy of Will of Hubbard Burdick, Sr., 1758.

Article on tablet unveiled at Old State House.

South Carolina.

Sketch of Colonel Elias Alexander of South Carolina.

Sketches of Governor John Adair and Governor James Moore, South Carolina.

Account of unveiling of a memorial of the treaty Oak.

Sketch of Old Pendleton District, South Carolina.

Sketch of the Alexanders of South Carolina.

Tennessee.

Soldiers of the American Revolution buried in Tennessee.

Brainerd Mission, Tennessee.

The Evening Fire-Side, 1805.

The Philadelphia-Minerva, 1797.

Texas.

History of the Raines Family, Texas.

Historical newspaper clippings sent by Betty Martin Chapter, Texas.

Vermont.

Revolutionary soldiers' graves located in Wells, Vermont.

Regarding Peter Hammond and his father, member of Boston Tea Party.

Retrospection. A Poem recited at the 150th anniversary of the settlement of Cornwall, Vermont.

History of Universalist Society, Hartland, Vermont.

A pilgrimage to the monuments of the early settlers of Brandon, Vermont.

Biographical sketch of one of the pioneers of Middletown, Vermont.

The Vermonter. November, 1913. December, 1913.

Historical facts and places in Pawlet and Wells, Vermont.

Virginia.

Copy of will of Alexander Boyd, the elder, of Mecklenburg, 1800.

Copy of letter, May, 1776, from Thomas Nelson, Jr., sent by Miss Mary Newman, Norfolk, Virginia.

Newspaper clipping. Annual report of historian of William Pitt Chapter.

Two pamphlets on "How Britain strove for Race," and "Why Britain is at War," 1914-1915.

Isle of Wight County, Virginia, 1608-1907.

Newspaper clipping. Old Farnham Church, Farnham, Va.

Three Centuries of an Old Virginia Town, Petersburg and the Appomattox.

West Virginia.

Genealogy of the Raines Family.

Wisconsin.

Old Coapman Documents.

Wyoming.

Newspaper clippings. Laramie, Wyoming.

Newspaper clippings.

B.*Alabama.*

Marriage records in Mobile, Alabama, 1739-1818.

Burials in Old Church Street Cemetery, Mobile, Alabama, 1812-1836.

Marriages in Mobile, Alabama, 1819-1829.

Connecticut.

Marriage records from Greenwich, Connecticut, 1681-1730.

Georgia.

One hundred marriage records, Upson County, Georgia, 1825-1858.

Illinois.

First wills recorded in Peoria County, Illinois, 1825.

Sketch of Conrad Will. Marriage records and wills from Will County, 1779. Photographs of old commissions.

First official act in the commissioners' Court of first marriage in Clark County, 1819.

Last will and testament of John Lloyd of Clark County, 1820.

First white child born and first wedding in Chicago.

Records of Revolutionary soldiers, Aurora, Illinois. First will on record in Madison County, Illinois. Early marriages in Madison County, Illinois.

List of wills from Warren County, Illinois, 1832.

Indiana.

Town and county records of Fayette County, Indiana, with a list of Revolutionary soldiers buried there.

Iowa.

Genealogy of Nellie S. Hotchkiss from Sir Matthew Gilbert. Dates of marriages and land grants in Monona County, Iowa.

Kentucky.

Tombstone records, Kentucky, 1768-1883.

Louisiana.

Epitaphs from 4 old tombstones in New Orleans, 1750-1836.

Maine.

Graves of Revolutionary soldiers in Bath, Maine.

Maryland.

Index of court records of Anne Arundel County, 1635-1776-78.

Marriage records of Anne Arundel County, 1781-82.

Marriage records of Anne Arundel County, 1777-1813.

Copy of original commission from Anne Arundel County. Copy of original commission from Harford County. Copy of old will St. Mary's County.

Marriage records in Baltimore Record Office, 1778.

Marriage license records of Baltimore County, Maryland, 1784-5-6-7-8; 1778, 1782, 1784.

Early Baltimore marriages, 1779.

Marriage records from Baltimore City, 1789-1797.

Marriage records from Charles, Calvert, Caroline and Worcester counties, 1777-1803.

Marriage records of Frederick, Md., 1756-1803.

Marriage license records of Montgomery County, 1798-1800.

Marriage records from Prince George County, 1777-1850.

Marriage records from Rockville, 1778.

Massachusetts.

Marriages, births and deaths in Fall River, 1809-1813.

Early marriages, Fall River, 1762-1829.

Minnesota.

Marriage records from Northfield, 1854-1888.

Missouri.

Marriage records from Clay County, 1821-1826.

Inscriptions on tombstones in Greene County, 1793-1905.

Marriage records from Jackson County, 1827-1832.

Marriage records from Lewis County, 1829-1838.

Marriage records from Lincoln County, 1825-1849.

Marriages in Pike County, 1818-1826.

Marriages, births and deaths in Seneca Falls, 1790-1865.

New Hampshire.

Records of births and marriages in the town of Canterbury, N. H.

New York.

Marriage records in Caledonia, N. Y., 1823-1841.

Tombstone inscriptions from the cemetery of the West Hillsdale Baptist Church, located at Craryville, Columbia County, New York.

Ohio.

Earliest marriages in Ashtabula County, 1800-1815.

Marriage records from Brown County, 1818.

Index of wills from Brown County from 1818-1838.

One hundred marriage records from Columbus, 1803-1808.

Marriage records from Franklin County, 1803-1807.

Pennsylvania.

List of marriage records and Revolutionary soldiers' graves in Canton, Pennsylvania.

Copy of index of wills probated in Luzerne County, 1787-1850.

Marriage records Lycoming County from 1808-1847.

List of marriage records and deaths from Pittsburgh, 1811-1817.

Earliest marriage records of Susquehanna County, 1812-1883.

Index of wills for Susquehanna County from 1812-1850.

Marriages in Warren County, 1811-1844.

South Carolina.

Record of wills and land deeds of Marlboro County, South Carolina, 1785-1840.

Texas.

Marriage records from Clinton, De Witt County, Texas.

Vermont.

Copy of records from "Old Church at Rockingham," Vermont.

Marriage records from Wells, Vermont.

Inscriptions from tombstones in Wells, Vermont.

Virginia.

Wills from Accomaek County, Virginia, 1663.

Marriage bonds, 1781-1789, Greenville County, Va.

Marriage records from Loudoun County, 1793-1796, Va.

Wills from Northampton County, 1657-1666, Va.

West Virginia.

Earliest marriage records, wills and deeds of Cabell County, Virginia.

First will and marriage of Ritchie County, West Va.

C.

Colorado.

Marriage in the Colorado Gold Diggings, 1859-1862.

First marriage certificate in Colorado City, 1861.

The First Morgan Times, September 11, 1912.

Florida.

First marriage record in Willsborough County, 1846.

Marriage records, 1846-1847.

Georgia.

A sketch of Antioch M. E. Church, Upson County, 1829.

A sketch of the educational interests of Thomaston, Ga.

Butts County marriage records, 1826. Sketch of Frederica, Ga. Newspaper clipping.

History of the Thomaston M. E. Church, 1825-1880.

History of the Thomaston Baptist Church, 1803-1862.

Idaho.

History of Idaho, 1864.

Illinois.

Marriage records of Stephenson County, 1837-1850.

Marriage records of Warren County, 1838. Newspaper clippings of history of Monmouth, Illinois.

Marriage records from Rock Island County, 1833.

Marriage certificate from Adams County, 1825.

First birth and first will in Adams County, 1829-1837.

Marriage records in Henry County, Illinois, 1837.

First deed recorded in Henry County, 1836.

Marriage records of McLean County, 1831.

Marriage records in Tazewell, Fulton, and Peoria Counties, 1827-23-25. First child born in Woodford County, 1828.

Copy of License to practice law issued March 23, 1837, to Richard Yates, later War Governor of Illinois. Copy of commission as member of Congress to Richard Yates, December 21, 1852. Copy of patent issued by the State of Kentucky to Richard Yates.

Indiana.

Marriage records of Johnson County, 1833.

First marriage license issued in Monona County, 1856.

Iowa.

Marriage records from Keshkekosh County, 1845.

First child born in Marion County, 1843.

History of Sioux City, 1856.

Kansas.

First will and first marriage in Franklin County, 1859-1858.

Maryland.

Two hundred marriage licenses in Prince George County, 1851-1853.

Inventory of Benjamin Gill.

Michigan.

First one hundred and thirty marriages recorded in Shiawassee County, 1838-1845.

Minnesota.

Marriage records of Olmstead County, 1855.

Missouri.

Marriage records and wills from Andrain County, 1837-1860.

Marriage records from Greene County, 1840-1842.

Marriage records from Trenton, Grundy County, 1841-1842.

Marriage records from Springfield, 1834-1840.

Nebraska.

Marriage records from Columbus, 1858-1863.

New York.

Marriage records, "Rural New Yorker," published at Rochester, 1854.

Ohio.

Marriage records from Carroll County, 1833-1852.

Oregon.

First will and first marriage recorded in Linn County, 1854-1850.

*D.**Arkansas.*

Report of State Historian of Arkansas, 1913.

Account of Banquet of Sons of the American Revolution, Arkansas, 1915.

Report of El Toyon Chapter, Ark., 1914.

California.

Copy of State Report, giving work accomplished by thirty-five Chapters, 1915.

Report of Eschsoltzia Chapter, 1911-1912.

Georgia.

Report of Hannah Clarke Chapter, 1913.

Illinois.

Report of State Regent of Illinois, 1914.

Program of Dedication and presentation of Flag Staff, Flags and Pennant, by the D. A.

S. of Illinois, September 6, 1913.

Kewanee-Illinois Chapter, Illinois. Report of, 1912.

Address delivered before Letitia Green Stevenson Chapter by Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, May 6, 1913.

Indiana.

Report of John Paul Chapter, Indiana, 1912.

Massachusetts.

Report of Old North Chapter, Massachusetts. Annual report of Old South Chapter, Boston, Mass.

Report of Old South Chapter, Boston, Mass., 1913.

Annual report of Old South Chapter, 1911-1912.

Report of Attleboro Chapter, Mass., 1913.

Michigan.

Organization of Petosega Chapter, Michigan. Report of Petosega Chapter and pamphlet on the Indian play, "Hiawatha," Michigan.

History of Philip Livingston Chapter, Michigan.

Ohio.

History of members of Hetuck Chapter. Report of Committee on Ocean to Ocean Highway or the Old Trails Road.

Report of Dolly Todd Madison Chapter, Ohio.

Report of Wauseon Chapter, Ohio, 1913.

Vermont.

Report of Ox-Bow Chapter, and origin of its name.

Wisconsin.

Account of forming of Henry Dodge Chapter and sketch of Henry Dodge.

*E.**California.*

Newspaper articles contributed by Rubidoux Chapter.

Connecticut.

History of the Denison Family from Stonington, 1632-1863.

Maryland.

Marriage records from Worcester County, 1795-1799.

Massachusetts.

In memoriam, "Real Daughter," Mrs. Emily Sayre Welter.

New Hampshire.

List of Revolutionary soldiers from Antrim, N. H.

Revolutionary record of John Colby, Ware, N. H.

Family history of George Choate, who was born in Derry, N. H.

New Jersey.

Historical facts of Burlington County, N. J., during the Revolution.

Pennsylvania.

The Old Moravian Sun Inn, 1758, Bethlehem, Penna.

Historical spots in Lower Merion Township, Montgomery County, Penna.

Family histories of Vermont and Connecticut.

German literature.

Real Daughters of the American Revolution, 1912.

Respectfully submitted,

(Mrs. Geo. M.) M. L. STERNBERG,

Librarian General.

On motion of Miss Pierce, seconded by Miss Barlow, it was carried, *that the supplemental report of the Librarian General be accepted.*

The total number of deceased, 159; resigned, 205; dropped, 10, and reinstated, 13, was read by Miss Pierce for the Treasurer General and received as read, and the recommendation for the reinstatement of the members accepted.

The following report of the Historian General was read by Mrs. Boyle in the absence of Mrs. Augsbury.

Report of Historian General.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board:

The few weeks since my election have been profitably spent, I believe, in becoming conversant with the duties of the Historian General. I have undertaken the work with a due appreciation of the plans and achievements of my predecessors in office, and for the present, at least, no innovations are contemplated. The foundations have been well laid and it is my desire to arouse greater and greater enthusiasm for research work among the Daughters far and wide. I have made a special appeal to the historians of newly organized chapters, where the field for research work is still untouched. To the hundred and one newly-elected historians of older chapters, I have sent notifications of their membership on the National Committee of Historic Research, with a few words of congratulations and suggestions as to co-operation with the Historian General.

Interesting reports are at hand from Attleboro Chapter, Massachusetts, and Old South Chapter, Boston.

Miss Corning, historian of Elder Brewster Chapter, Freeport, Illinois, a historian in deed as well as in name, who has already sent us a splendid list of six hundred marriage records, a part of which have appeared in the magazine, writes me that she is about finishing the copying of old wills recorded in her County, and will next take up the deeds. With such a devoted worker in every chapter, our records might become soon, as they will eventually, a complete synopsis of the pioneer families of the United States.

Gifts to the Society through the Historian General include:

List of two hundred and forty Revolutionary soldiers taken from Pine Grove Cemetery, Leominster, Massachusetts, by Mrs. Charles H. Pierce.

Manuscript biography of Edward Colver (or Culver), the Puritan founder of the family in America, by Mrs. S. C. Denison, of Granville, New York.

List of wills recorded in the Court House at New Orleans, and a number of old tombstone inscriptions from the old St. Louis Cemetery, New Orleans, sent by Mrs. Jay W. Tucker.

Biography of Abiel Fellows, for whom the Chapter at Three Rivers, Michigan, is named. Also very valuable collection of newspaper clippings describing unveiling ceremonies of a memorial Sun Dial placed by the above mentioned chapter in the old Bowman Cemetery at Three Rivers. Also genealogical data of the Bowman family, running back to 1759, and a biographical sketch of John H. Bowman, founder of the City of Three Rivers. These were the valued gifts of Dr. Blanche M. Haines.

With a desire to reduce the expenses of the Historian General's office to the lowest amount consistent with efficiency, I shall assume, personally, a good share of the correspondence, at least during the summer, feeling it a privilege thus to come into closer relations with the chapters.

Respectfully submitted,

MARY E. AUGSBURY,

Historian General.

On motion, duly seconded, the acceptance of the report of the Historian General was carried.

Miss Barlow then read her report as Curator General.

Report of Curator General.

Madam President General and Members of the Board of Management:

I have the honor to report on the work accomplished in the Museum. The Revolutionary Relics Committee had completed the work of eliminating articles that did not reach the standard of period, excellence and value, and left somewhat incompleated indexes of the contents.

To index and catalogue the articles in accordance with the system employed by the National Museum, I took my assistant and made a call on Mr. Holmes, Curator. There we were instructed by his clerk, regarding their methods; we think it will greatly simplify the search for the history of an article beyond all doubt. Seventeen letters have been received and thirty-three letters have been written.

The articles received in the past month are:

One silver table spoon, presented by the Misses Farnsworth, of the District of Columbia.

One silver table spoon, presented by Miss Frances Stockbridge Taylor, of the District of Columbia.

One silver cream dipper, presented by Miss Catherine Brittin Barlow, of the District of Columbia.

One syllabub glass, of old English cut, presented by Miss Mary Elizabeth Barlow, of the District of Columbia.

Pair of shoes, worn by Lieut. Augustus Fitch when a child, in 1732. He served during the Revolutionary War as Lieutenant of Maj. Backus' 4th Regiment of Light Horse of East

Windsor, Conn. Presented by Mrs. Frank Glentworthy Geary.

Old pocket knife and brass case, of the period of 1732, presented by (no record).

A group of articles, including: Three dress pins, with round heads, over 100 years old; book, "System of the Geography of the World," printed 1803; three German silver spoons, owned by Hannah Valentine; knitting needles and case, used by Hannah Valentine; certified copy of will of Amy Wiltse, of Fishkill, N. Y., drawn Nov. 22, 1803; a copy of the Cooke Genealogy; a copy of the Will of Nathaniel Bouton, drawn Dec. 19, 1775; presented by their descendant, Mrs. Harriet E. Blodgett, of Brockport, N. Y.

A lottery ticket of Petersburg Church, of Petersburg, Va., marked 100 years old, presented by Mrs. Robert Harrison, of the District of Columbia.

A valuable collection of manuscripts, including: Abstract of Provisions issued by Hiland Hall, Asst. Commissary of Issues, 1st Conn. Brigade, 1779; bound Abstract of Provisions, issued by Hiland Hall, Asst. Commissary of Issues, 1st Conn. Brigade, 1780; a Depreciation Bill, adopted as a resolution by Congress, June 1, 1780; an original muster roll of Capt. John Stevens' Company, Col. Charles Burrall's Regiment, Northern Army, 1776 and 1777; Abstract of Receipt and Return of Stores, kept by Benjamin Stevens, Asst. Commissary of Issues, and later Commissary General, at Fishkill, N. Y., June, 1780, presented by his great-granddaughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Stevens White, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Typewritten copies of these manuscripts are being carefully made and placed in the Library.

The gradual acquisition of articles is pressing on the facilities for holding them, and I earnestly entreat those members of the Board present to-day to return to their States and present to the chapters the subject of new cases for the Museum. The size and style of a case has been accepted and will be carried out to present a uniformity of furnishing.

In my search for rulings of Congress or by the Board, to guide me in the discharge of my office, I found the following contained within the Statute Book: "On motion, the recommendation of the Relics Committee, of \$50 per year for the purchase of relics was accepted." This recommendation was embodied in the report of the Chairman of the Relics Committee, Mrs. William Lindsay, read to and accepted by the Continental Congress, Feb. 23, 1898.

No money has been drawn from the Treasury for this purpose and as this recommendation has never been rescinded, I believe it is still operative, and I recommend that from this

time on it shall be at the service of the Curator General of Museum.

Respectfully submitted,
CATHERINE BRITTIN BARLOW,
Curator.

Moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Sternberg, and carried, *that the report of the Curator General be accepted.* On motion of Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Boyle, it was further carried *that the regular appropriation of \$50 a year for the purchase of relics for the Museum may be available and placed subject to the order of the Curator General (to take effect from this time on).*

Mrs. Sternberg read her report as Chairman of Finance Committee, as follows:

Report of Finance Committee.

After the reading and accepting of the minutes of the last meeting, the first business brought to the attention of the Committee related to some bills presented for payment by the Chairman of the Committee on Deseccration of the Flag.

A bill amounting to \$17.00 was presented for the printing of a seven-page report, which was issued before it was accepted or ordered printed. Also several other small bills.

The Chairman of the Finance Committee asked for explanation and itemized bills. In transmitting the bills the second time the Chairman of the Committee on Deseccration of the Flag mentioned that she had received no instructions, but she understood that she was entitled to \$200.00 for her Committee work.

After discussing the many points of interest the announcement was made that a search had been made in the records of our Society by one of the clerks and the only information found was that two Committees, The Children of the Republic and the Committee on Patriotic Education, are given \$200.00 for expenses. In the discussion it was stated that the Auditor for the National Society had said that the expense of printing reports of the various Committees was one of the largest items of expenditure in the organization. It was thought advisable to bring the matter before the Board and the following motion was made and carried, and I present it as a recommendation: "That a Committee be formed from the Board to formulate a circular stating the amount of money that each of the National Committees will be allowed to carry on the work allotted it."

As Chairman of the Finance Committee I recommend that the bill for printing the report of the Committee on Deseccration of the Flag, which was printed before this Chairman had instructions, be paid by the Society.

The subject of the ambulance fund authorized by the National Board of Management at its last meeting was next considered.

The Chairman stated that the matter had not been fully discussed by the Board and it would therefore be necessary to bring the matter again to its attention. A resolution was offered as follows. "Inasmuch as we have a ruling (in Article 249 of the Statute Book) to the effect that all money collected by any Committee appointed by the National Board of Management of the D. A. R. be transferred to the keeping of the Treasurer General."

"I move we ask the National Board to direct the fund being collected by the Countess de Tavora, known as the ambulance fund and sent (according to her circular) to the Columbia National Bank Ambulance Fund, Washington, D. C., be transferred to the Treasurer General's keeping; and that a notice be sent by the Board to the Countess de Tavora, instructing her to have all future contributions sent direct to the Treasurer General of the D. A. R."

In discussing the ambulance fund the Chairman stated that she had been so interested in the project that she had made inquiry concerning the cost of an ambulance, such as is used by the United States Army, and the National Red Cross. She learned that these two government organizations used the same ambulance, manufactured by the Ford Company. This ambulance has been thoroughly tested. Much thought has been given by expert surgeons and others to perfecting this ambulance for field service. America already has 84 motor ambulances in constant use along the front, and they have so far carried more than thirty-six thousand wounded from the firing line to hospitals. The cost price of the ambulance used in the United States Army is \$750.00. Fittings consisting of four litters, \$14.88; one box of surgical dressings, \$27.98; one box of hospital stores, \$19.65; a total for fittings of \$62.29. The ambulance used by the Red Cross is exactly the same as that used by the United States Army, but it is somewhat lower in price, owing to the great number the Red Cross has ordered. The price quoted is \$650.00 and \$100.00 for freight from New York to destination. The Red Cross will order and forward for us an ambulance to any destination desired. After due consideration the following motion was made and carried:

"I move that this Committee recommend to the Board that the ambulance for which the ambulance fund is being raised be purchased through the Red Cross at the quoted price, \$650.00, plus \$100.00 for transportation, and that it be sent in the name of the N. S. D. A. R., through the Red Cross to whatever belligerent power is deemed by the Red Cross to be most in need of it."

The Committee then discussed a question relating to the salaries of the employees of the Society. It was that the salaries of the Na-

tional Society be computed on the thirty-day-to-the-month basis. In explanation it was stated that the adoption of this method was in the interest of our organization, as it would save the time given by the clerks in figuring pay accounts. The following motion was made and carried:

"That we recommend to the Board that all monthly salaries be computed on a thirty-day-to-the-month basis and that service by the hour be paid for in round numbers, rather than in using fractions of a cent in computing."

Mrs. Ludlow, Secretary Building and Grounds Committee, asked the consideration of the Committee on the matter of the caterer's luncheon for the members of the Board at the monthly meetings. After some explanation and discussion the following motion was made and carried:

"I move to recommend to the Board that if the number of members partaking of lunch provided by the caterer on Board meeting days do not cover the entire cost the Board authorize an extra assessment on the members partaking."

Miss Barlow, Curator General of the Museum, asked to appear before the Committee. She submitted three catalogues and estimates for filing cases and asked that a certain one be purchased for the museum, in order that she might be able to get her papers and cards in order during the summer months. She had selected the filing case she desired and the estimated cost was \$89.50. A motion was made and carried:

"That Miss Barlow's request be granted." I recommend that she be given the filing case she desires.

I move the acceptance of my report with its recommendations. Except that the motion relating to the purchase of ambulance be modified by omitting the last clause so that it shall *not* say that it be sent to the belligerent country where it is most needed, as I understand the desire is to send it to France.

Respectfully submitted,

(Mrs. Geo. M.) M. L. STERNBERG,
Chairman Finance Committee.

Vouchers have been approved during the months of April and May to the amount of \$15,691. The largest items comprising this amount were:

Pay Roll

Clerical	\$4,814.28
Special Stenographic Services, Committees, etc.	541.81
Extra Clerical & Stenographic for 24th Congress	414.20
	<hr/>
	\$5,770.29
Employees of Hall	1,072.10

Twenty-fourth Continental Congress, expenses incidental to, and including Extra Clerical service (as given above)	2,863.59
Handbook, printing and postage..	1,274.50
Postage, including stamped envelopes for National Officers, State regents and Committees	773.85
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE, Salaries of Editors and expenses of Committee	772.99
(Bills for printing not submitted to date)	

Real Daughters' support	696.00
Patriotic Education	650.65

On motion of Miss Pierce, seconded by Miss Barlow, it was carried, *that the report of the Chairman of the Finance Committee be accepted*, the recommendations being taken up *ad seriatim*. On motion of Mrs. Gedney, seconded by Mrs. Buel, *the adoption of the recommendation of the Chairman of the Finance Committee that a committee be formed from the Board to formulate a circular stating the amount of money that each of the National Committees will be allowed to carry on the work allotted it*, was carried.

On motion of Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt, it was carried, *that the bill for printing the report of the Committee to Prevent the Desecration of the Flag be paid*.

The Countess de Tavora was requested to appear before the Board to discuss the subject of the ambulance fund brought up in the report of the Chairman of Finance Committee. The discussion was interrupted by a request from the President General that a member desiring to take an early train be permitted to make a motion with regard to the matter of removing the name of Connecticut over the Board Room and substituting the name of the donor instead. The following letter was read by the Recording Secretary General:

52 Hillhouse Ave.,
New Haven, Connecticut,
June 14, 1915.

Mrs. William C. Boyle, Secretary General,
National Society, D. A. R.,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mrs. Boyle:

May I trouble you to present to the National Board meeting on June 16th a matter relating to the Board Room in Continental Hall that is of personal interest to me? When I gave the money for this room it was given as a personal memorial to my ancestors, as the enclosed copy of the pledge will show. I was not a delegate to the Continental Congress at that time, and the then Connecticut State regent made the announcement for me, but the subscription

was not solicited by her or any one. It was purely voluntary.

I was ill when the room was decorated and furnished, and did not see it for nearly three years after. Even then I did not notice that the name "Connecticut" had been placed over the door, and not until some time later did I learn of it when a friend mentioned it to me. It has been my intention to ask that the name "Connecticut" be left off of the door, and that the inscription read simply, "Board Room," but it has recently come to my attention that on more than one or two occasions friends, who happened to be in Washington and visited Continental Hall and have asked to see the room I gave, have been told by the attendants that they did not know of such room. For this reason I wish to ask that the inscription read:

Board Room

Gift of Mrs. John T. Manson

In Memory of Her Ancestors.

Of course any expense in connection with this change I shall expect to bear.

I might say further that for some time it has been my intention to place in the Board Room a clock and mantel ornaments in keeping with the rest of the room, subject to the approval of the appropriate committee, and also to establish a small fund sufficient to provide for any renewals, but not for ordinary care.

Trusting that I may have an early favorable answer from you, I beg to remain,

Very cordially,

(Mrs. John T.) HELEN H. P. MANSON.

Washington, D. C., April 18, 1906.

I hereby pledge six thousand dollars (\$6,000) to Memorial Continental Hall for the Board of Management Room, as a memorial to my Revolutionary Ancestors.

Said sum to be paid within six months from date.

(Signed) HELEN H. P. BENEDICT,

5 Howe St., New Haven, Conn.

Member of Mary Clap Wooster Chapter,
of New Haven.

The question was raised as to whether the laws of the Society would permit the name of an individual to be placed over the door of any room. The State regent of Connecticut desired it understood that the State of Connecticut had never claimed that the room was furnished by the State, giving always the credit for the gift to the donor, and she wished it to go on record that it was the desire of the State to do everything fairly and squarely, and it was not the wish to have the State name where it was not legal to have it. After lengthy discussion, a motion of Mrs. Moody, seconded by Mrs. Hall, *that the name Connecticut room be changed to Board Room at the re-*

quest of Mrs. H. P. B. Manson, if it does not conflict with the rules of the National Society was put and carried.

The consideration of the recommendation in the report of the Chairman of Finance Committee as to transferring the ambulance fund from the Columbia National Bank to the Treasurer General's keeping was resumed, and it was ruled that inasmuch as all checks were sent direct to the bank and no money could be drawn from the ambulance fund unless countersigned by the Treasurer General, who would report the amount drawn and the purpose for which it was drawn, the spirit of the rule was met and the point made by the Chairman of Finance was covered.

It was stated by the Countess de Tavera with reference to the recommendation that the ambulance be purchased through the Red Cross at a certain sum, that there would be no cost for transporting the ambulance to France, and the ambulance would have to be in accord with the requirements of the French Red Cross, and that as many ambulances would be sent as money was contributed. Moved by Mrs. Gedney, seconded by Mrs. Spraker, and carried, *that the Countess de Tavera be empowered to proceed with her work with the understanding that the full credit be given to the Daughters of the American Revolution.* The recommendation of the Finance Committee designating the purchase price of the ambulance and through whom it should be purchased was, on motion duly seconded, lost.

The recommendation that all monthly salaries be computed on a 30-day-to-the-month basis, and that service by the hour be paid for in round numbers, not using fractions of a cent in computing, was, on motion duly seconded, carried.

The recommendation that if the number of members partaking of lunch provided by the caterer on Board meeting days does not cover the entire cost the Board authorize an extra assessment on the members partaking, was, on motion duly seconded, also carried.

On motion of Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Hall, it was carried, *that Miss Barlow's request for filing cases be granted and the purchase made.*

The President General presented a substitution paper authorizing the change of the lawyer to that of a trial lawyer in a matter having to do with a magazine suit, which had already been placed in the hands of Miss Finch to proceed with. On motion of Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Fisher, it was carried, *that the desired substitution of words, a trial lawyer, instead of the name of the attorney, Wm. C. Orr, be granted.*

The matter of the fund being raised by the State of Kentucky Daughters of the American Revolution and the Mary Desha Memorial

Chapter of New York for a monument to Miss Mary Desha was brought to the attention of the Board by the President General in the hope that the National Society might feel that it would wish to be associated in erecting this monument, and on motion of Mrs. Moody, seconded by Mrs. Gedney, it was carried, *that fifty dollars be donated by the National Society toward a monument in memory of Miss Mary Desha.*

The following statement was presented from the Treasurer General:

The sum of \$2,897.00 for the Connecticut Bond came at the end of March without a list of donors. This list has since been furnished, and the State regent of Connecticut is desirous that it be printed.

I therefore ask that it appear in the next issue of the Magazine.

OLIVE POWELL RANSELL,
Treasurer General.

The Board unanimously agreed that the list should be printed as requested.

The report of the Auditing Committee was next read by Mrs. Greenawalt.

Report of Auditing Committee.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report that the Auditing Committee has examined carefully the reports of the National Accounting Co. for the months of April and May, 1915, and find that all monies deposited in the different funds of the Society are duly accounted for, and that the Petty Cash Fund, as well as the money received in the Business Office and turned over to the Treasurer General, has been properly entered and found to agree with records kept.

Respectfully submitted,
(Mrs. Frank Foster) MAUD L. GREENAWALT,
Chairman Auditing Committee.

The acceptance of the report of the Auditing Committee was moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Sternberg, and carried.

A recommendation from the Memorial Continental Hall Committee to the Board *that the Treasurer General be authorized to pay the interest on the purchase of land notes* was carried on motion of Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Miss Barlow.

A matter was presented from a chapter which had to do with a gift of land, which, through some error in drawing of the deed, was made to the National Society instead of to the chapter as intended. The chapter now asked that the Society give a quit claim deed in order that the title to the land might be legally vested in the chapter. Moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt, and carried, *that the quit claim deed desired by the Stephen Heard Chapter be granted.*

The question of the appropriation for the work of the National Charity Officer was then discussed, and on motion of Miss Crowell, seconded by Mrs. Fisher, it was carried, *that the National Charity Officer be allowed \$100 for the installing of her work.*

The report of the Editor of the Lineage Book was read by the Recording Secretary General, as follows:

Report of Editor Lineage Book.

Madam President General and Ladies of the National Board of Management:

The Forty-first Volume of the Lineage Book is progressing rapidly and if I meet with no obstacles I can send it to the printer in the early fall. One can never calculate time in research work, but there is a satisfaction in feeling, when finished, that I have exhausted everything possible to prove the records correct, in these volumes.

With this report of progress I send a bound volume of pensions, copied from the originals at the United States Pension Office by myself, made to corroborate proof of service in the last two Lineage Books. Two hundred have been compiled in the volume, copied by Miss Weedon and bound for the Library. It is the tenth volume the Historian's Department has contributed to the Library.

Very truly yours,

SARAH HALL JOHNSON,

Editor of the Lineage Book.

The bound volume of pensions was accepted by the Librarian General with thanks, and the acceptance of the report of the Editor of the Lineage Book was moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt, and carried.

The President General stated that Mrs. Draper desired to present two very short reports, and it was moved by Mrs. Gedney, seconded by Miss Crowell, and carried, *that Mrs. Draper be permitted to appear before the Board.*

While waiting for Mrs. Draper, the Recording Secretary General presented the following communications from the National Chairman of Patriotic Education Committee, and from Mrs. Ammon, Chairman Department of Patriotic Education, Pittsburgh Chapter.

Madam President General and National Board of Management:

I take pleasure in presenting the names of three young ladies for the Alice Bristol scholarship, and two for the Alice Thurston scholarship.

I am sending the names on another sheet. All of the young ladies are well recommended, so I would suggest that if it pleases the National Board to approve of these

names, the scholarships can be given to the young ladies applying first.

Respectfully yours,

MRS. JAMES G. DUNNING,
Chairman.

Applicants for the Alice Bristol Scholarship.

1. Miss Marguerite Durrett, Cordele, Ga. Seventeen years of age. Graduated with honors from Cordele High School. Student at Shorter College, Rome, Ga. Recommended by President Shorter College, W. R. Lanier, Superintendent Cordele Public Schools; Rev. J. H. Coin, Pastor First Baptist Church; Regent Fort Early Chapter.

2. Miss Martha Munroe, Buena Vista, Ga. Eighteen years of age. Graduated with honor from Hoke Smith High School. Attendant State Normal School, one year. Recommended by Superintendent and Teachers of Hoke Smith Institute; Teachers in State Normal School, Athens, Ga.; Regent of D. A. R. Chapter.

3. Miss K. Isabel Dromgold, York, Pa. A graduate of York High School. Recommended by Mrs. Emig, Washington, D. C. *Applicants for Alice Thurston Scholarship.*

1. Deone Grenelle, Hampton, Iowa. Graduate of Hampton High School. Recommended by F. A. Welch, Superintendent of Schools; Rev. James Thompson, First Congregational Church; Regent Candle-Stick Chapter.

2. Miss Anna Helen Bower, New Bloomfield, Pa. Student at New Bloomfield Academy. Has a provisional "Teacher's Certificate." Taking branches required for "Professional Certificate." Recommended by Mrs. Emig, Washington, D. C. Refers to D. C. Willard, Principal New Bloomfield Academy; D. A. Kline, Superintendent New Bloomfield Public Schools.

June 11, 1915.

Recording Secretary General,

National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam:

I herewith enclose a letter received today, from Miss Alice M. Thurston, of the Thurston Preparatory School, Pittsburgh. The letter contains a statement from Miss Thurston relative to the Thurston Scholarship. Kindly read the letter to the National Board of Management at the regular meeting of that body scheduled to meet on Wednesday, June 16th, next.

In connection with the Thurston Scholarship permit me to say that Miss Thurston has been much pleased with the student awarded the scholarship last year, and who graduated from the Thurston School last week, Miss Mary Pelton, of Burg Hill, Ohio. Miss Thurston and her instructors

have complimented Miss Pelton in the highest terms, both as a student and as a charming companion, Miss Thurston expressing the wish that she could have Miss Pelton in her school for a second year.

Very truly yours,

EDITH DARLINGTON AMMON,
Third vice-regent, Pittsburgh Chapter;
Chairman Department of Patriotic Education,
Pittsburgh Chapter, D. A. R.
June 11, 1915.

My dear Mrs. Ammon:

During the past two years we have had two students in our school who have entered through the Thurston Scholarship. The first year this Scholarship was offered through The Daughters of the American Revolution of Pennsylvania, the second year through the National Society of Daughters of the American Revolution.

Both students have been most satisfactory and it has been a great pleasure to have such girls in the school, representing the Daughters of the American Revolution.

We desire to award this scholarship again, for the school year of 1915 and 1916, to a candidate recommended by you and who fills all the requirements for admission.

This annual scholarship I shall not offer for the year 1916 and 1917, but it may be my pleasure to offer it again at some future time.

Thanking you for your co-operation with the school through this annual scholarship and for thus furthering the cause of education, I am,

Most cordially yours,

ALICE M. THURSTON.

Moved by Mrs. Longley, seconded by Mrs. Sternberg, and carried, that the National Board, *Daughters of the American Revolution*, approve the young ladies mentioned by Mrs. Dunning for scholarships in schools, and beg her to find some other scholarships in schools for the remaining young ladies.

Mrs. Draper stated that while she was away after the Congress she had had occasion to go to the office of the New Jersey Historical Society, and found that some man, with a number of employees, had gone over every reference to the name of Philips and Phillips in the records at Trenton and in the county seats of Hunterdon and Morris counties, from the earliest times up to the year 1850, and had presented the result of the work to the New Jersey Historical Society, the librarian of which had kindly permitted her to copy everything, and, while it had been a great deal of labor, she was proud to offer it through the Librarian General to the National Society. *The acceptance of the gift of New Jersey records by Mrs. Amos G. Draper, with thanks*, was moved

by Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Lockwood, and carried.

Mrs. Draper then read the following:

"Owing to the fact that I left town immediately after the Continental Congress I was unable to present at the last Board meeting my reports as Chairman of the Emergency Committee of the Continental Congress and as Genealogical Editor, but hope that it is not too late to present them now, inasmuch as the resolution that was carried that all unfinished business should be referred to the Board did not mention specifically the Board meeting of April 26th."

Madam President General and Members of the National Board:

As Chairman of the Emergency Committee of the Continental Congress, created by the President General, April 12th, I have the honor to report that I immediately engaged a clerk, who entered upon her duties Thursday morning, April 15th. Her duties consisted in answering the telephone from ten to fifty times an hour, typing reports for the Chairmen of Finance, Auditing and various other Congressional Committees, and State regents, fling cards, taking subscriptions to the Magazine, and in general performing those duties which amount to very little in the telling, but without which many of the members of the Congress would have been seriously annoyed.

Your Chairman has the honor to report that she feels that she climbed more flights of stairs and went in and out of the Continental Congress in response to calls more often than any other Chairman of her age and size.

Respectfully submitted,

BELL MERRILL DRAPER,
Chairman.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board:

The Genealogical Editor has the great pleasure to report that during the year 1914-1915 more space was given to the Genealogical Department than in any previous year. Letters have been received not only from Daughters of the American Revolution, but from members of other patriotic societies and also from librarians throughout the country expressing interest and pleasure in the contents of the Department.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank the various individuals, one and all, who have so kindly responded to the request for assistance and have sent answers to queries, many of which would not have been answered otherwise, as the information forwarded was obtained from family Bibles or other manuscript material inaccessible to the general public.

Several contributions have been received and others promised which lead me to hope that the

Department will be even more valuable the coming year than any of the preceding ones.

Respectfully submitted,

BELL MERRILL DRAPER,
Genealogical Editor.

The acceptance of the report of the Genealogical Editor was moved by Mrs. Hall, seconded by Mrs. Moody, and carried.

The President General reported the receipt of funds from the Hospitality Committee of the 24th Congress, making in all \$96.05, as a clear gift from the Banquet Committee to be used toward the liquidation of the debt on the Hall. Moved by Mrs. Gedney, seconded by Mrs. Fisher, and carried, *that the thanks of this Board be sent to the Chairman and members of the banquet committee of the 24th Congress.*

The Recording Secretary General read the following communication from the Chairman of Transportation Committee.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board:

Since the close of Congress the Vice-Chairman, Mrs. Edwin F. Parham, who has taken charge of the Official Tour starting from Washington, has deemed it advisable to change the route, which had been arranged to pass through New Orleans and Texas, to San Francisco, to one going through Memphis and thence to Denver, where it will follow the train from New York to the Exposition.

As people do not care for the Southern route during the summer, I would recommend that the change be permitted, so that the Southern Daughters and friends will join us,—and trust that the National Board will approve this route.

Respectfully submitted,

ELEONORA G. GOLDSBOROUGH,

(MRS. CHARLES B.)

Chairman.

Lv. Washington, D. C., 4:10 a. m., Sept. 2, Thursday, So. Ry. No. 25; Ar. Memphis, Tenn., 8:00 a. m., Sept. 3, Friday, via Bristol, Knoxville and Chattanooga.

Auto Trip.

Lv. Memphis, 8:00 p. m., Sept. 3, Friday, Frisco Lines; Ar. Kansas City, 10:20 a. m., Sept. 4, Saturday.

Lv. Kansas City, 10:40 a. m., Sept. 4, Saturday, C. R. I. & P.; Ar. Denver, Colo., 7:35 a. m., Sept. 5, Sunday.

Auto Trip.

Lv. Denver, 3:30 p. m., Sept. 5, Sunday, D. & R. G. Ry.; Ar. Colorado Springs, 6:15 p. m., Sept. 5, Sunday.

Auto trip, Garden of Gods, Manitou, next morning.

Lv. Colorado Springs, 10:55 a. m., Sept. 6, Monday; Ar. Salt Lake City, 12:01 noon, Sept. 7, Tuesday (Royal Gorge Route).

*Auto trip.**

Lv. Salt Lake City, evening, Sept. 7th, for four days trip, Yellowstone Park.*

*If accommodations can be procured at this late date.

Lv. Ogden, Utah, 6:30 a. m., Sept. 12th, Sunday; Ar. San Francisco, 9:30 a. m., Sept. 13th, Monday.

Sept. 13, 14, 15 and 16 at San Francisco. Hotels and meals not furnished.

Lv. San Francisco, 8:10 a. m., Sept. 17, Friday; Ar. Big Trees, 11:04 a. m., Sept. 17, Friday.

Lv. Big Trees, 2:03 p. m., Sept. 17, Friday; Ar. Santa Cruz, 2:25 p. m., Sept. 17, Friday. *Auto trip Shore Drive.*

Lv. Santa Cruz, 3:35 p. m., Sept. 17, or 11:25 a. m., Sept. 18; Ar. Del Monte, 6:15 p. m., Sept. 17, or 1:43 p. m., Sept. 18. *Auto seventeen mile drive.*

Lv. Del Monte, 7:02 p. m., Sept. 18, Saturday; Ar. Los Angeles, 7:45 a. m., Sept. 19, Sunday.

Hotel Clark (Room only), Sept. 19, 20, 21.

Lv. Los Angeles, 11:59 p. m., Sept. 21, Tuesday; Ar. San Diego, 5:40 a. m., Sept. 22, Wednesday.

Day at San Diego. Exposition and Auto Trip.

Lv. San Diego, 2:00 a. m., Sept. 23, Thursday, (car open at 10:00 p. m.); Ar. Los Angeles, 7:15 a. m., Sept. 23, Thursday.

Lv. Los Angeles, 8:55 a. m., Sept. 23, Thursday; Ar. Riverside, 1:25 p. m., Sept. 23, Thursday.

Auto Trip Magnolia and Victoria Ave., Rubideaux Heights.

Lv. Riverside, 4:45 p. m., Sept. 23, Thursday; Ar. El Paso, 4:30 p. m., Sept. 24, Friday.

**Trip to Juarez, Mexico.*

*I have directed the trip to Juarez, Mexico, be omitted, as, owing to disturbances there, we may find difficulties.

Lv. El Paso, 8:55 a. m., Sept. 25, Saturday; Ar. New Orleans, 8:50 p. m., Sept. 26, Sunday.

Two Auto Trips. Uptown and French Quarter.

Monday, Sept. 27.

Lv. New Orleans, 9:35 p. m., Sept. 27, Monday; Ar. Washington, D. C., 7:30 a. m., Sept. 29, Wednesday.

Cost of tour, one person, lower berth, \$275.00; one person, upper berth, \$265.00

Madam President General and Ladies of the National Board:

Since sending in my report, the information has come to me that every reservation in Yellowstone Park has been engaged for several months on the dates put down in the itinerary of the train (D. A. R.) starting from Washington for California. So that there may be no misunderstanding about it, I am adding **this**

to my report, deeply regretting that this is the case.

Respectfully submitted,
ELEONORA G. GOLDSBOROUGH,
(MRS. CHARLES G. GOLDSBOROUGH),
Chairman.

Moved by Mrs. Boyle, seconded by Miss Pierce, and carried, that *the recommendation of the Chairman of the Transportation Committee be approved.*

The President General referred to the plans of the National Americanization Day Committee and asked if the Board would accord their approval to the movement, which was receiving the endorsement and cooperation of a great number of patriotic bodies. Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Miss Wallace, and carried, that *we give our moral support to the Americanization Day Committee.*

Mrs. Boyle read the following letter which she had written to the Caldwell Company and their reply thereto:

May 28, 1915.

J. E. Caldwell and Company,
My Dear Sirs:

Will you kindly furnish me at your earliest convenience an estimate of the price you could make our regular spinning wheel design in "D. A. R." Spoon for, I want it done in the style of the short turned under at the end handle used by small children.

In my Chapter are many "Mothers and Daughters," the daughters are many of them married now, and are now presenting us with quite a collection of "first babies."

We have been as a Chapter presenting them with different miscellaneous gifts, and the thought has just come to me to have some definite and distinct gift to give, sent to boy and girl just alike, where the mother is a "Daughter" and the child not old enough to be as yet a little "C. A. R."

I would have been only too glad to have presented my little granddaughter with such a spoon, and short handled fork, also, for that matter, when instead I had to buy her awkward long handled ones, she will not be able to use for several years.

We have several "first babies" who are on the "waiting list" for a present until I can hear from you, I will present the matter at the June National Board Meeting, and feel quite sure I can get permission to have them made in that style, if I have a satisfactory letter from you to present to the Board.

I feel it would fill a long felt want, to have some definite thing for chapters to be able to give, and also for fond mothers and doting grandmothers to take home from our Congresses and State Conferences to our cherished young embryo "sons" and "daughters" for one is often quite at her "wits ends" to know what to take these young specimens that

would be a pretty souvenir, both ornamental and useful for very little men and women.

Sincerely yours,
ABBIE WILLIAMS R. BOYLE,
(MRS. WILLIAM C.),
Recording Secretary General.

P. S.—Do you think the handle of Memorial Continental Hall with the eagle on it would be more appropriate for boys? I know my grandson would like the eagle better than the spinning lady.

June 8th, 1915.

MRS. WM. C. BOYLE,
c/o Leader-News Building,
Cleveland, O.

Madam:

We beg to acknowledge receipt of your favor of May 28th, which arrived here this morning.

The question of the curved handle spoons for First Babies seems to us one worthy of considerable thought and care. It would, of course, be possible to turn back the handles of either of the regular spoons to make a curved handle spoon for a child's use. This method has been used on regular patterns of teaspoons. It is, however, not the best kind, by any means.

To make the spoon properly, dies would have to be cut which would show the broadest and most important part of the handle in the front, before the turn is made. The back part of the handle is usually made narrower to where it joins at the base of the bowl.

It will require a little time to work this matter out in detail, and making the designs, but we will take the matter up at once and find out the best method of handling it. It will not be possible to quote prices until we have gone into it thoroughly. As soon as the designs and estimates are ready we will send them to you.

Thanking you for the inquiry, and assuring you of our best efforts, we remain,

Very truly yours,
J. E. CALDWELL & Co.

After some discussion as to whether the Caldwell Company would allow the same royalty as on the D. A. R. spoons, it was moved by Miss Crowell, seconded by Mrs. Buel, and carried, that *Caldwell & Company be authorized to include in the official spoons of the Society one with a curved handle suitable for children, provided that there be some profit to the National Society from the sale thereof.*

The President General referred to a letter received by her with regard to the historical drama, "The Blue Lights of Cape Fear," presented by the author, Mrs. Belle Bushnell, to the National Society, in which a request was made that all of the Chapter Regents be notified to bring the matter before their local

Chapters, with the suggestion that each Chapter purchase a number of the books for use in presenting the play. The feeling was expressed that the National Society could not assume any financial responsibility, and the Recording Secretary General was instructed to write the parties concerned that the National Society would be very glad to cooperate in spreading the knowledge of the book, and, as far as possible, induce the members to purchase it, but the Society was not in a position to assume any financial responsibility or do anything that would incur an outlay.

Referring to the work of the General Council of Women presented in a letter from Mrs. Philip N. Moore, the President General stated that of course it was the understanding that the Society could not affiliate officially as a body, but that the Board might express an interest in the work and cooperate as far as the laws permitted in the big movement of the organization of women. Moved by Miss Crowell, seconded by Mrs. Buel, carried, *that as far as the laws will permit the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, express its approval of the movement and agree to cooperate with the National Council of American Women.*

The President General presented a letter from Anna E. Chaires referring to a picture by Auguste Couder of "The Surrender of Yorktown," the original of which is in the National Museum, at Versailles, and making a formal offer, at a price to be stipulated later, of this picture to the Daughters of the American Revolution. The statement was made in this letter that it had come to the knowledge of the writer that a committee had been appointed by the Manhattan Chapter to take steps toward raising the money for the purchase of this picture, if it met with official approval, by soliciting small contributions from the various chapters of the different states.

The question of the celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the organization of the National Society was brought up by Mrs. Lockwood with the suggestion that the October meeting of the Board be held the week of the 11th, in order that as many as possible of the State Regents and National Officers might be present. The President General pointed out that at the April 26th meeting the Board had voted to meet the third week in October and that time appointed for the consideration of the case which was to come before the Board. Many suggestions were made as to the chapters observing the silver anniversary by appropriate exercises, and that a notice be sent to each State Regent to observe the day, she to send out to all the chapters in her state sugges-

tions and plans; and after some further discussion it was moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Fisher, and carried, *that the attention of the chairman of the "Silver Shower" Committee be called to the 25th anniversary, "Silver Wedding," on October 11, 1915, of the organization of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, and suggestion offered that a silver offering be asked for.* It was further moved by Mrs. Gedney, seconded by Mrs. Moody, and carried, *that the regular October meeting of the National Board be held the week of the 25th anniversary of the Society, provided the change in time is satisfactory to those who will appear with reference to the Syracuse matter.*

The President General announced that the necessary changes prohibiting the admission of descendants of polygamous marriages, authorized by Congress and by the Board, having been submitted to the attorney, had been made in the application blanks.

On motion of Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Gedney, it was carried, *that this Board express its interest in the Dixie trail, that has to do with the Boone trail.*

The President General stated that she had turned over to the Recording Secretary General a letter from Mrs. Louise J. Barney having to do with the preservation of the Island of Jamestown, and a picture and clippings about the house presented by the Daughters to the Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities in 1907. The Recording Secretary General was instructed to write Mrs. Barney that the Society was not in a position to give financial aid to the undertaking, but that it was interested and wished them every success.

The movement in defense of the preparedness of this nation was touched upon by the President General, who stated that she would ask the Board to authorize the Executive Committee to act in case an appeal came to the National Society, and on motion of Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Moody and Mrs. Sternberg, it was carried, *that in the case of an appeal in regard to the moral support of this Society in reference to the preparedness of our nation be submitted to the Executive Committee for action.*

The motions as passed were read and approved as the minutes of the meeting.

On motion, the meeting adjourned at 9:40 p. m.

Respectfully submitted,

ABBIE WILLIAMS R. BOYLE,

(MRS. WILLIAM C.)

Recording Secretary General.

THE SEPTEMBER NUMBER OF
The DAUGHTERS
OF THE
AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

in addition to important State conference and chapter reports and valuable genealogical data, will contain photographs of the famous Saint Memin portraits at the Corcoran Gallery of Art in Washington, and a sketch of the celebrated French artist and his work. Charles Balthazar Julien Fevre de Saint Memin was in this country from 1796-1810, and during that time traveled from New York to Charleston, making these curious profile likenesses of distinguished men of the period and members of their families. Among the portraits are those of Washington, Jefferson, John Adams, Aaron Burr, William Wirt and Paul Revere.

This collection of Saint Memin portraits, 818 in all, at the Corcoran Gallery of Art is authentic and the most complete in existence today. It is of great and unique value. Through the generous public-spirit of Mr. Frederick McGuire, Director of the Corcoran Gallery of Art, permission has been given to publish photographs of these remarkable portraits in the magazine of our society.

Rarely a day passes without men and women calling at the Gallery to ask: "*Is my ancestor in the Saint Memin collection?*"

READ THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE and find, not only an answer to that question, but reproductions of the most fascinating and unique portraits in America. Not the least interesting educational feature is the curious transition in style of dress depicted by Saint Memin's genius.

The publication of these portraits in this monthly magazine is not only of vital interest to members of this patriotic society, but to the country at large.

Subscribe NOW in order to secure a copy of the September issue. Yearly subscription, \$1.00 in advance. Make all checks and money orders payable to DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE.

Send all subscriptions to

MISS FLORENCE G. FINCH,

Chairman Magazine Committee,

132 Jamaica Avenue,

Flushing, Long Island, N. Y.

My dear Madam State Regent and Fellow Members:

The National Society Daughters of the American Revolution is about to celebrate the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of its organization.

The Society will also for the first time hold a National Conference in California, to which all members are cordially invited. For these two important events I ask your personal interest and co-operation. Knowing well that the Organization is very dear to you I am confident that you will esteem it a privilege to do all you can to make these two great occasions ones of real value and interest.

I feel sure, with a faith born of experience, that you will respond, as a member, personally, and as a State, a valued, component part of a great and splendid whole—respond with that enthusiasm which has characterized your past efforts.

October eleventh a celebration of the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the birth of the Society will be held in our headquarters, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

My own preference as to the form of celebration would be for one that would leave a lasting benefit to our beloved Society. With this end in view, the "Silver shower" Committee, Mrs. Charles B. Nelson, Chairman, Winchester, Ky., will ask for donations on this "Silver Anniversary," to pay the debt on our Hall.

You will not feel that you are giving endlessly to a cause that might be allowed to lag and lapse, for you will consider what a great object this call for donations represents. It means the freeing of our beloved Hall from a mortgage which has for years hung upon it, but which is gradually being lifted by *your* worthy efforts,—it means that your Monument to your Ancestors will be paid for,—it means that the thousands of dollars, now paid out in interest each year, may be applied to advancing the great

work of the Society,—that we are much nearer to the fulfilment of our dream to acquire all the land adjacent to our Hall, which, for self-protection we must own,—it means that we are that much nearer to building adequate office rooms and possibly increasing the capacity of our Auditorium. It is deplorable that our members are frequently unable to find adequate seating capacity when they travel far to attend our Congress.

Dear members, I beg that you will respond to the call for a donation to mark this Twenty-fifth Anniversary.

A program will be arranged for exercises in our Hall which will be unique, beautiful and worthy of this most important occasion.

A number of distinguished guests will attend, try to be present and to have a large delegation from your State.

If possible, the date of the meeting of the National Board of Management will be made near that of the celebration, in order that the members may attend both meetings while in Washington.

The Committee in charge of arrangements will advise you, either through the Publicity Committee, by the papers or by personal announcement, as to the form of celebration, I am addressing you now to ask you to make your arrangements to be present and to respond to these important occasions.

You have received from our Chairman of Transportation, Mrs. Charles B. Goldsborough, 600 West 113th Street, New York City, the literature which gives you the necessary information regarding the coming Conference the National Society has voted to hold in San Francisco, September 14th next, but if you desire further details write to her at once and she will give you every particular.

I hope you will realize that to go with our members and their friends on this official trip is really a great opportunity and privilege. There will be much to appeal

to you of very unusual interest, but in my estimation, the greatest feature of this unique trip is the uniting influence that one must experience from a visit to the home States of our members and the personal acquaintance that one may be privileged to make with members who are never able to visit our National Headquarters or attend our Continental Congresses.

We very well know the generous, open-hearted Daughters of the South and West, and it is the personal meeting with these splendid women that will particularly appeal to their Eastern and New England sisters.

No Organization in the world should hold so close this precious tie of fellow membership as we, the Daughters of the Patriots, who *united* in a great cause so long ago. This is a great and beautiful opportunity to strengthen this tie, my Daughters.

The Conference will not be a delegated body, but a gathering of members, and the character of the program will be determined by the response I receive to this appeal to you to attend.

I hope each State Regent will make a personal effort to be present and to insure the attendance of a large representation from her State, and will write me what part in the program she would like her State to have. I will be very glad to make our plans meet her desire as far as it is possible to do so.

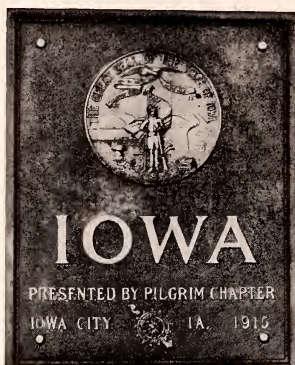
With the hope that I may meet you on these two occasions, which are so important in the history of our Society, and that you will express by your presence the interest that I know you feel, I am,

Faithfully Yours,

DAISY ALLEN STORY,

President General, N. S. D. A. R.

Official Jewelers and
Stationers
N. S. D. A. R.



*Makers of BRONZE MARKERS and
MEMORIAL TABLETS*

Careful attention given to special designs meeting
any requirements

Insignia Catalog mailed upon request

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.
Philadelphia

**VIOLA ROOT CAMERON
GENEALOGIST**

*Member Genealogical and
Biographical Society*

13 East 30th Street
New York City



MEMORIAL FOUNTAINS
TABLETS - MARKERS
GRANITE - MARBLE - BRONZE
ARTISTIC & ENDURING
VIRGIL W. FULLER
DESIGNER - (LOWA) 486 - BOYLSTON ST. - BOSTON - MASS.
WRITE FOR DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES

Woodland Bronze Works
DEPARTMENT OF
ALBERT RUSSELL & SONS COMPANY
Bronze Memorial and Tablets
Inscription
NEWBURYPORT, 107 Merrimac St., MASSACHUSETTS

**THE LIFE OF
FRANCIS SCOTT KEY**

Author of "The Star Spangled Banner"
WHAT ELSE HE WAS AND WHO

By His Great Grandson
F. S. KEY-SMITH, ESQ.

The coming Centennial Celebration of the
birth of the National Anthem cannot be thor-
oughly appreciated without reading this book.

There are a few remaining copies of the
first and only edition to be had, while they
last, at \$1.00, of the

ARMY AND NAVY REGISTER
511 11th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

GENEALOGIST

MRS. AMOS G. DRAPER

*Genealogical Editor, Daughters of the American
Revolution Magazine.*

Registrar Descendants of Signers and Member of
Daughters of 1812 and Daughters of Founders
and Patriots of America.

KENDALL GREEN, Washington, D.C.

MRS. LAURA A. MADDEN, Genealogist
512 West 156th Street New York City
Telephone 3820 Audubon.
Revolutionary, Colonial and Mayflower researches made. Papers pre-
pared. Member of the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society



BRONZE MEMORIAL TABLETS
OF THE HIGHEST GRADE

SPECIALISTS IN THIS LINE FOR 25 YEARS. DE-
SIGNERS AND MAKERS OF THE OFFICIAL BRONZE
MARKER FOR GRAVES OF REAL DAUGHTERS,
D. A. R., ADOPTED AT THE 1912 NATIONAL
CONGRESS, HELD IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

PAUL E. CABARET & CO.

Office and Studio:
120-126 ELEVENTH AVE., CORNER 20th ST.,
NEW YORK CITY

Illustrated Booklet on Request.

Correspondence Invited.

DAUGHTERS of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

CONTENTS FOR SEPTEMBER, 1915

	PAGE.
Saint Memin's Engraved Portraits.....	<i>Frontispiece</i>
Engraved Portraits of American Patriots, <i>Natalie S. Lincoln</i>	157
A Patriot's Commission.....	162
Columbia Chapter Promotes Preservation of Original Boundary Stones of Federal District	163
Friday "Lucky Day" in Revolution.....	167
The Old American Stock, <i>Ales Hrdlicka, M.D.</i>	168
An Appeal for the French Red Cross.....	171
Recipes from Old Amsterdam Cook Book.....	173
Ye Olde Heirlooms.....	174
STATE CONFERENCES:	
Montana	175
Vermont	176
Oregon Trail Monument Dedicated.....	177
D. C. Children of the Republic Club.....	178
First Public Celebration of Washington's Birthday.....	179
Revolutionary Records	180
The Harwood Genealogy.....	187
GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT	189
WORK OF THE CHAPTERS.....	200
IN MEMORIAM	212
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:	
Official List of.....	215

Send all subscriptions to the Chairman, Miss Florence G. Finch, 36 Gramercy Park, New York City.
All checks and money orders are to be made payable to Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

Yearly Subscription, \$1.00 in Advance.
Foreign Postage, \$1.00 Additional.

Single Copy, 10 Cents.
Canadian Postage, 30 Cents Additional.

ISSUED MONTHLY.

Copyright 1915, by

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

Publication Office, 36th Street and 10th Avenue, New York City, N. Y.

Miss NATALIE SUMNER LINCOLN, Editor, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. AMOS G. DRAPER, Genealogical Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

Miss FLORENCE G. FINCH, Chm. of Magazine Committee, 36 Gramercy Park, New York City.

Entered at the New York Post-Office as Second-Class Matter.



GOVERNOR SARGENT.



M^{rs} SARGENT.



Photos-Rice Studio, Washington

SAINT MEMIN'S ENGRAVED PORTRAITS OF AMERICAN PATRIOTS.

Top row, left to right, C. B. J. F. de Saint Memin, the artist—Thomas Jefferson. Second row, Winthrop Sargent, Mrs. Sargent. Third row, Miss Theodosia Burr, Maj. Gen. Stephen Van Rensselaer.

DAUGHTERS of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

Vol. XLVII, No. 3

SEPTEMBER, 1915

Whole No. 278

Engraved Portraits of American Patriots

Made by Saint Memin in 1796-1810

By Natalie Sumner Lincoln

Copyright, 1915, by Corcoran Gallery of Arts.

Among the many rare and priceless treasures of art in the Corcoran Gallery at Washington is the collection of Saint Memin portraits. It is kept in albums in the office of the Director, Mr. Frederick B. McGuire. He has generously granted permission to publish reproductions of these portraits in the *Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine*.

Their publication is of special interest to this patriotic organization, as the portraits are of men and women famous in the annals of the United States, whose descendants must include hundreds of members of this society. In the portraits published in this number will be found men whose names are not only distinguished, but illustrious.

Thanks to the work of this patriotic society and other similar organizations, the past and the present are becoming more closely interwoven, and in this gradual awakening of interest in historic matters, the Saint Memin portraits are claiming attention. Rarely a day passes in which men and women do not call at the Corcoran Gallery to ask: "Is my ancestor in the Saint Memin collection?"

Charles Balthazar Julien Fevre de Saint Memin was born in Dijon, France, March 12, 1770. He was the son of Benigne-Charles Fevret de Saint Memin, a counsellor of the parliament of Dijon, and Victoire-Marie de Notmans, a beautiful creole of Santo Domingo. Belonging as he did to a family distinguished in military as well as civic affairs, Saint Memin was sent at the age of fourteen to a military school in Paris, and one year later he was appointed supernumerary ensign in the regiment of "Gardes Francaises."

The young ensign spent his idle hours dabbling in watchmaking, painting and mechanical arts, for which he early developed a peculiar genius. At the breaking out of the French Revolution Saint Memin remained loyal to the Crown, and when his regiment disbanded he joined the army of the Princes and rose from the rank of Second Lieutenant to Lieutenant Colonel, receiving later the Cross of Honor for his gallant service. While encamped on the Rhone he studied painting in colors on ivory, and after the army of the Princes disbanded he joined his family at Fribourg, Switzerland.

There he learned to carve and gild wood.

On account of their adherence to the Crown their property in France had been confiscated, and Saint Memin and his father decided to visit Santo Domingo, where Madame Saint Memin possessed extensive estates. In 1793 father and son sailed from Holland and landed in Canada, making their way via Halifax, Quebec and Montreal to New York. In the latter city they learned of the revolution in Santo Domingo, and having decided there would be little profit in visiting that dissension-torn island, concluded to remain where they were. Their slender supply of money, eked out by the sale of vegetables grown in their truck garden, failed to support them and Saint Memin then turned his knowledge of painting, drawing and mechanical skill to practical account.

His first attempt was two views of New York, which met with instant commendation, and this encouraged Saint Memin to try his skill in executing profile portraits. Chretien, a compatriot, had, in 1776, accomplished such work in Paris, but that method of portraiture had never been introduced in America.

With his own hands and only an encyclopaedia to consult, Saint Memin constructed a physionotrace, by means of which the human profile could be drawn with mathematical accuracy, and also invented a pantograph by which the original design was reduced sufficiently to fit in a perfect circle two and one-third inches in diameter. With the physionotrace he drew on pinkish paper the life-size outline of the head and shoulders of the sitter, finishing it by hand in crayon, and with the second instrument he reduced the figure on a copper plate which was prepared to receive the ink by engraving and indenting it with a pointed steel roller or roulette. Using this process he produced an exact likeness of the sitter, and the world has today a collection of portraits unique in

their exquisite workmanship and remarkable for their individuality. An interesting feature of the portraits is the skill with which the costumes of the period are reproduced.

Saint Memin received \$33.00 from each sitter, and the large drawing, the engraved copper-plate and twelve proofs became the latter's property, the artist reserving, however, a few proofs of each engraved portrait. As these portraits thus became the private property of each sitter, the public, even to the present day, is not very familiar with them.

Saint Memin's work was favorably received, and it quickly became the fashion to sit for the talented young exile. With fortune smiling upon him, he persuaded his mother and unmarried sister to join him in this country in 1798. Four years later his father, who had gone to Santo Domingo to take possession of his wife's estate, died there.

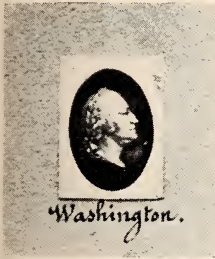
When sitters became scarce in New York Saint Memin moved to Philadelphia, thence to Baltimore, Washington, Richmond and Charleston. In the Capital City he became acquainted with famous lawmakers of the day. Travelling as he did from city to city, his sitters for portraits included those prominent in political, social and business circles, and to his genius the country owes the preservation of the lineaments of many of her most distinguished citizens. Among his portraits are those of over one hundred women and a few children.

In 1810 Saint Memin visited France, returning to America two years later, and he was then granted the privilege of American citizenship. On account of overtaxing his eyes he was obliged to give up engraving and devoted his attention to portrait and landscape painting. In October, 1814, he returned to France to remain permanently. So great was his joy at the prospect of living once more in his native land that before leaving America he destroyed his physiono-

trace and pantograph, thinking that he would never have occasion to use them again.

In 1817 Saint Memin was appointed curator of the museum at Dijon, which post he held until his death, on June 23, 1852. And with Saint Memin died the secret of his method of reproducing profile likenesses. He has had a number of imitators, but none have ever achieved the minuteness and accuracy discernible in his work.

Some years after Saint Memin's death a collection of his portraits was brought to this country by J. B. Robertson and purchased by Elias Dexter, who, in 1862, published the collection. These portraits are mounted behind round openings in a mat.



The second and larger collection was bought by W. W. Corcoran from Henry Stevens, of London. These Saint Memin portraits are cut square to the print mark, as can be seen in the

accompanying reproductions, and the artist himself wrote the name of each sitter under the print. There are 818 portraits, five silhouettes, and some smaller portraits, a plan of the siege of Savannah and nine small views, including a colored view of Fort Ticonderoga, in this collection. There is no exaggeration in saying that this is among the most valuable possessions of the Corcoran Gallery, a value which increases with the flight of years as appreciation of Saint Memin's work and the worth of the patriots of America grows upon the present and future generations.

Unique specimens of Saint Memin's work are the two tiny profile likenesses of George Washington. Smaller than a postage stamp and every line distinct and clear, they are artistic curiosities. Each print measures $\frac{5}{8}$ by $\frac{1}{2}$ inch, and were evidently made for a

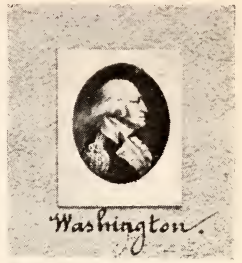
signet ring. In Appleton's *Cyclopædia of American Biography* it is stated that these portraits were the last made of Washington in his lifetime. At the Carson sale in New

York one of these tiny prints sold for \$480, a large sum for a bit of paper no bigger than a thumb nail.

Saint Memin's portrait of Thomas Jefferson is perhaps the best known of his work. In Bryant's *American History* it is stated that the portrait was executed while Jefferson resided in Paris. An original print from the copper-plate hangs near the framed facsimile of the Declaration of Independence in the library of the State Department. The Declaration itself is no longer on public exhibition, on account of the danger of the writing fading from too much exposure to the light. It is conceded that Saint Memin's portrait of Jefferson is one of the finest ever made of that famous American.

Winthrop Sargent was born at Gloucester, Mass., May 1, 1755, died June 3, 1820, at New Orleans. On July 7, 1775, he was appointed lieutenant in Gridley's regiment of Massachusetts Artillery; in December was promoted to Captain Lieutenant of Knox' regiment of Continental Artillery, and was successively promoted captain 3d Continental Artillery, Jan. 1, 1777; brevet major, Aug. 28, 1783; aide de camp to General Howe, June 1780-1783. He was appointed secretary of Northwest Territory in 1787. He served as adjutant general under Maj. Gen. Arthur St. Clair in the Indian campaign. On May 7, 1798, he was appointed governor of the Mississippi Territory. He married Mrs. Maria McIntosh Williams shortly before March, 1798. St. Memin's portrait of Mrs. Sargent is very fine.

One of the most pathetic, tragic, and



beautiful figures in American history is that of Theodosia Burr. The only child of Aaron Burr, from her early childhood a marvel of learning, grace and beauty, her short life embraced the gamut of emotions given to humanity. At seventeen years of age she married Joseph Alston, of South Carolina, afterwards governor of that state. Twelve years later her little son died, and soon after the wish to see her idolized father induced Mrs. Alston to take passage from Charleston on the pilot boat, "Patriot," which is supposed to have foundered off Cape Hatteras.

Stephen Van Rensselaer, the patroon, served his country in many capacities. Among the important offices he held with distinction were those of lieutenant governor of New York, major general of the United States forces, and commissioner of the Erie Canal. His descendants have distinguished themselves in law, literature and politics. His first wife was Margaret, daughter of General Philip Schuyler, and his second wife was Cornelia, daughter of Chief Justice William Patterson, of New Jersey.

Lady Erskine, wife of the British Minister to this country, was before her marriage, Frances Cadwalader. Appleton's *Cyclopaedia* states she was the daughter of Brig. Gen. John Cadwalader, born in Philadelphia, 10 Jan., 1742, died in Shrewsbury, Pa., 11 Feb., 1786; while another biographer states she was the daughter of Gen. Thomas Cadwalader. Gen. John Cadwalader was placed in command of the Pennsylvania militia at the outbreak of the war and was one of the most distinguished officers in the Revolution.

Her husband, David Montagu, afterward Lord Erskine, was the son of the Chancellor of Great Britain. Lady Erskine died in Geneva about 1850.

History spells in large letters the name of Henry Dearborn, soldier, born in North Hampton, N. H., 23 Feb., 1751, died in Roxbury, Mass., 6 June 1829. He marched to Cambridge at the head of

sixty men the day after Lexington, was appointed captain in Stark's regiment, and took part in the Battle of Bunker Hill, where he covered the retreat of the American forces. He was with Arnold in his expedition against Canada, and took part in the battles of Stillwater, Saratoga, Newton, and Monmouth. In the latter battle General Washington, observing his gallant conduct, sent an aide to inquire what troops he commanded. "Full blooded Yankees from New Hampshire," was Dearborn's reply.

Dearborn was made Major General in 1795, served from 1793-1797 in Congress, and was appointed by President Jefferson Secretary of War, later was collector of the Port of Boston, and served as senior major general of the United States forces in War of 1812. His last public office was Minister to Portugal.

Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, the last survivor of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence, was born in 1737 and died in 1832. He came of illustrious ancestry, the O'Carrolls were Princes of Ely in the 12th Century, and sprang from the Kings of Munster. Educated in France, he afterward went to England where he entered the Middle Temple, London, for the study of law, and returned to Maryland in 1765. In June, 1768, he married Mary, daughter of Col. Henry Darnall. His granddaughters became, respectively, Marchioness of Wellesley, Duchess of Leeds, and Lady Stafford. Distinguished in every office to which he was appointed, he was one of the great men of America.

Natalie Delage de Volade, daughter of Paul Joseph Jean Delage de Volade and Stephenie Butin D'Amblemut, was born in Paris, Oct. 26, 1782. Her grandfather, who was with the French fleet off Boston, upon hearing the news of her birth ordered a salvo of guns fired, and the salute was returned by all vessels in Boston Harbor. Mlle. Delarge came to this country with Mme. Senet, at whose boarding school she made the acquaintance of Theodosia Burr and they be-



Photos-Rice Studio, Washington

SAINT MEMIN'S ENGRAVED PORTRAITS OF AMERICAN PATRIOTS.

Top row, left to right, Lady Erskine, Maj. Gen. Henry Dearborn. Second row, Charles Carroll, Natalie de Lage. Third row, Paul Revere, William Wirt.

came intimate friends. One of Burr's biographers states she became Burr's adopted daughter. In Paris she married Thomas Sumter, secretary of the United States Legation and son of Gen. Thomas Sumter of Revolutionary fame. Mr. Sumter was afterward United States Minister to the Court of Portugal at the Brazils. In 1841 they returned to South Carolina to live. They had seven children, and their descendants were among the distinguished residents of that state.

Paul Revere, patriot, was born in Boston, Mass., 1 Jan., 1735, died there, 10 May, 1818. He is one of the most be-

loved characters in American history, and his name is an inspiration to patriotism. Like Saint Memin, he was self taught in the art of engraving.

William Wirt, attorney general of the United States, was born in Bladensburg, Md., and later removed to Charlottesville, Va. He married Mildred, daughter of Dr. George Gilmer. Mr. Wirt was retained by the Government in its trial against Aaron Burr for treason, and his brilliant speeches during that trial are often quoted. In 1832 he ran for President but was defeated.

(This series will be continued.)

A Patriot's Commission

The State of Maryland to *Samuel Madsen Major in the Army*—Greeting.

BE it known, that reposing especial trust and confidence in your fidelity, courage, good conduct, and attachment to the liberties of America, you are by these presents constituted and appointed *Second Major of the Twenty Ninth Battalion of Militia in Montgomery County.*

You are therefore carefully and diligently to discharge the trust reposed in you, by disciplining all officers and soldiers under your command; and they are hereby strictly enjoined and required to obey you as their *Second Major*—

And you are to observe and follow all such orders and directions as you shall from time to time receive, according to the laws and constitution of this state, and the rules and regulations, which, under the authority thereof, are or may be established. This commission to be in force until lawfully revoked.

GIVEN at ANNAPOLIS this *21st* day of *June* — Anno domini 1777.

Thos Madsen

Columbia Chapter Promotes Preservation of Original Boundary Stones of Federal District

The value and the need of preserving for posterity the landmarks placed by the forefathers of the country were exemplified by the patriotic services held by the Columbia Chapter, D. A. R., 12th July, about the fourth mile stone which marks the boundary of the District of Columbia and Maryland. This stone, which was set in place 123 years ago, is one of a series of venerable mile stones which marked the boundaries of the Federal District, ceded to the Federal government by Virginia and Maryland for the establishment of a national capital.

In line with the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution for the preservation of historic landmarks and buildings in America, the Columbia Chapter has undertaken to interest the officials of the District of Columbia in the matter of preserving these first permanent records of the capital's boundary lines. It is the purpose of the society to have placed about this fourth mile stone, and about other similar stones, an iron fence.

It was a distinguished gathering which attended the exercises held by the Columbia Chapter; Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Chaplain General of the society; Mrs. George T. Smallwood, Vice-President General for the District of Columbia; Miss Grace Pierce, Registrar General; and many other women prominent in the society. Mrs. Frank F. Greenawalt, state regent for the District of Columbia, was unable to attend the exercises because of illness in her family.

Fred E. Woodward, who has been untiring in his search for historic landmarks about the capital, and who was successful in finding this particular mile stone, gave the Daughters a detailed account of the placing of these mile stones, and A. W. Barber, of the

General Land Office, read a paper dealing with the life of Major Andrew Ellicott, who made the survey for the District line and had the mile stones put in place. For the Daughters of the American Revolution, addresses were made by Mrs. Smallwood and Miss Pierce. Mrs. Lockwood offered the prayer.

In his address Mr. Woodward said in part:

"When the District of Columbia was established, a territory 10 miles square was set apart and donated by the states of Maryland and Virginia. You may imagine the District as being a perfect square, exactly 10 miles on each side, and with the north and south points or corners respectively at Alexandria, Va., and near Woodside, Md., the east and west points being near the Chesapeake Beach Junction Station, Md., and Falls Church, Va.

"On the 1st day of January, 1793, Major Andrew Ellicott reported to the Commissioners in these words:

"'It is with great pleasure that I report to you that the lines are now opened and cleared 40 feet wide—20 feet on each side of the line. I have set up square mile stones, marked progressively except in a few places where the miles terminated on a declivity or in the water. In such case the measurement was carried either forward or backward until firm ground was reached and the exact distance then marked on the stone in miles and poles.'

"We are standing beside the stone marked No. 4, on the Northwest line, and on the side where Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood is standing may be seen the words, 'Miles 4 100 P Jurisdiction of the United States.'

"This is one of the very few stones where the exact mile could not be marked



SERVICES HELD BY COLUMBIA CHAPTER AT DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AND MARYLAND BOUNDARY LINE STONE.
Left to right, in foreground, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Chaplain General; Miss Grace M. Pierce, Registrar General; Mrs. George T. Smallwood, Vice-President General of the District of Columbia.
G. V. Buck, Washington, D. C.

and where the stone could not be set at the expiration of the mile. The end of the fourth mile came in the Potomac River. Therefore they measured up and along the shore to this spot. The value of a rod or pole is $16\frac{1}{2}$ feet, so that this stone is 1650 feet beyond the actual end of the mile.

"The surveyors of that day did the best they could with the instruments and tools at their disposal, but the stones are not exactly where they should be. No two of the stones are exactly a mile apart, and the side lines are 63 feet too long on the northwest side, and 263.1 feet too long on the northeast side.

"In 1846 the District ceded back to Virginia all that portion of the ten-mile square lying in the state of Virginia, so that it is no longer a part of the District of Columbia. The boundary stones, however, still remain there and are part of the dividing line between Fairfax County and Alexandria County in Virginia, and it would be a good thing if efforts could be made by the Daughters of Virginia to interest them in its behalf.

"It is a matter of common gratification to us to know that this stone has been in its place where we now see it for 123 years. The Virginia stones were placed a year earlier, 124 years ago. All of those bear the mark of 1791. This one has the date of 1792, as do all the Maryland stones. Arrangements have been made, tentatively at least, for a little iron fence or cage three feet square and $5\frac{1}{2}$ feet high having iron bars set in concrete at each corner, around each stone. The Daughters of the American Revolution have taken it upon themselves to provide the means, working together with the District authorities, for placing an iron fence around this and other stones. If you wish to look for the earliest tangible monuments of the District of Columbia, look about you, and find them in these venerable boundary stones."

Major Andrew Ellicott, the surveyor

of the District, according to Mr. Barber, was the son of Andrew Ellicott who with his brother John Ellicott, came from Pennsylvania to take over a large tract of land on the Patapsco River in Maryland in the eighteenth century, and who in 1774 laid out the town now called Ellicott City.

"Andrew junior," said Mr. Barber, "was skillful not only in mathematics but in the construction of machinery and scientific apparatus.

"He became a noted astronomer and surveyor, and served his country in more ways than you have probably known, laying the foundations and marking the lines of our states and of our nation. No one can better appreciate the magnitude of his labors, than the practical surveyors of the frontiers of today, who like myself have served in the mountains and forests, and deserts and swamps of the wilder parts of this country.

"Nine years before he set these stones, he served as one of eight commissioners to establish the west boundary of Pennsylvania, where his work still remains as the present line. In the treaty of peace with England, the ambassadors named the 45th parallel of latitude as the international dividing line, from the St. Lawrence eastward to the Connecticut River—200 miles of cruel northern forest. It fell to this Maryland surveyor to solve the astronomic problem of the starting point, which should be precisely midway between the North Pole and the Equator; and then to mark the true curved parallel line demanded by the Treaty.

"He well knew the savagery of the Northern Indians, who had scalped a host of white settlers; and there was real danger that the little party might never emerge alive from those dark shades. Yet they faced those labors and vanquished those dangers; and thus New York and Vermont secured the peaceful Canadian boundary near which I was born.

"As the personal friend and counselor

of Washington and Franklin, he was employed in establishing various other state boundaries; but his greatest exploit was in the South.

"By the Treaty of 1783 between Spain and England, a line was described to cut off the Spanish province of East and West Florida from former British territory, where we now have Georgia and Alabama, also Mississippi. In 1796 President Washington appointed Ellicott as Joint Commissioner to serve with another from Spain, and permanently mark that national limit.

"This was enough to secure his fame, at the age of forty-eight, but he kept on serving the country. He was chief State Land Officer of Pennsylvania for several years. In 1812 he became Professor of Mathematics at the West Point Military Academy, in which post he served eight years, or until his death at the untimely age of sixty-six."

Mrs. George T. Smallwood urged upon the society the need of preserving just such landmarks as the milestones placed by Major Ellicott on the District line. She said:

"The preservation of historic records was regarded as a matter of vital importance by the nations of antiquity. Their great names and great deeds were carved on the enduring stone of tablets, monuments and obelisks as permanent records of their own day and for the information and inspiration of the generations to come.

"Our ancestors showed the same wisdom in establishing the boundaries of the new Federal Government by placing these stone markers on hill and in valley, rocky headlands and river margins. After the stormy days of the Revolution what an inspiration it must have been to see these stone memorials, planted by their own efforts as monuments to the new America—the government that was to stand for the brotherhood of man.

"Too many years have these markers been neglected by patriotic men and women. These stones are sacred. They

represent lives, heroism and sacrifice. We, to whom the inheritance of these great deeds have descended, to whom the principles they represent have been bequeathed, gather here today to do our small part—the marking of these venerated stones.

"The sacrifice our forebears made is not required of us—only the honor of showing our appreciation of their achievement. This, too, has great value. It stands as a message to our children's children that we revered our ancestors, that we honor their great heroism, that we love the country they created, and that we look down the years to those who are coming to fling high and wide the banner of America, the refuge for all honest, able, law-abiding men and women from other lands, the home of equality and opportunity, the ideal of right over might now and ever."

Miss Grace Pierce, in her address, also laid particular stress upon the value of preserving historical records. She said in part:

"The value of our historical records has never been adequately considered. There are two lines of destruction, that of WAR and that of PEACE. That of war means the complete obliteration; that of peace comes about through ignorance, carelessness or indifference. Your duty in connection with the gentlemen who have helped to bring to light this old landmark is rescuing the landmarks and records of the past from destruction and indifference. Many and many of our records are still lying in a condition that is simply appalling to us as we look over the past and realize the meaning of the work of the nation in the days before us, the days of visions.

"Today we stand at the point of a quarter of a century from the beginning of an organization that has brought to light so many of these records and has restored them for the future. To you, Daughters of the District—I think you have a special mission, and I want to congratulate you upon a condition of

position which is unique in the history of our patriotic organizations. In the States and in the towns and counties throughout our country we are working for the preservation of local history and of our state history. You here in the District have the special privilege of working for the preservation of the records of the District of Columbia, but, more than that, it is your honor and privilege to work for the preservation of the records of our National Government. This and these you are handing on to the future, and you have a work and a privilege which is greater

than that of any other organization among the Daughters of the American Revolution."

An interesting feature of the exercises was the raising of the American flag by two little boys, Charles Hyer, Jr., and Alfred Hyle. Mrs. Charles S. Hyle, the regent of the Columbia Chapter, briefly told of the work which had been undertaken by the chapter and the reason for holding the exercises.

At the end of the exercises the party went to Chain Bridge for a basket picnic.

Friday "Lucky Day" In Revolution

George Washington born, Friday, Feb. 11 (O. S.), 1732.

Battle of Crown Point, Friday, May 10, 1775.

Union of Colonies effected, Friday, May 19, 1775.

R. H. Lee offers Resolution of Independence to Congress, Friday, June 7, 1776.

Battle of Bunker Hill, Friday, June 17, 1775.

Battle of Fort Moultrie, Friday, June 28, 1776.

Battle of Princeton, Friday, Jan. 3, 1777.

Stars and Stripes first hoisted as a national flag on Fort Schuyler (now Rome, N. Y.) Friday, Aug. 3, 1777.

Battle of Bemis Heights, Friday, Sept. 19, 1777.

Battle of Saratoga, Friday, Oct. 17, 1777.

Battle of Charleston, Friday, May 12, 1780.

Benedict Arnold's treason discovered, Friday, Sept. 22, 1780.

Surrender of Lord Cornwallis, Friday, Oct. 19, 1781.

The Old American Stock

By Ales Hrdlicka, M. D.

Curator Division of Physical Anthropology, United States National Museum

From early in the seventeenth century, the Temperate zone of the North American continent has been receiving successive contingents of the white race, which settled on the available land, multiplied and spread, and eventually formed the American nation. These contingents were derived from Europeans of varying physical types, ranging from the prevalently tall, blond, blue-eyed dolichocephalic Northmen to the mostly dark-haired, brown-eyed, medium tall and brachycephalic Kelts; and according to all indications these newcomers were physically and especially mentally above the average of their parent groups. The pioneers, whose strongest ideals were religious and political liberty, and even those commonly classed as adventurers, can well be assumed to have been men with a surplus of mental power and physical energy.

These men and the women who accompanied them and who were probably made of equally stern material, encountered in a large measure, new environments and lived a new life. They brought up their families under these influences and their children accommodated themselves even more completely to the conditions; they became actual Americans. Then followed intermarriage, both within and without the various contingents, and the original heterogeneity slowly gave place to a blend, which constituted the body of the rising nation.

How successful this new blend proved itself to be, morally, intellectually and otherwise, is a matter of history. It is certain that there was no loss of the original endowments; and also that there resulted, in the course of time, a considerable approach to unification of all those characteristics of mentality and be-

havior which are most readily subject to adaptation. It may be asserted with confidence that so far as outward manifestations are concerned, the descendants of the old Americans constitute today a fairly easily separable strain of white people, which is no longer English, or Dutch, or French, or Irish, but only American.

In view of these plain and highly interesting facts science has for a long time been confronted with the pressing question: has there also taken place in the descendants of the old Americans a physical change which produced, or tends to produce a separate subtype of the white people? We know that changed environment, and consequent changed habits of life, react upon the body, and also that the latter tends to accommodate itself efficiently, harmoniously and permanently to all the enduring influences that affect it. Has the American strain been long enough subject to the new influences to establish such an accommodation; and if so, has this accommodation been substantial enough to result in perceptible modifications of the physical type of the people? If the changes have taken place or are taking place, are they uniformly in the direction of improvement—or is there any degeneration? Or has the type perhaps already been formed and passed its zenith, as would seem to be indicated by the lowering birth-rate, a rate now hardly sufficient in many communities to keep up the numbers? And how will the type, if it is considered to exist, be affected by the growing mixture with whites of recent immigration? Would it be well to try to keep it pure, or is new blood desirable?

It is well known that such nationalities as the French, English, German and others possess, notwithstanding their

mixed and relatively recent origin, distinctive physical features by which in a large majority of cases it is possible to recognize both men and women who belong to them, and the claim is often made that much the same is true in relation to the Americans. Writers and illustrators have made frequent efforts to define this American type, and have even arrived at certain crystalized conceptions, such as "Uncle Sam," the "American girl," and the American young man, though inconsistently leaving out the remaining periods of life. The Southerner in particular, and the Yankee are believed to have characteristics of their own, by which in the majority of cases they can be identified; yet at the same time they are supposed to differ so that any one of wider experience can readily tell them apart. The writers who make efforts to define the American physical type, do so generally without going into any embarrassing particulars; and the artist either follows certain famous individual types, or creates abstract conceptions, or propositions, of what he would have as Americans. Suggestions were advanced by some who might have been expected to know better, that the American type is gradually approaching that of the American Indian; the idea being, presumably, that since American environment produced the Indian, it would in due time shape all peoples to the same mold. Finally, certain scientific reports on the physical changes in this country of Jewish and Italian children assumed to show that the type of the immigrant changed with remarkable rapidity. Were this true, the formation of a new, more homogeneous, American type ought to be a question of but a few generations, and the type should be already well matured among the descendants of the oldest American families; unfortunately, however, the grandparents and parents of the supposedly changed children were not examined nor were the children themselves studied at different periods of development, and so it is not

certain whether the differences they seemed to show from the general type of their nationality or race were not hereditary and thus pre-American.

It has long been felt that the above uncertainties could properly be met in but one way and that by direct anthropological observations on normal living representatives of the oldest American families. With the view of applying this test, arrangements were made in the fall of 1912 in the Anthropological Laboratory of the U. S. National Museum, for a series of investigations which should extend to at least 400 individuals possessing the proper qualifications, and since that date, save for interruptions due to other demands on the writer's time, the work has been slowly progressing. The number of subjects, i.e., 200 men and 200 women, is regarded as the smallest number which in a fairly uniform group would cover all the important individual variations in the group and thus give a reasonably clear notion of the type. To make certain that only those were included in the series whose families have been long in this country and hence long subject to the action of the American environment, it was decided to take only those who on both sides were at least three generations Americans; in other words those whose parents and all grandparents were born here. As to locality, Washington was recognized as the most suitable, for among those settled here, as well as among visitors, there are Americans from all parts of the country. The measurements and tests, finally, were to be sufficiently thorough to show clearly the physical type of those examined, and involve only a minimum of inconvenience to the subject and a minimum exposure of the body. To avoid including those not fully developed and the decrepit, the age limits were set at from 24 to 60; otherwise there would be no selection.

It was anticipated from the start that the study would be prolonged, but the scarcity of duly qualified subjects which

soon became apparent was unexpected. Time and again willing friends who thought they had numerous acquaintances who could well qualify for the tests came disappointed; the majority of those approached had a long list of pure American ancestors on one side, but on the other there was a foreign-born grandmother or grandfather or perhaps the birth place of one of these was not certain. When the supply of those who could be reached personally or through friends was exhausted, an appeal was made to the local branches of patriotic societies and much aid was secured, yet even these sources did not prove sufficient. As a total result of the efforts made there have been examined 121 men and 122 women, including representatives of some of the very oldest and best families. The result thus far obtained are intensely interesting; but there are still needed 80 men and as many women to complete the work. If the investigation is finished before the end of the current year a report on the work will be made during Christmas week before a joint meeting of the International Congress of Americanists and the anthropological section of the Pan-American Scientific Congress, which are to convene in Washington at that time. If not finished by that date, the work must be postponed for probably over a year, for a larger part of 1916 will be spent by the writer on an expedition to eastern Asia. Under these circumstances it seems advisable to bring the matter to the attention of those who are reached by this journal, and who without doubt will be deeply interested in the undertaking and whose assistance, if secured, will be most valuable.

As already stated, the desired subjects must be Americans of at least three generations on each side, between 24 and 60 years of age, and neither crippled nor chronic invalids. Wherever possible, it is desirable to have more than one subject from a family, for such cases often give valuable indications of the work-

ings of heredity. The examination consists of measurements of stature, head, face, chest (over light clothing) hands, and feet; of observations on the color of the hair, color of the eyes and other important features; and of tests of strength, pulse, respiration and temperature, with weight. The whole examination lasts only from 15 to 20 minutes and no exposure of person is called for, beyond the removal of the shoes and, in the case of ladies, the loosening of the hair to permit the measurements of the head. Visits to the laboratory (rooms 355-61, new building, U. S. National Museum), may be made with or without preliminary announcement any day between 9:00 and 4:30, or by appointment after office hours and Saturday afternoons. In the reports on these investigations, which will be strictly scientific, no names or details of individual characteristics will be published; but the individual records will be preserved in the U. S. National Museum and be available for reference at any time in the future to those who submitted to the tests, or their children. The publication of the results will be duly announced and those who submitted to the tests will be given preference in the distribution of the publication.

Besides the above the writer will be glad to receive good examples of the hair of children of all ages as well as adults of the old Americans. Each sample should be accompanied by information as to the sex and age of the subject when the hair was cut. Samples from the same individuals at different ages are especially desirable. Furthermore, the writer would be very thankful for photographs showing individual descendants of the old Americans at present and especially at different stages of their lives, and of family groups.

It may be added that in connection with these studies a most interesting and successful attempt has been made at a material representation of the normal life-cycle of the old Americans, both

male and female. From actual casts and with the utmost faithfulness two sets of busts were made at the National Museum, and now form part of the anthropological exhibits at the Panama-California Exposition at San Diego, illustrating by certain physiological stages, from birth onward to the oldest age, the old Americans. The male series

begins with the new-born son of Dr. Harvey Wiley. This Society of Daughters of the American Revolution is represented in the above mentioned series of casts of "Pure Americans," by the Genealogist of the National Society, Mrs. Ruth M. Griswold Pealer, and by the Editor of the Lineage Books, Mrs. Sanders Johnston.

An Appeal For the French Red Cross

Letter from the Countess de Tavera

The gratitude I feel toward the "Daughters" who have responded to my appeal, is only surpassed by those who will enjoy the blessing of their generosity, and I thank them most sincerely.

On account of the many sympathetic letters received and the interest shown, I venture to tell more of my work.

The French Red Cross has recently organized a new motor formation and the very urgent necessity of putting at once into the field as many as possible of these cars, as nothing else can help in the same degree to mitigate the awful suffering on the fighting line, has impelled me to make an appeal to all. Hospitals near the front are installed either in farm houses or in the trenches, where the lighting and heating are most primitive, many operations being performed at night by candle light and the arrangements for washing and sterilizing are mere makeshifts.

The formation consists of seven cars as follows: A motor with radiograph plant and dynamo powerful enough to light a small temporary hospital costs \$2,300; motor with sterilizing apparatus for operating room, \$1,500; kitchen motor used to feed the wounded on their way back from the front, \$1,000; motor for carrying supplies and repair tools, \$600; laundry motor, \$1,000; motor with drying machine, \$1,000 (these two motors wash and dry 186 miles of linen in three hours); motor for carrying Red

Cross officers in charge of the detachment, \$600, and some portable bathing machines. The smallest of the three sizes can bathe four men at a time, 150 men in six hours, and costs \$81; the next size bathes six men at a time, 375 men in six hours, \$97; the largest bathes eight men at a time, 500 men in six hours, and costs \$115.

The motors and bathing machines may be named after their donors if they so desire.

In response to my appeal of May 12th for contributions of clothing, I have received the following consignments: Mrs. W. C. Eagan, Highland Park, Ill., 1 bale; Mrs. O. C. Morris, Minneapolis, Minn., 3 boxes; Mrs. J. L. Kent, Montrose, Pa., 1 bale.

All shipments of clothing should be plainly marked D. A. R. for French Red Cross, with the name and address of shipper and sent to

RELIEF CLEARING HOUSE,

150 Bank Street, New York, N. Y.

As the receiving warerooms of the Relief Clearing House have been moved from the French Line Pier to 150 Bank Street, New York, some letters addressed to me, French Line Pier, have by mistake been returned to the Post Office. Will the senders of same please communicate with me? Also those who have addressed letters to me, Battle Creek Chapter, Battle Creek, Mich., for the

post office, not knowing our chapter has been sending them to the Dead Letter Office.

The subscriptions received up to July 30th for the Ambulance Fund, Columbia National Bank, Washington, D. C., are as follows:

Mrs. Beatrice de Tavera, New York N. Y.....	\$5.00	Capt. William Edmiston Chapter, Tenn.....	2.00
Mrs. Ellenore Dutcher Key, Washington, D. C.....	1.00	Brunswick Chapter, Ga.....	2.00
Nemasket Chapter, Mass.....	5.00	Kokosing Chapter, Ohio.....	5.00
Sarah Franklin Chapter, D. C.....	2.00	Gan-e-o-di-ya Chapter, N. Y.....	2.00
North Shore Chapter, Ill.....	5.00	Richard Arnold Chapter, D. C.....	2.00
Philip Perry Chapter, Fla.....	3.50	Oklahoma City Chapter, Okla.....	12.80
Lucy Holcombe Chapter, D. C.....	5.00	Martha Baker Thurman Chapter, Ark..	3.10
Camp Middlebrook Chapter, N. J.....	3.40	Henry Laurens Chapter, S. C.....	3.40
Magruder Chapter, D. C.....	2.00	Attleboro Chapter, Mass.....	7.20
Col. John Donelson Chapter, D. C.....	3.00	William Findlay Chapter, Texas.....	1.30
Kosciusko Chapter, S. C.....	1.00	Samuel Gorton Chapter, D. C.....	2.10
Granite Chapter, N. H.....	2.00	Yorktown Chapter, Penna.....	5.00
James Bate Chapter, Ark.....	3.00	Oberlin Chapter, Ohio.....	10.00
Stone Castle Chapter, Ga.....	5.00	Elizabeth Parey Chapter, Mo.....	2.30
Gen. Joseph Warren Chapter, Penna..	10.00	Palo Alto Chapter, Cal.....	2.30
George Washington Chapter, Texas...	7.20	Lewis Clark Chapter, Neb.....	5.00
'srael Putnam Chapter, Ky.....	1.20	Lafayette-Lexington Chapter, Mo.....	5.00
Gen. Nicholas Herkimer Chapter, N. Y.	5.00	Major Francis Grice Chapter, Texas...	3.40
Robert Morris Chapter, Penna.....	3.00	Maryland Line Chapter, Md.....	2.35
Santa Monica Chapter, Cal.....	2.50	Milford Chapter, N. H.....	4.40
Gen. James Clinton Chapter, N. Y...	5.00	Mrs. Carrie P. Anderson, Warrensburg, Mo.....	1.00
Ann Story Chapter, Vt.....	2.65	Jacques Laramie Chapter, Wyo.....	3.00
Columbia Chapter, D. C.....	5.00	Wyoming Chapter, Ohio.....	1.50
Monmouth Chapter, N. J.....	6.00	Richmond County Chapter, N. Y.....	2.50
Nathaniel Prentice Chapter, Ind.....	5.00	St. Leger Cowley Chapter, Neb.....	6.50
Natchez Chapter, Miss.....	5.00	Eunice Sterling Chapter, Kan.....	2.50
Thomas Johnson Chapter, Miss.....	5.00	Moses Cleveland Chapter, Ohio.....	4.10
Nathan Hale Chapter, Minn.....	5.00	Lake St. Catherine Chapter, Vt.....	5.00
Putnam King Chapter, Penna.....	3.65	Jacob Bennett Chapter, N. M.....	2.00
Martha Pitkin Chapter, Ohio.....	4.90	Marquis de Lafayette Chapter, Vt...	13.30
Elkhorn Chapter, Wis.....	3.35	Noah Coleman Chapter, Mo.....	1.40
Keewaydin Chapter, Minn.....	2.50	Nelly Curtis Chapter, Ill.....	1.40
Sarah Ludlow Chapter, Conn.....	1.25	Monroe Chapter, N. Y.....	6.00
Noble Everett Chapter, Mass.....	2.00	John Fitch Chapter, Ky.....	3.00
Uikumi Chapter, Neb.....	1.60	Charter Oak Chapter, Minn.....	5.00
Shreveport Chapter, La.....	6.00	Mildred Warner Washington Chapter, Ill.....	5.00
Pueblo Chapter, Colo.....	1.30	Cayuga Chapter, N. Y.....	5.37
Fairfax County Chapter, Va.....	2.20	Shavano Chapter, Colo.....	1.00
New Connecticut Chapter, Ohio.....	6.00	Montrose Chapter, Penna.....	2.00
Spirit of 76 Chapter, La.....	1.75	Abigail Wolcott Ellsworth Chapter, Conn.....	4.60
Grinnell Chapter, Ia.....	4.10	James Roe Chapter, Texas.....	5.00
Hollywood Chapter, Cal.....	6.50	Stevens Thompson Mason Chapter, Mich.....	2.75
Reavis-Ashley Chapter, Neb.....	1.00	Old 96 District Chapter, S. C.....	2.00
Old Colony Chapter, Mass.....	10.00	Machwihlusing Chapter, Penna.....	6.10
Ann Haynes Chapter, Mo.....	5.00	Dorothy Brewer Chapter, Mass.....	5.00
Washington-Curtis Chapter, Md.....	2.80	Howard County Chapter, Mo.....	3.50
Col. William Barton Chapter, A. I....	1.00	Elizabeth-Randolph Chapter, Mo.....	1.75
Jacksonville Chapter, Fla.....	8.00	Twickenham Town Chapter, Ala.....	1.25
Kings Mountain Chapter, S. C.....	5.00	Tioga Point Chapter, Penna.....	10.00
Gideon Lamb Chapter, N. C.....	1.50	Rhoda Carver Barton Chapter, Kans..	5.00
Dial Rock Chapter, Penna.....	1.60	John Sevier Chapter, Tenn.....	3.25
Palestrello Chapter, Vt.....	8.05	Abi Humiston Chapter, Conn.....	2.00
		Racine Chapter, Wis.....	5.00
		Seneca Chapter, N. Y.....	7.40
		Total	\$421.42

Received from Mrs. W. H. Crosby for a portable bathing machine, \$97.00, given in

memory of Messena Berthier Erskine, Racine, Wis. Packages from Palestrello Chapter, Wallingford, Vt.; Sara Peret Sheridan, Wyo., and Mrs. W. L. Parsons, Fergus Falls, Minn., have been received at the Columbia National Bank, Washington, D. C.

All money should be sent by check to Columbia National Bank, Washington, D. C.

Full credit is to be given to the N. S. D. A. R. for their contributions.

BEATRICE DE TAVARA,
Address, 15 Broad Street, New York City.

Recipes from an Old Amsterdam Cook Book

Mrs. French Chadwick, wife of Rear Admiral Chadwick, U. S. N., is celebrated for her dinners and luncheons. When in Washington some years ago she gave a "Colonial luncheon" in honor of the late Mrs. Beverly Kennon. The table decorations carried out "Ye Olden Time," and the tempting dishes were made from recipes in an old Dutch cook book published in Amsterdam in 1752.

These recipes were the vogue in Colonial New York among the aristocratic Dutch families. Mrs. Chadwick, for the benefit of our magazine readers interested in the culinary art, has kindly translated from the original the following Dutch recipes:

Taart van Oesters—Take oysters from the shell with the liquor; put these on the under crust of the pie with butter,

pepper, nutmeg and cracker crumbs over them. Spread over these capers and thin slices of lemon. Squeeze the juice of one orange over the whole before putting on the upper crust.

Ham—Cut the ham in fine slices and lay it in French wine. Then take bread crumbs, moistened with lemon juice, and cover the ham with them. Heat and serve in a covered dish.

Citroen-Vlade—Take three or four lemons and peel them. Take a large beer glass of Rhine wine and let the skins cook a little in it. Take them out and cook the wine a little longer. Then put the juice of the lemons into the wine, and sugar to taste. Take four or five yolks of eggs well beaten and let the whole cook together; then set it in a bowl to stiffen.



Photo-Edmonston, Washington

Miniature of Col. Burwell Bassett

Colonel Burwell Bassett came of a long line of distinguished ancestors. He was the son of William Bassett, 3d, and Eliza Churchill. During the stirring days preceding the Revolution he proved himself a staunch patriot, upholding the views of the Colonists against Great Britain's tyrannical government. He was a member of the House of Burgesses, 1762-1774; of the New Kent Committee of Safety, 1775-6; of the convention of 1775-1776-1778; and of the State Senate and House of Delegates. He married Anna Maria Dandridge, sister of Martha Washington.

Their daughter, Frances, a great beauty, was married Oct. 15, 1785, to Col. George Augustine Washington, who was aide to General Lafayette and served most gallantly throughout the Revolutionary War. He was the son of Col. Charles Washington, younger brother of George Washington, and Mildred Thornton, of Spottswood County, Va.

Back of Bassett Miniature

Mrs. Frances Bassett Washington lost her father and her husband within a month and a day of each other. She had a mourning picture made with locks of their hair, and placed in the back of her father's miniature. So exquisite is the workmanship that the hair picture resembles a beautiful painting. The dark hair and the silver form the contrasting colors. The two tombstones bear the inscriptions "G. A. W. OB. 5 Feb. 1793," and "B. B., OB. 4 Jan. 1793," while the angel hovering above them carries to the mourning female figure the message. "Sorrow not without hope."

These reproductions are enlarged views of the original miniature owned by Miss Nannie Bird Washington, great granddaughter of Col. and Mrs. George Augustine Washington, and great, great niece of George Washington.



Photo-Edmonston, Washington

State Conferences

Montana

The Daughters of the American Revolution of Montana held their State meeting at Bozeman in October with Mt. Hyalite Chapter the most recently organized of the four in the State, as our hostess. Montana is "a land of magnificent distances," and as yet is one of the most sparsely settled States in the Union. There are but one hundred and eight members of the Daughters of the American Revolution in the State; Butte, the largest city, having naturally the largest chapter.

At this meeting there were nineteen delegates present from the four chapters. This must seem a small attendance to the large chapters of the more populous East, but in consideration of the distances involved was an unusually good attendance. The meeting was held in conjunction with the unveiling of the bronze marker installed at Three Forks (on the Lewis and Clarke Trail) to the memory of Sacajawea, the Indian woman guide of the famous expedition, and immediately preceded this formality.

The business session met on Thursday afternoon, and was presided over by Mrs. E. A. Morley, of Helena, the State Regent, who, after appropriate introductory remarks, briefly reviewed the work of the half year since the preceding meeting. The time of holding the State conference had been changed from February to October, as the more convenient season, and there was therefore not so much in the way of accomplishment to review.

A donation of \$30.00 was voted to the Red Cross for relief work in Belgium. Oro Fino Chapter, of Helena, reported having assisted the teacher-principal of the Emerson School, in providing a luncheon of bread and milk for the children of the district, a large proportion of them attending school with insufficient

breakfast. A gift of \$10.00 was also made to assist in the work of the Montana Children's Home, an institution for placing children in homes. It is the intention of the Oro Fino Chapter to make this last an annual donation. The Bozeman Chapter had given a prize for the best essay written by high school students on "Revolutionary Women," and this essay was read at the State meeting.

The business sessions were held in the Grain Room of the Commercial Club. Bozeman, where the State Agricultural College is located, is situated in one of the most fertile valleys of the Northwest. Montana, which began its career preeminently as a mining state, is becoming increasingly agricultural as its possibilities in grain production are further realized. Only irrigation is needed to make Montana's vast expanse of arid lands change to broad fields of waving grain. Under the several Government irrigation projects already under way within the borders of the "Treasure State," many million bushels additional will find their way into the world's bread supply. Montana potatoes, with the assistance of the Northern Pacific dining car service, have become famous. They have been grown to weigh from two to two and a half pounds each.

The Daughters of the American Revolution delegates were treated with abounding and unremitting hospitality throughout their brief sojourn in Bozeman. Most of them arrived Thursday morning, the day of the meeting. Luncheon was served at the State Agricultural College by the pupils of the Domestic Science Department, who had themselves prepared the various tempting dishes which made up the menu served to the twenty-five guests.

At the close of the afternoon business session automobiles took the out-of-town

guests for a ride up the picturesque Bridger Canyon. In the evening Mrs. E. B. Martin, regent and organizer of Mt. Hyalite Chapter, entertained the delegates at a banquet and reception at her home. The toasts were greatly enjoyed, as also the music and general good cheer prevailing.

During the business meeting a vote of thanks was passed to Senator W. A. Clarke for his gift of the bronze tablet to be dedicated at Three Forks the following day, also to Mrs. Clinton H. Moore, of Butte, for the enthusiasm and

effort which had resulted so successfully. A vote of thanks to Governor Stewart was also passed for replacing the flag on the Government building in Butte which had not been allowed to float during the labor troubles of the summer.

A happy party of delegates and Bozeman citizens started the following morning for Three Forks to do honor to the intrepid Bird Woman who led the famous explorers over the Rocky Mountains in the frontier days.—(MRS. A. K.) MARY B. PRESCOTT, *State secretary*.

Vermont

The fifteenth annual conference of the Vermont Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was held at Montpelier, January 14, as guests of the Marquis de Lafayette Chapter, in the Kellogg-Hubbard Library.

The conference was called to order by the State regent, Mrs. Perley F. Hazen, of St. Johnsbury, followed by invocation by State Chaplain Mrs. L. B. Lord, of Burlington.

Mrs. W. T. Dewey, of the Marquis de Lafayette Chapter, welcomed the visiting Daughters. The response was made by Mrs. E. R. Pember, State vice regent. Miss Jennie Valentine, of Bennington, spoke for the Colonial Dames and Mrs. Arthur Isham for the Daughters of 1812. Miss Sarah Clark, secretary, gave the report of the Continental Congress.

The election of officers followed: Regent, Mrs. Perley F. Hazen, of St. Johnsbury; vice regent, Mrs. E. R. Pember, of Wells; recording secretary, Miss Sarah Clark, of Charlestown, N. H.; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Joseph Fairbanks, of St. Johnsbury; treasurer, Mrs. E. M. Roscoe, of Barre; auditor, Mrs. Raymond McFarland, of Middlebury; historian, Mrs. F. H. Gillingham, of Woodstock; chaplain, Mrs. L.

B. Lord, of Burlington. The nominating committee: Mrs. H. C. Jackson, of Woodstock, and Mrs. E. H. Ross, of St. Johnsbury.

Mrs. Perley F. Hazen, State regent, gave a very interesting report of the work of the chapters, showing that lively interest is being taken throughout the State, and the work was worthy of praise. A new chapter has just been instituted at Northfield with thirty-four members. A luncheon was given at the home of Mrs. J. A. DeBoer to officers and guests. The report of the State historian, Mrs. C. S. Caverly, of Rutland, was of great interest and instructive to chapter historians and aroused interest in the new work outlined by the historian general. The reports of a great many chapters show the interest that is being taken along this line of work. Brattleboro Chapter located and marked eight Revolutionary graves with bronze markers. Cavendish Chapter located two; General Lewis Morris Chapter located forty-eight; Hand's Cove Chapter located two; Lake St. Catherine Chapter located forty-four, marked twenty-one with Penn. D. A. R. markers; Ottaquechee Chapter located one; Jedediah Hyde Chapter located two. This totals 167 located and 29 marked.

There have been erected during the year three monuments and one Crown Point marker. A monument was erected to mark the site of Ann Story's cave on the banks of the Otter Creek. The Palestrello Chapter, of Wallingford, erected a monument. The Seth Warner Chapter, of Vergennes, dedicated a marker to commemorate the building of

MacDonough's fleet. The reports from other chapters show much interest in work planned.

In the evening an address was given by President Thomas, of Middlebury College, on "The Men Who Made Vermont." An informal reception followed. —ADA FAIRBANKS GILLINGHAM, *State historian*.

Oregon Trail Monument Dedicated

A handsome monument to mark permanently the Old Oregon Trail, the first great highway of travel from the Missouri River to the Pacific Coast, was unveiled and dedicated near Hebron, Nebraska, by the Oregon Trail Chapter, D. A. R., on May 24 of this year, in the presence of 2500 persons. The monument was erected through the efforts of the chapter and the Nebraska Historical Society, aided by the State of Nebraska and the citizens of Hebron and Thayer County. The historic old highway passed through the State of Nebraska, and it was long the earnest desire of the Daughters of the American Revolution to have erected a suitable memorial and marker.

The monument is of ruby-red granite, eight feet high by three and a half feet wide. At the top is carved a prairie schooner drawn by a yoke of oxen headed west, beneath which is the following inscription:

OREGON TRAIL.

From Independence and Westport (Kansas City), Mo., to the Columbia River, route of the first Oregon colonists. The trail of the trappers and traders as early as 1830. A main road to the gold fields and western military posts. The path of the Pony Express and Overland Stage, gradually superseded by railroads throughout its course. Erected May, 1915, by the State of Nebraska, County Thayer, citizens of Hebron and Oregon Trail Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution.

On the west side

is carved an automobile (showing the vast development from the ox-team era), and underneath is carved the following:



OREGON TRAIL MONUMENT.

MERIDIAN ROAD.

Winnepeg to Galveston.

Oregon Trail Crossing.

C. S. Paine, of Lincoln, secretary of the State Historical Society, made the formal presentation of the monument. C. L. Richards, of Hebron, accepted the monument in behalf of Thayer county, and introduced Mrs. E. M. Correll, regent of Oregon Trail Chapter, D. A. R., who unveiled the monument, surrounded by the Daughters of the American Revolution, who, led by Mrs. C. H. Aull, of

Omaha, State Regent of the D. A. R., gave the salute and pledged their allegiance to the flag.

Herbert M. Bushnell, state president of the S. A. R., spoke also, and the last address on the program was by John H. Morehead, Governor of Nebraska. In the evening further exercises were held in Hebron at the Christian Church, where excellent addresses were made by J. R. Webster, of Omaha, and Governor Morehead.—MRS. E. M. CROWELL, *State historian*.

Children of the Republic Club in the District of Columbia

(Mrs.) Bertha M. Robbins, Chairman

A Children of the Republic Club was formed in the District of Columbia, on April 10, 1915, with a membership of eighteen. The inspiration for the forming of the club was given by a question asked by the State regent at the Flag raising on the boys' building of the Y. M. C. A. The question was, "How many boys have been to Mt. Vernon?" *Very few boys had ever been there.* The boys' answer gave the committee something to work on, as the committee had already decided to entertain some boys as a preliminary to establishing regular club work, therefore the money donated by the Martha Washington Chapter, the Thirteen Colonies Chapter, the Regent of The Monticello Chapter and the Judge Lynn Chapter was used to defray the expense of the trip to Mr. Vernon for those eighteen boys. The interest displayed by the boys from the moment the boat started until we returned to the city and good-byes were said never abated; they were eager to know all the points of interest along the route, and as a map of the river was passed among

them the remarks made would have been worthy of repetition if it had been possible to have had a dictograph with us. The first glimpse of the wonderful sacred home of Washington, as seen from some distance up the river, made a deep impression on their minds, and their reverence was shown by the asking of question in a subdued tone of voice, and indeed the reverence kept up, for after landing and passing up through the grounds not a flower was picked, no romping or calling out, and really before the tomb was reached every hat was off. While the various items of interest were being explained to them they stood in a group about me, eager faces looking into mine, making me feel I had in the hollow of my hand, as it were, the molding of future citizens whose love for their country was being instilled into their hearts, and the impression made now in wax ages could not efface nor time reveal the results. They were so gentlemanly that they easily became the admiration of every visitor to Mt. Vernon that day, and the attendants

and visitors all wanted to help entertain them, and one kind gentleman took the picture which we were so glad to have and felt our day would have been incomplete without it, for our camera had been forgotten. After seeing the house and grounds and indulging in a ball game and a general tour of inspection several times repeated, they decided to organize the club. Grouping themselves on the grass about me, the fun began. Their knowledge of what was customary in such a procedure was a surprise. The following is a copy of a letter sent me by the secretary:

Washington, D. C.,
April 15, 1915.

Dear Mrs. Robbins:

I am sending you a copy of the Constitution of the Mt. Vernon Club, which is as follows:

On April 10th, 1915, by the kindness of Mrs. Robbins, eighteen boys of the Washington Y. M. C. A. were enabled to go to Mt. Vernon, where they formed the Mt. Vernon Club. The object of this club is, (first) to respect the United States flag, taking off your hat in salute and to prevent

desecration of it, (second) to always stand when the "Star Spangled Banner" is played, and to make others do the same. No one shall be eligible to this club unless they have been to Mt. Vernon, and can explain satisfactorily about it. At our first meeting, held at Mt. Vernon, Albert Watson was elected president; Donald Woolfe, vice president; Louis Jacobson, secretary, and Richard Roberts, treasurer. Again thanking you for the nice time I had Saturday.

I am, yours truly,
LOUIS J. JACOBSON,
Secretary.

This letter of the secretary was a delight, for these boys come from all classes of society, ages range from ten to fourteen. The two older boys in the picture were young masters from the Y. M. C. A., but they are included in the club. It is a big step forward in patriotic education and training of the boys to be good citizens in this city.

Our next meeting is to be held in Rock Creek Park, when they are to report on their success in carrying out the object of the club.

First Public Celebration of Washington's Birthday

The first public celebration of the anniversary of George Washington's birthday took place on Feb. 22, 1783, when a number of distinguished men met at a tavern in New York City. Speeches were made and toasts given, and the occasion was one of great rejoicing. Be-

fore separating they agreed to meet annually and honor General Washington's birthday with special ceremonies.

After the death of Washington his birthday was made a national holiday that all might honor and revere his memory.

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the Genealogical Editor of this magazine, under whose supervision this department has been placed for the present.

*Through the National Committee On Historical Research, Mrs. Willard S. Augsbury,
Historian General, Chairman.*

SOME REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS of LEOMINSTER, Massachusetts. (Contributed by Ella E. Pierce, Historian of the Capt. John Joslin Jr. Chapter, D. A. R. Leominster, Mass. Unless otherwise stated the soldier died in Leominster, Mass.)

BEAMAN, John, b Leominster, Mass. 1738; d Poultney, Vt., 1820; served as matross in Capt. Daniel Lothrop's company, Craft's Artillery. He m Mary Fuller and his dau Mary m Manasseh Richardson. (See Lineage Book, D. A. R. Vol. XXXVII.)

BOUTELL, James, b Leominster, Mch. 18, 1754; d Sept. 25, 1822, and his grave at Leominster is marked as that of a Rev. soldier.

BOUTELL, John, b July 24, 1763, d Aug. 9, 1837, and his tombstone bears the inscription "Revolutionary soldier."

BOUTELL, Samuel, b Leominster, Nov. 20, 1761, where he d Jan. 13, 1822. He m Elizabeth Hale, and his dau Lydia m John M. Tredway. He served as a private.

BOUTELL, William, b Leominster, July 7, 1755; d Hancock, N. H. July 31, 1837; m Rachel Wood, and his son John m Lucy Priest. He served as a private.

BOWERS, Samuel, b Lancaster, Mass. April 17, 1754; d Mch. 23, 1823. His grave is marked "Revolutionary Soldier."

BRIGHAM, Joel, d Leominster, June 25, 1813, and is buried in Pinegrove Cemetery as a Revolutionary Soldier.

BURDETT, John, d Leominster, Mass. Dec. 17, 1843, aged 97 years. His grave in Pinegrove Cemetery also bears the mark of a Revolutionary soldier.

BURRAGE, William, b Lynn, Mass. Dec. 9, 1731; d Sept. 23, 1820; married Phoebe Barrett, and had Josiah who m Ruth Kilburn. He served as a private in Capt. Carter's Co. Col. Stearns' regiment.

BUSS, John, b April 23, 1759, d Leominster Oct. 31, 1845; m Sarah Richardson, and had Betsey who m Charles Hills and Asaph Evans who m Mary Willard. He served as private in Mass. Line in 1777; was promoted to Corporal in 1778, and served until 1780. He was at the battles of Saratoga and Monmouth, and was pensioned for his services. (Lineage Books, Vols XXXIII and XXXVIII.)

BUSS, Samuel, b Nov. 11, 1749 at Leominster, d Nov. 24, 1836 at Jaffrey, N. H. m Lydia Lincoln and had William who m Naomi Smith. He was a Minute Man at the Lexington Alarm, served at the siege of Boston; enlisted in 1777 in Capt. William Warner's regiment, was at the battle of Monmouth, and received a pension for his services. (Lineage Book, Vol. X)

BUTLER, Abijah, b Leominster July 2, 1750; d Jan. 19, 1822; m (1) Mary Putnam and (2) Beulah Fairbanks. He had Susannah who m Robert Waterman Barr; Lucy who m Lewis Putnam Gleason, and others. He served as corporal, sergeant, and 2nd. Lieut.

CARTER, Asaph, b Leominster, July 23, 1758, where he d Dec. 23, 1776, and his grave is marked with the Rev. Soldier's marker.

CARTER, Elijah, b Leominster, Jan. 16, 1762, d Chataqua Co., N. Y. June 20, 1834. He m Sarah Ballard, and had Belvidere who m Eliphalet Burnham; Sally Bowers who m Ezra Winship, and others. He served as a private (Lineage Book Vol. I)

CARTER, Ephraim, b Leominster, Nov. 14, 1748; d May 7, 1817. He m Joanna Wheelock and had among others, Thomas who m Rebecca Cooper. He served as a Corporal at the Lexington Alarm, and his gravestone is marked as that of a Rev. Soldier.

CARTER, Josiah b Jan. 26, 1726, Lancaster, Mass. d Feb. 13, 1812; m Tabitha Hough and had Josiah Jr. who m Elizabeth Graves; James, who m Betsey Hale; Tabitha who m Josiah White; Abijah who m Nancy Warner; Sarah who m Elisha White; Relief who m Mr. Joselyn, and others. He served as a Major and his tombstone at Leominster is so marked, although he was offered the commission of a Colonel in 1779, which he declined. (Lineage Books Vols. XIII, & XL.)

CARTER, Josiah Jr. b Jan. 29, 1749, Leominster; d July 19, 1827; m Elizabeth Graves and had Sally who m John Hills and Joseph Warren who m Ruth Tenney. His grave is marked as that of a sergeant in the Revolution. (See Lineage Book Vol. XIII)

CARTER, Nathaniel, b Lancaster, Mass. 1735, d Mch. 13, 1812; and his grave is marked as that of a Captain in the Revolution.

CARTER, Oliver, b Oct. 5, 1763, Leominster, Mass. d April 5, 1812, Peterboro, N. H. m Jane Stuart, and had Charles who m Almira Ingalls. He served as a private.

CARTER, Phineas, b Dec. 5, 1725, Lancaster, Mass. d Dec. 16, 1809; m Mary Sawyer, and had Esther who m Samuel Taylor. He served as a Minute Man at the Lexington Alarm, and his grave is marked as "Lieutenant."

CHAPMAN, Nathaniel, b ab. 1750, m at Leominster, Mass. Elizabeth Simonds, and his dau. Elizabeth m Nathaniel Rudd. He marched in Capt. Wilder's Co. in the Lexington Alarm (Lineage Book, Vol. XXV)

CHASE, Metaphor, b Cape Ann, May 24, 1761, d April 14, 1806. His grave at Leominster is marked "Major" a title which he undoubtedly attained in later life.

COLBURN, John, b Aug. 3, 1738, Concord, Mass. d Feb 6 (or 8) 1827. He m Anna Darby, and his son Joseph m Relief Gibson. He served as sergeant at the Lexington Alarm and marched to Saratoga in 1777. (Lineage Book, Vol. XXXVIII)

COLBURN, Nathan, b Nov. 18, 1744 Concord, Mass. d Dec. 1, 1835; He m Betsey Fuller, and their son Calvin m Caroline Sybil Lakin. He served as private, corporal and finally as sergeant in Capt. Josiah Stearns' company. (Lineage Book Vol. XXVI)

ROSBY, Joel, of Billerica, Mass. is buried in Ever Green Cemetery, Leominster, Mass. where he d in 1833, aged 69 yrs. His tombstone states that he was one of Washington's body guards.

DARLING, Joseph, whose stone is marked "Rev. Soldier." died at Leominster, April 6, 1807, aged 45 years.

DIVOLL, Oliver, d Dec. 6, 1822, aged 63, according to the inscription on his stone, which also states he was a Revolutionary soldier.

FULLAM (FULHAM) Jacob, b Jan. 24, 1749, Harvard, Mass. d Oct. 20, 1833; m Elizabeth (Whitecomb) Houghton, and their dau Betsey m Richard Park. He served as a private in Capt. Jonathan Davis' company; and his grave in Leominster is marked as that of a Rev. soldier.

GATES, Jonas, b Sept. 27, 1756, Leominster, d July 24, 1839; m Mary Carter and their son Carter m Anna Simonds. He served in Worcester Co. Militia during the years 1775-77 under different commands, and his grave in Leominster is marked as that of a Rev. soldier.

GRAVES, Luther, b April 20, 1749, Lancaster, Mass. d 1790; m Phoebe Jewett, had a large family of whom their son David Jewett m Mary Leland; and their daughter Phoebe m (1) Chauncey Chamberlain and (2) Joshua Upham. He served as sergeant in Capt. Sawyer's company, and as Lieutenant under Capt. Ephraim Stearns. (Lineage Books, Vols. XIX & XXV.)

HALE, David, b Feb. 17, 1756; Leominster, Mass. d Mch. 2, 1822, Windsor, Vt., m Olive Bailey and had among others, Oliver who m Sarah Parsons Hale; Levi who m Anner Durket; and Samuel who m Hephisah Chapin. He served from Leominster at the Lexington Alarm. (Lineage Book, Vols. XXI & XXXIII.)

HALE, Oliver, bapt. Leominster, April 29, 1750, d May 7, 1799, aged 79 years according to the inscription on his tombstone, which also states that he was a Revolutionary soldier.

HAWS, Benjamin, who is buried in Evergreen Cemetery, and whose tombstone has this inscription "Revolutionary soldier; died Dec. 4, 1844, aged 90 years.

HAYDEN, Daniel, b Nov. 15, 1764; d Oct. 10, 1824, and his stone in Leominster is also marked Revolutionary soldier.

HOUGHTON, Abiathar, b Leominster, April 4, 1757, d May 18, 1807, and his grave is marked as that of a Revolutionary soldier.

HOUGHTON, Ebenezer, b Leominster, 1753; d Aug. 16, 1826, and his stone is inscribed "Revolutionary soldier."

HOUGHTON, Samuel, b Leominster, July 30, 1761, d Fairlee, Vt. Aug. 24, 1819; m Sarah Cooke and had a son Roswell who m Percy Parker. He served as a private during the Revolution, and received a pension in his later years.

JOHNSON, Asa, b Leominster, Feb. 16, 1728, d Aug. 13, 1820; m Tamar Whitcomb, and had among others, Jonathan who m Eunice Willard, Silas who m Sally (or Hannah) Follansbee. He also served as a private.

JOHNSON, Benjamin, d March 3, 1836, and his tombstone is marked "Revolutionary soldier."

JOHNSON, Nathan, d Oct. 4, 1775, aged 22 years, and his stone bears the inscription "Revolutionary soldier."

JOSLIN, David, b April 25, 1765, Leominster, d April 9, 1825 Stoddard, N. H. He m Rebecca Richardson and had: Martha who m Asa Pierce; Elias who m Maria Emes; Edward who m Sarah Hall Thayer; Susan who m Isaiah Gould; Luke who m Lydia Foster and Gilman who m Mary M. Cline. He served as a corporal, enlisted at the age of sixteen, and received a pension in later life. (Lineage Book, Vol. XXIV)

JOSLIN, Elias, b April 29, 1763, Leominster, d Dec. 10, 1824; m Prudence Lincoln, and had Elias who m Elizabeth Stearns. He was a brother of David Joslin, and served as private in Capt. Boutell's Co. from Leominster. (Lineage Book, Vol. XXI)

JOSLIN, James, d June 11, 1824, aged 78 years, and his tombstone bears the inscription "Revolutionary soldier."

JOSLIN, John Jr. b Sept. 17, 1735, Lancaster, Mass., d Sept. 6, 1810. He m Susannah Carter, and had, beside David and Elias, mentioned above, Susanna who m Col. John Ames, and Dorothy who m Stephen Wood. He was Captain of a company raised mostly from men of Leominster, that served at the battle of Bennington. (Lineage Book Vol. XXIV)

JOSLIN, Joseph, is buried in Leominster and his tombstone bears the inscription: Revolutionary soldier, died Aug. 17, 1829, aged 87 years.

LEGATE, Thomas, b Lancaster, Oct. 7, 1734, d July 1807, and his tombstone states that he was a Lieut. Col. in the Revolution.

LINCOLN, Ephraim, b Leominster, Sept. 24, 1763, d Sept. 10, 1843. His grave is marked as that of a Revolutionary soldier.

LINCOLN, William, b May 25, 1738, Leicester, Mass. d Feb. 22, 1814; m Prudence Buss, and had among others Prudence who m Elias Joslin (q. v.) His grave is marked as that of a Revolutionary soldier.

NICHOLS, William, b Jan. 28, 1750, Leominster, d Dec. 10, 1835; m Miss R— Carter, and had Levi who m Christiana Turner. He served as a Minute Man at the Lexington Alarm, and his grave is so marked. NEWHALL, Michael, d Sept. 17, 1812, aged 73 years and is buried in Leominster where his grave is marked "Revolutionary soldier."

PAGE, Thomas, b Lunenburg, Mass. Sept. 6, 1730, d after 1781 at Leominster; m Mary Knight, and his son, Elijah m Sibil Brooks. He was one of those who served in Capt. Joslin's company at the Battle of Bennington.

PERRY, Silas, b April 14, 1763, Sudbury, Mass. d June 3, 1852 Keene, N. H. He enlisted when seventeen from Leominster, m Catherine Hale and had Sarah who m Henry Willard. He received a pension in 1832 for his services as a private for three years in the Continental Line.

PHELPS, Edward, b Lancaster, Mass. 1729, d Jan. 15, 1776, and his grave is marked as that of a Lieutenant in the Revolution.

PIERCE, Joshua, b May 17, 1741, d Nov. 5, 1813; m Lydia Goodrich and had Asa who m Deborah Joslin. He served first at the Lexington Alarm and later enlisted in the Continental Army, receiving the rank of Ensign. (Lineage Book, Vol. VI)

PRIEST, Asa, b 1757 (or 9) Leominster, d Feb. 9, 1844 at Sauquoit, N. Y. m Mary Pamela Littlejohn and had Ira who m Sarah Doolittle, Clarissa who m Jacob Pad-dock; Tilly who m Elizabeth Bacon, and others. He served in the Mass. Continental Line, and in 1831 received a pension for his services.

RICHARDSON, Luke, b Aug. 15, 1734, Leominster, d Mch. 27, 1812 m Damaris Carter, and had Luke who m Relief Fuller. He served as Lieutenant in the Eighth Worcester Co. regiment. (Lineage Book, Vol. XXII)

STEARNS, Timothy, b April 4, 1759, Leominster, where he d Sept. 13, 1795, served during the Revolution as a Lieut. and his grave is so marked.

STEWART (STUART) Benjamin, b 1756 d June 4, 1820 Sterling, Mass. m Damaris Rice and had Ralph Rice who m Nancy Mirick. He served as a private and sergeant from Mass.

STEWART, Ebenezer, b Leominster, Mass. d in service July 12, (or Aug. 25,) 1777, aged 25 years, m Sophia Jane Read and had: Dulcenea, who m Joseph Gates Jr. and others. He served as a private in Capt. Wilder's company.

WARNER, Levi b May 22, 1761, Lancaster, Mass. d July 25, 1813; m Joanna Joslin and had Ephraim who m Sophia Snow and Lucy who m Asa Farnsworth. He was a Minute Man at the Lexington Alarm, and later served several enlistments as corporal and sergeant, and in 1780 held the rank of Second Lieutenant. (Lineage Book, Vol. XXV.)

WHITE, Abel, b Leominster, Mass. d Bolton, Canada, Oct. 29, 1841; m Hannah Closson, and served as a private under Col. Gideon Warner in Vt.

WHITE, Josiah Jr. b Leominster, June 2, 1741 and d Nov. 9, 1789; m Tabitha Carter and had, among others, Relief who m Thomas Little. He served in Capt. Josiah Wood's Co. on the Lexington Alarm and also in 1777 and 78.

WILDER, David, b Mch. 13, 1740, Lancaster, Mass. d Dec. 5, 1814 or 5, m Lucy Joslin and had Anna who m Joseph Knight; and Lucy who m Abel Carter. He commanded a company in Col. Asa Whitecomb's regiment at the siege of Boston, and was appointed major in 1779 in the Eighth regiment of Worcester Co. (Lineage Books, Vols. XII & XXXVIII) His grave in Leominster is honored as that of a Revolutionary soldier.

WILDER, Thomas, b 1737, Lancaster, Mass. d Jan. 6, 1802, m Abigail Carter and had Abigail who m Jesse Lincoln. He served as a sergeant in Mass. troops, and his grave is appropriately marked.

WOOD, Caleb, b Nov. 8, 1764, d Feb. 24, 1834. His grave is among those which are marked "Revolutionary soldier."

WOOD, John, b Feb. 29, 1745, Concord, Mass. d July 8, 1812, m Lydia Hosmer and had David who m Nancy Eaton. He served as drummer and sergeant in the Mass. Militia during the Revolution, and his grave in Leominster is inscribed "Lieutenant."

WOOD, Joshua, b Bradford, Mass. Oct. 19, 1727, d Dec. 5, 1803. His tombstone is inscribed "Captain" and is also marked "Revolutionary soldier."

WOODS, John, d Jan. 4, 1802, aged 87 years, and his tombstone is inscribed "Drummer."

WOODS, Samuel, b Jan. 2, 1759, Lancaster, Mass. d Mch, 23, 1825, Fairlee, Vt. He enlisted from Lancaster, serving from May 1777 to Dec. 31, 1780, and from July 1781 to Dec. 17, 1783, as a private. He applied for a pension April 3, 1818, while a resident of Fairlee Vt. and his claim was allowed. He m (1) at Lancaster, Mass. his cousin, Elizabeth Woods, and had: Elizabeth, b 1785, who m Ephraim Nichols; Sarah, b 1786, who m Phineas Sawyer; Abigail, b 1789; Samuel, b 1791, m Emily Wyman; Vashti, b 1793, m Gardner Wilder; Judith, b 1795; and Josiah, b 1797, m Hannah Barrett. He m (2) at Fairlee, Vt. Mrs. Mary (Peters) Buell, and had Harriet Buell b Jan. 19, 1822 who m Theodore A. Dodge, and joined the Marquis de LaFayette Chapter, Montpelier, Vt. on his record as a Real Daughter of the American Revolution.

NOTE: The Genealogical Editor has furnished additional information wherever possible, to the valuable data in regard to the heroes of Leominster sent by the Historian of the Capt. John Joslin Jr. Chapter; and would also add to her roll, the names of four men who were born in Leominster, and whose descendants have joined the "Daughters" on their record. They are:

WHITE, Abel, b May 25, 1760, Leominster, Mass. d Oct. 29, 1841, Bolton, Canada. He m Hannah Closson of Rockingham, Vt. in 1780 and had: Eunice b 1784 who m Bartlett Damon; Abel, b 1786, who m Eunice Fuller; Celinda, b 1787 who m Daniel ———; Mercy, b 1789 who m Samuel Adams Jr.; Fanny who m Love Huntley; Delia, b 1793, who m Mr. Brigham; William, twin of Delia, who d. inf.; Josiah, b 1794, who m Lutheda Watkins; William F. b 1796, who m Charlotte Smith Perrigo; Hannah b 1798 who m Ethan Huntley; Willis, b 1801 who m Sarah M. Fairbanks; Abner Kneeland, b 1804, who m Eliza R. Calkins. When a boy Abel White moved to Vermont, where he entered the service, enlisting under Col. Warner in the Vt. Rangers. After the Revolution Abel moved to Charlestown, N. H. and finally to Bolton, Canada, where he died.

WHITE, Benjamin, b Feb. 20, 1746, Leominster, Mass. d April 24, 1817, Heath, Mass., m Abigail Wilder and had, among others, David who m Sophia Kendrick. He served as a Lieut. in Capt. Nahum Ward's Co. at the Battle of Saratoga; and later was made Captain Lieutenant. (Lineage Book, Vol. VII.)

WHITE, Luke, b Dec. 8, 1757, Leominster, Mass. d Mch. 7, 1837, Richville, N. Y., m Eunice White and had Orson who m Eunice Harrington and John who m Rebekah. He served as a private in the Fifth Mass. regiment for three years and received a pension for his service, while a resident of Richville, N. Y. These three soldiers were brothers, and sons of the Revolutionary patriot:

WHITE, Josiah Sen. b in that part of Lancaster, Mass. which later became Leominster, Jan. 3, 1714, m there Mch. 14, 1739 Deborah House (who d Sept. 22, 1768); m (2) Elizabeth Pulpipher, wid. of David, (who d July 2, 1786, aged 66 years); m (3) before 1794, Tabitha—and d in Rockingham, Vt. Sept. 1, 1806. Nine of his sons served in the Revolution: Josiah, (q. v.) John, b Sept. 23, 1742; Samuel, b Mch. 14, 1744, m April 27, 1773, Hannah Platts; Benjamin, q. v.; Abijah, b Nov. 21, 1751, m before 1790 Polly—Asa, b Sept. 2, 1755, m Sept. 11, 1776, Jane

Arwin, and d Aug. 27, 1781; Luke, q. v.; Abel, q. v.; Phineas, bapt. June 26, 1763, m 1788 Jerusha Marsh. Paul, the tenth son, who was too young to serve, was born Apr. 15, 1765, m Sept. 24, 1786, Polly Smith, and d Malone, N. Y. 1860. Of Josiah's five daughters, the oldest, Deborah, b 1739, m Elias Carter, a Rev. soldier who was b Leominster, 1737, and d at Buckland, Mass. Dec. 21, 1821; Elizabeth, b 1747, m 1766 Josiah Swan Jr. a Rev. Soldier, and d in 1814; (Josiah Swan d Sept. 19, 1822, aged 82 yrs.) Susanna, b 1750, m Richard Prouty; Ruth, b 1753, d unm.; and Relief, b 1767, m 1785 Elijah Read of Rockingham, a Revolutionary soldier of Vt. In Vt. Rev. Rolls, p 804 is a record of those men who assisted the High Sheriff for one day Sept. 11, 1782. Among the names is that of Josiah White; and as there was only one Josiah White in Vt. recorded in the Census of 1790 it is assumed that this service belongs to this patriotic patriarch.

REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS WHO SETTLED IN NORWAY, MAINE

Extracts From a Talk by Judge C. F. Whitman Before the Abigail Whitman Chapter of Norway, Maine.

(Continued From July Issue.)

Several of the early settlers of Norway, Maine, had taken an active part in the great struggle for independence. Their terms of service varied from a few months to the entire period of the war—seven years. Some of our townsmen enlisted three or four times.

Nearly all of these men were originally from Massachusetts, and there were very few able-bodied men in Massachusetts who were not in the service more or less during the war. The close of the Revolutionary War found the colonies bankrupted. Massachusetts had exhausted her resources, having nothing left but wild lands with which to reward her soldiers. To such as were willing to emigrate to the "Eastward," as coming to the District of Maine was then called, liberal terms were offered, and very many ex-soldiers availed themselves of it.

Thus Oxford County, Maine, was largely settled by ex-soldiers of the patriot army. They were of both Pilgrim and Puritan origin, and from the best families of the old Bay State. The high character of the sons and daughters of Oxford County, both at home and abroad, for they may be found in every part of our national domain, is largely due to the infusion of patriotic blood which came in the persons of those old soldiers.

SAMUEL AMES *alias* BUCK.—Enlisted from Haverhill, Mass. Died March 19, 1852, aged 93 years. States on stone that he was a Revolutionary soldier. Grave in Rustfield Cemetery, Norway, Me.

EPHRAIM BARROWS.—Enlisted from Plympton, Mass. Died May 22, 1838. He has a gravestone, but it does not state that he was a soldier of the Revolution. Grave in Rustfield Cemetery, Norway, Me.

EBENEZER COBB.—Enlisted from Middleboro, Mass. Pensioned in 1818; No. of certificate, 5611. Died May 9, 1826, aged 67. Grandfather of Sylvanus Cobb, Jr., the author. It states on gravestone that he was a soldier of the Revolution. Grave in Pike Hill Cemetery, Norway, Me.

ISAAC COBB.—Enlisted from Middleboro, Mass. Died in Abbott, Me.

ELISHA CUMMINGS.—Served in Capt. Richard Maybury's Company to garrison forts in vicinity of Boston in 1776. Died in Greenwood. Buried in Richardson Hollow Burying Ground in Greenwood.

ISAAC CUMMINGS.—Enlisted from Gray, Me., for Penobscot Expedition of 1779 as a drummer. Died at a daughter's, who had married a Herrick at West Poland, Me., in or about 1842.

STEPHEN CURTIS.—Enlisted from Plymouth county, Mass. Served one year in Col. John Glover's Regiment, which was with Washington when he crossed the Delaware. Died in 1830 of old age and palsy. Pensioned in 1818; certificate No. 6761. Place of burial unknown.

CAPT. JOHN DAVIS.—Probably served from New Hampshire. Died in 1818. On his gravestone it states that he was a Revolutionary soldier and that he was characterized by patriotism, integrity and philanthropy. Grave in Rustfield Cemetery, Norway, Me.

ASA DUNHAM.—Enlisted from Plympton, Mass. Served on the Hudson and elsewhere. Married Lydia, a sister of Isaac Cobb. Was an early settler in Norway. Died at Burlington, Vt., Oct. 13, 1813, in War of 1812.

JACOB FROST.—Enlisted from Tewksbury, Mass. Was at Bunker Hill. Wounded and taken prisoner; carried to Halifax. Escaped. Came to Norway in 1800. Died Jan. 21, 1839, aged 86 years. Buried in Norway Center Cemetery. States on gravestone that he was a Revolutionary soldier.

JOSEPH GAMMON.—Enlisted from Gorham, Me. Was in the disastrous Penobscot Expedition. Died Dec. 28, 1852, aged 97 years. Gravestone states that he was a Revolutionary soldier. Grave in Pike Hill Cemetery, Norway, Me.

MOSES GAMMON.—Enlisted from Gorham, Me. Served in the "Massachusetts Line." Pensioned; certificate, No. 7989. Was 68 years of age in 1820. Came to Norway in 1802. Was a resident of Oxford, Me., in 1820, and died there.

SAMUEL GODDING.—Enlisted from New Hampshire. Came to Norway about 1800 or before. Pensioned; certificate, No. 5753. Joined the Shakers. Died in New Gloucester, Me.

JACOB HOWE.—Enlisted from Ipswich or Rowley, Mass. Served three years. Pensioned in 1818; certificate No. 5617. Died in Paris, Me., Jan. 30, 1830, aged 70 years. Government stone states that he was a Revolutionary soldier. Grave in Pine Grove Cemetery, Norway, Me.

DANIEL KNIGHT.—Enlisted from Gray, Me. Served in the "Massachusetts Line." Pensioned; number of certificate, 7889. He died Jan. 31, 1853, aged 92 years. Next to last Revolutionary soldier in Norway. He always dressed in buff and blue. Grave in Pike Hill Cemetery, Norway, Me. Unmarked.

GEORGE LESSLEY.—Enlisted from Gray, Me. Service, siege of Boston. Died about 1800. Grave Pike Hill Cemetery. Grave unmarked.

JOHN LOMBARD.—Enlisted from Gorham, Me. Was in Penobscot Expedition in 1779, and is said to have gone home with Joseph Gammon and Zackariah Weston through the woods, all

being nearly starved. He died in Norway about 1852, aged 89 years. Buried in Otisfield.

ASA LOVEJOY.—Enlisted from Andover, Mass. Marched on Lexington Alarm. He died in Bethel, Me., in 1835, aged about 85 years.

ISAAC LOVEJOY.—Enlisted from Andover, Mass. Served three years. Came to Norway about 1806. Time of death and place of burial unknown. The place of burial perhaps on Merrill Hill, Norway, Me.

JOHN NEEDHAM.—Enlisted from Tewksbury, Mass. Served nearly four years. Pensioned. Came to Norway in 1805. He died of palsy, April 24, 1840, aged 80 years. Buried in Norway Center Cemetery. He has a monument—the only one of these old Revolutionary patriots. It states on it that he was a Revolutionary soldier.

NATHAN NOBLE.—Enlisted from Gray, Me. In the disastrous Penobscot Expedition. Fatally injured by falling tree Jan. 13, 1827, aged 65 years. Has a gravestone. Grave in Pike Hill Cemetery, Norway, Me.

BELA NOYES.—Enlisted from Bridgewater, Mass. Born in 1760. Pensioned in 1818; certificate No. 11466. He died Aug. 21, 1833. Buried in Norway Center Cemetery. He has a gravestone.

JAMES PACKARD.—Enlisted from Bridgewater, Mass. Pensioned; certificate, No. 5615. Died in Norway, Me., Feb. 21, 1848, aged 89 years. Buried in Richardson Hollow Burying Ground, Greenwood, Me.

SAMUEL PERKINS.—Enlisted from Bridgewater, Mass. Served three and one-half years. Died in Paris, Me., Jan. 8, 1809. Place of burial unknown.

DUDLEY PIKE.—Enlisted from New Hampshire. Died July 30, 1838, aged 78 years. Has gravestone. Grave in Pike Hill Cemetery, Norway, Me.

JOSHUA POOL.—Enlisted from Bridgewater, Mass. Came to Norway about 1800. Was the third post-rider in this section. He died in Greenwood, Me., Aug. 23, 1844, aged 82 years.

LEMUEL SHEDD.—Enlisted from Leominster, Mass. Served on Washington's Body Guard. Carried important message to Gen. Horatio Gates before battle of Saratoga. Accidentally killed while a building was being raised in 1818. States on gravestone that he was a Revolutionary soldier. Grave in the Burying Ground near Orin Brown farm, Norway, Me.

LIEUT. SIMEON SHURTLEFF.—Enlisted from Middleboro, Mass. Two terms of service of three months each at least. He died Nov. 2, 1808, aged 50 plus years. Place of burial unknown.

JOEL STEVENS.—Served in the "Massachusetts Line." He died May 18, 1850, aged 95 years. Buried in Norway Center Cemetery. It is stated on his gravestone that he was a Revolutionary soldier.

JACOB TUBBS.—Served in the "Massachusetts Line." Came here from Hebron, Me., about 1795. Bought the place now known as the Albert Richardson farm. Moved with his son Samuel to Abbott, Me., and died there.

AMOS UPTON.—Enlisted from Reading, Mass. Was at Bunker Hill. Died, April 3, 1838, aged 96 years. Government stone. Grave in field on road to Chapel, Norway, Me.

ZACKARIAH WESTON.—Enlisted from Gorham, Me. In Penobscot Expedition. Died,

March 19, 1836, aged 75 years. Has a grave-stone. Grave in Frost Hill Burying Ground, Norway, Me.

PHINEAS WHITNEY.—Enlisted from Harvard, Mass. Served in the "Massachusetts Line" at Bunker Hill. Shot a British officer, supposed to be Major Piteairn, who ordered the first firing at Lexington. Wounded. Pensioned in 1818; certificate No. 13335. Died June, 1830, aged 82 years. Grave in Merrill Hill Cemetery, Norway, Me.

MARYLAND RECORDS

Colonial, Revolutionary, County and Church

BY GAIUS MARCUS BRUMBAUGH, M.S., M.D.,

905 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Extensive unpublished Maryland Church Records have been carefully copied, and indexed for publication, from 1693 to 1824. The compiler received the co-operation of the Council, and of the Library Committee, of the Maryland Historical Society, resulting in the careful photographing of important parts of the "*True list of all the souls*," or the "*Census of 1776*." This Census co-ordinates and strengthens the church records. Provincial, county and church records for the same period, for the same territory and in the same publication give a record of unusual value to individuals, and to historical, genealogical and patriotic organizations.

This Census of 1776 gives the ages and names

of both heads of families, and often the names, and always the ages of all children, even enumerating the babes—"All souls." It antedates and is more complete for the territory covered than is the Government publication "*Heads of Families, Maryland, 1790*." The Census was taken under authority of the Convention of the Colonies, and by the Committees of Observation of the several counties. The Census of Elizabeth Hundred, Frederick County (24 facsimile reproductions), is of peculiar interest and importance to Pennsylvania, and the entire contents of this volume are of interest and importance to the entire United States, owing to the wide-spread early migration from the Maryland Province and State.

CONTENTS OF VOLUME I

County Map of Maryland (in Colors).

Provincial Census of August 31, 1776, Prince George's County.—St. John's and Prince George's Parishes (89 pages of facsimile reproductions).

Marriage Licenses Issued at Upper Marlborough, Prince George's County, 1777-1800.

Provincial Census of 1776, Frederick County.—Including Lower Potomac Hundred, August 22, 1776; George Town Hundred, August 22, 1776; Unnamed Hundred, including present Montgomery County, 1776; Elizabeth Hundred, July 22, 1776 (24 pages of facsimile reproductions); Sugar Land Hundred, September 2, 1776; North West Hundred, September 2, 1776.

Constable's Census of Charles County, 1775 to 1778.—Including Durham Parish, Benedict

Hundred, Port Tobacco, West Hundred; Upper Hundred, East Hundred, Newport; Port Tobacco, Upper Hundred; Port Tobacco, Town Hundred; Port Tobacco, East Hundred; Pomonkey, Newport, West Hundred; William and Mary, Lower Hundred; Bryan Town Hundred.

Marriage Licenses of St. Mary's County, 1794 to 1864.

Provincial Census of 1776, Anne Arundel County.—Including All Hallow's Parish and St. James' Parish (25 pages of facsimile reproductions).

Facsimile Pages (2) from Maryland Federal Census of 1790.—Title Page and Abstract for Maryland.

Extensive Dictionary Index.

THE OCTOBER NUMBER OF

The DAUGHTERS

OF THE

AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

will be an anniversary issue in honor of the founding of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, twenty-five years ago. No "Daughter" can afford to miss it.

The Magazine will contain:

A Message from the President General.

*The Greatest Achievements of State Work as Told
By State Regents.*

Some Portraits of Patrick Henry

By Mrs. Elizabeth Henry Lyons, great granddaughter of the illustrious patriot. Mrs. Lyons is a writer of note, a contributor to prominent magazines, and her article will have double interest, as she uses much historic data hitherto unpublished. *Illustrated.*

*Saint Memin's Engraved Portraits of American
Patriots.*

Second installment of the notable series which is arousing widespread interest. Fourteen portraits reproduced in this number

AND

most important data in the Genealogical Department.

Subscribe NOW in order to secure a copy of the October issue. Yearly subscription, \$1.00 in advance. Make all checks and money orders payable to Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

Send all subscriptions to

MISS FLORENCE G. FINCH,

Chairman Magazine Committee,

132 Jamaica Avenue,

Flushing, Long Island, N. Y.



THE HARWOOD GENEALOGY

(3 VOLUMES)

By W. H. Harwood, M.D., Chasm Falls, Malone, N. Y.

\$2.00 each or \$5.00 for the Set.

Volume I is the third edition, extending the record back two generations more than the first edition did, and contains a genealogical history of 563 descendants of Andrew Harwood, whose English home was in Dartmouth, Devonshire, England, and who emigrated to America and was living in Boston, Massachusetts, in 1743.

Volume II contains a genealogical history of the Salem Harwoods, over 600 descendants of Henry and Elizabeth, who came from England with Governor Winthrop in 1630 and settled in Charlestown, Massachusetts.

Volume III contains a genealogical history of the Concord Harwoods, over 1,050 descendants of Nathaniel Harwood (son of John Harwood of London) who with Elizabeth, his wife, settled in Concord about 1665.

These three volumes contain records of all of the New England families of Harwoods with references. This genealogy, recently presented to the library of the D. A. R., will prove of great interest and assistance to the many descendants of the Harwood family throughout the country.

Volume I treats of the Boston family especially, whose descendants have emigrated to Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Vermont, Wisconsin and other Western states. It contains also a short account of the Archibald, Combes, House and Ordway families of New England, and one notes with interest on Page 140 a short sketch of Mrs. Cynthia Harwood Beebe, a member of the D. A. R. who was recently elected clerk of the village of McMillan, Wisconsin, "she not even being aware her name was on the ticket until she heard of her election."

Each volume has for its frontispiece a colored sketch of the Harwood Arms, and although distinct in itself each volume contains information which cannot be obtained from any of the others. For instance, Volume I has twenty pages devoted to the crests and coats-of-arms of the family in England. Volume II contains a view of the old house of John Harwood and Emma, his wife, who in 1659 settled in that part of Salem, Massachusetts, which is now Peabody. It also has two cuts of Yorkshire Castle, England, from a

drawing made in 1787, and a colored sketch of the original Harwood Arms as borne by several families in England from a very early period. This volume gives the descendants of the Connecticut branch of the name and a sketch with their families of a number of Revolutionary soldiers: Daniel, who with his son Daniel, fought side by side; David, Elihu, Ezra, Gershom, Jacob, Jonathan, Reuben, Stephen and Uriah; also a sketch of Jacob Harwood of the War of 1812, who served in Captain King's company, 6th Mass. Regiment at Fort Pickering and at Fort Defiance. His uniform consisted of "a blue swallow-tailed coat with gold buttons, a white or buff waistcoat and pantaloons, high, stiff hat, larger at the top than base, with gold trimmings and a tall plume." His brother Timothy served in the same company.

Volume III treats of the Vermont branch of the family and mentions the Revolutionary soldiers Francis, Nathan, Oliver and Zachariah, and gives a very clear account of the four Peter Harwoods, three of whom served in the Revolution. As there has been so much difficulty in distinguishing between the descendants of these three men the following sketch may be of interest:

Peter Harwood, No. 70, was born in Mendon, Massachusetts, October 26, 1727, married Mary Webb, April 22, 1756, and settled in Windsor, Mass. He is mentioned as a Revolutionary soldier, but his exact service is not given. His children, all born in Uxbridge, Mass., were:

Webb, 1757, who married Hannah Anderson, Palmyra, N. Y., in 1827; Mehitabel, born 1758, who married Mr. Badger; Ruth, born 1760; Jerusha, born 1761; Oliver, born Dec. 16, 1763, who married Fear Ripley; enlisted in 1781, was taken prisoner by the British and sent to Canada, attempted to escape, but was retaken and in Nov., 1782, was exchanged at Boston. He died in 1822 and his wife in 1844.

The second Peter mentioned, No. 84, born at Concord, Massachusetts; July 14, 1735, has no Revolutionary service credited to him in the Genealogy, although he served faithfully, as will be seen a little later. He married Margaret Clark at Colerain, Mass., in 1759, and they settled in Amherst, Mass., then removed in 1761 to Bennington, Vermont, where Margaret

died in Feb., 1794. Peter married second the following June, Mrs. Mary Doty, daughter of Jonathan Warner, who died in Bennington in 1810, and he died in 1815, having set out the first apple tree in Bennington, which in 1869 was still alive and bearing fruit.

This Peter was the son of Bridget (Brown) Harwood, widow of Benjamin, who was in the first company of settlers in Bennington. She and the other ladies of the party rode on horseback by the guidance of marked trees from Amherst, Mass. The hardship of the journey proved too much for her failing strength, and she died the following year.

In Vermont Revolutionary Rolls we find on Page 632 that Peter Harwood's name appears as 4th Corporal in the muster roll of the first company of militia in the town of Bennington, organized October 24, 1764. He also served in Captain Ebenezer Wood's company on Alarm List, in Colonel Ebenezer Walbridge's company of militia 14 days, from October 13, 1781. His children were:

Clark, born at Amherst, Mass., in 1760, married (1) Susannah Green and (2) Sarah Flanders, and died in 1835; Benjamin, born Jan. 12, 1762, the first white male child born in Bennington, who married Diadama Dewey in 1786 and died in 1851; Ebenezer, born 1764, who married Eunice Bradley, 1789, and died at Greece, N. Y., in 1815; Asa, born 1768, who married Aner Diamond in 1795 and died in Sempronius, N. Y., 1828; Jonas, born 1772, who married (1) Phebe Dodge and (2) Mrs. Sarah Stillwell and died at Hopkinton, N. Y., 1811; Sarah, born 1775, who married Samuel Robinson, was the author of a valuable genealogy of the Robinson family, and died in 1854; Lucy, born 1778, who married James Waterman; Ira, born 1782, who married Thedoshia Bonstead, 1805, Attica, N. Y., 1815.

The third Peter, No. 94, born May 10, 1740, in Littleton, Mass., married Phebe Prouty, of Spencer, Mass., in 1763. He served seven years in the Revolutionary Army and was officer of the day at the execution of Major Andre. He was court-martialed for disobedience of orders to abandon and destroy a bridge at White Plains, then being held by the American Army, but on trial his action was so far justified that he was retained and promoted.

The first brick house in the town of Brookfield, Massachusetts, built by Major Peter Harwood in 1784, is still standing. The walls are 18 inches thick and it is said that 100,000 bricks were used in its construction. Later Major Harwood moved to Delaware, where he died June 14, 1805. His children, all born in North Brookfield, Massachusetts, were:

Ebenezer, 1764-1799, who married Catherine Lampson in 1794, who, after his death, married Nye Chandler and lived in Potsdam, N. Y.;

Peter (No. 203), born Sept. 16, 1765, who married Elizabeth Armit at Dover, N. H., in 1788, served three years with his father in the Revolutionary War and later in the War of 1812. Died in Spencer, Mass., 1836; Phebe, 1767-1845, who married Ebenezer Parkman May, 1770, who married Eli Hall and settled in Bakersfield, Vt., where Eli died and she returned to Enfield, Mass.; Abel, 1772-1814, who married Rhoda Winslow. He was Captain of light infantry after the Revolution; Dolly, 1777-1833, who married (1) Joshua Spooner (2) Rufus Powers; George W., 1789-1860, who married Anna Bisco; Jonas, 1784-1872, who married Lucretia Winslow, 1808, and others who died young.

Peter, No. 203, the youngest Revolutionary soldier mentioned, had eleven children, all except the first born in North Brookfield, Massachusetts. Thomas Armit, the oldest, born at Spencer, Mass., in 1789, married (1) Hanna P. Pellett, married (2) Ann Meade. Was soldier in the War of 1812 and died in 1880. It is interesting to note that his father (Peter No. 203) and grandfather (Peter, No. 94) served in the Revolution, and his great-grandfather Ebenezer served under Sir William Pepperell, and was killed June 17, 1745, at the first capture of the fortress at Louisbourg. The other children of Peter, No. 203, are:

Frances R., born 1791, who married Nathaniel Powers; Sarah A., born 1793, who married William Cowen; Esther B., born 1795, who married Charles M. Deland; Elizabeth A., born 1797, who married Norman Smith; William B. born 1803, who married in Charleston, S. C. and died in Mobile, Ala.; Ebenezer, born 1805, who married in North Carolina and died at sea in 1835; Clara B., born 1812, who married Louis E. Walker, was a Real Daughter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, National No. 11042, and died October 12, 1902, and several others who died unmarried.

The cut of the Harwood monument, erected in 1911 in North Brookfield, Mass., "To the memory of men who each in his generation served his country in peace and war" is a fitting accompaniment to the record of these soldiers, Ebenezer, Major Peter Harwood, his son, and Captain Peter Harwood, Jr., his grandson.

It is to be regretted that while each volume contains a complete index of the members of the family of Harwood name, there is no index to the collateral families, many of whom attained prominence, such as the Adams, Harvey, of Michigan; Rice, Kellogg, Robinson and Wright families, and many others too numerous to mention. It is to be hoped that there will be a supplement published in time which will contain an index of the allied families, as well as those of the Harwood name.

GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

1. Any one is allowed the privilege of sending queries to this department, *provided* they pertain to the Revolutionary period, or that following. Questions pertaining to the Colonial period must be excluded for want of space; also all queries in regard to the requirements of other societies.

2. Queries will be inserted in the order in which they are received. It will, necessarily, be some months between the sending and printing of a query.

3. Answers or partial answers are earnestly desired; and full credit will be given to the sender of the answer, by the Genealogical Editor. She is not responsible for any statements, however, except for those given over her own signature.

4. Write on one side of the paper only. Especial care should be taken to write names and dates *plainly*.

5. Each separate query must be accompanied by a two-cent stamp. Do not use postal cards, or self-addressed envelopes.

6. All Letters to be forwarded to contributors, must be unsealed, and sent in blank, stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its signature.

7. In answering queries, please give the date of the magazine, the number of the query, and its signature.

8. It is impossible for the Genealogical Editor, as such, to send personal replies to queries. They must take their turn and be answered through the columns of the magazine.

ANSWERS

2490. PAYNE (PAINE). There was a Stephen Payne who was born in Rehoboth, Mass. and was the son of Stephen and Mary Brinthal. He was b 1707 or 8, moved with his mother to Pomfret or Preston, Conn. and later to North Bolton, now Vernon, Conn. He m Deborah Skinner (dau of Isaac) and d at the home of his youngest son in Ellington, Conn. in 1791, aged 91 years. His ch. were: Stephen, Mary, Brinton, John, Edward, Timothy, Ezra, Deborah, Damaris, and Roswell. After the Revolution several of these children moved to the western part of New York state, where one was one of the early settlers of Aurora and one of Elmira, one went to Ohio, and settled in Painesville. (This was Edward, who was a General in the Revolution.) Brinton was a Colonel in the Rev. war, and Timothy, an officer; John and Ezra were privates; Roswell, a corporal. Brinton and Timothy were taken prisoners by the British and endured the horrors of captivity. Roswell, b North Bolton, now Vernon, Conn. 1756, m in 1782 Sarah Chamberlain of Coventry, Conn. and about 1803 moved to Amherst, Mass. where he kept a tavern. He became a captain later, and his grave is inscribed "Erected to the memory of Capt. Roswell Paine, d Mch. 7, 1806, in the 51st year of his age. His widow d in 1833. They had: James, Sarah, Deborah, Harriett, Charles, Julianna, Joseph and Edward.—*Mrs. Flora Blaine Wood*, State Center, Ia.

2497. BANE (BEAN). William Bean of East Nottingham wrote his will Sept. 8, 1772 which was probated Jan. 7, 1774. In it he mentions his wife, Jean Bean; son in law and daughter, James and Mary Galt (Gault); dau. Abigail Bean; son in law John McNitt Alexander; daughter Jean Alexander, and their son William Bean Alexander.—*Henry Edgar Bean*, 717 Central Building, Los Angeles, California.

2606 (6). KYLE-GALBRAITH. According to family records of the Galbraith Family, Andrew who m Barbara Kyle was the son of James Galbraith, b 1703 and Elizabeth Bertram (b 1719) who emigrated to this country and settled in Penna. He d in East Pennsboro, Cumberland Co. in 1786 and she moved to Derry twp. Dauphin Co. where she d in 1799. He served in the early Provincial wars, and also was a Civil officer, but no service during the Revolution is found for him. He m in Philadelphia, in 1734, although Eliz. Bertram, his wife, was also born in Ireland. Their ch. were: Wm., b 1738, m (1) Ann Scott, m (2) Henrietta Huntingdon; Robert, (1740-1804) Presiding Judge in 1787; Dorcas, b 1742, m John Buchanan; Elizabeth, b 1744, m Clarence Torrence; Thomas, b 1746; John, b 1748, married and had issue; and Andrew. Andrew b 1750, d Derry twp. Cumberland Co. Penna. in 1806. Barbara Kyle, his wife was b Donegal twp., Lancaster Co. Penna. and was the dau. of John Kyle. Their ch. were: Jean, b 1781, m Mat-

threw Miller; Elizabeth, b 1784; Julianna, b 1786, m Wm. McNeil Irvine; Mary, b 1789, m Micah Ege; Sarah (Sally) m John Bannister Gibson; Barbara b 1793; Doreas, b 1795; Nancy, b 1797; Andrew Galbraith is mentioned in Vol. IV, p 247 Penna. Archives, Fifth Series, as a private in Westmoreland Co. Militia; also in Vol. VI, p 248 as a private in Capt. Andrew McKee's Co. Several have entered the D. A. R. on his service. I am descended from Robert's dau. Rebecca who m Ephraim Blaine.—*Mrs. Flora Blaine Wood*, State Center, Ia.

3148 (2). BELL. As I note that 3148 states that Jenny (Bell) Harrison had brothers Walter and William who went to Kentucky, I think it possible that it is my ancestor to whom she refers. My grandfather William Columbus Bell was the son of William and Hannah Bell of Philadelphia, Penna. He went to Kentucky and married there Huldah Carr, daughter of Walter Carr, a Rev. soldier, according to tradition. For a wedding trip they rode on horseback from Lexington, Ky. to Philadelphia, Penna. accompanied by William's brother, Walter, and a man servant. I have a beautiful ivory miniature of my grandfather but know little about him. "Wm. C. Bell d July 15, 1845 near Pottsville, Pa. in his 52nd. year. He was buried in the Friends ground at the corner of 6th and Cherry Streets Philadelphia, at his own request." He had seven children one of them, a twin, dying when a baby and was "buried on the plantation of his grandfather Walter Carr."—*Mrs. J. G. Higgins*, 810 McDonough St. Helena, Arkansas.

3215. BYERS. John Byers was a son of David Byers of Donegal twp. Lancaster Co. Penna. He m the widow of my great great grandfather, Robert Galbraith, who was b Ireland 1715, and d Mich. 8, 1748. His widow, Mrs. Rebecca Galbraith m later Capt. John Byers and they moved to Cumberland Co. Penna. Capt. Byers was an officer in the French and Indian wars and a man of prominence in provincial affairs.—*Mrs. Flora Blaine Wood*, State Center, Iowa.

3274. WRIGHT. The Gen. Ed. would suggest that this querist might correspond with Mrs. Gertrude J. Wright Ketcham, 1533 Clermont St. Denver, Colorado, who has recently published in connection with W. H. Wright, a Genealogy of the descendants of Samuel Wright, b 1722, d 1789, Lenox, Mass, with his lineage back to the emigrant, Thomas Wright of Wethersfield, Conn. in 1640. This book of 235 pages contains a great deal of information of the various descendants of the Wright Family.—*Gen. Ed.*

3602. BUFFINGTON. Joseph Buffington sent a petition and Remonstrance to the Provincial Congress, mentioned by A. S. Salley in "Documents relating to the History of South Carolina during the Rev. War" pp 1 and 2; also on

p 47 of Chapman's History of Edgefield S. C. the name of Joseph Buffington is found as a private in the company of Capt. Zacharia Smith Brooks. This latter reference is a company which served in the War of 1812, as Joel Abney who is mentioned as Cornet was not born until 1771 according to his tombstone record, which reads thus: Captain Joel Abney who departed this life on the 14th of Feb. 1816, aged 45 years and 4 months." and John Abney a sergeant in the same company was born in 1776. Joel Abney was a son of Capt. Nathaniel Abney, Pickens Brigade; and John Abney, my grandfather, was a son of Nathaniel's brother, Paul, a private in the same brigade.—*Mrs. Agatha A. Woodson*, 1322 Greene St. Augusta, Ga.

3863 (2) & (3). STEVENS. Stonington, Conn. was founded by William Chesebrough, the first white man to build a house and live there, in 1649. He was joined by Thomas Stanton, in 1650, who built a house and trading establishment; by Thomas Miner in 1652 and by Walter Palmer in 1653. To these four, only, have the title of Founders been applied, as the handsome monument at Wequetequoc Burying Ground with the names of these four, and their armorial bearings, attest. In 1654 Capt. George Denison, Capt. John Gallup and Robert Park established themselves in Stonington. Thomas Wheeler in 1667 settled in what is now North Stonington. At Stonington's Centennial celebration of Aug. 9-11, 1914, (commemorating the attack and repulse of the British) the early settlers were represented from the dates 1649-1666, and no family by name of Stevens was included. The first town census of 1668, shows, however, that at that time Henry Stevens had arrived and was settled in Stonington.—*Ethel J. R. C. Noyes*, Stonington, Conn. In the answer to this query in the July issue the statement was made that Stonington, Conn. was the town that Henry Stevens, the immigrant, founded before 1668. It should have read "was the town where Henry Stevens, the immigrant, settled before 1668." The mistake was the Genealogical Editor's, and not Mrs. White's, who so kindly furnished the information in regard to the Stevens Family.

3869. FRANCKS. In the sketch of General David Blackshear, in "The Bench and Bar of Georgia" now out of print, but to be found in all large libraries, there is a sketch of the Franck Family, This will can be obtained by addressing the office of the Secretary of State, Raleigh, N. C. in all probability.—*Mrs. Louis C. Bulkeley*, 543 Egan St. Shreveport, La.

3927. SHELBY-HARRIS. Margaret Shelby, b 1772, who m Oliver Harris was the dau of Moses Shelby, a Rev. patriot who was b in Wales, in 1718, and d Mecklenburg Co. N. C. in 1780. He m Isabel—who was b Md. and they had eleven ch. as follows: Evan, who m

Susan Polk Alexander; Thomas who m Sarah Helm; Mary who m Oliver Wiley or Wylie; Margaret (1772-1844) who m Oliver Harris (1763-1833); Moses, Rachel; Isabella; Eleanor, William, who m Miss Carruthers; John; and Catherine. In his will, dated Sept. 2, 1775, he mentions money earned in the public service by waggoning. Moses was a brother of Gen. Evan Shelby and a brother in law of Col. Adam Alexander.—*Gen. Ed.*

3928. TURNER-BROOKS. The Cornelius Brooks referred to is my great grandfather, and as I have looked up the line quite thoroughly, know that the Turners do not connect. I have a complete list of the children and grandchildren of Cornelius Brooks with dates of birth, death, marriage and names of those to whom married. The one making inquiry unfortunately can not claim the Rev. record of this Cornelius Brooks. Regret that I can not give any clue to put them on the right track. However, as I am still seeking a line upon which I began work seventeen years ago with the most definite clue just at hand today, I trust the one making inquiry will not feel discouraged in her search.—*Miss Maud D. Brooks*, Regent Olean Chapter, D. A. R. Olean, N. Y. To the above the Gen. Ed. would add that it took her fifteen years to obtain the connecting link whereby she could join the Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America, but finally found it and it has stood the most acid tests.

39599. SHERWIN. Ahineas Sherwin b Aug. 7, 1759, m Dec. 7, 1780, Ruth Day (b Oct. 27, 1759). They had: Asa, b Dec. 27, 1781; Sarah, b Oct. 27, 1783; Ruth, b Oct. 11, 1785; Betsy, b Oct. 30, 1787; Achsa, b Dec. 28, 1789; Ahineas, b Feb. 5, 1792; Poplin, b May 10, 1794; Delphine, b July 8, 1796; Philo, b Sept. 18, 1798 and Benjamin, b Feb. 17, 1801. No Jonathan appears in the above list of children taken from a family Bible.—*Mrs. S. Amelia Cody*, Willoughby, Ohio.

3972 (2). TIPTON-MURRAY. John Tipton, b July 1726, Baltimore, Md. d Madison Co. Ky. in Nov. 1808. He m Feb. 18, 1747, Martha Murray who was b Nov. 1722. Their son, Jabez Murray Tipton, b Nov. 17, 1750, m Elizabeth Mitchell. John Tipton of Baltimore Co. Md. took oath of allegiance and fidelity to the state of Maryland in 1778 before the Worshipful Robert Summons. (See Unpublished Revolutionary Records of Maryland, presented to D. A. R. in 1911 by Baltimore Chapter.)—*Mrs. Noble C. Shumway*, 4436 North Robey St. Chicago, Ill.

3974. ROSS. There was a Benjamin Ross who served in the Revolution from Penna. as a private in Cont. Line from Washington Co. See Penna. Archives, Fifth Series, Vol. IV, p 419.—*Mrs. M. N. Robinson*, Lancaster, Pa.

3985 (2) WILLIAMSON. There was a Moses Williamson who served in the Revolution in the

Third Battalion, Eighth Class of Associators and Militia in Cumberland Co. Capt. Robert Sanderson's Co. (See Penna. Archives, Fifth Series, Vol. VI, p 210.) *Mrs. M. N. Robinson*, Lancaster, Penn.

3990. NEAL. Sally Neal m Joshua, not Josiah, Stackpole in 1800. She had an older brother named Andrew, for whom she named a son, Andrew Stackpole.—*Mrs. O. E. Smith*, Spirit Lake, Iowa. To the above information the Gen. Ed. would add that in the N. H. Genealogical Record, Vol. 2, p 118, there is given a record of Samuel Neal's family, taken from the town records of Stratham, N. H. Stratham is only a few miles from Portsmouth. Samuel K., son of Samuel Neal and his wife was born March 22, 1755; Andrew, Jan. 19, 1758; Jeremiah, Nov. 4, 1759; Joseph, Meh. 23, 1762; John, Meh. 10, 1764; Elizabeth, May 29, 1768; Mary, June 1, 1770; Sarah, June 23, 1773; Abigail, Jan. 29, 1775; Deborah, Jan. 22, 1778. The name of the wife of Samuel Neal Sr. is not given; but in the same Vol. p 122, we find it recorded in Stratham Town Records, that "the Widow Neale departed this life, May 4, 1785." In the Census of 1790 for N. H. a Samuel Neal is found as a resident of Stratham, one of Portsmouth, and one of Newmarket, all in Rockingham Co. There are no Stackpoles, but the Stagpoles lived in Somersworth and Dover, Stafford County.

3995. MARIS-HOLLIDAY. Aaron Maris, b May 4, 1774 in Orange Co. N.C. d Meh. 4, 1843 in Orange Co. Ind. He m (1) in N.C. Sarah Holliday who was b May 7, 1781. She was the dau of Wm. Holliday b June 10, 1750, Chester Co. Penna. and his wife, Jane Andrew b Nov. 12, 1755, Chester Co. Penna. William was the son of Henry and Mary Holliday of Chester Co. Penna. Jane Andrew was the dau of Robert and Sarah Andrew of Chester Co. Penna. After their marriage, William and Jane Holliday moved to Chatham Co. N.C. where their dau. Jane, m Thomas Maris, brother of Aaron who m their dau. Sarah. So far I have been unable to get the record of this marriage and would be glad of more information in regard to the Maris-Holliday and Andrew families. *Mrs. C. D. Lloyd*, 310 Fifth Ave., Leavenworth, Kansas.

4000. WRIGHT. See answer to 3274 in this issue.—*Gen. Ed.*

4004 (4) HOUSTON (HUSTON)—WOODS. The immigrant, John Huston's wife was named Margaret Cunningham. I have examined carefully and traced his signature at Staunton, Va. and there is no "o" in the name. Neither did his wife die in 1754. The will of John was probated May 15, 1755, and on pp 40 and 41, Vol. 2 of the Will Books is recorded the bond of his wife Margaret Huston, and John Moore as Executor and Executrix. (See Abstracts of Augusta Co. Records, Vol. III, p 84.) General

Sam Houston was a son of Samuel Houston and Elizabeth Paxton; his grandparents were Robert Huston and Margaret Davidson; and his great grandparents, John Huston and Margaret Cunningham. General Sam Houston was born Mch. 2, 1793. I have never noticed any reference in your work to one of the greatest little books in the country, viz. History of Albemarle Co. Va. by Rev. Edgar Woods, 407 pages and only four pages of very poor index, Price of book, \$2.00. Beginning at p 395 is an Appendix, No. 9, Necrology; and at p 397 it shows that the Samuel Woods of Albemarle Co. died in that county, in 1784 so he could not have been the one who went to Kentucky. If we had a good genealogical index to this book, it would be worth its weight in gold, and I hope some one will make such an index to it at an early date.—*Henry Strother*, 421 May Ave., Fort Smith, Arkansas. The Gen. Ed. would add to the above that she does not use the History referred to as much as she would otherwise for the reason given, the lack of an index. She is happy to state, however, that a letter addressed to the Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C. asking for the record of Samuel Woods who applied for a pension from Mercer Co. Ky. in 1823, would give the place from where Samuel enlisted, and very probably also the place of birth.

4018 (3) CLARK. Christopher Clark who m Mildred Terrel was b ab. 1740 and was the son of Micajah Clark and Judith Adams (dau of Robert). Micajah Clark's parents were Christopher Clark Sen. and Penelope (Bolling?) who

lived in Louisa Co. Va.—*Mrs. J. H. McBee*, Lexington, Miss. To the above the Gen. Ed. would add that a Micajah Clark is recorded both in Va. Rev. Soldiers, and the Supplement thereto, as serving in the Ninth Va. regiment during the Revolution.

4024 (2) SMITH. Abigail Smith, wife of John Adams, was a descendant of Abigail (Rice) Smith, and a very interesting account of her ancestry back to Deacon Rice, the immigrant, of Marlborough, Mass., can be obtained from Charles Elmer Rice, Alliance, Ohio, who has written a Genealogy of the Rice Family.—*Mrs. J. H. McBee*, Lexington, Miss.

4036 (2) KEITH. Daniel son of John and Hannah (Washburn) Keith, was b 1725 m (1) Elizabeth Conant (b 1727, and dau of Nathaniel Conant and his (2) wife, Margaret) in 1744, and had: Isaiah, b 1745, Daniel, b 1747, Jeremiah, b 1749. Elizabeth d and Daniel m (2) Mrs. Lydia (Hayward) Keyser. She was b Mch. 28, 1728, m (1) Oct. 22, 1747, Seth Keyser who d 1751. She then m (2) Oct. 21, 1756, Daniel Keith and they had: Naomi, Seth, Salmon and Betty. She d in 1762. Daniel is buried in the South street grave-yard in Titicut; he died April 28, 1803. His service is found in Mass. Archives, Vol. IX, p 30. Daniel Keith, Bridgewater, Sergeant in Lieut. Samuel Dunbar's Co. Major Eliphalet Cary's regiment; marched July 30, 1780; discharged Aug. 9, 1780, service 11 days. Company marched to Tiverton on an Alarm.—*Mrs. Ada F. Thayer*, 1421 Main St., Campello, Mass.

QUERIES

4101. BOTSFORD. Can the Rev. service of the following men be proved? Moses Botsford, b Mar. 31, 1750; lived Newtown, Fairfield Co. Conn.

(2) TWITCHELL. Ebenezer Twitchell, b 1765; lived Oxford, New Haven Co., Conn. Also Joseph Twitchell of Oxford, New Haven Co., Conn. (1717-1797).

(3) FINCH. Daniel Finch of Farmington, near Waterbury, Conn., b 1719.

(4) BULKLEY. David Bulkley of Fairfield, Conn. (1712-1804).

(5) CALKINS, CAULKINS. Hezekiah Calkins of Dutchess and Schoharie Cos., N. Y., b 1764.—*H. T. S.*

4102. MAGAW. Dr. William Magaw m two or three times. Desire names of his wives and children.—*E. S. F.*

4103. MILLER-CABEEN. Esther Miller, b 1791, m William Cabeen in Bucks Co., Penna. Mch. 27, 1811. They came to St. Louis in 1814 and we are told opened the first shoe shop in that place. Who were her parents? Was there Rev. stock?—*T. R. C.*

4104. GAREY-GOWEN-MILLER-NASON. James Garey (Sanford, Me. Feb. 12, 1802-Dover, Me. 1865) m May 31, 1825 Mary Elizabeth Miller and they lived in Sanford, Me. James was son of Ebenezer Garey (b? d?) m? Ruth Gowen (?-?), parents? Ebenezer was son of James Garey, Rev. soldier, (1737-Mch. 22, 1824, Sanford, Me.) m? to? (b? d?) Mary Elizabeth (Miller) Garey was the dau. of James Miller of Kennebunkport, Me. (?-July 9, 1864) m Nov. 1798 Deborah Miller, d 1867 aged 91. Her birth-date? James and Deborah Miller were first cousins, James being a son of John Miller (1746-?) and Betsey Nason (b? m? d?), and Deborah being a dau. of Andrew Miller, b 1738, and his wife Mary Walker.

(2) TAYLOR. James Taylor, b? at Reading, Mass., son of Thomas Taylor of Reading, Mass., m (1) Lydia Taylor, his cousin, dau. of Caleb, brother of Thomas Taylor. Her dates? They had a dau. Lydia, b Oct. 27, 1745, m 1767 Aaron Elliot. Will some one who has access to the Reading, Mass., records give me the dates missing above?

(3) TAYLOR - WILLIAMS - SHEKELS-COPHER-WILLSON. Edgar Taylor, b 1845. m Sarah Margaret Williams 1866. He was the son of John Taylor, who m in Nauvoo, Ill. abt. 1843, Elizabeth (Betsey) A. Willson, b Ashtabula, O. Oct. 14, 1820, dau. of Aaron Willson, b Mch. 11, 1779 in Conn., and his wife Ruth ——. Sarah, b 1848, was the dau. of Felix Williams, b in Ky. (Hardin Co.) Dec. 25, 1812. They lived in Elizabethtown, Ky. and his mother's name was Emery ——. Felix m Angelina Shekels or Shekles, b in Ky. July 9, 1814, and her mother was ——. Copher. Tradition says there are several Rev. soldiers in these lines, but I am far from any records and will be appreciative of help in proving their service.

(4) LAMPREY. Aaron Lamprey (Nottingham, N. H. April 29, 1766-July 23, 1850) m in Epsom, N. H. Feb. 9, 1792 Hannah Locke. Was he a son of Morris Lamprey, b Dec. 4, 1737 in Hampton, N. H.? If so I would like dates and service of Morris Lamprey, which will add several members to the D. A. R.

(5) RAMSEY-BOYCE. Tradition says Robert Ramsey was a Capt. of Militia in the Rev., m —— McKonkey, and they had: Charity (June 22, 1772, Penna.-Sept. 4, 1852, Hocking Co. O.), m in Penna. either in Bucks or Bedford Co. John Boyce Jr. (1760-1843, Hocking Co. O.), son of John Boyce, said to have been killed in the Rev.; William, John, Polly, Jenny, James and Elizabeth (Betsey) Ramsey, m Robert Stone and lived in Logan, O. Tradition also says that the Ramseys and McKonkeys came from Ireland, and that McKonkey ran a ferry across the Susquehanna River; and that Robert Ramsey lived in Md., during part, at least, of the Rev., and had his house burned. I have the dates for Charity and John Boyce Jr., but would be glad of their father's, to complete an application.

(6) LEE-ALBIN-ROBERTS-GILLESPIE. William Hill Lee, b 1830, m Isabella Albin, b 1841. William Hill Lee was the son of Davidson and Sarah or Sally (Hill) Lee, dau. of William Hill. Davidson Lee (— to 1896) was the son of Joseph Lee, who was either a soldier in the Rev. or the son of a Joseph Lee who served in the Rev. The Rev. soldier Joseph Lee was pensioned, as was also his widow. Think that they came from Va. to Ohio and d there. Isabella Albin was dau. of George Washington and Eliza (Roberts) Albin. George Washington Albin was the son of Samuel and Sara (Smith) Albin. Samuel Albin was taken from the field where he was working and drafted into the War of 1812. Eliza Roberts was a dau. of Robert Gillespie and Isabella (Graham) Roberts, dau. of Thomas Graham. Robert Gillespie Roberts lived in Carlisle, Penna., was the son of John Roberts and brother of John Roberts, Jr., Andy Roberts and Thompson Roberts. Andy Roberts was sheriff for many years

in Cumberland Co., Penna. (Carlisle, Penna.) John Roberts served in the War of 1812 and is supposed to have m —— Gillespie. Will some one kindly furnish me the dates and service for a Rev. ancestor in the Lee, Roberts or Albin line?—*L. G. N.*

4105. FLOURNOY. What Rev. assistance was given by Jacob Flournoy, his ancestors or descendants?—*A. J. L.*

4106. BARNETT-WALLACE. Who were the parents of David Barnett, b in Va., who m Mary Wallace in Va.? Their son James, b Mch. 18, 1790, m Eleanor Thomas Nov. 16, 1815, Montgomery Co. Va. Has any one entered the D. A. R. on the Wallace line? Who were the parents of Mary Wallace? Had they Rev. records?—*A. V. L.*

4107. CAMPBELL. Can any one straighten out the lineage of the following Campbells of Va. and give me the names of the Rev. soldiers? Duncan Campbell, b in Scotland, his children Dougal, Robert, John, all b in Scotland and moved to Ireland in 1700. Of the above, whose children were the following, Hugh, John, Charles; emigrated to Penna. 1730-40, thence to Augusta Co. Va.? Whose son was Charles Campbell, m Margaret Buchanan? Whose son was Charles Campbell (1741-1826), m Mary Ann Downey? Whose son was William Campbell (1745-1781)? Whose son was Dr. Samuel L. Campbell? Whose son was Martin Marshall Campbell (Rockbridge Co. Va. Mch. 4, 1802-May 8, 1866), m Sarah Baird Walker Jan. 1, 1842? This last I am most anxious to trace.—*H. G. K.*

4108. PIERCE-PIPER. Rev. record desired of Capt. Gad Pierce, b 1741 Harvard, Mass., son of Capt. Wm. Pierce, b 1707. Capt. Gad Pierce had a dau. Mollie who m Josiah Piper of Royalston, Mass. 1790. Piper descendants would like to enter the D. A. R.—*C. C. P.*

4109. SQUIRES. Katherine Squires m Gad Sutliff of Haddam, Conn. Who were her parents, and did her father serve in the Rev.? See (3).

(2) SUTLIFF. Is there a Rev. record for John Sutliff of Durham and East Haddam, Conn.?

(3) ROBBINS. Permelia Sutliff, dau. of Gad, m Jonathan Newman Robbins. Who were his parents? Was his father a Rev. soldier?—*E. McD.*

4110. MARTIN. John Martin emigrated to Texas in 1831, receiving several grants of land, and died there in 1846. He m in Anderson, Texas, Carolina Hadley (dau of Judge Joshua Hadley and Obedience Grantham) and had four children: Winston Travis, John F. who m Alice Stevens; William and Margaret Obedience, who m Hugh Wilson. Carolina (Hadley) Martin was b 1823 and d 1899. Who were the parents of John F. Martin Sen. and where was he

born? Is there Rev. service in this line? Any information gladly received.—*W. B.*

4111. **WOOD-REED.** Was Joseph Wood, who m Ann Reed, a Rev. soldier? Wanted, his war record and dates of birth and death. He had a dau. Mary Wood who m James Harlan in Hagerstown, Md. 1791.

(2) **CLARKSON-SANDIDGE.** Was Julius Clarkson, who m Elizabeth Sandidge, dau. of William Sandidge, a Rev. soldier? He lived in Albemarle Co. Va. and was of the same Clarksons who lived near Monticello, Charlottesville, Va.—*M. N. W.*

4112. **COOPER-HORTON.** Samuel Cooper m Mary Horton during the Rev. period, at Newburg-on-the-Hudson or vicinity and is supposed to have lived later in Va. or near Georgetown, D. C. According to family tradition he was a Major on Washington's staff and both Washington and Lafayette attended the wedding. Samuel Cooper d in 1836 and is buried in Rock Hill cemetery. Where is this cemetery? His ancestry and Rev. service very much desired. Ancestry of Mary Horton also desired, for a Rev. line.—*J. A. P.*

4113. **NICHOLS.** The Pay Roll of Vt. Militia gives services for Samuel Nichols Aug. 29 to Sept. 23, 1777, Capt. Josiah Boyden, Col. Wm. Williams; again beginning of campaign 1781 to Nov. 18, 1781, Capt. Josiah Fish, Col. Samuel Fletcher. James Nichols' services are given as from Aug. 29 to Sept. 23, 1777, Capt. James Pettys, Col. Wm. Williams and Sept. 24 to Oct. 8, 1777 Capt. Josiah Boyden, Col. Wm. Williams; again Campaign from beginning of 1781 to Nov. 25, 1781, Capt. Josiah Fish, Col. S. J. Fletcher. James Nichols was married as James Jr. to Jemima Morris in Worcester, Mass. Oct. 16, 1763 (deeds given in Worcester signed James Jr. and Jemima and in Dummerston as James and Jemima). Samuel Nichols was b in Worcester June 13, 1766. Our family tradition says he was in the Rev. as a boy with his father. If this Samuel of 77 is the same as the one of 81 he was in the Rev. at just over 11 yrs. old. James Nichols' record has been accepted by the D. A. R., Samuel's has not been presented yet, but will be as soon as we can get the whole of his family and whom they married. Has any one an idea of James Jr.'s father and mother, place of birth (b 1743) or who his wife was? James Jr. had 60 grandchildren, one son, James 3d, having 11 children, all living to be over 90. He d at 99 and has a dau., the youngest, now living, at 99.—*G. E. N.*

4114. **ST. CLAIR-FOSTER.** Hannah St. Clair of Penna. m Alexander Foster of Abbeville, S. C., had sons Robert, James, John, Ebenezer, one dau. before 1790 (who married Mr. Croford and moved with her brothers to Murphreesboro, Tenn.) Benjamin C. Foster, b 1790 at

Abbeville, and a dau. Margaret, who m — Jorden and moved to Decatur; her brother James never married, but lived with Mrs. Jorden and d at her house. The rest reared large families. B. C. Foster, the youngest, lived at Choctaw Bluff, Clark Co., Ala., and was sheriff there two years. He had a large family but his only son, B. C. Foster, was killed at Chickamauga during the Civil War. He was Capt. in the Creek War in 1836. Who were the parents of Hannah St. Clair? Any Fosters of Tenn. please reply if any have old records of this Foster line. All Foster and St. Clair data greatly desired. This Foster was in the Rev., also his brother Robert, who came to Charleston and brought Alexander as a lad of 14 during the latter part of the 18th Cent. Alexander was a strict Presbyterian and never allowed any cooking done on the Sabbath. If the children did wrong they were not punished until Monday.

(2) **BRANSON-HOLLIDAY.** Louisa Ellen Foster, dau. of Benjamin Clark and Elizabeth (Henderson) Foster was my grandmother. Elizabeth Henderson was the dau. of Nathaniel and Jemima (Branson) Henderson of Edgefield, S. C. Nathaniel Henderson was the son of Nathaniel Sr. and Rebecca (Holliday) Henderson. Branson and Holliday lines wanted and all dates. Was Nathaniel, Sr. son of Samuel and Elizabeth Henderson of Granville Co. N. C. a son of Thomas, the emigrant from Scotland?

(3) **WILLIAMS-HODGES.** Will some Williams or Hodges of Welsh descent help me trace my ancestor — Williams who m Margaret Hodges and settled on Tar River, N. C.? He had a dau. b about 1798 who m — Saunders and moved to Ga. and Ala. about 1813. His second dau., Vincey Williams, b 1800, soon after which — Williams d, young. His widow m (2) — Jones, an expert tailor, who taught the two girls to sew beautifully. After his death, about 1813 they all moved to Ala. with Mrs. Saunders, and John and Alexander Hodges and their families, Margaret Hodges' brothers. On their journey they camped on the bank of a deep river and found a lone grave with the name of William Hodges cut in the bark of a big tree, and "Killed by Indians." It was the grave of the Hodges' youngest brother. This was their first knowledge of his death. I think the Saunders descendants have great-grandmother's Welsh Bible or record. No clue to them, though they reared a large family near Mobile, Ala. and Mrs. Jones was alive at their home in 1840-50, and buried there. All data desired.—*S. D. B.*

4115. **BAIRD-RILEY.** Rev. data wanted. William Baird, son of John Baird Jr. of Morris Co. N. J. m Margaret Riley of Morris Co. N. J. Dec. 1, 1758 and they lived in Morristown, Morris Co. until they moved to Roxbury (now

Flanders) Morris Co. They were in Roxbury 1769. Some time after this they moved to Northumberland (now Clinton) Co. and Dunstable Township, Penna. where they bought 218 acres of land. Their children were John, Andrew, Zebulon, Beden, Elisha, Elijah, and Mary Jane. All except John moved to N. C. before 1790. As Wm. Baird lived in Dunstable Township, Northumberland Co. Penna. in 1785 and his widow and children in N. C. in 1790, he must have died between these years.

(2) SMITH - DU PRE - DUPREE - HATCHER. Wanted, Rev. service of Samuel Smith and Capt. John Smith his son. The Smiths, Duprees and Hatchers settled in Henrico, Chesterfield, Powhatan and Cumberland Cos. Especially the Du Pres and Smiths intermarried in Bedford and Franklin Cos. Samuel Smith m — Du Pre and migrated west to Bedford Co. Va. Their son Capt. John m — Haynes or Haines and lived in Franklin. The children were Thomas; Susan, m Fulton Napier and lived Bedford Co. Va.; Samuel, m Sarah Wood; William, m Elizabeth Ferguson and lived in Franklin Co. Va.; Henry, m — Hatcher and lived on opposite side of Blackwater Creek; Coleman, m Tabitha Hatcher; John, m Mary or Martha Hatcher; (above three brothers m three sisters); Wyatt; Stephen; a daughter who m — Stone; a dau. who m — Robertson; a dau. who m — Leftwich or Leftrich; Nancy, m George English; Mary, m John Meadow Holland, who was in the Legislature many years. All the above were of Franklin Co. Va.—*R. M. R.*

4116. LANE. The Articles of Agreement of the Monmouth Association of N. J. in 1780 were signed by nearly 300 men. Among the signers were William, Daniel, Cornelius, John and Jacob Lane. The name of Jacob appears twice as a signer. Were the Lanes all brothers, except that one Jacob was a son of the other? Would like information as to their parents, where they were from, their Rev. records and their descendants.—*B. L.*

4117. STONE. Who was the wife of Deacon Jonas Stone of Shrewsbury, Mass., whose name is on the Muster Roll of Lexington Alarm Co., commanded by Capt. Edward Munroe, and who served in the Rev. He had a dau. Lydia, b June 11, 1783, d Sept. 24, 1830, who m Asa Parker, son of Simon and Mary (Bouker) Parker.—*A. T. S.*

4118. HARRISON. Would like to know the parents of Robert Henry Harrison of Va., and his wife. His sons were William, Benjamin, Spencer, Vincent, Carter, John, Reuben, George, Jesse. Ex-president Wm. Henry Harrison is thought to have been a nephew of Robert Henry Harrison. Would like to have all dates

of R. H. Harrison and his wife. Was he in the Rev.?

(2) HARRISON-PAYNE. Who were the parents of Micajah Volney Harrison of Va. who m Mary Payne? Was he or his father in the Rev.? Who were the parents of Mary Payne?

(3) HARRISON-BLEDSE. Micajah Volney Harrison, son of Micajah Harrison above, m Dulciana Bledsoe, dau. of Moses Bledsoe. Elizabeth, sister of Dulciana, m Albert Gallatin Harrison, brother of Micajah. Was Moses Bledsoe in the War? Would like to have dates of all five.

(4) BERNARD-DETTOR. Thomas Bernard m Catherine Dettor and came to Missouri about 1839 from Va. Thomas Bernard was the son of Allen Bernard. Who was the wife of Allen Bernard, and was he in the Rev.? John Dettor, father of Catherine, was from Penna. Wanted, dates and Rev. service of John Dettor.

(5) HULSEY. Maj. Elijah Hulsey served through the War of 1812. His father was in the Rev. from Va. Wanted, service, names of wife and children, dates of Maj. Hulsey's father.—*T. C. H.*

4119. BOOKER. Wanted, names of parents and grandparents of Parham Nicholas Booker, who had brothers Richard, Martin, George, Lafayette; and a sister who m Peter Webster. P. N. Booker was b in Va. between 1785 and 1795. It seems that his mother was a Miss Jones, and his father was almost certainly a Rev. soldier. There was a relationship with George and Lucy Booker, children of Mrs. Sally Clarke Booker, who m (2) William Bibb. P. N. Booker m Mary Gromarrin Pettipool in Huntsville, Ala. and spent the rest of his life in Ala.

(2) JONES. Name, dates and family data desired of — Jones, who m — Booker and was the mother of Parham Nicholas Booker above. It is thought that she was of the Petersburg, Va. family and that possibly she had brothers Pride and Cadwallader. It is also said that she was a cousin of Mrs. James C. Jones of Tenn., and that other cousins married — Ward and — Price of Nashville. She had relatives in Huntsville, Ala.

(3) GROMARRIN. Wanted, name of wife of Gillee Gromarrin, who d before 1772, with information of her parents and family. Also names and data of his parents and family. A dau. of Gillee Gromarrin m Charles Lewis. What is the history of the name Wiltshire in connection with the Gromarrins?

(4) PETTIPOOL. Wanted, names and all data of Colwell Pettipool of Va. and his parents. In 1772 he and his wife Mary obtained permission of the Gen. Assembly of Va. to sell land that she inherited from her father in Henrico Co. Va. In 1777 he joined the Rev.

Army. Record of him desired between 1772 and 1777 and later. Where did he purchase land after selling that in Henrico Co.? Did he belong to the Bristol Parish family of Pettipool? Did he leave a will? He had a son Wiltshire Gromarrin Pettipool, a dau. who m — Stokes, another dau. who m — Oliver, and there were three other daus. His Rev. service desired. His wife was Mary Gromarrin, dau. of Gillee Gromarrin above.—*F. D.*

4120. BEAM. William Beam m Phoebe Merrill, Merritt or a similar name. He had at least two brothers, Michael and John, the latter a cooper by trade. They lived near Johnstown, Penna. The children of William and Phoebe Beam were "Polly," m Jake Sellards; Isaac, John, Jane, Cornelius, Jacob, Isabelle, m Alexander Davis; James, Asa, Phoebe, m "Jack" Rogers. Was William Beam a son of Michael Beam Sr., the Rev. soldier? Who were the parents of Phoebe Beam, and is there Rev. service?

(2) BEAM-ROGERS. Phoebe Beam, youngest child of Wm. and Phoebe Beam above was b 1801, d Nov. 6, 1886 at Martinsville, Ill. She m "Jack" Rogers at the Beam home at Martinsburg, Ohio. Jack Rogers was the son of John and Rosanna Rogers, who d when Jack and his sister Rosanna were children. Jack was bound out to a man in Va. where the Rogers had lived. Not being satisfied with the treatment given him, he ran away and was protected by a relative, a Mr. Robins, until he could get to his grandmother and two maiden aunts, who took care of him after that. His sister Rosanna, called Rose, m Dan Lamson or Lampson. They moved from Va. to Ohio, and Jack and Phoebe (Beam) Rogers moved from there to Martinsville, Ill., where he d Sept. 26, 1853, aged 63 years. What was the maiden name of his mother, and is there any Rev. service?

(3) LOW-HADDOX-HUEY-DAVIS-MAXSON. William Low was b April 13, 1764, his wife Elizabeth Haddox was b Sept. 2, 1765. They were m in Randolph Co. Va., now West Va. Aug. 25, 1787. Their children, as far as our record goes, were Mary, b June 6, 1788; John, b Dec. 15, 1789; William, b Meh. 11, 1792; George, b Feb. 22, 1795; Elizabeth, William m (1) Margaret Huey, b May 28, 1795, d Jan. 9, 1824. They were m Meh. 9, 1813. Their children were Hezekiah, Jesse Russel, Sally Margaret, Andrew Westfall. He m (2), Aug. 15, 1824, Sabrina Davis, b July 6, 1798, and their children were Jonathan Davis, John Wesley, Elizabeth, Piety, William, Sabrina and Emmanuel. Elizabeth (Haddox) Low had a brother Nimrod, b 1763. Sabrina (Davis) Low was the dau. of Jonathan and Piety (Maxson) Davis, m in Randolph Co. Va. Their other children were Robert, Elizabeth, who m Abram Helmer; Anna, m Bill Blue; Gideon, Cheney, James, who

d at sea; Lucy, John and Euphema Narcissus. Family tradition says that the Maxsons were of French descent and that the name was originally spelled differently. Is there Rev. service in any of these lines?—*W. H. L.*

4121. WELCH, WELSH. Information earnestly desired concerning John Russell Welch, who lived in Boston, Mass. and was b about 1812. Was he a descendant of Capt. John Welch, and was the latter in the Rev.?

(2) SUTTON. Margaret Sutton of Scituate, Mass., m Roger Clapp. Her ancestry desired. Were any of them in the Rev.?

(3) CHASE. Anna, sister of Robert Chase, of Gilmanton or Gilmantown, N. H., had Rev. ancestors. Proof desired.—*M. G. K.*

4122. SWISHER-CLINE. Elizabeth Swisher m Philip Cline, Rev. soldier of Hampshire Co. W. Va. Was she the dau. of John Swisher, of Wardsville, W. Va.? Was John Swisher a Rev. soldier? Would like Swisher family records, also any records of Cline family.

(2) HALE-BAKER. Would like information of the part of the Hale family to which Samuel Hale of Harper's Ferry belonged. He had a son Thomas, b 1810, who moved to Wellsville, O. and m Lucinda (?), dau. of Prof. Baker, first Pres. of Pittsburgh Sem. Who was Samuel's father? Did either have Rev. service? Would like information of Baker family.—*M. K. C.*

4123. GRAHAM. Can any one give me information of the family, dates or descendants of Lieut. John Graham, who served in Col. William Chambers' Regt. Capt. James Laird's Co. of Cumberland Co. Militia, July 23, 1777? His brother James served with him in the same Regt.—*M. P. McK.*

4124. CROWELL. Wanted, information of the parents of Hannah Crowell, b Sept. 24, 1759, m at Haverhill, Mass., Jan. 8, 1784, Joshua Kimball, d at Canterbury, N. H., June 8, 1849.

(2) KIMBALL. (5) Joshua, son of (4) James, (3) Samuel, (2) Benjamin, (1) Richard. (3) Samuel Kimball m — Dustin at Haverhill, Mass. Would like her first name and ancestry.

(3) PITMAN. Who were the parents of Susanna Pitman, who m Josias Philbin July 7, 1782 at Portsmouth, N. H.?

(4) PARSONS, SOWARD, SEWARD, SAYWARD. Zebulon Parsons, who m Sarah Soward, Seward or Sayward, was a sea capt. Wish to know if he were lost at sea on ship sailing from Gloucester, Mass., before the Rev. What was his wife's ancestry?

(5) MOOREHEAD, MUIRHEAD-PARSONS. Wanted, ancestry of Mina or Jemina Moorehead and Samuel Morgan, who were m at Gloucester, Mass. Meh. 1, 1779. Was his father lost at sea? They went to New Gloucester, Me. and finally settled at Guilford, Me. Their dau.,

Mary Morgan Grover, visited relatives of that name in Boston about 1850. Was she a descendant of Rev. John Moorehead of the Church of the Presbyterian Strangers?

(6) GROVER-GORHAM. Can *L. A. M. W.* tell if any of the Gorhams m into the Grover line of Gloucester or vicinity? Zebulon Parsons Grover, my grandfather, talked of an uncle Gorham, and had in his possession an old powder-horn marked Chris. Gorham, Jan. 30, 1759. Would like any information possible. William Grover who m Abigail Parsons, father of Zebulon P. Grover, was son of Agnes and Josiah (?) Grover. Was he lost at sea? Agnes m (2) — Jones and later deeds to son William land by right of lineal descent from one John Brown and virtue of Indian deeds. Would like her lineage.

(7) JOHNSTON-HUNTER. Information wanted of the family of Thomas Hunter Johnston, b London, Eng., about 1814, son of — Johnston, probably Alexander Samuel Johnston, and — Hunter his wife. Thomas was at school in Rue de la Paix, Paris, Oct. 14, 1828. He came to Boston when about 19 yrs. old. Was he a sea-faring man? He m Anne Metcalf. One brother, Robert (?) and two or three sisters came with him, the sisters going south to relatives and the brother to N. Y. Thomas d at West Roxbury, Mass., Oct. 14, 1884.

(8) METCALF-MCGOWAN, GOWAN. Anne Metcalf who m Thomas Hunter Johnston, was dau. of — Metcalf and — McGowan or Gowan and came from N. Y. State. She d at Roxbury, Mass. Jan. 14, 1891 aged 73 yrs. Wanted, her ancestry.—*F. K. J.*

4125. PEEBLES. Lewis Peebles, b in Scotland, 1735 had a son David, b in Va. April 15, 1769. David moved to S. C. and had sons Robert and David and 6 or 7 others, b in Sumpter District. Want names of wives of Lewis and David, Rev. service of Lewis in Va., and all gen. data.

(2) WINSTON. Want all gen. history of Sarah Winston, who m Col. John Quarles of Bedford Co. Va., also data of her father, Rev. service of her family, and marriage records as far back as possible.—*K. P. B.*

4126. DEMON, DAMON. Can any one give me the ancestry of Noah Demon, b 1778 (?) who m Elizabeth or Betsey —, who came from Vt. in 1800 and settled in Orwell, N. Y. His children were Noah, b 1801; Adam, b 1803; Charles, b 1805; James; George, b 1810; Elizabeth. The name was changed during the lifetime of Noah (1) to Damon. It is believed that he came from Hartford, Vt. A correspondence with any of this name would be appreciated. Are any descendants of Barjonas, Levi or Martin Demon of Hartford members of the D. A. R.?

(2) HONEYWELL. Who were the parents of Isaiah, Israel, and Rice Honeywell of Freder-

ickstown, N. Y.? This place was originally in Dutchess Co. but now forms a part of Putnam Co. Isaiah and Rice were Rev. soldiers, enlisting in 1775 and 1776 from Lanesboro, Mass. Their mother's name is thought to have been Rice.

(3) HALL-SAMPSON. Do the early marriage records of Conn. show the marriage of Asel Hall and Elizabeth—about 1778? Or of Elisha Sampson and Sylvia Hall in 1799?—*H. J. M.*

4127. BLACKBURN. Can some one give me the Rev. record of Col. Joseph Blackburn and the names of his wife and children? Col. Joseph was the son of Richard, and was b in Prince William Co. Va. He founded the well-known branch of the Blackburn family in Ky. Was Robert Blackburn, father of Rev. Gideon Blackburn, in the Rev.? What were the names of Gideon's brothers and sisters? Rev. Gideon's wife was his cousin Grizelle Blackburn. Who were her parents?

(2) COOPER. Thomas Cooper enlisted in the Rev. in 1777 in Henry Co. Va., served under Col. Davis and Capt. Nath. Reid. He was in the Battles of Monmouth, Fowler's Hook and Stony Point. He served as a private two years and a half. After the Rev. he moved to Pendleton District S. C. and was pensioned in 1819. Wanted, names of his wife and children. Was he related to Sir Anthony Ashley Cooper?—*W. W. W.*

4127A. DAMON. Noah Damon, b ab. 1777 with his wife Betsey (Elizabeth) emigrated from Vt. to Jefferson Co. N. Y. ab. 1800 and had the following: Noah, b 1801; Adam, b 1803; Charles, b 1805; George; James; and Elizabeth or Betsey. The Charles Damon, mentioned above m Sylvia Sampson, and was my grandfather. They had: Wm. DeWitt, Andrew, Peter, Edward, Charles, Benjamin, Francis, Antoinette, Marietta (my mother) and Sylvia. Ancestry desired of Noah Damon and wife, Betsey. Were there Rev. ancestors in this line? All of the children of Charles lived in Jefferson and Oswego Counties, N. Y. until my mother moved West. Noah is said to have come from Hartford, Vt. but I have been unable to prove this.—*M. I. M.*

4128. DRENNAN. I have a letter which says: "It is good family history that there were three members of our tribe who lived at Carlisle, Penna., William, James and Hugh, all of whom, it is said, served in the Rev. War and were especially honored for special service rendered and were each of them given a grant of land. My ancestor took his land in Beaver Co., Penna., and he was William, another took his land in Miss., near Grenada, and this was James; while Hugh, who was no doubt your ancestor took his grant of land in Ky. near a point now known as Drennan Springs, and there is also a Drennan's Cave. This is in the Mammoth Cave district of Ky." I am positive my grand-

father came from Ky. His name was David Jackson Drennan. Can anyone help me to prove that I am eligible to the D. A. R. on this line?—*E. J. H.*

4129. STANHOPE. Can anyone tell me where I might be able to find data about the Stanhope family of Va.? My great-grand-mother was Mary Stanhope and she had a brother named William Stanhope, who was a lieutenant in the War of 1812. I want to know her father's name. The family moved from Fairfax Co. Va. to Norfolk or Portsmouth, Va. during the Rev., and we have reason to think that the father of Mary and William was killed during the first part of the war, as their mother is spoken of as the "Widow Stanhope" in 1779 in Shal-lus' Tables. I want to know the name and service of this Stanhope that I may become a daughter.—*C. W.*

4130. BEACH. Was there a Michael Beach who fought in the Rev. from Conn., having been engaged in the battles of Crown Point and Ticonderoga? His history is desired.—*M. P.*

4131. HOOK. One Martin Hook, born in Hesse, Germany, fought in the Rev. in Gabriel Friday's Co. and Col. William R. Thompson's Regt. He is my great-great-grandfather; we can prove that, but we can not find his dates or his wife's. Can anyone help me?—*J. C.*

4132. CARVER. My Rev. ancestor, William Carver, who enlisted in the Rev. in a Mass. Regt., is enrolled on the War records, but I am trying to find his residence, wife's name and all dates. Can anyone help me?—*C. C. B.*

4133. GOSS. How can I learn the father's name of Ephraim Goss, who was m to Anna Workman in Rowan Co., N. C., ab. 1795? He was b 1771. Can anyone give me information about Major (?) Frederick Goss, a Rev. soldier, who was b ab. 1754 in N. C.? Could he have been the father of Ephraim Goss?—*A. L. G.*

4134. DISMUKES (DESMEAUX). I am a direct descendant of Maj. Geo. Dismukes of N. C., who was the son of Elisha and Mary (Hull) Dismukes or Desmeaux. Geo. Dismukes settled four miles from Pittsboro, N. C. and was a major in the Rev. He d in Aug. 1827. He was m to Ann Poe, who was a sister of Col. Hastings Poe, also of the Rev. Ann Poe d in 1838 and both are buried on their own place, Pleasant Mount. What was Geo. Dismukes' service?

(2) PARKS. Would also like to have the record of Henry Parks, who came to Elbert Co., Ga., from N. C., and served in the Rev. when the militia of Elbert Co. was first called out. His wife was Martha Justice. I have no dates on these.

(3) MOORE. Is there service for Abram Moore, who m Ann Dismukes?—*T. C. B.*

4135. PHARES-HOLBROOK-CRIM. Can I trace

Rev. lineage through John Phares, b Nov. 11, 1736, emigrated from N. J., or through William Holbrook, b July 5, 1779, or through Lucy A. Crim, b Sept. 17, 1779, these last two from N. C.?—*C. E. P.*

4136. WYATT. My great-grandfather was Nathan Wyatt, b in Va. in 1778. His daughter Elizabeth was my grandmother. Is any member of this line so connected as to entitle me to become a member of the D. A. R.?—*S. E. C.*

4137. GIVEN. Can anyone give me information concerning the father of John Given, b in Butler Co., Penna., as I understand, a Quarter-master General during the Rev.? He later moved to Indiana, where he and his family settled the town of Vevay.—*O. P. G.*

4138. LEFFLER-HUGHES. Can anyone tell me of the Rev. history of the Leffler or Hughes family? My great-grandfather Leffler enlisted from Va. or Penna.—*G. C. M.*

4139. WOOD-McCORMICK. Samuel Wood had a son James C. Wood (May 9, 1780-June 11, 1845, at Burleigh, Ohio), m Avis Wilbur or Wilbour (Dec. 18, 1792-Oct. 7, 1864 at Zanesville, O.). Her father owned a pottery. She had a brother named Thomas. The son of James C. and Avis (Wilbur) Wood was James Elisha Wood (Dec. 16, 1822, Westmoreland Co. Penna.-Nov. 9, 1876), m May 13, 1845 Ann Jemima McCormick (June 21, 1826-Aug. 9, 1883), dau. of David McCormick and Rhoda Hutchison. Their children were 1) Joshua, b 1818, d 1832; 2) Charles, b 1820; 3) William, b 1821; 4) Martha F., b 1824; 5) Ann Jemima, above; 6) Eli, b 1828; 7) Virginia Ann, b 1831; Edwina Ann, b 1836. In the Penna. Archives I found Rev. records of David McCormick b 1763, private in Northampton Co. Penna. Continental Line, received pay as a Ranger on frontier 1778 to 1783. A David McCormick was also a private in the militia and March 21, 1834 a pensioner aged 71. Has anyone joined on these lines? Is either my David McCormick? The Penna. Archives also refer to Samuel Wood of Brandywine Hundred, enlisted Jan. 25, 1776 in the 6th Batt. under Col. William Irvine; private of Col. Atlee's Batt. of Musketry; private in Capt. John Marshall's Co., Col. John Bull and Col. Walter Stewart's Regt. of Penna. Militia March 1, 1777 to May 1777; private in Capt. John Marshall's Co. of Light Infantry; a Samuel Wood enlisted in the 13th Regt. Penna. Continental Line recruited by Lieut. William Moore at Philadelphia May 1777. Are any of these my Samuel Wood?—*W. E. B.*

4140. DU BOIS-RAY-HOLMES. Any information as to the Du Bois, Ray or Holmes family of Salem Co. N. J. will be appreciated. I have an ancestor Richard Dubois, another Samuel Ray. John Holmes, who was in the Rev., had a daughter Hannah, and my great-great-

grandfather Judge Samuel Ray m a Hannah Holmes. Were they the same?—*W. D. C.*

4141. CARTER. I am endeavoring to trace the Rev. record of my ancestors Charles Carter of Culpeper and his father Edward Carter of Blenheim. They are direct descendants of "King" Carter of Va. Fielding Carter, son of Charles, was of the U. S. Army before the Civil War. I have the family tree as compiled by R. R. Carter of Shirley, but it does not contain the record I desire. Can anyone help me? Capt. John C. Carter, son of Edward of Blenheim, was a Rev. officer, but I am a direct descendant of his brother Charles, of Culpeper.—*C. C. C.*

4142. BARTLETT-GIVENS. My grandmother was Rachel (Bartlett) Arkills, dau. of Benjamin Bartlett Jr. and Ann Givens, both of N. Y. State. Can anyone give me information of their ancestors? Am I descended from Josiah Bartlett?—*A. L.*

4143. KING. I am a descendant of one George King of Greenbrier Co. West Va., who is said to have been a Rev. soldier. My grandfather's name was George King Thompson, and his mother's maiden name was King. How should I proceed to get hold of the record of the family in Va.?—*E. T.*

4144. LAWRENCE. Is there a Lawrence genealogy? I need the places and dates of death and birth of Asa Lawrence, a Rev. soldier. His wife's name was Lucy. They were the parents of five children, namely, Jedediah, Claisa, Phoebe, Jerusha and Eunice. Jedediah Lawrence was b in Old Canaan, Conn., Mch. 4, 1774 and d at Crown Point, N. Y. April 11, 1862. He m Huldah Beach of Torrington, Conn. (Oct. 15, 1774-May 17, 1844) at Crown Point, N. Y. They moved to Salisbury, Vt. and to Crown Point in the autumn of 1822. I got Asa Lawrence's military statement from Hartford, Conn. His residence was given as Canaan, Conn., but neither he nor his wife is buried there; at least their graves are not found. They did not receive a pension. I think likely they moved elsewhere.—*B. C. A.*

4145. LEFFLER. Can anyone give me information relative to the Rev. record of Anna Margaret Leffler, who m a Rice and was present at the fort when attacked by Indians and British as told in Kercheval's History of the Valley of Virginia, p. 97.—*G. D. M.*

4146. BURCH-BROOKING-MARTIN-GROVES-CARTER-WINN, WYNN. I shall greatly appreciate information as to the Rev. services of John Burch of Va., who m Sara Gerald Phillips, a first cousin of Washington, and moved from Petersburg, Va. or Westmoreland Co. Va. to Hancock Co. Ga. in 1790; his sons were "gentlemen," as wealthy, educated men were then

called, and his grandsons fought for the South; or of Edward Brooking, of Amelia Co., Va.; John Martin of Richmond; John Groves of Md.; Thomas Carter of Ga.; or Thomas Winn or Wynn, all of whom are ancestors of mine.—*M. L. W.*

4147. MONTGOMERY. Who were the parents of six Montgomery brothers, Alexander, Robert, Joseph, Hugh, William, Samuel, who moved from Va. to S. C. and later to Miss.? It is known that Alexander came to Miss. ab. 1782, a very young man. It is certain that his father was a Rev. soldier. Service desired in this line.

(2) WILLIAMS. Rev. services of William Williams desired. It is said that he owned land in Va. not far from Mt. Vernon, where he was born. Names of his wife and family also desired.

(3) MOORE. Is there Rev. service for Matthew Moore of N. C., father of George Gabriel Moore of Ala. who d in Texas in 1844?—*M. W. M.*

4148. GALE. "Thomas Gale belonged to 11th and 15th Va. Regiments from May 31, 1777 to Nov. 30, 1778 under Col. Dan'l Morgan." Saffell, p. 263. Thomas Gale had a bounty warrant, according to the Va. State Library Report VIII. p. 174. Wanted, to know the name of wife of Thos. Gale, and anything concerning his family, as well as dates of birth and death.

(2) GALBRAITH. Arthur Galbraith, b in Penna., son of Andrew, m Mary Sharp in Va. He took up 250 acres of land on Shaver's Creek, Va., in 1766, and according to Summer's History S. W. Va. had land surveyed in Fincastle Co. in 1776 or 1778. Wanted to know if he served in the Rev.

(3) SHARP. Want to know any family history of John Sharp, in list of King's Mt. Volunteers given in D. A. R. Magazine Aug.-Sept. 1914, especially names of wife and children.—*N. T. S.*

4149. MOORE. Information desired of Joseph Moore, who was a Rev. soldier from Lancaster Co. Penna. He was b in Lancaster Co. Penna. July 24, and as for the year, think it was 1760. He d Apr. 21, 1858. He served first for his father, then re-enlisted for himself. Had a brother, John, killed by his side in battle. He m Sarah Van Dyke.—*B. M. K.*

4150. STEWART-CARTER-GOVER. Who were the parents of David Stewart and his wife Sarah Carter, who lived at Culpeper, Va., in 1811, but later moved to Ky.? Their dau. Elizabeth m Josiah Gover, son of Samuel Gover, who went to Ky. from either Va. or S. C. Who were the parents of Samuel Gover? Did ancestors of any of these give Rev. service?—*H. H. H.*

Work of the Chapters

Sarah Franklin Chapter (Washington, D. C.) has just completed another busy year's work. Our success is chiefly due to the unflagging zeal of our Regent, Mrs. James E. Mulkare, and the members, which has stimulated our energies and enthusiasm, and has maintained our high standard of efficiency and harmonious co-operation.

Following is a record of facts and principle events: Educating a girl, of Revolutionary ancestry, at the Rev. George Mayo's school; contributing \$50 to Memorial Continental Hall; \$5.00 to the Red Cross Fund; purchasing several feet of ground in the rear of Memorial Continental Hall; Christmas offering to Memorial Continental Hall; contributing to the Flag on the Y. M. C. A. Building, and making our annual contribution to Friendship House.

We hope to realize a handsome sum by subscriptions to the Saturday Evening Post, which was founded in 1728 by Benjamin Franklin, father of Sarah Franklin, for whom our chapter is named. The chapter considered it fitting that we should take up this work, the proceeds to go toward liquidating the debt on Continental Hall. The chapter has also sold during the year a crate of candy, the proceeds going toward educational work. The appeal in the name of Washington and Lafayette from a French Daughter of the American Revolution, for aid in raising money for an ambulance to be used by the Red Cross in France, met with a ready response.

Several of our members subscribed to the D. A. R. Magazine, and we have a paper each month on Colonial History. We have added four new members to our chapter, and one by transfer. The year has been most profitable, both financially and socially; although small in numbers, our ambition is high—"Excelsior" being our motto.

At our last meeting an appropriation was voted to purchase a flag for the public school at Capitol Heights. The school, now in the course of construction, is to be dedicated in the fall, and the chapter will attend in a body.—(MRS. ROBERT) JULIA BROWNLEY HARRISON, *historian*.

Olean Chapter (Olean, N. Y.)—The members of Olean Chapter received an enthusiastic welcome on their visit to Sandusky, June 17, 1915, to place a marker on the grave of Daniel Frederick Bakeman, the last pensioner of the Revolutionary War, who died April 5, 1896, aged 109 years. The village was gay with flags and bunting, and the reception committee, comprised of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Hayden, Mrs. D. W. Jones, and Mrs. Floyd S. Merrill, who met the members of the Olean Chapter at the Arcade Station and escorted them to Sandusky, five miles away. The trip was made in automobiles, and at the town line the visitors were greeted by fifty school children, who joined the procession to the cemetery. The presence of many members of the G. A. R. added to the interest of the occasion.

The exercises at the cemetery were most interesting. The presentation of the marker was made by Miss Maud Brooks, regent of Olean Chapter, and the acceptance was by Mr. Dwight W. Jones, a great-grandson of Daniel Frederick Bakeman, the Revolutionary pensioner. A memorial wreath, the gift of Mrs. Anna McIntyre Strong, honorary regent of Olean Chapter, was placed on the grave by Mrs. William Horner. At the close of the exercises "taps" was sounded by Bugler Bowser, and the school children decorated all graves of soldiers buried there.

In the Olean party were Miss Maud Brooks, Mrs. A. E. Smith, Mrs. J. S. Murdock, Mrs. D. P. Ray, Mr. and Mrs.

W. G. Georgia, Miss Cora Georgia, Mrs. M. G. Fitzpatrick, Mrs. L. H. Ballard, Mrs. A. E. Judd, Mrs. E. G. Sisson, Mrs. J. B. Strong, Miss Frances De Lavergne, Mrs. A. F. Corthell, of Allegany; Mrs. W. L. Crannell, Miss Florence Meade, of Buffalo; Mrs. F. R. Brothers, Mrs. C. K. Shelby, Mrs. W. Haight, Mrs. William Horner, Miss Fannie Stowell, Miss Ida Coon, Mrs. W. L. Pelton, Mrs. W. G. Naylor, Mrs. J. A. Gault, Mrs. I. V. Couse, Mrs. C. W. Wallace, Miss Mildred Whiting, Miss Pierce and Mrs. Reed.

After the luncheon at the Town Hall in honor of the visitors, patriotic exercises were held at the Baptist Church. The singing of "America" and the "Invocation" by Rev. E. S. Way, was followed by an address of welcome from Mr. E. J. Cheney, after which Mrs. W. Z. Naylor, of Olean, sang. Miss Maud Brooks then gave an excellent address in which she sketched the life of Daniel Bakeman, and paid a glowing tribute to American valor and the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution in encouraging patriotism.

Miss Brooks said in part: "According to family tradition, Daniel Frederick Bakeman was born of Dutch ancestry about 1760, near the Delaware River, in the Colony of New Jersey * * * his parents, proper names unknown, moved to Albany County, N. Y., where many of his descendants still live. The date and place of residence of Daniel Bakeman at time of enlistment is not stated in his application for pension. As a private he served during the last four years of the war under Capt. Van Arnum and Col. Marinus Willett. Date of application for pension was June 17, 1867, at which time he was 107 years of age and residing in Freedom, Catt. Co., N. Y. He was pensioned at \$500.00 a year to be paid in semi-annual installments, by a special act of Congress, approved February 22d, 1867.

"It is of interest to note that the bill authorizing the payment of this pension bears the historic date of Feb. 22d, and

the application that of June 17th, just ninety years after the battle of Bunker Hill, which date we are now celebrating, and how appropriate that a soldier, who had fought for liberty, should die and be buried in a town named Freedom!

"About 1826 Daniel Bakeman moved westward, settling in Arcade, Wyoming Co., N. Y., where he resided until 1845. In that year he moved to Freedom, Catt. Co., remaining there until his death. His wife died September 10, 1863, at the advanced age of 105 years, 8 months and 8 days.

"Daniel and Susan Bakeman had eight children: Philip, Richard, Christopher, Betsey, Margaret, Susan, Mary and Christine."

Kenneth D. Jones, great, great grandson of Daniel Bakeman, recited "The Flag Goes By," and after a vocal solo by Mr. Bernard Taylor, the Rev. H. B. Boyd spoke on "Ideals of the Founders," and the exercises ended with the singing of "New York, the Empire State," and the Rev. E. S. Way pronounced the benediction.

The officers of the Olean Chapter are: Honorary regent, Mrs. Anna McL. Strong; regent, Miss Maud D. Brooks; first vice regent, Mrs. Alta E. Smith; second vice regent, Mrs. Flora W. Judd; third vice regent, Mrs. Dinnie Brothers; registrar, Mrs. Mary E. Horner; recording secretary, Mrs. Louise K. Ballard; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Emma M. Pelton; treasurer, Mrs. Neola G. Judd; historian, Mrs. Katharine Ostrom; chaplain, Mrs. Kate E. Bradley.—MAUD D. BROOKS, *regent*.

Zebulon Pike Chapter (Colorado Springs, Col.)—This chapter is the oldest in the state, and has a present membership of about ninety. The officers for the current year are: Regent, Mrs. Martin Slaughter; vice regent, Mrs. Frank A. Bissell; recording secretary, Mrs. Edgar M. Marbourg; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Abel Kemple; treasurer, Mrs. Charles P. Reynolds; regis-

trar, Mrs. Willard S. Nichols; historian, Miss Emma Simpkins; chaplain, Mrs. Francis W. Goddard.

The past year has been one of great interest and activity. Papers have been prepared upon: "The Story of the Star Spangled Banner and Francis Scott Key," "Panama and the Exposition," "Helen Hunt," "The Indians of the Pike's Peak Region," and "General Zebulon Montgomery Pike." The music committee, Mrs. Frederick A. Faust, chairman, has added much to the pleasure of the meetings, the selections having been particularly appropriate to the subjects under consideration.

On February 22 the annual guest luncheon was held at the Antlers Hotel. The recently organized Kinnikinnik Chapter joined the Zebulon Pike Chapter upon this occasion. As the regent of our chapter was in California, the vice regent, Mrs. Frank A. Bissell, presided.

The customary prizes for the best work in United States history have been continued to pupils of the local high school and the Colorado School for the Deaf and Blind. The chapter voted to place a flag in one of the county schools this year, an individual member, Mrs. Francis W. Goddard, asking the privilege of contributing two other flags for the same purpose.

It has been decided to present to each child and grandchild born in families of members a suitably engraved D. A. R. spoon. Two children, Eunice Wadhams Beeson and Harriet Mullin, and two grandchildren, Patricia Lennox and Frances Lincoln Robbins, are to receive spoons this year.

A subscription of \$15.00 has been voted toward the education of a girl at Maryville College, in Tennessee. A Christmas gift of \$22.25 (a per capita tax of 25 cents a member) was presented to apply on the bonded indebtedness of Memorial Continental Hall. Individual members, in response to the appeals of

the chapter, contributed \$31.00 for the work of the Red Cross Society.

A log house in Colorado City, the first County Court House, is the oldest building in the State now standing which was used for legislative purposes. Committees of the first Legislature held some of their meetings there. This building is soon to be marked in a suitable manner by the Zebulon Pike Chapter, in accordance with a decision at a recent meeting.

The Daughters are looking forward with many anticipations of pleasure to greeting our beloved President General, Mrs. William Cummings Story, when she comes to Colorado in September.—
EMMA SIMPKINS, *historian*.

Thomas Shelton Chapter (Gonzales, Texas) has spent a pleasant and profitable year. The committee appointed by the regent prepared an interesting Year Book containing programs for eleven meetings, which have been held at the homes of members.

Our regent, Mrs. W. B. Houston, had planned a suitable celebration of Washington's birthday anniversary, but conditions prevented and the following week she gave a reception and musicale instead, ably assisted by her daughter.

Beside our study and social intercourse we have contributed to the Daughters of the American Revolution scholarship fund of our State University; we have paid for our granite boulder to mark the route of the "King's Highway" at the point nearest our town. Individual members of the chapter have contributed to Continental Hall Memorial Fund.

Feeling the duty and necessity at this critical time in our national history of encouraging patriotism we have framed and presented to all the schools in our town "Honor the Flag" posters and have one ready to place in the Federal Building. During commencement we presented a 20 ft. flag to the High School.

With regret we chronicle the death of

a much prized member, Mrs. Sarah Kibbe Bennet Walker on March 27, 1915. This is the first death in our chapter since its organization, December 26, 1910.

We have lost two members by transfer; another, by resignation, so our membership now is twenty-four.

Officers elected for the year 1915-1916 are: Regent, Mrs. B. B. Hoskins, Sr.; Vice Regent, Mrs. R. S. Dilworth; Recording Secretary, Mrs. G. W. Mack; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Stuart Johnson; Treasurer, Mrs. J. B. Kennard; Registrar, Miss Anna Nicholson; Historian, Mrs. J. F. Barbour.—MRS. J. F. BARBOUR, *Historian*.

Captain Christian Brown Chapter (Cobleskill, N. Y.)—This chapter has had a profitable year. Meetings are held the first Friday in every month excepting July and August. The chapter has thirty-three members, has lost two by removal and one by death. Several application papers have been sent in to Washington, which will increase our numbers for another year. The chapter made a contribution to Continental Hall and on Flay Day presented a valuable patriotic picture entitled "The Pilgrims going to Church" to the grade in the public school which learned and sang best "The Star Spangled Banner."

Last August, the chapter placed a boulder in memory of Captain Christian Brown on a plot of ground near the high-way, on the farm which he owned and on which he is buried. The boulder is of red granite with a bronze tablet, bearing the inscription: "Erected August 21st, 1914, by the Cobleskill Chapter, D. A. R. in memory of Captain Christian Brown, 1741-1784." It was unveiled by Miss Dorothy Mann, a direct descendant of Captain Brown and a member of the C. A. R. The flag was then cared for by the Boy Scouts. Prayer was offered by Rev. Wm. Simpson; Marking of Historic Spots by Wm. H. Golding, History of Life of Capt. Brown,

Inez J. Borst, Regent, Patriotism, Rev. H. D. Hayes Singing, "America," led by Dr. L. T. Browne, cornetist.

Each Decoration Day, the chapter places small flags on the graves of all soldiers in the rural cemeteries. Three Revolutionary soldiers graves have been found. On patriotic days, special programs are prepared by program committee and in the regular meetings, a short time is devoted to current topics and historical readings.—MRS. BELLE RICHARD, *historian*.

Abigail Whitman Chapter (Norway, Me.)—The annual meeting of our chapter took place May 5. Ten meetings are held during the year, from September to June, on the first Wednesday of each month.

The officers elected are: regent, Mrs. Lucelia A. Merriam; vice-regent, Mrs. Lena M. Andrews; secretary, Mrs. Georgia M. Andrews; treasurer, Miss Margaret A. Baker; historian, Miss Myra S. Richards, and registrar, Mrs. Clara L. Luck. Committees: Patriotic Education, Mrs. Edith S. Bartlett; Historic Spots and Revolutionary Markers, Mrs. Gertrude W. Libby, Mrs. Evis I. Cook; Welfare of Women and Children, Mrs. Clara A. Drake; Memorial Continental Hall, Mrs. Emma C. Holmes; Opportunity Farm, Mrs. Mary C. Smith; Flowers, Mrs. Eva C. Kimball; Magazine Committee, Mrs. Jennie C. Foster.

Our chapter now has a membership of thirty. Five of our members attended the State conference, which was held at Portland in October. In November we sent \$5.00 to Opportunity Farm at New Gloucester, Me. At Christmas we gave to invalids thirteen bouquets of pinks, ten boxes of fruit and candy, and four books; also sent eighteen gifts to a non-resident member who was ill; in February we contributed \$10.00 to the Committee on Marking Historic Spots to be used toward marking the old house at Freeport where

Maine was made a State. A monument to Revolutionary soldiers is about to be ordered.

One new member has joined the chapter this year.—MYRA S. RICHARDS, *historian*.

Peggy Warne Chapter (Washington, N. J.)—Our membership, though not large, is composed of enthusiastic workers. Regular meetings are held, and at each one some historic event is discussed, or interesting paper read. We have undertaken the care of two neglected graves in Mansfield Cemetery, those of Captain John Oxford and his wife, Eleanor, a daughter of Colonel Polhemus and a grand-daughter of John Hart, one of the "signers."

We are now working for a specific object, and expect to report on this fully at a later date.

During the winter one of our members, Mrs. W. W. Bryan, opened her new home in Easton, Pa., for a "500" party, for the benefit of the chapter. Under our auspices, the motion picture of "Washington at Valley Forge" was presented in this town.

On Washington's Birthday our regent, Mrs. E. B. England, entertained the members at a reception at her home. The guests wore old-time costumes, and many precious heirlooms were displayed. Mrs. England had on a gown of the Martha Washington period, trimmed with gold buttons which were originally worn by her great-grandfather, General Garret Vliet, who served in the Revolution and in the War of 1812. A program of patriotic music, humorous readings and games was enjoyed by all, and the refreshments and souvenirs were in keeping with the occasion.—(MRS. J. E.) JENNIE L. MEEKER, *historian*.

Catharine Schuyler Chapter (Allegany County, N. Y.)—The work of the chapter has advanced with unabated interest during the last year. Fifty

new members have been added to our chapter. Three have died, and four have withdrawn to go to other parts of the country, or to become members at large.

Among the interesting features of the season's program was the visit of Mrs. Homer Dudley of Buffalo, who told of the work accomplished there by the local chapter in behalf of working women and children.

The planting of shade trees along the main highways of the county is still a feature of our chapter's work. An additional appropriation for this purpose was made during the year. A like sum was set aside to aid a loyal friend of our chapter who is now aged and in failing health.

Our honored regent, Mrs. Miner Wellman of Friendship, resigned her office when she moved to another part of the State. Mrs. C. L. Gish of Wellsville, was chosen to succeed Mrs. Wellman, but was unable to accept the responsibility, and we are at present without a regent, but are being ably served by the next ranking officer.

The present list of officers is as follows: Honorary regent, Mrs. Hamilton Ward; honorary vice-regent, Mrs. Frank S. Smith; honorary vice-regent, Mrs. Wm. F. Jones; first vice-regent, Mrs. Wm. Rutherford-Herdman; second vice-regent, Mrs. Julius H. Fisher, secretary, Miss Annie M. Hatch; treasurer, Mrs. Wm. B. Wilson; registrar, Mrs. Frank R. Utter; chaplain, Mrs. M. E. Davis; historian, Miss M. Fannie Lewis; assistant historian, Mrs. Lewis H. Thornton; librarian, Mrs. Charles Lane.—M. FANNIE LEWIS, *historian*.

General Ebenezer Learned Chapter (Oxford, Mass.)—The chapter has completed its eighth year with fifty-nine active, two honorary and four associate members. While the home of the chapter is at Oxford, a large number of our members come from adjoining towns, thirteen being from Auburn and eleven

from Webster. One of our members, Mrs. Emily A. Davis of Oxford, is a "real grand-daughter."

During the year ending May 10, we held nine meetings of a literary and historical character, one picnic at the home of an associate member, and one entertainment for the benefit of the Red Cross work in Europe. At our meetings we have had papers on "Bird Welfare Work," "Patriotic Songs of America," "Ann Hutchinson," "Notable Events of Colonial History," "Historical Houses of Massachusetts," with radiop-ticon illustrations; "The History of the Peace Monument," and "One Hundred Years of Peace," all written by our members.

Our chapter has donated \$80.00 during the year to various good causes. In the line of patriotic education we have given \$10.00 to the American International College, and \$5.00 to the Martha Berry School. An illuminated motto on the use and abuse of the flag, framed in weathered oak, has been given to each of the high schools in Oxford, Webster and Auburn, and twenty copies of the "Perfect Tribute" have been placed in schools of the lower grades. For the coming year we have planned only nine meetings and a visit to the pageant at Lexington, Mass.—SARAH E. WETHERELL, *historian*.

Old Northwest Chapter (Ravenna, O.)—Having Mrs. Ellerif Reeves Beebe, the founder and most beloved member, for its regent, this chapter's work for the past two years has been particularly happy and profitable. We have fifty-six members; thirty-nine being resident and seventeen non-resident. Each year's work has been scheduled in attractive year books, which provide for monthly meetings, except in August. Our most elaborate meeting is held on February 22 at Mrs. Beebe's residence. In July a picnic day-meeting is arranged, when no business is allowed to interfere with the chapter's holiday. Each meeting is

called to order by the singing of "America;" the business session is followed by a program and some form of entertainment. It is to be regretted that non-resident members cannot enjoy these meetings regularly.

Many interesting and instructive subjects were brought before the chapter by roll-calls and papers, together with reports of National and State conferences and a review of the work of the DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE. A lecture on "New England" was given by Miss Katharine Locke of Youngstown, and on Flag Day Dr. Swanson lectured on "The Origin and Meaning of the Flag." The historian procured the slides of "Historic Spots in the Colonial States," and they were shown before the chapter and the high school.

The chapter has given \$10.00 to Memorial Continental Hall; \$11.75 to the Red Cross; \$10.00 to city band; \$20.00 to Mrs. G. H. Robinson of Committee Welfare of Women and Children; \$1.00 to Lincoln Memorial; \$10.00 each year for five years pledged to Portage County Improvement Association. Mrs. Hattie J. Garrard, former regent, gave a new flag to the high school.

On February 22 last, a novel entertainment was given by thirteen young sons and daughters of chapter members. The children's costumes represented periods and people of "Long Ago," and the entertainment scored such a success it was repeated.

A collection, taken for the Portage County Library, amounted to \$35.05.

Flag Day of last year this chapter was entertained by Cuyahoga-Portage Chapter, at which time the Akron Chapter unveiled their monument to mark the Portage Path.

Our chapter is glad to report the completion and unveiling of a tablet which it has placed in the chapel at Maple Grove Cemetery, in memory of the Revolutionary soldiers buried in Portage County. A verified list of their

names and known burial places has been placed with the tablet. The latter will be decorated by a floral tribute each Decoration Day.—HELEN WHITE BRODIE, *historian*.

Tennent Chapter (Asbury Park, N. J.)—We organized on February 23. The State regent of New Jersey, Mrs. Gedney, presided until after the installation of officers and salutation of the new regent, Miss Martha A. Kidder, who then took the chair. We saluted our State flag. A number of the officers and members of the S. A. R. were present with their flags. The home of our hostess, Mrs. Winsor, was beautifully decorated. The State regent's speech was brilliant, and much appreciated. An interesting musical program was given, including an original song by Miss Martha A. Kidder.

The chapter organized with nineteen members. Speeches were made by Mrs. Henry White of Red Bank, regent of the Monmouth Chapter; Dr. George Tompkins, president of the Monmouth Chapter, S. A. R.; and Samuel Cowart, second State vice-president of the S. A. R. and second vice-president of Monmouth Chapter, S. A. R.

After the organization an informal reception was held, followed by a collation. An interesting feature of the program was a solo by Mrs. E. B. Davis, a member of the Carrie Cole Fairbanks Chapter. Among the guests were Mrs. Dallas Flannegan, former regent of the Eagle Rock Chapter; Mrs. A. W. Wrisley of the Willard Mountain Chapter, and Mrs. William Squire of the Delaware County Chapter.—MARTHA A. KIDDER, *regent*.

Tierra Alta Chapter (Los Angeles, Cal.)—Located on the outskirts of a large city which has five other chapters, and having been organized less than four years, our chapter has a small membership—thirty-six. However, what is lacking in quantity is made up in in-

terest and enthusiasm for our work. We look back over the year just drawing to a close with some degree of satisfaction. Each meeting has had a program both entertaining and instructive, including music and readings. Addresses have been delivered by prominent persons, including one on immigration by Annie L. Bartlett, chairman of our State Committee on Patriotic Education. Our own Committee on Patriotic Education has placed among the foreign element of our city John Foster Carr's "Guide for Immigrants." We have placed on file in our public library our national directory, lineage books and our official magazine.

During the coming year a part of our time is to be given to a study of the history on landmarks of California under suggestion of our State historian, Susanne R. Patch. This "Land of the Golden West" is rich in historical interest. The chain of old missions, founded by the Franciscan Fathers, when the Indians roamed over the entire Pacific Coast; the passing of the country from Spanish rule to become eventually one of these great United States, form a link in American history not excelled in interest by that of any other part of the country.—LAURA M. CHENEY, *historian*.

New Connecticut Chapter (Painesville, Ohio.)—Saturday, June 14, 1913, exercises attending the unveiling of tablets marking the "Girdled Road" and "Perkins' Camp," were held in Concord, O.

In 1795 the Connecticut Land Company purchased a portion of the Connecticut Western Reserve, in Ohio. Its first work was to perfect the title to these lands, getting a release from the government, as well as from the Indians. Its next work was to make a survey of the land, to partition the same, and then to induce colonists to settle there. At that time the country was a solid forest, and Indian trails were the only pathways to be seen. In 1798 this land company cut

out a road 25 feet wide and girdled the timber to 33 feet wide. It was the first public highway laid out on record on the Western Reserve, and was known as the "Old Girdler Road." The present name of the townships through which the road passes are Conneaut, Sheffield, Plymouth, Austinburg, Harpersfield, Trumbull, Thompson, Leroy, Concord and Kirtland to the Chagrin River, and on Euclid avenue to Cuyahoga avenue in Cleveland. The tablet marking this "Girdled Road" has the insignia of the D. A. R. at the top, under which is the following: "This tablet marks the first surveyed road in the Western Reserve, and is known as the 'Girdled Road.' It was built from the Pennsylvania line to the Cuyahoga River, in Cleveland, in 1798, by the Connecticut Land Company. General Simon Perkins commanded the building party. One-half mile east of this place is the site of Perkins' Camp," where the first log house in Concord Township was erected by General Perkins, and occupied by him and his force during the construction of this road. It was in this camp that the first election for Trumbull County, which then included all north-eastern Ohio, was held, on the second Tuesday of October, 1802, for the purpose of electing delegates to the territorial legislature, and also delegates to the Constitutional Convention.

"Erected by New Connecticut Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, in 1913."

The tablet marking the camp site bears the following inscription:

"Perkins Camp,
1798"

Monday, July 14, the "Good Ship Niagara" visited Fairport Harbor. Our chapter contributed \$9 toward this celebration, which amount included a handsome bouquet of blue iris and gypsophila, presented on board ship by our agent, Mrs. Nye, accompanied by chapter members.

We also report the grave of Deacon Josiah Hungerford (1763-1891) marked

in Leroy, O. He served in Danbury Alarm, 1777. This makes 94 Revolutionary graves marked in Lake Co., O.

In co-operation with the County Y. M. C. A., Mrs. Avery's lecture, "The Spirit of Our National Holidays," illustrated by the stereopticon, was given in seven places in Lake Co., with total attendance of 430, mostly foreigners and school children. The chapter was also influential in having Mr. O. H. Lowry, principal of the Painesville High School, give a talk before the citizens of Painesville. His subject was "The School and the Home."

Letters have been written to our representatives, asking their influence and votes for bills bettering the condition of women and children. Also, a petition has been circulated and signatures secured, asking that a law be passed whereby money earned by prisoners, above their keep, be given to their families.

Garments made by the blind, and sent by the Commission, at Columbus, have been disposed of to the amount of \$30, and two blind children, through our efforts, have been placed in the Columbus Institution. Our chapter still maintains one of the most desirable rooms in the Painesville hospital. In co-operation with the Lake Erie College Y. W. C. A. extension work, a class in cooking was conducted in Fairport each week during the past school year.

Our Historic Room in the City Hall was open to the public eight days during the past year. This room is largely furnished in historic furniture. The chapter bookcase, here, contains volumes valuable for research and history. There in safekeeping are the Governor Huntington papers, deeds, etc., also a letter from Samuel Huntington, who signed the Declaration of Independence, and the earliest township poll books. Besides interesting pictures and relics, we find a drafting box used in the Civil War. Our contribution to Continental Hall, April, 1912, was \$25.—LAURA KING LANDPHAIR, *historian*.

Old South Chapter (Boston, Mass.)—

During the past year our chapter has continued to hold most interesting meetings each month in Chipman Hall, Tremont Temple, from October to May, inclusive. Our membership at present is two hundred and seventeen. Our regular monthly meetings include business, musical, literary and social features, with always the "national salute to the flag," and the singing of "America."

The monthly meetings of the Board of Management are open to discussion of patriotic topics. With the efforts which have been put forth in many lines by our regent, Mrs. Joseph H. Patterson, we feel that we close another successful year as a chapter.

Our meetings throughout the year have been varied as follows: The October meeting was one of pleasurable greetings of members after a season of rest and recreation. The meeting for this month is always a business meeting, including the reading of the National Constitution as recommended by the National Society.

At the December meeting we celebrated our birthday anniversary. This furnished a most delightful social occasion at which we entertained members of other chapters, as well as many other invited guests.

February, our patriotic month, was observed with an interesting program. On February 22nd a goodly representation from this chapter attended, en masse, the usual reception held by our Governor at the State House.

In March we entertained our state regent, Mrs. George O. Jenkins, and received from her, as Daughters, a heart to heart talk concerning the duties and privileges we enjoy with six thousand five hundred other Daughters in Massachusetts. She also urged us to be loyal to our homes and to our flag.

Another honored guest for the year was Mrs. Charles C. Abbot, Vice-President General from New Hampshire.

We have been represented at the Monday receptions held in Laughton Studios under the auspices of chapters of the state.

Our regent and delegates have attended the State Conferences held in November and May; also the Continental Congress in Washington, D. C. We have had fine, wide awake reports from each one.

The chapter has had several delightful outings, which have furnished the means of becoming better acquainted with each other.

Through the invitation of our vice regent, Mrs. R. L. Marston, we were royally entertained at her home in Melrose Highlands; another day was spent at Scituate, the summer home of Mrs. Edwin M. Wilder, which was enjoyed by all who accepted the kind invitation. Still another outing, of which several of our chapter took advantage, was a trip to the famous historic old Fairbanks Home in Dedham. The Board has also been entertained at the beautiful home of our past regent, Mrs. Frank D. Ellison, and again at the pleasant and hospitable home of our regent, the latter occasion in celebration of a special anniversary.

The Ways and Means Committee, Mrs. Lucinda M. Viles, chairman, assisted by her efficient committee, have been most strenuous in providing varied entertainment for securing money; introducing "Mrs. Wiggs and her Cabbage Patch"; the White Elephant Party, cake and candy sales. Besides these, a series of whist parties were successfully carried out. The first was a luncheon and whist held at the Old Carey House, Chelsea. Others were held at the pleasant homes of members of the chapter. These have been well attended, and a great deal of interest has been shown. In these ways, together with the splendid work done by our Hospitality Committee, Mrs. Charles H. Stevens, chairman, the sociability and comradeship of our mem-

bers have been secured at the same time substantial addition to our treasury made.

Interest in our Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine may be and is shown by sending our subscription to Mrs. Frank Hill.

We hold in loving memory five of our members who have passed away during the year: Mrs. Belle Anderson, on May 18, 1914; Mrs. Louise Turner Hodgdon, our second regent, on August 19, 1914; Mrs. Benjamin H. Sanborn, on December 16, 1914; Mrs. George Coe, on January 21, 1915; Mrs. Joseph F. Howland, on May 4, 1915.

From the records of our treasurer: \$50.00 has been given to the National Red Cross Fund; \$50.00 has been given for Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.; \$50.00 has been given to a scholarship at the Martha Berry School in Georgia; \$20.00 has been given to the Boston Daily Vacation Bible School; \$2.00 has been given to the Eugenia Washington Memorial; \$1.00 has been given for a membership in the Old Carey House Association.

We have also presented a flag to our auxiliary, the Sanctuary of Freedom, N. A. R.

Our dream of a chapter house has found us with a small sum, as a nucleus for a "Chapter House Fund."—MINNIE A. PERRY, *historian*.

Lycoming Chapter (Williamsport, Pa.)—We elect our regent at the May meeting, and on May 15, 1914, Mrs. Agnes Weirick Rhoads was elected to succeed Miss Katharine Burrows.

The first public function at which the new regent presided was May 23, at the unveiling of a suitable marker at the grave of Patrick Lusk, a soldier of the revolution, buried in an old historical cemetery adjoining the Lycoming Presbyterian Church. Very impressive exercises were held in the church, and the regent made a telling patriotic address. At the grave the school children

sang patriotic songs, and marched around the grave and strewed it with flags.

June 10th the Rev. George R. Donahoo, of Coudersport, Pa., who is a special writer on Indian history for the Bureau of Ethnology of the Smithsonian Institute, gave us a fine lecture on "The Indians of the Susquehanna Valley and their Traits," which was open to the public and greatly enjoyed.

On June 14, Flag Day, our chapter was invited by the Warrior Run chapter of Milton, to be their guests at the old historical Warrior Run Church, of Northumberland County, the county in which so many thrilling events transpired in colonial times, and to participate in the exercises of unveiling a marker at old Fort Freeland, not far from the church. Many of the officers and ex-officers from this chapter went by automobile, a beautiful drive of about twenty-five miles.

Mrs. Allen P. Perley, our Vice-President General from Pennsylvania, and member of our chapter, was one of the speakers, and took a prominent part.

Our chapter also took part, during the summer, in the dedication of a very fine band stand in our public park. A very large flag was unfurled and scattered to the breeze hundreds of small flags, which were scrambled for by hundreds of children present.

In February, the flag committee presented to one of the schools of the city, the Clay Building, a very handsome silk flag, instilling into the minds and hearts of the young that the red means defiance to all forms of tyranny, white purity and charity, and the blue represents justice and fidelity.

Our committee on marking of soldiers' graves and historical places has done a wonderful work. Mrs. Lucy Spalding Allen and Mrs. Maria Shaffer Faust have completed their report and show a total of seventy-three revolutionary soldiers and ten of the soldiers of the War of 1812 whose graves have been

located and marked with government headstones, and they see that these graves are always remembered on Flag Day.

Is there another committee that can show better work than this? If there is we would like to hear from them.

The January meeting was held at the home of the regent. Delegates were elected for the Congress to meet in Washington. A musical program was rendered and interesting papers read by the members. A social time and refreshments made the meeting a pleasant affair.

February 22, Mrs. Perley, entertained the chapter at her beautiful home, "Greystone." Mr. C. LaRue Munson, one of our ablest lawyers, and a Son of the Revolution, gave an interesting and instructive address, touching on events from 1620 to the present time, dwelling particularly on the critical period between 1783 and 1788, and of the greatest convention ever held in the world, held in the old state house in Philadelphia, and presided over by George Washington. A fine musical program was rendered. Refreshments were served and a social time enjoyed.

February 22 is "Young People's Day" with us, but this year it was postponed until the March meeting.

Every year we offer two prizes, five dollar gold pieces, one to a boy and one to a girl of the ninth grade, grammar school pupils, for the best essay on subject given by the committee. This year the subject is "William Penn and the Quaker Influence in Pennsylvania." The boys and girls take much interest in these affairs, and they read and study a great deal, which surely is a great benefit to them. Then the fortunate ones enjoy coming and reading their essays to the chapter and receive the prize, of which they are justly proud.

Death has claimed one of our oldest and best known members, Mrs. Josephine S. Bentley, sister of Mrs. W. M. Miller.

a well known member of the Wilkes-Barre Chapter.

A number of new members have been added, and altogether we consider ourselves in a very flourishing condition.—ANNIE E. POTT, *historian*.

Ontario Chapter (Pulaski, N. Y.)—Our line of study during the year has been mostly upon Colonial themes. On Nov. 4 we entertained Silas Town Chapter of Mexico at luncheon, and Mrs. Augsbury, our State regent, was present. We celebrated Lincoln's Birthday with a guest evening at the home of our regent, Mrs. Richards, and Prof. Morris of Syracuse University, who spent his boyhood in Pulaski, gave an interesting address upon "American Literature Before the Revolution."

We have contributed to the State utility fund; sent \$10 toward the debt of Continental Hall, and offered a prize of \$5 to the student in our high school accomplishing the best work in American history.

Research has enabled us to locate soldiers' graves, and we intend to set markers upon them.

Eleven of our members attended the State conference at Oswego, and while there Mrs. H. B. Clark was presented with a New York State pin by our President General, Mrs. Story, in recognition of her devotion to the Society and the fact that this conference day was also Mrs. Clark's eightieth birthday.

During the year we have lost four members by death: Miss Louisa Farman, Miss Helen Meacham, Mrs. Ella K. Wright, and Miss Sarah Woods, who were all charter members.—SARAH E. HADLEY, *historian*.

Priscilla Alden Chapter (Carroll Iowa)—Under the leadership of our efficient regent, Mrs. L. E. Chubbuck, the chapter has had very interesting meetings during the past year. They are held on the first Saturday of each month from October to June, when the meeting takes place on Flag Day. We are

doing some literary work, studying the history of our State. Our programs are varied with musical numbers, papers and readings. We are slowly growing, having added three new members during the year. As the chapter is made up of members from Carroll and Glidden, the meetings alternate between the two towns.

On Feb. 22 the chapter entertained guests at the home of Mrs. F. B. Quinn at Carroll. The members were dressed in Colonial style, with dainty white caps, fichus and aprons. A boy and girl, dressed to represent George and Martha Washington, received the guests and showed them to the dressing rooms. Flags, bunting and hatchets were used in decorating the rooms, while the tables were gay with tri-colored ribbon and flags. The place cards bore the insignia of our society. Covers were laid for forty, and a delicious dinner served. The program of music and readings which followed it received hearty applause. A social hour brought this delightful evening to a close.

The April meeting was held at the residence of Mrs. A. Moorhouse and her daughter at Glidden. The decorations, favors and menu for the dinner carried out the Easter spirit. After the business session an entertaining program of papers, readings and music was enjoyed. Mrs. Moorhouse has a sampler beautifully worked by one of her ancestors, Mrs. Peter Kinam, about 1770.—L. M. EFFINGWELL, *historian*.

Noah Coleman Chapter (Rolla, Mo.) Flag Day was observed by our chapter, the meeting being held at the residence of Mrs. M. H. Faulkner, and led by Mrs. E. G. Harris.

The new officers installed were: Mrs. H. Rucker, regent; Mrs. A. L. McEneaney, first vice-regent; Mrs. C. M. Mapp, second vice-regent; Mrs. A. X. Ellinskey, recording secretary; Mrs. Charles L. Woods, corresponding secretary; Mrs. F. E. Taylor, treasurer; Mrs.

C. T. Strobaech, registrar; and Mrs. P. M. Richardson, historian.

An interesting paper was read by Mrs. M. O. Martin on the "History of the Flag," and the Rev. G. Garland Reggan delivered an entertaining address entitled "Women and Patriotism." Miss Zoe Harris gave several vocal selections.

In the flag guessing contest Mrs. A. X. Ellinskey proved that she knew more of the flags of different countries than the others and was awarded first prize, Mrs. B. H. Rucker winning the second prize.

The Committee on Deseccration of The Flag asked the mayor and council and business men to have a "safe and sane" Fourth of July.—(Mrs.) P. M. RICHARDSON, *historian*.

Denver Chapter (Denver, Colo.)—has just closed a most successful year. The programs have been varied and entertaining, embracing questions of present and vital appeal as well as subjects of historic interest.

Washington's Birthday was celebrated by a largely attended luncheon at the Brown Palace Hotel. Miss Mary Lathrop, of the Denver bar, gave an address on George Washington, treating especially of his great achievements, and the exercises closed with "America," sung to the stirring march music composed by Dr. Lindsay B. Longacre, with the composer himself at the piano.

The Patriotic Education Committee this year offered four gold medals named for Harriet Campbell, for the four best patriotic declamations delivered by pupils of the eighth grade in the Denver public schools.

The Patriotic Art Committee presented to three public schools in Denver three very fine steel engravings, one of Abraham Lincoln, one of Benjamin Franklin, and the third one representing Washington entertaining Lafayette at Mount Vernon.

When the call came for aid for the war sufferers, Denver Chapter respond-

ed promptly, and for five months the members met once a week to sew, the result being over two hundred garments distributed to the Red Cross Society, the Belgium Relief Fund and to the poor of our own city.

Our contribution to Memorial Continental Hall this year was \$50; the Christmas offering and Silver Shower increasing this amount to \$83.75.

The year's work closed with the annual picnic held at the summer home of our vice-regent in the mountains. This event commemorates the Battle of Bunker Hill, and we learn with interest that one of our members had thirteen relatives bearing the same name in that memorable conflict.—HATTIE S. THOMAS, *historian*.

The Martin Severance Chapter (Pasadena, Cal.) was organized June 13, 1914, at the residence of Mrs. Oscar F. Lindman, by our State regent, Mrs. Margaret Force Thayer. The following officers were appointed: Regent, Mrs. Edmund D. Barry; vice-regent, Miss Elma Holloway; registrar, Miss Agnes Tabor; treasurer, Miss Geraldine Barry; recording secretary, Mrs. E. G. Hesser, corresponding secretary, Mrs. Oscar F. Lindman; historian, Miss Lucia Carter; directors, Mrs. C. A. Shelhamer, Mrs. E. Clinton Carter, and Mrs. W. T. Jenkins.

Later in the year Mrs. Hesser and Miss Barry resigned from their offices and Miss Moore was elected treasurer and Mrs. Shelhamer recording secretary.

The chapter was organized with eighteen members, and during the year the membership has grown to thirty-eight. Our meetings so far have been largely social, with some musical and literary programs. One meeting of special interest was held at the home of our regent, Mrs. Barry, where Miss Eleanor Miller gave a talk on the romantic history of California, and Mrs. Barry reported the State conference held in San Francisco.

Our constructive work this year has been carried on to raise money for our assessment for the Daughters of the American Revolution room at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. We sold sandwiches on New Year's day, at the Rose Tournament for the benefit of this fund.

Our regent, Mrs. Barry, has been untiring in her efforts for the new chapter, and she has ably represented us at the State conference and the national congress.

With increased membership and better acquaintance, we hope to accomplish more in the future.—LUCIA MAY CARTER, *historian*.

In Memoriam

The Colonial Daughters Chapter of Farmington, Me., regretfully report the death of MRS. ROSAMOND E. WAITE on May 2, 1915, at the residence of her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Alva Waite, of East Dixfield, Me. Mrs. Waite was seventy-five years old. She was a great reader, her mind clear and alert to the last, and had the love and respect of her many friends.

The Phebe Greene Ward Chapter of

Westerly, R. I., has lost the following members by death: MRS. HARRIET E. S. LANGDON, former regent of this chapter on Jan. 9, 1915; MRS. LOUIS D. LIVINGSTONE, on Jan. 21, 1915; MRS. MARY A. BURDICK PERIGO, on May 21, 1915.

The Fort Augusta Chapter, of Sunbury, Pa., regretfully report the death of MRS. CHARLES A. SIDLER on July 2, 1915. She was twice the much beloved regent of this chapter.

MRS. SUE ELIZABETH JAMES DE LA MATER died June 30, 1915. She was a member of the Sachem Sequoyah Chapter of McAlester, Oklahoma.

Osage Chapter, Sedalia, Mo., mourns the loss of a real granddaughter, Mrs. ISABELLA DRESKELL, who was an honorary member of this chapter. Mrs. Dreskell died March 4, 1915, at the age of 92 years, 4 months, and 15 days, at the home of her son in Sedalia, Mo. She was born near Boonville in Cooper County, Mo., Sept. 19, 1823, and was a granddaughter of George Cathey, who volunteered as a private in the Revolutionary War and served over two years as private, lieutenant, and captain.

MRS. MARGARET L. RAY, member of John Paul Jones Chapter, of Boston, died June 22, at her home in Franklin, Mass., after only one hour's illness. She was widely known and beloved, and is survived by an aged mother who has passed her ninetieth birthday. Mrs. Ray was a member of the Fairbanks family, a musician of note, and interested in charitable enterprises.

Abiel Fellows Chapter reports with regret the death of Mrs. ALICE FELLOWS HACKETT on June 7, 1915. Mrs. Hackett was the granddaughter of Col. Abiel Fellows, for whom the chapter is named.

MRS. CLARA MOXLEY PICKLES, of Corning, N. Y., wife of Dr. Luther Pickles, and daughter of Davis D. Moxley, died at her home on April 27, 1915, after a brief illness. She was a member of the leading musical organizations in the city, and one of the best loved members of Corning Chapter, of which she was both treasurer and charter member.

The Old Newbury Chapter records with sorrow the death of one of its charter members, MISS JUDITH ROGERS, on Nov. 24, 1914. In Miss Rogers the chapter has lost a beloved friend, and one of its most valued members. She was descended in a direct line from John Rog-

ers, "the martyr"; and she cherished with great family pride the seal of this noted man, which her family had long possessed. She was also a descendant of the late John Rogers, president of Harvard College.

Miss Rogers for many years had associated herself with philanthropic and charitable work in this city. She was a charter member of the Newburyport Woman's Club, and was greatly interested in local historical matters, and upon the organization of Old Newbury Chapter, D. A. R., in 1896, became a charter member. She has held all the responsible offices except that of regent. She declined this office many times, owing to her devotion to an invalid mother. Her kindly influence and interest will be greatly missed in the civic and social life of the city.

MRS. SUSAN K. EMERSON, a resident of Buffalo from early childhood, and the wife of George D. Emerson, died at her home Mar. 28, 1915, after a long illness. She was a member of the Buffalo Chapter from its early days, and was intensely interested in everything pertaining to the honor and prosperity of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

She leaves no family excepting her husband. Three of her brothers, James H., Erastus W., and Jesse K. enlisted in Buffalo, August 28, 1862, and all died in the military service during the Civil War as members of company M, Eleventh New York cavalry.

MRS. HANNAH THATCHER OTIS STAPLES, widow of the Rev. Dr. Moses Wilmington Staples, and daughter of Dr. Charles and Elizabeth (Sheldon) Otis, died June 2, 1915. She was a charter member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, qualifying for membership through her ancestor, James Otis, the patriot advocate of American independence. She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. J. Howard Austin, and Mrs. Howard Du Bois, and with the latter she spent the last years of her life

MISS BERTHA CARPENTER, one of the younger members of Ondawa Cambridge Chapter, died after a long illness on Dec. 8, 1914.

Anna Rogers Clark Chapter, of Jeffersonville, Ind., sorrowfully reports the death of MRS. MARY EDITH FRY on Jan. 30, 1915. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry D. Peet, of Clark County, and she was a direct descendant of Isaac Holman, born 1757, who came from Rowan Co., N. C., and died in Clark Co., Ind., 1843.

MISS ELECTA GRANT was a member of the Return Jonathan Meigs Chapter of Pomeroy, O. She was historian of the chapter for a number of years, and was a highly cultured woman, intensely interested in all matters that pertained to the welfare of her country. She died on Dec. 28, 1914, at her home in Middleport, O.

By the death of MRS. HARRIET ALLEN THURSTON, Tioga Point Chapter of Athens, Pa., loses a charter member and one whose judgment was highly prized. Mrs. Thurston was descended from prominent Revolutionary ancestors, and for the first eleven years she was treasurer of the chapter. Later she was appointed a member of the executive committee, and has been an officer since the organization of the chapter. Mrs. Thurston, died December 6, 1914.

MRS. WELTHIA ALDEN MERRITT, one of the most distinguished members of the Chief Justice Cushing Chapter of Scituate, Mass., died on Nov. 10, 1914, aged 84 years. Her ancestor, Judah Alden, of Duxbury, was at one time

president of the Massachusetts Society of the Cincinnati. Mrs. Merritt was native of South Scituate (now Norwell). Her maiden name was James; she married in 1850 Benjamin Merritt, Jr. After the ceremony, which took place at her father's house, the young couple drove to Watertown, in a "shay," and lived there four years, afterwards making their home in North Scituate.

Mrs. Merritt was always interested and most efficient in the chapter, and one of her last pleasures was writing a delightful sketch of her early school days for the Scituate Book soon to be published by the Chief Justice Cushing Chapter.

John Paul Chapter, of Madison, Ind., has a sad duty in recording the death of a member—MRS. ANNA HAZELTINE EDWARDS, who died July 31, 1915. She was for years one of the most interested and enthusiastic members of the chapter.

List of deaths in the Sarah Whitman Hooker Chapter, D. A. R., West Hartford, Conn.:

Miss Adelaide Eliza Kingsbury, 541 January 20, 1908.

Mrs. Amelia Elizabeth Paulis 16039, April 20, 1908.

Mrs. Eliza Duncan Laurence, 582 September 20, 1908.

Miss Ethel C. Flagg, 54155, December 20, 1909.

Mrs. Della Tracy Munger, 541 November 21, 1911.

Mrs. Leila Frost Robinson, 582 February 17, 1913.

Mrs. Frances Augusta Grant Claiborne, 54146, May 10, 1915.

OFFICIAL

The National Society of the

Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters Memorial Continental Hall, Seventeenth and D Streets, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management 1915-1916

President General

MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY,

36 Gramercy Park, New York, N. Y., and Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General

(Term of office expires 1916.)

MRS. GEORGE MAYNARD MINOR,
Waterford, Conn.

MRS. JOSEPH S. WOOD,
135 S. 2nd Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

MRS. ELIZA FERRY LEARY,
1551 10th Ave., N., Seattle, Wash.

MRS. CHARLES CLEMENCE ABBOTT,
Washington St., Keene, N. H.

MRS. ALVIN V. LANE,
2505 Maple Ave., Dallas, Texas.

MRS. GEORGE T. SMALLWOOD,
3520 16th St., Washington, D. C.

MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON,
1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke, Va.

MRS. CHARLES R. DAVIS,
St. Peter, Minn.

MRS. EDMUND F. NOEL,
Lexington, Miss.

MRS. WILLIAM H. CROSBY,
1042 Main St., Racine, Wis.

(Term of office expires 1917.)

MRS. EDMUND P. MOODY,
1004 W. 10th St., Wilmington, Del.

MRS. RHETT GOODE,
60 St. Emanuel St., Mobile, Ala.

MRS. KENT HAMILTON,
2317 Scottwood Ave., Toledo, Ohio.

MRS. WILLIAM HAIMES SMITH,
The Snuggery, Parkersburg, W. Va.

MRS. CHARLES SPALDING THOMAS,
123 E. 16th Ave., Denver, Colo.

MRS. JOHN LEE DINWIDDIE,
Fowler, Ind.

MRS. JOHN F. SWIFT,
2715 Benvenue Ave., Berkeley, Cal.

MRS. SAMUEL MCKNIGHT GREEN,
3815 Magnolia Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

MRS. WILLIAM H. THOMPSON,
E. Maxwell St., Lexington, Ky.

MRS. SHEPPARD W. FOSTER,
711 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

Chaplain General

MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,

The Columbia, Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General

MRS. WILLIAM C. BOYLE,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Organizing Secretary General

MRS. WILLIAM A. SMOOT,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Treasurer General

MRS. JOSEPH E. RANSDALL,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary General

MRS. JULIUS C. BURROWS,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Registrar General

MISS GRACE M. PIERCE,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Historian General

MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution

MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.
788 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.

Librarian General

MRS. GEORGE M. STERNBERG,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Curator General

MISS CATHERINE B. BARLOW,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

State Regents and State Vice-Regents—1915-16

ALABAMA	MRS. JOHN LEWIS COBBS, 124 Mobile St., Montgomery. MRS. WILLIAM HARVEY, 423 Sherman St., New Decatur.
ARIZONA	MRS. HARRY L. CHANDLER, Mesa. MRS. JOHN S. BAYLESS, Tucson.
ARKANSAS	MISS STELLA PICKETT HARDY, Batesville. MRS. SAMUEL PRESTON DAVIS, 523 E. Capitol Ave., Little Rock.
CALIFORNIA	MRS. MAYNARD FORCE THAYER, 651 S. Pasadena Ave., Pasadena. MRS. JOHN C. LYNCH, 1848 University Ave., Berkeley.
COLORADO	MRS. WINFIELD S. TARBELL, 1645 Vine St., Denver. MISS KATHARINE S. McELROY, R. F. D. No. 1, Box No. 1, Greeley.
CONNECTICUT	MRS. JOHN LAIDLAW BUEL, Litchfield. MRS. CHARLES H. BISSELL, Southington.
DELAWARE	MRS. GEORGE C. HALL, St. John's Rectory, 2300 Blvd., Wilmington MISS ELEANOR EUGENIA TODD, Newark.
DIST. OF COLUMBIA	MRS. FRANK FOSTER GREENAWALT, 1719 Lanier Pl., Washington. MISS JANET E. RICHARDS, "The Olympia," Washington.
FLORIDA	MRS. M. W. CARRUTH, 412 W. Lafayette St., Tampa. MRS. ALEXANDER T. BIGELOW, Box 72, Seabreeze.
GEORGIA	MRS. THADEUS C. PARKER, Ingleside, Vineville, Macon. MRS. ALEXANDER O. HARPER, Dewyrose, Elberton.
IDAHO	MRS. CHARLES W. PURSELL, 4 Hurtt Apts., Boise. MRS. WARD STONE, Caldwell.
ILLINOIS	MRS. GEORGE T. PAGE, 127 Flora Ave., Peoria. MRS. FRANK W. BAHNSEN, 723 20th St., Rock Island.
INDIANA	MRS. HENRY A. BECK, 3522 Central Ave., Indianapolis. MISS EMMA A. DONNELL, Greensburg.
IOWA	MRS. ROBERT J. JOHNSTON, Humboldt. MRS. DAVID A. COLLIER, 326 Fulton St., Keokuk.
KANSAS	MRS. GEORGE THACHER GUERNSEY, "Ridgewood," Independence. MRS. L. L. KIENE, 501 Lincoln St., Topeka.
KENTUCKY	MRS. WALTER S. GLORE, Danville. MISS JENNIE DAVIESS BLACKBURN, 716 11th St., Bowling Green.
LOUISIANA	MRS. WILLIAM W. WALLIS, 1302 Washington Ave., New Orleans. MRS. TILEY H. SCOVELL, 1002 Olive St., Shreveport.
MAINE	MRS. CHARLES W. STEELE, Farmington. MRS. WILFORD G. CHAPMAN, 482 Cumberland Ave., Portland.
MARYLAND	MRS. ARTHUR LEE BOSLEY, 1406 Mt. Royal Ave., Baltimore. MRS. WILLIAM H. TALBOTT, Rockville.
MASSACHUSETTS	MRS. GEORGE O. JENKINS, 23 Warren Ave., Whitman. MRS. FREDERICK S. DAVIS, 10 Westland Ave., Boston.
MICHIGAN	MRS. WILLIAM H. WAIT, 1706 Cambridge Rd., Ann Arbor. MISS ALICE LOUISE McDUFFEE, 1012 W. Main St., Kalamazoo.
MINNESOTA	MRS. GEORGE C. SQUIRES, 698 Oakland Ave., St. Paul. MRS. WILLIAM H. MOREHART, 104 Pleasant St., Mankato.
MISSISSIPPI	MRS. ANDREW FULLER FOX, West Point. MRS. THOMAS FRANKLIN, Columbus.
MISSOURI	MRS. MARK S. SALISBURY, Independence. MRS. HERBERT A. OWEN, 1027 Henry St., St. Joseph.
MONTANA	MRS. EDWARD A. MORLEY, 15 S. Benton Ave., Helena. MRS. CHARLES A. BLACKBURN, 804 W. Silver St., Butte.
NEBRASKA	MRS. CHARLES H. AULL, 1926 S. 33rd St., Omaha. MRS. HELEN MARR B. DRAKE, 606 N. 6th St., Beatrice.
NEVADA	MISS BIRD M. WILSON, Goldfield.
NEW HAMPSHIRE	MISS ANNIE WALLACE, Rochester. MRS. WILL BERNARD HOWE, 35 South St., Concord.
NEW JERSEY	MRS. GEORGE W. GEDNEY, 50 Montclair Ave., Montclair. MRS. WILLIAM D. SHERRERD, Highland Ave. Haddonfield.
NEW MEXICO	MRS. SINGLETON M. ASHENFELTER, Silver City. MRS. WILLIAM H. POPE, Santa Fe.
NEW YORK	MRS. BENJAMIN F. SPRAKER, Palatine Bridge. MRS. DAVID B. PAGE, 157 W. 3rd St., Oswego.
NORTH CAROLINA	MISS LIDA TUNSTALL RODMAN, P. O. Box 175, Washington. MRS. THEODORE S. MORRISON, Asheville.

NORTH DAKOTA	MRS. GEORGE M. YOUNG, Valley City.
OHIO	MRS. AUSTIN C. BRANT, 848 N. Market St., Canton. MRS. EDWARD LANSING HARRIS, 6719 Euclid Ave., Cleveland.
OKLAHOMA	MRS. J. D. HAIL, 1325 S. Cheyenne Ave., Tulsa. MRS. SNOWDEN HALL MOORE, McAlester.
OREGON	MRS. ISAAC L. PATTERSON, Eola Rd., Salem. MISS MARIA RUTH GUPPY, 1158 High St., Eugene.
PENNSYLVANIA	MISS EMMA L. CROWELL, Oak Lane, Philadelphia. MRS. ANTHONY WAYNE COOK, Hotel Schenley, Pittsburgh.
RHODE ISLAND	MRS. CHARLES E. LONGLEY, 87 Walcott St., Pawtucket. MISS FLORENCE G. BULLOCK, 74 Harris Ave., Woonsocket.
SOUTH CAROLINA	MRS. FRED H. H. CALHOUN, Clemson College. MRS. HUGH L. MCCOLL, Bennettsville.
SOUTH DAKOTA	MRS. EDWARD B. KEATOR, 907 Park St., Watertown. MRS. E. ST. CLAIR SNYDER, 617 2nd St., N. W., Watertown.
TENNESSEE	MRS. GEORGE W. BAXTER, 437 Temple Ave., Knoxville. MRS. HALLUM W. GOODLOE, Franklin.
TEXAS	MRS. ANDREW ROSE, 821 Olive St., Texarkana. MRS. CHARLES E. KELLY, 900 Mesa Ave., El Paso.
UTAH	MRS. LEE CHARLES MILLER, 943 East 1st South St., Salt Lake City. MRS. LUCIUS ENDICOTT HALL, 78 East 1st North St., Salt Lake City.
VERMONT	MRS. PERLEY HAZEN, 5 Highland Ave., St. Johnsbury. MRS. E. R. PEMBER, Wells.
VIRGINIA	MRS. J. F. MAUPIN, 42 N. Court St., Portsmouth. MISS ALETHEA SERPELL, Norfolk.
WASHINGTON	MRS. EDMUND BOWDEN, 1534 18th Ave., Seattle. MRS. JAMES S. MCKEE, Hoquiam.
WEST VIRGINIA	MRS. PARKS FISHER, 186 Willey St., Morgantown. MRS. LINN BRANNON, 236 Center Ave., Weston.
WISCONSIN	MRS. JOHN P. HUME, 358 Royal Pl., Milwaukee. MRS. JOHN G. REXFORD, 210 Sinclair St., Janesville.
WYOMING	MISS GRACE RAYMOND HEBARD, Laramie. MRS. E. RICHARD SHIPP, 443 Beach St., Casper.
ORIENT	MRS. CHARLES S. LOBINGIER, care of Judge Lobingier, Shanghai, China

Honorary Officers Elected for Life

Honorary Presidents General

MRS. JOHN W. FOSTER,
MRS. DANIEL MANNING,

MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT.

Honorary President Presiding

MRS. MARY V. E. CABELL.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General

MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895.	MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON, 1906.
MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GEER, 1896.	MRS. SARA T. KINNEY, 1910.
MRS. MILDRED S. MATHES, 1899.	MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, 1911.
MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, 1905.	MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, 1913.
MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.	MRS. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 1913.
	MRS. WALLACE DELAFIELD, 1914.
	MRS. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, 1914.

Official Jewelers and
Stationers
N. S. D. A. R.



Makers of BRONZE MARKERS *and*
MEMORIAL TABLETS

Careful attention given to special designs meeting
any requirements

Insignia Catalog mailed upon request

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.
Philadelphia

THE LIFE OF FRANCIS SCOTT KEY

Author of "The Star Spangled Banner"
WHAT ELSE HE WAS AND WHO

By His Great Grandson
F. S. KEY-SMITH, ESQ.

The coming Centennial Celebration of the
birth of the National Anthem cannot be thor-
oughly appreciated without reading this book.

There are a few remaining copies of the
first and only edition to be had, while they
last, at \$1.00, of the

ARMY AND NAVY REGISTER
511 11th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

VIOLA ROOT CAMERON GENEALOGIST

*Member Genealogical and
Biographical Society*

13 East 30th Street
New York City



MEMORIAL FOUNTAINS TABLETS = MARKERS

GRANITE • MARBLE • BRONZE
ARTISTIC & ENDURING

VIRGIL W. FULLER

466 BOYLSTON ST. BOSTON, MASS.
DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES

Woodland Bronze Works

DEPARTMENT OF

ALBERT RUSSELL & SONS COMPANY

Bronze Memorial and **Tablets**
Inscription

NEWBURYPORT, 107 Merrimac St., MASSACHUSETTS

GENEALOGIST

MRS. AMOS G. DRAPER

*Genealogical Editor, Daughters of the American
Revolution Magazine.*

Registrar Descendants of Signers and Member of
Daughters of 1812 and Daughters of Founders
and Patriots of America.

KENDALL GREEN, Washington, D. C.

MRS. LAURA A. MADDEN, *Genealogist*
512 West 156th Street New York City

Telephone 3620 Audubon.
Revolutionary, Colonial and Mayflower researches made. Papers pre-
pared. Member of the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society

BRONZE MEMORIAL TABLETS OF THE HIGHEST GRADE

SPECIALISTS IN THIS LINE FOR 25 YEARS. DE-
SIGNERS AND MAKERS OF THE OFFICIAL BRONZE
MARKER FOR GRAVES OF REAL DAUGHTERS,
D. A. R., ADOPTED AT THE 1912 NATIONAL
CONGRESS, HELD IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

PAUL E. CABARET & CO.

Office and Studio:

120-126 ELEVENTH AVE., CORNER 20th ST.,
NEW YORK CITY

Illustrated Booklet on Request.

Correspondence Invited.



DAUGHTERS of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

CONTENTS FOR OCTOBER, 1915

	PAGE.
The Presidents General	<i>Frontispiece</i>
A Message from the President General	221
Greatest Achievements of State Work	222
Ye Olde Heirlooms	227
Some Portraits of Patrick Henry, <i>Elizabeth Henry Lyons</i>	229
Meeting Places of Continental Congress	233
Ready Reference D. A. R. Chronology	234
St. Memin's Engraved Portraits of American Patriots, <i>Natalie S. Lincoln</i>	237
Unveiling Boulder Marking Dowden's Ordinary	243
Second Appeal of French Red Cross	244
Dedication of Lincoln Highway Flagstaff	245
WORK OF CHAPTERS	246
IN MEMORIAM	252
Revolutionary Records	254
Marriage Record Exchange	261
GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT	263
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:	
Official List of	274

Send all subscriptions to the Chairman, Miss Florence G. Finch, 36 Gramercy Park, New York City. All checks and money orders are to be made payable to Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

Yearly Subscription, \$1.00 in Advance.
Foreign Postage, \$1.00 Additional.

Single Copy, 10 Cents.
Canadian Postage, 30 Cents Additional.

ISSUED MONTHLY.

Copyright 1915, by

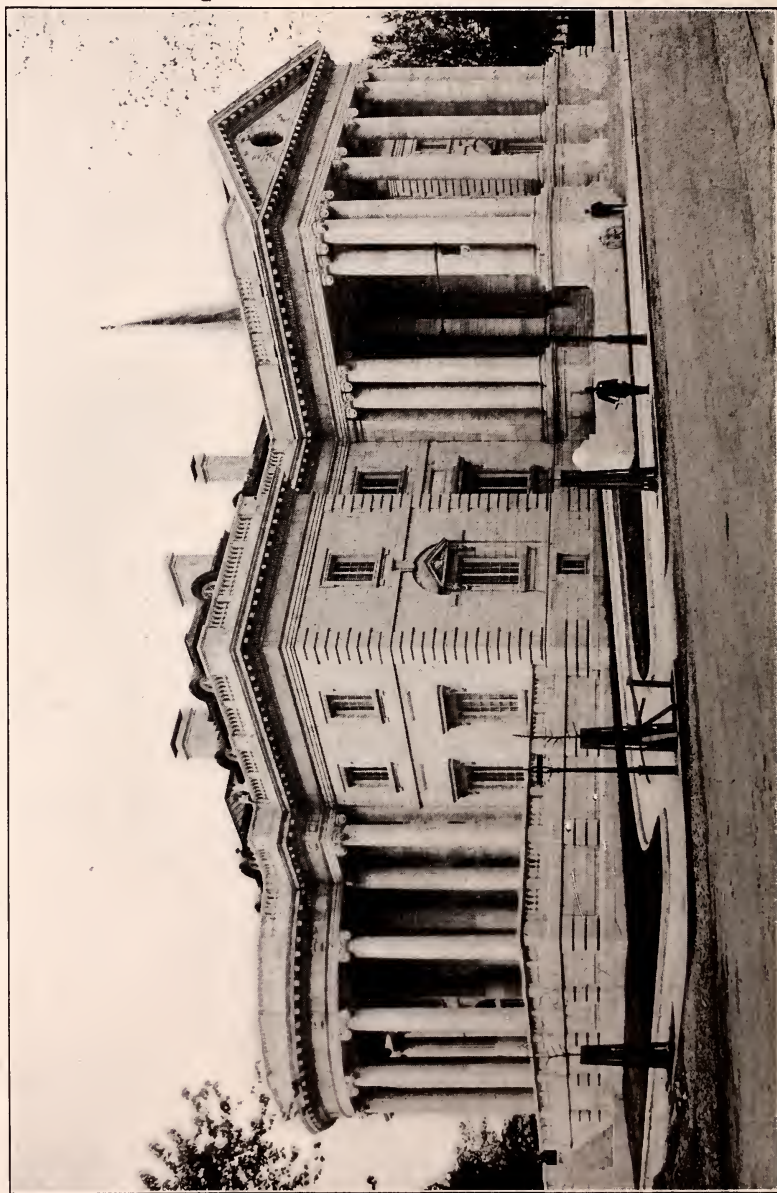
THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
Publication Office, 36th Street and 10th Avenue, New York City, N. Y.

Miss NATALIE SUMNER LINCOLN, Editor, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. AMOS G. DRAPER, Genealogical Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

Miss FLORENCE G. FINCH, Chm. of Magazine Committee, 36 Gramercy Park, New York City.

Entered at the New York Post-Office as Second-Class Matter.



MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL

THE PRESIDENTS GENERAL
National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution



(MRS JOHN W.)
MARY PARK FOSTER,
1895-1896



(MRS DANIEL)
MARGARET FRYER MANNING,
1898-1901



(MRS WILLIAM CUMMING)
DAISY ALLEN STORY,
1913-1915



(MRS DONALD)
EMILY NELSON RITCHIE McLEAN,
1905-1909



(MRS CHARLES W.)
CORNELIA COLE FAIRBANKS,
1901-1905



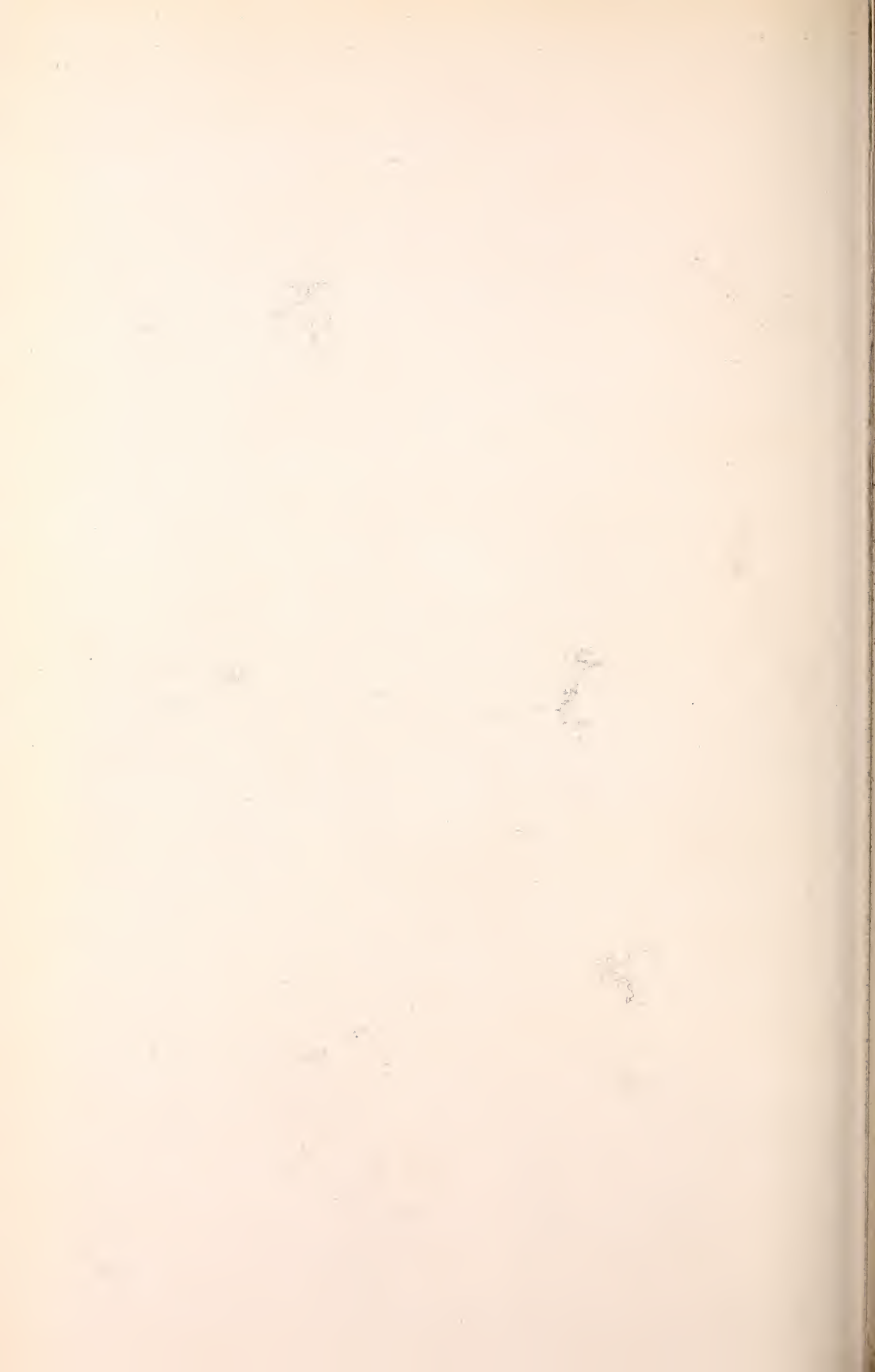
(MRS MATTHEW T.)
JULIA G. SCOTT,
1909-1913



(MRS BENJAMIN)
CAROLINE SCOTT HARRISON,
1890-1892



(MRS ADLAI E.)
LETTITIA GREEN STEVENSON,
1893-1895-1896-1898



DAUGHTERS of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

Vol. XLVII. No. 4

OCTOBER, 1915

Whole No. 279

A Message from the President General

My dear Fellow Members:

When the spirit that prompted the early settlers to seek liberty and independence in America burned brightly in the hearts of their descendants twenty-five years ago, it found expression in the gathering together of a group of people who evolved a form of practical patriotism known as the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Theirs was a great achievement.

If this organization had developed only along the lines of historic research and educational interests we would have reason to feel grateful that it was born, but it has done all this and *more*. Today, with reverent love and appreciation, our hearts are filled with thanksgiving for the creation of this body and for the splendid achievements that have come, following in broad and deep streams from this, our National Society, to enrich and benefit our country.

No group of women in America occupies a position of greater responsibility to the country than the descendants of the patriots who lived and died to establish the principles of true Americanism, and we should hold as a precious trust our descent and our membership, and strive so to live that we may perpetuate by our own acts the principles for which our patriots died.

In every community there should be a chapter of our order, to which the officials of the city or town, as well as the citizens, should turn—confident that

the Daughters of the American Revolution may be counted on for ready co-operation and intelligent support in every good measure.

We of today hold in our hearts the precious heritage of our ancestors—liberty and loyalty, love of home and country—and we delight in the fact that twenty-five years ago another landmark, through the creation of this society, records that we do not forget, but exist to perpetuate their ideals.

In this epoch-making twenty-five years, splendid achievements are recorded in the annals of our society. They embrace notable educational, patriotic, memorial, historic, commemorative, civic and philanthropic work, the greatest of which is the erection of our Temple of Patriotism, Memorial Continental Hall; while *all* testify to the intrinsic worth of the organization whose birth we celebrate.

We may well rejoice that nearly one hundred thousand American women are directing their energies along lines of such real service and value, and on this twenty-fifth anniversary we turn back in loving remembrance to the day when our "Founders" builded better than they knew.

With profound thankfulness for the past, and confidence and hope for the future, I am,

Faithfully yours,

DAISY ALLEN STORY,

President General, N. S. D. A. R.

The Greatest Achievements of State Work

As Told by State Regents

Alabama

Alabama has always been diligent in promoting the objects of the National Society, and individual chapters have done notable work. The chapters are now working, with every prospect of success, to establish and maintain a Daughters of the American Revolution School in Alabama, in a needy rural district.—MRS. JOHN LEWIS COBBS, *State regent*.

Arizona

Arizona is proud of the fact that the chapter, formed about fifteen years ago, has held its own in numbers, strength and interest. Proud of the addition to our forces of the Tucson Chapter, organized this year, and more especially proud of the placing of our first monument on the National old trails road.—MRS. HARRY L. CHANDLER, *State regent*.

Arkansas

The greatest achievement of the Arkansas D. A. R. is their aid to the mountain girls, for whose uplift the Helen Dunlap School, Winslow, Ark., was established. Last year we gave nine scholarships and \$200 for clothing. We are giving expression to our patriotism through this school, where a girl may, for nine months, board, receive care, training and instruction, all for \$50.—MISS STELLA PICKETT HARDY, *State regent*.

California

Overcoming the disadvantages of a widely scattered membership, and growing into a well-organized group which has been recently honored by being asked by the Immigration Commission to develop and help institute a State-wide plan for "citizenship education" for our aliens, is the biggest achievement of the California Daughters of the American Revolution.—MRS. MARGARET FORCE THAYER, *State regent*.

Colorado

Colorado Daughters have placed granite markers six miles apart, with larger markers at special historical spots, along the Santa Fe Trail and the Cimarron cutoff. Chapters, cities, public-spirited citizens, and the State legislature (with its appropriation of \$2,000) have aided. National colors and the insignia mark the telegraph poles.—MRS. WINFIELD S. TARBELL, *State regent*.

Connecticut

Among Connecticut's principal achievements are: Publication in four languages of "The Guide for Immigrants"; erection of nearly ninety memorials; restoration of cemeteries; maintenance annually of nearly thirty Southern Mountaineer scholarships; ranks third in contributions to Continental Hall, totaling \$29,875.95, including four "special features" and land; ownership and maintenance of homestead of Oliver Ellsworth; total expenditures in patriotic work for quarter century to January 1, 1915, \$355,308.35.—ELIZABETH BARNEY BUEL, *State regent*.

District of Columbia

Organization of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution in the National Capital. Ranks fourth in list of contributors to Memorial Continental Hall. Presented the District Room, equipment of the library, bronze fountain, elevator, bust of Martha Washington, also many furnishings.

Rendered assistance in the Spanish-American War and gave one-sixteenth of the amount contributed by the Daughters for relief of the present war sufferers. Appealed to Congress to save the frigate "Constitution."

Inaugurated movement to bring to this country the remains of John Paul Jones. Caused removal to Arlington of the remains of Major L'Enfant.—MRS. FRANK F. GREENAWALT, *State regent*.

Illinois

The Illinois Daughters petitioned the State legislature to purchase Fort Massac, pledging themselves to erect thereon a monument to George Rogers Clarke and his men. This was accomplished in 1908, and now a State park of ten acres surrounds the old fort, which has been successively in the possession of Spanish, French, Indian, English and Americans.—MRS. GEORGE T. PAGE, *State regent*, per SARAH BOND HANLEY.

Indiana

Patriotic work has been carried on in broad lines by Indiana Daughters. Our gifts have been large. Our work in former years was directed chiefly to memorials and records of Revolutionary soldiers. We are now spreading a knowledge of American history, institutions, government and good citizenship.—MRS. HENRY A. BECK, *State regent*.

Iowa

The achievement of the Iowa Daughters best love to dwell upon is the marking of the Pioneer Trail—historically known as the "Mormon Trail"—through Iowa. A beautiful monument at Keokuk, erected largely through the efforts of Keokuk Chapter, opened this important undertaking; a second marker, in the form of a drinking fountain, at Chariton will soon be unveiled and the third, another monument, is already well under way through the efforts of Council Bluffs Chapter.—MRS. ROBERT J. JOHNSTON, *State regent*.

Kansas

The Daughters of the American Revolution of Kansas have accomplished much since their organization, but the greatest achievement was the marking of the Old Santa Fe Trail, which extends across the State and is marked according to the government survey, with handsome and durable monuments of granite and bronze.—MRS. GEORGE THATCHER GUERNSEY, *State regent*.

Kentucky

The Kentucky Daughters are interested in many good works, and among our

achievements is the marking of the Daniel Boone Trail from Cumberland Gap to Boonesboro, Ky. The joint monument at Cumberland Gap, erected by North Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee, and Kentucky, was dedicated in June.—HESTER BRYANT GLORE, *State Regent*.

Louisiana

The Louisiana State organization is only seven years old, and at present we have only eight chapters in the State, and the ninth organizing. The State has educated one girl; for three years they paid all of her expenses, amounting to nearly \$300 a year, and have given the Concert Grand Chickering piano, valued at \$2,000, to Memorial Continental Hall. The marking of the old Texas-Natchez trail will be undertaken this year.—MRS. WILLIAM W. WALLIS, *State regent*.

Maryland

Aside from presenting State column to Memorial Continental Hall, furnishing and placing in Maryland room a memorial tablet to former State regent, Mrs. Thom, Maryland has been active at home. The placing of a handsome bronze tablet to Francis Scott Key at Fort McHenry; editing the Patriotic Marylander, establishing a scholarship at St. Mary's Seminary, and the presentation of a memorial urn at the centenary celebration of Washington's monument, Baltimore, being among its great achievements.—MRS. ARTHUR B. BOSLEY, *State regent*.

Massachusetts

The Massachusetts Daughters, with such a wealth of historic spots, have devoted much energy and time, as well as large sums of money, to marking these spots appropriately.

At present patriotic education, among our young people, especially those of foreign birth, is our greatest work. We have contributed much to Memorial Continental Hall building fund and decorations and furnishings. Individual chapters have done big things along historic, patriotic and educational lines.—MRS. GEORGE O. JENKINS, *State regent*.

Michigan

Some achievements of Michigan: 1—Twenty-nine Sons and Children of the Republic Clubs; 2—thirty-three Revolutionary soldiers' graves marked; 3—eighteen real Daughters honored; 4—old territorial road between Detroit and Chicago and nineteen other historic sites marked; 5—approximately five scholarships given annually to Southern mountain schools; 6—contribution to Memorial Continental Hall, including furnishing of Michigan Room, approximately \$10,000; 7—co-operative work with schools and philanthropic and civic enterprises; 8—restoration of original State seal and restoration of first State constitution.—MRS. WILLIAM HENRY WAIT, *State regent*.

Minnesota

Minnesota's greatest undertaking, the restoration of the home of General Sibley, first State governor and heroic Indian fighter. It is situated at Mendota and was presented to us by that parish with approval of Archbishop Ireland. The gift was secured by Mrs. Lucy S. McCourt, St. Paul chapter,—MRS. GEORGE S. SQUIRE, *State regent*.

Missouri

Ever since 1907 the Missouri Daughters of the American Revolution have paid an assessment of ten cents per capita for the maintenance of scholarships in the Mountain School of the Ozarks in Southern Missouri; idea suggested by Mrs. Jno. N. Booth, of St. Louis.

Since 1911 the Missouri D. A. R. have paid an assessment of ten cents per capita towards the locating of old Trails Roads in our State. In 1912 Miss E. B. Gentry, State chairman, granite markers were placed along the Santa Fe Trail from Franklin, Mo., to the Kansas line. In 1913 Mrs. Mark S. Salisbury, State chairman, granite markers were placed along the Boone's Lick Road from St. Louis to Franklin. Beginning of each trail marked by a granite (natural) boulder, with bronze tablet thereon.—MRS. MARK S. SALISBURY, *State regent*.

Nebraska

The Daughters of the American Revolution of Nebraska have doubled the number of chapters in four years and have marked the Old Oregon Trail across the State. Where the trail enters from Kansas on the southeast and leaves at Wyoming on the west are handsome State line markers.—MRS. CHARLES HERBERT AULL, *State regent*.

New Hampshire

New Hampshire is unable to report anything as her "greatest achievement," because her endeavors have been divided among her different committees. Memorial Continental Hall has received her largest contributions of money. In her own State she has given much attention to the marking of historic spots.—MISS ANNIE WALLACE, *State regent*.

New Jersey

The Daughters of the American Revolution of New Jersey have engaged in educational, philanthropic, civic and research work. They have acquired, preserved and marked historic spots and graves of soldiers. A page of history of the Revolutionary war has been recorded in their furnishing and adorning of the New Jersey Room with the wood and iron of the British frigate "Augusta" and the portraits of the New Jersey signers of the Declaration of Independence.—MRS. GEORGE W. GEDNEY, *State regent*.

New York

It is a pleasing duty to report that the New York State organization of over 11,000 Daughters is living up to the great principles of our Society, earnest in spirit and patriotic endeavor, with hope and confidence for greater accomplishment in the future.

Under the head of memorial work, 116 memorials have been erected, 14 historical buildings have been restored, 932 revolutionary graves have been marked. Contributed for educational philanthropic work, \$20,989.92.—MRS. BENJAMIN F. SPRAKER, *State regent*.

North Carolina

Greatest achievements: Monument placed at the birthplace of Andrew Jackson, President of the United States; marker at the birthplace of President James K. Polk, Mecklenburg County; tablet commemorating the visit of George Washington to Salem; tablet commemorating the first town named Washington; flags presented to the U. S. cruiser "North Carolina"; tablet commemorating the generous gift of Elizabeth Maxwell Steele to General Nathaniel Greene in aid of the American cause; artistic marble seat to mark the spot of the General Davie poplar tree at the State University; marking the site of old Fort Dobbs; enclosing with a stone wall at cost of \$400 the cemetery where Alexander Craighead, inspirer of the Mecklenburg Declaration, rests; locating and marking The Old Wilderness Trail of Daniel Boone through North Carolina.—MISS LIDA TUNSTALL RODMAN, *State regent*.

Ohio

Ohio's crowning glory in D. A. R. work has been the endeavor to Americanize the children of foreign born parents through the two societies, founded by two Ohio Daughters; the "Boys of the Republic" Club, founded by Mrs. John Murphy of Cincinnati, and the "Girl Homemakers," founded by Mrs. William B. Neff of Cleveland. The awakening of our civic consciousness has resulted in our effort to mould our foreign youth of today into the American citizen of tomorrow.

This response is a compilation of the thought of Mrs. Kent Hamilton, Mrs. Thomas Kite, Mrs. Edward Orton, Mrs. Clayton R. Truesdall and Mrs. Austen C. Brant, *State regent*.

Oregon

As we have only held our second State conference this spring we cannot claim any great achievement unless it is that we formed a State organization at all. With only two chapters, the State regent, Mrs. John F. Beaumont, achieved this organization, which is causing a State-

wide patriotic movement.—MRS. ISAAC LEE PATTERSON, *State regent*.

Pennsylvania

Only a few of the greatest achievements of Pennsylvania Daughters:

Redoubt of Fort Pitt secured, maintained and kept intact. Banquet hall of Independence Hall restored, which led to restoration of entire building. Club house for enlisted men at Manila. Purchase of George Taylor house, a signer of the Declaration. Developed truer and more intelligent patriotism through archive research and philanthropy.—MISS EMMA L. CROWELL, *State regent*.

Rhode Island

Pawtucket Chapter influenced the City Government to acquire the Daggett Homestead for a park. The chapter gave thirteen row boats, named for the original states; restored the Daggett House, furnishing it with Colonial antiques.

Daggett Park now, with its magnificent trees and chain of lakes, is a grand monument to the Daughters of the American Revolution.—MRS. CHARLES EDMUND LONGLEY, *State regent*.

South Carolina

The greatest completed work of the South Carolina Daughters is the erection of the monument to the Partisan Generals, Sumter, Marion and Pickens, and the South Carolina soldiers of the Revolution. The greatest potential achievement is the establishment of an industrial school for mountain girls.—MRS. F. H. H. CALHOUN, *State regent*.

South Dakota

South Dakota is without State organization as yet. The work is new, but growing. Our chapters now number five, each working along patriotic lines, as prescribed by the National Society. Our membership is above two hundred, and we have one Real Daughter.—MRS. EDWARD B. KEATOR, *State regent*.

Tennessee

The most interesting event of the year in the D. A. R. work in Tennessee is the completion of the marking of the Boone

Trail, or highway, and the celebration at Cumberland Gap, in June, by the four states; North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia and Kentucky. — MRS. GEORGE WHITE BAXTER, *State regent*.

Texas

The work in Texas, like Caesar's Gaul, may be divided into three parts. First, the room of the Corresponding Secretary General was furnished; second, scholarship funds (limit, \$5,000.00), raised for University of Texas; third, King's Highway, or old San Antonio Road, to be marked by boulders every five miles—funds raised.—MRS. ANDREW ROSE, *State regent*.

Utah

Probably the largest achievement of the Spirit of Liberty Chapter, which is the only one in the State of Utah, was the erection several years ago of a granite drinking fountain. The carving on the fountain perpetuates our emblem. The funds were raised by individual contributions from chapter members only. —MRS. LEE CHARLES MILLER, *State regent*.

Vermont

Perhaps the most important work of the Vermont State Conference for the past few years has been in giving money for the inner rail of the staircase in Memorial Continental Hall, Washington; assisting in the education of a boy at Keene Hatten Home, Westminster, Vt., and erecting markers on the Crown Point military road.—MINNIE B. HAZEN, *State regent*.

Virginia

The Virginia D. A. R. have completed recently the marking of the Daniel Boone Trail through this State. Eight concrete monuments, each bearing a cast-iron tablet suitably inscribed, have been erected along the Trail. At Cumberland Gap, where Virginia, Tennessee and Kentucky join, a large pyramidal pedestal has been built with an iron tablet

from each of the four States embedded in the sides. On June 30th, the pedestal was unveiled with beautiful ceremonies.

Virginia's work now is to have established on American soil, a suitable memorial to "*The Greatest American*," Matthew Fontaine Maury.—MRS. JAMES F. MAUPIN, *State regent*, per MRS. ROBERT GRAY, *State secretary*.

West Virginia

The greatest achievement in historical work is the monument erected at Point Pleasant in 1909, in commemoration of the fight between the whites, under Lewis, and the Indians, under Cornstalk, Oct. 10, 1774. It is an obelisk 82 ft., 6 inches high, with a pioneer soldier, and six bronze tablets at the base. Cost, \$24,299.72. MRS. PARKS FISHER, *State regent*, per DELIA A. MCCULLOCH, *State historian*.

Wisconsin

Wisconsin Daughters began their achievements in 1898, when thousands of dollars were raised for our soldiers in the Spanish-American war. Marking historic sites, monuments, civic improvement, special efforts to encourage patriotism and reverence for our flag, have constituted the work of our State and chapter organization.—MRS. JOHN P. HUME, *State regent*.

Wyoming

Wyoming Daughters have been very fortunate in awakening a real and substantial interest in their work of marking the Oregon Trail to historic sites. The legislature of Wyoming has appropriated \$3,000.00 for this work, which last year was ably carried out by the former regent, Mrs. H. B. Patten, and is now being completed with the assistance of the present State regent, who is a member, by appointment of the Governor of the State, of the Wyoming-Oregon Trail Commission, consisting of three members.—GRACE RAYMOND HEBARD, *State regent*.



Photo Harris-Ewing, Washington.

REVOLUTIONARY SILVER

This lovely old silver coffee pot and sugar bowl were a wedding present to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Woodhull, of Setauket, Long Island, N. Y. Mr. Woodhull died during the Revolutionary War, and the silver service has descended from father to son, and is now the property of General Maxwell Van Zandt Woodhull, of Washington, his great-great-grandson.



Photo-Edmonston, Washington.

A WASHINGTON MASONIC PIN

In a gold setting the Masonic insignia is placed on wood which came from the outer casket containing the remains of General George Washington. The wood was taken from the casket when General Washington's remains were removed from the old tomb to the present vault at Mount Vernon.

The Masonic pin belonged to Col. Burwell Bassett Washington, great nephew of General Washington, and is now the property of his daughter, Miss Nannie Bird Washington.



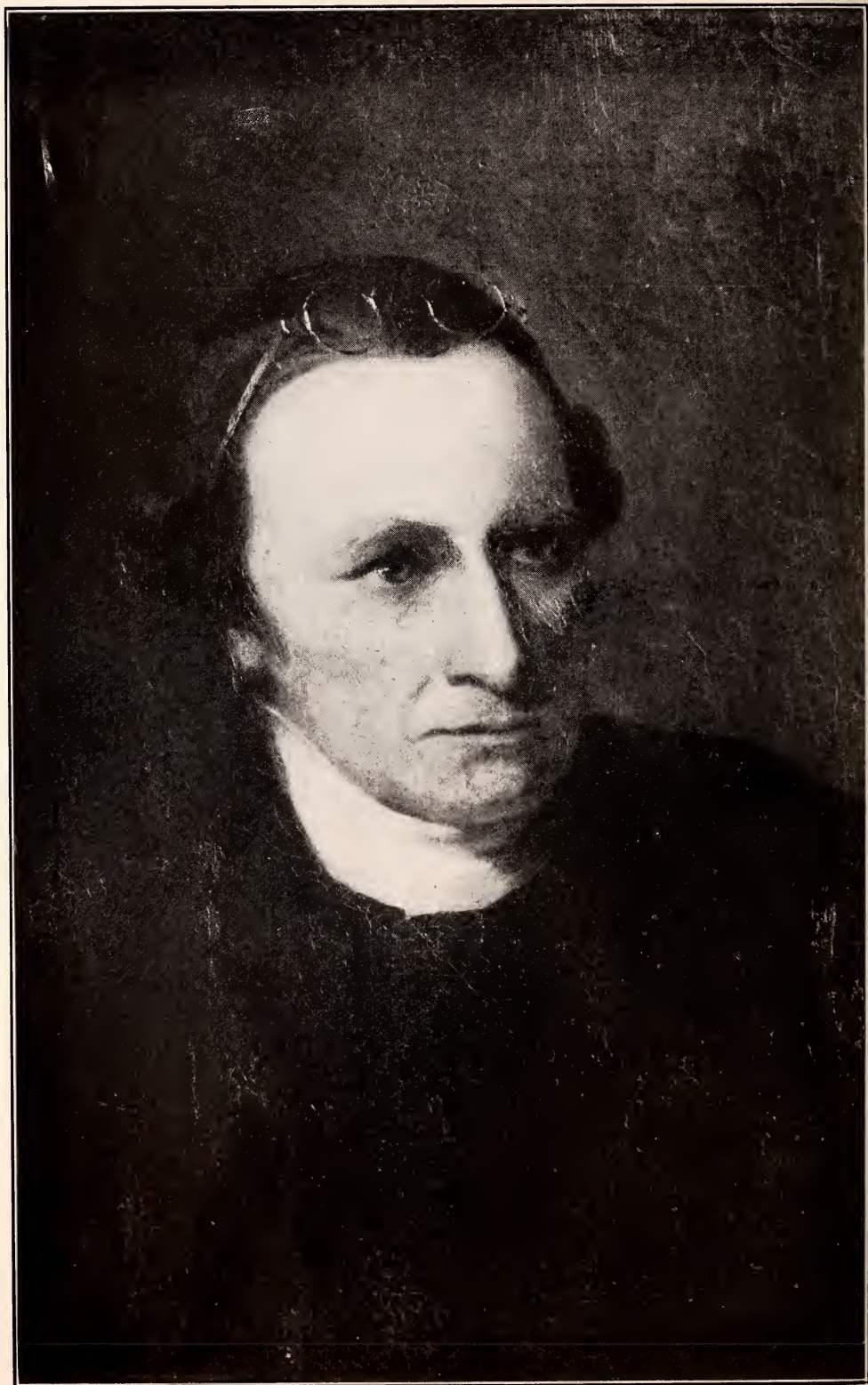
*Patten worn by
Mrs. Richard Woodhull*

*Grand
Mrs. Woodhull*

Photo-Edmonston, Washington.

INDIA RUBBERS OF 1776

These quaint old pattens belonged to Mrs. Richard Bland Lee, of Virginia, whose husband took so distinguished a part in the Revolutionary War. The wooden part of the "rubbers" was made to fit the shoes, leather straps holding them on, and the iron frame, somewhat resembling flat iron holders of today.



PATRICK HENRY

From a painting by Thomas Sully, who used a miniature on ivory painted by a French artist

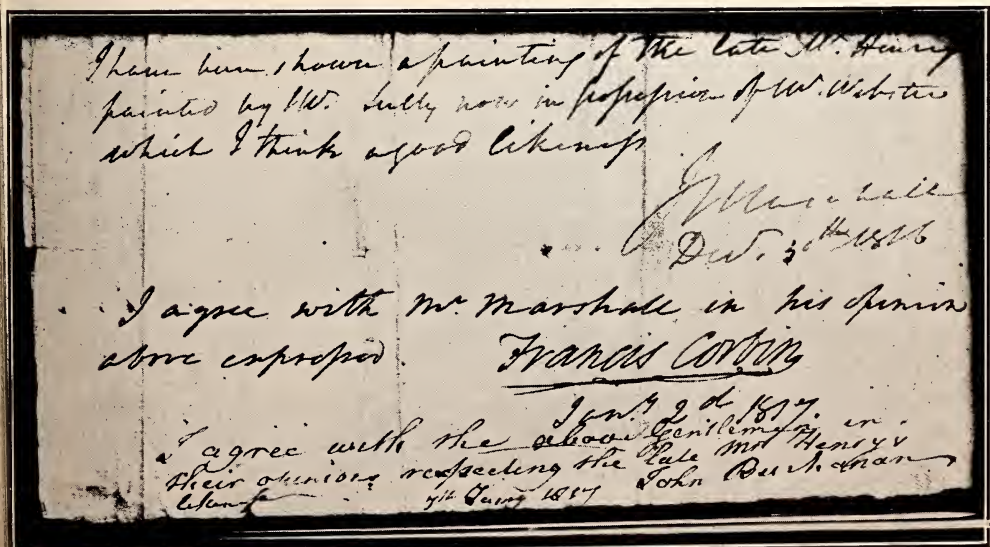
Some Portraits of Patrick Henry

By Elizabeth Henry Lyons

The earliest portrait from life of Patrick Henry (1736-1799), which has been preserved and handed down to us, was made when he was fifty-two years of age. It is a clay bust executed by an Italian who was traveling in America, in 1788. After Henry's death, it became the property of his sister, Elizabeth Henry, who married, first, General William Campbell, the hero of King's mountain, and, after his death, General William Russell. She is celebrated as having had as much personal charm as her beloved brother. She bequeathed the bust to her daughter, Sarah B. Campbell, who married Francis Preston, and she, in turn, left it to her daughter, Sarah B. Preston, who married Governor Floyd. Mrs. Floyd, having no issue, left the bust to her nephew, John M. Preston, in whose possession, at Seven Mile Ford, Virginia, the old Preston place, it now remains, kept with reverent care. (Ms. in possession of author.)

Of this bust, T. W. Walter, of Washington, D. C., wrote, in 1859, "The distinguished patriot sat for it at the request of Judge Tyler, the father of ex-President Tyler; Mr. Madison, Judge Marshall and other friends, during the session of the great Virginia Convention that adopted the constitution of the United States. It was considered a perfect likeness, and is looked upon as invaluable by his family and friends, with whom it has remained ever since and from whom I have received this information." (Ms. in Library of Congress.)

Judge Henry St. George Tucker, writing of Patrick Henry, in 1773, says: "His profile was of Roman cast, though his nose was rather long than high, his forehead high and straight, but forming a considerable angle with his nose; his eyebrows dark, long and full . . . his cheekbones rather high . . . his cheeks hollow; his chin long, but well formed and rounded at the end so as to



ATTESTATIONS OF HENRY'S PORTRAIT BY CHIEF JUSTICE MARSHALL, FRANCIS CORBIN AND
REV. JOHN BUCHANAN

form a proper counterpart to the upper part of the face." (Morgan's "The True Patrick Henry.") These are characteristics of the bust. His grandson, the late William Wirt Henry (my father), had a forehead, eyebrows and deep sunken eyes much resembling those of his ancestor.

The next portrait of Henry is what is known as "The Fleming Miniature," and represents him as several years older. It was presented to Patrick Henry, by the artist, whose name is unknown, and was given by him to Sarah Hoops, the wife of his half-brother, John Syme. By her, it was willed to her grandson, John Syme Fleming, and it long remained in the possession of the Fleming family. It has now become the property of Gilbert S. Parker, of Philadelphia.

When William Wirt was about to publish his *Sketches of Patrick Henry*, he borrowed this miniature from the Syme-Fleming family in order to have a painting made from it by Thomas Sully, of Philadelphia, to be engraved as frontispiece to his book.

John Henry, the youngest son of the patriot, writing to his son, William Wirt Henry, November 5, 1854, said of the Sully portrait "It was painted by Thomas Sully, of Philadelphia, from a miniature painting by a French artist, while the British debt cause was under discussion before the Federal Court, in Richmond, and presented to my father, by the French artist, set in gold, who presented it to his sister-in-law, Mrs. John Syme, of Hanover, Va. The miniature was put into the hands of William Wirt, while he was writing the *Life of Henry*, and by him returned to the Fleming family, of Hanover, descendants of Mrs. Syme, after he had finished the sketch, and after Mr. Sully had painted the portrait from it, who was assisted by Chief Justice Marshall in suggesting some alterations from the miniature. The portrait was hung in the Academy of fine Arts, in Philadelphia, and taken down and sent to me,

by Mr. Wirt, as a present." (Ms. in Library of Congress.) My father, in Appendix VI, to his *Life of Patrick Henry*, adds "Mr. Wirt, while Attorney General of the United States, presented the portrait to John Henry, who was living at Red Hill with his mother. He was too young when his father died to have remembered him, but his mother and older sisters pronounced it the best likeness they ever saw of Patrick Henry." (Henry's *Life, Correspondence and Speeches of Patrick Henry*.)

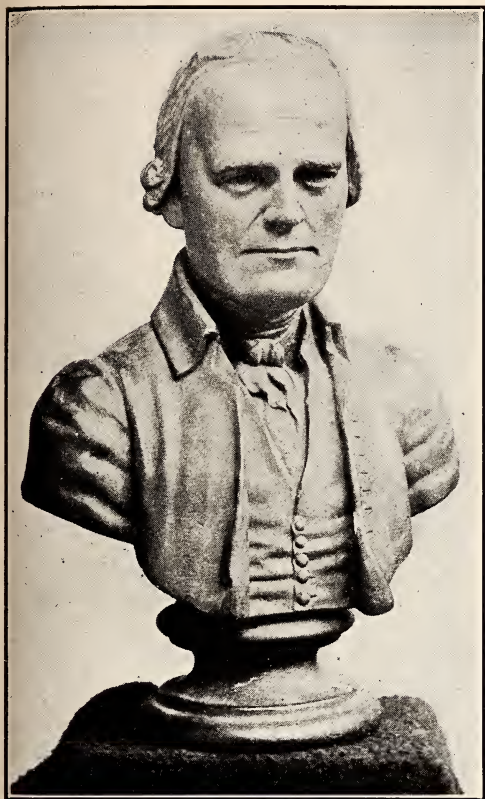
Judge Spencer Roane, who married Anne Henry, daughter of Patrick Henry, in a communication to William Wirt, says: "The miniature shown by Mr. Wirt has some resemblance of Mr. Henry, but is not a good likeness. It makes him too thin and wrinkled, and to appear older than he appeared when I last saw him. I saw that miniature about the time it was taken and gave that opinion then. The portrait I mentioned to Mr. Wirt, if in existence, affords a better likeness." (Ms. in Library of Congress.)

Mr. Wirt, in the preface to the second edition of his "*Sketches of Henry*," says "From Judge Roane the author has received one of the fairest and most satisfactory communications that has been made to him."

The Sully portrait was bequeathed by John Henry to his son, William Wirt Henry, from whom it descended to his daughter, Mrs. Matthew Bland Harrison. It has become the property of Mr. Charles L. Hamilton, of Philadelphia.

Both miniature and portrait represent Henry in a black suit and red cloak with a brown wig. The eyes in both are a dark blue.

Wirt says of Henry that accounts differ as to the color of his eyes "They are almost as various as those which we have of the color of the chameleon—they are said to have been blue-grey, what Lavater calls green, hazel, brown, and black—the fact seems to have been that they were a bluish grey, not large; and being deeply fixed in his head, over-



CLAY BUST OF HENRY

hung by dark, long, and full eyebrows, and further shaded by lashes that were both long and black, their apparent color was as variable as the lights in which they were seen—but all concur in saying that they were, unquestionably the finest feature in his face—brilliant—full of spirit, and capable of the most rapidly shifting and powerful expression—at one time piercing and terrible as those of Mars, and then again soft and tender as those of pity herself.” (Wirt’s *Sketches of the Life and Character of Patrick Henry*.)

Judge Spencer Roane, in his statement to Wirt, said of his father-in-law: “He had a fine blue eye and an excellent set of teeth, which, with the aid of a mouth sufficiently wide, enabled him to articulate very distinctly.” (Ms. in Library of Congress.)

My father, in a note book, date, October 19, 1850, wrote: “I visited my

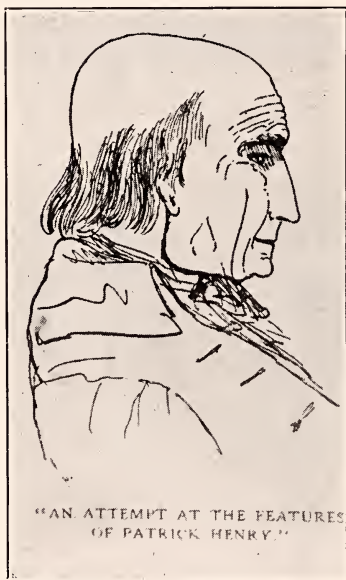
Aunt Scott yesterday, who conversed a great deal about Grandpa . . . I was under the impression that he had a grey eye, but she corrected me and told me to go out on a perfectly cloudless day and look up at the sky, and I would have an exact idea of the color of his eye. She said that few could look him in the face or stand his searching glance for it occurred to every one that he read his innermost soul.” (Note book in the possession of author.)

The “Aunt Scott” mentioned by my father was the daughter of Patrick Henry, and his second wife, who was the handsome Dorothea Dandridge, daughter of Nathaniel West Dandridge, and granddaughter of Governor Alexander Spottiswood. Aunt Scott was born January 4, 1780, and was, consequently, nineteen when her father died. Her name was Sarah Butler and she married, first, Robert Campbell, the brother of the poet, Thomas Campbell, and, afterwards, Alexander Scott. She died December 18, 1856, at “Seven Islands,” one of the many homes in which Patrick Henry dwelt for a time, and where his widow departed life—albeit she no longer bore his name, hav-



THE FLEMING MINIATURE

ing married Judge Edmund Winston. This place was within a few miles of "Red Hill," where Patrick Henry spent his last days and where his remains and those of his "dear Dorothea" lie buried. My grandfather inherited the place and my father spent his early life there within easy reach of his "Aunt Scott." Both "Seven Islands" and "Red Hill" remain in the possession of descendants of Patrick Henry.



FROM JOURNAL OF BENJAMIN LATROBE

Patrick Henry's mouth has been described as very expressive. Judge St. George Tucker says of it: "I find it difficult to describe his mouth, in which there was nothing remarkable, except when about to express a modest dissent from some opinion upon which he was commenting; he had then a half sort of smile in which *want of conviction* was, perhaps, more strongly expressed than that cynical or satirical emotion which probably prompted it." (Morgan's "The True Patrick Henry.")

A great grandson of the patriot, Mr. Stanhope Henry, resembles the Sully

portrait in a remarkable degree and has just such a smile as Tucker describes.

Mr. Wirt was very careful as to the fidelity of the likeness to Patrick Henry of the Sully portrait. He obtained from men who knew him an attestation as to its accuracy. Judge Marshall and Mr. Corbin had served with Patrick Henry in several deliberative bodies, and the Rev. John Buchanan was the Episcopal rector in Richmond.

In 1817 the portrait was engraved by William S. Leney for Mr. James Webster, the publisher of Wirt's *Sketches of Patrick Henry*.

The latest portrait of Patrick Henry was made by Benjamin Henry Latrobe, the architect of the Capitol at Washington. It appears in *The Journal of Benjamin Henry Latrobe, 1796-1820*, edited by J. B. H. Latrobe. It is merely a sketch—called by the artist, "An attempt at the features of Patrick Henry."

Latrobe was an English artist, and landed in this country, at Norfolk, Va., in March, 1796. From there he came to Richmond, Va., where he lived until 1798; it was during this time that he made the sketch of Henry.

When Thomas Crawford was commissioned by the State of Virginia to make an equestrian statue of George Washington with six of his compatriots about him—one of whom was Patrick Henry—he was just beginning to suffer from the disease of the eyes which developed later into cancer and caused him to leave part of his work to be finished by Randolph Rogers. The figure of Washington had been finished by Crawford, and also the figure of Henry, who is represented, sword in hand, in the act of saying, "Give me liberty, or give me death."

There are six allegorical figures surrounding the base of the monument which were entirely the work of Rogers.

In a letter from him to Governor Letcher, written from Rome, in 1860, he says these figures are emblematic of the deeds of valor connected with the lives of the patriots before whom they stand. The one in front of Henry is Revolution represented with a sword in her right hand, pointing with her left to a crown which is crushed under her foot.



FROM CRAWFORD'S MONUMENT OF
WASHINGTON

Crawford got permission to make a tracing from the sketch book of Latrobe for use in making the figure of Henry. This tracing, with the autograph of Crawford, is the property of my sister, Mrs. Matthew Bland Harrison, and hangs at her home, at Red Hill, in the room in which Patrick Henry breathed his last.

Meeting Places of the Continental Congress

The patriots who formed that legislative body celebrated as the Continental Congress led as precarious an existence as any private who shouldered arms in defence of home and country. These law-makers, whose work assisted so materially in the birth of this nation, could not plan with certainty to hold the Continental Congress in any one city. They met, therefore, wherever the exigencies of the times permitted.

Eight cities had the honor and distinction of being the meeting-place of these famous men, the Continental Congress holding its first session at Philadelphia, 1774-1776. It met in Baltimore, 1776; Philadelphia, 1777; Lancaster and York, 1777; Philadelphia, 1778-83; Princeton, 1783; Annapolis, 1783; Trenton, 1784; and New York, 1785-89.

Ready Reference D. A. R. Chronology

Arranged from the Records

- April 30, 1890—Sons of American Revolution in meeting assembled at Lexington, Ky., vote down a motion to admit women to their society.
- July 11, 1890—Banquet of Sons in Washington, D. C., at which Senator John Sherman expresses regret that women are ineligible for membership in their society, and pays high tribute to their work in the Revolution. "They kept the country alive."
- July 13, 1890—Mrs. Mary Smith Lockwood publishes in Washington Post the story of Hannah Arnett (first told by Miss Henrietta Holdich in New York Observer in 1876), closing with the question: "Where will the Sons and Daughters of the American Revolution place Hannah Arnett?"
- July 21, 1890—Mr. William O. McDowell, of Newark, N. J., a great grandson of Hannah Arnett, publishes in the Washington Post an article offering to assist in forming a society, and concluding with a formal call for the organization of "the Daughters of the American Revolution."
- July 21-31, 1890—Call answered by Miss Mary Desha, Miss Eugenia Washington, Mrs. Hannah McLaren Wolff, Mrs. Louise Wolcott Knowlton Browne and Mrs. Mary Morris Hallowell.
- July 30, 1890—Mr. William O. McDowell writes to Miss Desha, insisting on an early meeting, sending a constitution, an application for membership and a check for fees and dues. These are kept in the archives of the society.
- August 8, 1890—Miss Mary Desha calls a meeting for the next day at the Langham Hotel, in the apartment of Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth.
- August 9, 1890—Meeting is held. As Miss Eugenia Washington, Miss Mary Desha, Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth only responded, they proceed to found the society, which by them is declared national; the constitution is revised and adopted; the first board of management is appointed, Miss Desha being chosen chairman; Mrs. Walworth, secretary; Miss Washington, registrar, and Mrs. Benjamin Harrison is proposed as first president general.
- August 10, 1890—Application papers are sent to Mrs. Benjamin Harrison with letter inviting her to be president general.
- August 18, 1890—Notice appears in Washington Post, stating purposes and eligibility clause of society, and requesting women of Revolutionary descent to send their names to the Registrar, Miss Eugenia Washington, 813 13th Street, Washington, D. C.
- September, 1890—Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, on her return to White House, accepts office of president general.
- October 11, 1890—Meeting is held at Strathmore Arms, eighteen members and Mr. McDowell present; work of meeting of August 9 approved, and full organization effected. Those signing formal draft were: Miss Eugenia Washington, Mrs. Flora Adams Darling, Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, Mrs. Mary Morris Hallowell, Miss Susan Riviere Hetzel, Mrs. Margaret Hetzel, Mrs. Mary V. E. Cabell, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Mrs. Alice Morrow Clark, Miss Pauline McDowell, Mrs. Ada P. Kimberley, Mrs. Aurelia Hadley Mohl, Miss Floride Cunningham, Mrs. Caroline L. Ransom, Mrs. Emily Lee Sherwood, Mrs. Harriet Lincoln Coolidge, Mrs. Jennie D. Garrison and Miss Mary Desha. On motion of Mrs. Wm. D. Cabell, Mr. Wm. O. McDowell is elected chairman and Miss Desha secretary pro tem. The constitution adopted August 9 is accepted, subject to further revision by a committee consisting of Mrs. Darling, Mrs. Cabell and Miss Desha. The full election of officers results as follows: Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, president general; vice-president in charge of organization, Mrs. Darling; vice-presidents general, Mrs. Wm. D. Cabell, Mrs. H. V. Boynton, Mrs. A. W. Greely, Mrs. F. P. Sinclair, Mrs. G. Browne Goode, Miss Mary Desha, Mrs. W. C. Winlock, Mrs. David D. Porter; secretaries general, Mrs. Ellen H. Walworth, Mrs. Mary Orr Earle, succeeded by Miss S. P. Breckenridge; registrars, Miss Eugenia Washington, Mrs. Alice M. Clarke; treasurer general, Mrs. Marshall McDonald; historian general, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood; surgeon general, Miss Clara Barton; chaplain general, Mrs. Tunis Hamlin; executive committee, Mrs. Cabell, Mrs. McDonald, Miss Washington, Mrs. Hetzel, Miss Desha, Mrs. Lockwood and Mrs. Walworth.
- October 18, 1890—Adjourned meeting is held at the residence of Mrs. William D. Cabell. Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, president general, present, and organization is completed. At this meeting colors are chosen for rosette. Four resolutions are adopted—(1) Mrs. Coolidge: "That a monument be erected in Paris to the memory of George Washington." (2) Miss Desha: "That aid be given the Mary Washington (monument) Association." (3) Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood: "That the society should secure rooms and later a fireproof

building in which to deposit Revolutionary relics and historic papers." (4) Mrs. Mary E. McDonald: "That life membership dues and charter fees be set aside for this purpose." Resolutions carried.

November 11, 1890—Meeting is held at Mrs. Cabell's residence; Mrs. Benjamin Harrison presiding. Seal already proposed, adopted. Mrs. Simon Bolivar Buckner, of Kentucky, and Mrs. William Wirt Henry, of Virginia, nominated as State regents. First five State regents confirmed: Mrs. N. B. Hogg, of Pennsylvania; Mrs. Joshua Wilbour, of Rhode Island; Miss Louise McAllister, of New York; Mrs. De B. R. Keim, of Connecticut; and Mrs. William Wirt Henry, of Virginia.

December 11, 1890—Motto "Amor patriæ" is changed to "Home and Country" and adopted. January, 1891—Colors—blue and white—adopted for national society.

March 20, 1891—The first chapter in the country is formed in Chicago; Mrs. Frank Osborn, regent.

May 26, 1891—The insignia of society is adopted. Dr. G. Browne Goode applies for patent of design, August 3, 1891; granted September 22, 1891, No. 401,584.

June 8, 1891—The society is incorporated under the laws of Congress for the District of Columbia as the "National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution," the signers of the act of incorporation being Mrs. Caroline Scott Harrison, Mrs. Henrietta Greely, Mrs. Sara E. Goode, Mrs. Mary E. McDonald, Mrs. Mary V. E. Cabell, Mrs. Helen M. Boynton, Miss Eugenia Washington and Miss Mary Desha.

July 1, 1891—The first badge to go to a member is sent from J. E. Caldwell & Company.

October, 1891—National officers, State and chapter regents invited to a conference by the president general. It is held at the residence of Mrs. Cabell, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison presiding. An eloquent appeal for Continental Hall is made by Mrs. Cabell. The next day officers and members attended the first reception given at the White House for the society.

January 15, 1892—The historian general is directed to condense into the form of the "year book" the life histories contained in the files of application papers, and such is the beginning of the publication known as the "Lineage Book of the Daughters of the American Revolution," of which Mrs. Sanders Johnston is editor and compiler.

February 22, 1892—First Continental Congress is held in the Church of Our Father, Mrs. Harrison presiding and making speech of welcome. She is re-elected president general. First reception at White House to Continental Congress.

May, 1892—At a meeting in May, Mrs. Shields offers resolution, which is unanimously adopted, that a magazine, to be the official organ of the society, be published, with Mrs. E. H. Walworth as editor.

October 24, 1892—New Jersey holds first State conference of chapters. This precedent is followed by other States.

October 25, 1892—Death of Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, the first president general.

—, 1893—N. S. D. A. R. first exhibit—World's Columbian Fair, Chicago.

—, 1893—Under a motion by Mrs. E. H. Walworth, the office of president presiding is created at Continental Congress and Mrs. Wm. D. Cabell is elected to the office.

June 14, 1893—National Board of Management recommends to all members the display of the National Flag upon their homes on July 4.

February 22, 1894—Portrait of Mrs. Harrison, the gift of the society to the nation, is unveiled; Mrs. Walworth, originator of plan and chairman of committee.

February, 1894—Amendment to constitution establishing lineal descent as requisite of membership, to the exclusion of collateral descent through "mother of patriot."

February 22, 1895—Office of honorary president general is created, to be filled only by retired presidents general.

February, 1895—Committee appointed for aiding monument to the martyrs of the prison ships of the Revolution.

—, 1895—At the Continental Congress of 1895 Mrs. Daniel Lothrop makes eloquent plea for the formation of a similar society among the children of the land. She prepares a constitution which is adopted by the National Board of Management.

April 5, 1895—National Society of the Children of the American Revolution incorporated in Washington, D. C.

May 11, 1895—First branch of the Children of the American Revolution is formed at Concord, Mass.

July 4, 1895—First public meeting of Children of the American Revolution is held at the Old South Meeting House, Boston.

February 20, 1896—Charter is granted society signed by Grover Cleveland, President; Adlai E. Stevenson, Vice-President; Thomas B. Reed, Speaker of the House of Representatives; and Richard Olney, Secretary of State.

- February —, 1896—Library is provided for. Office of librarian general created, and Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee is first librarian general.
- , 1896—First prizes awarded for best biographies of women of the Revolution by members of the society; recipients: Mrs. Florence E. D. Muzzy, of Bristol, Conn.; Mrs. Clara Waring, of Columbia, S. C.
- March, 1896—First Statute Book Committee.
- February 27, 1897—Memorial and bill of Mrs. Kempster, to prevent misuse, mutilation or improper use of the flag, is presented to Continental Congress. First Committee appointed. Adopted and presented to the United States Congress, December 18, 1897.
- February 27, 1897—Resolution to confer Founders' medals is passed.
- February 24, 1898—Medals presented; three bearing the word "Founder" are given to Miss Eugenia Washington, Miss Desha and Mrs. Walworth; one bearing a pen and the word "Service" given to Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.
- April, 1898—Services of the National Society are offered to the President of the United States and the surgeons general of the army and navy for the war with Spain. Hospital corps is organized, Dr. A. N. McGee, director; Mrs. Amos G. Draper, treasurer; \$65,000 disbursed, 1,700 nurses certified.
- July 22, 1898—Steam launch voted, purchased and presented to the government as tender to the hospital ship Missouri.
- July 3, 1900—Statue of Washington, presented by the women of America, is unveiled at the Paris Exposition. Mrs. Daniel Manning, president general, representing the United States and the Daughters of the American Revolution, under the appointment of the President of the United States, Hon. William McKinley. The date selected is the one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of that on which George Washington took command of the American army at Cambridge.
- July 4, 1900—Statue of Lafayette (plaster replica) from the children of America is unveiled in Paris, Mrs. Manning again representing this country and the national society. She is decorated with the medal of the Legion of Honor, presented by M. Loubert, President of the French Republic.
- Thanksgiving Day, 1900—Miss Eugenia Washington, "Founder," dies.
- June 4, 1902—Initial plans for Continental Hall are adopted. Site is selected, purchase ordered, cost of same \$50,266.17. Meeting called by President General Mrs. Charles Fairbanks, at her home. Committee on architecture appointed to invite competition, receive plans and report on same.
- October 11, 1902—Ground is broken for Continental Hall with Montana spade, the president general, Mrs. Fairbanks, turning the first sod, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood the next. This spot marked by a handsome slab of granite presented by J. Veihmeyer. Block of white marble sent from White House for same purpose. This is incorporated in the building. It is inscribed: "From the home of the first President General of the Daughters of the American Revolution."
- February 23, 1903—Flag, presented by the Sons of the American Revolution, is raised on site by Miss Mary Desha.
- June 4, 1903—The building committee selects Edward Pearce Casey, of New York City, to be the architect.
- January 8, 1904—Architect's plans and preliminary sketches are accepted and working plans are commenced the following day.
- March 18, 1904—Contracts for "excavation and building foundation" are approved and signed.
- April 19, 1904—The cornerstone is laid under the auspices of the Masonic Fraternity, with impressive ceremonies, the gavel used being the one with which George Washington laid the cornerstone of the National Capitol in 1793.
- April 17, 1905—Completed portion of hall is dedicated and Fourteenth Continental Congress held within its walls, the president general, Mrs. Fairbanks, presiding.
- April 17, 1907—Memorial portico is dedicated with appropriate ceremonies, during the Sixteenth Congress, the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, presiding.
- , 1907—Silk Flag is presented to the United States naval authorities and General Horace Porter, chairman of the Paul Jones Committee, to enshroud the remains of the famous hero when brought from France for burial.
- April 22, 1908—The president general, Mrs. McLean, proposes bonding the national society at the Seventeenth Congress. Arrangements are made with the American Security and Trust Company for the \$200,000 loan, but it is found necessary to borrow only \$185,000.
- July 4, 1908—Completed statue of Lafayette replaces the plaster replica in Paris.
- February 22, 1910—Continental Hall completed.
- March 28, 1910—National society offices removed to Continental Hall.
- April 18, 1910—Continental Hall becomes the actual headquarters of the society; Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, president general.

April, 1910—The President of the United States, Hon. William H. Taft, addresses the Continental Congress.

January 29, 1911—Miss Mary Desha, "Founder," dies.

—, 1912—The education of Southern mountaineers, many of Revolutionary descent, is undertaken as a solemn patriotic duty at the Continental Congress.

—, 1914—At the Congress of 1914—(1) A Bill to raise restriction on real estate and personal holdings from one-half to one million dollars, and (2) a bill to provide for purchase of land adjoining rear of building, are presented by the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution to the United States Congress.

May 23, 1914—The president general, Mrs. Story, takes an option on 13,258 feet of land adjoining Memorial Continental Hall.

September 9, 1914—The president general, Mrs. Story, in a personal interview with the President of the United States offers the services of the National Society for relief work in the European war. The President replies that in his estimation the Red Cross, the government's authorized channel, will be the most effective medium through which the Daughters of the American Revolution can best serve humanity. On the same date the president general, Mrs. Story, sends out appeal for the Red Cross to each State regent, who is requested to consider herself the chairman of her State, and each chapter regent the chairman of her chapter, to raise funds, which are to be sent to the treasurer general, who will transmit all funds to the Red Cross.

April 22, 1915—Amount contributed to Red Cross shown by treasurer general's report is \$15,259.21, to Belgium relief \$539.60. Both sums were for use of European war sufferers. Bonded debt of Memorial Continental Hall reduced to \$50,000. Amount subscribed for purchase of land adjoining Memorial Continental Hall, \$4,878.50.

June 23, 1915—Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, "Founder," dies.

Engraved Portraits of American Patriots

Made by Saint Memin in 1796-1810

By Natalie Sumner Lincoln

(Continued from September Magazine)

(Copyright, 1915, by Corcoran Gallery of Art.)

In the famous collection of Saint Memin portraits of distinguished Americans at the Corcoran Gallery of Art, in Washington, only two of the portraits are full face, the others being profiles. All are taken from life with the exception of William Bradford's portrait and one of the tiny prints of George Washington which was drawn from a bust. The third exception is a profile likeness of Theodosia Burr, which was engraved after a

painting from life, by Vanderlyn, executed when Theodosia was nine or ten years old. The original was owned by Judge Edwards of Staten Island.

The two full face engravings are of William Bradford and Miss Jay, and so fine is their execution that it is to be regretted that the French artist confined his work almost exclusively to profile likenesses.

William Bradford, attorney general of the United States, born in Philadel-





phia, Pa., Sept. 14, 1755, died Aug. 23, 1795, was the son of Col. William Bradford, of Revolutionary fame. The younger William became even more distinguished than his gallant father. Graduating from Princeton in 1772, he studied law with Edward Shippen, and was admitted to the bar of the Supreme Court in 1779. When the Philadelphia militia was called out and formed a flying camp, he served as major of brigade to Gen. Roberdeau, later accepting the command of a company in Col. Hampton's regiment of regulars. Soon afterward he was made deputy muster master-general, with the rank of lieutenant colonel. Two years later failing health forced him to resign his commission and return home. In 1780 he was appointed attorney general of Pennsylvania. Four years later he married the daughter of Elias Boudinot, the celebrated philanthropist, of Philadelphia, Pa., and Bordentown, N. J.

When the judiciary was reorganized under the new constitution of Pennsylvania, Bradford was appointed, Aug. 22, 1791, a judge of the supreme court. On Jan. 8, 1794, he succeeded Edmund Randolph as attorney general of the United States, by the appointment of President Washington, which position he held until his death.

While Saint Memin wrote the name of each subject under the portrait, he did not keep a complete record of all his

work. There are two portraits, one a full face, marked "Miss Jay," and the other a profile likeness under which he has written, "Miss Maria Jay." Therefore, it is left to their descendants to ascertain whether either or both are daughters of John Jay, the illustrious American.

Executed with infinite care, the profile likeness of Cornelia Schuyler is one of the best examples of Saint Memin's work. The daughter of Gen. Philip

Schuyler, she was one of the greatest beauties of her day. Miss Schuyler married Washington Morton, brother of Gen. Jacob Morton. Besides being a well known lawyer, of New York City, Mr. Morton was famed for his interest in sport. His portrait faces that of his wife.

The exploits of Meriwether Lewis, soldier and explorer, are known to every school boy of today. Born near Charlottesville, Va., Aug. 18, 1774, he

died by his own hand, in Tennessee, Oct. 11, 1809, aged but thirty-five years. Inheriting a moderate fortune from his father, he left his farm when General Washington called for volunteers in 1794, to quell the "Whiskey Insurrection," in western Pennsylvania, afterwards joining the regular service. From 1801-1803, Lewis served as private secretary to President Thomas Jefferson, and was recommended by the latter to Congress to command the exploring expedition across the continent to the Pacific slope. In company with Capt. William



MISS JAY

Clark, 14 soldiers, 9 Kentuckians, 2 Canadian boatmen, an interpreter, and a negro servant, he started in the summer of 1803 on his perilous mission. The Lewis and Clark expedition added lustre to the pages of American history. On their return Lewis was made Governor of Missouri Territory, and Clark, general of its militia, and Indian agent. In the comparative quiet of his new mode of life, Lewis commenced to suffer from hypochondria, hereditary in his family. During one of these seasons of depression he was called to Washington, and at a lodging place on the road he put an end to his life.

Among Maine's distinguished heroes the name of Caleb Swan takes high rank. He became an ensign in the 4th Massachusetts Continental infantry, 26th Nov., 1779, and was later transferred to the 8th infantry, which in 1784 became part of the 1st American regiment of infantry. He was a great favorite of General Washington's, who honored him with the first commission under our government for the office of paymaster. He also served in the Indian campaign under General Wayne. He was made paymaster general in 1808. He was an original member of the Society of the Cincinnati.

The portraits of David Meade Randolph and his wife are among the most interesting in the Saint Memin collection. He was the second son of Richard Randolph, of Curles, who was the fifth in descent from Pocahontas. David Randolph died Sept. 23, 1830, aged 72. During the revolution he served with volunteer cavalry, in Virginia, and he knew, intimately, the most distinguished men of his day. At the close of the war he was appointed, by Washington, United States marshal of Virginia, which post he held until Jefferson's administration.

Capt. James Lawrence was born in Burlington, N. J., in October, 1781, and died of wounds received in action with the British frigate Shannon, June 5, 1813, at the age of thirty-two. He mar-

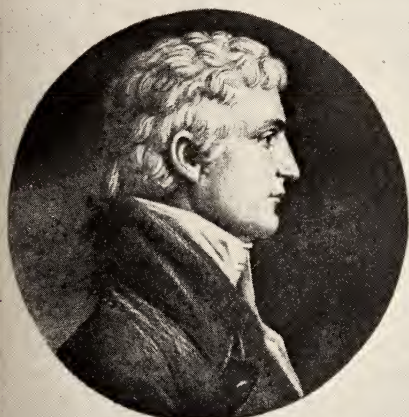
ried the daughter of Mr. Monlandever, a merchant of New York City.

Few Americans have so long a record of gallant deeds as his short, but brilliant career affords. Beginning with service in Tripoli, when he was of the party who destroyed the frigate Philadelphia, one of the most intrepid acts in naval annals, Congress voted him \$80.00 in money, which he declined to receive. As Captain of the Hornet, he engaged and conquered the British sloop of war Peacock, for which Congress awarded him a gold medal. In June, 1813, when in command of the frigate Chesapeake, he engaged the British frigate, Shannon in a long and sanguinary battle, and in the very act of boarding the enemy's ship he fell, mortally wounded. As he was borne from the deck, he gave the immortal order; "Don't give up the ship!"

Capt. Lawrence was of fine, commanding figure, a calm and collected officer, much beloved by his comrades and men. He left his wife and two children the legacy of his undying fame.

Caesar Rodney, one of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence, was born in Dover, Del., Oct. 7, 1728, and died there, June 29, 1784. He inherited a large estate from his father. He was major general of militia, refused an appointment as judge of the supreme court, and was a delegate to the Stamp Act Congress. In 1767, when the Tea Act was proposed by the British Parliament, the Delaware Assembly appointed him, with Thomas McKean and George Read, to formulate an address to King George, in which armed resistance to tyranny was foreshadowed. In August, 1777, when the British advanced into Delaware, he collected troops, by direction of General Washington, and cut them off from the fleet. Dying at the age of fifty-six, he left a record of distinguished services to his country seldom surpassed.

De Witt Clinton was the son of General James and Mary (De Witt) Clinton. He was born at Little Britain, New Windsor, colony of New York, March 2, 1769,



Photos, Rice Studio, Washington

SAINT MEMIN'S ENGRAVED PORTRAITS OF AMERICAN PATRIOTS

Top row, left to right, Miss Cornelia Schuyler, Washington Morton. Second row, Meriwether Lewis, Caleb Swan. Third row, Mr. and Mrs. David Meade, Randolph

and died at Albany, N. Y., Feb. 11, 1828. He was twice married; first, to Maria Franklin, an heiress, who died in 1818, and in the following year he married Catherine Jones, who survived him.

Mr. Clinton became the private secretary of Gov. George Clinton, and shortly afterward was made one of the board of regents of the University. He raised, equipped, and commanded an artillery company for the defense of the country when it was threatened with war. At the early age of thirty-three he was made United States senator, and was recognized in that body as a leading federalist. He resigned from the Senate to become mayor of New York City, and afterward lieutenant-governor of the State. In 1816, Mr. Clinton was unanimously elected governor of New York, which office he held for twelve years. He possessed delightful personality, both in form and feature; his face was strikingly intellectual, and he was fascinating in manner, but he was chiefly distinguished for his brilliant oratory and firm patriotism.

To him New York owes the construction of the Erie Canal, and when he died, in 1828, the State celebrated his funeral with all the pomp and ceremony of a national sorrow.

The celebrated lawyer, John Wick-

ham, was born in Southold, Long Island, June 6, 1763, and died in Richmond, Va., Jan. 17, 1839. In his youth he was intended for the army, becoming a student at the military academy at Arras, France. In 1785 he settled in Williamsburg, Va., and two years later commenced the practice of law. In 1790 he removed to Richmond, Va., where he quickly became the head of his profession. His most important case was the trial of Aaron Burr for treason against the United States, when he was counsel for the defendant.

Mr. Wickham possessed forensic eloquence to a great degree, and was noted for his fine presence and courtly manners. Tom Moore, the poet, said of him; "Mr. Wickham was the only gentleman he had found in America," adding, "he would grace any court of Europe."

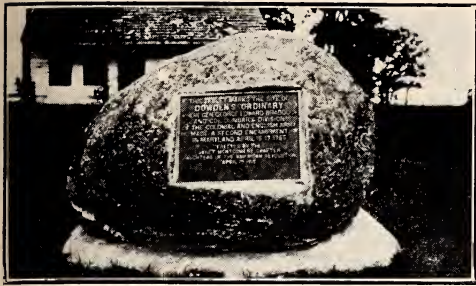
Mr. Wickham declined political office, although he could easily have obtained it. His wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Seldon Wickham, was the daughter of Dr. James McClurg, a physician of great eminence and member of the convention that formed the constitution of the United States. Mrs. Wickham was greatly admired for her beauty. Their descendants settled in Virginia, South Carolina and Missouri. A daughter married Benjamin Watkins Leigh.

(This series to be continued.)

Notice

To insure accuracy in the reading of proper names it is required that all articles for this magazine be typewritten.—*Editor.*

Unveiling Boulder Marking Dowden's Ordinary



BOULDER ERECTED BY JANET HONTGOMERY
CHAPEL

On May 10, 1915, two thousand persons gathered at Clarksburg to witness the unveiling of the large boulder erected by the Janet Montgomery Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution of Montgomery County, Md., marking "Dowden's Ordinary," the site of the second encampment in Maryland of General George Edward Braddock and his command on their march from Georgetown to Fort Duquesne in 1775.

The bronze tablet bears the following inscription:

This Tablet marks the site of

DOWDEN'S ORDINARY

*Where Gen. George Edward Braddock
and Col. Dunbar's Division
of the Colonial and English Army
made a second Encampment in Maryland
April 15-17, 1755.*

*Erected by the
Janet Montgomery Chapter
Daughters of the American Revolution
April 15, 1915.*

The committee in charge of the exercises consisted of Mrs. Frank P. Stone, chairman of the committee on historic spots; Mrs. J. Frank Wilson, regent of the chapter; Mrs. William H. Talbott, former regent; Mrs. James H. Loughborough, vice-regent, and others.

Hon. John Barrett, director-general of the Pan-American Union, and Representative David J. Lewis delivered addresses. Secretary Garrison was unable to attend, but he honored the occasion by sending the U. S. Engineers' Band.

The exercises began at 2.30, with Judge Edward C. Peter presiding. Following the invocation by Rev. George S. Duncan of Washington, Mrs. Frank P. Stone read a paper dealing with incidents connected with General Braddock's march and events preceding and following it, and documentary evidence to show that the route through this county which has been marked by the Daughters of the American Revolution was that taken by Braddock in 1755.

Following Mrs. Stone's paper, Mr. Barrett and Representative Lewis spoke. In the course of his remarks, Mr. Barrett declared that this country is now undergoing the greatest crisis since the Declaration was signed, and Representative Lewis also referred to the "serious emergency," both speakers expressing confidence that the President could be relied upon to handle the situation to the satisfaction of the American people.

Immediately after Representative Lewis' address the boulder was unveiled by Miss Olivia Green and Master Robert Green, children of Robert J. Green of Clarksburg and descendants of Michael Dowden, who kept "Dowden's Ordinary" at the time of Braddock's encampment there.

As the flags which hid the boulder were withdrawn the band played the "Star-Spangled Banner." The benediction was pronounced by Rev. John T. Coolahan of Rockville, after which "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," was sung.

"Dowden's Ordinary" is at the eastern end of Clarksburg, and is now owned by Dr. James E. Deets, the main part of the old tavern is still standing, and in spite of its great age is in a fair state of preservation.

The old building was in gala attire, with its decorations of flags, one of which was the British Union Jack obtained through the courtesy of Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador.

The march of General Braddock and his men started at the old tobacco house in Georgetown (then in Maryland). The first encampment was at "Owens' Ordinary," now Rockville; this site has also been marked by the same chapter.

These two points will assume new interest when the National Old Trails Road has been signed throughout the State. And the further fact that a perfect stone

road is near completion leaves nothing to be desired from a patriotic standpoint. Thousands of motorists now pass over this road, little dreaming they are on historic ground, but the placing of the beautiful road sign will show that Maryland is proud of her historic past, and let others know the prominent part she played in that critical period of our nation's history.

A Second Appeal for the French Red Cross

From the Countess de Tavera

When the chapters meet this fall I hope they will take up with enthusiasm the work of assisting a sister Republic, by co-operating with and supporting unanimously the Ambulance Fund. Many letters of encouragement and the promise of a large contribution of supplies have been received, the details of which I shall make public in the November Magazine.

All contributions of clothing should be plainly marked D. A. R. for French Red Cross, bearing the name and address of shipper and sent to

RELIEF CLEARING HOUSE

150 Bank Street New York, N. Y.

All contributions of old gold and silver and all checks should be sent to

Ambulance Fund,
Columbia National Bank,
Washington, D. C.

Funds received prior to September 2:	
Previously acknowledged	\$518.42
Gen. Daniel Stewart Chapter,	
Ga.	2.00
Ganowauges Chapter, N. Y.	2.90
Old Cheraws Chapter, S. C.	1.00
Rochester Minnesota Chapter,	
Minn.	1.50
Army and Navy Chapter, D. C.	9.00
Emily Virginia Mason Chapter,	
Mich.	1.70



COUNTESS BEATRICE DE TAVARA

Delaware County Chapter, Pa...	1.00
Mary Ball Chapter, Wash.....	1.70
Our Flag Chapter, Washington,	
D. C.	1.50
Francis Shaw Chapter, Iowa...	5.00
Hetuck Chapter, Ohio.....	5.00
Joseph Spencer Chapter, Ohio..	5.00
Santa Barbara Chapter, Cal....	17.00
Beatrice de Tavera, sale of La	
Fayette buttons	35.86
Total	\$608.58

BEATRICE DE TAVARA.

Address, 15 Broad St., New York, N. Y.

Dedication of Lincoln Highway Flagstaff

By the Mary Penrose Wayne Chapter of Indiana

The sixty-foot white flagstaff, its concrete base bearing the inscription, "Erected by the Mary Penrose Wayne Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution," was dedicated with impressive ceremonies on June 21, 1915, in the presence of a notable gathering of the Daughters of the American Revolution, their guests, and officials of the Lincoln Highway. The flagstaff stands at the entrance of the Lincoln Highway into the city of Fort Wayne, Ind.

In the absence of the regent of the chapter, Mrs. J. B. Crankshaw, who was called away by the illness of her father, Mrs. B. J. Griswold, vice-regent, presided. In a few well-chosen words she introduced Mrs. Carolyn Randall Fairbank, and the latter, in presenting the flagstaff to the Lincoln National Highway Association, paid an eloquent tribute to the "Martyr President" and to the patriotic women of the country who are doing so much to "cherish, maintain and extend the patriotic institutions of America."

The vice-regent then introduced Mr.

Charles A. Bookwalter, of Indianapolis, who said: "I accept the privilege of responding to the presentation of this flagpole with an appreciation of what this ceremony means, in the co-operation of the women of the nation in this work, as well as in all other enterprises which mark the development of our country. It shows that they occupy a position which women of no other nation possess. We accept this donation, and shall always treasure the acts of patriotism of the women of Fort Wayne."

The Stars and Stripes were then hoisted to the top of the pole during the singing of the "Star-Spangled Banner." Two verses of "America" were also sung, and Old Glory was left to wave a welcome to the hundreds of beautifully decorated automobiles in the parade in the afternoon.

The dedication ceremonies of the first stretch of concrete on the coast-to-coast route surpassed anything yet met by the Lincoln National Highway Association. The program of the day's celebration was as follows: Moving pictures



LINCOLN HIGHWAY FLAGSTAFF

of the flag drill of seventy-five girls at Old Fort Park; reception of National Consul Osterman; D. A. R. flag raising; reception of Vice-President Marshall; pageant of 864 decorated automobiles; drill by Culver Black Horse troop; speeches by the Vice-President, Consul Osterman, and others; banquet and reception at Anthony Hotel in honor of the Vice-President, and a dance at the Country Club.

The first prize (\$25) for the best decorated automobile in the parade was awarded to J. B. Crankshaw. With him

in the automobile were Mrs. J. B. Griswold, vice-regent; Mrs. I. N. Taylor and Mrs. Martha Bandriff Hanna, of the Mary Penrose Wayne Chapter. Mrs. Hanna, on her wedding trip to Washington, D. C., fifty years ago, and Mrs. Eliza Hanna Hayden, also a D. A. R., attended a reception given by Abraham Lincoln in the White House. Miss Barbara, of Lake City, Fla., a fourth cousin of Abraham Lincoln, was a guest in the parade.—*MARTHA BANDRIF HANNA, historian.*

Work of the Chapters

Margaret Goffe Moore Chapter (Madison, Me.) was organized January, 1908, with twenty-three charter members, and at the close of this year's work (May, 1915) numbers fifty-nine. During the past seven years we have lost seven members by death and several have been transferred to other chapters or made members-at-large. At least one-third of our number are non-resident members. Monthly meetings, with varied programs, are held throughout the year in the homes of members.

During these years of work several graves of Revolutionary soldiers have been located and marked; an old cemetery cleared of rubbish and fenced; flags given to all the schools in town, and in 1915 a large flag was purchased for the Madison Public Library.

We have contributed to State work, to Opportunity Farm (a home for boys), to Memorial Continental Hall debt, and responded to smaller demands for financial aid.

In 1914 our chapter and Ruth Heald Cragin Chapter, of North Anson, together erected a boulder in Anson to mark Arnold's trail in 1775. The boulder is a native stone with bronze tablet

bearing the D. A. R. insignia and the following inscription

THIS BOULDER
MARKS THE COURSE OF THE ROAD
CUT THROUGH THE FOREST BY
COLONEL BENEDICT ARNOLD
IN OCTOBER, 1775,
FOR CARRYING PAST THESE FALLS ON THE
MARCH OF HIS ARMY TO QUEBEC.
TO COMMEMORATE THE EVENT THIS
TABLET IS PLACED BY
MARGARET GOFFE MOORE CHAPTER
OF MADISON
AND
RUTH HEALD CRAGIN CHAPTER
OF NORTH ANSON,
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

The boulder was unveiled with appropriate exercises October 24, 1914. In that same year the chapter began collecting data of the early history of Madison, and we look forward to its publication.

This year we have taken the first steps toward forming an historical collection for the Madison Public Library. Strong public interest has been awakened in our project, and the chapter has been assisted financially by a gift from the

town to help carry on the work, which is only in its infancy. We hope in the future to achieve a valuable collection.

The social life of the chapter has been very pleasant. Several times each year social gatherings are held, to which guests are invited. To obtain funds to carry on our work we have had entertainments, birthday parties, Japanese teas, and food sales.

Our State regent for the past two years, Mrs. W. C. Robinson, is a member of an adjoining chapter, and she has been at our meetings on several occasions. We have greatly enjoyed her visits. Several times the chapter has been represented at the Continental Congresses in Washington, and always at the Maine State conference by the regent and delegates.

Our meetings are well attended, much interest is manifested in whatever work is undertaken, and we try to foster true patriotism and love of country. —ROXIE CHURCHILL LUCE, *historian*.

Bonneville Chapter (Lexington, Neb.).—A preliminary organization of our chapter was formed February 26, 1913, at the residence of the historian, with thirteen charter members. April 7 a permanent organization was effected, when we met at the home of our organizing regent, Mrs. B. B. Baker, and had as our guest Mrs. Charles Oliver Norton, State regent, who gave us a fine address. This was followed by a banquet.

We now have a membership of seventeen, and a number of new papers have been recently sent to Washington for approval. Six of our members are non-resident, and we have lost one of our charter members in the death of Mrs. Ella Rankin Campbell.

May 30, 1913, by invitation of members of the G. A. R., we took part in the Memorial Day exercises. Our regent sang delightfully "The Red, White and Blue," and one of our members read a paper explaining the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

July 1, of the same year, when the

corner-stone of our new courthouse was laid, we deposited a packet containing newspaper clippings and papers relative to our society's work, also our chapter membership list. This packet was wrapped in a silk flag, the gift of Mrs. Norton. In October each member handed in one dollar, with the story of how she had earned it, to increase the amount in our treasury.

The annual meeting in May, 1914, was held at the home of our regent, and the election of officers was followed by a banquet given by the regent and her daughter, Miss Ridgway. In October a dinner was given by the chapter at the home of Mrs. A. H. Evans in honor of Miss Ridgway, who left the following week to pursue a course of study in Philadelphia.

We were represented by two delegates at the State conference in 1914, also in 1915, and hope some day to be represented at the Continental Congress.

Last winter we sent \$5 to the Red Cross Society and the same amount to the Martha Berry School in Georgia. In the fall we published our first year-book, and we have had a program following the business meeting every month. Our programs have been miscellaneous, but we recently purchased "Pioneer Mothers of America," and it will be used as the basis of our study for our coming year. February 26, 1915, we celebrated our second anniversary at the residence of the historian, where our first meeting was held. On Arbor Day the chapter planted an elm tree in the city park, to be known as the D. A. R. tree.

At the annual meeting in May our vice-regent, Mrs. C. F. Spencer, was elected to succeed Mrs. Baker, who has served us so faithfully during the past two years. At our June meeting we entertained three members from Gathenburg, Neb., at a luncheon given at the home of Mrs. L. T. Smith, and after the business meeting a Flag Day program was given.

The first bride of the chapter was

Miss Verna Stebbins, of Gathenburg, who married Mr. Arthur Greensled a short time ago.

Several copies of the magazine are taken; we observe all Flag Days and are working to increase our membership, as well as trying to do our share of patriotic work.—(Mrs.) ELLA MAXWELL COOK, *historian*.

Rochester Chapter (Rochester, Minn.).—Our topic for the past year has been Alaska. Besides valuable papers prepared by our members upon the subject, Dr Foss, a member of the Mayo staff, gave a most interesting lecture, illustrated with views taken by himself while engaged in hospital work in the far north. The lecture, arranged by the program committee, Mrs. C. M. Judd and Mrs. E. O. Holland, was given in Mayo Library and attended by the Daughters and their friends.

Washington's Birthday was observed at the home of Mrs. Arthur Gooding. Colonial days were cleverly represented by both decorations and costumes. One feature of the entertainment was the playing by the hostess of twenty old songs and a prize awarded to the guest who was able to recognize the largest number of them.

At the annual election the officers elected were as follows: Regent, Mrs. Arthur Gooding; vice-regent, Mrs. Nevin Pollock; recording secretary, Mrs. Alzada Holland; corresponding secretary, Mrs. E. G. Knowlton; registrar, Miss Ida Wing; treasurer, Mrs. J. L. Brin; historian, Mrs. Bell B. Welsh; chaplain, Mrs. Burt Eaton.

The picnic was held at the beautiful summer home of Mrs. Burt Eaton at Oronoco, on the banks of Lake Shady.

A thrilling story is told by our "real" granddaughter, Mrs. Sopranra Gustine. Her maternal grandfather was Ebenezer Henick. During the Revolution he was stationed with his company at Fort Herkimer, N. Y. Back of the fort was a large pasture separated from the woods by a rail fence. The pasture was

used by a widow, living back of the fort, whose little girl took their cow to and from pasture daily. One night the child came back in a terrible condition, having been scalped by Indians. Word was sent to the fort at once, and a company of soldiers under command of their major was sent out to capture the savages. On crossing the pasture an Indian was seen sitting on the rail fence, apparently whittling a stick. They pursued him into the woods and there fell into the ambush prepared for them by their crafty foes. The major, realizing the situation, shouted the order "Each man for himself."

Ebenezer Henick, being agile and swift of foot, escaped the massacre, but as he reached the fence on his way to the fort, a tomahawk whistled over his head and hit the fence. He coolly picked it up as he continued his flight.

General Schuyler, who was in command at Albany, on hearing from Fort Herkimer, immediately reinforced the post, and again the soldiers sallied forth, Ebenezer going with them. As they made their way through the woods they discovered the body of the major terribly mutilated. The expedition finally succeeded in tracking the enemy and fell upon them, killing all except five of the hostile band. These five reached the Mohawk river, but were killed as they endeavored to climb its banks. Mrs. Gustine always concluded the story by saying: "If grandfather had only kept that tomahawk how proud we would be of it *now*."—MRS. BELLE BOYNTON WELCH, *historian*.

Monroe Chapter (Brockport, N. Y.).—Since our last annual report the chief work of our chapter has been finishing the installation of the memorial clock in the tower of Methodist Church. It is a memorial to the Revolutionary soldiers, known and unknown, buried in our vicinity. The names of thirty soldiers, whose graves were verified, are engraved on a bronze tablet which is placed at the side of the entrance to the church. The work was done at an expense of nearly

\$1,500, under the efficient management of our regent, Mrs. George H. Adams.

Since then the efforts of the chapter have been turned to Red Cross work; \$86.54 was raised for that purpose, besides sending garments, blankets, and so forth.

Our historian, Mrs. H. A. Metcalf, has written the story of Monroe Chapter since its organization, February 8, 1898, when Mrs. A. B. Sylvester, now honorary regent, was regent. Our historian read the story before the chapter.

The usual D. A. R. ball took place. Mrs. Arthur E. Sutherland gave a talk on "A Short Year in Europe," and the Rev. Dr. Wallace, of Rochester, also talked to the chapter on "Showing Yourselves Worthy of Your Ancestry." The graves of Revolutionary soldiers were duly marked and decorated, and one abandoned cemetery was improved.

Our regent attended both the State conference and the Continental Congress, and gave full reports of them.

The plan of giving D. A. R. brides a spoon has been instituted. A silver collection was made for Memorial Continental Hall. The sum of \$25 was sent to the Berry School, as the Mary Jane Holmes scholarship, and donations were made toward the present for the retiring State regent.

The chapter is at the present time arranging to have the rules governing the United States flag placed in the village schools.

The number of new members received during the past two years is twenty-four. Mrs. H. A. Metcalf, our historian for two years, was elected regent at the annual meeting.—MARY GARDNER DOBSON, *recording secretary*.

Orlando Chapter (Orlando, Fla.)—furnishes one of the interesting features of this lovely Southern city. The first Saturday afternoon of every month during the winter the chapter meets; first to transact business, later to listen to an interesting program conducted by a committee appointed yearly. This

present year the topics covered two lines—the early frontiers of the United States, and woman in the varied phases of life—of paganism, as warrior, as ruler in politics and in literature, in art, and as benefactor.

The chapter consists of thirty-two members and sixteen associate members who spend the winter months in Orlando. This winter, in accordance with the wish of our President General, the money earned went to help the Belgian cause. Card parties were given and the money accruing therefrom, together with an individual offering, was sent through the Red Cross Society and the Belgian Relief Committee in New York.

The local work of the chapter this winter will be furnishing the public schools with American flags. This chapter has formerly furnished money for educational institutions among the mountaineers.—(Mrs) MARY A. HUDSON, *historian*.

Anne Brewster Fanning Chapter (Jewett City, Conn.)—The June meeting closed a very pleasant and instructive year. A number of desirable members have been added to the chapter. To stimulate interest in the study of history in our public schools, the usual prizes have been given, also prizes for the elimination of the tent caterpillar masses.

On Decoration Day the graves of Revolutionary soldiers, those of 1812, and that of our patron saint, Anne Brewster Fanning, were decorated with wreaths and flags.

We have held one profitable food sale, and have given freely of our money where it would seem to do the most good.

In May we had the honor of entertaining our State regent, Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel.

With deepest sorrow we chronicle the loss of one of our dearest charter members and longtime chaplain, Mrs. Cynthia J. Brewster.

We are a small chapter, only num-

bering twenty-four, but we hope to gain in numbers, enthusiasm and good works.—ROBERTA HALLAM BURLESON, *historian*.

The Racine Chapter (Racine, Wis.) entertained the Kenosha Chapter at a delightful May Day buffet luncheon given at the home of Wisconsin's Vice-President General, Mrs. William Howard Crosby. A "welcome" May basket of red and white carnations—the flowers of the sister chapter—was placed at the entrance, in true Japanese fashion, to greet the visiting Daughters with its fragrance of hospitality.

The Vice-President General was assisted in receiving by Mrs. Willard Lannerd, regent of the hostess chapter, and Mrs. E. H. Van Ostrand, honorary State regent.

After the luncheon the honorary State regent and the State secretary, who also was present, spoke briefly of D. A. R. interests. Both speakers emphasized the ideals of the organization and told of the National Congress, which had just closed at Washington. Then followed a musical program on violin and piano by Mr. and Mrs. Albert Fink. The afternoon was one of the pleasantest of D. A. R. gatherings, and valuable in its exchange of courtesies between two neighboring chapters.—(Mrs. O. L.) LULU C. TRENARY, *State secretary*.

Anson-Stanly Chapter (Norwood, N. C.).—This chapter was organized October, 1913, with an enrollment of twelve members, Mrs. J. M. Dunlap be-

ing elected regent. Our chapter is small but enthusiastic and loyal. The attendance at the monthly meetings is fine, and the programs are studied and rendered in a cheery and helpful manner. Since our organization we have held two receptions, at the first of which we had as honor guests Vice-President General, Mrs. John Van Landingham; State regent, Mrs. W. N. Reynolds; State historian, Mrs. Lindsay Patterson.

These distinguished guests were a great source of help and encouragement to our young chapter. Our second entertainment was held in June of this year, at the home of Mrs. M. E. Blalock in honor of Flag Day. Quite a number of friends from our home town and nearby cities were present to enjoy with us the pleasure of the evening.

We have contributed to the following: Memorial Continental Hall, \$2; Fort Dodge, \$5; John Paul Jones Home, \$10.00; Belgian Relief Fund, \$5.00.

We are also planning a silver offering in the near future for the Memorial Hall at Washington. We have appointed a committee to locate and mark graves of Revolutionary soldiers. Our number is increasing and we feel as if the Anson-Stanly Daughters of the American Revolution are "live wires." We also "stand by" our charming President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story.—(Mrs.) CORINNE H. SHINN, *secretary*.

Jersey Blue Chapter (New Brunswick, N. J.) has passed its twenty-first birthday and is to be numbered among



MRS. W. H. CROSBY

the oldest in the organization. Its work has been steadily carried on from the first. Besides its annual contributions to various good causes it was the Jersey Blue Chapter that established the Visiting Nurse Association of the city. The Connecticut Green Book has been distributed to the foreign immigrants. The chapter only awaits its appearance in Hungarian form to continue this distribution, that being the language most needed in this vicinity.

The duties of the Jersey Blues have been greatly enlarged during the past year by the fact that the city commissioners have given into its charge the care of Buccleuch mansion, a historical place of much interest given to the city by its late owner, Mr. Anthony Dey.

The chapter holds eight monthly meetings, of which the programs during the past year have been varied and interesting. The birthday meeting in February is always the occasion of a general reception with special social features. There was a reception tendered to the Sons of the American Revolution as they passed through New Brunswick over the route taken by Washington when he went to assume command of the American army. It was held in the residence of the regent, Mrs. Mott Bedell Vail. It is one of the many pre-Revolutionary houses in the region, and was built by a Mr. Guest, who said, as the stone walls were reared, that he would build it to stand as long as the world endured. The rooms were tastefully decorated with patriotic emblems and flowers, and many of the Daughters wore costumes of Colonial days.

Besides the regular annual contributions of \$5 each to a neighboring Washington's headquarters; the Berry School; public school prize for excellence in American history; Safe and Sane Fourth, we have contributed to a Revolutionary Memorial Society and Miss Washington's portrait.

The Christmas offering towards the debt on Continental Memorial Hall amounted to \$11.25. By means of a loan

exhibit last autumn the chapter raised \$50 for the D. A. R. Red Cross. Later by a cake sale the sum of \$53.84 was realized for much needed renovations at Buccleuch. This fund was started early in the year by the anonymous contribution of \$50 by a member of the chapter. In this way the Jersey Blues have provided for the public a place of recreation and patriotic instruction that in time must become of State-wide importance.

The chapter on Memorial Day undertakes the decoration of the many Revolutionary graves in the various churchyards of the city. It supplies the local library with a subscription to the D. A. R. Magazine, and has distributed one hundred copies of Resolutions Against the Desecration of the Flag throughout the schools of the city. These, with a few minor activities, represent the record of the Jersey Blue Chapter of between forty and fifty members for the year 1914-15.—(Miss) JOSEPHINE ATKINSON, *historian*.

Wayne Chapter (Honesville, Pa.).—This chapter has had a splendid year's work with Mrs. Harry Oday as regent. The program for the year just ended was of interest to every member and the papers, which are filed in our archives, in the possession of the chapter historian, are of great historical value.

The program committee has outlined the work for the coming year and has chosen our State for the base of its subjects. Much care has been taken in the choosing of the members to write papers on the different subjects selected by the committee, and a year of more than usual promise lies before us.

Chapter Day with the regent was one of the red letter days of the chapter; nearly every member was present, a few friends invited and a delicious luncheon served. A tea was given at the home of our organizing regent, Mrs. E. Valentine, and a bridge-500 picnic at the home of Mrs. H. Z. Russell. Flag Day was celebrated by the members of the chapter

at the Honesdale Country Club, where a picnic lunch was served.

Starting two years ago with a charter membership of thirty-four, we are adding to our list steadily and with care that only those who will be a credit to our organization may become members of the chapter.

Our meetings are held monthly, on the first Saturday, at the homes of the members. Each committee is earnestly at work on the lines assigned it, and we hope to very soon be able to assist more materially in all that pertains to the good of our beloved organization.—
HELEN M. COOKE, *historian*.

In Memoriam

Mrs. Sarah Elizabeth Wilbur, member of Tioughnioga Chapter, of Cortland, N. Y., died at the home of her son, Dr. G. H. Wilbur, in Ansonia, Conn., July 28, 1915. She was the granddaughter of Samuel Goodrich, a Revolutionary soldier.

Mrs. Wilbur was a woman of strong personality, positive in her convictions, and true to her conception of her duty. Her home was in Cortland, N. Y.

John Paul Chapter, of Madison, Ind., has the sad duty of recording the death of a member—Mrs. Anna Hazelton Edwards, who passed away after a life of great usefulness, July 31, 1915.

Mrs. Rosina P. Dutton, past regent of the General John Stark Chapter, of Sycamore, Ill., died at her home, June 22, after several months illness. The daughter of Harmon and Clarinda Paine, she was born in Herkimer County, April 14, 1844, and her parents moved to Sycamore in 1853. On Dec. 31, 1863, she married Brig. Gen. E. F. Dutton.

Mrs. Dutton was a devoted mother and known for her gracious hospitality. She was a faithful member of the Universalist Church, and was active in its service. She was admitted to the Chicago Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, October 7, 1897, and was a member until she was transferred, in 1912, to the Sycamore Chapter. She served two years as regent, and much of the Chapter's success has been due to her earnest and untiring efforts.

The Jemima Johnson Chapter, of Paris, Ky., reports, with profound sorrow, the death on Aug. 28, 1914, of its beloved regent, Mrs. Sallie Grimes Talbott, wife of Robert C. Talbott, a prominent lawyer of Kentucky. She was a charter member of the chapter and was indefatigable in her efforts to make it most worthy of the National Society. Her love of patriotism was an inspiration, and her dignity and charm of manner made her an ideal presiding officer.

The chapter owes much to her warm-hearted sympathy, and under her leadership its members increased.

Mrs. Benton Hanchett, of Saginaw, Mich., a former regent of the Saginaw Chapter, a former vice State regent, of Michigan, and chairman of the Michigan Room in Memorial Continental Hall, died July 2, 1915, at Higgins Lake. Mrs. Hanchett's interest in the present and past of the Michigan Room was unlimited. In the room is the "Golden Book of Honor," which was her gift. It is the most beautiful record book any State could have.

It is with deep sorrow that the General Francis Marion Chapter, of Indiana, reports the loss of two of its beloved members. Mrs. Clara West Hayes, died in Marion, Sept. 21, 1914. She is survived by her husband, a son and daughter. On March 1, 1915, Mrs. Maud Howard Gaines died at her home in Marion. She was a charter member of the chapter.

Mrs. Nellie J. Blickensderfer, wife of George C. Blickensderfer, died at her home in Stamford, Conn., on June 9, 1915. She was an active member of the Stamford Chapter, and at one time a member of the Board of Management, and a generous contributor to all chapter work.

The Stamford Chapter has suffered a great loss in the death of Miss Mabel F. Ridabock, its beloved treasurer, on June 18, 1915. Her charming personality and adherence to duty endeared her to all.

Iroquois Chapter, of Worcester, N. Y., reports with deep sorrow the death of Mrs. Miranda Maples Harlow, a charter member, on August 27, 1915. To her enthusiastic efforts the chapter owes its existence.

Mrs. Harlow was the daughter of William and Mary Denison Maples, and she was descended from several Revolutionary heroes. She was born in Mystic, Conn., but spent her summers in Worcester.

Mrs. Jerusha Brown, a real daughter of the Revolution, died July 7, 1915. The body of Mrs. Brown lay in state in a casket draped with a silk flag taken from the Sibley house at Mendota. The flag is the property of the D. A. R. and is taken from the house for use only on occasions of special significance.

For years Mrs. Brown lived with her daughter, Mrs. Joseph Friedl, 232 East Winifred street. She has been almost totally blind and deaf for some time and during her last sickness was unable to recognize her friends and family.

Her funeral, marked with impressive services, was attended by members of the Daughters of the American Revolution and the Grand Army of the Republic.

Chester County Chapter (Pa.) announces the death of Miss Elizabeth P. Marshall, West Chester, Pa., on July 19, 1915. A charter member (1894). Faithful in the discharge of the duties of the various offices she filled. A beautiful life spent in the home and among her associates.

GREATEST ACHIEVEMENTS OF STATE WORK, AS TOLD BY STATE REGENTS

DELAWARE.

Delaware Daughters were the first to respond to the appeal to liquidate the bonded indebtedness of Memorial Continental Hall, sending their quota in full. They contributed \$2,000.00 for one of the thirteen monoliths that adorn the facade of Memorial Continental Hall; also furnished the Delaware Room; gave donations to various memorials; to banquet hall furnishings; to patriotic education; to Southern

mountain schools, and to the Philippine scholarship.

In 1910 they presented a stand of colors and a State Flag to the Battleship Delaware. But perhaps their greatest achievement was the work of the "Delaware Relief Corps" during the Spanish-American War.

SOPHIE C. HALL, *State regent.*

EDITOR'S NOTE: This account was received after "The Greatest Achievements of State Work" was in type.

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the Genealogical Editor of this magazine, under whose supervision this department has been placed for the present.

BROOKLYN PARISH, WINDHAM COUNTY, CONNECTICUT, DURING THE REVOLUTION.

The Home of General Israel Putnam.

One sentence of the inscription on the monument to General Putnam in the town of Brooklyn stands out in bold relief:

"He dared to lead where any dared to follow."

Who were the men who dared to follow where Putnam led the way? Where did they live? Who were their descendants? What caused them to follow Putnam? Failing to find any answers to these questions in compact form a list has been prepared of the men from one small parish—Brooklyn Parish—who dared to follow. While undoubtedly it is far from complete it does not contain the name of anyone who did not serve his country according to his ability in one form or another during the Revolutionary struggle.

In order to appreciate what they sacrificed—what it meant to "follow"—one should know a little about the history of the parish, its early settlers, its neighbors, etc.

Early in the Eighteenth Century a number of families from the adjacent towns of Canterbury, Pomfret and Killingly settled within the boundaries of Mortlake Manor; and Nov. 8, 1734 Benjamin Fasset and John Woodard of Canterbury; and Richard Adams, Henry Bacon, James Cady, Joseph Davidson, Joseph Holland and William Williams of Pomfret, "members in full communion of the churches in Canterbury and Pomfret," sent to the Rev. Mr. Ebenezer Williams of Pomfret and Rev. Mr. John Wadsworth of Canterbury, stating their wish to form another church. Their request was acceded to; and to their number was added Jonathan Parks "being dismissed from the East church in Sudbury;" and these nine men were incorporated Nov. 21, 1734 "into Church State." They called Mr. Ephraim Avery "then residing at ye College in Cambridge but belonging to Truro upon Cape Cod to come and preach with them upon Probation" and Sept. 24, 1735 he was ordained.

Rev. John Avery, father of Ephraim, pastor of the church in Truro, preached the sermon. Among the ministers invited to participate

were the Reverend Joseph Coit of Plainfield, (whose son Isaac was a member of the Committee of Correspondence in 1775, and at his death in 1776 gave money to found Plainfield Academy) and the Reverend Samuel Mosely of Windham, who throughout the entire Revolution cheered on his congregation, and died July 26, 1791 "in the eighty-third year of his age and the fifty-eighth of his pastorate."

He left two sons and six daughters: William who graduated at Yale and settled as a lawyer in Hartford, Conn. Mary, wife of Rev. Joshua Paine of Sturbridge; Hannah, Elizabeth, Ann, Abigail (all of whom married and left families) Ebenezer, and Sarah, the youngest, wife of Rev. Joseph Steward, a graduate of Dartmouth College, whose health prevented his accepting a pastorate but who attended to Mr. Mosely in his later years. EBENEZER MOSELY, mentioned above, graduated from college in 1763; studied Divinity and was licensed to preach by the Brookfield Association of Mass. in 1765. He was ordained in 1767 and sent as a missionary to the "Six Nations at Onohoquaga on the Susquehanna." His services were so acceptable that the chief sachem "offered and urged his daughter upon him for his wife" and young Ebenezer only escaped by pleading the necessity of first obtaining the consent of his father. Later he returned home, became a Deacon in the church over which his father ministered and was prominent in all the town affairs prior to the Revolution. He served in the Revolution from the time of the Lexington Alarm, retiring with the rank of Captain; was appointed Colonel of the Fifth Regiment of Militia in 1789; Town Clerk in 1797 and was sent as Deputy to the General Assembly from the town of Hampton (which was formed from Windham and Brooklyn in Oct. 1786) for many years thereafter.

In 1739 Ensign Richard Adams, Lieutenant Benjamin Fasset and Ensign Joseph Holland



THE MONUMENT TO GENERAL ISRAEL PUTNAM WHICH WAS ERECTED BY THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT IN HIS HOME TOWN, BROOKLYN, CONN.

In this house Capt. Daniel Tyler, Jr., lived during the Revolution. Here Gen. Putnam spent the last years of his life.



THE FORMER HOME OF DANIEL PUTNAM, WHERE GENERAL PUTNAM DIED MAY 19, 1790, AND WHICH IS STILL STANDING. BROOKLYN, CONN.

were appointed a committee to represent the church before the County Court.

In 1742 Richard Adams, Benjamin Fassett and wife Elizabeth; Zechariah Whitney and wife Ruth; Josiah Cleveland; Elias Shevalier and wife Mary; Joseph Adams and wife Elizabeth; Joshua Paine and wife Constance; Ezekiel Spaulding and wife Martha; and Eunice Adams withdrew to form a "Separatist" church. They were joined in 1748 by Jedidiah Smith and wife Abiel; Abigail, wife of Thomas Smith; Moses Smith and wife Mary; Timothy Backus and wife Mary; and Deborah, wife of Enoch Cleveland. Unfortunately the records of this church have been destroyed or lost.

Oct. 20, 1754, Reverend Ephraim Avery died; and Nov. 17, 1755 "Mr. Josiah Whitney, then residing at Yale College, New Haven," was called; and on Feb. 4, 1756 was ordained.

May 8, 1757 Lois, the wife of Rev. Josiah Whitney, was admitted to the church from the first church in Springfield. She was the daughter of Rev. Mr. Breck of Springfield; and their children, as recorded in the Church Register were: Robert Breck, baptized Sept. 18, 1757 (evidently died young) Eunice, Jan. 28, 1757, who also died at an early age; George, Dec. 14, 1760; David, Oct. 7, 1762; Robert Breck, June 24, 1764; Eunice, Mch. 30, 1766; Lois, Mch. 13, 1768; Elizabeth, June 3, 1770; Abigail, June 14, 1772; Sophia, July 31, 1774; and Patty, Dec. 5, 1779. Mrs. Whitney died in 1789, having lost all her sons. David and George, returning from a privateer expedition during the Revolution, were taken with small-pox and died almost as soon as they reached home; and Robert Breck, a teacher and composer of music, died of consumption at the age of twenty-one. He united with the church Sept. 25, 1785, "and died Dec. first following."

Of the daughters, Lois married Erastus Baker Nov. 4, 1787, and had: David, George and Sophia Maria baptized between the years 1788-1792; Elizabeth married in 1790 JOB PARRISH, a Rev. Patriot (for fuller particulars see list); Eunice married Stephen Backus Sept. 2, 1798 "in the Meeting-House after Divine Service." Sophia married Capt. ELISHA LORD of Abington for his second wife, Nov. 28, 1799 and was "recommended to the church in Abington, having united with the old Brooklyn church four days before marriage (Capt. Lord's first wife was Lucy Danielson, whom he married Dec. 6, 1792.) and Patty, the youngest daughter was married Feb. 13, 1803 to Darius Cary. Rev. Josiah Whitney married (2) Mrs. Anna Paine Chandler, widow of Samuel Chandler of Woodstock, who was admitted to the church July 8, 1792 from the church in North Woodstock. In 1802 he received the Degree of Doctor of Divinity from Harvard College, and continued in possession of his mental faculties until his death in September, 1824, having lived to see

the Colonies become the United States of America, and the little parish of Brooklyn (called Brookline often in its earlier days as it was bounded on one side by the "brook" or Quinebaug River) become a town, and the county-seat of Windham County.

As early as 1767 Windham Co. had showed herself to be a true daughter of Mass. in her prompt adoption of the "form" prepared by that colony in which the signers pledged themselves to refrain from purchasing articles of European manufacture. The town of Windham was the first to send a contribution to Boston after the passage of the Port Bill in 1774, and Pomfret's gift of 105 sheep soon followed Windham's. June 17, 1774 a meeting was held in Canterbury, and a committee of Correspondence appointed. In August, Brooklyn Parish forwarded a hundred and twenty-five fine sheep through the hands of ISRAEL PUTNAM, JOSEPH HOLLAND and DANIEL TYLER Jr.—meaning therewith "in the first place to attempt to appease the fire (raised by your committing the Indian Tea to the watery element as a merited oblation to Neptune) of an ambitious and vindictive minister by the blood of rams and of lambs; if that do not answer the cure we are ready to march in the van, and to sprinkle the American altars with our heart's blood if occasion should be." A Committee of Inspection was also appointed in Canterbury in 1775. When in 1774 an edition of "English Liberties, or the Freeborn Subject's Inheritance" was printed by John Carter of Providence, and circulated as a campaign document, one hundred and twenty copies were bought in Windham Co. alone—and this at a time when money was scarce and books rarely purchased, because it meant a personal sacrifice for every one obtained. Thirty copies were bought in Canterbury and Pomfret; and Rev. JOSIAH WHITNEY and several members of his congregation were among the purchasers.

General ISRAEL PUTNAM, who had united with the Congregational Church May 19, 1765, after his return from the French and Indian War, was the leader in all patriotic movements; and the prominence of Windham Co. in the Revolution has been ascribed in great measure to his presence and influence. His children as recorded in the old Register are Daniel, bapt. Mch. 21, 1742; d. y. Hannah, Aug. 26, 1744; Elizabeth, Mch. 29, 1747; Mehitable, Oct. 29, 1749; Molly, May 26, 1753; Eunice "of Capt. Israel" Feb. 8, 1756; Daniel, "of Col. Israel," Dec. 20, 1760; David, Nov. 20, 1761; d. y. Peter Schuyler, Mch. 16, 1765. Israel Jr. the oldest child, was undoubtedly born before his parents moved to Conn. In the fall of 1765 Mrs. Putnam died leaving seven living children, Israel the oldest, twenty-five years of age, and Peter Schuyler, an infant of a few months. (Peter Schuyler Putnam and his wife, Lucy

were admitted to the church Oct. 8, 1789; and May 5, 1790 their children, John, Nathan and Schuyler, were baptized. Soon afterwards they moved to Williamstown, Mass.) In 1767 Gen. Putnam married Madam Deborah Gardiner, who as the wife of Brooklyn's first minister, Rev. Ephraim Avery, was admitted to the church by letter from Newent Feb. 18, 1738/9. By her first husband she had: nine children whose baptisms are recorded: John, July 15, 1739; Ephraim and Samuel (twins), Apr. 19, 1740; Samuel, Nov. 11, 1742; Elisha, Dec. 4, 1744; Elizabeth, Dec. 7, 1746; Septimus, July 23, 1749; Deborah, July 7, 1751; Ruth, Jan. 13, 1754. After the death of Mr. Avery she married John Gardiner Esq. of Gardiner's Island, still retaining her dower rights in the estate of her former husband. It was this Avery estate on Brooklyn Green to which Putnam moved at the suggestion of his wife, when the demands of hospitality were so great as to threaten to impoverish him. Hanging in front of the house a full-length picture of himself as "General Wolf" (in remembrance of the famous encounter in the Wolf's Den) in military costume, with outstretched hand inviting all to enter, he opened the tavern which became one of the most noted gathering places in Eastern Connecticut, and the scene of many a historic incident. Mrs. Putnam died in the fall of 1777; and her death "in prison in the enemy's hands" following soon after that of her son, Septimus Gardiner (who had been an Aide to his step-father, and a member of Capt. Joseph Abbott's famous company in 1776) saddened many a heart in Brooklyn parish where she was greatly beloved.

When DANIEL TYLER Jr. received the news of the Battle of Lexington, Thursday morning, April 20, at eight o'clock, he lost no time in communicating with Putnam, who was assisting a neighbor plow his field. He left his young son, Daniel, the driver of his team "to yoke it in the furrow" and hurried off for consultation with town and military officers. On returning from consultation Putnam found hundreds of men already assembled on Brooklyn Green, awaiting his orders. He bade them wait until regularly called out as militia, and march with their respective regiments; and started himself on a night ride to Cambridge. Friday and Saturday were spent in active preparation throughout the county; and on Sunday morning over a thousand men,—veterans of the French and Indian war, and young boys yet untried—were assembled, offering themselves in sacrifice. The officers of the regiments were embarrassed by the great numbers that presented themselves; and after selecting one-fifth, being those best fitted for military service, ordered the others to return home until called for. Of this number selected fifty-five were connected with the little church in Brooklyn Parish; and their names

are recorded in the "List of the Men who Marched from the Connecticut Towns for the Relief of Boston in the Lexington Alarm, April, 1775."

Most of the men continued in service under Putnam in the Third regiment which in July, 1775, became Continental. Conn. Men in the Revolution states that "A detachment of this regiment was engaged at Bunker Hill, and a few men also joined the Quebec expedition. In both places are to be found representatives of the Brooklyn Parish. Many of them continued in the Continental Line throughout the Revolution. Others joined the State Troops, and in the roster of Capt. JOSEPH ABBOTT's company of Militia in the Eleventh regiment of Militia in 1776 there is hardly one name which is not to be found in the records of the old Brooklyn church.

Captain ROBERT DURKEE, killed in the Wyoming Massacre, was formerly a member of the Brooklyn church, as were others less prominently connected with that fearful massacre. Peter Adams, with his six sons, were all in service at one time; and one of his daughters-in-law, Mrs. Philemon Adams, realizing that it would be impossible to expect any aid from the men of the village to complete the new house, called upon her women neighbors; and together they raised the frame and completed the structure before the winter.

A number of men from the Brooklyn parish followed their leader to New York and New Jersey; but when he was stricken in Dec. 1779, at Hartford with paralysis, and incapacitated for further active work, they continued in the cause until the last gun was fired, when they returned, shattered in health and fortune to take up the work laid down so many years before.

As they had worked for the independence of the state, so now they worked for the independence of the parish. They appointed SETH PAINE as their agent; and May 2, 1786 "upon the memorial of the inhabitants of the Society of Brooklyn in the towns of Pomfret, and Canterbury in the County of Windham by their agent Seth Paine" an act was passed incorporating the town, and ordering the inhabitants to hold a town meeting the following June 22.

At this meeting Col. ISRAEL PUTNAM, son of the General, presided and was chosen Moderator; Seth Paine, Town Clerk and Treasurer, and thirty other officers were elected. The town, as set out by the Legislature, contained 18560 acres. Later when the town of Hampton was incorporated, 2400 acres was ceded to them, leaving the amount in Brooklyn 16160 acres, much of which was almost a wilderness.

The first deed recorded in the town was dated July 5, 1786, wherein Asa Tyler of Brooklyn, Windham Co. State of Connecticut, in New England, sells for 26 pounds twenty-two acres

of land in Brooklyn to Daniel Kimball, also of Brooklyn. Jacob and Louis Simons witness the deed.

Owing to the custom prevailing in Connecticut whereby a man could dispose of his real estate without the consent of his wife, the Deed books do not contain as much genealogical information as they do in some states; but the emigration to other New England states and to the West is interesting to note.

On page four of the First Book of Deeds occurs an account of a transaction which happily is now obsolete; and which on account of the prominence of the principals as well as for the quaint custom, seems worthy of preservation; and quite full abstracts have been made.

"March 8, 1786: Whereas JOHN HANCOCK Esq. of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, recovered judgment against Joseph Palmer of Braintree, in Suffolk Co. Mass." (General in the Revolution) "in the Windham Co. Court, the Sheriff of Windham Co. or his Deputy or the Constables of Pomfret are ordered to take said Palmer and him commit unto the keeper of the Gaol in Windham within the prison, who is likewise commanded to receive the said Palmer and him safely to keep until he pay unto the said Hancock the full sums"

"Samuel Gray, Clerk. Pomfret, April 17, 1786: Then I repaired to the last place of abode of the within named Joseph Palmer Esq. and made demand of the sums" etc. "and levied execution on a tract of land in Pomfret originally called the manor of Wiltshire, now known by name of the Shingle House Farm, by original survey containing 614 acres" "I then notified Charles Church Chandler Esq. Attorney to Jno. Hancock Esq. to choose one appraiser (who made choice of John Williams) and the said Palmer nor his attorney being found I then called on Joseph Baker Esq. Justice of the Peace for Windham Co. to appoint two more appraisers who appointed Mr. Seth Paine and Col. Israel Putnam and I then with said appraisers repaired to said land and informed said appraisers that the sums contained in said executions were 6217 pounds, 15 shillings and 10 pence beside my fees, and the cost of appraising, recording, &c. and after viewing the premises they declared their opinion and judgment that the farm" bounded partly by lands belonging to Gen. Israel Putnam, Aaron Cleveland, John Parkhurst, Thomas Lipsecomb, Richard Jackson (all Rev. soldiers) was worth a sufficient sum, and "I delivered to the said Charles Church Chandler Attorney to ye said John Hancock Esq. by turf and twig and also put him the said Chandler into full, quiet and peaceable possession thereof all in due form of law." etc. Signed "Benjamin Hubbard Esq. Sheriff's Deputy."

Several transactions of land, signed by mark by General Putnam are recorded; for his right

arm was paralyzed. His last days were, however, singularly peaceful and happy. Released from the burden of keeping up an establishment, he made his home with his favorite son-in-law, Daniel Tyler, Jr., frequently visiting his three sons and his other daughters, Mrs. Waldo and Mrs. Lemuel Grosvenor. He died May 19, 1790, after a two days' illness, being stricken while at the house of his son Daniel. His funeral was the most imposing ceremonial that Windham County had then ever witnessed. Soldiers, Masons, friends and strangers accompanied the body to the Congregational Meeting House in Brooklyn, where the funeral sermon was delivered by Dr. Josiah Whitney; and then to the cemetery where a eulogy in behalf of his Masonic brethren was delivered by Dr. Waldo.

About twenty-five years ago the remains were moved to a spot near his home during the Revolution, and a fine monument was erected by the State of Connecticut, by the side of the road up which the soldiers from Canterbury, Hampton, Plainfield, etc. hurried to Brooklyn Green.

The inscription on the old monument, written by President Dwight of Yale College, was copied on two bronze tablets inserted in the sides of the pedestal of the monument; while in front and behind stands out the head of a snarling wolf, with distended jaws, showing its sharp incisors, and apparently just ready to spring.

But while the affairs of the town and Nation had prospered so greatly during the ministry of Rev. Josiah Whitney, the affairs within the church were far from prosperous. About the time that Gen. Putnam returned from the French and Indian war—in 1765—a prominent Rhode Islander, Godfrey Malbone, arrived in town to take possession of the lands left him by his deceased father. These embraced some of the most fertile acres in the parish, and were well-stocked with farm implements, horses, cattle, sheep, goats and negroes. On this estate Malbone lived, utterly indifferent to the people about him until he found that according to the laws of the time he, as the largest land-holder, was called upon to subscribe an enormous tax for the building of a new church which he would probably never enter. All remonstrances being of no avail, he and others who felt that he had been unfairly treated, decided to form an Episcopal church. After much opposition this plan was carried out, and April 12, 1771 Trinity Church was dedicated—the first formal dedication service ever held in Windham County. Besides contributing largely to the church, Col. Malbone gave land for the Rectory or "Glebe" and although a Tory, aided in many other ways all public measures so that his death in 1785, was deplored by many former bitter foes. The only other Tory in the town of Brooklyn of whom there is any record was the physician Dr. William Walton who with his



CONGREGATIONAL MEETING HOUSE, ERECTED 1770.

This is the church which Putnam took care of, and rang the bell for divine service, 1770-1775. The records of this church date from 1735, and are in a good state of preservation.



TRINITY EPISCOPAL CHURCH. DEDICATED APRIL 12, 1771. THE FIRST CHURCH FORMALLY DEDICATED IN WINDHAM COUNTY, CONN.

wife, Elizabeth, united with the Congregational Church Aug. 4, 1765. According to the custom of the time their family were baptized with the parents, and William, Luixete and John Payne were baptized at that time. Later, May 25, 1766, Elizabeth was baptized.

Dr. Walton joined with Malbone and others in petitioning for the Episcopal church; was very bitter during the Revolution in the expression of his views, and finally, at the close of the struggle, was compelled to emigrate to Nova Scotia where he died.

The two churches had become fixtures in the little town, and bitterness had almost ceased to exist, when trouble of a different nature arose in the church. After years of controversy a split was made, and in 1818 the old church was divided in two—Unitarians and Trinitarians. As a majority of the Society were of the Unitarian faith, they retained the building; while the Church held to the records.

"The Church's Register In the Society taken out of Pomfret, Canterbury and Mortlake, AD 1736, or the Church in Brooklyn, 1752, and which was made a town by the General Assembly at their Session in Hartford on ye 2nd. Thursday of May, 1786 by the name of Brooklyn" is the title of an old book jealously guarded by the Clerk of the Church, Mr. William R. Thurber. It is evidently the copy of an earlier book, and was begun sometime between 1752 and 1786. It contains a Record of Baptisms beginning with that of Moses, son of Zechariah Whitney, Oct. 5, 1735, to those of "William Williams Tyler, son of William Tyler; Sept. 10, 1824; and John White, child of John Dabney and Laura Richmond, adopted daughter of (illegible) Richmond, Sept. 11, 1824. These three children were baptized by Doctor Whitney on his death-bed. certified by Daniel Tyler." It also contains a "Record of Owning or Renewals of Baptism Covenant," beginning with 1736, April 4. The Covenant was owned by Benjamin Hubbard and Susannah his wife"; to 1786, April 2. The Covenant was owned by Jessaniah Holmes and Olive, his wife."

Evidently this was a separate ceremony from

uniting with the church for there is also a "Record of Admissions to Full Communion" beginning with that of 1735, Oct. 12. Joseph Leonard and his wife" (no name) from the 2nd Church in Bridgewater to 1824, Sept. 2. Susan Whitney. Adult."

There is also in the same book a "Record of Marriages" beginning with "Married by the Revd. Ephm. Avery. 1736/7, Mch. 7. Deliverance Woodard to Abigail Jewel" and ending with that of 1823, Dec. 28. Barton Ballou of Cumberland R. I. to Sarah Rathbon of North-kingston, ditto."

The earlier marriages including all performed before the year 1800 were copied by Mr. F. A. Bailey and published in the first volume of those interesting books "Early Connecticut Marriages." Those after 1799 are published in this issue of the magazine under the heading "Marriage Record Exchange."

Through the courtesy of Mr. Thurber and other church authorities the Genealogical Editor was allowed to copy all the records contained in this priceless book; and has carefully compared and indexed them. By the aid of this, "Church's Register" and the Deed Books already referred to, as original sources; and Connecticut Men in the Revolution and the second volume of Miss Larned's History of Windham County (a very valuable reference book which every library should own) for printed sources of information, this list was prepared. As since beginning this article permission has been obtained to copy the records of the old Trinity Episcopal Church, the rest of this article has been deferred until the November issue of the magazine in order to make it as nearly complete as possible.

The Probate records prior to 1833, as well as the Vital Statistics of the town are deposited in Hartford for safe keeping. Through the efforts of the Daniel Putnam Association, composed of descendants of Daniel Putnam, it is expected that these will be published within a few years, and they will add greatly, no doubt, to the information now at hand.

Ancient Cemetery at Poquonock, Conn.

A recent issue of the *Hartford Times* (July 19, 1915) states that the old cemetery at Poquonock is being restored by the Second School Society, aided by private individuals. This graveyard was in use probably as early as 1727, when the first meeting-house was located there, being a branch from the church at Windsor; and the latest interment (except that in 1853, Mrs. Timothy Mather) was in 1805, when Thomas Griswold was buried there. Many of the old stones are impossible to decipher; but the following Rev. soldiers' graves have been identified and marked:

NOAH GRISWOLD, Sergeant of the 8th. Co. or Train Band in the First regiment of Militia, and whose stone bears the title "Captain" at his death in 1789.

MARTIN HOLCOMB, a drummer in Capt. Roger Enos' Co. of Windsor, Cont. Line, in 1775, who later became Lieut. and who died in 1798.

"LIEUT." DAVID MARSHALL, who died in 1776, whose service is not recorded in Conn. men in the Revolution.

JOSIAH PHELPS, who was one of the Militia captains whose companies turned out to repel the enemy at New Haven July 5, 1779. He died in 1791.

MARRIAGE RECORD EXCHANGE

Through the National Committee on Historical Research

Mrs. Willard S. Augsbury, Historian General, Chairman

EARLY MARRIAGES IN BROOKLYN, CONNECTICUT. (1800-1823)

1810, April	10	Allerton, John to Molly Barret.
1801, December	27	Alworth, William to Dinah Markum.
1803, March	2	Badger, James to Rebecca Herley.
1805, February	17	Baker, Dr. Ebenezer to Betsy Williams.
		Ballou, Martin, of Cumberland, R. I., to Sarah Rathbon of North-
		kingston, R. I.
1823, December	28	Blanchard, David to Annis Cady.
1807, September	20	Bowers, Stephen to Mary Pettengill.
1812, May	26	Buck, Willard to Polly Harris.
1803, July	24	Butts, Dea. Samuel to Lodema Fuller.
1807, April	16	Cady, Denison to Hannah Adams.
1802, November	28	Cady, Lovel to Tamison Allen.
1806, April	13	Cary, Darius to Patty Whitney.
1803, February	13	Child, John of Woodstock to Betsey Thayer.
1800, April	17	Clark, Dr. Thaddeus to Deborah Baker.
1802, March	24	Cleaveland, John to Mary Congdon.
1808, November	9	Copeland, Daniel to Mary Stevens.
1807, February	5	Copeland, Wyllys to Sally Grant.
1802, March	21	Cushman, Seth to Mehitabel Chaplin.
1804, August	12	Darbe, Alpheus to Mary Darbe.
1806, December	14	Davis, Major John to Theda Scarborough.
1803, November	13	Davison, Samuel to Sarah Williams.
1803, June	22	Dunlap, Joshua Esq. to Tamasin Murdock.
1807, January	20	Eldredge, Giles to Deborah Scarborough.
1806, January	2	Eldridge, Joseph Warren to Betsey Tyler.
" January	30	Forster, Samuel to Loriinda Mather.
1817, April	22	Franklin, Henry Tolman to Dorcas Murdock.
1801, December	27	Gilbert, Calvin to Hannah Blanchard.
1803, January	19	Goodell, Richard to Hitty Tyler.
" December	26	Goodale, Thomas to Naomi Pierce.
1802, October	6	Hayward, Thomas Cotton to Elizabeth Sumner.
1801, April	30	Herrick, Timothy to Reba Wheeler.
1805, September	9	Hicks, Galen to Sarah Cady.
1800, October	26	Hutchens, Jeremiah to Lucretia Spalding.
1817, May	28	Jefferds, John to Anna Cady.
1807, January	18	Jennings, Jonathan to Catharine Ingraham.
1804, June	3	Kies (Keyes), Daniel to Lucy Cady.
1801, December	29	Kingsbury, Jonathan to Artemesia Clark.
1815, August	27	Litchfield, John to Sarah Butt.
1800, January	30	Loomis (Lomis), Aaron to Lydia Pierce.
1805, May	14	Mather, Eleazer to Fanny Williams.
1802, October	24	May, Mr. Perren of Boston to Mistress Delia Scarborough.
1804, May	18	Palmer, Benjamin Eells to Susan Spalding.
1812, November	26	Parkhurst, Jonathan to Lois Pierce.
1809, November	14	Perrin, Amasa to Cynthia Collar.
1808, January	12	Philloe, Elijah to Mary Murdock.
1803, March	27	Pierce, Erastus to Hannah Cady.
1800, February	16	Pierce, Henry to Lucia Cleaveland.
1817, September	2	Pike, Marcena, to Betsey Clark.
1806, April	6	Prentis, Elisha to Tirza Chapman.
1804, November	15	Prince, John to Betsey Chandler.
1808, August	28	Preston, Deacon Amariah to Mrs. Luey West.
" May	16	Putnam, William to Mary Spalding.
1805, April	17	Scarborough, Joel to Lucretia Smith.
1808, April	17	Scarborough, Phillip to Deidamia Prince.
1811, April	4	

1803, October	9	Scarborough, Samuel Jr. to Molly Gilbert.
1805, November	28	Searls, Joel Cady to Zibiah Cleaveland.
1807, November	26	Searls, John to Deborah Baker.
1813, December	26	Sheffield, George to Betsey Woodward.
1804, December	16	Simmons, John to Sukey Sheldon.
1809, January	1	Tyler, William to Waty Williams.
1812, April	5	Waldo, Albigenoe to Lucretia Partridge.
1818, July	14	Welch, Jonathan Ashley to Mary Devotion Baker.
1806, November	19	West, William 3rd. of Sturbridge to Olive Cady.
1800, March	30	Wheeler, Hezekiah to Nabby Denison.
1812, March	24	White, Adams to Harriot Robinson.
1803, February	9	Williams, Ebenezer to Betsey Scarborough.
1809, September	11	Woodmansee, James Jr. to Polly Underwood.
1812, October	29	Wyley, John to Sarah Susanna Dorrance.

(The above marriages are taken from the Register of the First Congregational Church of Brooklyn. A copy of the marriages recorded in the Register from 1736 to 1800 is to be found in "Early Connecticut Marriages," by F. A. Bailey, Volume I. A copy of the marriages recorded in Trinity Episcopal Church Records (1772-1835) will appear in the November issue.)

The Year Book for 1915 of the California Society of the Sons of the Revolution, "Spirit of Patriotism," has been received and copies may be obtained upon receipt of price—\$7.50—by addressing the Librarian, W. M. Dixon, 812-4 San Fernando Building, Los Angeles, California. An appeal for duplicate copies of books has also been received, and anyone possessing a genealogy or history which can be spared is urged to send it to the Librarian. The book above mentioned, bound in the colors of the Society, aside from containing the lineage of its members (arranged alphabetically, according to Revolutionary ancestors) has much valuable and interesting data. California Chronology, embracing 36 pages, will fill a long-felt want of the facts of California history in a condensed shape. The last Survivors of the Rev-

olution, containing twenty names, with dates of death, is a unique feature. Four pages of Maryland Revolutionary soldiers and Patriots, and the list of Revolutionary soldiers from South Carolina, as printed in the Columbia "State," are also given. Then follow forty pages of names of "Sailors, Marines and Officers of the American Navy during the War of the American Revolution." The whole is supplemented by a 90-page index most carefully and completely gotten up, which in itself doubles the value of the work. The publication of the article by Mr. W. A. Nichols on the Virginia Charter (which included California) and the Settlement of Jamestown, Va., was a happy thought and adds another item of interest to a most valuable, interesting and instructive work.

ROBINETTE, ROBNET, ROBINET. All descendants of Allen Robinette, the emigrant who purchased land from Wm. Penn in 1681, are requested to correspond with Mrs. Reed Hollo-man, Santa Fe, New Mexico, or Mr. Allen F. Robinette, Cynwyd, Penn., who are compiling a Robinette Genealogy, and are anxious to have it as nearly correct as possible.

MONCHET. In the grave-yard at Powder Springs, Ga., stands the tomb of one who came to the place a stranger and remained so. No-

one knew where she came from or what became of her son (born while living at Powder Spring). He was almost grown at the time of her death, and disappeared as mysteriously as his mother had appeared. The inscription is as follows:

In memory of

EVE BARBARA MONCHET

Sept. 25, 1777—December 18, 1853.

(Copied by Mrs. Wayland Camp, Marietta, Ga.)

GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

1. Any one is allowed the privilege of sending queries to this department, *provided* they pertain to the Revolutionary period, or that following. Questions pertaining to the Colonial period must be excluded for want of space; also all queries in regard to the requirements of other societies.

2. Queries will be inserted in the order in which they are received. It will, necessarily, be some months between the sending and printing of a query.

3. Answers or partial answers are earnestly desired; and full credit will be given to the sender of the answer, by the Genealogical Editor. She is not responsible for any statements, however, except for those given over her own signature.

4. Write on one side of the paper only. Especial care should be taken to write names and dates *plainly*.

5. Each separate query must be accompanied by a two-cent stamp. Do not use postal cards, or self-addressed envelopes.

6. All Letters to be forwarded to contributors, must be unsealed, and sent in blank, stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its signature.

7. In answering queries, please give the date of the magazine, the number of the query, and its signature.

8. It is impossible for the Genealogical Editor, as such, to send personal replies to queries. They must take their turn and be answered through the columns of the magazine.

ANSWERS

2700. STILLMAN-BURDICK. George, son of George and Deborah (Crandall) Stillman, was born in Feb. 1713-14. A son George was born in 1739 who died June 15, 1817. The Census of 1776 shows a George Stillman as Captain of the third company of Westerly Militia; also George Stillman Jr. as a private in Capt. Stillman's Co. of Militia. The Colonial Records indicate that George Stillman was retained as Captain of the 3rd Co. from May, 1777 to May, 1781. It would thus appear that it was George, Senior, who served as Captain of this company, although he would have been sixty-eight years of age at the conclusion of the war. A George Stillman also served as First Lieutenant of Marines on the sloop Warren, June 14, 1776. Joseph Jr. is shown on the census of 1776, as a private in Capt. Stillman's Company. *Miss Edith May Tilley*, Librarian Newport Historical Society, Newport, L. I.

3703. WILLIAMS. In the records of Concord, Mass. as found in Early Mass. Marriages Book III, there is the record of the marriage of Nathaniel Williams of Weston, Mass. and Dorothy Stratton. This is the only Williams marriage of suitable date to enable the parties to be the parents of Hepzibah Williams who m Abraham Livermore. *Mrs. John B. Moyer*, 3322 Lombard Ave. Everett, Washington.

3716. KENTFIELD. David Kentfield (or Kenfield) and his father, William, both served in the Revolution. William was the son of Ebenezer who died in the French war near Lake George in 1756. There are no Daniels in our

family; but the records show that Asaph, Salmon, Rufus, Joel, Salmon Jr. and Erastus Kentfield served also in the Revolution. *G. H. Kentfield*, a member of the S. A. R. who kindly answered this question in response to the request of *Mrs. C. D. Gallentine*, Morrison, Ill.

3766. SAMPSON. Ephraim Sampson and Elizabeth Barden were married July 27, 1783, according to the records of Middleborough, Mass. in Book II of "Early Mass. Marriages." Whether this Ephraim was the son of Jonathan Sampson who married Deborah Bradford in Plympton, Mass. or not, I am not able to state. *Mrs. John B. Moyer*, 3322 Lombard Ave. Everett, Washington.

3931. BARNARD. The father of Hon. Daniel D. Barnard was Judge Timothy Barnard who married Phebe Dewey. His oldest son, Timothy Barnard Jr. lived in his later years in Mendon, New York. There was no Moses Barnard in any connection with the family of recent years; nor was there a Moses Barnard in a direct line from the Commissary Timothy Barnard, who sometimes carried the pay to the soldiers (specie) in saddle bags going over from New York to Valley Forge with only his slave, "Dick" for company. In 1809 Judge Timothy Barnard, the Commissary, moved to the western part of New York state and is buried in Pittsford, as are also his wife, and two sons,—Henry and Timothy Jr. with their wives. Washington thought that there was less danger of the money being stolen if it was carried in a casual manner; and Judge Timothy Barnard was never

known to have had any lost while under his care; although if it had been known there is no doubt he would have run great risk. *Mrs. Frank H. Barnard*, Lima, New York.

3942. WOODCOCK. There must be a mistake in the notes of this querist; for in Book 3 of "Early Massachusetts Marriages" by F. A. Bailey, Attelboro Records, I find that Joseph Woodcock Jr. married Mercy Richardson July 29, 1776. *Mrs. J. B. Moyer*, 3322 Lombard Avenue, Everett, Washington.

3947. SEVIER. In the Draper Manuscripts in the Library of the Wisconsin Historical Society is a letter from George Washington Sevier to Dr. Lyman C. Draper (author of "Kings Mountain and its Heroes" and other valuable historical works) dated Forest Hill, Tenn. July 28, 1839 in which he gives the names of the children of Gen. John Sevier. By his first wife, Sarah Hawkins he had: Joseph, James, John, Valentine, Richard, Betsy, Sally, Mary Ann, Nancy and Rebecca. By his second wife, Catherine Sherrill, he had: Ruth, Catherine, George Washington, Joanna, Goade, Samuel, Robert, Polly Preston and Eliza Conway. *Miss Mabel Weaks*, 450 North Charter Street, Madison Wisconsin. Miss Weaks made a search in the Draper Manuscripts last year for genealogical information in regard to the Sevier family, and is therefore an authority on the subject. There is, therefore, no daughter Elizabeth, who married William Clark.

3995. MARIS. Aaron Maris, b May 4, 1774 m (1) Sarah Holliday m (2) Mary Chambers. He had a brother Thomas Maris, b July 16, 1776 who m Jane Holliday. They were sons of George and Eleanor (Lindley) Maris of Chester Co. Penna. who moved to Orange Co. N. C. where their seven children were born. Thomas married Jane Holliday Nov. 17, 1802 and moved with his wife and four children to Orange Co. Indiana in 1811. In 1868 he moved to Howard Co. Ind. where he died Aug. 8, 1869. The log house he built in Orange Co. Ind. in 1811 is still standing. *Mrs. Theodore D. Craven*, 2005 N. Penn St. Indianapolis, Ind.

4029. SMITH-LINE. Robert Smith, born in 1753, married Susan Line (not Zine) May 12, 1791. and their son, Robert Davidson Smith was born in Carlisle, Cumberland Co. not Bedford Co. According to some authorities Susan (Line) Smith was an aunt of James G. Blaine. *Mrs. E. C. Holston*, Goff, Kansas.

4051. MILLER. Jacob Miller was born at Killenhofen, near Frankfurt, Germany, July 31, 1731; m at Lancaster, Pa. Katherine Stensaler, by whom he had nine children, and d at Frederick, Md. Nov. 25, 1810, where he is buried. His widow d at Frederick, Dec. 21, 1811. She was b at Lancaster, Pa. A full account of the Rev. services of Major Miller can be found in Scharf's History of Maryland, pp 174-194.

Several ladies have entered the Daughters of the American Revolution on the service of Major Miller, one of whom is a member of the Dorothy Quincy Chapter, Ill. *Mrs. Frances E. Woodruff*, 329 North 8th. St. Quincy, Ill.

4053. HARLOW. William Harlow and Hannah Bartlett were married August 3, 1738; and William Harlow Jr. and Sarah Harlow were married Aug. 5, 1761. (See Early Mass. Marriages, Vol. II, Plymouth Records.) *Mrs. J. B. Moyer*, Everett, Washington.

4065. PIKE. James Pike, son of Jonathan, was baptized in the Congregational Church at Brooklyn, (then Pomfret) Conn. Aug. 29, 1784. Jonathan and wife (no name) were admitted to the church Nov. 26, 1775 and at the same time their oldest child, Seth, was baptized. They also had Asa, baptized Nov. 19, 1786. As no children were baptized between 1775 and 1784 it is quite possible that this is the Jonathan Pike mentioned in Conn. Men in the Revolution as serving in Capt. William G. Hubbell's Co. in 1775. Jonathan was the son of James Pike who m Hannah Hyde May 25, 1741 and was admitted to the Brooklyn church Mch. 7, 1741/2. The ch. of James and Hannah were: Jonathan, bapt. Mch. 28, 1742; Hannah, Aug. 5, 1744; Ruth, April 5, 1747; and Joseph, Oct. 14, 1750. Many of the inhabitants of Brooklyn, Conn. moved to Vermont in the latter part of the Eighteenth Century.—*Gen. Ed.*

4068. SHEPHERD. Information in regard to the ancestry and Rev. services of Thomas Shepherd may be found in Vol. XXXII of the New Eng. Hist. and Gen. Register, p 322, which contains an article of the descendants of Edward Shepherd.

4069. DOWNER-LUM. A John Downer (Downeer) of Fairfield, Conn. served in the Militia in Col. Samuel Canfield's regiment at West Point in Sept. 1781. There was a David Lum who served in the Continental Line from August to Dec. 1780; and a Joseph Lum who served as Corporal in Capt. Jabez Thompson's Co. at the Siege of Boston, and died Aug. 21, 1775. (All three records are to be found in Conn. Men in the Revolution.) Of course one would have to know more about the men to be sure that this service was the one desired.—*Gen. Ed.*

4086(3). PATTERSON-ALEXANDER. In the compact and comprehensive pamphlet just issued by the Librarian General, giving a list of the Historical and Genealogical works in the library at Memorial Continental Hall (price thirty-five cents) mention is made of two Alexander Genealogies, one of 25 pages by F. A. Arnold, pub. 1896 and the other of twenty pages to be found in Vol. I of "Family Records" by W. M. Clemens. Mention is also made of a Patterson Genealogy of 432 pages by C. R. Conover, pub. 1902. This pamphlet gives not

only a list of all genealogies in the D. A. R. Library, but also a list of the Historical books, arranged by states, which will be found of great assistance to all seekers after ancestors.

4088. HOLTON-WALKER. According to Mr. Philip Walker, Union Trust Building, Washington, D. C. Col. E. W. Foster, Senate Office Building, Washington, D. C. is about to publish a Walker Genealogy, and can furnish answers to this query.

4089(5). The Third Series of the Penna. Archives (Vol. XXIII) and the Fifth Series of the Penna. Archives as well as the Sixth Series of the same contain all the Revolutionary soldiers from Penna. whose records were found at the time of issuing the Series. The first two volumes of the Sixth Series contain the Index to the Fifth Series; but unfortunately the index to the Sixth Series has never yet been published.—*Gen. Ed.*

4094(3). WALKER. See answer to 4088 Walker in this issue. In "Early Mass. Marriages" it is found that Ephraim Potter married Susannah Rice in Brookfield, Mass. June 21, 1774; and Ephraim's father, Theophilus Potter married Lois Walker in Sudbury, Dec. 13, 1748.—*Gen. Ed.*

4127.A DAMON. Mr. L. Russell Alden, a descendant of Levi Demmon of Hartford, Vt. writes that the Demmon Family is entirely distinct from the Damon Family, although their names were sometimes spelled Damon on the Rev. Rolls. He has also some of the records of

the Damon Family which were obtained in his search for Demmons, and is preparing a genealogy which we hope will soon be published.—*Gen. Ed.*

4128. DRENNAN. The names of David, James, Joseph, Thomas and William Drennan appear as serving from Penna. but there is no mention of a Hugh Drennan in the Index to the Fifth Series of Penna. Archives.—*Gen. Ed.*

4148. (2) GALBRAITH. See answer to 2606 (6) in the September issue of the magazine.—*Gen. Ed.*

4162. GERRARD. There is no mention of a Jonathan Gerrard under any of the spellings of the name that can be found by the Gen. Ed. in any list of Rev. soldiers. Neither does the Census of 1790 give the name. There was a John Gerrard who was a Rev. pensioner living in Ohio in 1835; a Benjamin Garrard who served in the 13th. Va. regiment; an Elias Gerrard and a William Gerrard who was a Captain of Berkeley Co. Militia. There were also men by name of Isaac, John, Jonah, Josiah and Nathaniel Gerrard; also Robert and William Jarret who served in the Revolution from the state of Penna. It is possible that the Jonah who was a private and Ensign in the Washington Co. (Penna.) Militia was the Jonathan desired. Greene County was not formed until after the Revolution. There is also mention of a Jacob Gerhard in Penna. Archives, Fifth Series, Vol. V, p 240, as serving in Capt. Ritter's Co. of Berks Co., Militia in August and Sept. 1780.—*Gen. Ed.*

QUERIES

4151. EVANS. Who were the wife and children of Oliver Evans of Delaware (1755-1819)?

(2) CARPENTER. Wanted, the address of any of the descendants of Noah and Susannah Evans Carpenter, who lived in Iowa 25 years ago.

(3) TOLIDAY. Wanted, the address of any of the descendants of Sol and Elizabeth Evans Toliday.

(4) RANCELER-CARPENTER. Wanted the addresses of Com. Ranceler Carpenter or Joseph Carpenter, of Co. K, 73 Regt. Ohio Inf.—*M. E. S.*

4152. CLARK. Elizur Clark of Woodbury, Conn. was a Rev. soldier, and was held as prisoner on the prison ship Jersey. When they thought he would die they sent him home, but he d at Albany, N. Y. on his way home. His dau. Anne, b Jan. 1755, m Elizur Andrews of Newington, Conn. (Dec. 13, 1747-Dec. 4, 1829) at Newington, Conn., and d Feb. 16, 1836. Dates of Elizur Clark desired.—*C. M. S.*

4153. HOLLIDAY-ELLIOTT. Can anyone give me information of the Elliott and Holliday families of Hollidaysburgh, Penna.? John Holliday, b in Va., fought clear through the Rev.,

lost two brothers in the Rev. His dau. Susan m Robert Elliott, b in Va., lived in Hollidaysburgh, Penna., fought in the War of 1812, d at the age of 76 ab 1842 in Hollidaysburgh. They had two sons, Adam, who lived in Titusville, Penna., and Alexander, who lived in Hollidaysburgh, Penna.—*A. E. V. G.*

4155. SALTONSTALL. Who were the first and second wives of Gurdon Flower Saltonstall, b in Conn. May 18, 1750, to Nathaniel and Rebecca Flower Saltonstall, and d in 1836 in Cincinnati, O.?—*F. B.*

4156. LAMB-ADAMS. Parents wanted of Charles Lamb and his wife Susan Adams, said to have been second cousin of John Adams, president of the U. S. They were parents of Susan Rebecca Lamb, b Mch. 24, 1793, in Spencer, Mass.—*A. M. B.*

4157. JONES. — Jones served in the Rev., I think he lived in Amsterdam, N. Y., but the family originally came from N. J. He had a dau. Rachel, who m Jotham Carenton. Her dau. Anna was my grand-mother. Wanted his given name, his wife's name, and all dates for both and for Rachel.

(2) DUSTIN. Can a lineal descendant of

Hannah Dustin join the D. A. R. on Mrs. Dustin's record of bravery?—A. A. C. G.

4158. MILLS-LANIER. Please give names of parents, also of parents of wives, of Lieut. Thomas Mills and Benjamin Lanier, who signed will of Francis Janco of St. Mathews' Parish, Ga., in 1774. Also give dates and place of residence of parents. I have war record of both.

(2) MOORE. Will someone kindly furnish names of children of Capt. Chas. Moore of Buckingham Co. Va. who enlisted July 11, 1776 under George Mathews, Col.; Daniel Gaines, Maj.; Chas. Lewis, Lieut.-Col.; Wm. Moore, Ensign? Was this the Charles Moore of Spartanburg, S. C. whose son Thomas and four sons-in-law distinguished themselves in the Rev.? Has anyone a copy of the deed—1760—in N. C. or S. C. to Charles Moore, describing him as a school-master? Where is it on file? He or his wife was related to Mrs. Graham, who with her four sons came to Carolina 1760? Was one son Gen. Joseph Graham?

(3) PETERSON-SCOTT. Will some one kindly give me the war record and dates of Batte Peterson of St. Andrews Parish, Brunswick Co., Va.? He probably m Sarah Lockhart and his dau. Sarah Peterson m Lieut.-Col. George Wyche of Augusta, Ga., originally from Va. Batte Peterson's father-in-law, Thomas Scott of Prince George Co., Va. (I think) was also in the Rev. Will some one state in what capacity he served? Committee of safety, perhaps. Please give all dates of Thomas Scott.

(4) LINTON-MONTGOMERY. John Linton of Penna. or Va. or both m Margaret Montgomery, niece of Gen. Richard Montgomery. This John Linton was with Washington in 1756 and in Rev. 1776 (see records) and was a relation (tradition). Wanted, proof, dates, and place of residence. Their children were Samuel, George, and John (family tree). If anyone (perhaps the chapter named for her) has the will of Janet Livingston Montgomery, wife of Gen. Richard, I will gladly exchange for his will, which I have. It seems to me it would be a pleasure to the chapters to secure copies of the will of the hero or heroine whose name they have honored, and all other data.

(5) MCINTYRE. Can someone give me the names of the parents of John Daniel McIntyre and of his wife Catherine? Her tombstone states she was early left to care for a family of fatherless children.—L. L.

4159. JOHNSTON. What are the names and addresses of the sons of Harriet Lane Johnston?—I. E. B.

4160. CHAMPLIN. Wanted, published war record of Capt. John Champlin, Jr., of Charles-town, R. I., capt of merchant marine, son of Capt. John Champlin Sr. and Thankful

Thompson. John Champlin Sr. was the son of Christopher Champlin and Hannah Hill.—S. G. H.

4161. PALMER. Did Peleg Palmer, b Jan. 24, 1754, m Mar. 1, 1779 to Mary Burch, fight or render aid in the Rev.? Or did his father, Abijah Palmer (1712-1793), m 1742 to Bridget Stanton?

(2) BURCH. Did Thomas Burch, b Nov. 9, 1719, m Oct. 10, 1740, to Martha Davis, fight in the Rev. or render aid? References to the above can be found in Hist. of Stonington, Conn. or Chesbrough Genealogy, pp 133-364.

(3) BURR. Ancestry wanted of Experience Burr who m 1771 Dr. Joseph Lewis. She was probably of Haddam, Conn.

(4) ABERCROMBIE. Ancestry desired of Sarah Abercrombie (May 18, 1806-Aug. 27, 1829), m Dr. David L. Fiske. She lived on Licking River near Morning View, Ky. After her father's death, her mother m Mr. Loomis.—E. J. K.

4162. GERARD, JARRETT, ETC. Jonathan Gerard (name spelled many different ways) had brothers John, Joseph, Moses and others, in the Rev. His father, the Rev. John, was a Baptist minister and is supposed to have been too old to serve. Jonathan was from Berkeley Co. W. Va. and Loudoun Co. Va., m Leah Hays and moved to Green Co. Penna. Has he Rev. record?—F. A. C.

4163. HONEYWELL. Were Isaiah, b 1752, Israel, b 1756, Rice, b 1760, in Dutchess Co. N. Y. of the Westchester Co. N. Y. family of Honeywells, or of the Mass. family? Who were the parents of these boys? Isiah and Rice were Rev. soldiers, enlisting from Lanesboro, Mass. Israel was a family name, and it is thought that in some manner there is relationship with the Westchester Co. N. Y. family, in which the same name appears often.

(2) SAMPSON. Is there among the descendants of Jonathan Sampson Jr. (1729-1758) and Deborah Bradford his wife, b 1732, a grandson Elisha Sampson, b 1785?

(3) BRIGGS. Did Capt. Daniel Briggs and his wife Elizabeth Newman, living at Stamford, Conn., have besides Sarah, Nathaniel, Elizabeth, Mary and Philip, a dau. named Martha, b ab. 1712? In 1731, according to history, a Daniel Briggs left Stamford to go to Bedford, N. Y. accompanied by John Ingersoll, whose son Daniel m Martha Briggs in Bedford, N. Y. 1741.—M. I. M.

4163A. CORY-BROCKWAY. Samuel Cory (Apr. 28, 1788-1858) m ab. 1810, in Vt., Parnel Brockway (Sept. 22, 1788-Nov. 22, 1852). Soon after marriage removed to Indiana, where Samuel was Sheriff of Madison Co. in 1823. 7 children: Sabrina, b Dec. 5, 1811; Anna, Mary, John, Martha, Dorao and Parnel Abiah, b 1826. Who were the parents of Samuel Cory

and Parnel Brockway? Where were Samuel and Parnel born? Were they of Rev. descent? If so, give proof. Was there a Col. Brockway in the Rev.? A grandson of Parnel (Brockway) Cory said he had heard her speak of her father, Col. Brockway.—*M. P.*

4164. JACKSON. Can anyone tell something of the ancestors and descendants of Gen. Andrew Jackson, especially of the women of the family?—*B. C. D.*

4165. JONES. Will anyone having information in regard to the family of Daniel Jones of Conn., a survivor of the prison ship *Blaze Castle*, please communicate with *A. R.*

4166. NILES. Asa Stephen Niles Sr. m Clarissa Harris. His mother's maiden name was Stephen. What was his father's name? Rev. data wanted. I think they were from Vt.—*E. N. H.*

4167. JENNE-TOPLIFFE. Seth Jenne, b Dec. 25, 1784, m Lucinda Topliffe Feb. 12, 1805. The ancestry of Lucinda Topliffe is wanted.

(2) RICHARDS. Benjamin Richards, b in Conn. Jan. 27, 1775, moved to Rome, N. Y., m Eunice Mudge and d in Oswego, N. Y. 1843. Had 4 children, Mary Ann, Maria, Rensselaer, and Miranda. Information is desired concerning the ancestry of Benjamin Richards.

(3) RAPALJE-SCHOUTEN. Abraham Brinkerhoff Rapalje, b L. I. 1761, d Fishkill, N. Y., 1818. m Mary Schouten. Dates of her birth, death and marriage are wanted, and names of her parents, with Rev. service, if any.

(4) SCOTT. William Scott, b White Plains, N. Y., May 29, 1746, served in Capt. Silas Purdy's Co. Col. Thomas Palmer's Regt. N. Y. militia, Sept. 1775 to May 1776. Who was his wife? Who were the parents of William Scott and of his wife? Their dau. Mary m Abraham Brinkerhoff Rapalje. Who were their other children?

(5) FARNHAM-MOULTON. Reuben Farnham, b May 1749, Windham, Conn. served during the Rev. in 8th Regt. and 4th Regt., Conn. Line; m Lydia Moulton of Windham. Information is wanted concerning parentage of both and Rev. service, if any, of their parents.

(6) SPENCER-HAGAMAN. Alexander Spencer of Onondaga Co., N. Y., m Sara Hagaman (whose parents presumably came from Hackensack, N. J.) ab. 1815. They had two children, Helen Elizabeth, who m William Scott Rapalje, and Robert. Any information or suggestions which will help me to pursue my investigations concerning the Spencer and Hagaman families will be greatly appreciated.—*L. R. S.*

4168. SHELBY. Can any one give information regarding Jacob Shelby who lived in Anson County, North Carolina in 1790 to 1797, later emigrated to Tennessee, thence to Pope County, Illinois. His wife's name was Esther. Did he have Revolutionary Service?

Also data concerning Reese Shelby who was said to be a brother of Brigadier General Evan Shelby. Did Reese Shelby serve in the Rev.?

(2) LANE. Wanted information regarding Thomas Lane, said to have served in the Virginia troops in the Rev. war. He lived near Table Mountain, Pickens County, South Carolina about 1785 or 1787. He afterwards removed to Tennessee and settled on the Nolichucky river and died there. His wife's name was Mary Ann. —. His daughter Elizabeth, born 1777, married Hugh Collins. Catharine married Aquilla McCracken. His son, Tate Lane married Nancy —. Rollin and Joseph, sons, were soldiers in war of 1812, from Illinois.

(3) COLLINS. Information desired concerning Joseph Collins, a soldier of South Carolina in the Rev.

(4) GIRTMAN (GARTMAN). Also data concerning Paul Girtman (or Gartman) said to have been a Rev. soldier, probably from Lancaster County, Pennsylvania. His wife's name was Catherine Hipp. He afterwards lived on Current river in Ripley County, Missouri, and died there about 1819.—*S. A.*

4169. THOMPSON-DAVIDS (DAVIS). William Thompson m Mary Davids or Davis, and had these children: Sarah, b May 14, 1789, m a Grice; James, b Apr. 20, 1794; Joseph, b Aug. 20, 1796; John, b Nov. 13, 1801; Daniel, b Sept. 25, 1803; David, b Apr. 11, 1806, m Mary Ann Terry; Washington W., b June 12, 1809; Mary, b Nov. 1, 1811, m a Huddle; Harriet, b Sept. 22, 1814, m a Wilthong. They lived in Frederick Co., Va. in 1806, at the time David was born, near Winchester. They also lived near Richmond, Va., and also near Martinsburg, W. Va., as they went to both places to trade. At some place they lived close to a creek called "Back" Creek. "William Thompson's father was very rich. The British came and drove all of his stock off; he had a stone house and barn. They camped on his farm. The wife was sick in bed. The officers moved her to the Spring house, where a child was born, and took possession of the house. The soldiers built fires all around the barn, but did not burn it down." Wanted, the ancestry of William Thompson and Rev. service with official proof. Wm. Thompson had two sisters, Hannah, who m — Ralland or Rallan, and another who m — Beethoven. He d in Highland Co., Ohio, and is buried at East Monroe, O. Was this William Thompson or his father the same or of the same family as the Wm. Thompson referred to at p. 29, First Census of U. S., 1782-1785, as follows: Heads of Families, Virginia, 1782. Hanover Co. Captain John Thompson's and Price's Company of Militia? Have also been told that they lived in Penna., and that some one of the family or connecting family bore a birthmark from the effects of the mother watching the Battle of Brandywine. William Thomp-

son's wife, Mary Davids (or) Davis or Davies, was b in Scotland ab. 1751-3. They moved to Ohio in 1814. She d in 1858 in Highland Co., Ohio, and is buried at East Monroe, Ohio. Any information of Mary (Davids) Thompson desired, especially Rev. service in her family.

(2) TERRY-WALTER, (WALKER). Barton Terry m Mary Walter or Walker in Va., where I understand they were both born. They lived for a time in Va., but afterwards moved to Ross Co., Ohio. They had these children: Daniel; Susan, m a Martin; Lucy, m a Grouback; Elizabeth or Betsy, m a Hand; Eliza, m a Torbett; Nancy, m a Clagett; Mary Ann, b Sept. 13, 1816, m David Thompson. Barton Terry was drowned in Rattlesnake Creek, Ohio, ab. 1838. Any information as to ancestry and Rev. service of family of Barton Terry will be appreciated. His wife Mary Walter or Walker was b in Va. of wealthy parentage. The family tradition is that she eloped with Barton Terry, taking her few possessions in a package such as could be carried on horseback. They lived in Va., afterwards moved into Ohio, Ross Co. She afterwards lived with her daughter Eliza Torbett in Iroquois Co., Ill., where she d ab. 1853. Information of the Walter family desired, and official proof of any Rev. Service.—*L. E. E.*

4170. DAVIS. My great-grandparents were (1) Wells Davis, b 1777 in or near Amesbury, Mass., son of Ephraim (1738-9), grandson of Ephraim (1710-1792). Wells' mother was Martha Chase, dau. of Lieut. Wells Chase of Amesbury. Was either Ephraim Davis in the Revolution? The first was b and lived in Amesbury, Mass., and m in 1734 Mary Page. The second was also b in Amesbury, m 1769 Martha Chase, whose father, Lieut. Wells Chase, was b 1710, d 1785, m Martha Morse. Wells Davis m (2) Apr. 5, 1811, in Merrimac, Mass., Abigail Dodge.

(2) DODGE. Abigail Dodge, wife of Wells Davis above, lived in 1783-1843. Records in library at Concord, N. H., give the report from Londonderry, N. H., of the birth of Abigail Dodge, b 1783, dau. of Parker and Mary (Little) Dodge. We know that Wells Davis and his wife lived in N. H. for a while, for their eldest son, Amos, was b in N. H. in 1813. Was Abigail (Dodge) Davis the dau. of Parker and Mary (Little) Dodge? If so, was Parker Dodge a Rev. soldier?

(3) ANDRUS (ANDROS, ANDREWS). Miles Hollister Andrus, b Feb. 29, 1796 in Milton, N. Y., was the son of Jason Andrus, b in Conn. Feb. 22, 1768, whose parents were Miles and Phebe Andrus. Jason's wife was Ann Whitlock, b June 20, 1774 in Conn., the fourth child of Robert and Susan Whitlock who at one time lived in Ridgefield, Conn. Their children were Eunice, Abel, Sally, Ann, Abigail, Peter, Ezekiel, Delinda, Nehemiah and Friend. Was either Miles Andrus or Robert Whitlock in the Revo-

lution? Did Miles Andrus belong to Gov. Andrus' family? Miles m at White Creek, N. Y., June 29, 1817, Chloe Peck.

(4) PECK. Chloe Peck, wife of Miles Andrus above, was a Quaker. Can anyone tell me anything of the family or make a suggestion? She was b June 8, 1797.

(5) HOBBS. John Hobbs, b Washington Co., Penna., Dec. 4, 1801, m Dec. 27, 1825 Nancy or Ann Shipley, d Jan. 1871, was the son of Hanson or Henson Hobbs, b 1771 in Md., and Mary Ann (Shipley, we think, for John Hobbs and his wife Nancy or Ann Shipley were cousins). Mary Ann Hobbs was b Aug. 3, 1767, d June 20, 1848. We think Hanson's father's name was Hanson or Henson, for tradition tells us Hanson was a family name for generations and that three Hobbs brothers came to Baltimore ab. the time of Lord Baltimore's coming, one, a civil engineer, helping to lay out Baltimore. Can anyone tell me of the family, especially of Hanson or Henson Hobbs, who lived in 1776?

(6) SHIPLEY-HOWARD. Nancy or Ann Shipley (June 16, 1802-May 1855) who m John Hobbs Dec. 27, 1825, was the dau. of Henry Shipley and Ruth Howard, who d at the age of 97, both of whom were born and lived when young near Ellicott's Mills, Md. We are under the impression that Henry Shipley served in the Rev. under Washington. Is that true? Can anyone tell me of either Howards or Shipleys?

(7) HENRY. Milo Henry, b in Mass. 1810, was the son of Simon Henry, b Lebanon, Conn., Nov. 27, 1766, whose parents were John Henry, private, and Mary Gager. Simon m May 1, 1792, Rhoda Parsons, b Enfield, Conn., March 13, 1774, dau. of Sergt. John Parsons, Jr., and Ann Osborn, sometimes spelled Anne Osborne. Milo Henry m Chloe Ann B Osborne (e).

(8) OSBORNE (E). Chloe Ann B. Osborn (e) b 1807 in Vt., dau. of Timothy W. and Dolly (Blair) Osborn (e), who d near Bainbridge, Ohio May 7, 1833, aged 52 years, m Milo Henry above in Ohio Feb. 24, 1833, and d Aug., 1875. We believe that Timothy and Dolly Blair his wife were b in the vicinity of Hartford, Conn., migrated first to Vt., then to Bainbridge, Ohio, for we know of another Dolly Blair who m a Case, descended from Richard Case, a Rev. soldier in the same vicinity, prior to 1820. Any suggestion would be most acceptable.—*H. D. G.*

4171. FAUST-HUNSINGER. John Faust, b November 26, 1775, m Rosanna Hunsinger, b September 26, 1774. In 1807, they settled in what is now Ryan Township, Schuylkill County Penna. coming (supposedly) from Tulpehocken. Wanted date of marriage, and places of birth, together with names of parents, for D. A. R. line.

(2) NEIFERT-BREINER. John Jacob Neifert, b July 2, 1765, m Magdalena Breiner, b Jan-

uary 10, 1760. They were one of the pioneer families of what is now Rush Township, Schuylkill County, Penna. coming from Albany Township, Berks County, in 1800. Wanted names of her parents, for D. A. R. papers. Cannot some Pennsylvania correspondent help me?—*M. F. N.*

4172. BASSETT. I am trying to find the parentage of Charlotte and Lydia Bassett. Lydia was b Oct. 20, 1787, and m Fletcher Sizer Nov. 4, 1805. Charlotte m William Sizer, Jr. I have no data for the last mentioned event, or the date of Charlotte's birth. Charlotte and Lydia were sisters.—*J. B. S.*

4173. PERKINS. David Perkins, born 1711, with wife Alice (Leach) and sons Zephaniah, John, Robert and Asa, removed in 1770 from Bridgewater to Worcester Co., Mass. He was in Hardwick in 1770, New Braintree 1772, Barre 1773 to 1779, Oakham 1779 to 1781. All the sons served in the Revolution. Zephaniah was killed Sept. 15, 1777; John was captured by the British at Bunker Hill and long held prisoner in Boston. He married Sarah White July 23, 1777 at Hardwick. Robert married Silence Leach in 1776 at Pelham.

We particularly desire to learn where the parents, David and Alice, lived after 1781 when they sold their land in Oakham, and when and where they died; also whether David is credited with any patriotic activity, as he was not a soldier. Where did the sons live after the war? I have been told that there is a reference to this family in "The Soldiers of Oakham" by Henry P. Wright. Will some one having access to this book be so kind as to see whether it gives any information regarding these Perkinses?—*J. C. P.*

4174. KELLER. Martin and wife Mary (Rich) Keller came from Holland in 1745. They settled in Woodstock, Shenandoah Valley, Va. and moved to Wheeling in 1775. There was a son Adam and Adam's son Charles. Is there any record of Rev. service?

4175. BROOKIN - FOOTSON - BATEMAN. Can someone help me with genealogies of the Brookin-Footson families of Va., and the Batemans of N. C.?

(2) HOLTZMAN. Does anyone know of the ancestry, dates of birth and marriage of Frederick Holtzman of Frederick Co., Md.? His will, probated Aug. 7, 1793, mentions his wife Margaret. Did either he or his wife have Rev. ancestry? The family, I think, were originally from Berks Co., Penna. Any information will be appreciated.—*J. B. B.*

4176. STRONG. Many descendants of the "Rev. Samuel Strong a clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church, who was a native of Md. but in early life moved to Va." would like to know if he has Rev. service. "He m a Miss De Graffenreid whose ancestors came from Switzerland. They were the parents of Chris-

topher B. Strong, the Nestor of the Georgia bar, who was b in Cumberland Co. Va. in the year 1783." *Bench and Bar of Ga.* There can be a number of additions to the D. A. R. if his service of any kind can be established.—*R. J. S.*

4177. COLEMAN. Would like to know names of parents of Mary Coleman, who m John Schooley of Warren Co., N. J., in 1767. Was her father a Rev. soldier?

(2) STEELE. Would also like to know first name of — Steele of Augusta or Fauquier Co. Va. Had a dau. Nancy who never m. One dau., name unknown, m James McIntosh. Wanted Rev. service of said Steele.—*M. E. T.*

4178. BRIEN-MILNER. Elisha Brien m Ann S. Milner in Campbell Co., Va. in 1806. Can anyone give me parents of both? Ann Milner said to be a cousin of Chief Justice John Marshall. Elisha had brothers, Abijah, William, David, John. Is there a Rev. ancestor on either side?

(2) TUBB-FISHER-REYNOLDS. James Tubb of S. C. m Polly Fisher, had 11 children, 8 boys and 3 girls. Their son Col. James Tubb (Seminole War and War of 1812) m Elizabeth Reynolds, moved to Tenn. had 10 children, 4 boys, 6 girls. His dau. Polly m M. M. Brien, son of Elisha Brien and Ann Milner above. Would like to know something of these families, and if there is a Rev. ancestor here.

(3) BURROWS. Would like the names of children of Capt. Hubbard Burrows of Groton, Conn., who m (1) Priscilla Baldwin, (2) Sarah Avery. Was Eunice Burrows who m Solomon Tift his daughter and by which wife?

(4) LINDSAY-WILSON. Can anyone give parentage of Samuel Lindsay, who went into N. C. from Va., and settled at Olney, Lincoln Co.? He m Eleanor Wilson of S. C. (1771-Dec. 23, 1849), whose parents came from Ireland; one brother was b on the Atlantic Ocean. Their children were James, Nancy, Mary, William, Samuel, John, Paul, Gaddis and Elizabeth. Samuel Lindsay had a sister Mary, who m her first cousin, Maj. John Lindsay.—*B. B.*

4179. KINCAID. My grandfather, Thomas Kincaid, was born in Greenbrier Co., Va. (now W. Va.) in 1800. His father, Francis Kincaid, married ——— Murdock, and was a land holder in that county in the 1700's. Family tradition has it that he was in the Revolution. Wanted, ancestry, with all gen. data, and Rev. service, if any. The family was of Scotch-Irish extraction.

(2) GALE. Ancestry wanted of my paternal grandfather, William Gale, two brothers, Gale, settled in Rock Hall, Maryland, and were the forefathers of the family in this country. I think the family was Irish. William Gale, according to tradition in family, was an own cousin of Edward Everett. Rev. service, if any, of ancestors.

(3) STEELE-CHODRICK. Ancestry of maternal great-grandmother wanted. Elizabeth Steele, who married Peter Chodrick. Elizabeth Steele's mother was Elizabeth Hostler who married George Steele. Rev. service of Steeles or Chodricks wanted.—*L. G. D.*

4180. PAISLEY-WYCHE-RIVES. My husband is the son of Jerusha (Paisley) and George Wyche Rives, son of Mary Ridley (Jones) and Green Rives, son of Lucy (Wyche) of Va. and William Rives. We want the records, if any, of Jerusha Paisley, who was the dau. of Jerusha (May) and John Paisley, son of one of 5 brothers who came to America early in its settlement. Then we want the records, if any, of William Rives and Lucy Wyche of Va.—*C. G. R.*

4181. SWEENEY. Where can a genealogy of the Sweeneys of Md. be purchased? Where can I purchase a copy of the marriage licenses of Frederick Co., Md.?—*J. B. B.*

4182. WILLIAMS. Record of Williams family taken from Family Bible. 1. Hepsibath, b ——— d Jan. 17th, 1747; 2. William, b Feb. 17th, 1745, d Dec. 3rd, 1776; 3. Rebecca, b Sept. 27th, 1747, d Aug. 1st, 1771; 4. Mary, b Aug. 24th, 1749; 5. Hannah, b Sept. 11th, 1751; 6. Hepsibath, b Jan. 6th, 1754; 7. Susannah, b Feb. 28th, 1756; 8. Sally, b Apr. 6th, 1758. Nehemiah, b about 1723, died Jan. 26th, 1759, undoubtedly was the father of the above eight children. Hepsibath or Hephzibah, the 6th child m Abraham Livermore, in Weston, Mass., April 9th, 1772. Who were the ancestors of this family?

(2) SALISBURY. Record of the Salisbury family. Benjamin, b Feb. 27th, 1756, married Lydda ———. He d Jan. 23rd, 1842. She d May 1st, 1824. Supposed to have migrated from Conn. to central New York. Children: Elisha, b 1778; Lydda, 1781; Abigail, 1782; Hannah, 1785; Mason, 1787; Naney, 1790; Sally, 1793; Benjamin, 1795; Cynthia, 1802. Who were the ancestors of this family.—*S. E. G.*

4183. BAKER. Col. John Baker of Ipswich, Mass., had a son Allen, who m Rebecca Porter, dau. of Rev. Nehemiah Porter of Ashfield, Mass. They had 12 children, b in Ipswich, Mass. I have the dates of death, etc., of some of them, but not the dates of marriage of Col. John Baker. Did he have a Rev. record? I find a Col. John Baker's Regt. marched on Lexington alarm from Topsfield, also a John Baker who was a sergeant in Col. John Baker's Regt. See Nat. No. 8334 Ill. Sons of the Rev. and Mass. Rev. War Archives.

(2) MAYO. Capt. Thomas Mayo of Roxbury, Mass., had a son, Capt. Thomas Mayo Jr., who commanded a company in 1778, and had a son Thomas Mayo (3) b July 24, 1767, d Sept. 15, 1822. This last m Amy Davis Aug. 29, 1791. I have a list of 12 children and dates, but not the dates and marriage of the first

Capt. Thomas Mayo. He certainly had Rev. service, also his son. Has this family history been written up? I have a host of the later dates.

(3) CARMEAN. John Carmean Senior came from Holland in 1776, m Nancy Grayless near Baltimore, Md., ab. 1780, a son James Carmean was b Dec. 17, 1799, who m Mary Miller Feb. 15, 1793. Is there Rev. service here?

(4) MILLER. Peter Miller of Germany was bound to a man by name of Brown, who was drafted in to Rev. War, but substituted this boy, Peter Miller, either from Penna. or Va. I wish to get his dates and record.

(5) DUTRO-DUTROW. Jacob Dutro or Dutrow of Hagerstown, Md., according to family tradition served in the Rev. Has anyone dates and proof?—*G. S. D.*

4184. WOLCOTT. My gr. grandfather ——— Wolcott came to Sackett's Harbor, Me., from Springfield, Mass., some time between 1806 and 1812, with his family. My grandmother, Hannah Wolcott, was b in Springfield, 1806. I believe his name was either John or Lawrence. All the older members of the family say that he and his son Lawrence were in the War of 1812. How can I prove it?—*M. I. M.*

4185. HENDRICKSON. Oke (Okey, Okay) Hendrickson, b Nov. 24, 1774, m Mary Ann ———, b. Jan. 22, 1746. Had children Daniel, b June 1, 1769, m Sarah Herbert; Sarah m James Herbert, brother of Sarah Herbert; Elizabeth; William; my grandfather, who m in Ky. Daniel and Sarah were m in N. J. All of this family moved from Hightstown, N. J., ab. 1790, to Poplar Flat, Lewis Co., Ky. Oke H. served in the Rev. from Middlesex Co., N. J. Ancestry of both Oke H. and Mary Ann ——— desired, with all gen. data.—*E. H. L.*

4186. RERICK. John Rerick d in service at Fort Niagara, N. Y., Sept. 28, 1813. His father was Henry Rerick. Did either have a Rev. record? Was said Henry Rerick the eldest son of Conrad Rerick who came from Wittenburg, to Philadelphia in 1749? Was said John Rerick the John Rerick who was ranger on the frontier of Northumberland Co., Penna., 1778 to 1783?—*C. H. R.*

4187. MARTIN-AIKEN-GARY. Ancestry desired of Edward Martin of the Rev., Capt. in Winn's Regt., from Fairfield Dist. S. C. He m (1) Miss McClure, sister of Capts. John and James McClure (see S. C. in Rev. by McClure). Are there any descendants from their union? Second marriage was to Mary Aiken of Charleston, S. C., 1792. Who were her parents? There were 10 children, the eldest Elizabeth, who m a Sloan, the second John A., who m Frances P. Gary of Newberry, S. C. Who were her parents? What were the names of the other 8 children of Mary and Edward Martin?

(2) FOSTER. Ancestry and records of James Foster, Rev. soldier from 96 Dist., S. C.?

(3) DAVIS. Felix Davis of 96 Dist. Of what ancestry? Was he a Rev. soldier?

(4) McCASLAN-LINK. Robert McCaslan, b in Ireland 1767, emigrated to America from Tyrone, Ireland. Where did he first land? He m Margret Link of Va. before coming to S. C. Who were her parents?—*M. D.*

4188. CARTER-KEENE. Wanted, to know the ancestors of Elizabeth Holly Keene, who m Samuel Carter of N. C. May 20, 1779. Did any of them serve in the Rev? He was a soldier of the Rev. Also wanted, to know the parents of Samuel Carter (Oct. 22, 1752—Apr. 25, 1813) above.—*O. L. M.*

4189. SIMONDS. I want data concerning the family history of the Simonds of Charlestown, N. H., Mass., and Vt., especially James and Lydia, James and Ann Coven, Hazael (b Dec. 28, 1752) and Mary, William C. (b Jan. 7, 1798) and Lucy Wiswall. Is there a Rev. record for James Simonds or his son Hazael or Jahazael? Will be glad to correspond with anyone who has any information concerning this family or connections.—*K. M.*

4190. FLOURNOY-SPENCER. Julia Elizabeth Flournoy, b Dec. 5, 1721, m Thomas Spencer, who d 1793. Who were her parents? Did her father serve in the Rev.? When and where was she born. Give date and place of her mother's birth. Was Thomas Spencer in the Revolution? Who were his parents? Dates of his birth and marriage desired.—*G. H. W.*

4191. ROMER-STILLWELL. Jacob Romer of Tarrytown, Westchester County, N. Y. had five sons, Jacob, Henry, James, John and Joseph. All were members of the Westchester County Militia and served in the Revolution. Did any of these men have a son named James Romer who married Mary Stillwell of Staten Island? Mary Stillwell and James Romer were married April 30, 1807. James Romer d in 1857. Their children were: Joseph, Isaac, Mary, Margaret, John, Charity, James, Henry, all born on Staten Island. If James Romer is not a descendant of the Romers of Westchester County did he have any Rev. ancestry? Did Mary Stillwell have any Rev. ancestry? Her mother's name was Ann Ward, b Nov. 1, 1757, daughter of Capt. Wm. Ward of Staten Island, and her father's name was Abraham Stillwell, b Mar. 16, 1751, also of Staten Island.—*E. A. G.*

4192. SWAN-SHEPHERD. Will someone kindly tell me if William Shepherd who m Rebecca Swan at or near Petersburg, Va., ab. the beginning of the 19th cent. was in the Rev? What steps could I take to find records of them? I think the mother of Rebecca is buried in old Blandford graveyard. One of the daughters m a Bland. When well up in years William Shepherd became converted to the Quaker faith.

They had four children, Joseph, William, Martha and Jane, I think. Any information of the Swan and Shepherd families will be gratefully received.—*C. W. K.*

4193. PARKER-MOORE. Information wanted of the families of Col. Wm. Parker of Westmoreland Co. Penna., and his wife Miss Moore, sister of the presiding judge of Westmoreland Co., under whom Wm. Parker was (just after the Rev.) a surveyor, when the western part of Penna. was opened for settlement. Tradition of Rev. service. Would like to correspond with some person having access to Westmoreland Co. history or that of either family.—*L. C. B.*

4194. TARPLEY-CAMP. Wanted, the names of the parents of Mary Tarpley of Va. who m John Camp, b 1742-3 in Va. Two of her sisters m brothers of John Camp—Nathan and Thomas. All three of these Camp brothers fought in the Rev. War.

(2) WAGGONER (WAGNER)-CAMP. Wanted, the names of the parents of Susan Wagner or Waggoner, who m Thomas Camp, son of John Camp (1742-3-1813). Thomas Camp and his wife were living in Rutherford Co. N. C. during the Rev.

(3) DYKES-CAMP. Wanted, the parents of Elizabeth Dykes, who m Benjamin Camp (1757-1842). He was a member of Capt. Nathaniel Welch's Co., 2d Va. Regt.

(4) SCOTT-THOMAS. Wanted, the names of the parents of Capt. Wm. Scott of the Georgia Line in the Rev. They lived in Louisa Parish, Va., and he was b Aug. 26, 1754; m Jane Thomas in S. C. in 1784, and d in Georgia in 1806. Names of Jane Thomas' parents also desired.—*J. S. A.*

4195. FIKES-KEEK. Edmon Alford Graham (Nov. 14, 1841—June 2, 1904) m Edwina C. Bunker, b Sept. 17, 1848, dau. of Nathaniel Bunker, b July 3, 1821, soldier in Civil War, taken prisoner and not heard of since, and Mary Fikes (Oct. 15, 1826-Oct. 1855). Mary Fikes was the dau. of John Fikes (May 28, 1803-May 1, 1883) and Catherine Keck (Feb. 7, 1807-Nov. 14, 1899), dau. of Jake and Susanna Keck. John Fikes was the son of Jake and Hannah Fikes. Jake Fikes and Jake Keck, both in Montgomery Co. N. Y. near Utica are said to have been in the Rev. Jake Fikes was a blue coat, so I am told. Wanted official proof.—*W. H. H.*

4196. ADAMS-LEWIS. Can anyone give me history and Rev. service of Robert Adams Sr. who m Mary Lewis? Their dau. Judith b 1716 m Micajah Clark in 1736. Two other sisters m Achilles and Charles Moorman and a son Robert Jr. m Penelope Lynch. Have heard there is an unbroken record of this Adams family for 187 yrs. Where can I get this record? Wanted, date of Robert Adams' death, marriage, birth.

(2) LEWIS-MONTGOMERY. William Lewis, a

son of John Lewis the immigrant, m Ann Montgomery. Wanted, all data and Rev. service of William Lewis and his wife Ann Montgomery.

(3) BOWEN-MATTHEWS. John Bowen m Rachel Matthews in Va. They had five children, John, William, Nancy, Rebecca, who m Mr. Frazier, and Elizabeth, who m Mr. Clarke. Wanted, dates and Rev. service of the Bowen and Matthews families. Would like to correspond with some of the descendants of Henry Bowen who m Ann Cunningham.

(4) ANDERSEN. David Andersen Sr. from near Dundee, Scotland, came to Hanover Co. Va. before 1748 and m Elizabeth ——— in Va. ab. 1746. Their children were William, Nathaniel, Thomas, Richard, David, Ann, Matthew, Edmond and two younger girls. David Sr. lived nearly all his life in Hanover Co., Va. Late in life he bought a plantation in Albemarle Co. Va. (near the Roosevelt farm) and d there in 1791. His wife Elizabeth d there in 1804. What was his wife's name? David Anderson Jr. with his brothers William, Nathaniel and Richard, began life in Hanover Co., Va., later moved to Louisa Co. Va. and were in Louisa Co. Va. during the Rev. War. Nathaniel became a Capt., Richard a Col. and David a Capt. Nathaniel m Elizabeth Cass 1772. William m Martha Hancock in 1786. Richard m Caty Fox in 1782. What was the name of David Jr.'s wife? I would like to correspond with the descendants of any of these sons.—*W. C.*

4197. RIDLEY-SHARPE-REESE-WINN. Information wanted of the Ridleys, a Tenn. family; also of Phoebe Sharpe; Elizabeth Reese; Thomas and Samuel Winn.—*M. K. W.*

4198. GOSS. Was David Goss a soldier in the Rev.? He was a native of Md. or Penna., m Hannah Knepper, d ab. 1858 and is buried in Franklin Co., Penna. Wanted, all information that will enable his descendants to join the D. A. R.—*G. E. B.*

4199. RANDOLPH. James Randolph, a Rev. soldier of Va., settled in E. Tenn. in 1783. Can anyone give me the names of his parents, and dates of his birth and marriage? Would also like his wife's surname, and dates of her birth and death. Her given name was Sarah.—*L. B. B.*

4200. HARDY. Name wanted of wife of Nathaniel Hardy, who served in Rev. War from Windham Co. Conn.; afterward lived in Berkshire Co., Mass., Genesee Co., N. Y., and Portage Co., Ohio, where he d in 1821. Children: Martha, m Abiel Hovey; Esther, m Silas Greenman; three daughters, m Wing, Wait and Schoonover; Nathaniel, m Rebecca Read; William.—*E. A. G.*

4201. TILLOTSON-SMITH. I desire information about the parents of Mary or Molly Tillotson, who m Isaac Smith, and Elizabeth Smith

who m Samuel Stearns. Wish Rev. service, etc. Samuel Stearns is descended from Lieut. Ebenezer Stearns Jr. of Rev. War.—*E. H. S.*

4202. WRIGHT. Wanted—Revolutionary record of service of Samuel Wright, Sr. of Lenox, Mass. b. May 28th 1722 in Wethersfield, d. Oct. 1789 in Lenox, Mass.

"Massachusetts Soldiers of the Revolution" gives the following record—

Wright, Samuel. Lee (also given Stockbridge). List of men raised to serve in the Con. Army from Capt. Jesse Bradley's Co. Residence, Lee, engaged for town of Lee; joined Capt. Stories Co; Col. Brewer's regt; term three years.

also list of men mustered between Jan. 20th, 1777 to June 1st, by Truman Wheeler, muster master for Berkshire Co; reported rec'd State Bounty.

also Private, Capt. John Williams' Co; Col. Ebenezer Sprout's reg't; Continental Army pay acc't, for services from June 2nd, 1777 to Dec. 31st, 1779. Aaron Wright reported as having taken place of said Samuel Wright, Jan 1st, 1780.

As Lenox was originally a part of Lee, and Samuel Wright, Sr. had a son Samuel, Jr. in the army, I have been unable to decide which one this record refers to. Can anyone help me to decide the question as some of the descendants of Samuel Wright Sr. (who are descendants of the younger children of Samuel Sr.) would like to join the D. A. R. if eligible. I am a member of D. A. R. through Andrew Wright who was one of the older sons of Samuel Sr.—*G. W. K.*

4203. "KASSELL-BEAN-SCHRACK. Wanted names of wife and children of Henry Bean whose parents were John Bean and Katherine Kassel. (daughter of Julius Kassel.) Also names of ancestors of Henry Bean (?-1821) whose wife was Susanna Schrack, (1774-1850), (daughter of Christian Schrack 1727-1780, and Maria Margretha ———.) This Henry Bean was in the War of 1812. Also names of descendants of Johannes and Mary Behn who were imported to Philadelphia from Boston in 1732 in the ship "Norris." Also names of family connections of The Philadelphia County Associators, 6th. Bat., 3rd. Co. as follows—John Bean, Sr., 6th. Class; John Bean, Jr. 5th. Class; and Henry Bean, son of John, 1st. Class. All of these lived in Philadelphia Co., now Montgomery Co., Pa."—*H. E. B.*

4204. LIDDON. Benjamin Liddon, probably son of Thomas Liddon was a soldier of the Rev., and was awarded two tracts of land in Middle Tenn. near Murfreesboro. (Records of claims allowed & signed by the Board of Auditors for the District of Wilmington, also list of currency paid by James Cain, for Wilmington Dist. obtained when sixteen of our family joined the D. A. R. in 1911.) Want to know

other names of children of Thomas Liddon, if any, and his wife's name. Benjamin Liddon m Sarah Ivey (Rutledge,) Ivey, widow of Abram Ivey, also a Rev. soldier. Sarah Rutledge was sister of John or Edward Rutledge of Charleston, S. C.—*M. S. C.*

(2) PRICE-PINCKNEY. My grandmother, Margaret Price, m my grandfather, Henry Davis, ab. 1795-6 in Rutherford Co., N. C. Margaret Price's mother was a Miss Pinckney, who was one of four children, names not known. What was the name of Margaret Price's father? It is supposed to be John, as one of her eight children was named John Price Davis.—*M. S. C.*

4205. WALKER. Nancy Walker (1767-1803) m 1793 as his second wife Lieut. Jonathan Holton (1743-1821). Can anyone tell me who were the parents of Nancy Walker, & did her father serve in the Revolution?

(2) GREEN. Olive Green (1771-1846) m Aaron Hosford (1769-1850), son of Aaron and Lucy Strong Hosford. Would like to know who were the parents of Olive Green, and did her father serve in the Revolution?—*G. W. L.*

4206. TIMMONS. Solomon Timmons with a cousin Edward and other members of the family made, long before the time of the railroads, nine trips from Md. and Del. to Ohio. They made a settlement near Chillicothe,—one family in Ross Co., the other family in an adjacent county. Solomon m Elizabeth — and had Selby b Sept. 15, 1803. Of his other children I know nothing. Selby m Polly — and had Betsy Ann, b 1825; Solomon Stewart, b 1827; Eliza Jane, b 1829; Charlotte Temple, b 1832; Naomi Catherine, b 1834; Sarah Ellen, b 1836; Eli Harrison, b 1839; Nancy Hood, b 1842. These children were b in Ohio, but Selby was probably b in Md. or Del. as Edward had a son Joseph b in Md. in 1804. To what family did Solomon Timmons belong?

(2) THOMPSON-SANDERS. Lovell Thompson, b ab. 1790, lived in Ky. until 1820 when he moved to Mo. He m Betsy or Petsy Sanders, b in Penna. Aug. 26, 1793. Can anyone place Lovell Thompson or Betsy Sanders?

(3) DUNLAP-KEY. John Dunlap, a soldier of the War of 1812 in the Ky. mounted volunteers, m Maria Key. From Ky. they went to Mo. ab. 1830. Any information of either family will be appreciated.

(4) MONTGOMERY-SHOOK-KILBOURNE. Samuel Montgomery m Magdalene Shook ab. 1795 in Tenn. Their children were William, Polly, John, Samuel, Cyrus, James b 1801, Jane, Elizabeth, Melinda, Margaret. James, b 1801, m Sarah Kilbourne ab. 1824. They had nine children, all boys except one, Elizabeth Jane, b ab. 17, 1831 in Blount Co. Tenn. near Knoxville. Many of this family went to Indiana ab.

1845. Wanted to know, to what Montgomery family Samuel belongs, and also who were the parents of Magdalene Shook.—*W. B. H.*

4207. LEONARD. Phelps and Gorham Purchase of Western N. Y. states that Silas Leonard came with his sons Jonathan, Lewis and Silas from Stockbridge, Mass., to N. Y. and that he was killed by a falling tree at Onondaga Salt Works. The History of Monroe Co. N. Y. states that Silas Leonard Sr. was killed and his sons came alone; that Jonathan went to Canaan, Conn., and brought his mother and sisters Lucy and Thankfull. We have been unable to find any records in Stockbridge or Canaan. The Canaan, Conn. wills are in Hartford Library, but I was there in April, and it would be some time before they could be seen. Has anyone joined the D. A. R. under this name since the last printed Lineage Book?

(2) MOWRY-APPLEBY. Job Mowry, b Smithfield, R. I. 1744, m Hannah (Appleby) Smith, widow of Nathaniel Smith, and dau. of James and Dorcas Appleby. Job Mowry b 1744 served in the Rev. and this dau. Anne m in 1801. There was another Job Mowry who was the son of a third, who also was in the Revolution. Can anyone help me to distinguish the services of the several Job Mowrys?

(3) PRAYS Are there records to prove that a Jonathan Pray from Foster, R. I. or Killingly, Conn., ever served in the Rev.? I want to find the dates missing in the following list: Esek Pray, b 1790 Killingly, Conn., m 1811 Sally Ann Hammond (b 1792 Foster, R. I.) and d in 1856; Joseph Pray, d April 10, 1820; m Ruth Petty, where? Jonathan Pray, b Sept. 9, 1724, m Phoebe Aldrich, when?

(5) HARSH. Date of birth of Jacob Harsh, who enlisted from Bedford, Penna.

(6) SMITH. I want the ancestry of Lieut. Seth Smith, b 1734 d 1829, m 1764 Rebecca Sheldon b 1744 d 1811 Suffield, Conn.

(7) DEFORREST. Who was the father of Polly Basset Deforrest of Conn. (1774-1850)?

(8) SHELTON. Who was the father of Rebecca Sheldon (1744-1811) who m Seth Smith of Conn.?

(9) SPENCER. James Spencer was b 1730 E. Hartford, Conn. Was he in the Rev. in Conn. before he went to Wyoming, Penna.?—*S. W. McK.*

4208. BARNES-NOBLE. James Barnes was the first man to respond to the call for volunteers to defend Sackett's Harbor, 1812. He enlisted at Rome, N. Y. Who were his parents? Did his father have Rev. service? Did Solomon Noble of Oneida Co., N. Y., whose daughter Amanda m James Barnes, have Rev. service? Any information in regard to these people would be greatly appreciated.—*C. D. L.*

OFFICIAL

The National Society of the

Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters Memorial Continental Hall, Seventeenth and D Streets, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management 1915-1916

President General

MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY,

36 Gramercy Park, New York, N. Y., and Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General

(Term of office expires 1916.)

MRS. GEORGE MAYNARD MINOR,
Waterford, Conn.

MRS. JOSEPH S. WOOD,
135 S. 2nd Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

MRS. ELIZA FERRY LEARY,
1551 10th Ave., N., Seattle, Wash.

MRS. CHARLES CLEMENCE ABBOTT,
Washington St., Keene, N. H.

MRS. ALVIN V. LANE,
2505 Maple Ave., Dallas, Texas.

MRS. GEORGE T. SMALLWOOD,
3520 16th St., Washington, D. C.

MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON,
1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke, Va.

MRS. CHARLES R. DAVIS,
St. Peter, Minn.

MRS. EDMUND F. NOEL,
Lexington, Miss.

MRS. WILLIAM H. CROSBY,
1042 Main St., Racine, Wis.

(Term of office expires 1917.)

MRS. EDMUND P. MOODY,
1004 W. 10th St., Wilmington, Del.

MRS. RHETT GOODE,
60 St. Emanuel St., Mobile, Ala.

MRS. KENT HAMILTON,
2317 Scottwood Ave., Toledo, Ohio.

MRS. WILLIAM HAIMES SMITH,
The Snuggery, Parkersburg, W. Va.

MRS. CHARLES SPALDING THOMAS,
123 E. 16th Ave., Denver, Colo.

MRS. JOHN LEE DINWIDDIE,
Fowler, Ind.

MRS. JOHN F. SWIFT,
2715 Benvenue Ave., Berkeley, Cal.

MRS. SAMUEL MCKNIGHT GREEN,
3815 Magnolia Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

MRS. WILLIAM H. THOMPSON,
E. Maxwell St., Lexington, Ky.

MRS. SHEPPARD W. FOSTER,
711 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

Chaplain General

MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,

The Columbia, Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General

MRS. WILLIAM C. BOYLE,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Organizing Secretary General

MRS. WILLIAM A. SMOOT,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Treasurer General

MRS. JOSEPH E. RANDELL,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary General

MRS. JULIUS C. BURROWS,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Registrar General

MISS GRACE M. PIERCE,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Historian General

MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution

MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.
788 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.

Librarian General

MRS. GEORGE M. STERNBERG,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Curator General

MISS CATHERINE B. BARLOW,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

State Regents and State Vice-Regents—1915-16



ALABAMA	MRS. JOHN LEWIS COBBS, 124 Mobile St., Montgomery. MRS. WILLIAM HARVEY, 423 Sherman St., New Decatur.
ARIZONA	MRS. HARRY L. CHANDLER, Mesa. MRS. JOHN S. BAYLESS, Tucson.
ARKANSAS	MISS STELLA PICKETT HARDY, Batesville. MRS. SAMUEL PRESTON DAVIS, 523 E. Capitol Ave., Little Rock.
CALIFORNIA	MRS. MAYNARD FORCE THAYER, 651 S. Pasadena Ave., Pasadena. MRS. JOHN C. LYNCH, 1848 University Ave., Berkeley.
COLORADO	MRS. WINFIELD S. TARBELL, 1748 High St., Denver. MISS KATHARINE S. McELROY, R. F. D. No. 1, Box No. 1, Greeley.
CONNECTICUT	MRS. JOHN LAIDLAW BUEL, Litchfield. MRS. CHARLES H. BISSELL, Southington.
DELAWARE	MRS. GEORGE C. HALL, St. John's Rectory, 2300 Blvd., Wilmington. MISS ELEANOR EUGENIA TODD, Newark.
DIST. OF COLUMBIA	MRS. FRANK FOSTER GREENAWALT, 1719 Lanier Pl., Washington. MISS JANET E. RICHARDS, "The Olympia," Washington.
FLORIDA	MRS. M. W. CARRUTH, 412 W. Lafayette St., Tampa. MRS. ALEXANDER T. BIGELOW, Box 72, Seabreeze.
GEORGIA	MRS. THADEUS C. PARKER, Ingleside, Vineville, Macon. MRS. ALEXANDER O. HARPER, Dewyrose, Elberton.
IDAHO	MRS. CHARLES W. PURSELL, 1515 Ada St., Boise. MRS. WARD STONE, Caldwell.
ILLINOIS	MRS. GEORGE T. PAGE, 127 Flora Ave., Peoria. MRS. FRANK W. BAHNSEN, 723 20th St., Rock Island.
INDIANA	MRS. HENRY A. BECK, 3522 Central Ave., Indianapolis. MISS EMMA A. DONNELL, Greensburg.
IOWA	MRS. ROBERT J. JOHNSTON, Humboldt. MRS. DAVID A. COLLIER, 326 Fulton St., Keokuk.
KANSAS	MRS. GEORGE THACHER GUERNSEY, "Ridgewood," Independence. MRS. L. L. KIENE, 501 Lincoln St., Topeka.
KENTUCKY	MRS. WALTER S. GLORE, Danville. MISS JENNIE DAVIESS BLACKBURN, 716 11th St., Bowling Green.
LOUISIANA	MRS. WILLIAM W. WALLIS, 1302 Washington Ave., New Orleans. MRS. TILEY H. SCOVELL, 1002 Olive St., Shreveport.
MAINE	MRS. CHARLES W. STEELE, Farmington. MRS. WILFORD G. CHAPMAN, 482 Cumberland Ave., Portland.
MARYLAND	MRS. ARTHUR LEE BOSLEY, 1406 Mt. Royal Ave., Baltimore. MRS. WILLIAM H. TALBOTT, Rockville.
MASSACHUSETTS	MRS. GEORGE O. JENKINS, 28 Warren Ave., Whitman. MRS. FREDERICK S. DAVIS, 10 Westland Ave., Boston.
MICHIGAN	MRS. WILLIAM H. WAIT, 1706 Cambridge Rd., Ann Arbor. MISS ALICE LOUISE McDUFFEE, 1012 W. Main St., Kalamazoo.
MINNESOTA	MRS. GEORGE C. SQUIRES, 698 Oakland Ave., St. Paul. MRS. WILLIAM H. MOREHART, 104 Pleasant St., Mankato.
MISSISSIPPI	MRS. ANDREW FULLER FOX, West Point. MRS. THOMAS FRANKLIN, Columbus.
MISSOURI	MRS. MARK S. SALISBURY, Independence. MRS. HERBERT A. OWEN, 1027 Henry St., St. Joseph.
MONTANA	MRS. EDWARD A. MORLEY, 15 S. Benton Ave., Helena. MRS. CHARLES A. BLACKBURN, 804 W. Silver St., Butte.
NEBRASKA	MRS. CHARLES H. AULL, 1926 S. 33rd St., Omaha. MRS. HELEN MARR B. DRAKE, 606 N. 6th St., Beatrice.
NEVADA	MISS BIRD M. WILSON, Goldfield.
NEW HAMPSHIRE	MISS ANNIE WALLACE, Rochester. MRS. WILL BERNARD HOWE, 35 South St., Concord.
NEW JERSEY	MRS. GEORGE W. GEDNEY, 50 Montclair Ave., Montclair. MRS. WILLIAM D. SHERRERD, Highland Ave. Haddonfield.
NEW MEXICO	MRS. SINGLETON M. ASHENFELTER, Silver City. MRS. WILLIAM H. POPE, Santa Fe.
NEW YORK	MRS. BENJAMIN F. SPRAKER, Palatine Bridge. MRS. DAVID B. PAGE, 157 W. 3rd St., Oswego.
NORTH CAROLINA	MISS LIDA TUNSTALL RODMAN, P. O. Box 175, Washington. MRS. THEODORE S. MORRISON, Asheville.

NORTH DAKOTA	MRS. GEORGE M. YOUNG, Valley City.
OHIO	MRS. AUSTIN C. BRANT, 848 N. Market St., Canton. MRS. EDWARD LANSING HARRIS, 6719 Euclid Ave., Cleveland.
OKLAHOMA	MRS. J. D. HAIL, 1325 S. Cheyenne Ave., Tulsa. MRS. SNOWDEN HALL MOORE, McAlester.
OREGON	MRS. ISAAC L. PATTERSON, Eola Rd., Salem. MISS MARIA RUTH GUPPY, 1158 High St., Eugene.
PENNSYLVANIA	MISS EMMA L. CROWELL, Oak Lane, Philadelphia. MRS. ANTHONY WAYNE COOK, Hotel Schenley, Pittsburgh.
RHODE ISLAND	MRS. CHARLES E. LONGLEY, 87 Walcott St., Pawtucket. MISS FLORENCE G. BULLOCK, 74 Harris Ave., Woonsocket.
SOUTH CAROLINA	MRS. FRED H. H. CALHOUN, Clemson College. MRS. HUGH L. MCCOLL, Bennettsville.
SOUTH DAKOTA	MRS. EDWARD B. KEATOR, 907 Park St., Watertown. MRS. E. ST. CLAIR SNYDER, 617 2nd St., N. W., Watertown.
TENNESSEE	MRS. GEORGE W. BAXTER, 437 Temple Ave., Knoxville. MRS. HALLUM W. GOODLOE, Franklin.
TEXAS	MRS. ANDREW ROSE, 821 Olive St., Texarkana. MRS. CHARLES E. KELLY, 900 Mesa Ave., El Paso.
UTAH	MRS. LEE CHARLES MILLER, 943 East 1st South St., Salt Lake City. MRS. LUCIUS ENDICOTT HALL, 78 East 1st North St., Salt Lake City.
VERMONT	MRS. PERLEY HAZEN, 5 Highland Ave., St. Johnsbury. MRS. E. R. PEMBER, Wells.
VIRGINIA	MRS. J. F. MAUPIN, 42 N. Court St., Portsmouth. MISS ALETHEA SERPELL, Norfolk.
WASHINGTON	MRS. EDMUND BOWDEN, 1534 18th Ave., Seattle. MRS. JAMES S. MCKEE, Hoquiam.
WEST VIRGINIA	MRS. PARKS FISHER, 186 Willey St., Morgantown. MRS. LINN BRANNON, 236 Center Ave., Weston.
WISCONSIN	MRS. JOHN P. HUME, 358 Royal Pl., Milwaukee. MRS. JOHN G. REXFORD, 210 Sinclair St., Janesville.
WYOMING	MISS GRACE RAYMOND HEBARD, Laramie. MRS. E. RICHARD SHIPP, 443 Beach St., Casper.
ORIENT	MRS. CHARLES S. LOBINGIER, care of Judge Lobingier, Shanghai, China.

Honorary Officers Elected for Life

Honorary Presidents General

MRS. JOHN W. FOSTER,
MRS. DANIEL MANNING,

MRS. DONALD MCLEAN,
MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT.

Honorary President Presiding

MRS. MARY V. E. CABELL.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General

.....	MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON, 1906.
MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895.	MRS. SARA T. KINNEY, 1910.
MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GEER, 1896.	MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, 1911.
MRS. MILDRED S. MATHES, 1899.	MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, 1913.
MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, 1905.	MRS. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 1913.
MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.	MRS. WALLACE DELAFIELD, 1914.

MRS. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, 1914.

Acrostics for February 12 and February 22

By Mrs. Charles B. Nelcamp,

*Chairman Ohio State Committee to Prevent Desecration of the Flag, N. S. D. A. R., and
National Vice-President for Ohio, Star-Spangled Banner Association
of the United States*

Laws to prevent desecration of the flag have been passed in Ohio and 35 other States; also Porto Rico, Hawaii, and Alaska.

I pledge allegiance to my flag and to the republic for which it stands, one nation indivisible, with liberty and justice for all. (Standard Salute.)

National anthem is Star-Spangled Banner, written by Francis Scott Key at Baltimore, Md. It is not the national anthem by act of Congress, but through recognition given it by the army and navy.

Centennial of writing of Star-Spangled Banner was September 14, 1914.

Ohio school law, Section 7621, requires the display of the flag on each school-house.

Lincoln said, "Under the blessing of God, each additional star added to the flag has given additional prosperity and happiness to this country." (Feb. 22, 1861, Philadelphia.)

National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution insures veneration of the National Standard through work of its "Committee to Prevent Desecration of the Flag."

Washington made it necessary that a new flag should wave to tell of a new nation, the United States of America.

April 4, 1818, Congress adopted the flag of to-day and permanently fixed its form, thirteen stripes, and one star for each State.

Sunrise to sunset is the time to fly the flag.

History of the flag is taught on June 14, Flag Day.

Imprisonment and fine are the penalties in Ohio law to prevent desecration of the flag.

No national law has yet been enacted by Congress for veneration of the flag. Write your U. S. Representative and Senator.

Gen. Grant said, "There is no name so great that it should be placed upon the flag of our country." (Galena, Ill., 1868.)

Trade-marks which consist of or comprise the flag or other insignia of the United States are forbidden in Rule 19 of the Patent Office.

Old Glory is the oldest flag of all nations, other countries having made changes in their flags for different rulers or administrations.

Nolan (no land) is the name of "The Man Without a Country" in the story by Edward Everett Hale, of which it has been said, "It teaches, as no other writing can, the meaning of patriotism and the significance of a flag."

TEXAS PLAN

for preserving our family history is endorsed by the N. S. D. A. R., also by Mrs. Chas. W. Bassett, our past National Historian General, who said: "You certainly are making a helpful 'chart', complete as possible, not only for today, but for future generations." In use in twenty-nine States and in the District of Columbia. Price, 12c each, including postage.

MRS. HARRY HYMAN, State Chairman,
Genealogical Committee,
309 West Magnolia Avenue,
San Antonio, Texas.

THE NOVEMBER ISSUE OF

The DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

will contain, besides many other interesting features, a special article, entitled:

Historical Costumes of Famous American Women

BY ROSE GOUVERNEUR HOES

These historic costumes, worn by Martha Washington, Abigail Adams, Mme. Pinkney, and others, which Mrs. Hoes describes so graphically in her lectures at universities, are on exhibition at the National Museum in Washington. The collection was made by Mrs. Julian James and Mrs. Hoes, and is of unique value. The article will be profusely illustrated by photographs taken of the costumes at the Museum.

Mrs. Hoes, great-granddaughter, of President James Monroe, has gained a place among writers of today by her facile pen, inheriting her literary ability from her mother, whose book, "As I Remember," delighted a large reading public. Mrs. Hoes is one of the three founders of the Club of Colonial Dames, founder and president of the Woman's Exchange of Washington, and the Gentlewomen's League.

Order the November Magazine Now, before the edition is sold out.

Yearly subscription, \$1.00 in advance. Make all checks and money orders payable to Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

Send all subscriptions to

MISS FLORENCE G. FINCH,
Chairman Magazine Committee,
132 Jamaica Avenue,
Flushing, Long Island, N. Y.

DAUGHTERS of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

CONTENTS FOR NOVEMBER, 1915

	PAGE.
Martha Washington's Costume on Exhibition at National Museum.....	<i>Frontispiece</i>
Historical Costumes of Famous American Women, <i>Rose Gouverneur Hoes</i>	283
Greatest Achievements of State Work.....	291
State Conference, Michigan.....	292
Washington's First Cabinet.....	293
Maine's Real Daughters, <i>Mrs. Virgil D. Hilton</i>	294
Life Sketch of Charter Member and National Officer.....	295
St. Memin's Engraved Portraits of American Patriots, <i>Natalie S. Lincoln</i>	298
State Legislation to Protect Flag.....	303
The National Music of America, <i>Susan A. Draper</i>	304
Colonial Daughters Chapter Erect Monument Marking Arnold's Expedition.....	309
A Colonial Sun Dial.....	310
Delaware Celebrates Flag Day.....	311
Real Daughter Dies in Minnesota, <i>Mrs. Mary S. Squires, State Regent</i>	312
Ye Olde Heirlooms.....	313
Work of the Chapters.....	314
In Memoriam	318
Nicknames of Revolutionary Heroes.....	319
Revolutionary Records	320
Marriage Record Exchange.....	338
Genealogical Department.....	340
National Board of Management:	
Official List of.....	342

Send all subscriptions to the Chairman, Miss Florence G. Finch, 237 West End Avenue, New York City.
All checks and money orders are to be made payable to Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

Yearly Subscription, \$1.00 in Advance.
Foreign Postage, \$1.00 Additional.

Single Copy, 10 Cents.
Canadian Postage, 30 Cents Additional.

ISSUED MONTHLY.

Copyright 1915, by

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

Publication Office, 36th Street and 10th Avenue, New York City, N. Y.

Miss NATALIE SUMNER LINCOLN, Editor, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. AMOS G. DRAPER, Genealogical Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

Miss FLORENCE G. FINCH, Chm. of Magazine Committee, 237 West End Ave., New York City.

Entered at the New York Post-Office as Second-Class Matter.



MARTHA WASHINGTON'S COSTUME ON EXHIBITION AT THE NATIONAL MUSEUM

DAUGHTERS of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

Vol. XLVII. No. 5

NOVEMBER, 1915

Whole No. 280

Historical Costumes of Famous American Women

By Rose Gouverneur Hoes

The radical changes in fashions for women for over a century are clearly defined in the American Historical Costumes Exhibition at the National Museum. When Mrs. Julian-James of Washington originally suggested the plan for assembling the dresses of distinguished Americans, the idea in mind was possibly more a desire to preserve for future generations historic costumes. As time passed and the educational features of female apparel dawned upon the Costumes Committee, it was decided to considerably broaden the scope of the work by adding to the exhibition everything appertaining to the attire of women.

Some of the many answers to the letters written by the secretary of the committee, Mrs. Hoes, in the endeavor to trace dresses is conclusive proof of the wisdom of this change of plan. In this correspondence it is frequently apparent that descendants failed to appreciate the value of many of these priceless heirlooms.

Then again the phraseology of other responses seems almost stereotyped; that many of the gowns have been worn out, or by chance were being used as costumes for fancy dress balls, tableaux,

and sometimes the answer has been that the historic costumes, as well as relics, have entirely disappeared. As an illustration, a skirt of many widths of a remarkable gold colored brocade, formerly owned and worn by Mrs. Andrew Jackson Donelson, mistress of the White House during President Jackson's administration, and worn by her at the inaugural ball in 1829, was lent by her granddaughter, Miss Mary R. Wilcox, only a few years ago to be used in an artist's studio for drapery, where it was destroyed by fire, leaving only a waist and overskirt to represent that administration. Another fine old dress representing even an earlier era was just rescued from the scissors, as the possessor in her own mind had decided that it would make such beautiful fancy-work.

When the exhibition began to assume educational proportions it was deemed best by that able curator of the National Museum, Mr. William H. Holmes, to place the presidential figures in cases in the west hall of the old museum. Too much praise cannot be accorded Mr. Holmes for his splendid supervision and his highly artistic touch, and to Dr. Walter Hough, who assisted so materially



INAUGURAL DRESS OF MRS. JAMES K. POLK

fashions for women for over a century even to the most minute detail, such as gloves, fans, slippers, handkerchiefs, combs and hairpins, are depicted.

Other historic costumes, not presidential, have been added from time to time to this collection and in many instances, though hanging in side cases, throw as much light on the history of dress as the central figures. No attempt has been made to obtain a facial resemblance to the women whose costumes are exhibited, as the faces have all been made on the same model, but a very careful study has been made in each case of the coiffure, which represents the style of the period and is in perfect harmony with the dress.

Notwithstanding the interest which centers around the figures of the presidential women there are gowns in this collection of far greater antiquity, representing fashions of both the Colonial and Revolutionary periods. The oldest costume, which is an original Dutch dress, worn about 150 years ago by Mrs. Cornelius C. Wyncoop, whose maiden name was Mary Catha-

rine Ruhl, has been lent to the museum by her descendants, the Misses Forsyth, of Kingston, N. Y. An introduction to the D. A. R. of one of the great-granddaughters of Mrs. Wyncoop, Miss Mary Isabella Forsyth, who died re-

in making the exhibition a success. These figures were placed in line of succession, and in this manner, according to Mrs. Julian-James' original conception, principally through the dresses worn by the mistresses of the White House,

cently, seems scarcely necessary. For many years she worked long and ardently for the National Society in Kingston, and in the Wiltwick Chapter her memory will live forever. This dress was made before the days Kingston was the State capital, and might be termed unique. The material is thin brown and white silk, and the dress is made with straight lines and shows a waist fastened in front without darts. The early Dutch names for women's apparel sometimes seems a hopeless puzzle, but this costume was probably what was called a "samere" dress, and was often worn over a rich petticoat. In a dress-maker's bill, dated New Amsterdam, 1662, a "potosa-a-samere" with lace is recorded as having cost three pounds.

Washington Irving's vivid description of our early Dutch ancestors is quite worthy of repetition. He writes:

"Their hair untortured by the abominations of art, was scrupulously pomatured back from their foreheads with a candle, and covered with a little cap of quilted calico, which fitted exactly to their heads. Their petticoats of linsey-woolsey were striped with a variety of gorgeous dyes, though I must confess those gallant garments were short, scarce reaching to the knee, and what was more praiseworthy, they



IMPORTED GOWN OF DOLLY MADISON

were all of their own manufacture, of which circumstance, as may be well supposed, they were not a little proud."

Worn over the Dutch dress just described is an embroidered apron or, as they were called at that time, "pinners,"



Photo—Edmonston, Washington
DUTCH COSTUME OF MRS. WYNCOOP

which in this day of grace would hardly be regarded as a proper accompaniment for a silk frock. A quaint, ugly bonnet, called a calash, also forms a part of the costume. This piece of head gear, which is "fearfully and wonderfully made," is said to have been invented in 1765 by the Duchess of Belford, and is sometimes called the bashful bonnet. This particular calash is made of thin green silk, somewhat faded by time, and is

shirred on lengths of rattan placed two or three inches apart. It is held in position at the neck by a cape. As the diameter of this ancient bonnet is about two feet, it must have been à la mode, as it filled the requirements of measuring a full peck.

Cornelius Wyncoop began his active business career as a clerk in a store kept by Madame Alexander, whose distinguished son, William Alexander, became in subsequent years, Lord Sterling. Family tradition states that the dress of Mrs. Wyncoop, now on exhibition, is the only one of seven left from her wedding outfit, and that it has never been changed since the day she wore it. During the troubles preceding the Revolution, the Wyncoops moved to Kingston, leaving a young daughter behind to spend the winter with a maternal uncle, named Luderic Bamber. For seven years she was forced to make her home in New York, as the war cut off all communication with her parents in Kingston.

Another ancient and notable gown in this museum collection which deserves special notice, is a golden yellow robe, worn about the year 1784 by Mrs. Eliza Lucas Pinckney, mother of two of South Carolina's most distinguished citizens, Charles Cotesworth and Thomas Pinckney. Both men served in the Revolution, the former as aide to General Washington, and he was also a member of the convention that framed the Constitution.

Mrs. Pinckney, who was perhaps the most distinguished of all South Carolina women, introduced indigo culture into the State, bringing thereby great wealth and prosperity. The silk of which this dress of hers is made, was the product of her own plantation. She raised the silkworms, and the silk, which was spun by her own maids, was subsequently taken to England to be woven into this handsome brocade. The dress forms a splendid example of what was called, 150 years ago, "a sacque." It opens in front over a petticoat, and was regarded

as a most costly gown, taking many yards of material to make it. As it was one of the periods when women wore hoops, the flowing train, with its Watteau pleated back, was readily held in place, and the costume more nearly resembles the modern polonaise than any other garment. The whole dress is elaborately trimmed with "fly fringe" or braid, a universal trimming of the Eighteenth century, composed of heavy linen thread with tufts of silk alternating here and there, made to resemble that now most despised insect, the fly. The sacque, or dress, is cut very low in the neck, while the tight-fitting sleeves of three-quarter length end in ruffles at the elbow. This gown, which has been lent to the museum by Mrs. Pinckney's great-great-grandson, Edward Rutledge Pinckney suggests high heeled shoes, powdered hair and the stately minuet.

It has been stated that in the aftermath of life Mistress George Washington was accustomed to speak of the days of her official life in New York and Philadelphia as "lost days," as she much preferred the seclusion and home comforts of Mount Vernon. A distinguished foreigner, visiting this country, partook of the hospitality of this great dame at Mount Vernon. An account of his visit written a few weeks later, is



GOWN OF MARIA MONROE

in such a home-like vein that it is a pleasure to quote from it. He writes: "Everything about the house has an air of simplicity, the table is good, but not ostentatious; and no deviation is seen from the regularity and domestic econ-



Photo—Edmonston, Washington
GOWN WORN BY MRS. ELIZA PINCKNEY

omy. She (Mrs. Washington) superintends the whole, and joins to the quality of an excellent housewife the simple dignity which ought to characterize a woman whose husband has acted the greatest part in the theatre of human affairs."

The figure representing Martha Washington in the American Historical Costumes Exhibition clearly defines the domestic side of her character. Seated in one of her own chairs, by the side of a Mount Vernon table, upon which is

the china which once belonged to her, showing some of the appointments of a well-equipped household, she is a shining example of every domestic virtue. The cleverly molded hands hold a workbag made by her own nimble fingers, where no doubt knitting needles, which she so incessantly used, often reposed. Embroidered on the outside of this bag in gay colors is the name, "Mrs. Martha Washington."

There is but little doubt from the character of the fabric that the material used in making this dress was imported from London. This fact places its age prior to the Revolution, as subsequent to this event both General and Mistress Washington, who loved fine clothes, and under such circumstances must have found it a trial to preach economy, wore everything native made. Indeed, a portion of their raiment was homespun, and we constantly read of Mistress Washington knitting, weaving and using old materials. The color of this gown is the old-fashioned salmon pink, and it is made of many straight widths, pleated on a bodice slightly pointed both back and front. The waist, which is boneless, is open at the throat, with tight-fitting sleeves. The whole dress is hand-painted in a brocade design, representing purple ribbons artistically entwined and caught up in loops by green jewels. All the flowers of an old-fashioned nosegay in natural colors, pansies, daises, lilies, violets, etc., are plainly visible, while in close proximity, at regular intervals, are beetles, butterflies, bees, snails, wasps, spiders, lady-bugs and grasshoppers. The dress was evidently painted by a lover of nature, and perhaps with the idea of showing the flowers and insects of North America.

In the line of presidential succession, near the Washington case, stands the imposing figure representing Dolly Madison. A single glance at this dress makes it difficult to believe that the owner, until some years after her marriage to James Madison, in 1794, wore the garb of a Quakeress. It is stated that Mrs

Madison most reluctantly discarded the sombre dress and plain speech of the Quakeress for an attire and a deportment better suited to the role she was destined to take as a social leader. This yellow satin dress, brocaded in bunches of silver wheat, belongs to a notable era of dress—the early empire period. The basque is exceedingly short-waisted, cut low and round in the neck, evidently with the view of showing plump shoulders, and is laced in the back. Short, detachable sleeves, made of gauze furberlows and caught up here and there with piquet edged ribbon, form a part of this attire. An overskirt, somewhat similar in design to Mrs. Pinckney's "sacque," just described, which ends in a train most elaborately trimmed with Valenciennes lace, is draped over a white satin petticoat, embroidered in pink roses, blue morning glories and white cherry blossoms. The gauze sleeves represent a period in the history of fashions when women seemed absolutely lost without the use of this material. Indeed, it was regarded as such an important accessory it was used even for head-dresses. A contemporary of Mrs. Madison's, in writing to London for certain articles of dress, closes the order with these words "The shoes can be spaired (sic), if something must be foreborne, or even the broadcloth, but I must have the gauze."

This gown of Mrs. Madison's was probably imported at a time when Chinese embroidery was first deemed fashionable. A craze for everything Chinese began in France in the early part of the last century, and the demand for it was so great that rooms were sometimes entirely paneled in lacquer. In the houses of the rich, Chinese embroidery was used for every purpose, even for furniture covering.

The figure of Mrs. Madison holds a book, a copy of "Paradise Lost," printed in 1801, containing the artistic book-plate of Thomas Lambert, Esquire, of New Jersey. Tradition always furnished Mrs. Madison with a book to hold as



Photo—Edmonston, Washington

DRESS WORN BY MRS. RICHARD RUSH

she entered her drawing rooms. An old friend noticing this peculiarity, remarked, "And still you have time to read?" "Oh, no," was the quick response, "I carry this book in my hand just to have something not ungraceful to say, and if needs be, supply a word of talk."

The dress, representing the Monroe administration in this exhibition, was worn many years ago by Mrs. Samuel

Laurence Gouverneur, the younger daughter of President Monroe, and belongs to the Louis Seize period. It is made with the Watteau pleated back, and the basque, which laces in front, has a decidedly long waisted effect. The skirt is composed of two wide ruffles, scalloped and embroidered in straw. Sheaths of yellow wheat form the decoration of this sky blue silk dress, forming a most artistic combination. Straw work in England during the reign of Louis Seize, under the patronage of the Duchess of Rutland, became the rage. Everyone laughed at the fashion, even a caricature called "a bundle of straw," was published to ridicule the style, but it was not easy to destroy a liking for it, for the simple reason that it was becoming. This sixteen-year-old bride of the White House of ninety-four years ago, Maria Hester Monroe, who is the subject of many stories and much speculation whenever a wedding occurs in the White House, is surrounded even in the case at the National Museum containing a representation of her youthful figure, with a general air of romance. Nearby the slight figure is an old-fashioned Chippendale table, upon which stands a historic mirror, and on the floor of this same case is an old slipper, high heeled, made of brocade, ornamented by a buckle of brilliants. What became of the other shoe, is the occasional inquiry? Did she, like Cindrella, lose it? Or was it, perchance, thrown away in the young frolic following that happy wedding day at the White House so many years ago?

In one of the side cases hangs an historic dark blue satin dress, around which memories cluster, the gift of Mrs. John Biddle Porter to the museum. This gown was originally worn by Mrs. Porter's great-grandmother, Mrs. Richard Rush, on the occasion when she was formally presented at the Court of George the Third, when her husband was United States Minister to the Court of St. James. It seems a sober dress for such a great occasion, but possibly

Mrs. Rush, whose life was spent principally in Philadelphia, imbibed from the Quakers her taste for simple clothes. It is an interesting piece of history, in view of the fact that this costume is now Museum property, that it was Richard Rush, who, upon his second mission to England, as Commissioner in 1836 under President Jackson, succeeded in obtaining the money left to the United States by James Smithson, "for the purpose of founding an institution at Washington to be called the Smithsonian Institute, for the increase and diffusion of knowledge among men." After a suitably conducted by him in chancery, Mr. Rush returned to this country and paid into the United States Treasury the full amount of the legacy—\$508,318.46. His descendants today speak of this illustrious man as the first regent of the National Museum.

Half way down the exhibition hall is displayed the magnificent gown of Mrs. James K. Polk. This creation of the dressmaker's art was made by Worth for the inaugural ball of the Polk administration. This azure tinted brocade dress clearly defines another epoch in the notable history of fashions. Woven into the fabric in silver gray tints is the Christmas flower, the poinsetta, so well known to everyone, named in honor of that distinguished South Carolinian, Joel Roberts Poinsett, secretary of war under President Van Buren.

The skirt to this dress, which is made very full in the back, has the panel petticoat effect in front, and is trimmed with horizontal rows of blond lace and bows of Dresden blue ribbon. In spite of Mrs. Polk's many reforms (she never allowed wine to be served on her table, and she objected to dancing) she was very popular. At one of her weekly receptions a prominent man remarked to her, "There is woe pronounced against you in the Bible." On inquiring his meaning, he added, "The Bible says woe unto you when all men speak well of you."

Mrs. Polk's style of beauty was so unusual, a combination of dark hair, eyes and complexion, that it gave her the appearance of a Spanish donna. An eloquent tribute to her many virtues was written in verse some years ago by the accomplished novelist, Mrs. Ann S.

Stephens, from which the following is a brief extract:

"There, standing in our Nation's home,
My memory ever pictures thee
As some bright dame of ancient Rome.
Modest, yet all a queen should be."

Greatest Achievements of State Work

As Told By State Regents

Florida

Florida's State Daughters work earnestly to carry out the highest ideals of our beloved Society. We have twelve chapters, five in process of formation, and two reaching the fifty membership mark in the past year. The Jacksonville Chapter, with a membership of seventy-five, is the mother chapter.—MRS. M. W. CARRUTH, *State regent*.

New Mexico

The greatest achievements of our State Daughters are: The marking of the Santa Fé Trail to the Colorado line, the establishing of parks, libraries, rural libraries, marking of historic spots, donations to Red Cross Society, Belgian sufferers, and toward the liquidation fund on Memorial Continental Hall, also

toward the Christmas ship. This is only a part of the work accomplished in our State.—MRS. S. M. ASHENFELTER, *State regent*.

Washington

The chapters have accomplished much. As a State organization our work is on the "Old Oregon Trail," but is not yet finished. The best thing we have done as a State organization in Washington, is the formulating of our State by-laws, tending toward harmony, especially for the nomination of State regent and the election of the vice State regent and State officers.—MRS. EDMUND BOWDEN, *State regent*.

Editor's Note: These accounts of State work were received after the publication of the October magazine.

Errata

In the Olean Chapter report, September magazine, through a typographical error, the date of the death of Daniel Frederick Bakeman, last Revolutionary pensioner, was given as April 5, 1896—it should read 1869.

State Conferences

Michigan



MRS. WILLIAM HENRY WAIT

The fifteenth annual conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution of the State of Michigan, was held August 10, 11 and 12 at Marquette, one of the garden spots of the upper peninsula.

Twenty-five out of forty-two chapters were represented, and while the attendance was not so large, perhaps, as it is when the conference is held in the central part of the State, there was a delightful home-like atmosphere and a closeness of personal touch that amply compensated for the slight difference in numbers.

The meetings were held in the assembly room of the Northern State Normal School, and were presided over by the State Regent, Mrs. William Henry

Wait, of Ann Arbor, whose admirable poise and dignity were reflected in the harmony of the occasion.

The reports of the officers and State chairmen showed that the State work has been carried on with interest and enthusiasm during the past year. Two hundred and twenty-two have been added to the State's membership, making a total of 3,145.

Under the able directorship of Mrs. W. H. Hodge, of Kalamazoo, Michigan now has twenty-nine clubs of "Children and Sons of the Republic." It is still in the lead of the other States, with over 1,200 members.

Valuable work has been done along the line of historic research, and the marking of soldiers' graves, pioneer cemeteries, forts, old trails and other sites of historic interest. Two of the most important holidays of our Nation are fittingly celebrated by many of our chapters, and these celebrations promise this year to become State wide. On the Sunday nearest Washington's Birthday special patriotic services are held in flag-draped churches, and the collections taken are contributed to the endowment fund of Old Pohick Church in Virginia.

On the birthday of the flag pageants of school children marching through the streets singing national songs and bearing the colors aloft are planned and every effort is made to have flags displayed on residences, business houses and public buildings.

Upon the suggestion of the State regent the conference voted to recommend to the chapters an annual per capita contribution of one dollar, this dollar to be divided among the various State and National activities of the Daughters.

It was also decided to adopt the prize essay contest plan for the unification of

the writing of competitive prize essays in the high schools of the State, the plan having been worked out by a committee composed of the secretary of the State Historical Commission, the State president of the Federation of the Women's Clubs and the State regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and endorsed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The following officers were elected for the coming year: State regent, Mrs. William Henry Wait, Ann Arbor; State vice regent, Miss Alice Louise McDuffee, of Kalamazoo; State secretary, Mrs. A. J. Brosseau, Albion; State treasurer, Mrs. L. E. Holland, Saginaw; State historian, Mrs. A. B. Avery, Pontiac; State chaplain, Mrs. W. H. Seden, Stambaugh. Directors: Mrs. W. S. Hill, Marquette; Mrs. Norman Flowers, Jackson.

The business sessions of the conference were interspersed with many fine addresses.

At the opening session Mayor F. H. Begole warmly welcomed the Daughters of Michigan, and extended to them the courtesies of the city. Mr. James H. Kaye, president of the Northern State Normal School, gave a most delightful talk on Michigan, and revealed an intimate knowledge of the State's history.

Wednesday evening Mr. Charles Moore, of Detroit, secretary of the Michigan Historical and Pioneer Society and member of the Washington Park Commission, gave a final talk on "Washing-

ton, the City of Ideals." The stereopticon views with which he illustrated his lecture showed the wonderful progress that is being made toward a realization of the beautiful dream, long cherished, to make our Nation's capital an ideal city.

Thursday morning the Rev. Ames Maywood, of Detroit, gave a splendid and stirring address on the subject of "World Patriotism." While he eloquently pleaded the cause of peace, he urged the sacred right of National defense, and emulated the soldier who fought for the right with only the pure love of country in his heart.

At the close of the address a resolution was offered that we, as a body of patriotic women, go on record as favoring sufficient National defense to preserve the sacred rights of our beloved country. This resolution was adopted by a rising vote.

The social side of the busy conference days was not neglected by the charming hostesses of Marquette. There were many delightful luncheons and dinners, and one large evening reception, to which the Marquette friends were bidden. The beautiful weather gave ample opportunity for many interesting motor drives around the copper country.

At the end of three perfect days, when reluctant farewells were said, all agreed that not the least of the upper peninsula's charms was its spirit of gracious hospitality.—GRACE H. BROSSEAU, *State secretary*.

Washington's First Cabinet

Many brilliant Americans have served in the cabinets of Presidents of the United States, but no administration has had such a group of able assistants as Washington gathered about him at the close of the Revolutionary War.

His first cabinet comprised: Thomas Jefferson, secretary of state; Alexander Hamilton, secretary of the treasury; Henry Knox, secretary of war, and Edmund Randolph, attorney general.

Maine's Real Daughters

The State of Maine has had the honor of having twenty-seven real daughters, and of these five are living. Two of these belong to Elizabeth Wadsworth Chapter of Portland, Mrs. Sarah E. Hatch of Portland, and Mrs. Eunice M. Jones of South Freeport, Me. Mrs. Hatch was born in Portland, April 30, 1816, daughter of Joseph A. Crossman and his second wife, Elizabeth Hutchings. Joseph A. Crossman was born at Dartmouth, R. I., February 8, 1737, and died in Portland, Me., July 22, 1831. He fought at the battle of Bunker Hill, and later was a mariner on board the Hague (Deane) Frigate, which cruised to the West Indies. The Frigate captured five prizes, among them the ship Bailey of twenty guns, in which action Crossman received three wounds. Mrs. Hatch is the widow of David E. Hatch, and the Portland Chapter look after her comfort. Although her hearing and eyesight are somewhat impaired, her general health is good.

Mrs. Eunice M. Jones of South Freeport, Me., was born in Falmouth, Me., November 3, 1827, the daughter of Jacob Merrill and Abigail Dunbar. Jacob Merrill was born in Falmouth, Me., in 1755, and died in Falmouth, February 18, 1835. He served as private in Capt. James Merrill's company, Col. Jonathan Mitchell's regiment. He went with four brothers, three brothers-in-law, five uncles and fifteen cousins to fight for freedom. Nathan Hale was his second cousin. When Jacob Merrill came from the war, he had no shoes on his feet and nothing to eat, excepting what he found by the roadside as he walked from Boston to Falmouth. After the war, he built vessels, and was selectman of Falmouth for a number of years. Mrs. Jones is the widow of Emery Jones. They had six children, four of whom are living. Last year she wrote a nice little poem and a bright, cheery letter which were read at the State Council, but this

year the report was made that her health is failing.

Koussinoc Chapter of Augusta has one real daughter, Mrs. Lydia Wixson. She was born at Wiscasset, Me., September 1, 1816, the daughter of John Rollins and Mary Jones and granddaughter of Nathaniel Rollins and Lydia Clark. John Rollins was a member of Washington's body-guard. He was born in 1756 and died at Sydney, Me., in 1843. He enlisted in 1777 for three years in Capt. Benj. Burton's company, Col. Henry Sherburne's regiment, and was at the battle of Rhode Island. He received an honorable discharge in 1780 at Morristown, N. J. Mrs. Wixson is the widow of James Wixson. They had nine children. For one nearing the century mark, she is unusually well and active, and frequently attends the meetings of the chapter. She writes nice letters, without the aid of glasses, and one of these was read at the last State Council meeting. Mrs. Wixson relates interesting stories of her father's life in the Revolution.

Eunice Farnsworth Chapter of Skowhegan has one real daughter, Mrs. Mary P. Elliott of Athens, Me. She was born in Mercer, Me., March 21, 1819, the daughter of Benjamin Baxter and Margaret Huartt. Benjamin Baxter was born in England in 1757, and died at Mercer, Me., October 17, 1831. He was placed on the pension roll of Somerset County, 1818, for service as private in the New Hampshire Line. Mrs. Elliott is the widow of Adam Elliott, and of their eight children, only two are living.

Ruth Heald Cragin Chapter of North Anson has the distinction of having the youngest real daughter in Maine, Mrs. Nancy M. Warren of Augusta, Me. She was born at Canton, Me., March 27, 1840, the daughter of James Allen, Jr., and Salome Carver, his third wife. James Allen, Jr., was born in New London, Conn., in 1762, and died in Canton,

Me., May 5, 1867, at the advanced age of 105 years. He was a recruit in the army of George Washington in his fourteenth year as a drummer boy. Was in the battle of Trenton, and fought in 1776, and was in Fort Griswold on the Thames river in Connecticut, when it surrendered to the British. He said that at one time he marched seven days without food of any kind and barefooted across the hot sands, his footprints outlined in blood from his wounded feet, and many of the soldiers died upon the road. After he came to Maine, he studied medicine with his uncle, Dr. Scott, and settled in Scarborough, Me.,

where he married his first wife, Abigail Berry. They had seven children. His second wife, Sarah Carver, lived only a short time. His third wife, Salome Carver, was a sister of his second wife. Of the last marriage there were eleven children, this wife being forty years younger than her husband. Mrs. Warren has met several times with the Daughters at the State Council, and we are all proud of our young real daughter. She has been married twice, and is the widow of Hannibal S. Warren. Her first husband was Calvin Simmons.—MRS. VIRGIL D. HILTON, *State Chairman on Real Daughters*.

Life Sketch of a Charter Member and National Officer

Librarian General, Treasurer General, Historian General—such is the record of the late Mrs. Gertrude Bascom Darwin, charter and life member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and prominent civic worker. She brought to each position the executive ability and mature judgment which characterized all her actions. The history of the development of the Society is the history of her work.

The Society was yet in its infancy when Mrs Darwin was elected Librarian General, in 1897-1899, and at the end of her term, assumed the arduous duties of Treasurer General. In her library work she forecasted the present development of that most valuable department. During that time she compiled and edited the first three reports of this Society to the Smithsonian Institution, and was a contributor to the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth reports. She served two terms, both as Librarian General and Treasurer General, acting meanwhile on more than twenty-five responsible committees.

When Mrs. Darwin became Treasurer

General she inaugurated the custom of having that official bonded, and established the rule of having her accounts audited monthly by an expert of the United States Treasury Department. During her first year of office she kept a complete duplicate record, made with her own hand from the books in the Treasurer General's department. At the end of her term she turned over to her successor a balance of \$93,873.82, after fully paying for the ground on which Memorial Continental Hall stands. Perhaps her most permanent memorial may prove to be that record of her act as Treasurer General, and the papers now sealed in the cornerstone of Memorial Continental Hall.

Mrs. Darwin was also a national vice president of the Children of the American Revolution, and a member of its Board of Management. From 1903-1907 she was vice president in charge of the organization of local societies throughout the country. In this work she took particular delight and it was with regret that she finally turned it over to another member of the board and took the less



MRS. GERTRUDE BASCOM DARWIN

Librarian General, 1897-1899; Treasurer General, 1899-1903; Historian General, 1909-1911

onerous vice-presidency that she might gain more time for night work on the records of the juvenile court. Under her skillful guidance the Children of the American Revolution reached 102 chapters and 7,506 members.

Mrs. Darwin was a very unusual woman in being able to achieve much work

of varied kinds and to render to all the maximum of personal interest. In 1904 she became secretary of the Public Education Association of Washington, a position she held until her death. This association was instrumental in founding the course of free lectures to Washingtonians, drew up and introduced the

first Child Labor Bill, and co-operated with the National Child Labor Committee in securing the passage of the bill. In its crusades for this legislation Mrs. Darwin was a tireless and earnest worker.

Broad in her sympathies and totally unmindful of the tax upon her physical strength, she accepted the position of Woman Probation Officer of the then newly appointed Juvenile Court, and there achieved remarkable success in her chosen work. Mrs. Darwin was also greatly interested in the National Association of Collegiate Alumnae and helped to organize the Washington branch, becoming its secretary-treasurer. While serving on its committees, she was instrumental in starting the first investigation into the sanitation and decency of schools, the report of which, published by the United States Senate, led to many reforms.

The organization of the Aurora Library Association was mainly due to Mrs. Darwin's humanitarian spirit, and through her efforts a flourishing little library was started in the mountain town. Its usefulness and influence in the community today is a tribute to her far-sighted judgment and kindly heart.

Mrs. Darwin was a Vermonter by birth, her parents, the late William Franklin Bascom, professor at Howard University, and Anne Field (Strong) Bascom, having come to Washington in 1864. Their daughter, then eleven years old, attended a Washington school, and among her playmates was Nellie Grant. On one occasion she recited "Darius Green and His Flying Machine" to President Grant, to his great amuse-

ment. She later became a pupil at a New York boarding school and from there entered Vassar College. In her senior year she was one of the ten honor girls and received the gold key of the Phi Beta Kappa, a Greek letter scholarship society. She took special honors in music and art, painting still life under Prof. Van Ingen. A picture, sent to an exhibition of the National Academy of Design in New York, was promptly accepted and hung on the line.

After graduation she continued her art studies abroad, painting in oils under Henri and Jules Hebert, and in water colors under Mlle. Annen at Geneva. She then took up the study of decorative art in Dresden under Franz Tiel.

Returning to this country in 1879 she went to North Platte, Neb., where she taught school until her approaching marriage to Charles Carlyle Darwin caused her to resign. The marriage took place at her father's home, "Shenford," in Dakota Territory, on Thanksgiving Day, November 25, 1880. A wedding journey, extending through the Rockies, brought her again to Washington on Christmas Eve, 1880.

Mrs. Darwin was a resident of the National Capital for over thirty years, and became closely identified with the life of her adopted city. She died on March 14, 1911. She was at that time Historian General of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and her loss to the Society, for whose high ideals she had labored so faithfully, cannot be estimated.



Engraved Portraits of American Patriots

Made by Saint Memin in 1796-1810

By Natalie Sumner Lincoln

(Continued from *October Magazine*)

(Copyright, 1915, by Corcoran Gallery of Art)

When Saint Memin was at the height of his fame, it became customary for his sitters to have the popular French artist make portraits of their entire family, and thus it happens that among the Saint Memin collection at the Corcoran Gallery of Art in Washington there are many engraved portraits of children. As Saint Memin gave twelve prints with each engraving, these prints were presented by the sitter to relatives and friends. These profile likenesses, therefore, might well be termed the photographs of the Revolutionary era.

Among the engravings of children is that of Mademoiselle Louisa Duponceau, daughter of Peter Stephen Duponceau, the celebrated author. Her father was born in France in 1760, and died in Philadelphia in 1844. He arrived at Portsmouth, N. H., in 1777, and became aide to Baron Steuben, and served gallantly in the Revolution. He was naturalized in 1781, and took up the practise of law, later publishing many law essays and translating legal books.

Probably the quaintest of the Saint Memin portraits is that said to be Abigail Smith, of Weymouth, who, in 1764, married John Adams, the illustrious patriot of Massachusetts, and later second president of these United States. The prints of John Adams and his wife are arranged side by side in the collec-

tion, and Saint Memin has inscribed their names beneath them—and then added an interrogation mark; thus leaving posterity to settle the question of identity.

John Adams' administration parallels that of today, in that he strove to insure the United States' strict neutrality with the then warring nations of Europe, and it was his Minister to France, Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, who, in upholding his country's honor, gave utterance to the immortal words: "Millions for defence, but not one cent for tribute."



GENERAL WADE HAMPTON

The name of Wade Hampton, borne by three generations of fighting Americans, is known throughout the length and breadth of the land, and South Carolina is justly proud of that distinguished family.

Major-General Wade Hampton, of the Revolution, served with great gallantry under Marion and Sumter, and at the close of the war represented South Carolina in Congress, 1795-7. He was a presidential elector in 1801, and was again a representative from 1803-5. He received his colonelcy in the United States army in 1808, the following year was promoted to brigadier general, and on March 2, 1813, received his commission as major-general. He resigned from the army on April 6, 1814. At his death in Columbia, S. C., February 4,



Photos—Rice Studio, Washington.

SAINT MEMIN'S ENGRAVED PORTRAITS OF AMERICAN PATRIOTS

Top row, left to right, John Adams, Abigail Adams; second row, Lieut. Charles Stewart, David Thomas; third row, Cor. Thomas Johnson, Martha Jefferson Tyler.

1835, he was said to be the wealthiest planter in the country, owning 3,000 slaves. His daughters married General John S. Preston and Governor Richard Manning, while his son and grandson, both named for him, gained distinction on many a bloody battlefield by their gallant conduct.

Among American naval heroes, Charles Stewart—cabin boy and rear admiral—takes high rank. Of Irish parentage, he was born in Philadelphia, July 28, 1778, and entered the merchant marine as cabin boy in 1791. Some years later he rose to the command of an India merchant ship, and he entered the United States navy March 9, 1798, with the rank of lieutenant. Lack of space will not permit the chronicling of his long and glorious career; he was in the service seventy-one years, and for seventeen of them was the senior ranking officer of the navy. Among the honors accorded him was a vote of thanks from Congress, a sword, and a gold medal; from the Pennsylvania legislature a vote of thanks, and a sword; and the freedom of the city of New York. He died in Bordentown, N. J., on November 6, 1869. His daughter, Delia Tudor, married Charles Henry Parnell on May 21, 1835, and their son, Charles Stewart Parnell, was the famous Irish home-rule leader in the British Parliament.

Major General David Thomas was born at Worcester, Mass., June 11, 1762, and died in 1834. He was twice married.* David Thomas began his military career in 1777 as volunteer with the troops raised for the defence of Rhode Island, and afterward with the Fifth Massachusetts regiment under Col. Rufus Putnam at West Point.

In the spring of 1784, Capt. Thomas removed to Salem, N. Y., where military honors were showered upon him, becoming major, colonel, brigadier general, and finally major general of militia. Civil honors came as rapidly, for he was first made magistrate, then county judge,

and member of the State legislature of New York for many years. In 1800 he was elected to Congress when New York sent but ten members. This position he held until 1808, and then became treasurer of the State of New York, an ex-officio commissioner of Land Office, and trustee of Union College.

The first superintendent of the United States Patent Office was Dr. William Thornton—a scholar, a Quaker, a painter, poet, and horse racer, to quote from the description of this eccentric genius published in one of the biographies. Dr. Thornton was born in Tortola, W. I., and sent as a boy to Europe and educated by two Quaker uncles, named Boiket, residing in Lancaster, England. Later he studied medicine and resided for many years in Philadelphia, Pa., removing to Washington, D. C., when General Washington appointed him one of the commissioners for laying out the Federal city.

Besides his other attainments, Dr. Thornton was a skilled architect and designed the Philadelphia library building in 1790. He made the design for the first national Capitol at Washington, and received a premium for the same.

The Patent Office, established by the act of Congress, passed April 10, 1790, was destroyed by fire in 1836, and likewise nearly all the records, models, and Dr. Thornton's extensive correspondence with inventors and scientists here and abroad for upward of twenty-three years. Dr. Thornton died in Washington in 1828.

Thomas Johnson, one of the great men of Maryland, was born in St. Leonard's Calvert County, Md., November 4, 1732. As patriot and statesman he served his country with distinction, and was a warm personal friend of General Washington. On June 15, 1775, as deputy from Maryland to the Congress at Philadelphia, he nominated George Washington to be commander-in-chief of the army, and on January 5, 1776, was himself elected senior brigadier general of the military forces of the province,

*General Thomas' first wife was Janet Turner, only daughter of James and Susannah (Thomas) Turner, of Salem, N. Y.



Photos—Rice Studio, Washington

SAINT MEMIN'S ENGRAVED PORTRAITS OF AMERICAN PATRIOTS

On February 14, 1777, he was elected the first governor of Maryland, to which office he was twice re-elected. He was appointed Chief Judge of the General Court of Maryland on April 20, 1790, resigning that office in 1791 to become an associate justice of the United States Supreme Court. President Washington, on the resignation of John Rutledge as Chief Justice, urged Johnson to take that place, but he declined. He was later tended the portfolio of Secretary of State, which he also declined. During Washington's retreat through the Jerseys in 1776-7, he sent word to Johnson to reinforce him, saying he had not men enough to fight the enemy, and too few to run away with. Johnson promptly organized 1,800 militia and led them in person to the relief of his commander-in-chief. He died at Rose Hill, Frederick County, Md., October 25, 1819, at the age of eighty-three.

Martha Jefferson Tyler was the sister of President John Tyler, and one of the noted belles of Virginia. In 1805 she married Thomas Ennalls Waggaman, of Washington, D. C., the eldest son of Henry and Sarah Ennalls Waggaman. Mr. Waggaman died in 1832, and was buried at Greenway, the homestead of Governor Tyler. Their children were: John H., George Granville, Mary Agnes, Ann Countess, Mary Stephenson, Floyd, and Sarah. The latter married John Baptist Cantatore, of Italy. During the administration of her uncle, President Tyler, she frequently assisted in the hospitalities of the White House, and on the death of her husband entered the convent of the Visitation in Georgetown.

Jonathan Williams, frequently called the "father of the U. S. Corps of Engineers," was born in Boston, Mass., May 26, 1750, and died in Philadelphia, May 16, 1815. His father was one of the famous patriots of the Revolution, and his son inherited his intrepid spirit. Jonathan Williams, in September, 1799, married the daughter of William Alexan-

der, formerly of Edinburgh, at the hotel of the Dutch Ambassador at Paris. Benjamin Franklin, grand uncle of the bride-groom, was present at the ceremony. While in Paris, Williams acted as Franklin's secretary and part of the time as U. S. Commercial Agent, and also studied military science. He returned to this country with Franklin in 1785, and on February 6, 1801, was appointed major of the 2d regiment of artillerists and engineers in the regular army. In 1802 he was appointed superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy at West Point. Among his military achievements he planned and built most of the inner forts in New York harbor, including Fort Columbus, Fort Clinton, and Castle Williams, which was named for him.

The Honorable Chauncey Goodrich, one of the group of famous statesmen and lawyers which Connecticut has given to history, was born in Durham on October 20, 1759. He was the eldest son of the Rev. Elizur Goodrich, the distinguished astronomer, and was graduated at Yale in 1776. After being a tutor there in 1779-81, he was admitted to the bar and began the practice of law in Hartford, where he soon attained eminence. After being a member of the State legislature he was elected to Congress, serving from 1795 until 1801. In 1807, Mr. Goodrich was elected to the United States Senate, to fill the seat of Gen. Uriah Tracy, who, dying at Washington while Congress was in session, was the first person interred in the Congressional Cemetery. Senator Goodrich retained his position for six years, when he resigned to accept the office of lieutenant governor of Connecticut.

Mrs. Chauncey Goodrich was Mariann Wolcott, daughter of Oliver Wolcott, one of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence, and she was also the most distinguished beauty of her time.

Besides being Chief Justice of New Jersey, James Kinsey occupied many im-

portant offices with distinction to himself and benefit to his country. He practiced law in the courts of Pennsylvania and New Jersey, and in 1772 he was chosen to the assembly of New Jersey. Two years later he was elected to the Continental Congress. He belonged to a prominent Quaker family, and his father, John Kinsey, was a noted jurist of Colonial days. James Kinsey died in Bur-



DR. WILLIAM THORNTON

(This series to be continued.)

lington, N. J., January 4, 1803.

John Bell, of Petersburg, was a wealthy merchant. He married the beautiful Miss Walker, of Petersburg. On his death she married Edmund W. Rootes, a merchant of Richmond, Va., and for her third husband she chose Dr. Robert B. Stark. Her husbands all had engraved portraits made of themselves by Saint Memin.

State Legislation to Protect Flag

The progress which has been made by the movement to prevent the desecration of the flag is outlined by the chairman of the National D. A. R. Committee in charge of this work, Mrs. George B. Macfarlane of St. Louis. She says:

"As chairman of the National D. A. R. Committee to prevent desecration of the flag, I am happy to announce that the Alabama Legislature, through the influence of the Alabama Daughters of the American Revolution, has just enacted a good State law to prevent desecration of the flag. It has been signed by the Governor and is now in force.

"West Virginia Daughters succeeded in getting a good flag law enacted by that State last February. Similar laws

have been enacted in thirty-eight States, Alaska, Hawaiian Islands, Philippine Islands, and Porto Rico.

"The District of Columbia has not yet a flag law, nor have the following States: Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia.

"All these States and the district have capable, enthusiastic, patriotic State chairmen of their D. A. R. flag committees, who are organizing their forces, and will work for the enactment of good State flag laws. We hope to report all of them with such laws at our next Continental Congress."



The National Music of America

By Susan A. Draper

In tracing the history of our national music, we should not be restricted to the few national songs so called. They are dear to our American hearts, and we cannot think that they will ever die, or lose their power to thrill and cheer us. Yet American music, in the growth and progress of our Nation, has widened its scope until it embraces a much larger variety of subjects, and many forms of musical composition.

Its beginnings were humble and meagre. The Pilgrim Fathers were too strenuously engaged in defending themselves from the Indians, and wresting a scanty subsistence from a stony soil, to give much attention to music or other fine arts. Nevertheless, they were deeply religious, and fond of singing psalms and hymns. These were often of a severe and gloomy character. They were unaccompanied, except occasionally by the violincello or bass viol, to "set the pitch" for the congregational singing. Owing to the scarcity of hymnbooks, the practice of "lining out," or "deaconing" the hymns prevailed. The "Bay Psalm Book" was the first book ever printed in the Colonies, about 1636. It went through some thirty editions in America, and many in England and Scotland as well.

The next step forward was the formation of choirs and singing societies. Choirs had crept into some churches before 1750. A few bold spirits desired to introduce the organ, but the point was gained with great difficulty, and the conflict lasted a full century. Mr. Brattle, a liberal Puritan of Boston, gave by will an organ to the Brattle Square Church. The condition was made that it should be accepted within a year, and that they should "procure a sober person to play skilfully thereon with a loud noise." If the church declined the bequest, it was

to be given to King's Chapel, Church of England. The Puritan Church voted overwhelmingly against the innovation, and it was set up in King's Chapel, the first pipe-organ in a New England church. It is said to be still in existence, and in fair condition, at Portsmouth.

In the early years of the Colonies, church bells were few, and the people were generally called together by beat of drum. The meeting-house was often perched on a high hill-top, and a flag was the signal of worship to distant worshippers. Sometimes a conch-shell dinner-horn was blown in the streets to call the people to service. The singing was by the congregation, following some leader who "set the tune." The art of reading music was forgotten, and not more than eight or ten tunes were in general use.

In the early part of the 18th century, there began in New England a movement for better singing in the churches, but the change threw many a village into bitter dissensions. Against instrumental music all bodies dissenting from the English church entertained an inveterate prejudice. The Friends, and, before 1700, the Baptists, rejected even the poor psalm-singing of the time. By degrees the "new method" prevailed generally in New England and other sections of the country. President John Adams found the chanting in the Catholic Church at Philadelphia "exquisitely soft and sweet." The fervently emotional singing of the newly-planted Methodists at the capital impressed him deeply. He describes it as "very soft and sweet, indeed; the finest I have heard in any society, except the Moravians, and once at church,* with the organ."

*Church of England.

The introduction of choirs was followed by that of singing societies. The chief pioneer in this movement was Lowell Mason, born in 1792. As a teacher he had great influence on the musical progress of the country, and he was the father of the modern musical convention, and later festival. The most important of these societies was the Handel and Hadyn Society of Boston. In 1818 it gave the "Messiah" of Handel, the first complete performance of an oratorio in America. The first choral society in New York was the "Musical Institution," 1844, merged in the New York Harmonic Society, in 1849. New York was the pioneer in opera, beginning in 1825. The Boston Symphony Orchestra, organized in 1881, compares favorably with the best orchestras in Europe, and some musical critics call it the finest in the world. Theodore Thomas and his superb orchestra, first in New York, and later did much to familiarize our people with the best of classical and modern music. At the present time most of our large cities maintain orchestras and choral societies, which bring out the works of the best masters, and also enjoy seasons of opera.

I will now endeavor to trace briefly the history of our officially recognized American national songs. The music of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," or "America," has probably been used by more nations than any other song of similar character. England, Germany and Switzerland have adapted it to their national lyrics. Its authorship seems to be conceded to Henry Carey of England. The American words, "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," were written by Rev. Samuel F. Smith, a Baptist clergyman of Boston. He was a classmate of Oliver Wendell Holmes in the famous Harvard class of 1829. At a reunion of the class, years after, Dr. Holmes said of him in his class poem :

"And there's a nice youngster of excellent pith,
Fate tried to conceal him by naming him Smith.
But he chanted a song of the brave and the free,
Just read on his medal, 'My Country, of Thee.' "

"Yankee Doodle" is said to be the oldest of our national songs. Some claim that it was sung in the time of Cromwell. As played by a military band on patriotic occasions, its saucy, rollicking rhythm always evokes popular enthusiasm. Yet the words are too trivial and meaningless for a true national song.

"Hail, Columbia" was first written in 1789 as an instrumental composition, called "The President's March," by a German, Johannes Roth, of Philadelphia. The words were written later by Hon. Joseph Hopkinson, L.L. D. It was first sung at a benefit to an actor, Gilbert Fox, at Philadelphia, by a full chorus accompanied by a band. Its success was immediate and widespread. It is interesting to note that, on state occasions in Europe, their bands always play "Hail, Columbia," as homage to the United States, in the persons of her representatives. It was thus played when the first American warship passed through the canal of Kiel, in Germany. When Edison entered the Grand Opera House at Paris, in 1889, it was "Hail, Columbia," which conveyed the homage of the French people to America in the person of the great inventor.

"Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean," is a national song of disputed origin. It is claimed that in England a similar one had been known for many years, under the title of "Britannia, the Pride of the Ocean." The American words are said to have been written by Thomas á Becket, of Philadelphia. It is sometimes known as the "Army and Navy Song," because it sings the praises of both branches of the service, and is eminently fitted for occasions where both are celebrating martial events.

The greatest of our national songs, "The Star-Spangled Banner," had its birth during the War of 1812. In the summer of 1814 the conflict seemed to be a losing one for the United States. Washington had been captured and burned, the shores of the Chesapeake ravaged, and Baltimore itself threatened. At this juncture, a young lawyer, Francis Scott Key, determined to seek the British Admiral, Cockburn, to procure, if possible, the release of a personal friend, Dr. Beanes. About the time he arrived on the flag-ship, *Minden*, the Admiral had planned a concerted attack by land and sea upon Fort McHenry, the strategic key to Baltimore. He received Key with courtesy, and released his friend, but would permit neither of them to return to shore at that time. The bombardment began at daylight of September 13th, and continued until daybreak September 14th. Key and his friend walked the deck impatiently during the night, awaiting the result. At early dawn they were rewarded by beholding the stars and stripes still floating over the fort. They were then released to return ashore. During the early morning hours, from the moment when he discerned the American flag through his field-glass, Key had hastily jotted down the opening stanzas of the great anthem of liberty. It was printed in the *Baltimore American* of September 21, 1814. It was sung to a tune called "To Anacreon in Heaven," by an Englishman, John Stafford Smith. It is interesting to note that the very flag which caused such patriotic enthusiasm is still in existence. Its form, however, was very different from the one of our day. In 1814 it bore 15 stripes and 15 stars, in accordance with an act signed by Washington 20 years before. That form was retained for 23 years. It now has 13 stripes for the Thirteen Original States, and a star for every State in the Union. The 100th anniversary of the Star-Spangled Banner was celebrated September, 1914, at Baltimore, and throughout the country, with varied and

appropriate exercises. It is recognized officially as the national song par excellence of our country. The army regulations require that it shall be played by the bands when the President and Vice-President are formally received. When it is played at a military station, all officers and enlisted men must stand at attention. When sung or played, all citizens are expected to stand with uncovered heads. It is the symbol of the history, the spirit and the aspirations of the Nation.

The Civil War of 1861-5 saw the birth of many patriotic songs, such as "The Battle-Cry of Freedom," and "Just Before the Battle, Mother," by George F. Root; "Marching Through Georgia," by H. C. Work, and many others. On the Southern side were produced the "Bonnie Blue Flag," "Maryland, My Maryland," "Dixie," etc. In 1861 a number of Northern gentlemen offered a prize of \$500.00 for words and music of a national hymn. There were some 1,200 competitors. Manuscripts poured in from every quarter, and, after filling *five* wash baskets with rejected contributions, *not one* was found worthy to be considered national. After this episode, the great lyric of the Civil War came forth without premeditation. In December, 1861, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe and her distinguished husband visited Washington, D. C. They rode out one evening to the camp-grounds of the Federal troops, and witnessed a skirmish with the Confederates. Mrs. Howe was much impressed by hearing the United States soldiers singing "John Brown's Body" as a marching song. The melody was an old Methodist camp-meeting song, "Say, Brothers, Will You Meet Us?" dating from at least as early as 1856. This stirring melody and the martial surroundings furnished the inspiration for Mrs. Howe's great "Battle Hymn of the Republic." It soon came into immense popularity with the army and the adherents of the Union.

The folk-songs and ballads of a country may often rank with its national

music. The "Ranz de Vaches" or herdsman's song, of Switzerland, is so dear to her people that the soldiers in a distant land are moved to homesickness by hearing it, and the bands are forbidden to play it. Bayard Taylor, in his "Song of the Camp," tells of the British troops singing "Annie Laurie" in the trenches before Sebastopol. The sturdy Scotch and Welshmen are moved to intense valor and passionate enthusiasm by "Scots Wha Hae," "The Campbells Are Coming," and the "March of the Men of Harlech."

Some of the best American folk-songs or ballads were written by Stephen C. Foster, born at Pittsburgh, Pa., of Irish-American descent. He wrote "The Old Folks at Home," "Massa's in the Cold, Cold Ground," "My Old Kentucky Home" and many others. He often attended negro camp-meetings and studied their music, with good results. There was another class of negro music, called by them "spirituals," and jubilee songs. The authors were unknown, but there was a plaintive melody and rhythm about the songs which was very pathetic and appealing. Among them were "Swing Low, Sweet Chariot," "Bright Sparkles in the Church-yard," and similar songs. After the close of the war, the colored Jubilee Singers, students of Hampton University, in Virginia, went through the country singing these folk-songs to the Northern people, with great success.

Some of the distinguished foreign musicians who have visited our country have been greatly impressed with the music of the untaught negroes. At a dinner given to Paderewski in an American city, one of the company sang a number of darkey melodies, including "Roll, Jordan, Roll," "Swing Low, Sweet Chariot," and others. The great pianist was delighted, and said he had never expected to hear such original and spontaneous music to English words. He had been told that America had no folk-songs, but these melodies proved the contrary.

When Anton Dvorak, the Bohemian composer and conductor, was brought to this country to conduct the Boston Symphony Orchestra, he was much pleased by hearing the Jubilee Singers. He later wrote a great "New World Symphony" on themes from the plantation melodies. He had done similar work with the folk-songs and dances of Bohemia, as had Grieg with those of Norway, Liszt with Hungary, Rubenstein, Glinka and Tchaikowski with Russia, and Chopin for Poland. One critic has said of the New World Symphony, "It is beyond all question the most important work that has sprung from American soil, so to speak, and is generally regarded as the most notable composition in the greatest of all classic forms, which has been contributed to musical art in recent years."

The Creole music of the Gulf States has a tropical melody and rhythm that is very fascinating. Themes from these songs have been used to good effect by Gottschalk, Dudley Buck and other American composers.

The best beloved of American ballads is "Home, Sweet Home," by John Howard Payne. He was born in New York, June 9, 1792. He was a successful actor and dramatist, as well as composer. The melody of "Home, Sweet Home" was taken from his opera, "Clari, the Maid of Milan." It is sad to think that he was a homeless wanderer most of his life. His father and mother died when he was only 13 years old. After losing the object of his early love, he became a wanderer in foreign lands. Returning to America for a while, he was sent as United States Consul to Tunis, Africa, where he died April 10, 1852. Three decades after his death, through the efforts of W. W. Corcoran, the celebrated philanthropist, his dust was borne on an American vessel to his native land. At the reinterment in Washington, D. C., June, 1883, the benediction of the ceremonies, was the blending of 1,000 voices and many instruments in the immortal strains of "Home, Sweet Home." A

modest monument marks his grave in Oak Hill Cemetery at Washington, D. C.

The study of American folk-songs should not omit the music of the American Indians. The subject has received considerable attention of late, with very interesting results. It has furnished new themes for some fine compositions in our own country, and others. MacDowell wrote an Indian suite for orchestra and piano sketches, such as "From an Indian Lodge," etc. S. Coleridge-Taylor, the West Indian composer, gave a beautiful musical setting to Longfellow's "Hiawatha." Charles Wakefield Cadman has written some charming songs in the Indian style and spirit, such as "From the Land of the Sky Blue Water," and others.

"It is many years since Miss Alice Fletcher and her Indian collaborator, Francis La Flesche, began their pioneer work in the collection of Indian songs, especially those of the Omahas. The native music is still a vital force in the daily life of the Indian. The Pueblo Indian women, while grinding their corn all day, sing at their work. Their songs are among the loveliest examples of Indian music. They tell of the life of the corn; of the clouds that bring rain; of the fields in blossom, and of the ripened, many-colored corn-ears. The Indian has songs for nearly every act of life. The Dakotas group them in two divisions: 'Songs made by the mind of man to please the ear—and songs that come in dream or vision from Wankan-Tauka, the Great Mystery.' These dream-songs are holy songs—all songs of sacred ceremony, of healing, of prayer—are of this kind, and may never be lightly sung. Certain songs belong also to certain occasions, and must never be sung at other times. Again, some songs are owned by families or individuals, and may be bequeathed in dying to another person. New songs are constantly being composed or "dreamed," as the Indians say. An effort is being made to preserve these native songs, and Secretary of the Interior Lane has appointed a Supervisor

of Music in the Department of Indian Education, whose duty it shall be to record native Indian music and arrange it for use in the Indian schools."—NATALIE CURTIS, in the *Outlook*, Nov. 22, 1913.

The Princess "Red Feather," a great-granddaughter of the noted chief, Tecumseh, has been making a tour of our leading cities, singing the tribal songs, the elegies and lullabies of her people, for the palefaced brethren. She is a graduate of an American college, and for several years has been studying the history of aboriginal music. A year ago a Denver music teacher discovered that she had a rarely beautiful soprano voice. He taught her to sing with such good results that Madame Melba has promised to interest herself in her future career. The Princess desires to teach the American public that there is more in Indian music than the tom-tom of the ghost-dancer, or the sing-song of the tribal chants.

One of the most successful operas of the day is "Natoma," by Victor Herbert, an American composer. He has introduced Indian characters and used Indian musical motives. In the last operatic season in Chicago "Natoma" was given, with Mary Garden as the Indian maid. The Indians have taken such an interest in this opera that a company of Indian chiefs came from the Glacier Park reservation in Montana to hear it given. They presented Miss Garden with a wonderful pair of moccasins. They were decorated with 200,000 beads, and it took two months' work by ten squaws to make them.

"America may now boast of a worthy band of native composers—MacDowell, Nevin, Dudley Buck, Foote, Paine, De Koven—the list is great and still growing. One of these composers may some day, possibly when inspired by some great national event, produce the true national hymn of our greater America.

"May God grant it may not be born, as so many have been, amid carnage and desolation, cradled in distress and baptised in blood. Yet, it must not be wholly

a song of peace. The trumpet must reverberate in its harmonies; the sacrifices which bought this country of ours and made it what it is, must not be forgot-

ten in sweet, soothing measures; and Liberty, though she should sleep, will reawaken at the sound of the national anthems of America." (*Louis C. Elson.*)

Colonial Daughters Chapter Erects Monument Marking Arnold's Expedition



MONUMENT MARKING ARNOLD'S EXPEDITION

The dedication of a monument to commemorate the passing of Arnold's expedition in the fall of 1775 through what is now known as Franklin County, Me., took place September 7, 1914. The monument, erected a few months before, was presented by the past regent, Mrs. George A. Thomas, of Farmington. An historical address was made by Mrs. Evie Gray Robinson, of North Anson, State regent. Mrs. Harriet P. Keyes recited a fine poem, written for the occasion. It breathed the spirit of the men who so loyally braved the dangers and hardships of the wilderness.

In presenting the tablet, Mrs. Thomas said: "We are standing on historic ground—ground made sacred by the suffering and death of those who, with other comrades in arms, gained liberty for us. It seems most fitting that the descendants of Revolutionary heroes

meet on the banks of this river, up which the men of that expedition made their way with the greatest difficulty but undismayed. Here and now we dedicate this monument to their memory.

"The expedition was ten days in passing through Franklin County, and relics of their journey have been found up to recent years. Thus our county is Revolutionary ground, and our times are linked with our Nation's beginning.

"The gift of this memorial by our chapter is made possible through the liberality and patriotism of one of our members, Mrs. Sarah Lambert Prescott, of Arkansas City, Kansas, a native of Phillips, and a direct descendant of Samuel and Ebenezer Butterfield, who served their country in the Revolution.

"We cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men who struggled here have hallowed it far beyond our power to add or correct.' * * * But we can, we trust, by this memorial help to keep alive the memory of the Revolutionary heroes. Remembering their sacrifice, we better appreciate the blessings of a free government."

The memorial tablet bears the following inscription:

To Commemorate
Col. Benedict Arnold's
Expedition to Quebec in 1775
This Tablet Is Erected by
Mrs. Sarah Lambert Prescott
For Colonial Daughters Chapter
Daughters of the American Revolution
1913

A Colonial Sun Dial

The old Bowman Cemetery, given by John H. Bowman to early Three Rivers, has been superseded in our civic pride by our lovely Riverside Cemetery. But in the neglected burial plot, the gift of John H. Bowman, still rests many a pioneer, whose memory is dear to our older citizens. No marbles remain to tell their story, only the whispering grasses and the great trees sighing in the park-like spot reveal their buried past. Thus it came about that Abiel Fellows Chapter, of the Daughters of the American Revolution, erected a memorial on the spot, which is both park and cemetery — a sun dial in memory of the pioneer dead of Three Rivers.

Our Nation's memorial anniversary was a perfect May day, following weeks of clouds and rain, and several hundred people gathered in the old

Bowman Cemetery to view the unveiling of the Colonial sun dial.

Donald Arner brought the audience to attention with the Assembly bugle call. The Rev. Alfred F. Way offered the invocation, touching upon the timelessness of the occasion, and the pride and privilege of being American.

Miss Sue I. Silliman, chapter historian, gave the address—"Shadows on the Dial." She traced the history of the sun dial and found "That centuries before the time of Christ the sun dial measured life's fleeing shadows, not only as a park ornament, but was used also as a memorial to the honored dead." She touched on the influence of memorials on the world's history. She said:

"For years, in this neglected cemetery, over one hundred of our pioneers have slept, 'unwept, unhonored and unsung,' and now, though we have diligently searched the records, we find but few names recorded or accurately remembered. Among these are Mrs. Christian Bowman (daughter of Abiel Fellows), Polly Moore, Martha Jessup, William Riegel, Lewellyn and Luella Cowling, Charles Cross, John Leland, Mrs. Pulver, Mrs. Rachel King, Joannah Ulrich, some of the Graham family and some of the Fausts. They have no mark. Their records have gone as the shadows go.

* * * In his gift to the city of this property, Hon. John H. Bowman stands on the dial of local history, a man whose generosity places him first among the founders of Three Rivers, and so the Daughters of the



UNVEILING SUN DIAL

American Revolution this day unveil a Colonial sun dial in this historical Bowman Cemetery, which shall be a mark of respect to a civic benefactor, and at the same time 'stand amidst ye flowers' as a memorial of educational value, whose dial we trust may count the hours of a new day of respect and care for our pioneers in these, their lowly tents of green."

Following the address of Miss Silliman occurred the unveiling by five little children, who parted the flags revealing the dial, while the audience, led by Mrs. John H. Comin, sang "The Star-Spangled Banner." The children, with one exception, were either descendants of Col. Abiel Fellows, for whom the chap-

ter is named, or descendants of the Bowmans.

Dr. Blanche M. Haines, regent of the chapter, presented the dial to the city. She spoke of the aims of the Daughters of the American Revolution, the promotion of patriotism and the preservation of historical places, helping thereby to remember the ideals which have made our Nation. She said: "We are teaching history objectively—to know our country's history is a step toward patriotism. Lying here in the old Bowman Cemetery are the first builders of our city. They sowed, we reap. Short was the span of life of the pioneer and full of dangers. Is it not well that the children of the future shall know something of the courage that subdued the

wilderness? Should we not keep this spot of ground sacred to the memory of those who felled the trees, laid the roads, built the bridges and made the first homes in Three Rivers?" Then followed the presentation to the city, with the thought that "May its pointing finger never show a shadow on the hour when we as a people shall forget the ideals which were our inheritance from the pioneers of our land."

Mayor Giles W. Cole, in a few words, accepted the dial for the city. The audience, led by Mrs. Comin, sang "America," followed by "Taps,". Rev. Alfred F. Way concluded the ceremony with the benediction.—(DR.) BLANCHE M. HAINES, *regent*.

Delaware Celebrates Flag Day

The 138th anniversary of the adoption of the American flag by the Continental Congress was observed by the Delaware Chapters of the N. S. D. A. R., in a celebration at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Selden S. Deemer, New Castle, Delaware, June 14, 1915. The beautiful grounds were attractively decorated for the occasion, the house and fine shrubbery and trees making a splendid background for the display of "Old Glory." The day began with a State meeting and was formally opened with singing the "Star Spangled Banner," followed by the Daughters' salute to the flag. Mrs. George C. Hall, State Regent of Delaware, presiding, spoke of recently presenting the Clarke Churchman memorial prize to Major W. F. Cann. This prize is awarded by the Delaware D. A. R. to the graduate of Delaware College, Newark, Delaware, who has attained the greatest excellence in military science. Mrs. Hall in her address suggested that the Daughters of Delaware present a Delaware State Flag to Delaware Col-

lege. The suggestion met with the approval of the members and a committee was named to secure a silk State Flag the same size as the national flag, carried by the cadets in parade. Mrs. Hall also reviewed the history of our national emblem and spoke of the pride which Delaware should have in Caesar Rodney because of the vital part which he took in the adoption of the great charter of American liberty. A committee was named to cooperate with the movement to erect a memorial to Caesar Rodney in Wilmington. Committees were also named to carry out the various projects in which the Delaware D. A. R. are interested; as, teaching of patriotism and respect for the flag in public schools, welfare of women and children, and marking trails. At noon a luncheon was served on the lawn. In the afternoon a delightful entertainment was given for the benefit of the fund for a memorial to Caesar Rodney, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence from Delaware, which Caesar Rodney Chap-

ter, N. S. D. A. R., desires to place in Independence Hall, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Mrs. E. P. Moody, Vice President General, N. S. D. A. R., was chairman of the entertainment committee. The program included a minuet, danced by eight young girls on the lawn, a Shakespearean fantasy representing the women and fairies of Shakespeare in

which twenty young girls took part. A drill by the Campfire Girls, also recitations.

The closing feature was a patriotic address by Professor Henry Handy Hay of Girard College.—(MRS. JAS. H.) FLOR-
ENCE E. L. SCOTT, *State Secretary of Delaware.*

Real Daughter Dies in Minnesota

As State Regent of Minnesota, I have to report to our National Society the death of Mrs. Jerusha Brown, the only Real Daughter in our state and the widow of Col. Edward M. Brown, a veteran of the Civil War. She passed away in the City of St. Paul, on July 7, at the age of ninety-two years, leaving many descendants to remember her with love and respect.

She is survived by five children: Mrs. Etta Brown Linn, William C. Brown, Frank T. Brown, Edward M. Brown, and Mrs. Lulu Brown Spicer.

There are also six grandchildren and four great-grandchildren.

Mrs. Brown was a revered member of the St. Paul Chapter, which she entered by right of her father, Samuel Hayward, a Revolutionary soldier, who was a member of Capt. James Dana's company. He also fought under Wash-

ington at Valley Forge. How close it brings us to those heroes, to have touched the hand of one whose father's hand had grasped that of Washington.

These links are breaking one by one and soon the golden chain will be no more.

Tears gathered in the eyes of every Daughter of the American Revolution who stood by the casket of our only precious tie to an heroic past.

Beautiful, serene and far from us she seemed, as one by one we scattered pansies on the grave as we left her at rest in Forest Cemetery.

And here in Minnesota, far from the scene of the struggle of '76, lies our only real Daughter whose memory will be held as a valued possession as long as the St. Paul Chapter exists.—MARY S. SQUIRES, *State Regent, Minnesota.*





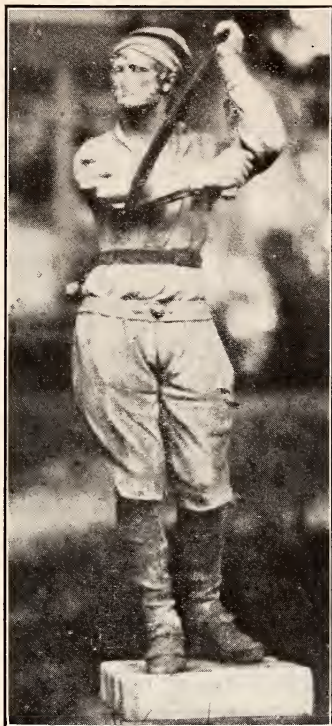
Leaden Statues of Revolutionary Time

Among the curious heirlooms owned by Connecticut descendants of Revolutionary heroes are these two quaint statues of lead. They stand in the garden of Mrs. A. C. Tyler, at New London, Conn., and pique the interest of all lovers of antiques.

The statues are both painted, a task watched by many generations of wide-eyed children. As the woman appears to be offering the man an apple, they were early given the name of "Adam and Eve." The man carries a scythe and a stone in his hands and had apparently just stopped from his labors to look at the woman.



EVE



ADAM

The original owner of these statues was Thomas Lee, of Taunton, Somersetshire, Eng., who came to America prior to the Revolution and settled in Boston, where, entering the mercantile business, he amassed a large fortune. His sympathies were with the Colonies in their struggle for independence, and some of his vessels were used by the State of Massachusetts as cruisers. In compensation the State gave him a handsome estate at Cambridge, Mass., which, belonging to Sewell, attorney general under the Crown, royalist and refugee, had been confiscated. But with all his patriotism, Mr. Lee had a particular fondness for his leaden statues, Adam and Eve, and he buried them in his garden until after the Revolution so that they might not be melted down into bullets.

Mr. Lee and his wife, Jane Miller, died without issue, and his brother, Lieut. Benjamin Lee, whose gallant career is well known, inherited his property. And by direct descent the leaden statues were later inherited by the late Col. A. C. Tyler.

Photos—Edna Leighton Tyler, New London, Conn.



Work of the Chapters

Louis Joliet Chapter (Joliet, Ill.).—The past year has been one of steady advancement and enlarged activity. We have grown, our members numbering 82, and I can happily say that every new member has brought with her added zest and enthusiasm for our work.

We have gladly given of our time and money, packing boxes for the Christmas ship, contributing \$10.00 to the Joliet Public Health Department toward the support of a community nurse; \$25.00 toward the portrait of Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson, and 25c each for the debt on Memorial Continental Hall, as a special Christmas gift. With the exception of the Chicago Chapter, we gave the largest sum toward the Liquidation fund of any chapter in the State. The amount was \$175.19. We were represented at the State Conference and also at the Continental Congress.

We have voted to place a D. A. R. memorial on the Lincoln Highway, and the matter of a suitable memorial to Dr. Conrad Will, for whom our county was named, is under advisement. Our three Revolutionary graves were remembered May 30, and a government marker has been ordered for the grave of Charles Denny, Mokena.

The Historical Committee has made diligent research in the hope of locating other Revolutionary graves, supposed to be in Will County. This Committee has also sent to Mrs. E. S. Walker, Springfield, chairman Historical Research, a list of marriages in the county prior to 1850, data regarding first Wills and a sketch of the life of Dr. Conrad Will.

We endorsed commission form of government, voted for it, and it won the day.

The past year with us has been essentially a Flag Year. Miss Lyra Brown, the founder of our chapter, gave us a Peace Flag. This flag was used in two

of the churches on Peace Sunday, glorified the meetings of the State Conference at Elgin, and was presented to the Children's room in our Public Library, October 31. In January Miss Brown presented our chapter with a large Betsey Ross flag, which graced the Lincoln celebration at the Steel Works Club, as also the Teachers' Lincoln banquet.

At our request, flags were displayed on stores, homes and public buildings Washington's and Lincoln's Birthdays.

Our year's program was distinctly patriotic. We ever remember our members in sorrow with messages of sympathy and floral tokens.

We were requested to dedicate the new Social Center in Lockport, July 5.

In evidence of our appreciation of her efficient service as regent for three years, we presented Mrs. J. F. Courtney with a founders' pin.

We have faith to believe that the Louis Joliet Chapter is coming to be recognized as a strong factor in the uplift of humanity.

Under the heartening leadership of our new regent, Mrs. G. M. Peairs, a woman of exceptional talent, lovable and forceful, we enter upon another year with great courage and hope unbounded.

(Mrs. A. M.) ALICE C. STORM,
Retiring Historian.

Mary Mott Green Chapter (Shelbyville, Ind.) is composed of thirty-one members. Our meetings, the first Wednesday in every month, are all on patriotic lines and very instructive. In December, 1913, we dressed seventy-five dolls for poor children, they were placed on exhibition in a business house window and attracted considerable attention and delighted the little ones on Christmas day. In 1914, Washington's Birthday was celebrated with an evening party at the home of the Historian. A musical and literary program

was given by the members, and appropriate decorations were used. April 4, a liberal donation was sent to the Berry School in Tennessee. August 12, we gave to the Chautauqua Association a handsome flag to be used on the stage each year for the Chautauqua programs. November 7, the officers of the chapter gave a reception at the home of our treasurer. We had the honor of having Miss Emma Donald, our state vice regent, with us, who spoke most interestingly on D. A. R. work.

December 19, each member gave 25 cents to be applied on the Continental Hall debt. This donation was in the form of a D. A. R. Christmas present.

Each member sold 50 cents worth of Christmas stamps, the money to be given to the national tuberculosis fund.

February 22, 1915, was fittingly celebrated at the home of Mrs. Blair, with an afternoon Colonial tea.

Flag Day was observed by a beautiful garden party at Mrs. Bierley's home. Enough money was made to purchase a handsome drinking fountain for the city park. We have two Revolutionary soldiers buried in Shelby County—Mr. Stone, at Morristown, and Mr. Goodrich in our city cemetery, their bodies having been removed from eastern states.—
MRS. FRANK DOBLE, *historian*.

Sarah Whitman Trumbull Chapter (Watertown, Conn.).—The annual meeting was held at the home of Mrs. John Buckingham. All officers were re-elected with the exception of Mrs. Ashenden, registrar, and Mrs. Henry Dayton, auditor, who were succeeded by Miss Hotchkiss and Mrs. Charles Kelly respectively.

After the business meeting, Miss Milfred Southworth spoke of the work she has accomplished among the mountaineers while teaching at the Rayburn's Gap Industrial School, Georgia. At the close of her talk the chapter voted \$25.00 to be given to help her in her work.

October 24, 1914, marked the 10th anniversary of our chapter, and our work

accomplished in that time comprises: the Sarah Whitman Trumbull memorial fountain marking the site of the house of the Rev. John Trumbull, two bronze tablets with names of Revolutionary soldiers buried in the Old Cemetery; a bronze tablet marking site of the first Meeting House in Watertown; \$25.00 toward the Scott memorial erected by Millicent Porter Chapter, Waterbury, and the name of Miss Mary Abbott in the memorial book at Windsor, Conn. A marker on the tree where the Stars and Stripes were first raised in Watertown, after the War of 1812. Published a history of Watertown. Copied the record of names of Revolutionary soldiers who went from Watertown, numbering 144. Copy of a copy of Timothy Judd's record of deaths in Westbury (Watertown), 1741-1779. Record of deaths in Congregational parish, Westbury, 1743-1781. Record of funeral tolls of Congregational Church, 1785-1816. All copied and recorded by Mrs. Charles B. Mattoon, the first Historian of this Chapter. Contributed \$80.00 to the "Guida," by John Foster Carr. For five years awarded a prize of \$5.00 for the best historical essay written by a child in the public schools. For three years a second prize of \$2.50. Restored and cared for the Old Cemetery and built a wall of field stone around it. Established with the help of gifts a fund of \$1,500.00 for the upkeep of the Old Cemetery; contributed to the Connecticut stone in the Washington Monument, to the bronze doors of Continental Hall, to the Connecticut State Fund and chapter work. Total amount of money paid out, \$4,564.34.

The chapter started with 20 charter members, organized by Mrs. John Buckingham and Mrs. Kinney, the State Regent; Mrs. Buckingham, first regent; Mrs. Merritt Heminway, vice-regent; Mrs. R. T. Lewis, registrar; Mrs. John Taylor, treasurer, Mrs. F. B. Noble, recording secretary; Miss Cornelia Hotchkiss, corresponding secretary; Mrs. C. B. Mattoon, historian. There are now

forty members, three honorary, and three new members during the past year.

On September 20, 1914, the tablet was unveiled in memory of the Rev. John Trumbull, marking the site of the first Meeting House in Westbury (Watertown), the 175th anniversary of the Congregational Church. Mrs. Buel and Mrs. Minor were present, and several of the former pastors. The first meeting, a luncheon at the Lawn Club, given by Mrs. Merritt Heminway, was largely attended. The February meeting was guest day with an exhibition of antiques belonging to members. Mrs. Buel and Mrs. Minor were both present. Mrs. Buel's paper on "Colonial Dancing" was enjoyed by all.

The entertainment committee gave a card party in January, and on June 1 and 2, through the courtesy of Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Cruttenden, held an exhibition at the home of the late Mrs. Henrietta Bradley Cruttenden Welton of antique furniture, china, and wearing apparel belonging to the Bradley family.

Mrs. William J. Munson represented our chapter at the convention in Washington.

The by-laws have been amended. Article XIV says that by the written request of five members the Regent may postpone the date of any regular meeting provided she has the consent of the board of management and that every member be duly notified one week before the date of the regular meeting.—MARION F. SCOVILL, *historian*.

Captain William Edmiston Chapter (Clarksville, Tenn.) will celebrate its birthday November 7, 1915. While not a year old, this chapter has a membership of 21, seven of whom are non-residents of the town.

Captain William Edmiston, for whom the chapter was named, won honors with seven kinsmen in the battle of Kings Mountain. In honoring him we feel we are honoring all the eight Edmistons who so bravely fought in Freedom's cause on that memorable October 7,

1780. Captain William Edmiston and a brother were killed in this battle.

This chapter has taken up with interest and energy the work for which the Daughters of the American Revolution stand. Our chapter has donated during its brief existence about \$50 to various good causes.

We owe our life as well as our success to the unflagging zeal of our regent, Mrs. Willie Erwin Daniel (Capt. William Edmiston's descendant), who labored so faithfully to organize the chapter and then to instill into its members a desire to immediately begin work for the cause. We are expecting additional members during the coming year.

The literary work for the new year will be studies in "Colonial History," which is arranged in an attractive little year book, and are intended to arouse a new interest in the causes leading to the American Revolution.

The officers elected for the current year are: Regent, Mrs. William M. Daniel, Jr.; vice regent, Mrs. John Rudolph; secretary, Mrs. F. N. Leech; registrar, Mrs. W. H. Carsey; treasurer, Mrs. Polk Smith.—MRS. JOHN HURST, *historian*.

Schoharie Chapter (N. Y.).—The historian of Schoharie Chapter of D. A. R. reports that the Society has increased both in numbers and in interest during the past year, the revision of the by-laws being a very important feature. During this time an old-time "Inn" has been remodeled and converted into the headquarters of the chapter, and known as "Lasell Hall."

Death has claimed two of our youngest members—Miss Bessie Kromer and Mrs. Nellie Snyder Greenough.

We have held the usual number of meetings and have met all State and National obligations. These meetings are held in the chapter house on the second Wednesday in the month. The program at each meeting consists of papers on Colonial life and patriotic subjects; also musical numbers. At the conclu-

sion of the program a social hour and light refreshments are enjoyed by all.—
ADA B. BAKER, *historian*.

Elizabeth Montague Chapter (Nebraska) placed a memorial marker for a real daughter of the Revolution—Mrs. Lucy Wills Tibbets—in Beatrice Cemetery, Sunday afternoon, July 4, at the Vesper hour—5 o'clock.



REAL DAUGHTER TABLET

These services were attended by about fifty persons, including members of the chapter, and relatives and family connections of Mrs. Tibbets. The grave was banked with ferns and in the center was a beautiful basket of red, white and blue flowers forming a center piece.

The marker, which was presented by Mrs. D. S. Dalbey, is of solid bronze and is two feet high. It is the official marker of the D. A. R. and bears the words, "Real Daughter of the D. A. R.," and has the D. A. R. emblem inscribed upon it. It is solidly set in cement and is permanent.

The program consisted of the D. A. R. ritual service, appropriate both to the Sabbath, the Vesper hour and the Fourth of July, this service being conducted by Mrs. John A. Kees, the regent of the chapter, and Mrs. C. A. Spellman, the chaplain.

Mrs. D. S. Dalbey, past regent, read a sketch of the life of Mrs. Tibbets, and

Mrs. W. W. Scott read a memorial paper, written by Mrs. E. G. Drake, this paper having been read originally at the State D. A. R. conference at Fairbury.

The "Crossing of the Bar" was recited by Mrs. I. W. Kenagy. The program closed with the singing of "America" by the members of the chapter, and a benediction by Rev. Mr. Clark, a member of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Elizabeth Montague Chapter was honored in having as a member Mrs. Lucy Wills Tibbets, who was born in Belgrade, Me., November 26, 1818. She died in Beatrice, March 17, 1907, in her eighty-ninth year. She was the daughter of James Wills, who served several years in the Revolutionary War and who died in 1842, when he was 104 years old.

Mrs. Tibbets spent most of her life in New England, but having survived all of her children in Maine and Massachusetts, she came to Beatrice, making her home with Mrs. J. H. Tibbets, of this city, the last two years of her life.

There have been only 731 "real daughters," all told, recorded at Washington. Only ninety-three are now living; one of the number, Mrs. Tuksbarry, residing at Plattsmouth, Nebraska.

Marshfield Chapter (Marshfield, Wis.).—The Marshfield Chapter was organized February 22, 1908, through the efforts of Mrs. John P. Hume. Mrs. Hume, who was regent of our chapter for three years, now state regent of Wisconsin, is a member of our chapter, although her home is now in Milwaukee. Our chapter meets every month during the year, the summer meetings being of a social character. A specially prepared program is given at each meeting, after which refreshments are served. Flag Day was observed by members of the D. A. R., with a picnic on the J. C. Marsh lawn. In August our second annual flower day was commemorated by distributing bouquets to the sick of the

city. In November a series of chain parties were given which resulted in \$30.00 being sent to the Red Cross Association for use in the European war. In December the chapter sent \$6.75 as a Christmas gift to help reduce the debt on Memorial Continental Hall. At our seventh annual banquet, on Washington's Birthday, we were honored by the presence of two State officers, Mrs. John P. Hume, of Milwaukee, State regent-elect, and Miss Katherine Rood of Stevens Point, State historian. The chapter on this occasion was the recipient of a beautiful chapter regent's pin, a gift from Mrs. Mary B. Cracraft of Milwaukee, mother of Mrs. John P. Hume.

On May 12, the chapter entertained the Grand Rapids and Stevens Point chapters at a May breakfast given at the home of Mrs. E. M. Deming. Covers were laid for forty-six at this most enjoyable event. Mrs. W. A. Sexton presented the chapter with a guest book in

which the visiting ladies registered. Cards, printed with days on which the flag should be displayed, were distributed to the schools of the city and other public places. Five dollars was donated to the Berry School. A D. A. R. spoon was presented as a wedding gift to a chapter member. On July 4 the Daughters sold flags on the streets, which netted the treasury about \$55.00. We have a "sunshine fund," consisting of pennies and nickels contributed at each meeting. This fund is used to buy flowers for those of the chapter who are ill. During the last year two new members have affiliated with the chapter, making a total of thirty-eight. The work of the chapter under the management of our regent, Mrs. R. E. Andrews, has been gratifying. The annual state D. A. R. conference was held in Marshfield, October 19 and 20.—NELLIE BOHN KAMPS, *historian*.

In Memoriam

Miss Harriet Estelle Walker, beloved regent of Jackson-Madison Chapter, of Jackson, Tenn., died July 26, 1915. She was of distinguished lineage, a descendant of Col. John Walker, of North Carolina, who was aide-de-camp to General Washington; of Lieut. Samuel Overton Petrus, of Virginia, and Lewis Williams, of Virginia.

Miss Walker was esteemed by a wide circle of friends, and the chapter keenly feels its loss.

Mrs. Alvira Nye Gates, of the Joseph Spencer Chapter, Portsmouth, Ohio, died on June 4, 1915. She was born Oct. 6, 1828, in Meigo County, Ohio, and was the daughter of Melzar Nye, and descended from Ebenezer Nye, of Toland, Conn.

As the oldest member of the chapter she was noted for her keen interest in its affairs, taking an active part in its entertainments, and charming all by her beautiful and dignified manner. Her daughter, the chapter's regent, and her granddaughter and all members of the chapter mourn their loss.

Sarah Whitman Trumbull Chapter, of Watertown, Conn., announces with sorrow the death of Julia Havens Heminway, at her home in Watertown, March 11, 1915, which occurred

less than a week after the death of her husband, Buell Heminway, Esq. She was a charter member of the chapter and active and interested in all that made for the good of the community.

Miss Lenora Newkirk, vice regent of the Andrew Lynn Jr. Chapter, of Brownsville, Pa., died January 15, 1915. She was elected to her office January 6, 1915, the day of our organizing. Our acquaintance was of short duration, but we had learned to love her.

Bellefonte Chapter, of Bellefonte, Pa., records the loss of another member this year. Mrs. Jane Elizabeth Huston Coburn, widow of Col. James Coburn, died at her home in Bellefonte, on June 11, 1915, in her seventy-eighth year. She was a loyal and worthy descendant of her patriotic Pennsylvania ancestors, James Huston and William Hammond, and was an honored and valued member of our chapter, engaging in patriotic work until her last illness. A devout Christian gentlewoman, her loss will remain a lasting sorrow.

Chinkchewunsk Chapter, of Newton, N. J., has sustained a loss in the death of Mrs. Annie E. Van Stone, who died at Lakemont, N. Y., on September 16, 1915. She was an active and loyal member of her chapter, to which she free-

ly gave her services under all circumstances. Personally attractive and lovable, she was socially popular, and made many friends. Interment was at Lewisburg, Pa., her native place.

The death is announced, on June 29, 1915, of Fannie Bartlett Manning, wife of Capt. Charles H. Manning, U. S. N.

Mrs. Manning was a charter member of Molly Stark Chapter, Manchester, N. H.; served as its first secretary, and had always been a willing worker. Her loss will be keenly felt by the members of Molly Stark Chapter.

The Colonial Daughters Chapter, Farmington, Me., mourns the loss of Mrs. Anna Hobart Chamberlain, who died at her home in Farmington, Me., September 10, 1915. Mrs. Chamberlain was a charter member, and has continuously served on important committees, and as an officer. At the time of her death she was vice-regent, and she was much beloved by the chapter. Mrs. Chamberlain was sixty-eight years of age, and is survived by her husband, Mr. W. H. Chamberlain.

With deep regret the Col. Thomas Gardner Chapter, of Allston, Mass., reports the death of Mrs. Genevieve Comstock Brinkerhoff, who died on July 6, 1915, at her home in Allston. She was a descendant of Enoch Comstock, of New Canaan, Conn. Mrs. Brinkerhoff will be greatly missed by her chapter as well as by her numerous friends and neighbors.

Sycamore Chapter, of Adams County, mourns the loss of Mrs. Elizabeth Harsha Patton, whose death occurred at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Blair, of Tranquillity, O., June 18, 1915. Mrs. Patton was the organizer of the chapter and its first regent. She was a most devoted

member and was always an enthusiastic leader. She will not only be greatly missed in the chapter in which she was such an honored and loved member, but her death is a loss to the community in which she lived.

Mrs. Laura A. Reed Badger, member of the Oshkosh Chapter, Wisconsin, died October 19, 1914. She was born May 26, 1847, in Phillips, Me., and was the daughter of Hartson and Rachel (Chandler) Reed. June 11, 1872, she married Daniel L. Libbey, who died December 25, 1894. She married a second time, April 22, 1902, Frederick Badger.

She is survived by her husband, her daughter, Carrie Reed Libbey, her son, Charles A. Libbey, two granddaughters, Eleanor and Harriet Libbey, and her brother, Rufus C. Reed.

Mrs. Laura A. Redington Ferguson, a real daughter, the widow of Dr. John C. Ferguson, a surgeon in the Civil War, was born in Lawyersville, N. Y., and died in Bethlehem, Pa., April 8, 1915, aged 85 years.

She was buried in Cleveland, O., at Riverside cemetery, where the Daughters of Western Reserve Chapter paid their last loving tribute to one of their earliest members. They not only used their memorial flag, but they showed their greatest respect to her memory by also using their chapter colors.

Mrs. Ferguson joined Western Reserve Chapter in the early days and was made an honorary member of Liberty Bell Chapter, Allentown, Pa. She was a wonderful woman.

She was the daughter of John Redington, of Haverhill, Mass., who enlisted in 1757 at Toland, Conn., in the War of the Revolution.

Nicknames of Revolutionary Heroes

George Washington—The Father of His Country.

John Randolph—Little David and the Political Meteor of the South.

Gen. Anthony Wayne—Mad Anthoy and Sleepless Chief.

Jonathan Trumbull—Brother Jonathan.

Gen. Israel Putnam—Old Put.

Alexander Hamilton—Alexander the Coppersmith.

Gen. Henry Lee—Light Horse Harry.

Gen. Francis Marion—Swamp Fox and Bayard of the South.

Samuel Adams—The American Cato.

Jonathan Edwards—The Great Preacher.

John Burgoyne—Old Elbow Room.

Marquis de Lafayette—The Nation's Guest.

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the Genealogical Editor of this magazine, under whose supervision this department has been placed for the present.

BROOKLYN PARISH, WINDHAM COUNTY, CONNECTICUT, DURING THE REVOLUTION.

The Home of General Israel Putnam.

By BELL MERRILL DRAPER.

(Continued from October Magazine.)

In the Book of Records belonging to Trinity Church, Pomfret, 1771, the last entry in which bears date Sept. 29, 1816, a short history of the organization and first meetings of the church is given, from which the following statements are culled.

"This Church Edifice was raised on the 6th day of June, 1770.

Dedicated by the Name of Trinity Church to the publick worship of God by the Revd. Mr. John Tyler, Missionary at Norwich, assisted by the Revd. Mr. Samuel Peters, Missionary at Hebron, on the 12th Day of April 1771.

The Mission of Pomfret, Plainfield and Canterbury was established with a salary of 30 pounds per annum. Rev. Mr. Richard Mosley L.L.B. late Chaplain of his Majesties' Ship Salisbury became Curate Sept. 13, 1771.

Congregation met for the first time for the regulation of their Parochial Affairs in Trinity Church on Easter Monday April 20, 1772.

Rev. Richard Mosley present. Godfrey Malbone and Dr. William Walton were elected Church Wardens. Caleb Spalding was appointed Clerk. The choice of a sexton was omitted for the present. A Bond was signed by eighteen attending members towards the support of the Incumbent.

Mr. Mosley having resigned he was succeeded by Rev. Daniel Fogg, as Missionary, May 6, 1772.

Tuesday Jan. 19, 1773 it was stated that Joseph Hubbard was seized for not paying rates to the Congregational church.

Isaac Adams was also taken in custody for non-payment of rates assessed upon him for building of the Meeting-House Steeple and hanging their Bell, and on his way to the Jail at Windham was met by Mr. Noah Adams who agreed to be responsible for the rate, provided Joseph Hubbard fails in his defense. The

Church took it upon themselves to relieve Mr. Noah Adams from his obligation.

The following persons paid their first annual subscription Easter Monday April 12, 1778."

In the list of twenty-four names, headed by that of Godfrey Malbone are the names of Timothy Lovejoy, Joseph Hubbard and Walter Bowman, all of whom served later in the Revolution. Among those who had pledged support a year ago, but were excused was the name of "Isaac Adams, removed out of the parish to Susquehanna."

The following is an exact copy of the minutes:

"On the 4th July, 1776 the people by Proclamation removed their Allegiance to his Majesty King George Third, and declared themselves Independent, wherefore the publick service of the church, to avoid the fury of the unruly populace, was discontinued, and it remained Shut from the Sunday on the 7th. until Sunday 13 October 1782, when it was again opened.

As during this long and tedious Interval Phrenzy and Confusion generally took the Place of Reason and Order; Irregularity universally prevailed and the annual meeting on Easter Monday was never held. The Members behaved at libitum. A few of them continued to pay the Rev. Mr. Fogg, their annual subscriptions, while some of them totally omitted it."

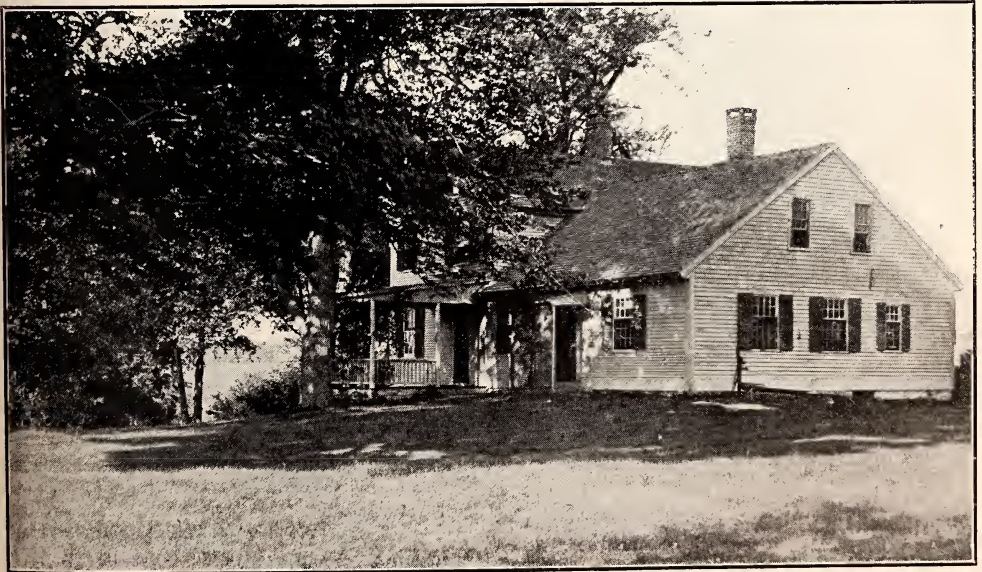
The marriages (a copy of which appear in this issue of the magazine under MARRIAGE RECORD EXCHANGE) extend from "July 17, 1772 John Cambell and Mary Johnson" to "May 1, 1866 Saml Danielson to Sarah E. Kennedy."

The Baptisms extend from "1772, Sept. 18. Moses and Zilpah Maynard, adults" to "1866, April 25 George Israel, son of George and Catherine Brown."

The Burials extend from "1772, July 24—



Entrance to Wolf Den Tract, bought by the Elizabeth Porter Putnam Chapter, D. A. R. In this tract is the famous "wolf den," where Israel Putnam performed the deed of valor that endeared him to his fellow townsmen.



Old Trinity Glebe, where lived the first Episcopal minister in the town of Brooklyn; the house was erected by Godfrey Malbone and presented to the parish.

John Aplin of Plainfield'' to ''1866, May 9, Mrs. Parker of Daysville.''

No record of Confirmations prior to 1826 has been preserved.

In conclusion I would again call attention to the statement in the last issue of the magazine that undoubtedly many more names which appear in the records of the churches, and which I have copied, should appear among the Revolutionary patriots. I have given only those about whose service there seemed no reason for doubt. As an extended notice was given in the last issue to Gen. Putnam, Rev. Josiah Whitney, Capt. Elisha Lord of Abington, and Ebenezer Mosely of Windham and Hampton, I have not repeated their service in this issue, simply calling attention to the former magazine.

ABBOTT, Joseph, and his wife Elizabeth owned the covenant July 29, 1762, and Aug. 5, 1762 their ch Mary and Elizabeth were baptized. Dec. 19, 1762, their dau. Abigail was bapt. and Feb. 23, 1766 their son Joseph. Sept. 7, 1766, Joseph m (2) Olive Pierce, and Meh. 13, 1768, their son Lemuel was baptized and June 21, 1772 their dau. Olive. April 24, 1774, Dileo Abbott, son of Capt. Joseph, was bapt. In 1776 Joseph commanded a company of Militia, enlisted from the Congregational Church of Brooklyn, and rendered valiant service.

ABBOT, Philip who served in the Lexington Alarm from Windham, Conn. m July 6, 1775, Anna Hewit.

ADAMS, Abner, Lieut. at the Lexington Alarm from Pomfret, m Meh 1762, Abigail Hubbard, and was a prisoner in Nov. 1776. June 22, 1786 he was chosen one of the Surveyors of Highways, at the first town meeting of Brooklyn; and April 21, 1787, he bought of the sisters of his wife: (Rachel, wife of Asabel Willard of Weston, Worcester Co. Mass., Jerusha, wife of Thomas Miles and Bridget, wife of John Ashcraft, all of Brooklyn) their share of the land in Brooklyn which their father, John Hubbard, had willed to his four married daughters. In 1788 he is mentioned in Larned's History as Captain Abner Adams.

ADAMS, Asaph, member of Capt. Joseph Abbott's Co. m in 1786 at the Episcopal church Orinda Abbot and was living in Brooklyn in 1789.

ADAMS, Daniel who served in Capt. Obadiah Johnson's Co. in 1775, died before 1789, leaving a son Elihu, and daughter, Elizabeth Thayer of "Emenetown" N. Y.

ADAMS, David who served in the Alarm from Canterbury m Dec. 9, 1779, Sarah Borden. He was the son of Richard Adams, and in 1791 lived in Amenias Precinct, N. Y.

ADAMS, Eliashib married May 3, 1753 Betty Phillips, and Dec. 2 of the same year joined the Brooklyn church from Canterbury. In 1754 their son Elijah was bapt. and in 1757, their dau. Mary. Later Eliashib returned to the church at Canterbury where he became Deacon, and several other children were born. June 17, 1774, Dea. Eliashib Adams was appointed on a Committee of Correspondence, and throughout the war he exerted great influence on the side of the colonists. About 1800 his son, Eliashib Jr. who was born in Canterbury in 1772, attempted to settle, together with Elijah Herrick and Wm. Bingham in Lewis Co. N. Y. Herrick was drowned while crossing Black River; and Adams moved temporarily to Mass. where his father, then well advanced in years came to visit him and died. The son moved to Bangor, Maine, where he died in 1854.

ADAMS, Noah married in 1770 Elizabeth Fassett. In 1772 she joined the Cong. church and their child Jerusha was baptized; and in 1775, Amos. In 1777 Noah was in the Continental Line; in 1783 he was one of the subscribers to the Episcopal church in Brooklyn.

ADAMS, Paul and his wife, Mary, lived in that part of Brooklyn which was set off from Pomfret, and Mary united with the Cong. Church Oct. 20, 1776, and at the same time Betty, their youngest dau. was bapt. He was killed at Stillwater Sept. 19, 1787; in 1787 Shubael Adams, and Lucy, wife of Wm. Barrott, sell their share in their father, Paul's, estate, and in 1793 Betsey does the same, having evidently by that time arrived at maturity. In 1801, Willard Adams, son of Paul, sells his share (one sixth) of the widow's dower of Paul Adams.

ADAMS, Peter m Priscilla, who was ad. to Cong. church in 1769, and the following children were bapt.: Silas, Abijah, Priscilla, Benoni, Ephraim, and Lois. In 1772 Simeon was bapt.; in 1774, Elisha, and in 1776 Dorcas. Peter served in Capt. Ozias Martin's Co. in 1776, and was probably one of the six sons of Peter Adams Sen. who with their father, served in the Rev. according to Miss Larned in her History of Windham Co. In 1795 Peter deeds land to his son Elisha, provided Elisha will take care of him and his wife Priscilla.

ADAMS, Philemon served in Capt. Moses Branch's Co. in the Militia in 1778. He was the oldest son of Peter Adams Sen. and while he was away his wife, realizing that winter was coming on and they had no suitable shelter for the family called her women neighbors together, raised the frame, and completed a house which stood wind and weather for one hundred years. After the Revolution four of the sons of Peter Adams Senior moved to new countries, but Philemon with his younger brothers en-

gaged in manufacturing pottery. A sister, gifted with artistic taste, spent her time making rag carpets that resembled those of oriental countries, and the father, surrounded by his children and their families, living in the midst of an Indian settlement added still more luster to his name by killing the last bear reported in Windham County.

ADAMS, Samuel whose services in detail can be found in his pension application (S.F. 38483) married Betty or Betsey Litchfield May 11, 1777. He was born in Pomfret ab. 1753, and in 1818, when he applied for a pension was a resident of Williamstown, Orange Co. Vt. His wife, aged 64 in 1820 d in 1823 in Vt. leaving a dau. Betsey, a cripple from youth, and possibly other children.

ADAMS, Shubael, son of Paul mentioned above was a member of Capt. Joseph Abbott's Co. and m July 30, 1778 Anna Winchester. In 1800 he deeds his part of his deceased father's estate. In 1784 he united with the Episcopal church and his three ch. were bapt. at that time: Septimius Gardner, James (who d in 1795) and Robert. In 1793 Debby was bapt.; in 1795, Ira; and in 1797, Betsey Adams.

ADAMS, Timothy was born, according to his pension application, in that part of Pomfret which is now Brooklyn; enlisted from Canterbury, where he resided aged ninety yrs. in 1832 when he applied for a pension. He served as a private for eight months under Capt. Obadiah Johnson and Col. Putnam, in the Cont. Line, and was at Bunker Hill. He m May 3, 1764 Susannah Adams, and d Aug. 25, 1834. His wid. Susannah applied for a pension in 1836 which was allowed her.

ALLEN, Joseph who served at the Lexington Alarm from Pomfret m Mary Spaulding Apr. 4, 1776.

ALLIN, Parker, who served in Capt. David Cady's Co. in 1778, was a resident of Brooklyn in 1791 when he deeded land.

BACON, Abner, Lieut. at the Lexington Alarm from Canterbury was the son of Henry Bacon, and the brother of Nehemiah Bacon, a Rev. pensioner. He was bapt. Feb. 8, 1740/1, and his other brothers were: Joseph, bapt. 1738; William, in 1743; and David in 1745. "Lieut. Henry" Bacon m (2) Sept. 17, 1746, Eliz. Chapman; and in 1748 Elizabeth, wife of Henry Bacon was ad. to the Cong. church from the church at Norwich.

BACON, Nehemiah, bapt. Sept. 12, 1736, brother of Lieut. Abner, m Dec. 29, 1756 Ruth Adams, and served in the Alarm from Pomfret. He was a Rev. pensioner, and d in 1832. In 1761 his wife Ruth and later the following children were baptized: Sarah, in 1762; Joseph in 1764; Ruth, in 1766; Abner, in 1768; Wil-

liam in 1771; Cousin (?) in 1774; and Josepha in 1777.

BAKER, Joseph, surgeon from Pomfret in the Lexington Alarm m (1) Mch. 4, 1773, Deborah Avery, and with his wife Deborah was received into the church in 1776. The following ch. were bapt.: Betsy, in 1780; Deborah, in 1781; Ebenezer in 1783; Patty, in 1786 and James in 1788. In 1790 Lucy,* wife of Dr. Joseph Baker was received into the church; and the following ch. of this union were bapt.: Rufus Lathrop, 1791; Lucy Maria, in 1793 and Joseph and Mary (twins) in 1791. After the death of Dr. Baker his widow m (2) Dr. West of Brooklyn, Dr. Baker's successor; and on May 16, 1808, Deacon Amariah Preston and Mrs. Lucy West were united in marriage. She survived this third husband also; but on her tombstone, erected in Brooklyn (and also in the sketch of the Baker family in Weaver's History of Windham) no mention is made of either second or third husband!

BAKER, Stephen and Stephen Jr. served in the Alarm from Pomfret. Sept. 25, 1737 Stephen and his wife Hannah were admitted to the Cong. church, and the same day their son Stephen was bapt. The other ch. bapt. were: Hannah, in 1738; John, in 1740; William, in 1743/4; Joseph, in 1746, who evidently d. y. for a second Joseph was bapt. in 1752; Lucy, in 1749, who also probably d inf. as a second Lucy was bapt. in 1759. May 29, 1763 "the wife of Stephen Baker Jr." (no name) owned the covenant, and that year their child, Hannah, was bapt.; Ruhamah, in 1764; and Joel in 1767. Feb. 16, 1797 Hannah Baker, wid., John Baker, William Baker, Joseph Baker Jr. James Alworth and wife (formerly Hannah Baker) all of Brooklyn; Stephen Baker of Paltz, N. Y.; and Amasa Wethy of Pomfret and his wife, formerly Lucy Baker, the relict and children of Stephen Baker, dec'd. deed land in Brooklyn.

BARBER, William who served at the Alarm from Pomfret, had two children baptized May 29, 1774: Sarah and Rubey.

BARRETT, Jacob, who applied for a pension from Locke, Cayuga Co. N. Y. in 1833, testified that he was 68 yrs. of age; that he enlisted first in 1779 from Killingly, under Capt. John Dixon; and enlisted in 1781 from Brooklyn, Conn. under Capt. Benjamin Corgill; also in 1782 from Brooklyn, under Capt. Williams. His claim was allowed.

*Lucy was the daughter of Rev. Ebenezer Devotion and his wife, Martha, who afterwards married Rev. James Cogswell. When her youngest sister Betty died suddenly in 1775 Mr. and Mrs. Cogswell were so overcome that a neighbor persuaded them to take a cup of tea after the funeral. The Committee of Safety and some of the zealous patriots in his congregation, hearing of the occurrence, a public apology was demanded from the pulpit.

BARRETT, Jonathan, who received a pension in 1832, while a resident of Fairfield, Butler Co. Ohio, deposed that he was born March 29, 1760; that he enlisted first from Killingly, Conn. under Capt. Stephen Crosby, marched from Killingly to New London, the latter part of June; and that while on the march the Declaration of Independence, before its final passage was frequently read to the troops; that he served in New York until he was discharged Christmas Day, 1776; that he re-enlisted in Aug. 1778 in Capt. Bowen's Co. in R. I. and withdrew with the troops on account of the inability of the French fleet to block the Harbor; that he served in Conn. Militia under Capt. Converse and was stationed in New London, guarding the coast at the mouth of the river Thames; but in May, 1779, when Capt. Daniel Tyler of Brooklyn was getting up his matross Co. of Artillery, he was transferred, and continued in that company throughout the war, the company being always liable to be called into actual service at the pleasure of the State Authorities and were once called to New London at the time of Arnold's invasion and served for a month additional. He moved to Vermont in 1786 where he lived until 1816, when he moved to Ohio. A very interesting certificate is filed with this application, signed Jan. 1, 1816, by John Wheelock of Dartmouth College, Paul Brigham, Gov. of Vermont, Ebenezer Adams, Prof of Mathematics in Dartmouth, James W. Woodward, Minister of Norwich, Vt. and several others, stating that "Mr. Jonathan Barrett of Norwich, Vt. is about to travel into parts of the country in which he is unknown," and introducing him "to the friendship and civility of all good men within the circle of whose acquaintance his lot may be cast." May 13, 1839 Jonathan Barrett died and the last payment of his pension was made to his widow, Rachel.

BARRETT, Smith who served in 1781 in Capt. Robbins' Co. Col. Samuel McClellan, on a tour to New London and Groton, was married in the Episcopal church at Brooklyn, Oct. 4, 1787 to Abigail White. In 1832, while a resident of Belchertown, Mass. he applied for a pension and stated that he was born in Thompson, Conn. in 1766; served four short enlistments in 1781-2, and his application was granted. He died in Belchertown, Mass. in 1837, leaving a son Charles who m Sarah Jennings, and possibly other children.

BARRETT, William was b Woodstock, Conn. in 1751 according to his pension declaration. He enlisted in 1776 as a private in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. and in 1777 for a month under Capt. Seth Grosvenor, and in 1779 for two months under Capt. Stephen Lyons. ELISHA CADY of Killingly, also a Rev. soldier, testifies in the case, among others. No family data is given

in the pension but in the Cong. church records we find that Wm. Barrett m Lucy Adams Feb. 26, 1778; that he joined the church in 1776, and his wife in 1780. Their children who were bapt. were: Molly, in 1779; William and James (twins) in 1782; Philena in 1784; Joseph Phelps in 1789 and Hervey in 1796. In 1789 his brother Joseph of Thompson, Conn. gives him his share in the dower of the dec'd mother, Elizabeth, widow of Benoni, and mention is made of a brother James, also dec'd. in 1789, who was bapt. in 1754. Lucy Adams, wife of William Barrett, was the dau. of PAUL ADAMS (q. v.)

BENJAMIN, Barzillai (or Barzilla) a Rev. pensioner, was b at Brooklyn, Conn. ab. 1760, enlisted in 1776 under Capt. Trowbridge, and in 1780 re-enlisted in the Mass. service. He married Dec. 9, 1779 at Canterbury, Conn. Mary Smith who was b 1761. They had a son Ira and possibly others. In 1789 he (under the name of Barzilla) bought land in Brooklyn, which he sold in 1802. At that time he was living in Leverett, Mass. but in 1818, when he applied for a pension he was a resident of Bethel, Windsor Co. Vt. where he d Dec. 10, 1831. In 1837 his widow Mary, then a resident of Sharon Vt. applied for a pension which was allowed. Ebenezer Whitney, a fellow soldier, although not in the same company of Montague, Mass. in 1818, testified in the case.

BENNET, John, b Oct. 1762, Pomfret, Conn. enlisted in 1778 from there under Capt. Joseph Durkee, and his application for pension made in 1832, while still a resident of Pomfret, was allowed. Bushnell Hebbard of Pomfret, Jonathan Holt, and Amasa Martin of Hampton and Jeremiah Wheaton of Pomfret testified in the case, as fellow soldiers with Bennet.

BOWMAN, Elisha, Corporal in Capt. Abner Robinson's Co. of Militia in 1778, m June 29, 1780 Elizabeth Kimball, in Brooklyn. He was the son of Joseph Bowman, and was bapt Oct. 15, 1758. June 22, 1786 he was chosen one of the Surveyors of Highways in Brooklyn.

BOWMAN, Walter son of Thomas and Saviah (Blackmore) Bowman, was bapt. Nov. 18, 1750, and served at the Alarm from Pomfret. He m Feb. 23, 1774 Anna Litchfield, in Brooklyn. She was the dau of John and Lucy (Cady) Litchfield, and in 1789 she and her husband, Walter Bowman, deeded all her right in the estate of her dec'd. father John Litchfield, to her brother Uriah.

BROWN, Alpheus, who served in Capt. Abner Pryor's Co. in 1776 m Oct. 16, 1777 Sarah Litchfield, dau of John and Lucy (Cady) Litchfield. In 1788 Alpheus and his wife Sarah deeded to her brother Uriah all their share in the land belonging to her dec'd father, John Litchfield.



Up this street marched the men from the adjacent towns to Brooklyn Green, April 20, 1775. Between the two monuments on the left stands the house where Daniel Tyler, Jr., lived when he received the news, and where Putnam spent the last years of his life.



Town Hall, Brooklyn, Conn., situated on a corner of Brooklyn Green, and at the junction of the Wolf Den Road with Main Street.

BROWN, Charles who served in 1775 in Capt. James Eldridge's Co. m Dec. 12, 1781, Azubah Goodale in Brooklyn.

BROWN, Jedidiah who served in the Alarm from Canterbury, m Lucy, who was admitted to the church in 1788 when their son Jedidiah Jr. was baptized.

BROWN, Shubael "of Pomphret," served in Col. Canfield's regiment of Militia at West Point in 1781. He m Dec. 15, 1785 Nancy Dixon in the Cong. church, but in 1826 "Capt. Shubel Brown" and his wife Nancy were confirmed in the Episcopal church at Brooklyn. He was buried Sept. 5, 1836, aged 75 yrs; and she in 1848, aged 87 yrs.

BURDEN (or BORDEN) Benjamin served in 1775 in Capt. Waterman Clift's Co. and Nov. 12, 1778 m Sarah Holland.

BURDEN (or BORDEN) Joshua served in Capt. Dixon's Co. in 1776, and Meh. 11, 1779 m Elizabeth Holland, sister of Sarah and daughter of JOSEPH HOLLAND (q. v.)

BUTT, Samuel who served as Corporal at the Alarm from Canterbury, was admitted as "Samuel 3rd." with his wife to the Brooklyn church in 1772, and their five ch.: Anna, Mary, Jacob, Eunice, and Simeon were bapt. In 1774 their child Sarah was bapt.; in 1776, Lucy; in 1778, Betsey; in 1781, Luther; and in 1782, Hannah.

CADY, Abijah of Canterbury served in the Cont. Line in 1777. He m Lucy Adams June 7, 1753, and in 1775 they united with the Episcopal church and their three ch. Richard Compton, Joshua and Anna were bapt.

CADY, Asahel served in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776. Meh. 13, 1783 he m Ruth Lamphier.

CADY, David served in the Alarm from Pomfret, and also in 1776 in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776. Meh. 13, 1783 he m Ruth the dau. of Adonijah and Anna (Copland) Fassett, who was bapt. in 1760.

CADY, Ephraim served in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776, and was the oldest son of Nahum Cady. He was bapt. Meh. 20 1747/8. Nahum Cady was admitted to the church in 1742, and his wife Mary in 1756. Owing to the custom in the Congregational church at that time to give only the name of the father, when recording a baptism, I do not know whether Mary was the mother of Ephraim or not.

CADY, Joel served in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776, and was the son of Phineas and Sarah Cady. He was bapt. Jan. 23, 1756. He evidently d unm. for in 1786 his sister Alice, then wife of Salter Searls of Pomfret, deeded her share in his estate. In 1788 Sarah

Cady of Killingly, sold her share in the estate of her uncles Joel and Daniel Cady, sons of Phineas, all of whom were then deceased.

CADY, John of Plainfield, Captain, while returning from New York was drowned, Nov. 23, 1783, in the 40th. year of his age. His tombstone in Plainfield bears an inscription composed by Dr. Benedict of Yale College.

CADY, Nahum served in the Alarm from Pomfret. He was bapt. Meh. 8, 1752, and was the son of Nahum Cady, and brother of Ephraim. mentioned above.

CADY, Nathan of Canterbury, served in the Revolution, in 1777, and at the first town meeting of Brooklyn, in 1786, was made "Key keeper." Oct. 21, 1742 he m Rachel Cady and Feb. 24, 1744/5 they united with the Brooklyn church and their ch. Hannah was baptized. In 1745, their ch. Bridget was bapt.; in 1746/7, Anna; in 1749, Elisha; in 1751, Prudence; in 1754, Thomas who evidently d. inf. for in 1757 another Thomas was bapt. and in 1761, Rachel. Sept. 28, 1766 Anna and Jabez Winchester were bapt. "in the right of their mother, wid. of James Winchester and now wife of Nathan Cady," and the same day Theda, dau of Nathan and Anna Cady was baptized. The other ch. of Nathan and his second wife, Anna (Winchester) were: Deborah, bapt. 1770; Amanda, bapt. 1771; and Lucy, bapt. 1779. He must have d bef. 1791 for at that time the descendants of the four children by the first wife (Elisha, Eunice, and Joseph Baker of Granby, Hampshire Co. Mass. Brinsley Carpenter and wife Sally of Woodstock, Conn. Amasa Pooler and wife Hannah of Brooklyn, and John Richmond and wife Rachel of Pomfret) make an agreement with the four children of the second wife: Theda, wife of Wm. Fillmore of Amherst, Mass., Deborah, wife of Jonathan James; Amanda, wife of Wm. Spalding, and Lucy, wife of Daniel Kies (or Keyes) all of Brooklyn, in regard to the dower of the wid. of Nathan Cady. Later Wm. and Elisha Baker of Granby give bond that Elijah Baker, now a minor, the other heir, will agree to the settlement made by his father and older brother.

CADY, Timothy, bapt. Oct. 19, 1754, son of Nehemiah and Lidia, was taken prisoner at the surrender of Fort Washington Nov. 16, 1776. In 1780 Timothy Cady, then of Pomfret, sells his share in the estate of his dec'd father, Nehemiah's estate to his brother Ebenezer Cady of Brooklyn, who at the same time bought the shares of the other heirs. Nehemiah and his wife owned the Covenant in 1740, and at that time their children Lois, and Betty were bapt. (Betty later became the wife of Thomas GOODELL q.v.) In 1741 Jonas son of Nehemiah was bapt.; in 1743,

Nehemiah; in 1745, Lidia; in 1747, Mercy (who in 1784 was the wife of Jonathan Eddy of Woodstock, Conn.); in 1750, Patience (who in 1784 was the wife of Jonathan Foster of Douglass, Worcester Co. Mass.); in 1752, Thankful; and in 1761 Ebenezer who m Hannah Baker Oct. 1, 1781 and Mary Butt Dec. 1, 1791.

CHANDLER, Charles Church, who is mentioned in the last issue of the magazine as taking such a prominent part as attorney for John HANCOCK in 1786, graduated from Harvard in 1763, studied law, m Marian Griswold of Lyme, Conn. and entered upon the practice of his profession in his native town, South Woodstock. He was the son of Capt. Samuel Chandler and grandson of Hon. John Chandler, and a relative of Joshua Chandler, the Tory Colonel who met such a tragic fate when exiled from his native town immediately after the Revolution. He served in the Rev. for a short time in 1778, but during most of the time assisted his country in civil pursuits, and was a most influential, patriotic citizen.

CHAPMAN, Amaziah (or Amaza) with his wife Esther were ad. to the church at Brooklyn, and their ch. were bapt. as follows: Elizabeth in 1759; Esther in 1761; Samuel in 1763; Eunice in 1766; Elisha in 1769; and Molly in 1773. In 1776 Amaziah is mentioned among those who were "sick in the hospital at Stamford"; He recovered, however, and in 1791 is mentioned as buying and selling land; and in 1794 his second wife, Mary, united with the church.

CLEAVELAND, Aaron, son of Josiah and Abigail (Paine) Cleaveland, d at Canterbury, Conn. April 4, 1785, aged 57 years. He m his cousin Thankful Paine; and their children, as recorded in the Cleaveland Genealogy are: AARON, b June 18, 1750, m Jemima Robinson (q.v.) MOSES, b 1754, m Esther Champion; Ann, 1756-60; Abigail, b 1759, m Parker Cleaveland for his second wife; John, b 1762 m Mary Larned; Mary, 1765-75; Paine, b 1768, d unm.; Wm. Pitt, b 1770 m (1) Mary Bacon, m (2) Abby Richards; Thankful b 1773, m Cyrus Spalding; Camden, b 1778, m Elizabeth Adams. Aaron Cleaveland was a Captain in the French War, and a Colonel at the Lexington Alarm. He sent a fattened cow to Boston when that Port was closed. His tomb in the old cemetery at Canterbury is still preserved.

CLEAVELAND, Aaron Jr. private, Lieut. and Capt. with his wife Jemimah united with the Brooklyn church in 1789 and the following children were baptized: Anna, Polly, Aaron, Charles, Zenas, Lora and Nabby.

CLEAVELAND, Chester b Mch. 8, 1761 in Canterbury, Conn. according to his pension declaration married in Royalton, Vt. in 1788 Eliza-

beth and died July 18, 1840 in Monroe Co. N. Y. He was the son of

CLEAVELAND, Curtiss, who served in Capt. David Cady's Co. in 1778. His dau. Elizabeth was bapt. in 1760, and son, Chester (q.v.) in 1762.

CLEAVELAND, Ebenezer, son of Josiah and Abigail (Paine) Cleaveland, was b in Canterbury, Conn. in Jan. 1725, was ad. to the Brooklyn church Apr. 18, 1742; moved to Groton, Conn. where he m in 1745, Abigail Stevens and had according to the Cleaveland Genealogy, thirteen children. He d in Cape Ann, Mass. July 4, 1805. He was a Rev. patriot, and his son, Ebenezer, b 1754, is said to have been a Rev. officer.

CLEAVELAND, Edward (who according to the Cleaveland Genealogy left his home in Pomfret, near Woodstock, after the battle of Lexington, to serve where needed, and was killed at the siege of Boston), was the son of Samuel and Mary (Derbe) Cleaveland. Samuel and Mary united with the Brooklyn church in 1742, and the following children were baptized: James, CURTIS, Edward, Mary; and Abigail was bapt. in 1746. Edward was born July 4, 1737, m Sabra Hosmer, who died during the Revolution, and had nine children.

CLEAVELAND, Joseph, called "Lieutenant" when June 9, 1765, he married Abigail Miles, served as a private in 1775 in Capt. Obadiah Johnson's Co. Jan. 11, 1781, he married Olive Hubbard, and is given the title "Captain." Abigail Miles was the dau of Thomas Miles and the sister of Jonathan, Reuben and Thomas Jr. and in 1788 Joseph, as the former husband and heir of his deceased wife, Abigail, sells his right to certain parts of the estate of Abigail's father, Thomas Miles Sen. deceased.

CLEAVELAND, Moses, son of Col. Aaron, of Canterbury, was born Jan. 29, 1754, studied law, and married Esther Champion. His services in the Revolution are too well-known to repeat. In 1795 he joined with others in purchasing the "Western Reserve"; and in 1796 was made Brig. General of Militia. In 1800 he mortgaged to the state of Conn. for over \$8000.00 his farm in Canterbury, and the following year the State Treasurer acknowledges the payment, and releases the mortgage. He died in 1806, when the city which he had assisted in laying out, and had named for himself, was but a straggling village. Off the high-road between Brooklyn and Canterbury, stands the remains of a large frame house, with the front entirely blown in by the wind and storms. In this house, lived once Moses Cleaveland, and a monument to his memory has been erected in his native village, Canterbury.

CLEAVELAND, Samuel served in Capt. Wills Clift's Co. in the Cont. Line in 1777 and Jan. 11, 1781 married Molly Allen (Allyn.) In 1799 Samuel and wife Mary, then of Amenia, Dutchess Co. N. Y. sell their right to the estate of Mrs. Lydia Dean, which she had owned, as the widow of Isaac Allyn.

COCK, Jared of Plainfield who served in the Alarm from that town married in Brooklyn, Jan. 4, 1770, Mary Brown.

COOK, Lot served in Capt. Matthew Bowen's Co. of Militia in 1778. He m Sept. 30, 1779, Sarah Cleaveland.

COPELAND, Amasa of Pomfret was in the Cont. Line in 1777. He was the son of James and Sarah Copeland, and was bapt. June 11, 1758. Feb. 26, 1784 he m Mary Whitey.

COPELAND (COPLAND) Asa was bapt. April 20, 1763 and was the son of Wm. and Sarah (Smith) Copeland. William was dismissed from the 3rd. church in Braintree, Mass. in 1742, to unite with the Brooklyn church. According to his pension declaration Asa served as a private from 1781 to the close of the war in Capt. E. Hopkins' Co. Lieut. NATHAN BEERS and DAVID SPENCER of Hampton, Conn. testified to service with him. In 1820, while a resident of Pomfret, he mentions a wife, aged 52 yrs. and her daughter Sally aged 26 yrs. He d June 4, 1831, and in 1853, his wid. Abilene applied for a pension. She stated that she, then Mrs. Abilene Holmes, m Asa Copeland Oct. 9, 1809. Sally must therefore have been the child of an earlier marriage. The pension was granted to Abilene until her death Apr. 22, 1854.

COPELAND (or COPELIN) Jonathan, brother of the above mentioned Asa, enlisted in 1776 in Capt. Wm. Smith's Co. He was bapt. Oct. 9, 1757, and in 1832, while a resident of Thompson, Conn. applied for a pension which was granted to him. Wm. BARRETT, and DELANO PIERCE of Brooklyn, and Jonah WITTER of Preston, Conn. certified to serving with him. The pension application gives no family data; but in the Brooklyn church we find that Mch. 9, 1780 Jonathan m Esther Chapman, and their ch. as baptized were: David, in 1788; Eunice in 1791; Royal in 1793; Elizabeth in 1795 and Sally in 1798. In 1791 he and his wife were ad. to the church from the church in Thompson, but in 1832 he seemed to have returned to Thompson; although he states that he enlisted from Brooklyn.

COPELAND, Phineas, a third son of William and Sarah (Smith) Copeland, bapt. Mch. 24, 1754, served in 1776 in Capt. Joseph Abbott's Co.

COTTON, Thomas Jr. m Sept. 14, 1753, Sarah Holbrook, and served in the Alarm from Pomfret.

DANIELSON, Samuel of Killingly served in the Alarm from that town, and was bapt. Apr. 13, 1742. Oct. 27, 1774 his father, Samuel Danielson Esq. m (2) Mrs. Sarah Spaulding; and Mch. 19, 1781 Hannah, wife of Samuel Jr. of Killingly, united with the Brooklyn church. In 1772 the widow Sarah Spaulding had united with the Brooklyn church, and in 1804, Sarah Danielson of Killingly sells to Caleb Spaulding of Brooklyn all her right to the house in which Caleb then lived, which she received by will from her former husband, Mr. Zachariah Spaulding of Brooklyn.

DANIELSON, William of Killingly served as a Major at the Lexington Alarm; and although advanced in years continued to serve as far as possible throughout the Revolution. Dec. 29, 1757 he m Sarah Adams; in 1758 they united with the Brooklyn church, and their dau Sarah was bapt. In 1789 he buys land in Brooklyn, although his church relations were with Killingly.

DAVIS, Daniel of Killingly m Dec. 2, 1762, Elizabeth Shurtliff, and became Deacon in the church. During the Revolution he and *Elishab Adams* of Canterbury are mentioned by Miss Larned (p 209) as "among the scores of sterling men who sacrificed all for their country during the Revolution." It is not to be wondered at therefore that he was among those who sought a new home in the West, and followed Manasseh Cutler to New Connecticut where he became quite influential.

DAVISON, Joseph, b in Pomfret in 1754, m Lydia Clark of East Hampton Nov. 21, 1784. In 1790 he and his wife united with the church at Brooklyn, and their ch. as bapt. were: Philena, Joseph and Lucy in 1790; Deborah in 1792; John Clark in 1794; Nathan in 1797; and Eunice in 1799. In 1849, George Davison, as adx. of Mrs. Lydia Davison, who d Feb 8, 1846, aged 82 yrs. gave as the surviving ch Philena, Eunice, Lucy (who had m Mr. Briggs;) and Joseph, beside himself. Joseph Sen. served in 1776 in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1777 under Capts. Lincoln, and Seth Grosvernor; in 1778 under Capt. Daniel Paine; in 1779 under Capt. Joseph Durkee; and in 1780 under Capt. Jeffords. He d June 24, 1841. JONATHAN CADY of Brooklyn, Jonathan HOLT and AMASA MARTIN of Hampton, Conn. testify to service with him.

DAVISON, Paul who served at the Alarm from Pomfret, was bapt. June 7, 1752, and was the son of Deacon Joseph Davison. His brothers were Ebenezer, Peter, Phinehas, John and Samuel. He also served in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776. He m Nov. 16, 1775,

Sarah Hide. They were received into full communion in 1777, and their dau. Nabby was bapt. In 1779, Abigence, and in 1781, Paul were baptized.

DAY, Abner of Killingly m Sept. 16, 1779 Mary Wilson, and served in the Alarm from Killingly.

DAY, Asa, Lieut. in the Revolution, who d unm. was one of the eight children of James Day, b Killingly, 1717 m Mary Parkhurst in 1740 in Plainfield and d Dec. 25, 1783 in Killingly. Mary Parkhurst was the dau. of John and Abigail Parkhurst. They had, beside Asa: Nathan, Corporal in Capt. Joseph Cady's Co. bapt. July 28, 1744, m 1770 Hannah Hewett and settled in Granville, N. Y.; James who d unm. in 1808; Jonathan, who was b Mch. 12, 1745, and m Tamar May; Elias, b Sept. 25, 1750, m 1781 Percy Blanchard and lived in Woodstock, Conn.; Mary, b 1753, who m Nathaniel Maine; and lived in Brookfield, N. Y. Thomas b Jan. 9, 1755 m 1783 Susan Buck, and d July 15, 1830 in Thompson, Conn.; John, b Mch. 12, 1756, m Annis Bowman in 1781, was elected Constable of the town of Killingly in 1785, but soon thereafter bought land in Brooklyn formerly belonging to Godfrey Malbone and erected a large house which is still standing, and where he d Mch. 10, 1838; and David b July 20, 1762 who d April 27, 1831. James and seven of his eight children (the eighth being too young to serve) enlisted in the cause of the Colonists during the Revolution. This family of Days is distinct from the family to which Abner Day belonged, and no relation has yet been established. Both families have many descendants in Killingly, Brooklyn, and adjacent towns.

DIKE, Thomas of Killingly, Sergeant at the Lexington Alarm, m Dec. 11, 1770, Dorothy Davison. When Thompson was taken off from Killingly in 1785 Thomas Dike was one of those who took the Freeman's Oath; was a Deacon of the Church in 1796 and built a large house on one of the farms bordering on the pike to Providence, R. I.

DIMMICK, Joseph, whose son Remember was bapt. Aug. 1, 1779, was corporal at the Alarm from Canterbury.

DOWNING, Abijah who served from Pomfret in the Alarm m June 7, 1778 Priscilla Hyde. He was the son of Jedidiah and Abigail (Cady) Downing, and was bapt. Aug. 26, 1752.

DOWNING, Ichabod, bapt. Mch. 14, 1756, brother of Abijah above-mentioned, was a member of Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776, and in 1799 bought land in Brooklyn of his brother James. In 1800 he had moved to Hartford, Conn. and sold his land in Brooklyn.

DOWNING, Joseph, another brother of Abijah, was bapt. June 24, 1750, and m Abigail Williams Sept. 24, 1778. He also was in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co.

DOWNING, Phinehas served in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776, and Nov. 20, 1783, m Anna Butt.

DURKEE, Robert, Capt. in Wyoming at the time of the Massacre owned the Covenant with his wife Mehitabel Feb. 6, 1757, and their dau. Mehitabel was bapt. the same day. In 1760 their dau. Lovisa was bapt. and from then their names disappear from the records of the old Congregational Church.

EARL, Jesse and William. The fate of these two young men can best be told by an abstract from the town records. April 8, 1800 Nathan Witter of Brooklyn, (who with his wife Keziah had united with the church from Windham church in 1760) testified that "some years previous to the late American War, Mr. David Dodge then of sd. Brooklyn, together with his wife applied to me requesting me to take care of some property belonging to William Earl and Jesse Earl, sons of the said Dodge's wife, which property consisted in a number of sheep purchased by money (as I understood) belonging to their mother; and let to old Mr. Earl, grandfather to the said William and Jesse" . . . "Soon after the Commencement of the late war the sd. William and Jesse enlisted into the Continental Army for the space of three years. Previous to their joining the army they came to me and informed me that they were going into the service requesting me to take the care of their property of every kind which I accordingly accepted. They then told me that if either of them should die in the army that the property should belong to the survivor; in case that neither of them should return their order and will was that their property should be delivered up to their parents and to become the property of them and their half brother and sister." The same day "Keziah Witter testified to said declaration so far as it relates to the purchase of the sheep and the disposal of the property." As neither of the Earls returned, the property went as requested.

ELDRIDGE, James m Feb. 20, 1765 Sarah Ashcraft and moved to Stonington, Conn. where he became Capt. in 1775 of a company. He returned to Brooklyn after the Rev. and Oct. 30, 1785 Charles, "son of Capt. James" was bapt.; Frank in 1787; Frances Mary in 1791 and Edward in 1795.

FASSET, Adonijah and Jesse, brothers, served in 1776 in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. They were the children of Adonijah and Anna (Copland) Fasset, who were married in 1745, and whose children, as baptized were: Anna in

1746; Elizabeth in 1749; Adonijah in 1751 and a second Adonijah, April 8, 1753; Jesse, Mch. 21, 1756; Joab in 1758; Lois in 1760; a second Joab in 1762; Mary in 1766 and Pearly in 1768. Adonijah Jr. married Anna Allen July 28, 1776.

FASSETT, Amaziah and Benjamin, brothers, served in the Revolution. Amaziah served at the Alarm from Pomfret, and afterwards was a Rev. pensioner, while a resident of Braintrim, Luzerne Co. Penna. Benjamin was in the Continental Line and died Dec. 31, 1777. Amaziah and Benjamin were the children of Benjamin who m (1) Lidia, and had baptized: Samuel, in 1741; William in 1743-4; and Benjamin June 8, 1746. Dec. 8, 1746 Benjamin m (2) Elizabeth Tucker and had baptized: Lidea in 1747; Grace in 1749; Alice in 1751; Joseph in 1752; Amaziah, May 4, 1755; Elizabeth in 1757; Silence in 1759 Zerviah in 1762 and James in 1764. Benjamin Senior, had died before Jan. 10, 1786 when Samuel Fasset, Amaziah Fasset, Samuel Turner and wife Elizabeth, all of Winchester, Cheshire Co. N. H. Silas Chandler and wife Grace, and Lydia Fasset all of Pomfret, Conn. Silas Palmer (q.v.) and wife Silence of Thompson, Conn. sell land set out to Elizabeth, widow of Benjamin Fasset, deceased. Samuel Turner had married Elizabeth Fasset in 1780; Silas Chandler married Grace Fasset in 1774; Silas Palmer married Silence Fasset in 1777. Benjamin Jr. married Dec. 7, 1767, Anna Fasset, and had: Anna, bapt. 1776; and Nathan and Eunice, bapt. 1777. Although in the town records the members of the two families mentioned above spelled the name Fasset or Fasset, in the church records the distinction is carefully made. Adonijah and his family spell the name Fasset; whereas Benjamin and his children, as well as the family of Josiah, which intermarried with the Pikes, spell the name Fasset. All three families were contemporaneous in the town of Brooklyn.

FLING (or FLYN) Lemuel served in the Alarm from Pomfret. April 17, 1781 he m Ruth Cady; in 1782 he and his wife united with the church and their child Parnel was baptized. In 1783 their son Erastus was bapt. and in 1788 their son Cyril.

FOSTER, William, Sergeant in the Alarm from Canterbury, had two children, Sarah and Thomas, bapt. in the Westminster Meeting-house at Canterbury, by Dr. Josiah Whitney, Jan. 17, 1779.

FROST, Jonas served as Captain of the Militia in 1773, when he and his wife Susannah united with the church and their three children: Phinehas, Mary and Susannah were baptized. Being unable to serve as a Captain he enlisted as private in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776.

FROST, Stephen also enlisted in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. and June 21, 1789 married Molly Cogswell.

FULLER, John, bapt. May 7, 1732 in Ipswich, Mass. m Hannah Kimball, and resided in that part of Mansfield, Conn. now called Hampton. He d Jan. 2, 1800 in Pomfret, Conn. and they had sons William, Benjamin (who m (1) Joanna Trowbridge, m (2) Clarissa Utley;) John, b Oct. 8, 1757, m Jan. 11, 1787, Esther Mosely, and d Mch. 17, 1796; and Jesse. He served in the Alarm from Pomfret, and his son John is said to have served later in the Revolution. There was also a John Fuller 87 yrs. old in 1840, who was a Rev. pensioner from Willington, Conn., a John Fuller, 76 yrs. old in 1840 who was a Rev. pensioner from Sharon, Litchfield Co. Conn. and a John Fuller who had moved to New York state in 1818 and was a pensioner from there for service rendered in Conn. during the Revolution.

FULLER, Jonathan served in the Alarm from Windham, and m Esther Cady Aug. 28, 1777. She was the daughter of John and Deborah (Benjamin) Cady, and her older sister Anna, (who was bapt. in 1757 at the same time with herself in Brooklyn) m ELIJAH THAYER of Brooklyn. In 1808 "Capt. Elijah" Thayer and his wife Anna deeded to Esther and her husband Jonathan Fuller, who then lived in that part of Windham which had become Hampton, Conn. certain land in settlement of the estate of their parents John and Deborah. (For a full account of this family see Answer to 4234 THAYER in the Genealogical Department of the December issue of the magazine.)

GILBERT, John served in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776. In 1778 he and his wife Zerviah united with the church in Brooklyn from the first church in Pomfret, and the following ch. were bapt.: Chester in 1778; Calvin in 1779; Cloe in 1782.

GOODALE (GOODEL) Edward m Dec. 1, 1774 Dorcas Shepherd; and served in the Alarm from Pomfret, as Corporal.

GOODALE Simeon married June 8, 1775 Martha Williams and in 1776 served in Capt. Samuel Chandler's Co. in New York. This company was one of those detailed by Washington to cover the Retreat from Long Island, keeping guard until the troops could be gotten away, and then ordered "to get off as they could, in order or not." Miss Larned writes that as they stumbled through the darkness to the banks of the river, one bewildered soldier ventured to ask "Where are we going?" and met with a cheery reply from his captain "To Heaven, I hope." Later these Conn. soldiers received the especial commendation of Washington for their faithful work.

GOODALE (GOODEL) Thomas served in the Alarm from Pomfret. Oct. 15, 1761 he m Betty Cady, and after her death m (2) Jan. 16, 1772 Patience Carr. Dec. 4, 1774 Thomas and his wife Patience were admitted to full communion and the next month the three eh. by his first wife: Lydia, Shubael and Summers, were baptized. Later in the year Betty, dau. of the second wife was baptized. Betty (Cady) Goodale was the dau. of Nehemiah and Lydia Cady, and was bapt. Feb. 24, 1739/40. She was the sister of TIMOTHY CADY. (q.v.) In 1784 Lydia, then of Lyme, Grafton Co. N. H. and in 1792, her brother, Shubael of the same place, sell the part of Nehemiah Cady's estate that had descended to their mother, deceased. Lydia was born, therefore, ab. 1766. Shubael, about 1771, and Summers died before reaching maturity.

GOODSPEED, Nathaniel served in Capt. Ephraim Manning's Co. in 1775, and May 26, 1780 married Abigail Perkins.

GRIGS, Samuel married Oct. 31, 1771 Elizabeth Woodward, and in 1778 served in Capt. John Williams' Co. of Militia.

GROSVENOR, Seth, Corporal from Woodstock in the Alarm, and later Captain of a company in which many of the Rev. pensioners from Brooklyn served, had a dau. Betsey bapt. May 18, 1777. Jan. 13, 1779 Thomas, son of "Capt. Seth" Grosvenor was bapt.

HAMMOND, Hezekiah served in the Alarm from Windham, as a Corporal. He lived in that part of the town which later was incorporated as Hampton, where he was b Nov. 4, 1733, and m Lucy Griffin of Hampton, Nov. 15, 1758. They had: Lucy, b 1760, m John Clark of Coventry and d Dec. 1847; Olive, b July 8, 1764 m Charles Childs (or Child) of Pomfret and d 1810; Eleanor, b 1769 m JACOB HOLT (q.v.) Asahel, b 1778; Elisha, b 1780, m Phebe Hitchcock and settled in Brookfield, Mass. where he d in 1851; Hezekiah, b 1782, m (1) Polly Greenslit in 1804, m (2) in 1816, Lois Burnett, m (3) in 1819 Hannah Warren of Ashford, and d in Brooklyn in 1873. Hezekiah Hammond served throughout the entire war and died Dec. 9, 1813 in Hampton, Conn.

HARRIS, Paul was born in Canterbury, Conn. in 1745 according to his pension application. He enlisted in 1776 under Capt. Sherebiah Butts; in 1778 under Capt. Abner Robinson and in 1780 was drafted from Capt. William Hubbard's Co. of Canterbury Militia to serve at West Point. JAMES BURNHAM and *Abner Webb*, both of Hampton testified to have served with him; and Ebenezer Parke of Canterbury testified that he had often heard his brother, *Elijah Parke* of Canterbury, now deceased (1833) speak of serving with Paul Harris. In 1789 Paul Harris of Brooklyn bought land

there, and he was still living there in 1833 when he applied for a pension. He mentions a wife in his application, but gives no name; and his name does not appear on the list of either church.

HARRIS, Reuben who d at Lisbon, Conn. in 1829, aged 89 yrs. served at Valley Forge where he lost the sight of both eyes. He married (1) Lydia Lamphere, and (2) her sister Lucy. By his first wife he had: Lucy, b 1770; Bethia, b 1772; Susanna, b 1774; Reuben, b 1776. By his second wife he had: Joseph, b 1783; Luther, b 1787; Elihu, b 1790; Jeremiah, b 1792; Lucretia, b 1794; Rebecca, b 1797; Lydia, who m Rev. Mr. Ames and Daniel, the youngest child who moved to Middletown, N. J. Lucy, the oldest child, became the second wife of ROSWELL PARISH (q.v.)

HAWKINS, Joseph of Coventry served in the Alarm from that town and Aug. 7, 1777 married Zerviah Howard.

HEWIT, Increase, Corporal at the Alarm from Canterbury m Elizabeth Tyler Feb. 28, 1765, and in Dec. united with the church at Brooklyn. Their eh. as bapt. were: Mehitabel, in 1765; Amos in 1766; Daniel in 1768; William in 1770; Increase in 1771; Thomas in 1773; Betsy in 1776; Polly in 1778; Eunice in 1780; Henry in 1782; James Tyler of "Capt. Increase" in 1785; and Joseph in 1787.

HIDE, See HYDE.

HOLLAND, Joseph was one of three men who sent the gift of Brooklyn to the relief of the sufferers in Boston, in 1775. He was called "Major," but his service in the Revolution was probably of a civil nature. Elizabeth, wife of Joseph was ad. to the church in 1735; from Pomfret; but evidently did not stay in Brooklyn. and in 1768 Joseph and Mary his wife were admitted from the Episcopal church at New London. Their children, as baptized were: Thankfull in 1768; Eunice in 1770; Anna Augusta in 1774 and John in 1776. In 1804 John Holland, Benjamin Borden (See BURDEN) and wife Sarah; and John Borden and wife Eunice of Washington, Dutchess Co. N. Y. Joshua Borden and wife Betsey of Middletown, Delaware Co. N. Y.; Benjamin Wood and wife Thankfull of Bloomfield, Ontario Co. N. Y. and Anna Augusta Ray of New York City authorize John to sell the right of their mother, Mary, wid. of Joseph Holland, to real estate in Brooklyn, she having also, while a resident of Washington, N. Y. given her consent to the sale.

HOLT, Jacob, fifer in Capt. Abner Robinson's Militia Co. in 1778, m (1) Hannah Jefferds Oct. 1, 1783, and (2) Eleanor, dau of Hezekiah Hammond.

HOVEY, Jacob and his father, Nathaniel served in the Alarm from Windham, although

in different companies. Nathaniel was b Oct. 23, 1717, and was the son of Nathaniel and Abigail (Genings) Hovey. He m Ruth Parker Jan. 21, 1747/8, and their ch. as recorded in the town records of Windham were: Nathaniel, b June 14, 1749, married and had three ch. all born at Willington; John, b Jan. 9, 1750; Ebenezer, b Oct. 1, 1752; Ruth, b Aug. 28, 1754, m Nov. 13, 1777 Abiel Abbot; Phinias, b Apr. 12, 1756; Mary, (1758-1762); Jacob, b May 16, 1760; and Abel, 1763-1771. The inventory of Nathaniel Hovey's estate was taken Dec. 25, 1784 at Windham, Conn. Jacob married Olive Grow, and died Mch. 24, 1830 at Windham, leaving daughters, Amelia, (who m Dec. 2, 1819, Uriel, grandson of JOHN FULLER (q.v.)) and Marina, who m Eleazer Litchfield.

HYDE, Amasa served under Capt. Isaac Stone at the Battle of Saratoga in 1777. He m Lucy Robinson Jan. 30, 1780 and with his wife joined the Brooklyn church in 1781 when their child Elias was bapt. In 1783 Jedidiah was bapt. and in 1788 they were recommended to the church in Brookfield, Vt.

HYDE (or HIDE) Asa of Woodstock, served in the Alarm from that town and married Lucy Winchesier Dec. 23, 1772. This name was almost invariably spelled Hide in Revolutionary times; but as it is usually spelled Hyde now, I have listed it under that spelling.

HYDE, Benjamin married Anna Eldridge Jan. 30, 1765, and served in the Alarm from Canterbury.

INGALLS (INGALS) Joseph, whose son Peter was bapt. Feb. 25, 1752, was too old to undertake any active service but according to Miss Larned, was one of twenty-four men who were associated together in 1777 "for the purpose of chartering or purchasing a good sea-vessel, and loading the same to send immediately to the West Indies for salt and other necessities." The scarcity of salt was a very serious grievance and "threatened at times to disturb the public peace and safety of the State." Israel Putnam Jr. and other Revolutionary soldiers were among the subscribers.

JEFFARDS (JEFFERDS) John, who served in the Cont. Line in 1777 deeded in 1802 land to his grandchildren John Chamberlain and wife, Sally. At the same time John and Sally Chamberlain deed to John Jeffards, and wife Hannah, other land in Brooklyn.

KENDAL (KENDALL) Peter served in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776. He was the son of David Kendal; and with his brothers Daniel and John, and his sister Mary, was bapt. Sept. 20, 1761. In 1786 his father gave him land in Canterbury, which he gave back a few years later. He married July 4, 1776 Betsey Wilson; and in 1792 Peter Kendall of Canterbury, and

his wife Betsey, sell land set out to Betsey in the division of the estate of her dec'd father, *Samuel Wilson*. David Kendal m (2) Mch. 5, 1767, Bridget Cady, and in 1797 Peter and John leased for life to David and Bridget their former home.

KEYES (KEYS-KIES) Daniel, a Rev. pensioner, 63 in 1818, when he applied for a pension, as a resident of Sangerfield, Oneida Co. N. Y. was a private in Capt. Trowbridge's Co. in 1776/7, enlisting from Killingly, Conn. Ensign ANTHONY BRADFORD, and THOMAS FARNHAM of Hampton, Conn. testified in the case. He died April 5, 1825, and his widow Abigail applied for a continuance of the pension. She stated that she, Abigail Hutchens, was married to Daniel Keys Dec. 5, 1779 in Killingly, Conn. and her brother, Penuel Hutchens of Killingly in 1839, testified that he was present when Rev. Eliphalet Wright performed the ceremony. Shubael Keys and Betsey Keys, of Augusta, Oneida Co. N. Y. testify to acquaintance with Abigail, and the pension was granted. The warrant of Daniel Keys, as "Second Sergeant, Third Co. Seventeenth Regiment of Foot, raised by the Continent of America," signed Jed Huntington, Col. dated Ramapough, Dec. 8, 1776, is in the files of the Pension Office. He should not be confounded with the Daniel Keyes of Brooklyn, who in 1801, married Lucy, dau. of NATHAN CADY, and is referred to in another part of this article.

KIMBALL, John with his wife Jerusha were ad. to the church in 1760, and their children, as baptized were: John in 1760; Richard in 1762; Jared in 1765; Jerusha in 1767; Cynthia in 1769; Nathan in 1771; Joseph in 1776 and Jacob or "Lieut. John" in 1779. In 1781 John Kimball of Pomfret was Captain of a company in the provisional regiment which was "ready to march in case Gen. Washington needs them."

KNAPEN, Thomas served in 1778 in Conn. Line under Capt. Eli Leavenworth. He is probably the Thomas Knapen, bapt. July 31, 1743, as son of Thomas of Canterbury. In 1744, his brother Samuel was bapt.

LORD, Elisha. (Capt.) See p 256 October issue.

LOVEJOY, Timothy married Oct. 25, 1767 Mary Hide and served in Capt. Ephraim Warren's Co. in the Eleventh Regiment, which was composed almost entirely of Windham Co. men. On Oct. 9, 1774 four children of Timothy and Mary were bapt. in the Episcopal church: Palmer, Lois, Polly and Cynthia; Apr. 19, 1778, Mary, the wife, and Mary, the dau. of Timothy were baptized, and the next day, Betsey, their daughter was baptized. Timothy's name appears among the list of those who had moved out of the parish between 1776 and 1783.

MOSELEY, Ebenezer. See p 254 of October issue.

NOYES, John who was surgeon in the First regiment, Cont. Line, in 1777, married Mary Ann Williams Nov. 19, 1789. Mary Ann was the daughter of THOMAS WILLIAMS Esq. (q.v.) In 1793 John Noyes and his wife Marian of Lyme, Conn. deed land to "our brother, Roger Wolcott Williams of Brooklyn."

OSGOOD, William married June 2, 1774 Mary Scarborough, and was a member of Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776.

PAINE, Seth married Nov. 1, 1749 Mabel Tyler, sister of Capt. Daniel Tyler Jr. and their ch. as bapt. were: Mary, in 1753; Sarah, in 1760; Amasa of "Ensign Seth" in 1762; and Daniel in 1767. He represented the parish in its efforts to become a town, was its first Town Clerk and Treasurer, a position which he filled until his death in 1792. In 1785 when owing to the unsettled condition of affairs the Assembly had rejected the petition of Brooklyn Parish to be incorporated, and also the request for a new county with Pomfret for shire-town, he, Major Israel Putnam and Nathan Witter of Brooklyn staked out a piece of ground by the side of the common for the purpose of keeping their field-piece; and fire-arms "properly scoured, cleaned and oiled" were stowed away in a chest to be in readiness when needed. In 1789 Seth deeded one half of his land to his son Daniel, and in 1795 Seth Paine of Brooklyn mortgages land he had received from his father, Seth Paine. In 1797 Seth Paine, then of Tunbridge, Vt. redeems the mortgage. Lydia, b Apr. 27, 1786, of Seth Paine, is the first entry in the second book of Records of the town. This evidently refers to the Seth who afterwards moved to Vt. and one entry in the church Register "Anna, of Seth Jr. bapt. May 6, 1764," probably refers to the same man.

PALMER, Silas married Aug. 28, 1777 Silence Fassett, (dau. of Benjamin of Pomfret) and they joined the church in June 1780, when their son Phineas was baptized. In 1782 their son Alpheus was also baptized. Silas served under Capt. David Hait (or Hoyt) in 1776; and in 1786 he and his wife, residents of Thompson, Conn. sell their right to certain land formerly belonging to Benjamin Fassett.

PARISH, John, son of Lemuel Parish of Canterbury, and brother of ROSWELL PARISH (q.v.) served in 1777 in Capt. Daniel Clark's Co. at Stillwater. In 1788 his father Lemuel deeds him land in Brooklyn, and from that time he became one of the most influential men of the town. He married May 30, 1790, Elizabeth, daughter of Rev. JOSIAH WHITNEY. (q.v.) His name is incorrectly given on page 256 of the October issue as Job. It was John. In 1802 when he united with the church, he

is styled John Parish Esq: a title only bestowed on men of education and prominence in those times.

PARISH, Roswell who served in the Alarm from Canterbury, although a mere lad, (1759-1807) and became a Major of Militia before his death m (1) Mehitable Melody Harris in 1790; m (2) Lucy, dau. of REUBEN HARRIS (q.v.) She was b 1790 and d in 1813. Roswell served four days in 1775 in Capt. John Kingsley's Co. of Windham. As it was not drawn upon further for service he re-enlisted in Capt. Benjamin Bacon's Co. Col. John Douglass, and took part in the operations around New York and White Plains. There he became incapacitated for service (losing one of his arms) and was sent home. By his first wife he had: Erastus b 1783-m Annis Eldridge, and d 1847 in Providence, R. I.; Mehitable, b 1784, m William Bradford for his first wife; John Riley, b 1786, m Miss Olmsted, and moved to Columbus, Ohio; Sophia, b 1788, who became the second wife of William Bradford, and lived at or near Binghamton, N. Y. By his second wife, Roswell had: Artemisia, b 1792 m 1820 Ruel Park (1792-1862) of Canterbury; Roswell, b 1795, m 1822 Desire Smith of Smithtown, L. I. (1803-1896) Julia, b 1797 d 1833 unm.; Horatio Nelson, b 1798, d 1799; Lucy b Jan. 7, 1808, m 1824 Jedediah Reed of Canterbury (who d in 1865 aged 66 yrs.) and d Oct. 14, 1837; Chester, b 1802, m (1) Lucy Bean of Gilmanton, N. H. (Dec. 28, 1801—Oct. 13, 1837); m (2) in 1838 Miranda Forrest Chase who was b 1813; and lastly Evans, b 1806, m (1) in 1831 Eliza Phillips by whom he had no issue, m (2) in 1834 Sarah Ann Westcott of Providence, R. I. and m (3) in 1839 Betsey Waldo of Canterbury who was b 1802. Roswell Parish was the son of Lemuel Parish and a descendant of the immigrant, John Parish of Mass. There was another Roswell Parish who served in the Revolution from Conn. also a descendant of the immigrant, John Parish, but through an entirely different line. He was the son of William Parish and was b in Windham, in 1752, and served in Capt. Gallup's Co. in the Tenth Conn. regiment at New York; was in the Battle of Long Island, was made Corporal in December, 1776, and was in the Cont. Line in 1777 under Col. Jedediah Huntington. He was in Capt. Robinson's Co. Col. McClellan's regiment which arrived in camp July 1778, with WILLIAM and OLIVER PARISH in the same company. This man is the ROZEL PARISH of Preston Records. He married and his two ch. were born in Preston; Roswell, b 1779 m 1808, Amanda Tracy of Preston who was b in 1779; and Polly, b 1782. The first mentioned Roswell Parish was born in Canterbury himself, as were all of his children, and the house is still standing in a good state of repair.

PIERCE, Dilleno (or Dilenno or Delano) married Nov. 1, 1770, Abigail Hammond and with his wife was ad. to the church in 1776, and their children were baptized: Betsey, Abigail and Olive. In 1781 Elias was bapt.; in 1783, Benjamin; in 1786 Dilenno of "Capt. Dilenno" and in 1791 Lois. Dilenno was the brother of RUFUS and TIMEUS (q.v.) and was bapt. Nov. 27, 1748. He is one of those who testified in the case of *Jonathan Copeland*, as a fellow soldier in 1776, and died in Brooklyn Oct. 3, 1835. Abigail, his wife, born in Hampton Aug. 22, 1753, died Dec. 31, 1841. Lois married Nov. 14, 1809, Jonathan Parkhurst; and early in 1818, moved to Brooklyn to care for her parents. In the first book of Probate Records, pp. 43 and 4, is recorded the will of Delano Pierce, probated Oct. 14, 1835. In it he mentions his wife Abigail, dau Louisa Parkhurst, wife of Jonathan Parkhurst (Lois) son Erastus (His baptism is not recorded.) grandson Elias Delano Pierce, under 21 yrs.; sons: Benjamin and Delano; daughters Betsey Gilbert (Benjamin Gilbert m Nov. 20, 1790 Betsey Gilbert) and Olive Litchfield. (Daniel Litchfield m Sept. 22, 1796 Olive Pierce.) He appointed his son in law Jonathan Parkhurst as Exr. and the Court appointed Major John Kendal of Canterbury and Capt. Samuel Cady of Brooklyn as appraisers. The words enclosed in brackets are interpolated for the purpose of explaining the text and do not appear in the recorded will. No service can be found in Conn. Men for Delano (or Dilenno) Pierce, which is not strange; as the only service found for the men with whom he served is from their Pension record. That he served, was accepted by the U. S. Government, in granting the pension to his companion and fellow-soldier.

PIERCE, Rufus, son of Benjamin and his second wife, Naomi Pierce was bapt. Sept. 23, 1753. July 18, 1784 he and his wife Sarah were admitted to the church, and Aug. 15, 1784, Septimius, Deborah, Naomi and Sarah were baptized it being "the next Sunday after the death of their father, Rufus Pierce." Dec. 30, 1790 Sarah married Benjamin Herrick and in 1793 their child, Amy Church, named for the first wife of Benjamin, was baptized. Apr. 3, 1800 Sarah and her husband Benjamin Herrick, Deborah and her husband Titus Goodale, Septimius, Naomi and Sarah Pierce sell land formerly belonging to Rufus Pierce; but in 1810 Sarah, now "the widow Herrick" was dismissed to the church in Ellington, Conn. Rufus was a corporal in Capt. David Cady's Co. in 1778.

PIERCE, Timeus, brother of Delano and Rufus was bapt. June 9, 1751. Benjamin Pierce, his father joined the Brooklyn church in 1736 as did his wife Hannah; and their son Oliver was baptized. Apr. 30, 1738, Olive,

dau. of Benjamin was bapt. and June 18, 1738, Naomi, his second wife was admitted to the church. The other children of Benjamin and Naomi were: Rufus bapt. in 1740, but d. inf.; Rachel in 1743; Lita in 1745; DILENO, TIMEUS, RUFUS (q.v.) and Deidama of Ensign Benjamin in 1756. The name of the wife of Timeus is not given; but the children as baptized were: Sophia in 1780; Payson Grosvenor in 1781; Risby (or Risley) in 1783; Rufus in 1785; a second Rufus in 1787, and Oliver in 1789. Timeus served in 1776 in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Company.

PIKE, ASA, Clerk at the Alarm from Pomfret, PETER, who served in 1776 in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. as Corporal; and WILLARD who served in the Alarm from Pomfret, were brothers, and sons of Ebenezer and Abigail (Adams) Pike. Ebenezer and wife joined the church June 24, 1739, and the same day their son Asa was baptized. In 1741, Jonathan; in 1742 Abigail; June 9, 1745, Peter; April 26, 1747, Willard and 1753, Anna were baptized. Peter married Oct. 15, 1794, Rachel Dorrance was admitted to the church July 25, 1808, "and died the next Saturday." Their children, baptized with Peter, were: James Dorrance, Abigail, Asa, Virgil, Betsey and Gordon. Willard Pike married July 21, 1778 Molly Spaulding and their children, as bapt. were: Augusta in 1780; Erepta in 1782; Ebenezer in 1788 and Avilla in 1798. Sept. 5, 1797, Willard Pike sells to his "brother Peter Pike of Brooklyn" his right to the estate of "our decd. brother, Asa Pike of Brooklyn," which would seem to indicate that Asa died unmarried. In 1810 Willard and his wife were dismissed to the church in Holland, Mass.

PLANK, Zebediah who served in Capt. Isaac Stone's Co. in 1777 married Dec. 7, 1780 Olive Holmes.

PRESTON, Stephen who served in Capt. Robert Durkee's Co. married Jan. 4, 1773, Lois Hammond.

PRINCE, Timothy Jr., who served in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776, married Dec. 14, 1780 Deidama Pierce, sister of DILENO, RUFUS and TIMEUS (q.v.) He married (2) Feb. 26, 1789, Prudence Denison. In 1805 "Major Timothy" and his wife Prudence united with the church and the following children were baptized: Lucy and Joseph (both of whom were over 21 yrs. at the time), Deidamia, David, Polly, John and Betsey. Jan. 19, 1796 Timothy Prince Jr. leased for life to his honored parents Mr. Timothy Prince, and Huldah, his wife, three tracts of land in Brooklyn. July 8, 1798 Timothy Prince Sen. was buried from the Episcopal church. The baptism of his son, Abel, July 3, 1763, is the only other record of him to be found.

PUTNAM, Daniel, son of Gen. Israel, bapt. Dec. 20, 1760, married Sept. 2, 1782, Catherine Hutchinson. She was the niece of Godfrey Malbone, the prominent Tory and founder of the Episcopal church, and in 1783 Daniel became a subscriber to the Episcopal church. In 1786 the following ch. were baptized: William (who married Mary Spaulding in 1805, and d in 1846, aged 64 yrs.) and Catharine; in 1789, Elizabeth, who d in May, 1794; in 1792 Harriot Wadsworth; in 1794, Elizabeth. June 10, 1796 Israel "of Major Daniel" was bapt. in the Congregational church where the grandfather had been such a prominent member, but died two weeks thereafter; and in 1798 Ann Coffin and in 1804, Emily were bapt. in the Episcopal church. May 3, 1831 was buried "Col. Daniel, last surviving son of Gen. Israel Putnam" and "Oct. 31, 1844, Catharine, wife of Daniel Putnam, deceased" was buried. Daniel Putnam's services as adjutant to his father, Lieut. in 1777, etc. are too well known to need any particular mention. It was while dining with him that Gen. Israel was stricken the last time, and died two days afterwards in the adjoining room where he had been carried, when taken ill.

PUTNAM, Israel, General, See p 256 October issue.

PUTNAM, Israel Jr. oldest son and namesake of his distinguished father married (1) Sarah Waldo, and settled on the farm of his father in Pomfret. Their ch. as bapt. were: Sarah in 1765; Israel in 1766; Aaron Waldo in 1767; David in 1769; William Pitt in 1770; Molly in 1773; George Washington "of Capt. Israel" in 1775 and Betsey "of Major Israel" in 1780. In 1786 at the first town-meeting "Col. Israel Putnam" presided and he took a prominent part in the affairs of the town until his removal to Ohio. Feb. 26, 1792 he married Claryna Chandler and June 9, 1793, Frances, dau. of Israel and Claryna was bapt. in the Episcopal church.

PUTNAM, Peter Schuyler, who served as a waiter for his father during the Revolution, was admitted to the church with his wife Lucy in 1789. and the following year their children; John, Nathan and Schuyler, were baptized.

PUTNAM, Reuben who served in 1777 in Capt. Walbridge's Co. in the Cont. Line, in 1787 bought land of Rev. Josiah Whitney in Brooklyn. He was a joiner by trade, and in 1789 his son Rufus was baptized; but whether he was related to the distinguished Rufus Putnam, cousin of the General, who moved to Marietta, Ohio, is not stated in the records.

ROBINSON, Joshua who served in the Alarm from Tolland, was a Rev. pensioner. He was born in Scotland, Conn. Sept. 24, 1748, married Sept. 4, 1771, Sybil (dau. of Zebulon and Me-

hitable (Huntington) Webb, and moved to Tolland, where the following ch. were born: Erastus (Dr.) b 1773, m Martha Channing; Betsy, b Jan. 9, 1779 m Asabel Hammond and had eleven children; Ruth, b 1781 m Dec. 1803 Elijah Fuller and d 1849; Gurdon, b 1783, married and d Nov. 25, 1848; Dolly, b 1788 m in 1825 Mr. Tracy of Norwich. After the Revolution Joshua moved to Hampton, where he died Dec. 13, 1839.

ROW, Isaac who served in the Alarm from Pomfret married July 28, 1768, Sarah Fassett.

SCARBOROUGH, Joseph, Sergeant in Capt. Asa Bacon's Co. of Canterbury men married Feb. 24, 1780, Deliverance Kingsbury, and with his wife were ad. to the church in Mch, 1782, when their son Jared was bapt. May 12, 1782, their dau. Delilah was bapt.; in 1784, their son Joel; in 1788, Jeremiah; in 1792, Joseph Kingsbury "of Joseph Esq."; in 1793, Emilia; and in 1796, Albigenice. At the first town-meeting Joseph was chosen, with Andrew Murdock, Asa Pike and Daniel Tyler Jr. as a Selectman.

SCARBOROUGH, Samuel and his wife Mary were ad. to the church in 1772, when their daughter Theoda was baptized. Their other ch. were: Samuel, bapt. in 1773; Polly in 1775; Nehemiah in 1776; Godfrey in 1779; Henrietta in 1783; Zoah in 1784; Perrin in 1786; and Philip in 1788. He served in 1776 in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co.

SHELDON, John who marched to Quebec under Arnold in 1775, with his wife Susanna united with the church in 1772, and their dau. Anna was baptized. Later, in 1778, their dau. Susanna was baptized.

SHEPARD (SHEPHERD), Benjamin and his wife (no name) owned the Covenant in 1750; she was ad. to the church in 1754; and the following ch. were baptized: Henry in 1750; Dorcas in 1751; Hannah in 1757; Alice in 1755 (who married Stephen Hewit in 1778) Hannah in 1757; and Lucy in 1758. May 20, 1759, Martha, wife of Benjamin was ad. to the church, and later the following children: Whitmore in 1761 and Josiah in 1763. In 1789 Josiah Shepard leases land to his father, Benjamin for the life of Benjamin and his wife, Martha; and in 1791 Stephen Hewit of Brooklyn leases for life to "my honored father-in-law, Benjamin Shepard, and his wife Martha, both of Brooklyn" certain land. Benjamin served in 1776 in Capt. John Dixon's Co. in Capt. Joseph Abbott's Co.

SPAULDING (SPALDING, SPALDIN), Abel married June 28, 1770, Mehitable Cady, united with the church in 1776 at which time the following ch. were baptized: Zechariah and Elizabeth. In 1797, Abel Spaulding deeds land to his son Zechariah, both of Brooklyn. Abel served in Capt. John Dixon's Co. in 1776.

SPAULDING, Zadock, of Killingly, one of the appraisers of the land of Gen. Joseph Palmer in the suit which John Hancock brought against him in 1786, served in 1778 in Capt. Daniel Tilden's Co. of Militia.

STAPLES, Abel, son of Jacob and Eunice (Cady) Staples was bapt. Sept. 4, 1757. He married Dec. 3, 1777 Cynthia Holt; and according to his pension declaration made in 1832 while a resident of Brooklyn, enlisted in 1777 under Capt. Seth Grosvenor and also in 1779 under Capt. Stephen Lyons, when he substituted for Moses Warren who had been drafted from the Conn. Militia. *William Barret*, and *Paul Harris* (q.v.) testified in the case.

STAPLES, Jacob served in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776. His wife Thankful and dau. Zilpah were bapt. May 17, 1778. He was the brother of ABEL STAPLES (q.v.) His father Jacob Sen. married Eunice Cady Oct. 29, 1741. When they owned the Covenant in 1749 their children: Amos, Isaac, Jacob and Hannah were baptized. In 1752 Jonas and in 1754 a second Jonas was bapt; in 1757 Joseph; and in 1763 Eunice.

STAPLES, Joseph was "hired in 1781 by the town of Pomphret" to serve in Capt. James Dana's Co. of Militia. Whether this is the Joseph, baptized in 1759, brother of ABEL and JACOB (q.v.) or the Joseph Staples, son of James and Mary, who was bapt. Apr. 10, 1743, and married Nov. 22, 1770, Eleanor Darbee, I can not say. As two of the sons of Jacob served in the Revolution; and as none of the other children of James and Mary Staples appear to have enlisted, the service probably belongs to the younger man, son of Jacob Senior.

STEVENS, John married May 5, 1774 Thankful Allen and served in the Alarm from Pomfret.

TYLER, Daniel, a Rev. patriot, who influenced public opinion to a great extent in the parish of Brooklyn, where he lived, died Feb. 20, 1802, aged 100 years, 11 months and 15 days. He had three wives: Jane (dismissed from the church at South Preston Jan. 3, 1741/2) Mehitable Shirtliff, and Mary, who united with the church Feb. 19, 1775. According to the inscription on his tombstone he had twenty-one children, (six of whom were living at the time of his death) 50 grandchildren, and 120 great-grandchildren. "Altho a hundred years I have seen, Life has been short, it is a dream." The names of the children as baptized are: Anna and Lucy in 1736; Job in 1739; Elisha in 1740, all by the first wife. By the second wife: James and Elizabeth in 1748; Daniel in 1750; Leah in 1752; Zilpah in 1758. By the third wife there is only the record of one, Eunice, bapt. June 23, 1771.

TYLER, Daniel Jr. son of the above mentioned Daniel, was bapt. June 3, 1750. He graduated from Harvard College, and Aug. 15, 1771 married Mehitable, daughter of Gen. Israel Putnam. In 1772 "Daniel Tyler, A.B. and wife Mehitable" were admitted to the church and their dau. Molly was baptized. In 1774 Pascal Paoli was bapt. (He m Sept. 17, 1797 Betsey, oldest dau. of Dr. Joseph Baker, and lived in Brooklyn.) In 1776 Daniel Putnam was bapt. He graduated from Yale College in 1794, but died of fever soon after his settlement in Whitesborough, N. Y. In 1779 was bapt. "of Capt. Daniel" Septimius, who d. y.; in 1781 William; in 1784, Betsey; in 1788 Septimius. This second Septimius graduated at Yale and went South where he engaged in teaching. Mehitable (Putnam) Tyler died and in 1790 Sally, wife of Capt. Daniel Tyler was admitted to the church. At the same time Mehitable, Benjamin, Timothy Edwards, and Jonathan Edwards Chaplin, children of the late Benjamin Chaplin Esq. were baptized in right of their mother, Sally, now the wife of Capt. Daniel Tyler. Benjamin Chaplin was the son of Deacon Benjamin Chaplin of Canterbury, had married Sally Edwards (dau. of Judge Timothy and grand-daughter of President Jonathan Edwards) and died in 1789 in Canterbury. She was a very brilliant woman, and became the ancestress of a distinguished list of men and women through the children, baptized as follows: Sally-Pierpoint, in 1791; Edwin in 1794; Frederick in 1795 and Daniel in 1799. As adjutant to his father-in-law, Gen. Putnam; as Captain of a matross company composed almost entirely of Brooklyn men, which marched to New London in 1778 and to Newport in 1780, and in many other ways he served his country during the Revolution and until his death.

TYLER, James served as a Captain of Militia during the Revolution. In 1770 William son of James, was bapt.; in 1772 Sarah; in 1774, James; in 1776, Joseph; in 1779, Anna of "Capt. James"; and in 1781, Elisha. April 11, 1782 Capt. James Tyler m Mehitable Searborough, and Nov. 31, 1784 Hitty and Patty "of Mehitable" were baptized "soon after the death of their father, Capt. James Tyler." James, bapt. in 1774, married Dec. 21, 1796, Eliza Williams, and is mentioned by Miss Larned as the nephew and ward of Capt. Daniel Tyler. Capt. James was, therefore, the brother of Capt. Daniel and son of Daniel, the Rev. patriot.

WEEKS, Ebenezer served in the Alarm from New London. He was the son of Ebenezer and Anna (Holland) Weeks (or Weeks) and was bapt. Aug. 9, 1741. In 1763 he was "recommended to the North Church in New London, but some years after that from them to the

Church in Brooklyn," where in 1778 his son, George Griswold was baptized. In 1780 Hannah was bapt.; and Aug. 10, 1783 "William Raymond, afterwards D.D. and pastor of the Presbyterian church in Newark, N. J." was bapt.; Aug. 19, 1787 "David Jewet, Presbyterian minister in New York state" was baptized; and in 1791 Eunice, wife of Ebenezer is ad. to the church.

WELD, Elias "of Pomfret" married Thankful Spaulding Nov. 16, 1758 and served as First Lieut. in Col. Obadiah Johnson's Co. in 1776.

WHEELER, John, who served as a drummer in Capt. David Cady's Co. in 1778, was with his sisters Lydia and Azuba, baptized when their mother, the widow Lydia united with the church, Oct. 9, 1763. Sept. 23, 1784 he married Almira Welthy.

WHITNEY, James Rix served under title James R. in Capt. Eben Lathrop's Co. of Militia from Norwich. Oct. 31, 1781, he married Polly, dau. of *Joseph Holland*, (q.v.) and in 1793 the land in Pomfret set out to "Mary, dau. of Joseph Holland dec'd. now the wife of James Rix Whitney was sold for taxes." In 1794, however, James Rix Whitney and Polly, his wife, of Franklin Co. Ga. give a clear deed to all Polly's interest in the estate of her deceased father, 26 acres, and acknowledge the deed in Norwich.

WHITNEY, Rev. Josiah. See p. 256 of October issue.

WILLIAMS, Nathan of Brooklyn, Conn. applied for a pension in 1820, which was granted him. Later he was dropped from the rolls on account of property. In 1832 he applied again stating that in 1779 he enlisted from Coleraine, Mass. in Gen. Larned's Brigade, Cont. Line, serving nine months. In 1780 he joined a company of militia to serve in N. Y. state, raised from residents of Vermont. Nathan was living at that time in Halifax, Vt. The men chose James Blakslee for captain, and himself for sergeant. They marched to Gov. Clinton's residence and were directed by him to join Col. Malcolm's reg't. at Fishkill. They were placed under Arnold, and were still under him when he deserted; and later were in the battle at Fort Plains. He was born Sept. 21, 1760 in Canterbury, Conn. and had lived in that town, Pomfret, Hampton, Plainfield and Brooklyn. He was the son of Nathan Williams who commanded a company of militia in the Revolution and was killed at the retreat from Ticonderoga, in a battle with the Indians. The warrant of Nathan Jr. as sergeant is now on file in the Pension Office. His claim was allowed, and he was paid until his death in Brooklyn, Mch. 14, 1848. His widow Hannah (Putnam) Williams, born Jan. 1, 1763, applied for and re-

ceived a pension. As the record of her marriage in Preston, Conn. Mch. 14, 1782, could not be found, she sent a leaf from a family Bible with the birth and marriage dates of herself and children. Mrs. Esther (York) Smith also testified for her friend, stating that she was now 93 yrs. old, had lived in Brooklyn since she was 28 yrs. old, had known Nathan and his wife since then, etc. This is the Esther York who married Capt. Wm. Smith Nov. 15, 1787, united with the church in 1792 when her dau. Lucretia was baptized. The children of Nathan and Hannah were: Fanny, b July 3, 1784, m Eleazer Mather Oct. 24, 1802; Betsey, b Apr. 1, 1786, m Ebenezer Baker Feb. 17, 1805; Waty, b Mch. 30, 1788, m William Tyler (son of Capt. Daniel) Jan. 1, 1809. In 1855, Hannah Williams, then 92 yrs. applied for a Bounty Land Warrant, which was granted her.

WILLIAMS, Samuel served in Capt. Joseph Abbot's Co. in 1776. He was the son of Samuel and bapt. Aug. 22, 1756. He m July 23, 1776 Martha Phipps, and their children as baptized were: Nathaniel, in 1783; Elisha, in 1787 and Mary in 1801. In 1801 land is deeded to "Mistress Martha, wife of Capt. Samuel Williams."

WILLIAMS, Stephen served in the Alarm from Pomfret. He was the son of Samuel Williams and his wife Sarah, who was dismissed from the church at Dorchester in 1754. In an old deed, recorded in Brooklyn dated May 23, 1738, "Samuel Williams of Pomfret, Conn. yeoman, alias husbandman, loveing son of Stephen Williams of Roxbury, Mass. Gentleman," is given 250 acres of land. Stephen and his wife Sarah are ad. to the church in 1766 and their children as baptized were: Betsey in 1771; Polly in 1773; Caleb in 1775; Thomas Moseley in 1777; Flavel in 1779; Betsey in 1781; Sarah in 1783; Elisha in 1785; Robert Breck in 1786; Stephen Paine in 1789 and Erepta in 1791. In March, 1802 Caleb is a resident of Plymouth, Windsor Co. Vt. but in Dec. of the same year has moved to "Redding," Windsor Co. Vt.

WILLIAMS, Thomas Esq., a Rev. patriot who spared neither time nor money in the cause of the colonists, received the degree of A.B. and joined the church in 1750, and Mary Ann, his wife, in 1763. Their children as baptized were: Sarah in 1760; Roger in 1761, who d inf. and in 1764 Roger Wolcott was baptized; Thomas in 1767 and Mary Anna in 1768. Thomas died before 1789 for that year, just before marrying Dr. JOHN NOYES (q.v.) Mary Anna sold her part of her father's estate. Roger Wolcott then Captain, married Mch. 6, 1794, Polly Scarborough; and Sarah married James Ingalls, of "Newtown Martin" Otsego Co. New York in 1794; and Middlefield, Otsego, Co. N. Y. in 1799,

WILSON, Samuel who served in the Alarm from Killingly, died before 1790 leaving a widow Betsey, a daughter Mabel, a dau. Sarah who married Joel Day of Killingly Oct. 1783, and Mary who married ABNER DAY (q.v.) in 1779. In 1791 Mabel married Charles Davenport of Canterbury. Samuel was ad. to the church in 1741, and married Betsey Adams Mch. 4, 1741/2. Mch. 23, 1804, Abner Day, Charles Davenport and Betsey (Adams) Wilson had all died, and Sally, wife of Holland Moore of Brookfield, Mass. appointed an attorney in regard to a bequest left her by her grandmother, Betsey Wilson, deceased.

WITTER, Jonah who testified in the case of JONATHAN COPELAND (q.v.) m Jan. 16, 1783, Eunice Cady and their dau. Sophia was baptized in 1784, and their son John, in 1785. In 1832 he was living in Preston, Conn.

In addition to the above names I append the service of two others, both of whom are mentioned in Conn. Men in the Revolution, as Revolutionary soldiers.

FINCH, Stephen, married Oct. 13, 1782, in the Episcopal church at Brooklyn, Margaret, "a mulatto girl." Their children as shown in the records of the Episcopal church to have been baptized were: Sarah, in 1784; Daniel in 1786, who d in 1802; Samuel, in 1793, who d in 1802; Hitty, in 1795 who d the same year; Mehitabel, in 1802 who d the same year; Jacob and Oliver, twins, also in 1802. Nov. 17, 1810, Stephen was bapt. in the Episcopal church, and died ten days later.

FORTUNE, Dick married Aug. 19, 1781, Lucy Grevous. Oct. 12, 1828, "Richard Fortune, black," was baptized into the Episcopal church; and April 9, 1835, was buried "Richard Fortune, a colored man, near 90 years of age."

MARRIAGE RECORD EXCHANGE

Through the National Committee on Historical Research

Mrs. Willard S. Augsbury, Historian General, Chairman

EARLY MARRIAGES IN BROOKLYN, CONN.

As recorded in Trinity Episcopal Church, and copied by Mrs. A. G. Draper.

1772-1866

(Every marriage prior to 1840 is copied; after that date only those which seemed of general interest, or because the parties lived out of the Parish. *Gen. Ed.*)

1794, September	25	Adams, Abner to Desire Ashcraft.
1786		Adams, Asaph to Orinda Abbot.
1795, April	12	Adams, Lewis to Hannah Luce.
1811, October	31	Adams, Parker to Frances May Coit.
1815, January	18	Allen, William to Emily Chandler.
1795, December	24	Ashcroft, Joseph to Sarah Hall.
1852, October	20	Bacon, Charles to Anne Putnam.
1787, October	4	Barrett, Smith to Abigail White.
1853, November	6	Bennett, Asa L. to Sarah E. Williams.
1811, November	7	Bennet, Jonathan to Martha Rice.
1791, February	7	Bissel, David to Hart Wickham.
1788, September	10	Brayton, Benjamin to Zeruah Adams.
1807, April	15	Brinley, Edward to Mary Johnston of Newport.
1805, April	30	Brinley, George to Catharine Putnam.
1820, April	10	Brown, James to Emily Putnam.
1785, April	7	Brown, Samuel to Clarissa Geer.
1786, October	8	Brown, William to Sarah Whaley.
1839, October	9	Burton, Charles to Elizabeth S. Hutchens.
1805, November	3	Button, Ransford to Eleanor Parke.
1772, July	17	Cambell, John to Mary Johnson.
1784, June	22	Cheney, Joseph to Selah Tyler.
1795, October	18	Cundall, George to Betsy Adams.
1796, December	22	Cushman, Lathrop to Catharine Allen.
1791, November	6	Davison, Peter to Susanna Weaver.
1830, August	9	Day, Alexander Hamilton of Georgia to Aline Maria Houghton of Boston.
1810, June	25	Eldredge, Charles to Hannah Child.
1788, February	14	Eldredge, William to Sarah Austin.
1794, December	2	Fogg, Daniel to Deborah Brinley.
1834, January	6	Fogg, Edward to Caroline Mary Putnam.

1805, September	30	Gallup, Martin to Ruth Pettingell.
1809, June	25	Gardner, Samuel F. to Sarah Brayton.
1848, September	18	Gould, Joseph of Cranston, R. I., to Rebecca Goddard of Newport, R. I.
1812, October	4	Graves, Asa to Unice York.
1815, May	3	Grosvenor, Ebenezer to Harriet Halsworth Putnam.
1820, August	3	Hammet, Chauncey to Marcia Maria Fenner.
1797, November	7	Hide, James to Lucy Ashcraft.
1801, November	26	Hide, Samuel to Anna Cundall.
1797, November	26	Hopkins, Andrew to Susanna Hollis.
1802, November	8	Ingals, David to Sarah Bowman.
1791, January	27	Kelly, William to Delight Adams.
1793, June	5	LeRoy, Francis Caesar to Unice Moulton.
1802, February	28	Liscomb, John to Hannah Waters.
1808, March	25	McClellan, Nathaniel to Grace Malbone.
1784, January	1	Parke, Jesse to Kezia Adams.
1842, April	28	Penrose, Norwood of Philadelphia to Josephine Anna Smith Head.
1798, November	8	Perkins, Frederick to Lucy Eldridge.
1818, October	3	Perry, John to Hannah Pattingale.
1816, September	25	Phenne, Rev. Samuel Jr. to Susan Benedict.
1848, April	25	Pond, Enoch of Chaplin to Eliza Tyler of Brooklyn.
1851, March	25	Putnam, Asa L. to Sarah Elizabeth Wilbur.
1834, March	12	Putnam, William H. to Eliza Day.
1840, September	20	Sabine, Charles Gibbs to Emily Partridge.
1836, October	5	Spalding, Benjamin B. to Elizabeth Putnam.
1785, October	20	Stevens, Jonathan to Eleanor Adams.
1838, October	30	Stoddart, Willard to Eunice Eldridge.
1818, November	16	Sumner George to Elizabeth Putnam.
1837, October	20	Thayer, Joseph to Caroline E. Webb.
1800, January	26	Thorp, Abishai to Mary Child.
1818, August		Ward, Henry to Eliza Hall.
1833, November	13	Washburn, Henry Jr. to Lucretia Maria Palmer.
1830, May	4	Webb, Jotham to Elizabeth Maine.
1778, October	27	Wheeler, Jeremiah to Elizabeth Troop.
1795, July	5	Winslow, Eddy to Azubah Allen.
1810, October	7	Woodward, Ward to Sarah York.

TOMBSTONE INSCRIPTIONS, In An Old Baptist Grave-Yard in KILLINGLY, CONNECTICUT

[Many of the stones are almost entirely destroyed; and the latest burial is fifty years ago, or more. The following list of names are the earliest which were decipherable by *Mr. William K. Pike*, Danielson, Conn., to whom we are indebted for the record. The date following the name is the date of death. The cemetery was in part of what became the farm of Thomas Bateman, who died in 1758. In 1759 Mary, Peter and Sarah Bateman sell the farm; but reserve the cemetery (Town Records of Killingly, Book 6, p. 253). Some of the dates, 1720 and 1737, are found on stones; but the names are undecipherable.]

Ballard, Isaac 1831; Ballard, Jacob 1801;	Fisk; Harrington, Jonathan 1814; Harrington,
Ballard, Sally; Bateman, Thomas 1758; Basto,	Nathan 1829; Hayward, Lydia; Horton, Jona-
William 1822; His wife; Bowen, Kezia 1833;	than 1825; Horton, Nathan 1828; Hubbard,
Bowen, Oliver 1822; Brown, Elizabeth 1828;	Albert 1833; Keech, Mary 1832; Knight, Lydia
Brown, Zacheus 1791; Bullock, Dr. Samuel;	1756; Law, George 1814; Law, Nancy 1853;
His wife; Colban, John; Cooper, Rev. Calvin	Law, 1808; Mason, John; Mason, Peletiah;
18—; Cooper, Eliza 1836; (Three children);	Mason, William; Perigo, Susanna 1759; Potter,
Covell, Ebenezer 1809; Covell, Martha 1806;	Edith; Tolbut, Will 1815; Tucker, Jesse 1795;
Cutler, Capt. Joseph 1784; Cutler, Joseph 1779;	Tucker, Rachel 1807; Westcott, Aley 1814;
Cutler, Polly 1853; Cutler, Azariah 1814; Cut-	Westcott, Capt. James 1811; His daughter
ler, Zachariah 1845; Farrow, John 1867; Far-	1795; Young, Celia 1825; Young, Horace 1833;
row, Persis 1836; Fisk, Betsy wife of Ephraim	Young, Mary 1826.

GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

1. Any one is allowed the privilege of sending queries to this department, *provided* they pertain to the Revolutionary period, or that following. Questions pertaining to the Colonial period must be excluded for want of space; also all queries in regard to the requirements of other societies.

2. Queries will be inserted in the order in which they are received. It will, necessarily, be some months between the sending and printing of a query.

3. Answers or partial answers are earnestly desired; and full credit will be given to the sender of the answer, by the Genealogical Editor. She is not responsible for any statements, however, except for those given over her own signature.

4. Write on one side of the paper only. Especial care should be taken to write names and dates *plainly*.

5. Each separate query must be accompanied by a two-cent stamp. Do not use postal cards, or self-addressed envelopes.

6. All Letters to be forwarded to contributors, must be unsealed, and sent in blank, stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its signature.

7. In answering queries, please give the date of the magazine, the number of the query, and its signature.

8. It is impossible for the Genealogical Editor, as such, to send personal replies to queries. They must take their turn and be answered through the columns of the magazine.

ANSWERS

3864. (4) TROUTMAN. The name of the wife of Peter Troutman was Mary Miller, who as well as her husband was born in Germany; and died at Troutman's Mills ten miles east of Lexington, Fayette Co. Ky. Peter was a farmer and a distiller and owned slaves. *Miss Nettie Mitchell*, Martinsville, Ind.

3874. (2) MITCHELL. I can tell about one Mitchell Family of Va. although it may not be the one desired. Wm. Mitchell was born near Cascade, Va. ab. 1747; m Cloe Nance, of Pittsylvania Co. Va. She was of Irish descent. They had a son Giles b in Pittsylvania Co. Oct. 3, 1787 who m Oct. 23, 1806 Mary Moore, the dau of John Moore and his wife, Ann Swan. Giles and Mary Mitchell had a son James Madison Mitchell. Mary d Aug. 22, 1828, and Giles m (2) Mary P. Tucker, Jan. 1, 1829. She d Jan. 4, 1834 and Giles m (3) Mrs. Ann Scott, widow of Vincent Scott, who deserves a paragraph for herself.

Vincent Scott who was b at Wythe Court House, Va. Dec. 24, 1799, m Oct. 25, 1820 Ann Hutsell who was b at Troutman's Mills (see Ans. to 3864 (4) in this issue of the magazine) Nov. 21, 1799. They moved to Bourbon Co. Ky. and lived on the Scott farm where their ch. were born: Mary Ann; Sarah Jane; and Jefferson K. Scott. Vincent Scott was the son of Samuel Scott and his wife, Fannie Frances, (the dau. of Thomas Francis a sea captain of Welsh descent.) In Meh. 1828 Vincent Scott sold his farm in Ky. and moved with his family to Indianapolis arriving there April 7, He

was preparing to build a house when he was stricken with fever and died. He was buried Aug. 21, 1828 and his widow, with her three children, all sick, loaded them and her belongings into a wagon and went back to the home of her step-father, John Hedges, near Stony Point Church, Bourbon Co. Ky. where she was living when she married Giles Mitchell. Ann (Hutsell) Scott was the grand-daughter of John Hutsell, a German who settled in Va. where he died leaving a widow Margaret Helvy, and a son John Hutsell, who was b 1776. Soon thereafter John died leaving a widow Rebecca, and a daughter, Ann (who later married Vincent Scott and (2) Giles Mitchell.) Margaret, wid. of George Hetsell m John Breckinridge; and Rebecca, wid. of John Hutsell, m John Hedges, and all of them moved to Ky. before their death. After the marriage of Ann Hutsell Scott to Giles Mitchell they traveled back again from Ky. to Ind. on horse-back, settling in Martinsville, Morgan Co. Ind. where Giles d July 5, 1865; and Ann died Nov. 1889. On July 18, 1836 James Madison Mitchell, son of Giles and his first wife, Mary Moore, m Mary Ann Scott, (b Dec. 24, 1822) dau. of Vincent and Ann (Hutsell) (Scott) Mitchel and d July 5, 1855 and his wid. d Jan. 5, 1894. *Miss Nettie Mitchell* Martinsville, Ind.

HARWOOD. Through a misprint, it was stated in the Sept. issue that Andrew Harwood was living in Boston, Mass. in 1743, instead of 1643.

QUERIES

4209. DOYLE-CUNNINGHAM-ALEXANDER-CLAY. I know that my great-grandfather, William Doyle, was a cousin of Henry Clay, but I do not know exactly how the relationship came in. The said William Doyle m Elizabeth Cunningham, daughter of William Cunningham of Md. William Doyle's father was James Doyle, who had a brother John and sisters Sallie and Priscilla, the latter of whom m (1) a Tucker and (2) Thomas Clark. James Doyle's wife or Elizabeth Cunningham's mother, was Jane (?) Alexander. We are not sure which was an Alexander, but think it was James' wife. I find that Charles Clay and his wife, Martha (Green) Clay, had a daughter Priscilla, b Apr. 30, 1759. Priscilla Doyle was b ab. 1753. All these persons except William Cunningham were of Va. 'Tis thought that James Doyle moved to N. C., probably to Rutherford Co. Would like to know the number and names of his children. Would also like to place Elizabeth in the Cunningham family. We know that Wm. Doyle was living in Va. as a boy, for during the Civil War when he was an old man with grand sons in that war, he said that he had played as a youth over one of the battlefields. My grandfather was named Rhodum Doyle and Rhoda is a family name of the Cunningham family of Md. Am willing to pay for information of this genealogy. Wm. Doyle moved to S. C. and reared eleven clever children who have many descendants in the U. S. Doyle and Clay dispositions, characters, and physical appearance are strikingly similar.—*L. D. D.*

4210. HUNGATE. Wanted, names on muster roll of Ensign William Hungate's Co. of Militia, which was raised in Botetourt Co., Va. 1775.

(2) DUNCAN-MELVIN. Joseph Duncan was b ab. 1768 in one of the Carolinas (?); m Miss Melvin and became an early settler of White Co., Tenn. where his children were born: Jacky or John, Joseph, Russell, Peggy, Polly and Charles, the last in 1806. Ancestry of the parents of his wife and himself wanted. Was there Rev. service in either family?

(3) WARD-FOWLER. Nathan Ward, b in one of the Carolinas in 1783, was the son of Samuel Ward. Information wanted concerning his mother. He moved to Washington Co., Ky. in early times and there m in 1801 Lucy Fowler, dau. of Wm. Fowler; she was b 1782 in Md. What was her mother's name, and was there Rev. service in either family? Any genealogical data of either would be acceptable.—*L. G. H.*

4211. WILLIAMS. Is there a genealogy of the descendants of the Roger Williams family? My great-grandmother on my father's side was

Lavinia Williams, said to be a descendant of Roger Williams. She m John Keene and lived in Cumberland, R. I. where my grandfather was born. His name was Albert Whipple Keene. I would like to correspond with anyone connected with this branch of the Williams family. They were from R. I.—*E. K. C.*

4212. YEATON. Sarah Yeaton m Asa Reed, who was b at Damariscotta, Me., Oct. 22, 1778. Asa settled 1803-4 in New Sharon, Me., and moved to Strong, Me., in 1817, then to Township No. 6, Oxford Co., near Phillips in Franklin Co., where he d in 1849. Their children were William, b 1801; George F., b 1803; Abigail, 1805; Hartson, 1807; Francis, 1809; Elbridge, 1811; Sarah, 1813; Warren, 1815; John, 1818; Jerome, 1820. Asa m (2) Abigail Hutchinson and had Augusta, b 1834 and Charles, 1836. The ancestry of Sarah Yeaton with dates of birth and death and place of her birth is most earnestly desired. I have hunted for years for this ancestress of mine. Would like to know if Sarah's father was a soldier of the Rev. Any information will be gratefully received.—*C. R. L.*

4213. CARR. I want the names of the wives and children of Samuel and Thomas Carr, sons of Thomas and Mary (Clarkson) Carr. Mary Clarkson was the daughter of David Clarkson of Va.

(2) COLEMAN. Wanted, names of the parents of Elizabeth Coleman, wife of Gen. John Scott, married in Augusta, Ga. 1795. Any information regarding these lines will be very much appreciated.—*L. E. H.*

4214. SHELTON. Can anyone tell who was the first Shelton to come to this country, where he settled, etc.? Who was the first Shelton to come to Pittsylvania Co., Va., and what was his history? I am looking for Abraham Shelton's line in Pittsylvania Co., Va., and all family and gen. data about him. The only one of his children I have is Crispin Jr., b Feb. 28, 1761; d Nov. 20, 1806; m in 1785 or 6 Susanna (Aug. 6, 1762-Jan. 9, 1846). Abraham Shelton was the delegate from Pittsylvania Co., Va. to the House of Delegates of Va. that met in the Capitol at Williamsburg May 4, 1778.—*C. M.*

4215. CRAWFORD-HUTCHINSON. Any information gratefully received of James Crawford, a Rev. soldier, who m a Miss Hutchinson (a sister to President Andrew Jackson's mother) and emigrated from North Ireland with the Jacksons to the Waxhaws settlement, then Lancaster Co., S. C. in 1765. I should like to correspond with a member of this branch of the Crawford or Hutchinson family.—*M. C. D.*

OFFICIAL

The National Society of the

Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters Memorial Continental Hall, Seventeenth and D Streets, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management 1915-1916

President General

MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY,

237 West End Avenue, New York, N. Y., and Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General

(Term of office expires 1916.)

MRS. GEORGE MAYNARD MINOR,
Waterford, Conn.

MRS. JOSEPH S. WOOD,
135 S. 2nd Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

MRS. ELIZA FERRY LEARY,
1551 10th Ave., N., Seattle, Wash.

MRS. CHARLES CLEMENCE ABBOTT,
Washington St., Keene, N. H.

MRS. ALVIN V. LANE,
2505 Maple Ave., Dallas, Texas.

MRS. GEORGE T. SMALLWOOD,
3520 16th St., Washington, D. C.

MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON,
1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke, Va.

MRS. CHARLES R. DAVIS,
St. Peter, Minn.

MRS. EDMUND F. NOEL,
Lexington, Miss.

MRS. WILLIAM H. CROSBY,
1042 Main St., Racine, Wis.

(Term of office expires 1917.)

MRS. EDMUND P. MOODY,
1004 W. 10th St., Wilmington, Del.

MRS. RHETT GOODE,
60 St. Emanuel St., Mobile, Ala.

MRS. KENT HAMILTON,
2317 Scottwood Ave., Toledo, Ohio.

MRS. WILLIAM HAIMES SMITH,
The Snuggery, Parkersburg, W. Va.

MRS. CHARLES SPALDING THOMAS,
123 E. 16th Ave., Denver, Colo.

MRS. JOHN LEE DINWIDDIE,
Fowler, Ind.

MRS. JOHN F. SWIFT,
2715 Benvenue Ave., Berkeley, Cal.

MRS. SAMUEL MCKNIGHT GREEN,
3815 Magnolia Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

MRS. WILLIAM H. THOMPSON,
E. Maxwell St., Lexington, Ky.

MRS. SHEPPARD W. FOSTER,
711 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

Chaplain General

MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
The Columbia, Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General

MRS. WILLIAM C. BOYLE,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Organizing Secretary General

MRS. WILLIAM A. SMOOT,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Treasurer General

MRS. JOSEPH E. RANSDELL,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary General

MRS. JULIUS C. BURROWS,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Registrar General

MISS GRACE M. PIERCE,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Historian General

MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution

MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.
788 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.

Librarian General

MRS. GEORGE M. STERNBERG,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Curator General

MISS CATHERINE B. BARLOW,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

State Regents and State Vice-Regents—1915-16

ALABAMA	MRS. JOHN LEWIS COBBS, 124 Mobile St., Montgomery. MRS. WILLIAM HARVEY, 423 Sherman St., New Decatur.
ARIZONA	MRS. HARRY L. CHANDLER, Mesa. MRS. JOHN S. BAYLESS, Tucson.
ARKANSAS	MISS STELLA PICKETT HARDY, Batesville. MRS. SAMUEL PRESTON DAVIS, 523 E. Capitol Ave., Little Rock.
CALIFORNIA	MRS. MAYNARD FORCE THAYER, 651 S. Pasadena Ave., Pasadena. MRS. JOHN C. LYNCH, 1848 University Ave., Berkeley.
COLORADO	MRS. WINFIELD S. TARBELL, 1748 High St., Denver. MISS KATHARINE S. MCELROY, R. F. D. No. 1, Box No. 1, Greeley.
CONNECTICUT	MRS. JOHN LAIDLAW BUEL, Litchfield. MRS. CHARLES H. BISSELL, Southington.
DELAWARE	MRS. GEORGE C. HALL, St. John's Rectory, 2300 Blvd., Wilmington MISS ELEANOR EUGENIA TODD, Newark.
DIST. OF COLUMBIA	MRS. FRANK FOSTER GREENAWALT, 1719 Lanier Pl., Washington. MISS JANET E. RICHARDS, "The Olympia," Washington.
FLORIDA	MRS. M. W. CARRUTH, 412 W. Lafayette St., Tampa. MRS. ALEXANDER T. BIGELOW, Box 72, Seabreeze.
GEORGIA	MRS. THADEUS C. PARKER, Ingleside, Vineville, Macon. MRS. ALEXANDER O. HARPER, Dewyrose, Elberton.
IDAHO	MRS. CHARLES W. PURSELL, 1515 Ada St., Boise. MRS. WARD STONE, Caldwell.
ILLINOIS	MRS. GEORGE T. PAGE, 127 Flora Ave., Peoria. MRS. FRANK W. BAHNSEN, 723 20th St., Rock Island.
INDIANA	MRS. HENRY A. BECK, 3522 Central Ave., Indianapolis. MISS EMMA A. DONNELL, Greensburg.
IOWA	MRS. ROBERT J. JOHNSTON, Humboldt. MRS. DAVID A. COLLIER, 326 Fulton St., Keokuk.
KANSAS	MRS. GEORGE THACHER GUERNSEY, "Ridgewood," Independence. MRS. L. L. KIENE, 501 Lincoln St., Topeka.
KENTUCKY	MRS. WALTER S. GLORE, Danville. MISS JENNIE DAVIESS BLACKBURN, 716 11th St., Bowling Green.
LOUISIANA	MRS. WILLIAM W. WALLIS, 1302 Washington Ave., New Orleans. MRS. TILEY H. SCOVELL, 1002 Olive St., Shreveport.
MAINE	MRS. CHARLES W. STEELE, Farmington. MRS. WILFORD G. CHAPMAN, 482 Cumberland Ave., Portland.
MARYLAND	MRS. ARTHUR LEE BOSLEY, 1406 Mt. Royal Ave., Baltimore. MRS. WILLIAM H. TALBOTT, Rockville.
MASSACHUSETTS	MRS. GEORGE O. JENKINS, 28 Warren Ave., Whitman. MRS. FREDERICK S. DAVIS, 10 Westland Ave., Boston.
MICHIGAN	MRS. WILLIAM H. WAIT, 1706 Cambridge Rd., Ann Arbor. MISS ALICE LOUISE MCDUFFEE, 1012 W. Main St., Kalamazoo.
MINNESOTA	MRS. GEORGE C. SQUIRES, 698 Oakland Ave., St. Paul. MRS. WILLIAM H. MOREHART, 104 Pleasant St., Mankato.
MISSISSIPPI	MRS. ANDREW FULLER FOX, West Point. MRS. THOMAS FRANKLIN, Columbus.
MISSOURI	MRS. MARK S. SALISBURY, Independence. MRS. HERBERT A. OWEN, 1027 Henry St., St. Joseph.
MONTANA	MRS. EDWARD A. MORLEY, 15 S. Benton Ave., Helena. MRS. CHARLES A. BLACKBURN, 804 W. Silver St., Butte.
NEBRASKA	MRS. CHARLES H. AULL, 1926 S. 33rd St., Omaha. MRS. HELEN MARR B. DRAKE, 606 N. 6th St., Beatrice.
NEVADA	MISS BIRD M. WILSON, Goldfield.
NEW HAMPSHIRE	MISS ANNIE WALLACE, Rochester. MRS. WILL BERNARD HOWE, 35 South St., Concord.
NEW JERSEY	MRS. GEORGE W. GEDNEY, 50 Montclair Ave., Montclair. MRS. WILLIAM D. SHERRED, Highland Ave. Haddonfield.
NEW MEXICO	MRS. SINGLETON M. ASHENFELTER, Silver City. MRS. WILLIAM H. POPE, Santa Fe.
NEW YORK	MRS. BENJAMIN F. SPRAKER, Palatine Bridge. MRS. DAVID B. PAGE, 157 W. 3rd St., Oswego.
NORTH CAROLINA	MISS LIDA TUNSTALL RODMAN, P. O. Box 175, Washington. MRS. THEODORE S. MORRISON, Asheville.

NORTH DAKOTA	MRS. GEORGE M. YOUNG, Valley City.
OHIO	MRS. AUSTIN C. BRANT, 848 N. Market St., Canton. MRS. EDWARD LANSING HARRIS, 6719 Euclid Ave., Cleveland.
OKLAHOMA	MRS. J. D. HAIL, 1325 S. Cheyenne Ave., Tulsa. MRS. SNOWDEN HALL MOORE, McAlester.
OREGON	MRS. ISAAC L. PATTERSON, Eola Rd., Salem. MISS MARIA RUTH GUPPY, 1158 High St., Eugene.
PENNSYLVANIA	MISS EMMA L. CROWELL, Oak Lane, Philadelphia. MRS. ANTHONY WAYNE COOK, Hotel Schenley, Pittsburgh.
RHODE ISLAND	MRS. CHARLES E. LONGLEY, 87 Walcott St., Pawtucket. MISS FLORENCE G. BULLOCK, 74 Harris Ave., Woonsocket.
SOUTH CAROLINA	MRS. FRED H. H. CALHOUN, Clemson College. MRS. HUGH L. MCCOLL, Bennettsville.
SOUTH DAKOTA	MRS. EDWARD B. KEATOR, 907 Park St., Watertown. MRS. E. ST. CLAIR SNYDER, 617 2nd St., N. W., Watertown.
TENNESSEE	MRS. GEORGE W. BAXTER, 437 Temple Ave., Knoxville. MRS. HALLUM W. GOODLOE, Franklin.
TEXAS	MRS. ANDREW ROSE, 821 Olive St., Texarkana. MRS. CHARLES E. KELLY, 900 Mesa Ave., El Paso.
UTAH	MRS. LEE CHARLES MILLER, 943 East 1st South St., Salt Lake City. MRS. LUCIUS ENDICOTT HALL, 78 East 1st North St., Salt Lake City.
VERMONT	MRS. PERLEY HAZEN, 5 Highland Ave., St. Johnsbury. MRS. E. R. PEMBER, Wells.
VIRGINIA	MRS. J. F. MAUPIN, 42 N. Court St., Portsmouth. MISS ALETHEA SERPELL, Norfolk.
WASHINGTON	MRS. EDMUND BOWDEN, 1534 18th Ave., Seattle. MRS. JAMES S. MCKEE, Hoquiam.
WEST VIRGINIA	MRS. PARKS FISHER, 186 Willey St., Morgantown. MRS. LINN BRANNON, 236 Center Ave., Weston.
WISCONSIN	MRS. JOHN P. HUME, 539 Terrace Ave., Milwaukee. MRS. JOHN G. REXFORD, 210 Sinclair St., Janesville.
WYOMING	MISS GRACE RAYMOND HEBARD, Laramie. MRS. E. RICHARD SHIPP, 443 Beach St., Casper.
ORIENT	MRS. CHARLES S. LOBINGIER, care of Judge Lobingier, Shanghai, China

Honorary Officers Elected for Life

Honorary Presidents General

MRS. JOHN W. FOSTER,
MRS. DANIEL MANNING,

MRS. DONALD MCLEAN,
MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT.

Honorary President Presiding

MRS. MARY V. E. CABELL.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General

MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895.	MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON, 1906.
MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GEER, 1896.	MRS. SARA T. KINNEY, 1910.
MRS. MILDRED S. MATHES, 1899.	MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, 1911.
MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, 1905.	MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, 1913.
MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.	MRS. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 1913.
	MRS. WALLACE DELAFIELD, 1914.

MRS. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, 1914.

Christmas, 1915

My Beloved Fellow Members :

At this Holy season, when we reverently dwell upon the remembrance of the birth of our Lord, my thoughts are of you, of our Country, of the things that are great and true, and a message of love and a hope for your happiness are in my heart.

I am strong in my faith in you and I know that you will gain from this sacred Christmas time a strength that will enable you to see clearly your duty to our Country and you will do your part to defend and protect her.

You will gather from the beauty of this season a tenderness of Spirit that will enable you to see only the good in each fellow member and to forget the dividing issues.

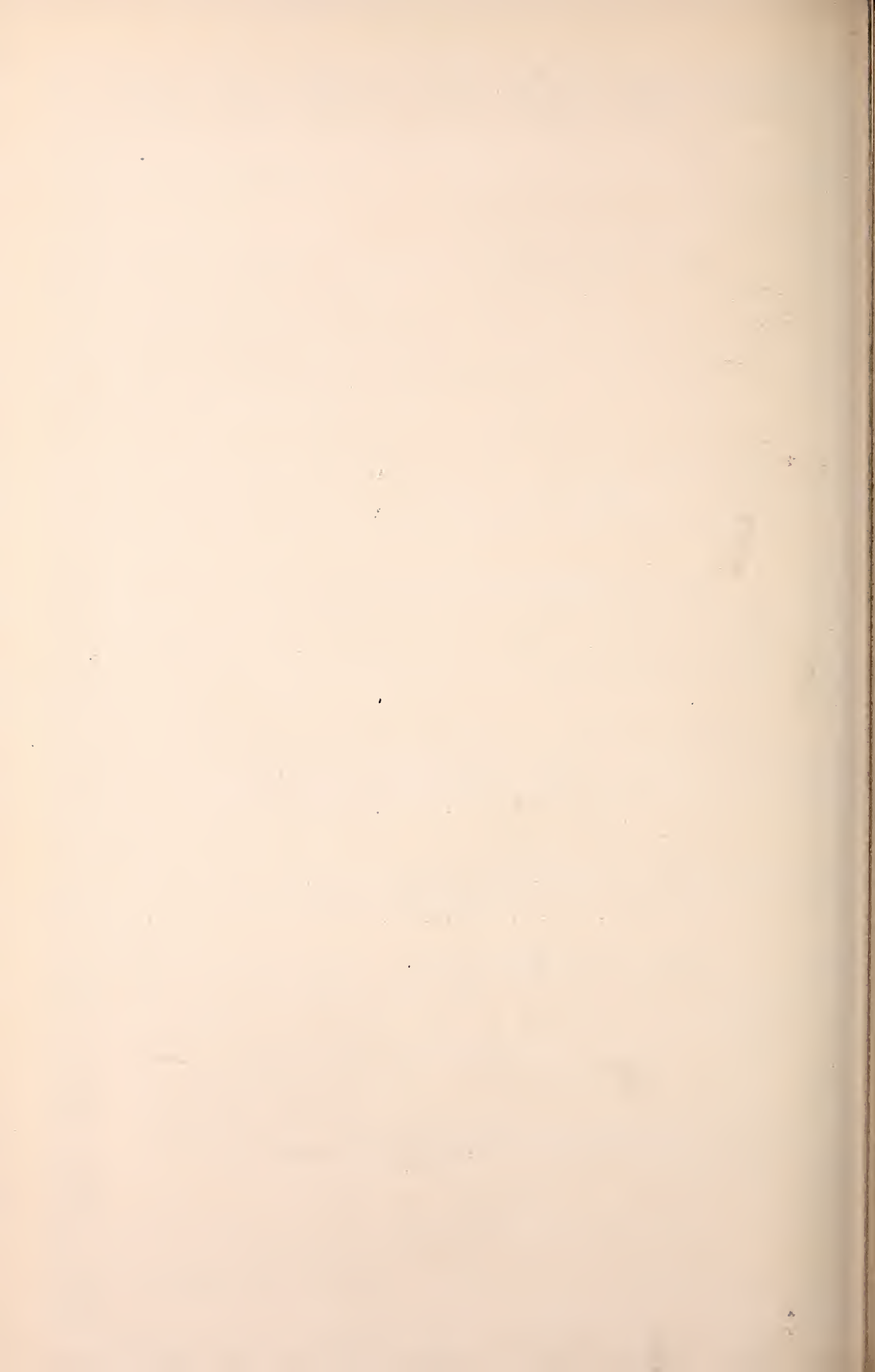
" I would be true, for there are those who trust me ;
I would be pure, for there are those who care ;
I would be strong, for there is much to suffer ;
I would be brave, for there is much to dare.
I would be friend to all—the foe, the friendless ;
I would be giving and forget the gift ;
I would be humble, for I know my weakness ;
I would look up, and laugh, and lift."

At this most Holy season let us unite in the things that are high and great and good, let us consecrate ourselves to our Faith, our Country, and to service for others, with the blessed inspiration of the remembrance of the birth of Christ, let us go forth and to our utmost give our love, our faith and our loyal protection to our country and to our fellow men.

I am

Faithfully yours,

Daisy Allen Story



DAUGHTERS of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

CONTENTS FOR DECEMBER, 1915

	PAGE.
President Wilson making address at 25th Anniversary Celebration.....	<i>Frontispiece</i>
The Silver Jubilee	349
State Conference, Massachusetts.....	362
Sentiments of an American Woman, <i>J. C. Fitzpatrick</i>	364
D. A. R. Insignia a Protection in Europe.....	367
Saint Memin's Engraved Portraits of American Patriots, by <i>Natalie S. Lincoln</i>	368
New Members Admitted to N. S. D. A. R. at October Board Meeting.....	373
WORK OF THE CHAPTERS.....	374
Chart of Naval Achievements in Revolution.....	380
Presentation of Badge to President General.....	381
Book Reviews	383
IN MEMORIAM	384
Marriage Record Exchange.....	386
GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT	387
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:	
Official List of.....	398
Regular Meeting of, October 12-13, 1915.....	401

Send all subscriptions to the Chairman, Miss Florence G. Finch, 237 West End Avenue, New York City. All checks and money orders are to be made payable to Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

Yearly Subscription, \$1.00 in Advance.
Foreign Postage, \$1.00 Additional.

Single Copy, 10 Cents.
Canadian Postage, 30 Cents Additional.

ISSUED MONTHLY.

Copyright 1915, by

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

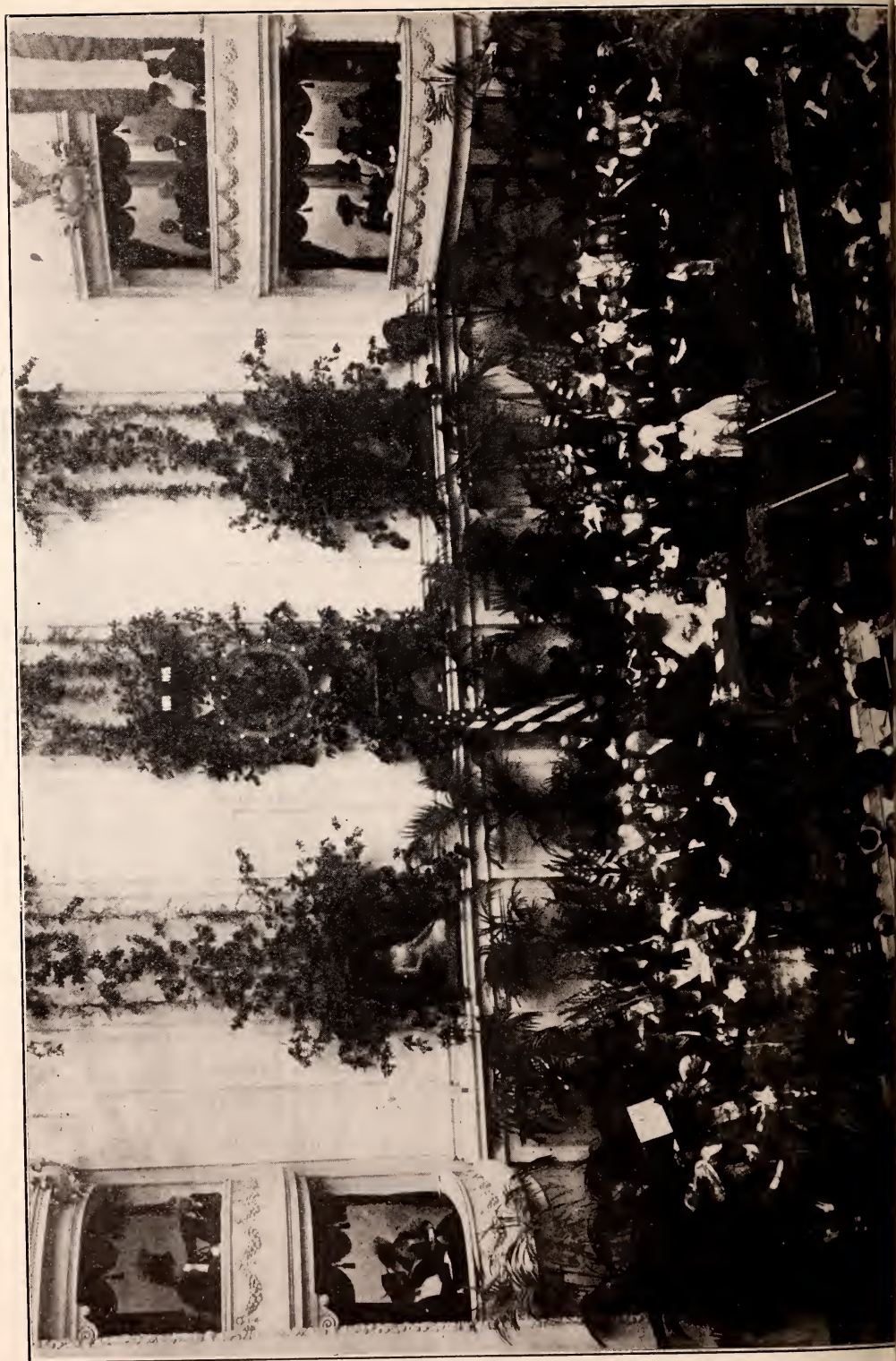
Publication Office, 36th Street and 10th Avenue, New York City, N. Y.

Miss MARY R. WILCOX, Editor, Memorial Hall, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. AMOS G. DRAPER, Genealogical Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

Miss FLORENCE G. FINCH, Chm. of Magazine Committee, 237 West End Ave., New York City.

Entered at the New York Post-Office as Second-Class Matter.



DAUGHTERS of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

Vol. XLVII. No. 6

DECEMBER, 1915

Whole No. 281

The Silver Jubilee

October 11, 1890 - October 11, 1915

The National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution observed on October 11, 1915, the twenty-fifth anniversary of the founding of the organization. These years, rich in toil, determination and fulfillment, received a fitting climax in the celebration of the Silver Jubilee. Nearly a thousand members of the Society attended the impressive patriotic exercises in Memorial Continental Hall in Washington, coming from all States of the Union to be present, and the President of the United States, with his Secretary of State, Robert Lansing, and other distinguished guests occupied seats on the platform.

The scene of the celebration differed widely from that where took place the Society's modest inception, and Memorial Continental Hall, conceded to be one of the most beautiful buildings in the Nation's Capital, stirred the pride of charter member and child of the Revolution alike, typifying in its stately architecture and spacious rooms the gigantic growth of the National Society in the past twenty-five years. Erected solely by women in memory of the patriot dead, the Hall also stands a tribute to the unflagging zeal, generous im-

pulses and executive ability of American women.

The exercises commenced at three o'clock in the afternoon, and the charmingly decorated auditorium was filled with expectant guests when the bugle call announced the arrival of the President General. Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Chaplain General, escorted by Mrs. Frank Foster Greenawalt, State Regent of the District of Columbia and Chairman of Arrangements, led the procession, preceded by little girls of the C. A. R. in Colonial costume, carrying a Colonial flag and representing the thirteen original States, and twenty-five pages bearing twenty-five American flags, and signifying the twenty-five years of progress. Mrs. Lockwood and Mrs. Greenawalt were followed by the State Regents, the National officers, the President General's personal page, Mrs. D. S. Geare; a tiny flower girl, carrying a silver basket containing two bouquets of twenty-five roses each, one for the President General and one for Mrs. Lockwood, the gifts of the Committee on Arrangements; then came the President General. A few seconds later she was joined on the platform by the President of the United States.

The Rt. Rev. Alfred Harding, Bishop of Washington, made the invocation, after which the President gave the following address; an address which has gained nation-wide popularity, for his plea, "America First," appeals to every true American:

"Madam President and Ladies and Gentlemen:

"Again it is my very great privilege to welcome you to the City of Washington and to the hospitalities of the Capital. May I admit a point of ignorance? I was surprised to learn that this association is so young, and that an association so young should devote itself wholly to memory I can not believe. For to me the duties to which you are consecrated are more than the duties and the pride of memory.

"There is a very great thrill to be had from the memories of the American Revolution, but the American Revolution was a beginning, not a consummation, and the duty laid upon us by that beginning is the duty of bringing the things then begun to a noble triumph of completion. For it seems to me that the peculiarity of patriotism in America is that it is not a mere sentiment. It is an active principle of conduct. It is something that was born into the world, not to please it but to regenerate it. It is something that was born into the world to replace systems that had preceded it and to bring men out upon a new plane of privilege. The glory of the men whose memories you honor and perpetuate is that they saw this vision, and it was a vision of the future. It was a vision of great days to come when a little handful of three million people upon the borders of a single sea should have become a great multitude of free men and women spreading across a great continent, dominating the shores of two oceans, and sending West as well as East the influences of individual freedom. These things were consciously in their minds as they framed the great Government which was born out of the American Revolution; and every time we gather to

perpetuate their memories it is incumbent upon us that we should be worthy of recalling them and that we should endeavor by every means in our power to emulate their example.

"The American Revolution was the birth of a nation; it was the creation of a great free republic based upon traditions of personal liberty which theretofore had been confined to a single little island, but which it was purposed should spread to all mankind. And the singular fascination of American history is that it has been a process of constant re-creation, of making over again in each generation the thing which was conceived at first. You know how peculiarly necessary that has been in our case, because America has not grown by the mere multiplication of the original stock. It is easy to preserve tradition with continuity of blood; it is easy in a single family to remember the origins of the race and the purposes of its organization; but it is not so easy when that race is constantly being renewed and augmented from other sources, from stocks that did not carry or originate the same principles.

"So from generation to generation strangers have had to be indoctrinated with the principles of the American family, and the wonder and the beauty of it all has been that the infection has been so generously easy. For the principles of liberty are united with the principles of hope. Every individual, as well as every Nation, wishes to realize the best thing that is in him, the best thing that can be conceived out of the materials of which his spirit is constructed. It has happened in a way that fascinates the imagination that we have not only been augmented by additions from outside, but that we have been greatly stimulated by those additions. Living in the easy prosperity of a free people, knowing that the sun had always been free to shine upon us and prosper our undertakings, we did not realize how hard the task of liberty is and how rare the privilege of liberty is; but men were drawn

out of every climate and out of every race because of an irresistible attraction of their spirits to the American ideal. They thought of America as lifting, like that great statue in the harbor of New York, a torch to light the pathway of men to the things that they desire, and men of all sorts and conditions struggled toward that light and came to our shores with an eager desire to realize it, and a hunger for it such as some of us no longer felt, for we were as if satiated and satisfied and were indulging ourselves after a fashion that did not belong to the ascetic devotion of the early devotees of those great principles. Strangers came to remind us of what we had promised ourselves and through ourselves had promised mankind. All men came to us and said, 'Where is the bread of life with which you promised to feed us, and have you partaken of it yourselves?' For my part, I believe that the constant renewal of this people out of foreign stocks has been a constant source of reminder to this people of what the inducement was that was offered to men who would come and be of our number.

'Now we have come to a time of special stress and test. There never was a time when we needed more clearly to conserve the principles of our own patriotism than this present time. The rest of the world from which our politics were drawn seems for the time in the crucible and no man can predict what will come out of that crucible. We stand apart, unembroiled, conscious of our own principles, conscious of what we hope and purpose, so far as our powers permit, for the world at large, and it is necessary that we should consolidate the American principle. Every political action, every social action, should have for its object in America at this time to challenge the spirit of America; to ask that every man and woman who thinks first of America should rally to the standards of our life. There have been some among us who have not thought first of America, who have



MRS. FRANK F. GREENAWALT
*State Regent District of Columbia, chairman of
Committee on Arrangements*

thought to use the might of America in some matter not of America's origination. They have forgotten that the first duty of a nation is to express its own individual principles in the action of the family of nations and not to seek to aid and abet any rival or contrary ideal.

'Neutrality is a negative word. It is a word that does not express what America ought to feel. America has a heart that throbs with all sorts of intense sympathies, but America has schooled its heart to love the things that America believes in and it ought to devote itself only to the things that America believes in; and, believing that America stands apart in its ideals, it ought not to allow itself to be drawn, so far as its heart is concerned, into anybody's quarrel. Not because it does not understand the quarrel, not because it does not in its head assess the merits of the controversy, but because America has promised the world to stand apart and maintain certain principles of action which are grounded in law and in justice. We are not trying to keep out of trouble; we are trying to preserve the foundations upon which peace can be rebuilt. Peace can be rebuilt only upon the ancient and ac-

cepted principles of international law. only upon those things which remind nations of their duties to each other, and, deeper than that, of their duties to mankind and to humanity.

"America has a great cause which is not confined to the American continent. It is the cause of humanity itself. I do not mean in anything that I say even to imply a judgment upon any nation or upon any policy, for my object here this afternoon is not to sit in judgment upon anybody but ourselves and to challenge you to assist all of us who are trying to make America more than ever conscious of her own principles and her own duty. I look forward to the necessity in every political agitation in the years which are immediately at hand of calling upon every man to declare himself, where he stands. Is it America first or is it not?"

"We ought to be very careful about some of the impressions that we are forming just now. There is too general an impression, I fear, that very large numbers of our fellow citizens born in other lands have not entertained with sufficient intensity and affection the American ideal. But the number of such is, I am sure, not large. Those who would seek to represent them are very vocal, but they are not very influential. Some of the best stuff of America has come out of foreign lands, and some of the best stuff in America is in the men who are naturalized citizens of the United States. I would not be afraid upon the test of 'America first,' to take a census of all the foreign-born citizens of the United States, for I know that the vast majority of them came here because they believed in America; and their belief in America has made them better citizens than some people who were born in America. They can say that they have bought this privilege with a great price. They have left their homes, they have left their kindred, they have broken all the nearest and dearest ties of human life in order to come to a new land, take a new rootage, begin a new life, and so by self-sacrifice express

their confidence in a new principle; whereas, it cost us none of these things. We were born into this privilege; we were rocked and cradled in it; we did nothing to create it; and it is, therefore, the greater duty on our part to do a great deal to enhance it and preserve it. I am not deceived as to the balance of opinion among the foreign-born citizens of the United States, but I am in a hurry for an opportunity to have a line-up and let the men who are thinking first of other countries stand on one side and all those that are for America first, last and all the time on the other side.

"Now, you can do a great deal in this direction. When I was a college officer I used to be very much opposed to hazing; not because hazing is not wholesome, but because sophomores are poor judges. I remember a very dear friend of mine, a professor of ethics on the other side of the water, was asked if he thought it was ever justifiable to tell a lie. He said Yes, he thought it was sometimes justifiable to lie; 'but,' he said, 'it is so difficult to judge of the justification that I usually tell the truth.' I think that ought to be the motto of the sophomore. There are freshmen who need to be hazed, but the need is to be judged by such nice tests that a sophomore is hardly old enough to determine them. But the world can determine them. We are not freshmen at college, but we are constantly hazed. I would a great deal rather be obliged to draw pepper up my nose than to observe the hostile glances of my neighbors. I would a great deal rather be beaten than ostracized. I would a great deal rather endure any sort of physical hardship if I might have the affection of my fellow men. We constantly discipline our fellow citizens by having an opinion about them. That is the sort of discipline we ought now to administer to everybody who is not to the very core of his heart an American. Just have an opinion about him and let him experience the atmospheric effects of that opinion! And I know of no body of persons comparable

to a body of ladies for creating an atmosphere of opinion! I have myself in part yielded to the influences of that atmosphere, though it took me a long time to determine how I was going to vote in New Jersey.

"So it has seemed to me that my privilege this afternoon was not merely a privilege of courtesy, but the real privilege of reminding you—for I am sure I am doing nothing more—of the great principles which we stand associated to promote. I for my part rejoice that we belong to a country in which the whole business of government is so difficult. We do not take orders from anybody; it is a universal communication of conviction, the most subtle, delicate and difficult of processes. There is not a single individual's opinion that is not of some consequence in making up the grand total, and to be in this great co-operative effort is the most stimulating thing in the world. A man standing alone may well misdoubt his own judgment. He may mistrust his own intellectual processes; he may even wonder if his own heart leads him right in matters of public conduct; but if he finds his heart part of the great throb of a national life, there can be no doubt about it. If that is his happy circumstance, then he may know that he is part of one of the great forces of the world.

"I would not feel any exhilaration in belonging to America if I did not feel that she was something more than a rich and powerful nation. I should not feel proud to be in some respects and for a little while her spokesman if I did not believe that there was something else than physical force behind her. I believe that the glory of America is that she is a great spiritual conception and that in the spirit of her institutions dwells not only her distinction but her power. The one thing that the world can not permanently resist is the moral force of great and triumphant convictions."

The President's speech was frequently interrupted with enthusiastic applause,

which burst out anew when Mrs. William Cumming Story, the President General, rose and began her address of welcome:

"We are deeply grateful, Mr. President, for your presence and for the inspiration in all that you have said to us. I am sure that the next twenty-five years of existence of the Daughters of the American Revolution will be better for the lesson which you have taught us today.

"The twenty-fifth anniversary of the organization of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, is an occasion for rejoicing. That rejoicing is enhanced by the gracious presence of the President of the United States, of our honorary and well beloved President General, Mrs. Foster; our many distinguished guests, and valued members. It is an occasion fraught with tender memories, intense thanksgiving, and happy anticipation.

"I recall very distinctly the day when I was invited to become a member of this patriotic body, and was told that already women had come together in the formation of this Society. I am inclined to dwell upon the early days, but doubtless every woman present, who enjoys the privilege of being an early member, is possessed with a strong desire at this moment to relate her personal experience, and as I shall be followed by interesting speakers I will refrain from reminiscences, and refer briefly to the present and future, as this administration represents these periods more particularly.

"We are mindful of many dates replete with significance to this Society, but I would remind you of the day when the Society broke ground for the erection of this splendid Memorial Continental Hall, Oct. 11, 1903. Our beloved ex-president general, the late Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks, turned the first spade full of sod. On April 19, 1904, the cornerstone was laid with impressive ceremonies, under the auspices of the Masonic Fraternity, the gavel

used being the one with which George Washington laid the cornerstone of the National Capitol in 1793.

"On April 17, 1905, the 14th Continental Congress was held here, Mrs. Fairbanks presiding. On April 22, 1908, Mrs. Donald McLean, then President General, proposed bonding the National Society for a loan of \$200,000.00. You are familiar with the efforts to liquidate this debt on our hall, which really never was made as large as the provision of Congress provided for, but which was assumed by the Society, during Mrs. McLean's administration, for \$185,000.00.

"You recall the fact that when Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, my predecessor, closed her last Congress, the debt had been reduced to \$125,000.00. You are also familiar with the fact that, through the devoted and untiring efforts of our members, the debt was reduced so that at the close of our last Continental Congress it was only \$50,000.00. I am sure that you have told your own generous hearts that, during this administration of yours and mine, the debt will be wiped out and our home—our memorial—will be free and unencumbered.

"You rejoice, I am sure, that on April 22, last, we had given to the Red Cross relief work, \$15,259.21, and to the Belgian Relief, \$539.60, and the amount subscribed for the purchase of land adjoining Memorial Continental Hall was at that time nearly \$5,000.00. A wonderful, practical demonstration of service on the part of our members during half of one administration!

"All of this leads up to this beautiful, happy occasion when we are privileged to celebrate an anniversary which in itself demonstrates the progress and stability of this society. No one may claim that an organization built upon *ideals* may not endure, for we as a nation were born with our certificate of baptism, the Declaration of Independence, the most idealistic document ever evolved, and we, who are following reverently in the footsteps of our ancestors, strive to emu-

late their great example. In this organization we have adopted as the purpose of our existence the perpetuation of their high ideals.

"In so far as we have been able to hold before our eyes and in our hearts their ideals, and in so far as we live up to them, just so far have we achieved success. And what does the future hold for our great Society which has shown so worthy a 'Past' and so brilliant a 'Present'?

"I speak advisedly of the present, for no one may say that an administration is divided and crippled by unworthy controversy when 'the outward and visible sign' shows that this huge number of American women, from North, South, East and West, unite in a common cause and by their devoted effort achieve this unsurpassed financial strength. This progressive achievement and splendid, practical increase in influence, in large branches of usefulness, and systematic gathering together and utilizing the best ability of thousands of American women is a great power. Who can measure its greatness? What more may not be achieved if God's grace permits the future to unfold the promise of the past!

"Our President, in addressing us today, has sounded the call, 'America First.' Every woman should take part individually in the campaign among American women for sufficient national defense which will insure peace and prosperity for this nation and enable us to stand up in the council of the nations a strong nation among the strong, and be a protecting friend of the weak. Our destiny is a high one as a nation, and the women of the country have as definite a duty today as they had in the time that tried the souls of men and women in 1776.

"I send greetings to every Daughter of the American Revolution wherever she may be in this period of remembrance and recollection and united effort linked together in the work of our great Society. I hope that all will be with us, at least in spirit and thought,

on this, our twenty-fifth birthday. We are twenty-five years young!

"My Daughters of high attainments and still higher ideals, God guard and prosper you and lead you on."

In the President General's box sat Mrs. Norman Galt, President Wilson's fiancée, and she was one of the most observed and admired of the guests. Miss Helen Woodrow Bones and the Misses Smith, cousins of the President, were with her.

Mrs. John W. Foster, a former and much beloved President General of the Society and at present Honorary President General, sat on the platform near Mrs. William D. Cabell. Mrs. Cabell, Honorary President Presiding, around whose still youthful figure center loving memories, had travelled from Chicago to attend the celebration. Twenty-five years before she had presided at the formal organization meeting in the Strathmore Arms, as William O. McDowell, elected chairman, insisted that she act in that capacity.

Mrs. Cabell also presided during the week of the first Continental Congress in 1892, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, first President General, opening the Congress. The second Continental Congress was held without a President General, owing to the death of Mrs. Harrison,

and Mrs. Cabell again acted as presiding officer. To her belongs also the distinction of giving the first formal entertainment in honor of the National Society, and this reception at her home was one of the most notable ever given in Washington.



MEDAL COMMEMORATING SILVER JUBILEE

Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Mrs. Cabell and Mrs. A. Howard Clark are the only surviving members of the first National Board of Management, and they were all three present on this twenty-fifth anniversary.

A feature of the afternoon was the speech given by Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, the honored Chaplain General. As she stepped to the front of the platform, the audience rose. She said:

"Twenty - five years ago at this hour the preliminaries were in operation to carry out the suggestion, in what is known as the 'Hannah Arnett letter, or women worthy of honor,' which ap-

peared in the *Washington Post*, July 13, 1890—that brought this Society before the nation. The first one to reply to this letter was Mary Desha. Other activities were entered into later, in August, by Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth and Miss Eugenia Washington, and many others made manifest their desire to unite in answer to the call of the above mentioned letter.

"When the day seemed ripe for the launching of the ship, the call was made that brought this Society before the nation. Twenty-five years ago, when the sun went down there were eighteen full-fledged Daughters of the American Revolution. That day we adopted our constitution an instrument of government that, with few amendments, has safely carried us over the breakers and landed us on terra firma, and we, as a Society, stand before the world today, proud of the sheaves gathered, for we have in part accomplished what we looked forward to—that the women of this country reach a realizing sense of the obligation resting upon them as citizens of this great Republic.

"From the first Congress, February 22, 1892, when we numbered 1,306, to the 12th Congress, 1896, when we numbered 12,216, were the formative days of our organization, and I think that a Constitution that has safely conducted us through these twenty-five years and kept us in the way of carrying on this great work and the wonderful accomplishments, can still be depended upon to carry us through any great crisis with safety, although we have reached the 100,000 mark! It is only when there has been any wavering from the rules and regulations of our early Constitution that we have come upon stumbling blocks.

"Point out another great society that has a daily record of its work, from organization down to date; point to another Society whose files show the details of every line of work in which they have been engaged. Every state and almost every chapter have their story to tell of work done, for there are no drones in the hive which organized for a purpose.

"We think it might be well to review back history a little, to show by what process the wheels were oiled to make our progress so sure.

"When the good people of the Colonies decided that there should be no taxation without representation, man in a generic sense became a citizen *de facto*.

When the first Presidents were elected by this generic vote in many of the states, it settled the question of citizenship practically for men and women. Did the government forget?

"Every woman who spun flax twirled the distaff, sent food and clothing to the half-starved and half-clothed armies, worked the farms, kept families together through the long Revolutionary struggle, did more than pay taxes; they not only did that, but they gave the service of citizens to their country, and there is no word that stands for more than service. The most humble service has its technique, its law, its art.

"Again there came a notable day in the history of this Republic when the financial policy made greenbacks a legal tender. In the callow youth of the greenback, the large sheets on which they were printed were separated by the use of scissors. The adaptability of men for that work was only equalled by their skill in sewing on buttons, wherefore it dawned upon General Spinner as a good business venture to introduce women into the great money department. He said that they were more dextrous with the scissors, and, I'm sorry to say, he said he could hire them cheaper! And so it came to pass that a pair of scissors clipped the way for a firmer establishment of the citizenship of women! Since that day thousands have gradually 'evolved' from the Knighthood of the Shears and are filling positions of honor and responsibility in all the government departments.

"Then came another day in the history of our country when women were needed. When the first cloud of the Spanish War was seen in the horizon, a resolution was passed at a meeting of the Daughters held at the Strathmore Arms, and sent to the head of the government, to this effect: 'The Daughters of the American Revolution have an organization in every state, and will hold themselves in readiness for their country's need when called upon.' It resulted in the Society being commissioned

by the War Department, under the personal supervision of General George M. Sternberg, Surgeon General, to provide all hospital nurses sent to Cuba and the camps in the country. The Committees named by the President General, and confirmed by the board, at once entered upon their arduous task. The self-sacrificing devotion and work through the long days and nights of that summer, we have not time to give in detail. Every nurse put upon the rolls had to send her certificate from the training school from which she graduated, and from that list of 4,600—1,700 were chosen. Fifty times the Surgeon General called for nurses, and not once was this demand made that the quota was not filled within twenty-four hours; sometimes an order would be for half a dozen, and then again it might be for one hundred and fifty. \$300,000 was sent to the hospitals, and tons of food supplies, instruments, delicacies of needful kinds, estimated at \$60,000 more. Since that time the white cap and apron brigade has become an official adjunct to government equipment.

Could there have been better work accomplished for the government than this? As I told the Navy League the other day, the Daughters will always be prepared.

"From the beginning of this organization a system was organized to search out and make record of the name of every citizen of these United States who had made a stand for his country, and if any one wants to know who and where any man served his country in those days that tried men's souls, I know of no place except among the records of the Daughters of the American Revolution where the facts can be found.

"The Daughters are doing for the soldiers of the Revolution what the Government has done, and is doing, for its soldiers of the Civil War and the Spanish-American war, but for more than one hundred years the names of the gallant men who helped in making this Republic remained unknown and unrecord-

ed until resurrected by this Society from musty state archives, in the muster rolls of towns, some in possession of individuals, here a list, there a list, they have been gathered and classified and are being published at the rate of two volumes a year, which has now reached the 41st volume.

"Every traveler or tourist over the great highways of America who loves his country and its history will delight in reading by the wayside its story written in tablets, monuments, historic arches and especially the imperishable history in the story brought to light by the marking of the great historic trails over the highways of the nation—for which this government owes thanks to the Daughters of the American Revolution.

"Other reports bear the records of work accomplished in patriotic educational lines—teaching among the foreign population of our cities—a work never undertaken by our government or any civic organization but the Daughters. The Daughters of one State, stanch old Connecticut, gave five thousand dollars to publish what is known as the Green Book, printed in five different languages, to be placed in the immigrant's hands. In the future this work will prove to be the cornerstone of an intelligent understanding to multitudes of foreigners who are flocking to these shores totally ignorant of the fundamental principles of a free government and a worthy citizenship—which, hereafter, will be no hyphenated citizenship—it will be American or nothing.

"The early workers of this organization, those who bore the heat and burden of laying a firm foundation, will leave the legacy to those who will follow them, knowing the work of patriotism will still go on, realizing the great work has just begun. The services of good women in time of peace is far more important to a nation than in time of war. Since the days of the Revolution nine-tenths of our history has been made in time of peace, for history does not consist alone in the story of how battles were won or

lost, begun or ended—far better is the story of how peace was maintained. And let us not forget that women make up one-half of the citizenship of this world, and more, are the mothers of the other half—weigh the responsibility resting upon them, and we call upon the authorities of this country to hold up their hands in all patriotic work. Keep in mind that it is not the enemy who bears arms that can work the greatest injury, but it is the corrupt citizen—the shirker of responsibility—the apathetic well-to-do citizen who refuses to be actively patriotic, a peace-at-any-price citizen, a citizen who is willing to join ‘The League of the White Feather,’ with an oath that he will work against all preparedness as a protection against invasion, and that he will never take up arms against the invader in behalf of his country—shame on such a league!

“More’s the pity that there is not a standard of citizenship that measures everybody by their works and patriotic deeds and allows them an enrollment in citizenship according to the sheaves gathered. As long as our country floats the American flag and has an incoming population that knows nothing of our laws or institutions; so long as there are young descendants of heroic ancestors who are to be the coming citizens of this Republic, who must be taught the ground work of citizenship, there will be work for the Daughters of this Society. The government has a strong ally in the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Lest some might forget the admonition of Pericles over the heroic dead who had fallen in defense of Greece, let us repeat—‘no wreath is given, no monument raised by a nation to the memory of its illustrious dead but it blossoms with good for the living through all future time; virtue is encouraged, patriotism is kindled, and all that is noble in our nature is inspired to action by this homage to the greatness and goodness of our race—through admonition of what is heroic, men rise to higher levels.’

“Do you not think what is good philosophy for a Greek is good philosophy for an American?

“The mothers of the Republic were the helpmates of heroes. The Daughters by divine right hold the same position and woe be to any government which has not the helping hand of its women and which does not extend to them the right hand of fellowship.

“A few words of our Memorial Continental Hall. It is on record that it was a favorite project of Washington that memorial buildings should be erected for the thirteen Colonial States in the city of Washington. As the years passed the subject would occasionally come up in Congress—ten, twenty and fifty years went by. Each time the matter would be postponed, and at last it did not receive honorable mention. When the century mark was reached there arose in the land this patriotic society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and one of the first acts of this Society October 18, 1890, was to pass a resolution for a fireproof building to be used for a meeting place for the Society headquarters for the records, and where the clerical force could congregate for the massive work before them; in short a building which would carry out the idea of Washington—a Memorial Building. Each succeeding President General and every Congress kept this idea before the Society.

“On June 4, 1902, the Continental Hall Committee assembled at the residence of the President General, Mr. Charles W. Fairbanks, and the happy consummation was reached of twelve years of generous effort and untiring work in the purchase ‘to have and to hold forever’ a site upon which to build the hall, and on the 12th anniversary, October 11, 1902, the ceremony of breaking the ground was appropriately celebrated, and on April 19, 1904, came the impressive service of laying the corner stone. The representation of Daughters at that service was in honor of the citizens, men and women, who founded



Pages at the celebration wearing the costume of Revolutionary Days

his great Republic, the first building in the history of the world to be erected by women to commemorate the names of women as well as men!

"Upon the roll of honor being en-rossed by the Daughters of the American Revolution, first will come the min-ute men, in honor of the day selected for the laying of the cornerstone, when

129 years before they rallied at the call of the Lexington alarm in defense of their country. George Washington and all the officers of his army will be on this roll of honor. Every one who carried a gun and fought for his country will be there.

"The drummer boy will be there. The man who fided 'Yankee Doodle' for lib-

erty will be there. Deborah Sampson, who carried her gun and fought for her country through the long war, will be there. Molly Pitcher, who took the place of her husband at the cannon when he fell at the Battle of Monmouth, will be there. The women of Peperill Bridge, who arrested the British spy with his messages and held him prisoner, will be there. Emily Geiger, of South Carolina, will be there. She has been honored by her State by being one of the bearers on the State Seal of South Carolina. She carried the message of Gen. Greene to Gen. Sumter through a country infested with Tories and rebel spies. She was arrested and shut up awaiting examination by a Tory woman. In the meantime, she chewed up her message and swallowed it, and was allowed to proceed on her journey, and delivered it literally by word of mouth to Gen. Sumter. He joined Gen. Greene and the victory was won. Her name we will honor.

"The sweet Quakeress, Hannah Arnett, of Elizabethtown, New Jersey, we will honor, and it will be all hail to Hannah Arnett, the unwavering patriot and citizen!

"Let us come a little nearer—every Daughter on our rolls who has helped in the foundation and work of our Society will be there.

"Others who have spent their lives for the good of humanity will be there.

"Susan B. Anthony, one of our members, to whom the women of this nation and the world owe the greatest obligation for her defense of woman's citizenship, will be there.

"Rev. Mary Baker Eddy, who at the solicitation of the President General, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, became an early member of this Society; the woman whose spiritual inspiration has made the greatest impression on the world of any of her sex, her name will be there.

"And Clara Barton, our first Surgeon General, whose name is also known over the world for the self-sacrifice she made for humanity and the founding of the

Red Cross in America, and whose work still goes on, her name will be there.

"These three women, who have worked in different walks of life, show the diversity of the inspiration which has been given to the world, which is an honor to them and to the Society to which they belonged.

"The grand finale of Mrs. Fairbanks' administration was the dedication of Memorial Continental Hall, April 17th, 1905, at the 14th Continental Congress.

"The work of these twenty-five years has been accomplished under the leadership of the following Presidents General: Mrs. Benjamin Scott Harrison, Mrs. Adlai Stevenson, Mrs. John W. Foster, Mrs. Daniel Manning, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, Mrs. Donald McLean, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, Mrs. William Cumming Story, with the assistance of 117,000 active Daughters.

"Great men and women who have made names for themselves are like planets which we know by name; they stand out amid the multitude of unnamed stars, but the smallest stars obey the fixed laws which govern the universe and are as much a part of it as the comet which sweeps through infinite space and returns to us again on its allotted time. It is this multitude of stars in our citizenship which has remained a hundred years unnamed and unhonored, which the Daughters of the American Revolution are resurrecting and recording, and hereafter they will be on the honor roll of this country.

"And so, my friends, with every rising sun, the flag of our country, our inspiration in the day of tribulation, our emblem of gladness in the days of rejoicing, will float over this building, and be a reminder to us and to generations of the grateful children of this country who will come after us, of that citizenship in that long ago who lived and died for our Republic, for home and country.

"As I have been trying to bring before this audience some of the work accomplished by this Society, the spirit and personality of so many of the early

workers who have passed out of our lives has apparently hovered around us so that I can feel their presence here today and know a 'God Bless you all' would be the echo of their voices could they speak to us. Let us always keep them in loving remembrance and never forget what part they took in the work and foundation of the Society they loved, and what they did to further the great work, and in their name let us ask those upon whom the mantle will fall to take their places, to stand by the Constitution and the Statutes 'the old guard' formulated, the instruments that have brought honor and credit to this Society.

"We can well say with the poet today:

"Take, O boatman, thrice thy fee;
Take, I give it willingly;
For today, invisible to thee,
Spirits many have crossed with me.'"

Eloquent tribute to the deceased Founders of the National Society, Miss Eugenia Washington, Miss Mary Desha, and Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, were paid by Miss Ella Loraine Dorsey, Capt. C. C. Calhoun, and A. Howard Clark. The portrait of Miss Eugenia Washington, which has just been completed, hung with that of Mrs. Walworth and Miss Desha on the wall back of the platform.

Other speeches were made by the Rev. John Britton Clark, John Barrett, Director General, Pan-American Union, and Miss Mabel Boardman, of the Red Cross.

Following the speech of Miss Boardman, greetings were received from various societies. The Society of the Mayflower descendants was represented by Col. Thomas L. Hopkins, and Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, U. S. A., sent a telegram of greeting. Mrs. Van Zant Cox spoke for the Society of Founders and Patriots. The Colonial Dames of America was represented by Mrs. Nathaniel Bacon, and the descendants of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence by Mrs. Amos G. Draper, who presented to the President General the 17th Report of the Smithsonian Institution which

contains the certificates of 93,000 officers and soldiers of the Revolution. Rear-Admiral C. H. Stockton spoke for the Order of Washington, Walter Clephane for the Society of Colonial Wars; ington, Walter Clephane for the Society A. Howard Clark for the Sons of the American Revolution, and Col. Frederick Bryan, for the Sons of the Revolution. The United States Daughters of 1812 sent by Mrs. James D. Iglehart a bouquet of twenty-five American Beauty roses to the Society, and, after a graceful speech of acceptance by the President General, the "Star Spangled Banner" was sung by Mrs. William T. Reed. Mrs. Mary Key McBlair, granddaughter of Francis Scott Key, was then presented to the audience. Mrs. Bertha Lincoln Heustis sang charmingly, "Your Flag and My Flag."

Two of the signers of the formal draft of organization, Mrs. William D. Cabell and Mrs. A. Howard Clark, gave interesting addresses, and Mrs. Mary E. Reagen spoke in greeting to the Society.

Just before the reading by the Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Boyle, of a letter from the Chairman of the Silver Shower Committee, Mrs. Eva L. Nelson, the President General stated that the bonded debt on Memorial Continental Hall had been reduced to \$50,000.00, an announcement which aroused great applause.

Mrs. Frank Foster Greenawalt, State Regent, District of Columbia, who worked untiringly for the success of the Silver Jubilee, was chairman of the efficient committee on arrangements, which comprised Mrs. Vida K. Clementson, in charge of invitations; Mrs. Ernest A. Allen, in charge of seating; Mrs. Lisle Seaton Lipscomb, in charge of decoration; Mrs. Bertha Lincoln Heustis, in charge of music; Mrs. James R. Speight, in charge of souvenir medals; Mrs. Ellis Logan and Mrs. William Wallace, in charge of pages; Mrs. Eliza Ferry Leary, Vice-President General, Washington; Mrs. C. R. Davis, Vice-President General, Minnesota; Mrs. Mary S. Lock-

wood, Chaplain General; Mrs. William C. Boyle, Recording Secretary General; Mrs. George M. Sternberg, Librarian General; Mrs. Joseph E. Ransdell, Treasurer General; Mrs. Willard S. Augsbury, Historian General; Mrs. John L. Buel, State Regent Connecticut; Miss Mary Lee Goddard, Mrs. Drury C. Ludlow, Mrs. Douglas Thompson, Miss Natalie Lincoln, Mrs. Eugenia Washington Brown and Miss Dorinda Rogers.

Handsome gifts of money to apply on the debt of Memorial Continental Hall were brought by State Regents in response to the Silver Shower Letters, and the keynote of all speeches was optimism for the future of this society which is founded on patriotism and love of country. Many telegrams of congratulation

were received and read to the audience.

In the evening the President General was hostess at a brilliant reception in Memorial Continental Hall. She was assisted in receiving by the National Officers and the members of the Executive Committee. Col. F. C. Bryan made the presentations.

A beautiful birthday cake, one of the largest ever baked in Washington, was in the banquet room, and at the end of the reception it was cut by the President General. The cake was 36 inches in diameter, in three tiers, and weighed 120 pounds. Twenty-five silver candles were held erect by twenty-five candied silver roses, and on the icing were the initials, "D. A. R.," and the two dates,

"October 11, 1890—October 11, 1915."

State Conference

Massachusetts

The annual conference of the Massachusetts Daughters of the American Revolution, was held in Greenfield, Mass., October 15 and 16, 1915, in All Souls Unitarian Church. Delegates and representatives of forty-four chapters were present. Mrs. Norman P. Farwell, regent of Dorothy Quincy Hancock Chapter of Greenfield, gave a very fitting address of welcome to which Mrs. Frederick S. Davis of Boston, responded, in the absence of the state regent, Mrs. Geo. O. Jenkins, who was unable to be present on account of illness in her family.

The afternoon program consisted of an address by Prof. Addie Green Bass of Piedmont College, Georgia, on the primitive life in the Southern Mountains. She was assisted by Miss Bessie Westmoreland, a graduate of the same college, who appeared in mountaineer costume and gave monologues reproducing the life of the people of these moun-

tains. Mrs. Milton P. Higgins, chairman of the State Committee on Welfare of Women and Children, gave an address.

The social event of the conference came Friday evening when a reception and banquet was held at the Mansion House. The reception was held from six to seven o'clock. In the receiving line were Mrs. Frederick S. Davis of Boston, state vice-regent; Mrs. Chas. H. Abbott of Keene, N. H., vice-president-general of the National Society; Mrs. James G. Dunning of Springfield, honorary state-regent; Mrs. Norman P. Farwell, Regent Dorothy Quincy Hancock Chapter; Mrs. Chas. W. Sprague of Dorchester, State chaplain; Mrs. J. Frank Hodge of Winchester, State recording secretary; Miss Isabel W. Gordon of Worcester, State corresponding secretary; Mrs. Dwight S. Whittemore of Brockton, assistant corresponding secretary; Mrs. George M. Baker of Concord, State treasurer; Mrs. Louis A. Cook of Greenfield, State his-

torian; Mrs. Elmer H. Allen of Shirley, assistant State historian; Mrs. Franklin P. Shumway of Melrose, State registrar; and Mrs. Geo. W. Pfeiffer of Allston, State parliamentarian.

At seven o'clock the banquet was held in the main dining room, covers being laid for one hundred and eighty-two. The decorations in the dining room were beautiful. Autumn leaves, carnations and ferns had been cleverly arranged by a committee of which Mrs. Wm. H. Al- line of Boston, State auditor, was chairman. The floral effect, combining with the beautiful and multi-colored gowns of the guests, produced a truly wonderful scene and one not soon to be forgotten. Inspiring music was furnished during the evening by an orchestra under the direction of Wm. H. Burke, greatly adding to the pleasure of the delightful evening. Mrs. Frederick H. Davis presided gracefully as toast-mistress. Clever and interesting toasts were given by the following: "Retrospection," Mrs. James G. Dunning; "The National Society," Mrs. Chas. H. Abbott; "Vermont," Mrs. J. J. Estey, of Brattleboro; "The Western Daughters," Mrs. Louis A. Cook; "The Perfect Husband," Mrs. George M. Baker, of Concord.

The Saturday morning session had as a feature an address by Marion LeRoy Burton, Ph. D., LL. D., president of

Smith College, and it proved one of the most inspiring addresses ever given at any conference. "The Plan of Life," his theme, had one thought which deeply impressed every listener—loyalty to a cause outside one's self. Mrs. C. H. Slocomb, Miss Buswell and Mrs. E. R. Newcomb furnished delightful music. The principal business of the conference followed and reports of special committees were presented. During the business session Mrs. Davis, who had greatly pleased the delegates by the dignity with which she presided, was presented with a silver bon-bon dish and spoon as a token of their appreciation and also in recognition of her thirtieth wedding anniversary which fell on that day. The state ushers gave her a beautiful bunch of chrysanthemums. Members of Brattleboro Chapter of Brattleboro, Vt., and Ashuelot Chapter, Keene, N. H., were present as guests of the conference. After the adjournment of the conference at noon the state outing followed. It took the form of an observation trip over the Mohawk Trail, the party going in automobiles. With this delightful ending the fall conference of 1915 will long be remembered by those privileged to attend, for the harmony and good fellowship that prevailed and the fine program arranged, all in the beautiful setting of perfect autumnal scenery.

Mrs. LOUIS A. COOK, *State Historian*.

NOTICE

Following the resignation of Miss Natalie Sumner Lincoln, November 18, 1915, as Editor of the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, the President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story, appointed as Editor Miss Mary R. Wilcox, Regent Col. John Donelson Chapter and former Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

The Sentiments of an American Woman

By J. C. Fitzpatrick

Assistant Chief Manuscript Division, Library of Congress

In the light of present day activities of the American woman in assisting the plans for better preparedness for the national defense, the fragment of Revolutionary history illustrated by the broadside here shown in facsimile, is not without interest. It represents the one great organized effort of the women of the Revolution to aid the army at a time when assistance was most urgently needed.

The moving spirit of the effort was Esther Reed, wife of President Joseph Reed, of Pennsylvania, who, despite failing health, labored energetically for the success of the scheme and died in the midst of the work, as much a martyr to patriotism as any who have fallen on the field of battle. After her death her place was taken by Mrs. Sarah Bache, wife of the Postmaster General and daughter of Benjamin Franklin. Miss Mary Dagworthy, of Trenton, was the principal figure among the New Jersey women, and the bulk of the money collected came from Pennsylvania and New Jersey. The popular French consul at Philadelphia, Barbé de Marbois, was a confidential adviser of the Pennsylvania committee, a fact which lends a piquant touch to the paragraph that cites the historic example of Joan of Arc.

The total sum collected in Philadelphia city and county, and forwarded to General Washington on July 4, 1780, was but \$400 less than the entire amount subscribed a little later by the merchants and others of Philadelphia to found the national bank, proposed and urged by Alexander Hamilton. The bank idea received an additional impetus from the receipt of these funds from the women, who thus indirectly aided the establishment of the first bank of the United States which performed such valuable service in the Revolution.

Washington suggested depositing the funds in the bank and receiving bank notes in lieu thereof to purchase the articles which the women desired for the soldiers. These articles he reduced at once to one crying need—shirts! This conflicted with the 9th paragraph which was the pith of the whole scheme and greatly disappointed the contributors; but, after an extended correspondence and considerable argument, the women reluctantly yielded to the commander-in-chief's judgment, and the funds were expended in the purchase or manufacture of shirts, 2,005 of which were forwarded to the army in December, accompanied by a letter expressing the hope that they might "be worn with as much pleasure as they were made."

The total amount collected exceeded the fondest expectations, and the motley array of coins turned in attested the self-sacrificing patriotism behind the subscriptions. It was the hoarded treasure of thrifty housewives, in times of dire poverty and distress, flung, with a blessing, into the extravagant purse of War. Half-joes, moidores, guineas, louis d'ors, pistoles, English shillings, Spanish dollars, copper coins, and Continental paper currency were in profusion.

A list of contributors that has survived bears such entries as:

A lady, a good whig; Polly Fritz, a little girl, who gave five Continental dollars; Mrs. Humanity, who gave two Half-joes; Phillis, (a negro woman) who gave fifteen shillings; the Marquise de Lafayette, for whom the Marquis, in a graceful note, contributed one hundred guineas; the Comtesse de La Luzerne, wife of the French Minister, gave six thousand dollars in paper and one hundred dollars in specie; and a Mrs. Richards, who, lacking money, sent instead

THE SENTIMENTS of an AMERICAN WOMAN.

ON the commencement of actual war, the Women of America manifested a firm resolution to contribute as much as could depend on them, to the deliverance of their country. Animated by the purest patriotism, they are sensible of sorrow at this day, in not offering more than barren wishes for the success of so glorious a Revolution. They aspire to render themselves more really useful; and this sentiment is universal from the north to the south of the Thirteen United States. Our ambition is kindled by the fame of those heroines of antiquity, who have rendered their sex illustrious, and have proved to the universe, that, if the weakness of our Constitution, if opinion and manners did not forbid us to march to glory by the same paths as the Men, we should at least equal, and sometimes surpass them in our love for the public good. I glory in all that which my sex has done great and commendable. I call to mind with enthusiasm and with admiration, all those acts of courage, of constancy and patriotism, which history has transmitted to us: The people favoured by Heaven, preserved from destruction by the virtues, the zeal and the resolution of Deborah, of Judith, of Esther! The fortitude of the mother of the Machabees, in giving up her sons to die before her eyes: Rome saved from the fury of a victorious enemy by the efforts of Volantia; and other Roman Ladies: So many famous sieges where the Women have been seen forgetting the weakness of their sex, building new walls, digging trenches with their feeble hands; furnishing arms to their defenders, they themselves darting the missile weapons on the enemy, resigning the ornaments of their apparel, and their fortune, to fill the public treasury, and to hasten the deliverance of their country; burying themselves under its ruins; throwing themselves into the flames rather than submit to the disgrace of humiliation before a proud enemy.

Born for liberty, disclaiming to bear the irons of a tyrannic Government, we associate ourselves to the grandeur of those Sovereigns, cherished and revered, who have held with so much splendour the scepter of the greatest States, The Batildas, the Elizabeths, the Marias, the Catharines, who have extended the empire of liberty, and contented to reign by sweetness and justice, have broken the chains of slavery, forged by tyrants in the times of ignorance and barbarity. The Spanish Women, do they not make, at this moment, the most patriotic sacrifices, to encrease the means of victory in the hands of their Sovereign. He is a friend to the French Nation. They are our allies. We call to mind, doubly interested, that it was a French Maid who kindled up amongst her fellow-citizens, the flame of patriotism buried under long misfortunes: It was the Maid of Orleans who drove from the kingdom of France the ancestors of those same British, whose odious yoke we have just shaken off; and whom it is necessary that we drive from this Continent.

But I must limit myself to the recollection of this small number of achievements. Who knows if persons disposed to censure, and sometimes too severely with regard to us, may not disapprove our appearing acquainted even with the actions of which our sex boasts? We are at least certain, that he cannot be a good citizen who will not applaud our efforts for the relief of the armies which defend our lives, our possessions, our liberty? The situation of our soldiery has been represented to me; the evils inseparable from war, and the firm and generous spirit which has enabled them to support these. But it has been said, that they may apprehend, that, in the course of a long war, the view of their distresses may be lost, and their services be forgotten. Forgotten! never; I can answer in the name of all my sex. Brave Americans, your disinterestedness, your courage, and your constancy will always be dear to America, as long as she shall preserve her virtue.

We know that at a distance from the theatre of war, if we enjoy any tranquility, it is the fruit of your watchings, your labours, your dangers. If I live happy in the midst of my family; if my husband cultivates his field, and reaps his harvest in peace; if, surrounded with my children, I myself nourish the youngest, and press it to my bosom, without being afraid of seeing myself separated from it, by a ferocious enemy; if the house in which we dwell; if our barns, our orchards are safe at the present time from the hands of those incendiaries, it is to you that we owe it. And shall we hesitate to evidence to you our gratitude? Shall we hesitate to wear a clothing more simple; hair dressed less elegant, while at the price of this small privation, we shall deserve your benedictions. Who, amongst us, will not renounce with the highest pleasure, those vain ornaments, when she shall consider that the valiant defenders of America will be able to draw some advantage from the money which she may have laid out in these; that they will be better defended from the rigours of the seasons, that after their painful toils, they will receive some extraordinary and unexpected relief; that these presents will perhaps be valued by them at a greater price, when they will have it in their power to say: *This is the offering of the Ladies.* The time is arrived to display the same sentiments which animated us at the beginning of the Revolution, when we renounced the use of teas, however agreeable to our taste, rather than receive them from our persecutors; when we made it appear to them that we placed former necessities in the rank of superfluities, when our liberty was interested; when our republican and laborious hands spun the flax, prepared the linen intended for the use of our soldiers; when exiles and fugitives we supported with courage all the evils which are the concomitants of war. Let us not lose a moment; let us be engaged to offer the homage of our gratitude at the altar of military valour, and you, our brave deliverers, while mercenary slaves combat to cause you to share with them, the irons with which they are loaded, receive with a free hand our offerings, the purest which can be presented to your virtue.

By AN AMERICAN WOMAN.

IDEAS, relative to the manner of forwarding to the American Soldiers, the Presents of the American Women.

ALL plans are eligible, when doing good is the object; there is however one more preferable; and when the operation is extensive, we cannot give it too much uniformity. On the other side, the wants of our army do not permit the slowness of an ordinary path. It is not in one month, nor in eight days, that we would relieve our soldiery. It is immediately; and our impatience does not permit us to proceed by the long circuit of collectors, receivers and treasurers. As my idea with regard to this, have been approved by some Ladies of my friends, I will explain them here; every other person will not be left at liberty to prepare and to adopt a different plan.

1st. All Women and Girls will be received without exception, to present their patriotic offering; and, as it is absolutely voluntary, every one will regulate it according to her ability, and her disposition. The shilling offered by the Widow or the young Girl, will be received as well as the most considerable sums presented by the Women who have the happiness to join to their patriotism, greater means to be useful.

2d. A Lady chosen by the others in each county, shall be the Treasurers; and to render her task more simple, and more easy, she will not receive but determinate sums, in a round number, from twenty hard dollars to any greater sum. The exchange forty dollars in paper for one dollar in specie.

It is hoped that there will not be one Woman who will not with pleasure charge herself with the embarrassment which will attend so honorable an operation.

3d. The Women who shall not be in a condition to send twenty dollars in specie, or above, will join in as great a number as will be necessary to make this or any greater sum, and one amongst them will carry it, or cause it to be sent to the Treasurers.

4th. The Treasurers of the county will receive the money, and will keep a register, writing the sums in her book, and causing it to be signed at the side of the whole by the person who has presented it.

5th. When several Women shall join together to make a total sum of twenty dollars or more, the amongst them who shall have the charge to carry it to the Treasurers, will make mention of all their names on the register, if her associates shall have so directed her; those whose choice it shall be, will have the liberty to remain unknown.

6th. As soon as the Treasurers of the county shall judge, that the sums which she shall have received, deserve to be sent to their destination, she will cause them to be presented with the lists, to the wife of the Governor or President of the State, who will be the Treasurers-General of the State; and she will cause it to be set down in her register, and have it sent to Mistresses Washington. If the Governor or President are unmarried, all will address themselves to the wife of the Vice-President, if there is one, or of the Chief-Justice, &c.

7th. Women settled in the distant parts of the country, and not chusing for any particular reason as for the sake of greater expedition, to remit their Capital to the Treasurers, may send it directly to the wife of the Governor, or President, &c. or to Mistresses Washington, who, if she shall judge necessary, will in a short answer to the sender, acquaint her with the reception of it.

8th. As Mrs. Washington may be absent from the camp when the greater part of the banks shall be sent there the American Women considering, that General Washington is the Father and Friend of the Soldiery; that he is himself, the first Soldier of the Republic, and that their offering will be received at its destination, as soon as it shall have come to his hands, they will pray him, to take the charge of receiving it, in the absence of Mrs. Washington.

9th. General Washington will dispose of this fund in the manner that he shall judge most advantageous to the Soldiery. The American Women desire only that it may not be considered as to be employed, to procure to the army, the objects of subsistence, arms or cloathing, which are due to them by the Continent. It is an extraordinary bounty intended to render the condition of the Soldier more pleasant, and not to hold place of the things which they ought to receive from the Congress, or from the States.

10th. If the General judges necessary, he will publish at the end of a certain time, an amount of that which shall have been received from each particular State.

11th. The Women who shall send their offerings, will have in their choice to conceal or to give their names; and if it shall be thought proper, on a fit occasion, to publish one day the lists, they only, who shall consent, shall be named; when with regard to the sums sent, there will be no mention made, if they so desire it.

PRINTED BY JOHN DUNLAP.

a pair of leather breeches which were sold for one thousand Continental dollars.

The plan of collection, given on the verso of the broadside, is simplicity itself, beautifully calculated to meet every contingency, and its common-sense directness is evidence of the intelligence and practical knowledge of our great grandmothers.

General Washington expressed his sense of the value of the work performed in a letter to the Pennsylvania committee, dated from the New Windsor Headquarters in February, 1781, in which, after paying tribute in his dignified diction to Mrs. Reed's services, he concluded:

"The army ought not to regret its sacrifice or its sufferings when it meets with so flattering a reward as in the sympathy of your sex; nor can it fear that its interests will be neglected while espoused by advocates as powerful as they are amiable. I can only answer for the sentiments which you do me the honor to express for me personally, that they would more than repay a life devoted to the service of the public and to testimonies of gratitude to yourselves.

"Accept the assurances, of the perfect respect and esteem with which I am, Ladies,

"Your most Obedient,

"obliged and humble Servant,

"G^d. WASHINGTON."

D. A. R. Insignia a Protection in Europe

How the insignia of the Daughters of the American Revolution proved an open sesame in Europe is shown by the experience of ten American women who chanced to meet in Berlin. Caught in Germany upon the breaking out of war, they drifted together. Seven of these Americans were members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, and whenever the German authorities were shown their insignia pin they met with consideration and courtesy, while the other three women were subjected to much unpleasantness, their luggage and money withheld, and they were frequently accused of being spies.

Shortly before the commencement of hostilities sixteen months ago, an American woman, travelling alone, went to St. Petersburg. The day after her arrival she left the dining room to go to her bedroom. On reaching the lobby she was seen to stagger and fall. When assistance reached her, she was dead.

With the cold blooded lack of feeling

which characterizes European hotel proprietors, the management arranged to send her body at once to the morgue. As the porters carried the stretcher to the hotel entrance, a Russian priest stopped them to examine their burden. The insignia pin of the Daughters of the American Revolution caught his eye—the only bit of jewelry to be found upon her.

The priest bade the porters wait, hurried to the manager and explained that the dead woman was wearing the insignia of a great patriotic society in America, and demanded that her body be taken to his church while he went to report her death to the American Ambassador. In the Greek church the American's body was watched with reverent care, and the gold and silver D. A. R. pin, which had protected all that was mortal from the horrors of a Russian morgue, was left pinned in place. When her body reached this country for interment, it still remained upon her breast.

Engraved Portraits of American Patriots

Made by Saint Memin in 1796-1810

By Natalie Sumner Lincoln

(Continued from November Magazine)

(Copyright, 1915, by Corcoran Gallery of Art)

The question: "*Is my ancestor in the Saint Memin Collection?*" is being solved for hundreds of Americans by the publication in this magazine of reproductions of Saint Memin's engraved portraits owned by the Corcoran Gallery of Art in Washington. Many subscribers to the magazine have written to ask that their particular ancestor be published in an early issue. Such requests will be complied with gladly.

Robert R. Livingston, of New York, was born Nov. 27, 1746, and died Feb. 26, 1813. He is known chiefly as Chancellor Livingston, and he had the honor of administering the oath of office to George Washington at his inauguration at the City Hall as first President of the United States of America.

Mr. Livingston was a graduate of King's College (now Columbia University) and was admitted to the New York bar in 1773 as partner to John Jay, his classmate. He was sent from the New York Assembly as a delegate to the Continental Congress in 1775, and was one of a committee of five who drafted the Declaration of Independence. At the Kingston Convention in 1777 he was appointed the first chancellor of New York, and he held that office until 1801. He was also secretary of foreign affairs for the United States from 1781 to 1783, but declined the post of Minister to France in 1794, and also refused the secretaryship of the navy offered him by Thomas Jefferson.

In 1801, being obliged by the Constitutional provision to resign the chancellorship, Mr. Livingston accepted the mission to France.

While there he enjoyed the personal friendship of Napoleon Bonaparte, who, upon his leaving France in 1805, presented him with a splendid gold snuff-box adorned with a miniature of himself painted by Isabey.

During his residence in Paris Mr. Livingston met Robert Fulton, and the two Americans successfully planned steam navigation. He was also the principal founder of the American Academy of Fine Arts, and its first president. He also accomplished the cession of Louisiana to the United States.

Benjamin Franklin called Livingston the "*Cicero of America*," and his statue with that of George Clinton, forms the group of the two most eminent citizens of New York placed by act of Congress in the Capitol at Washington.

The first United States senator to cast his vote in favor of locating the National Capital on the banks of the Potomac was Richard Bassett, of Delaware. A lawyer of brilliant attainments, he served his country as a member of Congress under the old confederation in 1787, and was also a member of the convention which framed the Federal constitution. From 1789 to 1793 he was in the United States Senate. Five years later he became Governor of Delaware, serving until 1801, when he accepted the position of United States Circuit Judge. His daughter married James Asheton Bayard, signer of the Treaty of Ghent. She died Dec. 10, 1854. Their grandson, Thomas F. Bayard, was Secretary of State in the first Cleveland administration.

One of the first international marriages to take place in this country was that of Jane Macomb and the Hon. Robert Kennedy, younger son of the

This series commenced with the September magazine. Back numbers can be procured by writing to Business Office, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.



Photos, Rice Studio, Washington

SAINT MEMIN'S ENGRAVED PORTRAITS OF AMERICAN PATRIOTS

Top row, left to right, Lord Robert Kenedy and Lady Kenedy. Second row, Timothy Dwight, Judge James Bassett. Third row, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Cox

11th Earl of Cassilis. When attached to the British Legation the young Englishman met the beautiful young daughter of Alexander Macomb, a distinguished merchant of New York and Detroit, Michigan; and they were married after a brief courtship. They had nine children. Sir Richard Disbrow married their daughter, while one of their sons, distinguished for his gallantry in the British army, was killed at Sebastapol, and another son became an admiral in the Royal navy.

Dr. Timothy Dwight was born in North Hampton, Mass., May 14, 1752, and died in New Haven, Conn., Jan. 14, 1817. He was a great grandson of Nathaniel Dwight, of Hatfield, his father being Major Timothy Dwight and his mother was Mary, the third daughter of the Rev. Jonathan Edwards. Dr. Dwight was fitted for Yale by the Rev. Enoch Huntingdon at Middleton, Conn., entering college at the age of thirteen and being graduated in 1769, having but one rival in scholarship. After being tutor at Yale, he studied law, but in 1777 he was licensed to preach, taking the position of chaplain in Parson's brigade, of the Connecticut line.

Dr. Dwight was not only a brilliant divine but a poet. His epic, "The Conquest of Canaan," also a pastoral poem called "Greenfield Hill," in which is a vivid description of the burning of Fairfield by the British in 1779, were widely read; also several stirring patriotic songs, among them "Columbia." He may be called the pioneer advocate of the modern advanced woman, for, although not a disciple of universal suffrage, he gave the same studies to the girls in his academy at Fairfield as those enjoyed by the boys.

In 1795 Dr. Dwight was called to the presidency of Yale College, which he held until his death in 1817. His published works fill thirteen large octavo volumes.

Dr. Dwight married in 1777 Mary, daughter of Benjamin Woolsey, of Long Island, who bore him eight sons. His

grandson and namesake, Timothy Dwight, professor of Greek at Yale, was also president of Yale University, thus proving the law of heredity in its finest and most distinguished type.

George Washington Parke Custis, step-grandson of General George Washington and father-in-law of General Robert E. Lee, was one of the distinguished men of his day. His father, Col. John Parke Custis, the son of Madam Washington by her first husband, was Washington's aide-de-camp. Upon his father's death in 1781, young Custis and his sister Eleanor made their home at Mount Vernon with their grandmother and General Washington, who adopted them.

Parke Custis later became a student at St. John's College and at Princeton. At the death of Madam Washington in 1802, he removed from Mount Vernon and built Arlington House on his estate of 1,000 acres across the Potomac from Washington. His wife was Mary Lee Fitzhugh, and their daughter, Mary Randolph Custis, married Robert E. Lee, the famous Confederate general. On the outbreak of the Civil War, the Arlington estate, which had been inherited by Mrs. Lee from her father, was confiscated, the Federal Government later buying it from the heirs, and it now is the celebrated National soldiers' cemetery, one of the most beautiful, hallowed and pathetic spots in the United States.

Parke Custis was an eloquent orator and clever playwright, and many of his dramas were produced in the Capital City. He was also an artist of much talent and executed a number of large paintings of Revolutionary battles. He was born at Mount Airy, Md., 30 April, 1781, and died at Arlington House, Virginia, 10 Oct., 1857.

James Jackson was one of the notable patriots of Georgia. At the close of the Revolutionary War that State presented him with a house and lot in Savannah, and in 1788 he was elected governor of Georgia, but modestly declined to serve, pleading youth and inexperience. No



Photos, Rice Studio, Washington

SAINT MEMIN'S ENGRAVED PORTRAITS OF AMERICAN PATRIOTS

Top row, left to right, Mlle. de Saint Memin, Chancellor Robert R. Livingston. Second row, John P. Van Ness, Gen. James Jackson. Third row, George Washington Park Custis. Miss S. Conuers

officer in the Continental army held a finer war record. He was active in repelling the British from Savannah in 1776, was made brigade major of Georgia militia in 1778, took part in the defense of Savannah, and on its capture joined Gen. Moultrie in South Carolina; was volunteer aide to Sumter at Blackstocks; in 1781 was brigade major to Gen. Pickens, sharing in the victory of Cowpens. In March, 1780, he fought a duel with Lieut. Gov. Wells, killing his antagonist.

He was a member of the convention that adopted the first constitution of Georgia, was a representative in the first Congress, and afterward United States Senator and in 1798-1801 was governor of Georgia. Again re-elected to the U. S. Senate, he died in Washington 16 Mar., 1806.

Miss S—— Conyers, of Richmond, Va., was one of the many victims whose lives were lost in the burning of the Richmond Theater on Dec. 16, 1811. This terrible tragedy, which horrified the whole country, occurred during the gayeties of Christmas, always widely observed in Virginia. Miss Conyers was engaged to Lieut. Gibbon, an army officer, who gave his own life in endeavoring to rescue her.

Mademoiselle de Saint Memin, the only unmarried sister of the French artist, came with her mother to this country in 1798. Vivacious and pretty, she soon became a great favorite, and remained in American for many years.

So closely identified was John Peter Van Ness with the District of Columbia and Maryland that it is not always realized that he was from the Empire State. He represented New York in

Congress in 1801, and was appointed by President Jefferson brigadier general of militia. This position cost him his seat in the House, as it was held that he could not accept a commission from the Federal government while serving in Congress, and he was relieved from office, 17 Jan., 1803. President Madison, however, promoted him to major general of militia. Gen. Van Ness was also mayor of Washington until he declined re-election. He established the Bank of the Metropolis and became its president.

Shortly after his arrival in Washington, Van Ness became engaged to Marcia Burns, the beautiful and accomplished daughter of David Burns, one of the wealthiest property owners in the District, who sold to the U. S. Government the land on which the White House, government buildings, and the larger part of the city of Washington now stand. Memorial Continental Hall is built upon a section of the Burns' farm.

Marcia Burns Van Ness was greatly beloved for her benevolence. On the day of her funeral both Houses of Congress adjourned; a great honor to a woman. The orphan asylum in Washington was founded by her, and she gave the ground on which historic St. John's Church was built.

Gen. and Mrs. Van Ness had but one child, a daughter, who married Mr. Middleton. She died without issue.

No portraits in the Saint Memin collection attract more attention than those of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Cox, the coiffure of the latter causing surprised and admiring comment. She was the daughter of Edward Bard and married Daniel Cox, a wealthy and prominent merchant of Philadelphia, Pa.

(This series to be continued)



New Members Admitted to The National Society Daughters of The American Revolution at the October Board Meeting

New members admitted to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution at the meeting of the National Board of Management in Washington on October 12, aggregated 1,360, including three conditionals. The new members were drawn from all except five states of the Union, and from the District of Columbia.

Since the last annual Continental Congress of the National Society in April, 2,745 new members have been admitted, and 4,122 original and supplemental papers have been verified.

The list of states from which new members were admitted by the National Board of Management at the October meeting, and the number in each state, is as follows:

Alabama	13
Arkansas	5
California	30
Colorado	18
Connecticut	26
District of Columbia.....	17
Florida	16
Georgia	32
Idaho	7
Illinois	79
Indiana	37
Iowa	65

Kansas	26
Kentucky	52
Louisiana	4
Maine	20
Maryland	44
Massachusetts	75
Michigan	49
Minnesota	21
Mississippi	19
Missouri	99
Montana	1
Nebraska	44
New Hampshire.....	21
New Jersey	20
New Mexico	1
New York	135
North Carolina.....	15
Ohio	68
Oklahoma	14
Oregon	10
Pennsylvania	63
Rhode Island.....	6
South Carolina	35
South Dakota	8
Tennessee	29
Texas	39
Vermont	18
Virginia	22
Washington	10
West Virginia	13
Wisconsin	30
Wyoming	1

Errata

The attention of the Editor has been called to an error on page 295 of the November issue. The custom of bonding the Treasurer General and of having her accounts audited by an expert was inaugurated several years before Mrs. Gertrude B. Darwin became Treasurer General.

Work of the Chapters

Cayuga Chapter (Ithaca, N. Y.).—Another year of the existence of Cayuga Chapter has passed into history, and the organization of the D. A. R., located at Ithaca, N. Y., finds itself enjoying the proud distinction of having attained its majority. That we are twenty-one is indelibly impressed upon the memory of those who attended the annual breakfast held at "The Alberger," on Chapter Day. The mind's eye will retain undimmed the picture of a large cake, bearing upon its frosted surface twenty-one lighted candles, as on that occasion it was brought to the dining table and placed before our much loved regent, Mrs. Frank G. Wilson.

Exceedingly interesting programs have been furnished throughout the year. The papers and talks in general upon subjects of particular interest to members of the D. A. R. have for the most part been contributed by members of the Chapter, though on Washington's Birthday one of our local clergymen gave an address upon "George Washington." Music, refreshments, and occasionally dramatic readings, have added to the attractiveness of our meetings.

The hostesses to whom the chapter is indebted for entertainment during the past year are Mrs. J. L. Baker, Mrs. D. N. Van Hoesen, Miss Jennie Northrup, Mrs. E. C. Stewart, Mrs. F. G. Wilson, Mrs. E. N. Jackson, Mrs. F. J. Alberger, and Mrs. J. S. Kirkendall, the latter entertaining on Flag Day at her summer cottage, on Cayuga Lake.

Several members of our Executive Board, together with members of the executive committees of a number of other D. A. R. chapters in central New York, enjoyed the hospitality of Owaseo Chapter of Auburn, in October, and had the pleasure of meeting the then State regent, Mrs. Augsbury.

Our regent, also those members of Cayuga Chapter who represented Ithaca

organizations as delegates at the State Federation of Women's Clubs, in November, had the pleasure of greeting President General Mrs. Story, at a reception given in her honor by Tuscarora Chapter of Binghamton.

Our regent, first vice-regent, and one other represented the chapter at the Continental Congress, and later the chapter listened to an interesting report of what transpired at the Congress.

The chapter learned, with deep regret, in February, of the death, at Oak Park, Ill., of its first regent, Mrs. Harriet Dewey Ireland. Her work, in connection with the formation of the chapter, and in fostering its early life, will remain an enduring monument to her memory.

In addition to setting aside fifty dollars for our room fund, the chapter has been able to contribute twenty-five dollars to the Visiting Nurse Association of Ithaca; twenty dollars to the Red Cross Fund, to alleviate the suffering occasioned by the war, while at the last meeting a collection was taken for the French Red Cross, and arrangements made whereby contributions of clothing might be sent to this association, the object being to assist the French people rendered destitute by the war, and to commemorate the friendship of Washington with Lafayette and the French nation.

At the December meeting it was voted that individual contributions of twenty-five cents be collected, the same to be sent to the Board of Management of Continental Hall to assist in liquidating the indebtedness on that building. Later in the year some of the Continental Hall booklets were purchased with the purpose of helping in this enterprise.

That our hearts have been attuned to matters pertaining to patriotism is evidenced by the purchase of a wreath to be placed upon the soldiers' monument

on Memorial Day, and by our willingness to contribute framed copies of the Declaration of Independence to our city schools.

Space does not permit much detail in regard to the work of our chapter, but in conclusion it may be said that Cayuga Chapter has enjoyed a very successful year and looks forward with glowing optimism to the year to follow.—(MRS. WILLARD W.) EDITH ANNA ELLIS, *historian*.

Anne Frisby Fitzhugh Chapter (Bay City, Mich.) is fifteen years old, and beginning with twelve members, has now a membership of seventy-five. It has contributed in various ways to the support of the interests of the National D. A. R., but has a paucity of "historic spots," being located in too new a part of the country.

However, the Flag we have always with us, and in 1914, inspired by a flag-raising at Kalamazoo, during a convention in the interests of the Children of the Republic, one of our members, now the regent of the chapter, Mrs. William Wright Williams, began a campaign for a special celebration of Flag Day, led by this chapter.

George A. Loud gave a benefit lecture on "Our Navy, Past and Present," illustrated by stereopticon views which he had collected during his ten years of service on the navy committee of the House. From this we received one hundred and forty-seven dollars, expending a total of one hundred and ninety dollars.

Wenonah Park was chosen as a site for a flag-pole, and a committee, of which Mrs. Williams was chairman, secured the gift of two eighty-foot timbers from Mr. Hanson of Grayling, which were delivered without cost. A flag-pole was made and erected in a cement foundation and a flag 20 by 30 feet procured.

Washington Gardner, a past commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., delivered an address at the dedication. The flag was flung to the breeze by two young ladies

of this city, lineal descendants of Betsey Ross. Military and patriotic societies and six hundred children carrying small flags marched in parade, and a large number of citizens attended the celebration. The flag was presented to the city by the regent, Miss Emma Genevieve Huncker, and received by Mayor Gustavus Hine.

In 1915, the chapter enlarged considerably upon the celebration. The mayor of the city, F. P. S. Kelton, made proclamation of a holiday. An invitation was extended, as before, to military and patriotic bodies, and these, with four thousand school children, formed the parade. Superintendent of Public Schools Frank A. Gause gave a half-holiday. A new and larger flag was carried at the head of the procession, which was led by the Thirty-third Regiment Band. The school children each carried an eighteen-inch flag. Major A. H. Gansser, marshal of the day, brought the children to surround the flag-staff, where were assembled the chairman of the day, Hon. George A. Loud, the speakers, regents, ex-regents, and officers of the chapter.

The bugle-call was sounded and the children sang "The Stars and Stripes Forever," accompanied by the band. Major A. H. Gansser delivered an inspiring speech. John Wesley Knaggs, a G. A. R. veteran, who lost his left arm at Malvern Hill during the Civil War, raised the flag, and as its colors unfolded to the sunlight, the children gave the Flag Salute.

The regent then presented the Flag to the city.

The mayor responded in behalf of the citizens, promising the flag should fly every day when the weather permitted, from sunrise to sunset.

The chapter has since formally resolved to celebrate Flag Day in a similar manner each year to cultivate in the children of the city, and especially the children of the foreign-born, an understanding and reverence for "Old Glory."—MAY STOCKING KNAGGS, *corresponding secretary*.

The Rogers Nelson Chapter (Marshall, Mo.)—We have had an interesting and profitable year. The meetings were well attended, with interesting programs and delightful social hours. In addition to our regular monthly meetings, numerous board and committee meetings have been held. We observed appropriately Washington's Birthday, Flag Day and July 4th. At the close of the schools in May, we presented a medal to Judson Ingram, who had the highest average in American history in the eighth grade.

Mrs. W. A. Vawter and Mrs. J. D. Fleming, of this chapter, have recently been appointed members of the National Old Trails Committee. Through our efforts the poles in the Road District have been marked with the red and white and blue, and D. A. R. Insignia, the first district to be marked.

We have succeeded in finding proof of the burial of six Revolutionary heroes in Saline county, and have applied for markers for two of these graves.

On October 9th, we unveiled a drinking fountain, located on the Court House Square, on the Old Trails Road, dedicating it as a memorial to those soldiers buried in the county. At this time we had a program of public addresses by Hon. Joshua Barbee and Hon. Virgil Huff, music and talks by representatives of the two other chapters in the county, which made it a very interesting occasion. On the shaft of the fountain is placed a bronze plate on which the names of these soldiers are inscribed.

We have contributed funds in numerous ways, and have given some delightful entertainments.

Four desecrations of the flag have been reported by our chairman on Flag Desecration, Mrs. J. D. Fleming. Our chapter was honored in November when we received the silk flag offered for the greatest number of desecrations reported.

Our membership numbers thirty-one; transfers, four; deaths, one; dropped,

three; eight new members and four papers in Washington.

LAURA WOODS-PLACE, *Regent*.

Old Glory Chapter (Franklin, Tenn.)—We have held pleasant and interesting monthly meetings throughout the year in the homes of the chapter members, beginning in October, 1914, with "King's Mountain Day," at the residence of our much esteemed regent, Mrs. N. B. Dozier.

It has been the constant endeavor of our regent to keep before the members all worthy aims and enterprises, and to encourage them to greater zeal and usefulness in D. A. R. work. Our recording secretary, Mrs. W. W. Campbell, has rendered invaluable aid by her concise and well written minutes, her faithful attendance, and charming hospitality. We are fortunate in having a most efficient treasurer, Mrs. T. J. Wallace.

We have twenty-eight members—three life members, Mrs. Marietta Watson Mayberry, Mrs. Minnie People Gamble, and Miss Annie Walker.

Our Washington Birthday celebration was interesting, with Mesdames Thomas and Rhodes as joint hostesses. At our April meeting we were honored by the presence of Prof. R. G. Peoples, of Battle Ground Academy, who gave an interesting lecture on the "Great War in Europe." On April 23, the chapter unveiled a tablet on the Masonic Hall (built in 1823) in Franklin, to mark the first Protestant Episcopal Church in Tennessee, founded August 25, 1827, by its first bishop, James A. Otey. Prominent citizens of Franklin were present, and school children furnished the music. Our regent presided, and Mrs. Sophia Fitts presented the tablet to the town. Mayor David Wagner accepted it, and the feature of the program was an address by Mr. J. W. Reid. The tablet is of native Tennessee marble. It was placed at the suggestion of Miss Susie Gentry, organizer of Old Glory Chapter. The tablet committee included Miss Susie Gentry, chairman; Mesdames

Lucy H. Norton, J. F. Hyde, J. C. Eggleston and Rector A. C. Killifer.

At the suggestion of our regent we have undertaken the restoration of the "old cemetery" of Franklin, where are buried two Revolutionary soldiers, Thomas Dudley and David Squires, and many of Tennessee's prominent sons and daughters. The chapter has already contributed \$25.00 to the work. Our mayor and board of aldermen have given us \$25.00 and other valuable assistance. At the request of our regent, Mrs. T. J. Wallace, is preparing a register of those buried in the cemetery, including bits of interesting history about them.

We are much interested in patriotic education, and feel it our duty to help educate the poor of our country. We have contributed to Memorial Continental Hall, and to the last marker on the Boone Trail, unveiled at Cumberland Gap in June. We have also recently contributed to the French motor ambulance as a tribute to Lafayette.

To stimulate interest in the study of history we offered a gold medal to the students of our country high school for the best essay on "Causes of the European War." We take *The Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine* and other patriotic literature, which keeps us in touch with D. A. R. work.

Old Glory Chapter was represented at the Continental Congress by Mrs. Louisa C. Gordon, whose account of the congress gives new enthusiasm to our work.

Our chapter has sustained a great loss in the death of Mrs. Sallie Jones Harris, who was greatly beloved.

Flag Day, our last meeting of the year, was appropriately celebrated at the home of our regent. Conspicuous among the decorations was the immense flag presented September 19, 1902, to Old Glory Chapter by Col. John S. Parks, U. S. Army (a native of Franklin). The flag was used by Admiral Dewey's fleet at Manila.

Col. Parks, our honor guest on this memorable afternoon, gave us an address

and our state poet, Elizabeth Fry Page, with her original rendition of "The Flag;" other original poems by Mrs. Theresa Perkins and Mrs. Martha Gentry, and a reading by Miss Louise Bailey, with music by Mrs. John McGavock and Miss Lucy Green, completed the program:

The officers of Old Glory Chapter are: Regent, (Mrs. N. B.) Tennie Pinkerton Dozier; vice regent, (Mrs. J. C.) Julia Plummer Eggleston; recording secretary, (Mrs. W. W.) James Briggs Campbell; corresponding secretary, (Mrs. R. J.) Louisa Cochrane Gordon; treasurer, (Mrs. T. G.) Eliza W. Wallace; chaplain, Mrs. Sophia Cochrane Fitts; historian, (Mrs. D. B.) Minnie H. Wright; registrar, Miss Annie Walker; librarian, Miss Mary Pinkerton; (Mrs. D. B.) Minnie H. Wright, *historian*.

Rumford Chapter (Concord, N. H.)—The unveiling and dedication of the memorial tablet and boulder, presented by Rumford Chapter to the City of Concord, took place with appropriate ceremonies on the afternoon of June 8, 1915.

The boulder, rough and unhewn, with a depression in the top which, tradition says, was used by the Indians as a receptacle in which to pound their corn, stands in the easterly corner of the Walker school lot near the state road. The inscription upon the tablet explains its purpose:

"On this historic spot was built, 1751

The first framed meeting house

Where the New Hampshire Convention
Ratified the Federal Constitution

Thereby assuring its adoption

June 21, 1788.

A Memorial

To the Soldiers of the town who
Took part in the War of the Revolution.

Placed by the Rumford Chapter
Daughters of the American Revolution,
1915.

The presentation exercises were extremely interesting. The boulder was presented to the city by Mrs. Benjamin

S. Rolfe, regent of Rumford Chapter, and accepted by Mayor French in the name of the City of Concord.

Remarks were made by Mrs. J. H. Dearborn, so well known to all loyal Daughters; by Miss Annie Wallace, State Regent; and Mrs. Will B. Howe, vice state regent. Mrs. James Minot, a past regent, gave an address detailing the history of the meeting house which formerly stood on this site, and the action of the convention which decided the adoption of the constitution.

Miss Mary T. Hutchins, fifth in descent from Col. Gordon Hutchins of Revolutionary fame, unveiled the boulder, assisted by Miss Ruth A. Ayers, and placed a wreath upon the stone.

The exercises closed with the singing of America, and a benediction by the Rev. A. F. Carter.—MRS. MARY E. DEMOND, *historian*.

Col. Hugh White Chapter (Lock Haven, Pa.)—The year just past has proven a notable one for this chapter, with deeper interest manifested and greater work accomplished—the last week of May proving the most memorable of the entire year. On May 27 we were honored by a visit from our state regent, Miss Emma L. Crowell of Philadelphia, and state vice-regent, Mrs. A. W. Cook of Cooksburg, and an evening reception was held in their honor at the spacious home of our regent, Mrs. R. W. Fredericks. Both the Daughters and their invited guests enjoyed the inspiring messages and reports of work accomplished in Pennsylvania, as given by these charming and enthusiastic women.

On Memorial Day the chapter gave their annual dinner to the veterans of the Civil War in Clinton county, numbering about eighty. This event is always a delightful one, but this year was only a prelude to the happenings of the day, as, in the afternoon the daughters motored to McElhattan, where impressive services were held incident to the presentation and dedication of a fine granite marker.

This marker was erected by Col. Henry W. Shoemaker, of New York, and McElhattan, who is intensely interested in pioneer history. He is the author of "Pennsylvania Mountain Stories," and many other books. The marker indicates the site of Fort Horn, one of the pioneer forts built for defense against the Indians, and also the scene of the signing of the "Pine Creek Declaration of Independence," which was simultaneous with the signing of the famous Declaration in Philadelphia, July 4, 1776. The tablet bears the following inscription:

*This marks the site of
Samuel Horn's Fort
In 1777.*

*It is said to be the site of a much older
French Trading Post.*

Music by the band; singing "America" by school children; prayer by Rev. Chas. H. Williamson; presentation of marker by Col. H. W. Shoemaker; "Star Spangled Banner" by band; unveiling of marker by Roland and Newton Fredericks, the little grandson of our regent; acceptance by Mrs. R. W. Fredericks, regent; patriotic address by Chas. Reilley of Williamsport; poem written for the occasion and read by the author, John Chatham; benediction by Rev. Sowers.

The presence of Troop K. Pennsylvania Volunteer Cavalry and the inspiring patriotic music added greatly to the enjoyment of the occasion. For the remainder of the day the chapter was most delightfully entertained at "Shoemaker Park" by Col. and Mrs. H. W. Shoemaker.

As usual our Washington's Birthday reception was held at the home of our beloved regent and, as always with this charming hostess, proved to be one of great pleasure. One of the events of the afternoon was the talk given by Miss Helen E. C. Overton of Bellefonte, former state regent of Pennsylvania. A novel feature of the program was the pretty initiation ceremony for our new member, Mrs. A. L. Miller.

At the dedication of Lock Haven's



MEMORIAL TABLET UNVEILED BY COL. HUGH WHITE CHAPTER

new High School building, we presented a beautiful flag, our regent making the presentation address and Miss Marie Marshall accepting on behalf of the school. The chapter gave \$10 for a Philippine scholarship in memory of our late regent, Mrs. Margaret Sterling Scott, and also contributed to the Berry School.

Since the "jitneys" have become so popular perhaps the work of the wide-awake chairman of our committee on Flag Desecration, Mrs. B. F. Geary, will be of interest. Finding the use of flags to designate the "jitneys" was against the law, which forbids their use for commercial purposes, she succeeded in persuading the management to remove the flags.

Several graves of Revolutionary soldiers have been located and we hope to place markers in the near future.—
LAURA E. LEITZELL, *chairman magazine committee.*

Hic-a-Sha-Ba-Ha Chapter (Starkville, Miss.)—The chapter was organized in September, 1910, by Mrs. Louise Muldrow Hutchinson, with seventeen char-

ter members. Our report for 1915 shows a membership of twenty-seven.

Historical study of the Colonial and Revolutionary periods forms a part of the program of the regular monthly meetings. This study is based on the Historical Year Book prepared by the Mississippi State Committee.

Each year since the organization of the chapter, we have presented a medal to the student of Starkville High School who has shown the greatest excellence in United States history. We have contributed \$10.00 each year to the fund for marking the Natchez Trace, the old Indian trail from Nashville, Tenn., to Natchez, Miss. The chapter has contributed \$5.00 each year to the Memorial Continental Hall Fund, except during 1915. Our greatest endeavor during 1915 has been the buying of a history in twelve volumes, "The South in the Building of the Nation," which was presented to the Starkville Public School. This school was also the recipient of a beautiful flag, presented by the chapter. The presentation was made at appropriate public exercises at the school building.

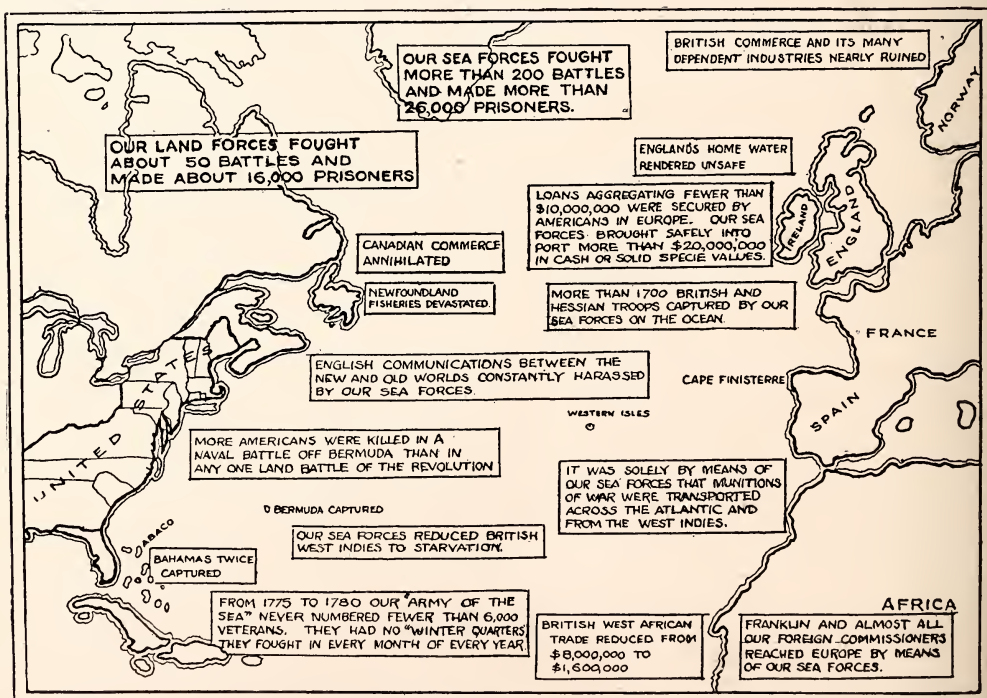
In 1911, the grave of Capt. William Hillhouse, a Revolutionary soldier, was marked. Dr. Raymond, the venerable pastor of the Old First Presbyterian Church and honorary chaplain of our chapter, who was present at the funeral of Capt. Hillhouse, officiated at the installation of the marker. A company of cadets from the Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College also participated in the exercises.

Because of the insistence of our Committee on Conservation, a quarantine against measles was established in the Starkville schools.

Our February hostess presented a series of tableaux and dramatized incidents of Colonial and Revolutionary history. These were beautifully cos-

tumed, historically correct, and afforded great pleasure to her guests. Since our organization two afternoon receptions have been held in the homes of chapter members. To these receptions all friends of the chapter were invited. On June 14, 1915, the chapter celebrated Flag Day at the home of the regent. A program appropriate to the occasion was followed by musical numbers delightfully rendered by three of our young friends, Miss Annabelle Hughes, Miss Annie Laurie McKay, and Mr. Mayo McKay. The program consisted of patriotic selections and old ballads.

Through the instrumentality of the chapter, \$160.96 was collected and sent to the Belgians.—(Mrs. R. W.) GRACE MOORE GAY, *regent*.



Republished by the kind permission of the American History League.

Copyright.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE U. S. NAVY DURING THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

Presentation of the President General's Badge

An interesting and charming event of the Twenty-fourth Continental Congress in Washington was the presentation of the gold and jeweled badge of the President General to Mrs. William Cumming Story. The badge is the official decoration of the office of president general, and is to be worn on all official occasions. It is the property of the National Society, and each president general is to deliver it to the one succeeding her in office.

The insignia committee comprised Mrs. William H. Reynolds, Mrs. Willard Augsbury, Mrs. George C. Squires, honorary chairman; and Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cooke, chairman.

The badge was presented to the president general, Mrs. William Cumming Story, by Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cooke, who said:

"During the session of the last Continental Congress a resolution was adopted providing for a committee of three to select a design for a badge to be worn by the president general and her successors. Mrs. William N. Reynolds, state regent of North Carolina, Mrs. Willard S. Augsbury, state regent of New York, and Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cook, state vice regent of Pennsylvania, were appointed to carry out the purpose of the congress, as provided for in that resolution. Mrs. George C. Squires was appointed honorary chairman.

"As chairman of that committee, Madam President General, I am about to present to you the result of our work during the past year in the form of the official badge.

"It was our desire to select a design which will show by its dignity, beauty, and grace the great responsibility attached to the highest office in the gift of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and at the same time denote the importance and significance which they as a society attach to it.

"Before finally presenting you with this badge, which you in turn will deliver to the one succeeding you in office, it would seem to be in keeping with the spirit of the occasion that the meaning of this design should be fully understood and appreciated.

"In the center of the pendant part of the badge is the great seal of the National Society surrounded by precious stones, emblematic of the high regard in which the daughters hold the National Organization. From this seal of our society (whose aim is to keep before the nation the bright ideal of patriotism) golden rays of light radiate in every direction. These rays represent the inspiration which our society gives to the nation and the value of this inspiration is made apparent by the jewels and gold of which the rays are composed.

"The American Eagle on the pin (which you will retain) is to remind you of the patriotic and national spirit of our great society, and the laurel wreath which surrounds it is symbolic of the authority and honor which belongs to the office of president general. But authority and honor are not the only attributes of the great office which has been entrusted to you, there is also the responsibility which is inseparable from it.

"Our faith in your ability to meet this responsibility and the confidence which the Daughters repose in their chief executive is expressed by the fact that in this badge the seal of the National Society is dependent upon the pin of its president general. This, then, is the tangible expression of our esteem and trust.

"Therefore, Madam President General, carrying out the desire of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, as expressed in the resolution passed at their last Continental Congress, it is my privilege and honor to present you with this badge, which will be henceforth recognized as

the official badge of our president general."

The badge was made by Bailey, Banks & Biddle, of Philadelphia, Pa., and the design is very beautiful. It consists of two parts; the decoration proper being equipped as a brooch pin, also with a pendant attachment which joins it to the bar, reading, "President General" in gold relief letters. The president general, upon her retirement from office, retains the bar.

The medallion is a 14-karat Roman gold pendant averaging 40 to 50 pennyweight, paved with full cut diamonds and sapphires, set flush with the mounting. The center is made of 14-karat green gold, having 13 small stars with a diamond set in the center of each star and the seal of the society reproduced in relief. These parts are highly modeled. Around this center is the wording: "Daughters of the American Revolution," and the dates in blue enamel. Attached to this is a band of platinum carved with laurel leaves, paved with full cut diamonds. The top part of the insignia is made with a green laurel wreath set with 8 full cut diamonds, and the wording "President General" in full relief on a ribbon. In the center of the wreath is a full modeled eagle, perched on arrows and olive leaves. The Insignia contains 52 full cut diamonds in all, of an aggregate weight of one and one-half carat, and 20 round Oriental sapphires, aggregating a weight of one and one-quarter

karat. The pin with pendant cost \$450, while the pins for the honorary presidents general were \$60 apiece.

At the Twenty-third Continental Congress, when the resolution was adopted for the President General's badge, it was also directed that a pin be given to each of the four living honorary presidents general. Their pin is the same in design as the bar to which the President General's badge is attached, except that the word "Honorary" is placed above those of "President General."

The following letters of acknowledgment have been received by the President General of these Honorary Presidents General's pins from Mrs. John W. Foster, Mrs. Daniel Manning and Mrs. Matthew T. Scott:

My Dear Mrs. Story:

Will you please convey to the Congress of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, my heartfelt thanks for the beautiful pin sent to me by the Congress? It is very highly appreciated, I assure you, and will be preserved and handed down to my family as a precious treasure.

Thank you, my dear Mrs. Story, for your very gracious note that accompanied the pin. Thanking you and the Society again, I am,

Very sincerely yours,

Mary Parke Foster.

Mrs. William Cumming Story,
President General, N. S. D. A. R.

My dear Madam President:

The beautiful and artistic pin that the 24th Continental Congress of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution by its unanimous vote directed should be presented to the Honorary Presidents General was received during a long absence from home and which I now have the honor to accept. I shall



Official Badge of the President General

ever hold it in grateful remembrance of the happy years I found in my close association with a splendid Board, and the noble Society of Daughters who had honored me as their head, and to which service I gave with wholeheartedness, to the best of my ability, the years I was privileged to serve them. This valued memento will be an incentive to increased and unfailing interest in the organization, to promote its welfare and high ideals.

I congratulate you, Madame President, on your successful administration, and may God bless you to the finish, and all the years of your life.

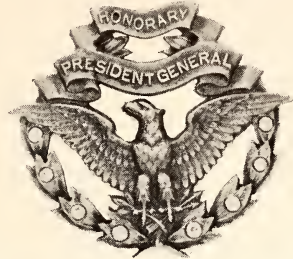
Very sincerely yours,
Mary Margaretta Fryer Manning.

Mrs. William Cumming Story,
President General, National Society Daughters American Revolution, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

My dear Mrs. Story:

Allow me to express to you and through you to the members of the Twenty-fourth Continental Congress of the National Society, Daughters

of the American Revolution, my grateful appreciation of the very beautiful pin, forwarded here, that I received a day or two ago.



Badge presented to Honorary Presidents General

I can scarcely say how deeply I am touched by this expression of the kindness of my beloved "Daughters" in whose welfare my heart is bound up and to whom my unswerving devotion is pledged.

Very sincerely yours,
Julia G. Scott.

Book Reviews

A list of the Historical and Genealogical Works in the library, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C. (price 35 cents, postage 3 cents extra).

It is no exaggeration to state that a searcher for facts can not spend thirty-five cents to better advantage than in the purchase of this modest little pamphlet of 80 pages, published during the summer under the supervision of the Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R., Mrs. George M. Sternberg. While it is confined strictly to works in the Library D. A. R., scarcely anyone can be found who will not gain information from a perusal of its pages. This is due largely to its arrangement of subjects. First are arranged under states (placed in alphabetical order) all books pertaining to those states, including not only those of a general nature, but also town and county histories. Then follows a list of general works on Genealogy, Heraldry and Biography; and a list of the Family Histories owned by the library. The last

ten pages are taken up with lists of Washingtoniana, Historical and Patriotic Societies, Flags, History, General Works and Periodicals. For the residents of Washington, D. C., or those who contemplate visiting Washington and wish to avail themselves of the benefits of the library, it is an invaluable guide; and for others it is a compact, clear bibliography on the principal works in connection with the different subjects.

Some Old Colonial Families of Virginia, by Cynthia Martin Polk, (Price \$2.50. Published in Memphis, Tennessee by Paul and Douglass Company.)

Baylor's History of the Baylors, collected and edited by O. W. and Henry B. Baylor, LeRoy, Illinois. (Published by the LeRoy Journal Printing Company.)

These two books have been received during the summer vacation, and while neither of them has an index, they contribute to our store of information of

Virginia families. The first one deals principally with the Fleming, Martin, Payne, Pillow, Steptoe and Woodson families, although it treats of several of the collateral families like the Bradfords and Carrolls of Tennessee.

The other makes especial mention of men by name of Baylor who served dur-

ing the Revolution, several of whom moved to Kentucky and Mississippi in later life. The appendix gives the record from the Adjutant General's Office at Washington of Colonel George and Lieutenant John Baylor in the Revolution and Lieutenant Cyrus Alexander Baylor of Kentucky in the War of 1812.

In Memoriam

Elizabeth Jackson Chapter mourns the loss of their Registrar and charter member in the death on Friday, Oct. 1, 1915, of Mrs. Alice Bedon Fishburne at her home, 1727 Euclid street, Washington, D. C. Her mother, Mrs. Mary C. McLure Wysong, founder and now honorary regent of the chapter, a daughter and son survive her.

Mrs. Fishburne will be much missed, as she was intensely interested in everything concerning the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Early in the year, the residents of Ithaca were pained to learn of the death, at Oak Park, Illinois, of Mrs. Harriet Dewey Ireland, formerly of Ithaca.

The death of this estimable woman is keenly felt by the members of Cayuga Chapter, D. A. R., who realize the importance of her work in the formation of the chapter and in fostering its early growth.

Acting first in the capacity of regent and later as historian and as registrar, she established her claim to a place of importance in the life history of the chapter.

Died on Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1915, Nannie Burwell Norton, daughter of the Rev. George H. Norton, D.D., and Ann Burwell Marshall, his wife, of Alexandria, and great-granddaughter of Chief Justice John Marshall, of Fauquier County, Va.

The death of Miss Norton is a severe loss, not only to her family but to the community where she lived, and to whose people she was endeared by many acts

of charity and kindness. Her excellent judgment, enthusiastic interest and untiring industry made her a most efficient worker in the various societies of which she was a member.

Miss Norton was born on Aug. 29, 1867, at "Leeds Manor," Fauquier Co., Va., the old home of her mother, which was built by Chief Justice Marshall for his favorite son and where he spent the last years of his life.

Becoming a member of the Mount Vernon Chapter, D. A. R., shortly after its organization, Miss Norton filled more than one office in the chapter of which she was vice regent at the time of her death.

Mrs. Savillah Wyatt Latham, charter member of Abraham Lincoln Chapter, D. A. R., died April 7, 1915, at Lincoln, Ill. She was closely identified with the interest of her chapter from the time of its organization, which was effected in her home, until in the same place and shortly before her last illness, she assisted in celebrating its nineteenth Anniversary. She gave never failing aid and sympathy in all chapter relations.

Elizabeth Wadsworth Chapter of Portland, Maine, reports with regret the loss by death of the following members:

Miss Jean Lincoln Crie, died July 27, 1913. She was a charter member and the first secretary of the chapter, serving three years.

Mrs. Frances Evelyn Webb, died August 19, 1914. She was the first treasurer of the chapter, serving for four years.

Mrs. Martha Robinson, a charter

member, died March 5, 1914. She served as chaplain for four years and was always an interested and most efficient worker in the chapter.

Mrs. Ann Irene Palmer, died December 23, 1914. She was the organizer of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Maine, the first regent of Elizabeth Wadsworth chapter, serving in that capacity for two years, resigning to take the office of State Regent, which she held for one year.

Mrs. Frances Olivia King, died January 21, 1915. Mrs. King was a charter member of our chapter and served as registrar for six years. She had eight ancestors who served in the Revolutionary War.

Mrs. Anna Choate Horne died June 5, 1915. Mrs. Horne was one of the oldest and most useful members of our chapter, always ready to help in all the work of the chapter.

Mrs. Martha E. Robie, wife of Ex-Governor Robie, was a member of our chapter seven years and was a willing helper in all the work of the chapter. She died September 1, 1915, at Gorham, Maine.

Died, October 17, 1915, Mrs. Almeda C. Lane Higgins, aged 92 years. Her life was filled with good works. She was a member of the Martha Washington Chapter, N. S. D. A. R. She leaves her aged husband, two daughters, and one sister to mourn her loss.

Mrs. Sara McCandlish Miller, wife of the Hon. F. A. Miller, and a member of the Major Robert Lyde Chapter, Hartsville, S. C., died at her home May 3, 1915.

She was a member of the Frances Bland Randolph Chapter of Petersburg, Va., and upon coming to Hartsville as a bride, attended the first meeting of the Major Robert Lyde Chapter. She was elected registrar and afterwards served two years as regent.

Her past experience, her enthusiasm, her patriotism, and her loyalty to the chapter were an inspiration, while her life was an example to all true womanhood.

Mrs. Sallie Lyon Foote Waller, widow of Charles J. Waller, born in Mobile, Ala., died in Richmond, Va., March 18, 1915. She was buried from Christ Church in the family plot in Magnolia Cemetery, Mobile, Ala.

Brilliant, well read, she was a devoted member of the Mary Washington Chapter, which mourns her loss. She is survived by three sisters.

Mrs. Mary McDonald, wife of Dr. J. W. McDonald, died September 6, 1915, at Fairmont Hospital No. 3. She was a member of the William Haymond Chapter of the N. S. D. A. R. She was a woman of many lovable qualities and Christian virtues.

NOTICE

To insure accuracy and the expeditious handling of all material for the magazine, it is requested that whenever possible contributions be typewritten.
—EDITOR.

MARRIAGE RECORD EXCHANGE

Through the National Committee on Historical Research

Mrs. Willard S. Augsbury, Historian General, Chairman

Marriages performed by Justice Asa Pratt, Canton, Penna., 1828-1834.

Allen, Nehemiah, of Franklin, and Mrs. Susanna (Stone) Smiley, widow of John, Oct. 27, 1830.
Andrews, Elisha, and Lovina Locke, Feb. 25, 1832.

Arthur, Luther C., and Deborah Grant of Jackson township, Lycoming Co., Pa., Aug. 8, 1832.

Bagley, Edward, and Betsey Bennett, Nov. 25, 1832.

Batten, John, of Oakland (Elkland) township, Lycoming Co., Pa., and Emily Williams of Canton, May 5, 1831.

Brigham, George, and Amy Stockwell, May 5, 1831.

Brown, Frederick, of New York, and Mary Ann McCulley of Jackson township, Lycoming Co., Pa., Sept. 13, 1830.

Case, Philander, of Troy, and Betsey Granteer of Canton, Sept. 21, 1831.

Chatfield, David, and Laura Spencer, both of Union township, Tioga Co., Pa., Oct. 11, 1831.

Cole, David, and Mehitable Roberts, Oct. 16, 1834.

Conklin, James, and Orinda Granteer, Jan. 22, 1834.

Eaton, Daniel, and Caroline Foster, Dec. 17, 1833.

Granteer, John, and Mrs. Polly (Moore) Wilcox, Aug. 16, 1832.

Hackett, Peleg, of Smithfield and Maria Pratt of Canton, Aug. 19, 1832.

Haxton, Hosca, and Miranda Pepper, Nov. 2, 1834.

Heacock, Nathaniel and Mrs. Hearty (White) Palmer, widow of Stephen, Aug. 25, 1830.

Holcomb, Benjamin, of Canton, and Delight Chaapel of Franklin township, daughter of Isaac, March 21, 1832.

Ine, Henry P., of Bellefonte, Pa., and Orilla Ruttty of Union township, Tioga Co., Pa., Jan. 7, 1834.

Jones, James A., and Maria Williams, June 12, 1834.

Kilbourn, Ozias, and Electa Granteer, daughter of Jacob, Nov. 29, 1832.

Landon, Joseph W., and Miss Lydia Conklin, March 27, 1832.

Landon, Levi, and Mehitable Coon, Aug. 14, 1832.

Lindley, Joseph, and Lovina Manley, Jan. 24, 1833.

Loomis, George, and Sally Ann Eaton, Dec. 20, 1832.

Loper, Jephtha, of Elkland township, Lycoming Co., Pa., and Christina Shaeffer of Hepburn township, Lycoming Co., Pa., Jan. 9, 1834.

Newell, William, and Polly Clark, Aug. 7, 1834.

Porter, Minor T., of Granville township, and Amanda Spencer of Union township, Tioga Co., Pa., Aug. 13, 1831.

Porter, Seth, of Granville and Maria Sellard of Canton, Dec. 26, 1833.

Pratt, Julius, of Canton, and Rebecca Roberts of Franklin, May 24, 1834.

Roberts, Jacob, of Canton, and Abigail Bailey of Franklin, Jan. 24, 1833.

Rundall, Isaac, and Susan Hoagland, March 10, 1831.

Rundell, Harrison P., and Mary Hoagland, April 25, 1832.

Ruttty, Ezra Wright, of Union township, Tioga Co., and Minerva Loomis of Canton, Sept. 17, 1834.

Sellard, Oliver, and Betsey Watts, daughter of John, Oct. 26, 1831.

Shoemaker, Pane, of Granville township, and Rachel Pepper, Dec. 25, 1834.

Smead, Elihu, of Columbia township, and Betsey Farr, May 24, 1830.

Smiley, Milton, and Jane Watts, daughter of John, Dec. 25, 1828.

Smith, Elbert, and Orpha Andrews, Dec. 19, 1831.

Smith, Putnam, of Charleston township, Tioga Co., and Nancy Williams July 12, 1832.

Spencer, Linde, and Betsey Stewart, Oct. 6, 1829.

Vanburen, John, of Center Co., Pa. and Mrs. —, March 20, 1834.

Williams, Thomas, and Amy Bagley, Oct. 31, 1830.

Wilson, Hezekiah, and Eliza Moore, Jan. 22, 1831.

Withey, Jeduthian, of Canton, and Mrs. Phoebe (Thorne) Comfort of Columbia township, Jan. 25, 1832.

GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

1. Any one is allowed the privilege of sending queries to this department, *provided* they pertain to the Revolutionary period, or that following. Questions pertaining to the Colonial period must be excluded for want of space; also all queries in regard to the requirements of other societies.

2. Queries will be inserted in the order in which they are received. It will, necessarily, be some months between the sending and printing of a query.

3. Answers or partial answers are earnestly desired; and full credit will be given to the sender of the answer, by the Genealogical Editor. She is not responsible for any statements, however, except for those given over her own signature.

4. Write on one side of the paper only. Especial care should be taken to write names and dates *plainly*.

5. Each separate query must be accompanied by a two-cent stamp. Do not use postal cards, or self-addressed envelopes.

6. All Letters to be forwarded to contributors, must be unsealed, and sent in blank, stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its signature.

7. In answering queries, please give the date of the magazine, the number of the query, and its signature.

8. It is impossible for the Genealogical Editor, as such, to send personal replies to queries. They must take their turn and be answered through the columns of the magazine.

ANSWERS

2606. (6) GALBRAITH. In the September issue of the magazine the statement is made that no Rev. service could be found for James Galbraith (1703 or 4- 1786) who m at Christ Church, Phila. April 6, 1734, Eliz. Bertram. In Vol. XXVIII of the D. A. R. Lineage Book is found the service of this James. He had served in the Provincial Wars, and was appointed Lieut. Col. of the Cumberland Co. Penna. Militia, although on account of age he rendered no active service. Mrs. Wood has left out James' son, Bertram, his most prominent son. Wm. Galbraith was b in 1736 (not 1738) and m Jean Webster; Bertram b. Sept. 24, 1738, m (1) Ann Scott, m (2) Henrietta Huling (not Huntingdon) and d Mch. 9, 1804. He was a Member of the Provincial Convention of Jan. 23, 1775, delegate to the Prov. Conference June 18, 1776, Colonel of one of the Lancaster Battalions of Associators, County Lieut. in 1777, and filled many other important offices. Andrew Galbraith who m in 1780 Barbara Kyle never was a private. He was High Sheriff of Cumberland Co. under George III, raised two companies when the war broke out and went direct to the front. We have his commission as Major signed by Benjamin Franklin as President of the Committee of Safety dated Sept. 10, 1776. He was taken prisoner at the Battle of Long Island and confined on the prison ship "Judith" in N. Y. harbor. We have a portion of his diary written while on board that ship, and I entered the D. A. R. through his service. Mrs. Wood omits to mention that Eliz. dau of Andrew Galbraith was b 1784, m Dr. Kelso of

Harrisburg, and d Apr. 18, 1818; that Barbara, another child b 1793, m Chas. P. Gordon, grand-father of the late Gen. and Governor Gordon; and that Ann, b 1797, m Aug. 29, 1826, Charles Hall and d in 1858. *Mrs. Elisha Tibbitts*, Charter member D. A. R., Berkeley, Calif.

2490. PAINE. The Stephen Paine of A. R. H.'s query moved from Coventry, Conn. where the births of five children are recorded to Partridgefield (now Peru) Mass. and served as a sergeant from that place in the Rev. Both he and his wife Rebecca Bushnell died there. The name "Bushnell" among the twelve children of Ebenezer L. Payne of Hinsdale, Mass. indicate their parentage. The Brewster Genealogy gives this Stephen as son of Benjamin and Mary (Brewster) Paine; and grandson of John and Deborah (Neal) Paine. Mary Brewster, b Apr. 22, 1704 was the dau of Benjamin and Mary (Smith) Brewster m Benjamin Paine in Lebanon Conn. Oct. 19, 1726. Stephen was b June 26, 1735 in Preston or Coventry. Another Stephen Payne son of Ebenezer and Mary, was b Woodstock, Conn. Sept. 17, 1749. What Stephen Paine m Sarah Leach in Pomfret in 1727? *Mrs. George A. Wallace*, 345 Lafayette Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

2988. TYLER-PAINE. For ancestry of Mabel (Tyler) Paine see Revolutionary Records in the Nov. issue under the heading Paine and Tyler. *Gen. Ed.*

3189. (3) THORNHILL. There is no mention of a Thornhill Genealogy in the list of Genealogies compiled by the Congressional Library or at the D. A. R. Neither has anyone entered the

D. A. R. on an ancestor named Thornhill; nor is his name to be found in the thirty volumes of Pension Applications filed in the D. A. R. *Gen. Ed.*

3867. (2) LEWIS. In the Genealogy of the Lewis and Kindred Families, to be found in all large libraries, is a full account of John Lewis of Halifax and his ancestry. *Miss Mittie Lucas Edwards*, Eastman, Ga.

3886. (2) SHUGART. Two of the children of Zachariah Shugart, a Lieut. of Swope's Battalion of the Flying Camp in 1776 were: John (1781-1836) who m Catherine Swartzwelder, and Joseph B. who m Mary Mendall. (See D. A. R. Lineage Book, Vol. XL.) *Gen. Ed.*

3985. McMECHEN. Through the courtesy of *Miss N. J. Morrow*, 607 11th St. Moundsville, West Va. we are enabled to make some corrections in the query, and to furnish information in regard to the McMechen Family. Mr. James McMechen lived on the West Va. side of the river, opposite Captina, Ohio (not West Va.). The pioneer McMechen, whose name was William, came from Md. not Phila. He had a brother, James, who came with him from Md. William took up a claim of 400 acres in Marshall Co. and improved the land. James went farther down the river, locating near St. Mary's. William m Sidney Johnston, a Welsh lady, and his son James was at one time clerk of the Court of Ohio Co. and later went to Moorefield, West Va. The eldest son of Wm. never came west, but remained in Baltimore. His name was Wm. also. Another son, David, went back from Va. to Baltimore; and the youngest son, Benjamin, lived and died at the old homestead in Marshall Co. His sisters were: Nancy, Sallie, Sidney and Jane. Benjamin had a son, James, who was my uncle, and the brother of my mother.

3990. NEAL. *Mrs. Mary E. (Neal) Hanford*, 514 N. Winnebago St. Rockford, Ill. calls attention to a misprint in the answer to this query in the Sept. issue. The name of the oldest son of Samuel Neal Sen. was Samuel, not Samuel K. She went to Stratham, N. H. and copied a great deal from the town records, and is about to publish a book on the Neal Family. Joseph Neal, b Mch. 23, 1762, was the son of Samuel Neal and Eliz. Haley (sister of Richard Haley, grandfather of Rev. John W. Hayley, author of the Haley, Piper, Neal and Ricker Genealogy). Samuel, the father of this Samuel m Eliz. Lock, dau of Deacon Wm. Lock, and was himself a descendant of Walter Neal of Portsmouth, N. H. the Explorer.

4036. NORRIS. Benjamin Norris, son of Benjamin and Mehitabel (Stevens) Norris, was b Stratham, N. H. Feb. 24, 1731, and lived there until he was twenty years old. Purchased land in Bow, and in 1758 in Suncook; was in Pembroke in 1759; was called Captain, but served in the Rev. in Capt. McConnel's Co.

May 4, 1777 (Vol. XIV, N. H. State Papers, p 588). He m Sarah Wiggim (1736—Dorchester, Mass. 1826) and d Jan. 31, 1799. *Mrs. S. W. McKee*. The Gen. Ed. regrets to add to this information that neither the birth, marriage or death of Benjamin Norris is to be found in the records of Stratham, both Church and Town, which are published in the N. H. Genealogical Record, and are considered to be a careful and complete record.

4094. (2) RICE. Zebulon Rice, b Feb. 27, 1711, m Jan. 27, 1737 (not 1757) Abigail Forbush in Westboro, Mass. Their oldest child, Persis, was b Nov. 19, 1737. In a little book called "By the name of Rice" edited by Charles Elmer Rice, Alliance, Ohio, he states that Persis (Rice) Putnam was the granddaughter of Charles Rice, son of Thomas and Anna (Rice) Rice. He does not give the parents of Persis; but makes mention of Zebulon (evidently the one who m Abigail Forbush) who was a soldier in Capt. Benjamin Fay's Co. in 1757 from Westboro. *Mrs. Helen Nye Rupp*, Registrar, Monmouth, Ill.

4104. (2) TAYLOR. James Taylor who m Lydia Taylor Sept. 15, 1741, m (2) Dec. 2, 1756, Mary Dickinson; and m (3) Nov. 21, 1781, Mary Rist. He d Jan. 30, 1797. (See History Sutton, Mass. pp 733-34.) *Mrs. A. M. C. Riley*, Claremont, N. H.

4107. CAMPBELL. In "Historical Sketches of the Campbells, Pilchers, and kindred families" by Mrs. Margaret Campbell Pilcher, Nashville, Tenn. the ancestry of Charles Campbell is carried back nine generations. Charles Campbell and Margaret Buchanan were the parents of William Campbell (1745-1781) who m Eliz. sister of Patrick Henry, and was one of the heroes at Kings Mountain. He was commissioned Col. in 1780 and was also in the Va. House of Delegates in May, 1776. *Miss A. Lou Neilson*, 2nd. South St. Oxford, Miss.

4109. (2) SUTLIFF-SQUIRES. The Sutliff Genealogy mentions no Rev. service for John Sutliff, father of Gad, who is presumably the John of this query. He served in the French and Indian War. The Sutliff Genealogy gives the name of his wife as Lucy Hodgkin; the History of Durham, Conn. as Lucy Stocking. Which is correct? Gad Sutliff was a Rev. soldier, and pensioner. The Buffalo Chapter D. A. R. had his name until recently among those who were buried in Erie Co. N. Y. but it has been discovered that he died suddenly in Bennington, N. Y. and was undoubtedly buried there. A page by page study of the History of Durham, Conn. (another good book whose value is marred from the lack of an index) might reveal the parentage of Katherine Squires, wife of Gad Sutliff. *Mrs. George A. Wallace*, Registrar Buffalo Chapter, 345 Lafayette Ave. Buffalo, N. Y.

4112. COOPER. There was a Samuel Cooper

of Mass. who d Aug. 19, 1840, who was Adjutant of a Corps of Artillery in 1784; but no mention is made by Heitman of a man of that name as Major on Washington's staff. There was also a Samuel Cooper of Va. who was Ensign in 1777 who was cashiered in 1778. There is a Rock Creek cemetery and an Oak Hill cemetery in Washington, D. C. but no Rock Hill cemetery. *Gen. Ed.*

4142. BARTLETT. Benjamin Bartlett Jr. who m Ann Givens and lived in New York state is not a descendant of Josiah Bartlett, Signer of the Declaration of Independence. *Gen. Ed.*

4146. WINN (WYNN). Thomas Winn, Rev. soldier from Va. was b Dec. 17, 1753 m Eliz. Dabney Anderson lived in Fluvanna Co. and had a dau. who m Samuel Tucker Woodson. He is mentioned in McAllister's "Virginia Militia in the Revolution" as Thomas Wynne, who was sworn in as an Ensign Sept. 4, 1777. He was the son of a colonial Captain John Winn b Jan. 20, 1705, and his ancestors were in Virginia from 1607. He had a brother Peter, who m the widow Sallie (George) King; and four sisters: Mrs. John Glazebrook, Mrs. Snead, Mrs. Hollman and Mrs. Ellett. Mrs. Glazebrook had a son, Richard, who m his first cousin, Catherine Winn Snead, and had a son, John, b Feb. 10, 1775 who m Judith Blackwell in 1795. Thomas also had a brother, John Winn who was a Rev. soldier. From an old Bible record we find the following: John Winn Jr. b Dec. 23, 1751, m Mary, dau. of Thomas Bowles; she was b Aug. 8, 1751, and m July 8, 1773. Their ch. were: Thomas, b Aug. 26, 1774, m Miss Johnston of Goochland Co. Va. and settled in Ky.; Elizabeth, b Oct. 31, 1776, m Hardin Davis, and settled in Ky.; Mary, b June 20, 1778, m Dr. Tyman Wayt, and lived in Charlottesville, Va.; Sarah, b 1779, d inf.; Lucy, b May 29, 1781, m Col. John Jordan and settled in Lexington, adjoining Monticello; John, b Sept. 9, 1782, m Emily Johnston, sister of the wife of his brother Thomas; Rhoda, b Apr. 21, 1785, m Daniel Edwards and lived in Henrico Co. Va.; Joseph, b Dec. 5, 1786, lived in Lexington, Va. m Sarah Brown, and is the ancestor of Charles B. Winn, Austin, Texas; Jesse, b July 15, 1789, m Eliza Austin, and lived in Hanover Co. and in Richmond, Va.; Sallie, b Mch. 16, 1792, m Wm. Patman of Hanover Co., Va.; Nancy, b Jan. 11, 1794, m Smith Austin, and lived in Hanover Co. Va. It is possible that the Thomas Winn, son of John, who moved to Ky. may have married twice; for I find on the records of Glasgow, Barren Co. Ky. that Thomas Winni was married to Elizabeth Depp by Rev. Jacob Locke Jan. 14, 1820. The records also show that Thomas Winn, Joseph Ralston and Billy Snead were commissioners appointed by the Court to settle the estate of Richard Glazebrook Mch. 20, 1816. The oldest

Baptist church in Hanover Co. Va. is Winn's Church, so called because the land on which the church stands was donated by the Colonial Capt. John Winn, Sen. my ancestor. Among the first ministers of this church were John Clay, Reuben Ford, Benjamin Bowles, John Waller and Wm. Webber. *Mrs. Effe Bowles Kelley*, 944 W. Grace St. Richmond, Va.

4148. GALE. Thomas Gale who belonged to the 11th. and 15th. regiments of Va. Continentals was b in Isle of Wight Co. Va. and was a brother of my great grandmother, Eliz. (Gale) Flood. Burwell Flood, brother in law of Elizabeth, was in the same company. They enlisted as young men and were with Col. Morgan for some time in all his campaigning after he was made Colonel. It is possible that by applying to the Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C. one may find particulars of Thomas Gale's after life. *John Shepherd*, 39 South La Salle St. Chicago, Ill.

4164. JACKSON. Andrew Jackson and his wife Elizabeth Hutchinson emigrated from Carrickfergus, Ireland, to Charleston, S. C. in 1765 with their two children, Hugh and Robert, and also the families of the two married sisters of Elizabeth Jackson. They went to the Waxhaw Settlement about 160 miles north-west of Charleston, and built themselves a small cabin there on the banks of Twelve Mile Creek. They possessed small means but were thrifty, industrious, honest settlers, and started their new life with high hopes for prosperity and success. Within two years Andrew died, however, and the young widow, with her two sons, went to the house of a brother in law, George McKeney, where Andrew (named for his father) was born in March, 1767. Soon afterwards they moved to the house of another brother in law, Mr. Crawford, who lived just over the border line in South Carolina. As her family had been linen weavers in the old country, she supported herself, and provided for the education of her boys (especially for Andrew whom she hoped to educate for the ministry) by spinning and weaving, and soon became noted for the beauty of her work. When the Rev. war broke out Hugh Jackson mounted his horse and joined the troopers of the regiment equipped by Wm. Richardson Davie. Under "Uncle Davie" as he was affectionately called by his men, Hugh fought at the battle of Stono, and died from the heat and exhaustion of that conflict. In 1780 and again in 1781 the Jacksons were driven from their home by the Tories that infested the neighborhood; and in one of the sallies the two boys were taken prisoners. Finally the poor mother managed to effect an exchange at Camden; and they started their journey of forty miles to their home, with only one horse between them. The boys had been exposed to small-pox, and a drenching rain which they encountered proved too much for

their endurance, and within two days Robert succumbed to the disease. Andrew finally rallied; and as soon as she could leave him, the devoted patriot returned to the prison to care for other sufferers; making the journey of 160 miles to Charleston for that purpose, with two other women. But her exertions had told too much upon her and within a week Elizabeth Jackson herself was taken down with fever, and died at the home of a relative near Charleston, and was buried in an open field and all trace of her grave was lost before Andrew Jackson grew to manhood. After his mother's death Andrew Jackson practised the saddler's trade for a time, but in 1784 began the study of law in Salisbury, N. C. became an attorney, and in 1788 was appointed public prosecutor in the new District of Tenn. In 1791 he married Mrs. Rachel Robards, dau. of Col. John Donelson of Va. but had no descendants live to maturity. The above facts are mostly gleaned from "Pioneer Mothers of America" by Harry Clinton Green and Mary Wolcott Green to which I so often refer. See also answer to 3413 in the August issue. *Gen. Ed.*

4168. (3) COLLINS. In the list of S. C. Rev. Soldiers, published in the Columbia "State" is found the name Joseph Collins, but no further information is given concerning him. *Gen. Ed.*

4181. SWEENEY. There is no printed genealogy of the Sweeney family in the Congressional Library. Neither have the marriage licenses of Frederick Co. Md. been printed in full. Some of them are to be found in Scharf's History of Western Maryland. A typewritten copy could possibly be obtained by writing Miss Minnie Mickley, Mickleysville, Penna. *Gen. Ed.*

4190. FLOURNOY. It is not probable that the father of a woman born in 1721 would have served in the Revolution in a military capacity; although he may have rendered civil service. Mrs. Charles G. Eimer, 601 South Jackson St. Belleville, Ill. writes that a Flournoy Genealogy is being compiled by Mrs. Bessie Loud Weatherbee, of Williston, S. C. and is almost ready to be published. She urges all who are interested in the Flournoy family to write her. She also states that the name Julia Elizabeth runs through the entire Flournoy family, she being descended from one Julia Eliz. who was the dau of Matthew Flournoy, High Sheriff of Prince Edward Co. Va. from 1756 to 1784. This Julia Eliz. m Geo. Blackburn of Ky. who was afterward elected Gov. of Kentucky. *Gen. Ed.*

4234. THAYER. Elijah, tenth child of David and Hannah (Thayer) Thayer of Mendon, Mass. was born May 14, 1744 and m Anna Cady Dec. 30, 1773. They lived first in Mendon, Mass. where Elijah served in the Rev. (See Mass. Archives, Vol. XV, p 529) and his

name is recorded among a list of men belonging to Capt. Gershom Nelson's Co., dated July 19, 1776. About 1790 Elijah moved to Brooklyn, Conn. and in 1799, his wife was admitted to the church, and their seven children were baptized: Betsey, b 1777, who m John Child of Woodstock, Apr. 17, 1800; Deborah, b 1779; John, b May 23, 1781, m Sarah Mower; Mary (or Polly) who d.y. William, b Sept. 21, 1784, m Eliz. Carpenter; Joseph m Catherine Eliz. Webb, and Fanny Maria, who d.y. "Capt. Elijah" was ad. to the church Aug. 9, 1813, and d Dec. 3, 1817. Anna Cady, was the dau. of John Cady of Canterbury, and Deborah Benjamin, whom he m Feb. 4, 1752. In the records of the Episcopal church, among the Burials is this item: "December 14, 1850, Mrs. Anna Thayer, aged 99 years." She and her two younger sisters, Esther and Lucy were bapt. in the Cong. Church at Brooklyn, Sept. 25, 1757, and the same day John Cady, and his wife Deborah, owned the Covenant. The other ch. of John and his wife Deborah, were Samuel, bapt. Feb. 25, 1759; Mary, Sept. 6, 1761; Kezia, May 13, 1764; Sarah, Nov. 2, 1766; Joseph and Isaac, twins, Dec. 4, 1768; Hannah, Jan. 9, 1770; John Clark, July 12, 1772; George Washington, Dec. 31, 1775; and Lavinia, July 11, 1779. Both John and Deborah were living in 1793, when Deborah, wife of John, joined the church. Elijah Thayer is referred to as Capt. Elijah both in the Town records, and in the inscription on his tombstone; but it is probable that the service performed was after the Revolution. After the death of John Child, Betsey (Thayer) Child m in 1812, Mark Lyon.—*Gen. Ed.*

4250. ATWOOD. In the History of Ancient Windham, Conn. by William L. Weaver (a copy of which is in the State Library at Hartford, Conn.) the ancestry of Elisha Atwood is given as follows: He was the son of Heman Atwood, of Mansfield, who m Jerusha Case, dau. of Capt. Wm. Case of Tolland Conn. Meh. 12, 1767. (William Case was a Sergeant from July 1 to Dec. 14, 1776 in Capt. Simeon Smith's Co. and later a Capt. of Militia.) Heman and Jerusha (Case) Atwood had: Heman, b Oct. 22, d unm.; Eunice, b Apr. 6, 1777, d unm.; Elisha, Ira, b Oct. 1782, d.y. Nancy, b Sept. 11, 1782, m Mr. Hosmer moved to Walpole, N. H. and raised a large family; Dan, b Nov. 4, 1787, m Polly Sawyer (dau. of Asahel) and became a leader among the Mormons; and Lucy, b Meh. 18, 1790, m Elijah Dimock. Heman was the son of Thomas who settled in Mansfield bef. 1750 with a family, and d in 1784. (His will is dated April 14, 1783, and probated Apr. 24, 1784. In this will he mentions a wife, Hannah and the following children: Jonathan, who m Hannah Arnold, dau. of Lieut. Robert; Nathaniel, Eunice, who m Ebenezer Dunham; Thomas, a soldier in the

Cont. Line, 1780; and Heman. Jonathan who m Hannah Arnold Ang. 29, 1781 had: Anne, b 1752, d 1754; Ann, b Oct. 26, 1754; Reuben, b Apr. 2, 1757; Jonathan, b Dec. 19, 1760. As there is so little published on the Atwood Family, the following, copied from the family Bible giving all the children of Elisha may be of interest. Elisha Atwood, born Sept. 13, 1779, died Sept. 13, 1841; Anna Hartshorn, born April 9, 1787, married Jan. 29, 1806. Children: Sally Ann, b Nov. 29, 1806, m Wm. Snow; Millin Mirandy, b July 17, 1808; Jerusha Case,

b Nov. 11, 1810; Lorin Sabin, b July 23, 1812, m (1) Elmira—who d 1862, m (2) Margaret O'Neil, in 1864; Orril Amanda, b Nov. 15, 1814; Miltern Hartshorn, b Feb. 18, 1817, m and had three daughters; Mary Louisa, b Jan. 31, 1819, m Mr. McIntire; Laurinda Maria, b May 3, 1821; Julia Ette, b Feb. 16, 1823, m Mr. Woneck and lived in Mendota, Ill.; Eliza Jane, b Feb. 20, 1825, m Mr. Slade and lived in Salt Lake City; Aura Annette, b Feb. 17, 1827; Orvil Ferdinand, and Oscar Fitsland, twins, b May 2, 1828. Both died unmarried.—*Gen. Ed.*

QUERIES

4216. CARMER-CARTER. Would like information as to the parents of Abraham Carmer and his second wife Sarah Carter, married in N. J. Dec. 10, 1791. She was b Aug. 1, 1766; he d Sept. 11, 1848 at Lancaster, N. Y. Abraham Carmer was a private in the Rev. War from 1781 to 1783, in the Second Regt. N. J. He was discharged June 5, 1783 at New Windsor, N. Y. He received from the U. S. a land warrant (No. 8169) dated Oct. 7, 1796, Sussex Co. N. J. Sarah Carter had one or more brothers in the Tory army. After the close of the war they were given land in Canada and built a stone house and windmill where Windmill Point now is. I have written to Canada but can get no trace of the family before the war. Could Sarah Carter's father have been in the American army? She was my great-grandmother.—*E. S. M.*

4217. REXFORD-KNOWLES (or KNOWLTON). Can anyone give me the names of the parents of either Dr. John Spencer Rexford, b about 1780 or 1785 or of his wife Charlotte Knowles or Knowlton. Lived for many years in Troopburg, N. Y. Parents of these would have been the proper age to have served in the Rev. Joseph Rexford supposed to be his father, but cannot establish the line.

(2) SHERMAN-HOUSE. Does anyone know the parents of George Sherman b about 1780. m in 1803 in N. Y. Mary House b Dec. 6, 1788. Lived in St. Laurence Co. N. Y. and in Little Falls, N. Y. Was related to Gen. Herkimer of Herkimer county by marriage. Parents names and revolutionary service wanted.

(3) DENIO. Family lived in Vermont. Would like information. dau m — Bailey. Lived later years in Michigan.

(4) JEFFER-VERGESON. Parents' names of Rev. William Jeffer b Feb. 17, 1802 and married Mary Mehetable Vergeson b Mar. 8, 1807 m about 1824. Both died in Rexville, N. Y. Think they lived and perhaps were born in Hector, N. Y.—*S. L. K.*

4218. ELLSWORTH. Whom did Delia Ellsworth, b July 23, 1789, marry? When did she die? She was a daughter of Oliver Ellsworth

and his wife Abigail Wolcott. Oliver Ellsworth, son of David and Sarah (Grant) Ellsworth, was b April 29, 1745 and d 1807. He m Abigail Wolcott and their children were Abigail, b Aug. 16, 1774; Oliver, (1776-1778); Oliver (1781-1805); Martin, b April 17, 1783; William, (1785-1785); Francis, b 1786; Delia, b 1789; William Wolcott and Henry, twins, b Nov. 10, 1791. Did Delia m Joseph Cox? It is stated many records can be found in Colonial Records of Conn. Vol. XV.; State Records, p 235, Hollister's History of Conn., and Memorial History of Hartford Co., but I have not access to these volumes. Can anyone tell me of Henry Ellsworth of La Fayette, Ind.? He m Nancy Goodrich and had children William and Anna, possibly others.—*F. B. W.*

4219. SUTTON-CARTER. Want the Rev. services of William Sutton, Norborne Sutton, and Capt. John Carter of Caroline Co. Va. William Sutton m Sarah, daughter of Capt. John Carter and wife Elizabeth Armistead. Would like the names of the parents of William Sutton. Among his children were Norborne E. Sutton, post-master of Bowling Green, Caroline Co., Va., in 1834; represented his county in Va. senate in 1834, m (1) Aug. 28, 1828 Dorothea B. Washington, who d in 1844, and had children. I only know the name of one daughter, Georgianna Sutton, who m James E. Goddin. Norborne E. Sutton m (2) Mary Jane Hutchinson Oct. 15, 1846, and had Ida, who m Moscow Glazebrook, son of Robert Snead Glazebrook and Susan Branch Frazier.

(2) WINN. Capt. John Winn Sr. had the following children: John Jr., b Dec. 23, 1751, m July 8, 1773 Mary Bowles; Thomas, m Elizabeth Dabney Anderson, settled in Fluvanna Co., Va. Peter; a dau who m an Ellett; another dau who m a Holman; another a Snead, and had daughter Katharine who m her 1st cousin; another who m a Glazebrook, and had Richard who m Katharine Snead above. What was the name of John Winn Senior's wife?—*E. B. K.*

4220. HOWE-TUBBS. Who was the father of Jesse Howe, b March 8, 1775 at Wethersfield, Conn.? Was he a Rev. soldier? Jesse Howe

moved from Conn. to Hamilton, N. Y., thence to Wethersfield, d there March 9, 1866, aged 91 years. His wife was Hannah Tubbs (April 7, 1777-Feb. 14, 1855). Who were Hannah Tubbs' parents? Did her father have Rev. service?

(2) HOLMS-ALEXANDER. Ruth Holms, b Stonington, Conn. Jan. 2, 1767, m May 22, 1786, John Alexander in Saratoga Co., N. Y. Who were her parents? Did her father serve in the Rev.? There was a John Holms who was an early settler in Charlton, N. Y. Did John Alexander or his father serve in the Revolution?

(3) MILLARD-SMITH. Thomas Millard m Rebecca Dutton July 16, 1724 and d at East Haddam, Conn. April 23, 1752. Jason Millard, b East Haddam, Conn. May 21, 1727, m Rachel Andrews May 17, 1750. She was the daughter of Samuel Andrews and Eleanor Lee. Jason Millard 2d b Windsor Conn. March 16, 1766, m Anna Smith, and d in N. Y. State Sept. 29, 1825. She d in N. Y. State July 3, 1842. Did either of these Jasons have Rev. service? Who was Anna Smith's father? Did he have Rev. service?

(4) ANDREWS. Did Samuel Andrews live through Rev. times, and did he serve in the war? His wife was Eleanor Lee. They lived in Windsor, Conn.

(5) DYER-BRIGGS-WRIGHT-COBB. Edward Dyer of North Kingston, R. I. (1728 Sept. 12, 1794 or 1798) m Anna — (1738, June 10, 1738). What was her father's name? Their children were: Frances, who m George Briggs; (Did they have a daughter Fanny or Frances who m Seaman Wright in Shaftsbury, Vt.? And a daughter Susannah who m Matthias Cobb? Had Edward Dyer Rev. service? Had George Briggs Rev. service? Who were the parents of George Briggs? Where was he born?) William, who m twice; Charles, who m Susannah Wright, sister of Seaman Wright, lived in Shaftsbury, Vt.; Susan; Ambrose and Henry, twins, m Cynthia Kingsley and Sarah Coy, respectively; Elizabeth, m John Allen; Benjamin, m Eunice Baker; and Anna.

(7) HUSTED-BOYCE. David Husted, b ab. 1720-30 m Milicent. His will was probated June 25, 1787, his wife's will probated Jan. 14, 1805, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Did he or his son Titus Husted have any Rev. service? Marion Husted, daughter of Titus, m Benj. Boyce. She was his second wife; he m (1) Sarah Atwater. Did this Benj. Boyce serve in the Rev.? Boyce sometimes is spelled Boice or Bois. I think he lived in Dutchess Co. N. Y. and had a son Benj. Boyce.—A. B. J.

4221. SACKETT. Benjamin Sackett, a Rev. soldier, lived in Deerfield, Mass., and later in New Lebanon, N. Y. Wife's name said to have been Mehitable. Some of the children were Anson, Oliver, Elijah, Dolly, Clarissa, b

May 22, 1790, at New Lebanon, N. Y.; and Thankful. Who were the parents of Benjamin Sackett? All gen. data of his parents and their other children wanted. What was the full name of his wife? Birth dates of all their children wanted.—G. C. C.

4222. WALES. Wanted, name of wife of Capt. Nathaniel Wales, of Windham, Conn., with date of marriage, etc. Names of children also desired. Capt. Wales served in Col. Jonathan Lattimer's Regt. of Conn. Militia.—I. M. A.

4223. LEACH. Wanted—General data as to Thomas Leach, one of committee to purchase Liberty Bell—1751. Have considerable data as to Leach family—my ancestry.—M. R. E.

4224. BENSON-JONES. Wanted, the maiden name of Jane Benson, wife of Levin (or Lewis) Benson, a Rev. soldier from Augusta Co., Va., later of Greenbrier Co., W. Va. Also wanted, the names of his children. A grand-daughter, Margaret Benson, b Oct. 4, 1808, m John Jones of Botetourt Co., Va., b Jan. 25, 1810. They moved with their family to Hanover, Indiana. Wanted, the parents of John Jones or names of any members of his family.

(2) IRELAND. What was the lineage of Samuel Ireland, b Aug. 7, 1793, and m Mary Scull, b April 8, 1805. He lived in Atlantic Co., N. J. after his marriage, later coming to Jefferson Co., Ind. He was of Quaker parentage, I think.—H. E. R.

4225. HOLDRIDGE. John Holdridge of Mass. was a lieutenant in Col. Greaton's third regt. in the Rev. He m Charlotte Waterman and had a daughter Nancy, who m Solomon Tuttle. What were the names of the parents of John Holdridge and his wife Charlotte? Was there Rev. service? Where were they born and when?

(2) PLUMMER-PIPER. What was the first name of the father of Barak Plummer, and did he render Rev. service? The family is supposed to have lived in N. C. Barak was b in 1780 and was a soldier in the War of 1812. He m Nancy Piper. What was her father's name and military service, if any? The Pipers lived in Va.

(3) PIPER-LAMBERT. I would like information as to the families and military records of David Piper and Jacob Lambert, both Rev. soldiers in Gen. Muhlenberg's German Regt. of Woodstock, Va.—T. P. A.

4226. KIRKPATRICK-GORDON. Hugh Kirkpatrick enlisted as a private in Somerset Co. New Jersey and served in the New Jersey militia in Captain Jacob Ten Eyck's Company; he married Polly Gordon daughter of David Gordon, and they lived in Kentucky as late as 1803 when my Grandfather Thomas Kirkpatrick was born. (I think Polly had a brother also named David Gordon.)

Was Andrew Kirkpatrick, a noted jurist of Somerset Co. New Jersey, the father of Hugh? What was Andrew's wife's name? I wish to know the dates of birth, marriage and death of Hugh and wife Polly, and if Andrew was Hugh's father, would like to know the dates of his (and wife's) birth, marriage and death.

Did Polly's father David Gordon, serve in the Revolution—would like to learn something of the Gordon family, of which the daughter Polly married Hugh Kirkpatrick. Are the Kirkpatrick's of South Carolina a branch of the Hugh Kirkpatrick family? Would like all data possible. My line is Hugh Kirkpatrick married Polly Gordon, no dates known; their son Thomas born 1803 married Malinda Breedon about 1826 or 7 their daughter Polly born 1842 married Daniel Ostrom born 1836, the last being my parents.—*R. Van P.*

(2) FOWLER. Information wanted of William Fowler who was born about 1755 and who served in the Revolutionary War enlisting in Maryland. Born in or near Baltimore—his children's names were Elizabeth, Lucy 1782, Eary b 1785, William and Rachel. Did he serve with the 2nd Maryland Regiment—all data wanted.—*L. H.*

4227. BARD. Please give any information about the Bard family of N. Y. Samuel Bard m Delilah German. Their son Joseph German Bard lived in Port Byron, N. Y.

(2) HAZARD. Can anyone give me information of Nathaniel Hazard who lived in Troy, N. Y., 1803? His wife was a descendant of that Van Buskirk of Staten Island, N. Y. who for faithful service in the English army during Colonial days was awarded "a crown a day from the Crown of England, so long as he should live, and an extensive land grant in Nova Scotia".—*C. B. B.*

4228. ALLEN. Who were the parents of Rachel Allen of Richmond, Va. (1747-1790, Cheraw, S. C.), m Thomas Poore 1767. Information desired concerning Wm. Allen who m Mary Parke of Va. in 1781. She was b 1761, d March 20, 1811, and was of Va. Parke (Custis) family; one of family m a Lamar, another a Longstreet. Wm. Allen d in Orange or Chatham Co., N. C. latter part of 1786 or early in 1787. Information desired of parents of both these people. Was Wm. Allen or his father a Rev. soldier? Was Mary Parke's father in the Rev.? Any information most gratefully received. Will be glad to exchange what I have.—*C. J. E. P.*

4229. BEAN. Henry Bean, said to have served in the War of 1812, lived all his life a few miles up the Schuylkill river from Valley Forge; died Oct. 1821, and is buried in the Lutheran Cemetery at Trappe, Montgomery Co. Penna. Who were his parents?—*H. N. B.*

4230. WATTS. John Watts was a Virginian, married twice. By first wife had five children, Lettie, m a Rowland; Elizabeth, who m Richard Berry, John, De Witt and Tennie. By his second wife he had Margaret, who m William Ornstrect; and Jack. John Watts moved from Va. to Ky. and thence to Mo. We know that John Watts and his father were in the Rev. but we do not know in what capacity. Think as Capt. Would like to find the name of his first wife, her father's name, and his Rev. service.

(2) BERRY-EWING. Richard Berry (1816-1878) who m in 1839 Elizabeth Watts (1818-1844) was the son of Richard Berry and Mary Ewing of Washington Co., Va. m ab. 1796-7. Who were the parents of Richard Berry, Sr.? His children were Caleb Ewing; Richard, Jr.; James; Edward; John; Robert; Mary; Elizabeth. Mary Ewing was daughter of Caleb Ewing of Va., a Rev. soldier. What was his service? His wife's name? Caleb Ewing was uncle of Finas Ewing of Bedford Co., Va. Finas Ewing was b in Bedford Co., Va. June 10, 1773. His parents were Scotch Presbyterians. He m a daughter of William Davidson, an officer in the Rev. War, settled in Logan Co., Ky. in 1803 and in 1836 moved to Lexington, Mo. where he d in 1841. Finas Ewing was the founder of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church of Logan Co., Ky. He and his wife Mary Ewing were first cousins, their fathers being brothers, and it is said their fathers fought in the Rev. Can these services be established?—*D. B. D.*

4231. WELLINGTON-BARTLETT. The ancestry is desired of Elbridge Gerry Wellington, who m Sylvia A. Bartlett, (b 1813, daughter of Peleg and Jane (Adams) Bartlett of Kingston, Mass.,) and d in New Orleans in 1843. Was he the Elbridge Wellington, b 1801, son of Lieut. Elijah Wellington of Lincoln, Mass. and later of Livermore, Me.? Or was he a grandson of said Elijah, whose oldest son, Alden, was b in 1790? Elijah Wellington, son of Jonathan and Lydia (Gove) Wellington, was baptized March 25, 1750 (Vital Records of Lincoln). He m Jan. 8, 1786 Phebe Brown and had eleven children. According to the article on Lincoln in the History of Middlesex Co., he removed about 1810 to Livermore, Me., where he d Dec. 15, 1828. He served as corporal in the Rev. The Hist. of Middlesex Co. is in error, however, in calling him a brother of Elisha Wellington, b in Lincoln July 20, 1758, d in Concord Jan. 12, 1799, also a Rev. soldier. The latter was son of Jonathan Wellington Jr. and Lydia Fiske, m in 1756, and a nephew of the Elijah Wellington under discussion, whose parents were Jonathan Wellington Sr. of Weston, and Lydia Gove, published Jan. 30, 1731. He was only eight years older than his nephew, and their mothers were both named

Lydia. Another Elbridge Wellington appears among the children of Peter and Hepsibah (Hastings) Wellington, but his dates do not correspond. He was b July 29, 1826, d 1849, too young to be the father of a daughter b in 1837. Any help on this Wellington family will be greatly appreciated.—*F. S. W.*

4232. INGALLS. Can anyone give me information regarding Jonathan Ingalls, b at Sandown, N. H.; or Timothy Ingalls, b at Haverhill, Mass., Apr. 24, 1720. Who were their wives? Any information of this branch of the Ingalls family would be much appreciated.—*N. S. I.*

4233. TOBEY-NEWCUMB. Dr. Elisha Tobey, b 1723, m Desire Newcomb, Jan. 12, 1746, d at Acushnet, Mass., May 10, 1781. Served at the R. I. Alarm, Aug. 1780. Their daughter Deborah, b July 16, 1747, m Silas Swift 1765. Wanted, the names of all the children of Elisha Tobey and Desire Newcomb, with dates of birth. Is there a Tobey genealogy?

(2) SAWYER-HALL. Who were the parents of Manassah Sawyer, b in New England Sept. 6, 1783, m Chloe Hall, 1805, d July 25, 1837, in Georgia, Vt. Was a Methodist minister and preached in Canada and Vt. His father served in the Rev. and d after 1820, and my father's uncle has his sword, but none of the family can recall his given name. Manassah had a sister Sarah or Sally. Please give names of children of Capt. Manassah Sawyer of Lancaster, Mass.—*M. P.*

4234. THAYER-CHILD. Betsy Thayer m John Child of Woodstock, Conn. in 1800 at Brooklyn, Conn. Who were her parents, and did her father serve in the Revolution?—*M. C. D.*

4235. MERIWETHER-LEWIS. Wanted, proof of Rev. service of Dr. Waller Lewis, son of Zachary Lewis and Mary Waller. He was b ab. 1739, d in Spottsylvania Co., Va., 1808; m before Sept. 1757 Sarah Lewis, dau. of Robert Lewis, and Jane Meriwether. How can one join the D. A. R. on Jane Meriwether's record?

(2) WOOLFOLK-LEWIS. John Woolfolk, b Sept. 9, 1760, m Elizabeth, dau. of Dr. Waller Lewis. He was a Rev. soldier. Was his father, John Woolfolk Sr. (Nov. 6, 1727-Jan. 13, 1816), m ab. 1750, Elizabeth Wigglesworth?

(3) PAYNE-COMBS. Information wanted of the Payne and Combs family who were the first settlers of Ky. from Va. W. H. Payne a Baptist preacher, had the following children: James, b 1776; Jesse, 1778; Betsey, 1779; Polly, 1782; Wm. H., 1784; Catherine, 1785; Sallie, 1787; Dennis, 1789. Who was his wife? Wm. H. Payne, b 1784, m March 29, 1802, Sythe Combs, whose father was a wealthy farmer.—*H. W. P.*

4236. COOVERT (COOVERT). Wanted, information concerning the wife of Daniel Covert or

Coovert. Would like to know her maiden name, also dates of her birth and death. Daniel Covert enlisted in the Rev. from Somerset Co., N. J. Oct. 1775. Any other information concerning this family will be greatly appreciated.—*R. P. S.*

4237. BROWN-WOODWARD. Mary (Polly) Woodward, b June 19, 1775, Watertown, Conn., daughter of Nathan Woodward and Eunice Painter, his second wife, m David Brown of Waterbury, Conn. who was b July 18, 1765, the son of John Brown and Mary Tuttle, his second wife, and grand son of Samuel Brown. Nathan Woodward was a son of Israel Woodward and Abigail Bayard. Did Nathan Woodward serve in the Rev.? Was John Brown or his son David in the Revolution?—*M. W. M.*

4238. WALKER. Information desired of the Rev. service of Renaldo Walker, and any other data which will help to establish D. A. R. eligibility on that line. Place or date of birth unknown, but moved to Kentucky, and is said to have fought in the War of the Rev.

(2) HASTAIN-HASTON. Did the father of David Hastain render any service in the Rev. War? David Hastain was born May 6, 1777, and is said to have fought in the War of 1812. Would like to know the name of David's father, and any information as to his service (if any) in the Rev.

(3) CORNICK. Thomas Cornick immigrated from Nova Scotia to Virginia, and is said to have fought in the Rev. His son John fought in the War of 1812. Can anyone give me any information as to the service of Thomas Cornick and any data that will help establish D. A. R. eligibility?

(4) VAN LANDINGHAM. Information desired as to the ancestry of Manley B. Van Landingham and did any of them render any Rev. service?—*M. H. C.*

4239. LUPTON. Abigail Lupton of East Hampton, N. Y. m Thomas Sayre of Orange Co., N. Y. ab. 1765. Who was her father? Her mother's maiden name? Did her father serve in the Rev.?—*A. W. M.*

4240. WHITE. I am searching for information as to the ancestry of Sarah White who m Jesse Shepherd of Plainfield, Conn. and Rev. service of her father. Jesse Shepherd was the son of David and Mehitabel (Spaulding) Shepherd, b July 6, 1744, lived on Black Hill bordering the Quinebaug River, Plainfield, Conn. He m Sarah White and their children were Elizabeth, John Jesse, Lydia, Joshua, Martha, Mary Sowle, Eunice, Anna, Susan, Rebecca.

4241. STAMPS-SHACKELFORD. Ancestry desired of Mary Stamps, m (1) Mr. Allen, (2) James Shackelford, b 1725 in Fauquier Co., Va. Their children were all b in Fauquier Co., Va., but they moved to Ky. in 1790. The children

were James, George, Wm., John, Thomas, Edward, Milley, Sarah. Did James Shackelford or Mary Stamps' father render any aid to the cause of the colonists in the Rev.?

(2) FARROW. Ancestry desired of Sibyl Farrow, who m John Metcalf, III., of Fauquier Co., Va., who fought in the Rev. War as Capt. Their children were Charles, John, Wm., James, Christopher, Eli, Ira, Nancy, Ila, Elizabeth, Keziah.

(3) HUTCHINSON. Ancestry desired of Margaret Hutchinson, who m Thomas Metcalf. She was b 1789, d 1871, supposed to have been from Ky. Some of their children were Archibald, James, Parthene, Cordelia, Martha Ann, Katherine. Tradition gives her father's name as Archibald Hutchinson and his wife's as Katherine Gorgas or Lowery. Any information regarding this branch of the Hutchinson family, or Margaret's mother's will be greatly appreciated.—E. J. K.

4242. PATTERSON-LINN-TEMPLETON-CUMMINS (CUMMINGS). Three brothers, John, Robert and Alexander Patterson, migrated to America from Scotland. John Patterson m Mary (?) Linn. They had six children, Thomas, Alexander, John, Mary, Samuel and James. James m Eliza Jane Templeton. Could this John Patterson be the John referred to in No. 3906 (2) LINN-DICKERSON, signature N. A. M. C., in the *D. A. R. Magazine* for April, 1915? These Pattersons and Linns lived in Ohio after Penna. Record of service of John Patterson and more definite information regarding ancestry and posterity of these Patterson brothers and of Mary (?) Linn desired. Also ancestry of Eliza Jane Templeton, with gen. data and Rev. service, if any. Do the Cummins or Cummings family come in on this line of Pattersons or Linns or Templetons?—H. W. M.

4243. KENNEDY. Rosanna Kennedy m William McConnell and had the following children: Samuel, William, John, Edward, Ephraim, Joseph, James, Mary, Ann, Martha and Elizabeth. William and Rosanna left Lancaster Co., Penna., ab. 1774 and settled in what is now Bourbon Co., Ky. William was a Rev. soldier, and a soldier in the War of 1812. He d in 1823. Wanted, to know who were the parents of Rosanna Kennedy, her birth date and marriage date. Would be glad to correspond with anyone who knows anything of the history of this branch of the Kennedy family. Rosanna d between 1814 and 1820.—E. S. W.

4244. CUSHMAN. Wanted, Rev. record of Charles Cushman of Vt. He was b in Norwich, Conn. Give names of his wife and children.—F. K.

4245. GATLIN-SAUNDERS-MARTIN. Sinia Gatlin, daughter of Dempsey Gatlin and his

wife, Miss Saunders, was b in Athens, Ala., in 1807. Her grandmother was Lydia Martin. Whom did Lydia marry? Who were Lydia's parents? Who were Dempsey Gatlin's parents? His wife's first name and her parents? Dempsey Gatlin served in the 2nd Regt. of Mounted Gunmen Tennessee Volunteers. Is there any Rev. service that will enable me to join the D. A. R. through Sinia Gatlin? Wanted, all dates of Dempsey Gatlin, his wife, and Lydia Martin.

(2) ASHLOCK-SUTTON. Josiah Ashlock and his wife (Miss Sutton) lived in Halifax Co., Va. in 1799. His father served in the Rev. What was his father's name? After Josiah's death his wife m (2) Elijah Frost, (3) Benjamin Warren. She d in Girard, Ill. Wanted, her first name, all dates for Josiah Ashlock and his wife, also the names, dates and Rev. service, if any, of their parents.

4246. HIERONYMUS. Wanted name and Rev. record of the father of John Hieronymus, b 1764, d 1826, m Charlotte, dau of Achilles Eubank, a Rev. soldier. John's father is said to have been either Fritz or Benjamin. He lived in Clark Co. Ky. The Eubanks came from Va. Would like to correspond with anyone connected with the Hieronymous family.—V. A. W.

4247. MORRIS-STRAUB (STROUP) Daniel Morris was b in or near Goshen, Clermont Co. Ohio, May 28, 1832. His father d ab. 1848; and his mother, Susan Stroup (or Straub) was born in Ky. The Census of 1850 for Goshen p 294 gives Susan Morris 53 yrs. of age, b Ky. and three children, all b in Ohio: Benjamin, 25 yrs; George, 20 yrs; and Daniel, 18 yrs. of age. Can anyone tell me the given name of Daniel's father? Also where did he emigrate from, and was he of Rev. stock?—J. M. F.

4248. A correspondent in the Genealogical Department of the Boston Transcript of Aug. 4, 1915, states that the Census Records of 1850 contain the names and approximate ages of, and state of birth of every person in the U. S. arranged by dwellings also the deaths of the preceding year. Where, when and how can access be had to this Census? Does it not concern us all?—E. A. C.

4249. ANDREWS (ANDRES.) Oliver Wells Andrews, b Pittston, Lincoln Co. Maine, Aug. 15, 1787 or 8, was the son of Ely Andres of the State of Conn. and Elizabeth Handfield of Mass. who were m Dec. 6, 1784. He had a sister Rebecca and also a half brother, who moved to Ohio while it was still a territory. Oliver m Amret Kilburne in West Bloomfield, N. Y. Aug. 5, 1824, and d in Portland, Michigan, July 6, 1884. Information as to the sister Rebecca desired.—G. M. H.

4250. **ATWOOD.** Elisha Atwood, b Sept. 13, 1779, m Anna Hartshorn of Franklin, and d while on his way to Council Bluffs, Ia. He had: Sally Ann, who m Wm. Snow of Hampton; Millen Miranda (a son) Jerusha Case, who m Mr. Shumway and Lorin Sabin, who lived in Brooklyn, Conn. Who were his parents, and did they have any Rev. record?—*J. A.*

4251. **WATERMAN.** Adonijah Waterman, b Norwich, Conn., Mch. 12, 1739, served in the French and Indian Wars; removed to Lenox, Mass. in 1767 or 8, where his wife, Mary, d in 1773. He enlisted in the Rev. as a resident of Pittsfield, Mass. The names of his children are recorded at Lenox. On Mary's tombstone it states that she d July 5, 1773 in her 36th yr. Before 1790 Adonijah moved to Montgomery Co. N. Y. Wanted, date of marriage to first wife, and her surname.

(2) **WHITFORD.** George Whitford of East Greenwich m Hannah dau. of Capt. Thomas Wickes, Jan. 15, 1761 at Warwick. When and where did he die? Did he serve in the Revolution? Who were his parents? Was his mother a Casey?—*J. M. M.*

4252. **PARSONS-ESSEX.** Ancestry and all gen. data, with Rev. service, if any, desired of James Parsons who m Charity Essex. The Parsons family originally lived in Md., later moving to Ky. and settling in Green Co.

(2) **HARDING-SUMNER.** Wanted, ancestry, gen. data and Rev. service, if any, of David Harding who m Eunice Sumner.—*O. T. C.*

4253. **FLEMING-FORD.** Patrick Fleming and his wife Mary (Ford) Fleming lived in Millersburg, Ky. till she d, ab. 1821. Their parentage, all gen. data and Rev. service, if any, desired. Is there a Ford genealogy?

(2) **WHALEY-NORTHCUTT.** Elizabeth Whaley, b in Millersburg, Ky., ab. Feb. 10, 1800, m George Northcutt, Jr. April 1, 1819; d Dec. 23, 1875. Elizabeth had a sister Anna Whaley Talbott who had a daughter known as "Pop" Williams. Would like any information concerning the Whaley and Northcutt families, with Rev. service of either Elizabeth or George Northcutt's parents, if any. Is there a Whaley or a Northcutt genealogy?—*W. O. M.*

4254. **GRAY.** William Gray came to America from Scotland, just before the Rev. and located in what is now called Blount Co. Tenn. He later moved to Huntsville, Ala. He was an elder in the Presbyterian Church. William Gray m (1) a widow, Mrs. Blackburn, and had the following children: David, John, Harvey, James, William Jr., Thomas, Margaret, who m David Maxwell; Nellie, m Wilzer Pride. The second wife was also a widow, Mrs. Marshall. She bore but one child, Eliza W., who m John Bridgeforth. William Gray was eighty years old when this daughter was born. William Gray Jr., my ancestor, m Jane Byrd. Her

father was a Baptist minister who lived in northern Ala. and owned considerable property. I think his name was Mike Byrd. I want to hear from a descendant of William Gray Sr. who can give me all data.—*W. O. M.*

4255. **ETHRIDGE.** Can any reader of the Gen. Dept. tell me anything about a Col. Ethridge, who had a daughter Sarah, my ancestor? His wife was in some way related to Benjamin Franklin. Anything concerning them will be greatly appreciated.

(2) **FRANKLIN.** For whom was the Sarah Franklin Chapter of Washington, D. C. named?—*B. B.*

4256. **HAMPTON.** Which one of the brothers of Gen. Wade Hampton of the Rev. had a daughter who m Ben Holiday, Sr., of Ky.? Was her name Elizabeth? A daughter of this union, was named Elizabeth Coleson Holiday and m Augustus Cave Davis of Franklin, Howard Co., Mo., and had nine children.

4257. **GAGER.** Who can give parentage of Nathan Gager, who lived in South New Berlin in 1858? He was b 1787, m Phoebe Wood 1809, served in War of 1812, probably enlisted from N. Y. or Conn., and d 1872. It is supposed that he either lived at or had relatives in Putnam Co. or Dutchess Co. N. Y. Who can give parentage and brothers and sisters of William Gager who lived on Prospect Ave. Bronx Bor. N. Y. City ab. 1852? He is supposed to have served in the War of 1812 in N. Y. or Conn. Lived in N. Y. state in 1869. Who can give the parentage, brothers and sisters of Baldwin Gager, who lived in Troy, N. Y. about the year 1855?—*H. G. G.*

4258. **WORRELL.** Rachel Worrell was b ab. 1776 and d in Baltimore Co. Md. 1855. She m Benjamin Griffith Jan. 6, 1795. Who were her parents and did they render Rev. service?

(2) **MYERS.** Eliza Myers, widow of Edward (?) Thompson, was b 1798, m 1826 William Griffith (1807-1836), d 1846. Both were buried in Bonnie Brae. The mother of Eliza Myers, Widow Myers, m (2) Terrance Kelly of Baltimore. Wanted, gen. Data of Eliza Myers.

4259. **PENDLETON.** Is there a Pendleton genealogy? Lucy Pendleton was my great-great-grandmother and her father served in the Rev. They lived 20 miles from N. Y. City, also in Culpeper Co., Va. She m a Ferguson and had a number of sons, each of whom she named for a relative that fought in the Rev. My great-grandfather was Dr. Benj. Pendleton Ferguson, his brothers and sisters were Philip Pendleton, William Pendleton, John Pendleton, Annie Pendleton, Ellen Pendleton and Rebecca Pendleton Ferguson. I seek Lucy (Pendleton) Ferguson's father's name and Rev. record.—*J. R.*

4260. **GARDNER-BENNETT.** Wanted, the ancestry of Daniel Gardner b Dec. 26, 1774,

where? and that of his wife, Elizabeth Bennett, m when and where? She was b Oct. 8, 1778. They were residents of Pownall, Bennington Co., Vt. in 1823. Their grave-stones are probably in that vicinity. They were probably of Mass. Eng. ancestry. Their children (this not in order of age) were Sibyl, Judith, Ralcey, Violetta, Eliza, Almira, Cabel, Henry, all of whom d before Nov. 1872; and Joseph, b March 7, 1799; Noel A. of West Amboy, N. Y., elected Associate Judge of Oswego Co., N. Y., Nov. 1872; Welthan, m a Roberts; Jane, m a Scott; Sally, and another, either Lodeski or Mary. One of these daughters m a Westinghouse and had a son Haynes Westinghouse. Did Daniel Gardner or his father perform Rev. service? Was the father of Elizabeth Bennett a Rev. soldier?—*E. C.*

4261. MOONEY-HIGGINS-WOOD. One James Mooney was a land-owner in the town of Cambridge, Washington Co., N. Y. at least as early as 1793 and 1801, owning a part of each of "Lots No. 3 and No. 4 of the second or general patent of Cambridge." He d before Aug. 20, 1803, leaving a widow, Jane Mooney, a sister, Jean Mooney, wife of "Cornelius Higgins of town of Cambridge," and a "sister, Anne Mooney, wife of Isaac Wood of town and county of Bennington, state of Vermont, yeomen," perhaps many other heirs. Who were the parents of the above James, Anne and Jean Mooney, and what was their residence? Did their father perform Rev. service? Family tradition says he did, in the Wyoming Valley, and that the family settled near Bennington after the Wyoming Massacre. Many of the graves of this family are probably near the Bennington Co. and Washington Co. lines. There were several other children, but I have record proof only of the above. Who were the other children? Are any descendants of this large family known to a reader of this department? I have a good account of one line for five generations.—*E. A. C.*

4262. BLACKWELL. What is the Rev. record of John Blackwell, whose son Robert Blackwell when 90 years of age applied to the U. S. government for bounty land, and received 160 acres? In his papers he states that when about 16 years of age, he volunteered as a substitute in the Rev. army for his father, John Blackwell, who had been drafted. Robert Blackwell served in Capt. John Stanley's Co. and was at the Siege of Yorktown. He served until honorably discharged. This statement is said to have been proved to the satisfaction of the government officials, as the land was granted.

(2) KELLEY. I would appreciate the Rev. services of Elias and Richard Kelley. Richard was never heard from after the Rev.; I suppose he was killed.

(3) EDWARDS-WILLIAMS-FRANKLIN. Would

also appreciate the Rev. records of Richard Edwards of Va., Jesse Williams of Hanover and Henrico Cos., Va. and James Franklin.—*E. B. R.*

4263. CAMPBELL-MACDONALD. Wanted, the ancestry of Matthew Campbell and his wife Jane MacDonald (Scotch), who were m 1799 and lived at Blaine's Cross Roads, near Knoxville, Tenn. The Campbells were originally from Va., but I do not know whether it was Matthew or his parents or grandparents who removed to Tenn. Family tradition says his father (name unknown) was an officer in the Battle of Kings Mountain. I should be very glad to find the connecting link between this family and their Va. ancestry.

(2) BARLOW-SANDFORD. Information desired of the marriage of Aaron Barlow and Rebecca Sandford of Reading, Conn. Also any information regarding his Rev. service and data for a D. A. R. line.—*C. C. H.*

4264. TUCK. Can any one give any information as to Rev. service of Edward Tuck, son of John Tuck, English emigrant, and Miss Cary, his wife? Edward Tuck lived in or near Mecklenburg Co., Va.

(2) WILKINS. Information wanted as to Rev. service of any member of the Wilkins family of what is now Halifax County, Va. This family came to Halifax from Eastern Shore of Va. prior to Revolution.

(3) MINOR. Did John Minor of N. C. or any of his sons render any service during the Rev. From where did John Minor come to N. C.? His wife was a Miss Hampton supposedly from Va. Was she a member of the same family as General Wade Hampton of S. C.? He was of the Va. family of the same name, I think.

4265. PARSONS. I desire to obtain some information concerning the Parsons family of N. H. and Mass. Rev. Samuel Parsons had a son, Dr. Joseph Parsons who married Mary Seave, daughter of General J. Seave of Rye Beach, N. H. Dr. Parsons, I am told, was a captain in the American Rev. He died February 9th, 1832 and Mrs. Mary Seave Parsons died Sept. 28th, 1836.

Captain Joseph Parsons, son of Dr. Joseph Parsons and grandson of Rev. Samuel Parsons, was an officer in the War 1812. He married Mary Monroe.

Where can I verify these statements, or where can I find records which will be of use in obtaining a membership to the Daughters of the American Revolution? I am a direct descendant of the Parsons family on my maternal side.

(2) BONIFANTE. I should also like to know where I may learn more of one Samuel Bonifante of Maryland who was an officer in the Rev. according to family tradition.—*F. B.*

OFFICIAL

The National Society of the

Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters Memorial Continental Hall, Seventeenth and D Streets, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management 1915-1916

President General

MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY,

237 West End Avenue, New York, N. Y., and Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C

Vice-Presidents General

(Term of office expires 1916.)

MRS. GEORGE MAYNARD MINOR,
Waterford, Conn.
MRS. JOSEPH S. WOOD,
135 S. 2nd Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
MRS. ELIZA FERRY LEARY,
1551 10th Ave., N., Seattle, Wash.
MRS. CHARLES CLEMENCE ABBOTT,
Washington St., Keene, N. H.
MRS. ALVIN V. LANE,
2505 Maple Ave., Dallas, Texas.

MRS. GEORGE T. SMALLWOOD,
3520 16th St., Washington, D. C.
MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON,
1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke, Va.
MRS. CHARLES R. DAVIS,
St. Peter, Minn.
MRS. EDMUND F. NOEL,
Lexington, Miss.
MRS. WILLIAM H. CROSBY,
1042 Main St., Racine, Wis.

(Term of office expires 1917.)

MRS. EDMUND P. MOODY,
1004 W. 10th St., Wilmington, Del.
MRS. RHETT GOODE,
60 St. Emanuel St., Mobile, Ala.
MRS. KENT HAMILTON,
2317 Scottwood Ave., Toledo, Ohio.
MRS. WILLIAM HAIMES SMITH,
The Snuggery, Parkersburg, W. Va.
MRS. CHARLES SPALDING THOMAS,
123 E. 16th Ave., Denver, Colo.

MRS. JOHN LEE DINWIDDIE,
Fowler, Ind.
MRS. JOHN F. SWIFT,
2715 Benvenue Ave., Berkeley, Cal.
MRS. SAMUEL MCKNIGHT GREEN,
3815 Magnolia Ave., St. Louis, Mo.
MRS. WILLIAM H. THOMPSON,
E. Maxwell St., Lexington, Ky.
MRS. SHEPPARD W. FOSTER,
711 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

Chaplain General

MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
The Columbia, Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General

MRS. WILLIAM C. BOYLE,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Organizing Secretary General

MRS. WILLIAM A. SMOOT,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Treasurer General

MRS. JOSEPH E. RANDELL,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution

MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.
788 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.

Librarian General

MRS. GEORGE M. STERNBERG,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Curator General

MISS CATHERINE B. BARLOW,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary General

MRS. JULIUS C. BURROWS,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Registrar General

MISS GRACE M. PIERCE,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Historian General

MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

State Regents and State Vice-Regents—1915-16

ALABAMA	MRS. JOHN LEWIS COBBS, 124 Mobile St., Montgomery. MRS. WILLIAM HARVEY, 423 Sherman St., New Decatur.
ARIZONA	MRS. HARRY L. CHANDLER, Mesa. MRS. JOHN S. BAYLESS, Tucson.
ARKANSAS	MISS STELLA PICKETT HARDY, Batesville. MRS. SAMUEL PRESTON DAVIS, 523 E. Capitol Ave., Little Rock.
CALIFORNIA	MRS. MAYNARD FORCE THAYER, 651 S. Pasadena Ave., Pasadena. MRS. JOHN C. LYNCH, 1848 University Ave., Berkeley.
COLORADO	MRS. WINFIELD S. TARBELL, 1748 High St., Denver. MISS KATHARINE S. McELROY, R. F. D. No. 1, Box No. 1, Greeley.
CONNECTICUT	MRS. JOHN LAIDLAW BUEL, Litchfield. MRS. CHARLES H. BISSELL, Southington.
DELAWARE	MRS. GEORGE C. HALL, St. John's Rectory, 2300 Blvd., Wilmington. MISS ELEANOR EUGENIA TODD, Newark.
DIST. OF COLUMBIA	MRS. FRANK FOSTER GREENAWALT, 1719 Lanier Pl., Washington. MISS JANET E. RICHARDS, "The Olympia," Washington.
FLORIDA	MRS. M. W. CARRUTH, 412 W. Lafayette St., Tampa. MRS. ALEXANDER T. BIGELOW, Box 72, Seabreeze.
GEORGIA	MRS. THADEUS C. PARKER, Ingleside, Vineville, Macon. MRS. ALEXANDER O. HARPER, Dewyrose, Elberton.
IDAHO	MRS. CHARLES W. PURSELL, 1515 Ada St., Boise. MRS. WARD STONE, Caldwell.
ILLINOIS	MRS. GEORGE T. PAGE, 127 Flora Ave., Peoria. MRS. FRANK W. BAHNSEN, 723 20th St., Rock Island.
INDIANA	MRS. HENRY A. BECK, 3522 Central Ave., Indianapolis. MISS EMMA A. DONNELL, Greensburg.
IOWA	MRS. ROBERT J. JOHNSTON, Humboldt. MRS. DAVID A. COLLIER, 326 Fulton St., Keokuk.
KANSAS	MRS. GEORGE THACHER GUERNSEY, "Ridgewood," Independence. MRS. L. L. KIENE, 501 Lincoln St., Topeka.
KENTUCKY	MRS. WALTER S. GLORE, Danville. MISS JEANIE DAVIESS BLACKBURN, 716 11th St., Bowling Green.
LOUISIANA	MRS. WILLIAM W. WALLIS, 1302 Washington Ave., New Orleans. MRS. TILEY H. SCOVELL, 1002 Olive St., Shreveport.
MAINE	MRS. CHARLES W. STEELE, Farmington. MRS. WILFORD G. CHAPMAN, 482 Cumberland Ave., Portland.
MARYLAND	MRS. ARTHUR LEE BOSLEY, 1406 Mt. Royal Ave., Baltimore. MRS. WILLIAM H. TALBOTT, Rockville.
MASSACHUSETTS	MRS. GEORGE O. JENKINS, 28 Warren Ave., Whitman. MRS. FREDERICK S. DAVIS, 10 Westland Ave., Boston.
MICHIGAN	MRS. WILLIAM H. WAIT, 1706 Cambridge Rd., Ann Arbor. MISS ALICE LOUISE McDUFFEE, 1012 W. Main St., Kalamazoo.
MINNESOTA	MRS. GEORGE C. SQUIRES, 698 Oakland Ave., St. Paul. MRS. WILLIAM H. MOREHART, 104 Pleasant St., Mankato.
MISSISSIPPI	MRS. ANDREW FULLER FOX, West Point. MRS. THOMAS FRANKLIN, Columbus.
MISSOURI	MRS. MARK S. SALISBURY, Independence. MRS. HERBERT A. OWEN, 1027 Henry St., St. Joseph.
MONTANA	MRS. EDWARD A. MORLEY, 15 S. Benton Ave., Helena. MRS. CHARLES A. BLACKBURN, 804 W. Silver St., Butte.
NEBRASKA	MRS. CHARLES H. AULL, 1926 S. 33rd St., Omaha. MRS. HELEN MARR B. DRAKE, 606 N. 6th St., Beatrice.
NEVADA	MISS BIRD M. WILSON, Goldfield.
NEW HAMPSHIRE	MISS ANNIE WALLACE, Rochester. MRS. WILL BERNARD HOWE, 35 South St., Concord.
NEW JERSEY	MRS. GEORGE W. GEDNEY, 50 Montclair Ave., Montclair. MRS. WILLIAM D. SHERRERD, Highland Ave. Haddonfield.
NEW MEXICO	MRS. SINGLETON M. ASHENFELTER, Silver City. MRS. WILLIAM H. POPE, Santa Fe.
NEW YORK	MRS. BENJAMIN F. SPRAKER, Palatine Bridge. MRS. DAVID B. PAGE, 157 W. 3rd St., Oswego.
NORTH CAROLINA	MISS LIDA TUNSTALL RODMAN, P. O. Box 175, Washington. MRS. THEODORE S. MORRISON, Asheville.

NORTH DAKOTA	MRS. GEORGE M. YOUNG, Valley City.
OHIO	MRS. AUSTIN C. BRANT, 848 N. Market St., Canton. MRS. EDWARD LANSING HARRIS, 6719 Euclid Ave., Cleveland.
OKLAHOMA	MRS. J. D. HAIL, 1325 S. Cheyenne Ave., Tulsa. MRS. SNOWDEN HALL MOORE, McAlester.
OREGON	MRS. ISAAC L. PATTERSON, Eola Rd., Salem. MISS MARIA RUTH GUPPY, 1158 High St., Eugene.
PENNSYLVANIA	MISS EMMA L. CROWELL, Oak Lane, Philadelphia. MRS. ANTHONY WAYNE COOK, Hotel Schenley, Pittsburgh.
RHODE ISLAND	MRS. CHARLES E. LONGLEY, 87 Walcott St., Pawtucket. MISS FLORENCE G. BULLOCK, 74 Harris Ave., Woonsocket.
SOUTH CAROLINA	MRS. FRED H. H. CALHOUN, Clemson College. MRS. HUGH L. MCCOLL, Bennettsville.
SOUTH DAKOTA	MRS. EDWARD B. KEATOR, 907 Park St., Watertown. MRS. E. ST. CLAIR SNYDER, 617 2nd St., N. W., Watertown.
TENNESSEE	MRS. GEORGE W. BAXTER, 437 Temple Ave., Knoxville. MRS. HALLUM W. GOODLOE, Franklin.
TEXAS	MRS. ANDREW ROSE, 821 Olive St., Texarkana. MRS. CHARLES E. KELLY, 900 Mesa Ave., El Paso.
UTAH	MRS. LEE CHARLES MILLER, 943 East 1st South St., Salt Lake City. MRS. LUCIUS ENDICOTT HALL, 78 East 1st North St., Salt Lake City.
VERMONT	MRS. PERLEY HAZEN, 5 Highland Ave., St. Johnsbury. MRS. E. R. PEMBER, Wells.
VIRGINIA	MRS. J. F. MAUPIN, 42 N. Court St., Portsmouth. MISS ALETHEA SERPELL, Norfolk.
WASHINGTON	MRS. EDMUND BOWDEN, 1534 18th Ave., Seattle. MRS. JAMES S. MCKEE, Hoquiam.
WEST VIRGINIA	MRS. PARKS FISHER, 186 Willey St., Morgantown. MRS. LINN BRANNON, 236 Center Ave., Weston.
WISCONSIN	MRS. JOHN P. HUME, 539 Terrace Ave., Milwaukee. MRS. JOHN G. REXFORD, 210 Sinclair St., Janesville.
WYOMING	MISS GRACE RAYMOND HEBARD, Laramie. MRS. E. RICHARD SHIPP, 443 Beach St., Casper.
ORIENT	MRS. CHARLES S. LOBINGIER, care of Judge Lobingier, Shanghai, China

Honorary Officers Elected for Life

Honorary Presidents General

MRS. JOHN W. FOSTER,
MRS. DANIEL MANNING,

MRS. DONALD MCLEAN,
MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT.

Honorary President Presiding

MRS. MARY V. E. CABELL.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General

MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895.	MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON, 1906.
MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GEER, 1896.	MRS. SARA T. KINNEY, 1910.
MRS. MILDRED S. MATHES, 1899.	MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, 1911.
MRS. MARY LOCKWOOD, 1905.	MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, 1913.
MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.	MRS. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 1913.
	MRS. WALLACE DELAFIELD, 1914.

MRS. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, 1914.

National Board of Management

Regular Meeting, October 12-13, 1915.

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story, in the Board Room of Memorial Continental Hall, Tuesday, October 12, 1915, at 10:25 a. m.

The Chaplain General having not yet arrived, the President General read the little collect used by the Manhattan Chapter; the Board then united in repeating the Lord's Prayer.

The following members responded to roll call: President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story. Vice-Presidents General: Mrs. Minor, Connecticut; Mrs. Smallwood, District of Columbia; Mrs. Jamison, Virginia; Mrs. Moody, Delaware; Mrs. Goode, Alabama; Mrs. Smith, West Virginia. Active Officers: Mrs. Lockwood, Chaplain General; Mrs. Boyle, Recording Secretary General; Mrs. Smoot, Organizing Secretary General; Miss Pierce, Registrar General; Mrs. Augsbury, Historian General; Mrs. Orton, Director General in Charge of the Report to the Smithsonian Institution; Mrs. Sternberg, Librarian General; Miss Barlow, Curator General of the Museum. State Regents: Mrs. Buel, Connecticut; Mrs. Hall, Delaware; Mrs. Greenawalt, District of Columbia; Mrs. Guernsey, Kansas; Mrs. Bosley, Maryland; Mrs. Wait, Michigan; Mrs. Gedney, New Jersey; Miss Rodman, North Carolina; Mrs. Brant, Ohio; Miss Crowell, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Longley, Rhode Island; Mrs. Calhoun, South Carolina; Mrs. Lobingier, the Orient. State Vice-Regents: Mrs. Page, New York; Miss Serpell, Virginia.

The President General stated that having agreed to hear the Syracuse case, the Board must take up that question as soon as possible as there were witnesses to be heard and all of the witnesses were present—but that she did not consider it fair to put back the work of the members, suggesting that the officers refrain from giving at that time their reports, but simply their recommendations to be acted on, also the recommendations of the Chairmen of the important National Committees, that the other important business be taken up and disposed of as quickly as possible, and then that the Syracuse case be proceeded with, and after that had been brought to a conclusion those of the members who remained could hear the reports of the officers. Moved by Mrs. Goode, seconded by Mrs. Smith, and carried, *that the order of business as suggested by the President General be adopted.*

Mrs. Jamison reported that the State Regent

of Virginia was kept from attending the Board meeting by a very serious bereavement in the death of her husband. Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Smoot, and carried, *that a letter of sympathy from the Board be sent to Mrs. Maupin, State Regent of Virginia, in the great bereavement which has come to her in the death of her husband.* The President General stated that letters of sympathy had already gone to Mrs. Maupin, but as she was very dear to all the members of the Board she would no doubt appreciate a letter of sympathy from the Board. The President General also said that it was her sad duty to state that there were a number of letters of condolence that should be written—that she felt very deeply the loss of Mrs. Fishburne, who had served the National Society in different capacities for a great many years—that it was a source of great regret that Mrs. Abbott's mother was so seriously ill—also that Mrs. Parker, State Regent of Georgia, had suffered a very serious and distressing sorrow—that Mrs. John Lewis Cobbs, State Regent of Alabama, had just lost her mother, and a similar sorrow had befallen Mrs. Bushnell in the death of her mother; that the feeling of the Board be expressed in profound sympathy and sorrow to all the valued members who had been afflicted either by death or by serious illness or in any other way.

The statement was made by the President General that she had no formal report—she wished very much to tell the Board of the wonderful trip to the far West that she had just made, but that she would not be able to do justice to the subject in the time at her disposal, and rather than defer it to the next Board meeting she would write it all out and have it printed in the Magazine. The medal that was presented by the Exposition to the National Society was shown to the members of the Board before being placed under the care of the Curator General for the Museum.

The President General having, before the meeting was called to order, explained to the members of the Board the difficulties under which Miss Finch was laboring and her regret at not being able to be present for the celebration and to make her report to the Board, the motion was made by Mrs. Smith, seconded by Mrs. Goode, *that a telegram of greeting and appreciation be sent Miss Finch, the Chairman of the Magazine Committee.* This was carried by a rising vote.

Miss Crowell, in the name of the Daughters of Pennsylvania, extended to the President Gen-

eral and the members of the Board a most cordial invitation to attend their State Conference to be held in Pittsburgh on the 25th, 26th, and 27th of October, which was received with thanks by the President General for herself and the Board.

The Recording Secretary General stated that she had a recommendation to make regarding the appointment of a clerk to fill the vacancy in her office; Mrs. Augsburg reported that she had notified the Building and Grounds Committee in May that she could dispense with the assistance of the extra clerk in her office, but the Committee did not report at the June Board meeting and the clerk was still carried on the roll of her office, though she had not signed her salary voucher, and the clerk had not been engaged in work in her office since June. The Registrar General requested the placing of a clerk now on the temporary roll on the permanent roll, the Treasurer General having also sent her a similar request for her office, both these requests having been taken up with the Building and Grounds Committee. The President General ruled that the requests having to do with the clerks must come through the Building and Grounds Committee, and if the Acting Chairman would present her recommendations at that time they would be acted on immediately. Mrs. Greenawalt, therefore, presented the following recommendation; that Miss Jean Jackson be placed on the permanent roll at \$75 per month to fill the position left vacant by the death of Mrs. Fishburne, such appointment to date from October 6, 1915. During the discussion Mrs. Boyle explained that this clerk had already served three months in a substitute capacity, the spirit of the rules governing the employment of clerks being thus complied with. Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Jamison, and carried, *that Miss Jean Jackson be given the vacancy in the Recording Secretary General's office in accordance with the recommendation of the Building and Grounds Committee.* Moved by Mrs. Augsburg, seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt, and carried, *that the name of Miss Camilla H. Diggs, formerly a clerk in the Historian General's office, be dropped from the payroll.* Mrs. Greenawalt, as Acting Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee, presented the further recommendations; that Miss Mary-Louise Myers be placed on the temporary roll May 1 at a salary of \$30 per month, that her salary be raised to \$50 a month beginning June 1, 1915, and that she be placed on the permanent roll beginning September 1, 1915, at a salary of \$55 per month; that Miss Ruth Westergren be placed on the temporary roll January 18 at a salary of \$30 per month, that her salary be raised to \$50 a month beginning February 18, 1915, and that she be placed on the permanent roll beginning May

18, 1915, at a salary of \$55 per month. *The recommendation of the Building and Grounds Committee that Miss Mary-Louise Myers be placed on the roll of the Treasurer General, according to rulings, at a salary of \$55 per month, was moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Augsburg, and carried. The recommendation of the Building and Grounds Committee that Miss Ruth Westergren be placed on the roll of the Registrar General, according to rulings, at a salary of \$55 per month, was moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Page, and carried.*

The Organizing Secretary General presented again the matter of the desire of the chapter at Walla Walla, Washington, to change its name, it appearing from a letter received from Miss Burnett, regent of the chapter, that at the time the name was taken it was the understanding of the chapter that it was necessary to take some name in order to have the chapter organized, but that after their organization was complete they would be permitted to select a suitable name, and that it was felt the recommendation adopted by Congress ought not to apply to their case inasmuch as the chapter had been organized with the understanding that a suitable name could be afterwards selected. The name it was desired to take was that of Narcissa Prentiss, the wife of Marcus Whitman, the pioneer of the Northwest. Under these circumstances, on motion properly seconded, it was carried *that the request be granted.* The requests from a chapter in Pennsylvania and one in Illinois to add the proper titles to the names of their chapters (named for patriots) were also granted, the President General stating that in the estimation of the Chair it would not be changing materially the name of the chapter. The Organizing Secretary General, by vote of the Board, was also instructed to take up the matter of the Brockport chapter, which desired to change its name, and whose request had been made early in February, but had not been acted upon, and if in her opinion it came within the rules of possible change she was empowered to act. The request of the Organizing Regent of the Eve Lear Chapter that the chapter be recognized by the National Society as independent of the State organization was presented by the Organizing Secretary General. After some discussion, participated in by many of the members present, it was moved by Mrs. Calhoun, seconded by Miss Rodman, and carried, *that the request of the Organizing Regent of the Eve Lear Chapter, New Haven, Conn., be ruled out of order.*

The Curator General stated that she had a recommendation in regard to the proposed acquisition of wall cases for the Museum, the funds for which she would endeavor herself to collect, with the permission of the Board,

and on motion of Miss Barlow, seconded by Mrs. Augsbury, *the recommendation of the consideration of the wall cases in the museum was adopted.*

The Chairman of Finance Committee asked the approval of the Board for the purchase of two typewriters, and that the Board endorse the work of the Chairman during the summer; presenting also the recommendation to the Board that all officers and chairmen of committees personally sign their vouchers in writing. Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Smoot, and carried, *that the recommendations of the Chairman of Committee on Finance be accepted.* Mrs. Sternberg also recommended that the Board approve the change in the blank voucher referred to in her report. Moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Miss Barlow, and carried, *that the recommendation of the Chairman of the Finance Committee in regard to the change in form of the vouchers be accepted.*

Miss Pierce presented a request from the Treasurer General for the change from 25 cents to \$1 in the Christmas offering letter authorized at the June Board, and on motion of Mrs. Augsbury, seconded by Miss Barlow, it was carried, *that the Treasurer General be authorized to change the wording of her Christmas letter, to request \$1 in place of 25 cents.*

The Recording Secretary General then read the following letter and protest:

Connecticut Daughters of the American Revolution

Windsor, Conn., Oct. 9, 1915.

Mrs. William C. Boyle,

Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mrs. Boyle:

At a meeting of Chapter Regents, Connecticut D. A. R., held at Windsor to-day, the enclosed resolutions were unanimously adopted and ordered transmitted through you to the National Board.

Respectfully,

LOUISE L. BARNUM,

Recording Secretary, Conn. D. A. R.

Resolutions of Protest Against the Removal and the Method of the Removal of the Name of Connecticut from the Plate Above the Door of the National Board Room in Memorial Continental Hall.

Whereas:

The Board of Management of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution at its meeting June 16, 1915, voted that "the name Connecticut Room be changed to Board Room at the request of Mrs. H. P. B. Manson, if it does not conflict with the rules of the National Society," and

Whereas:

Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel, the State Regent of Connecticut, had no notice that this matter

was to be brought up for action at said meeting and in consequence had no records or papers in the case at hand to show Connecticut's connection with the original gift, and

Whereas:

Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel, State Regent of Connecticut, upon looking up the said records and history of the case, was convinced that grave injustice had been done to Connecticut, and in a letter to the President General protested against such summary proceedings, and

Whereas:

The Council of the State Regent of Connecticut after listening to a full account of the history of the gift of the Board Room and of the action of the Board of Management of the National Society at its June meeting, voted unanimously to confirm the protest of the State Regent of Connecticut, Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel, to the President General of the National Society, now therefore be it

Resolved:

That we, the Chapter Regents of Connecticut here assembled do hereby endorse the action of Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel, State Regent of Connecticut, and of the Council, and direct that the PROTEST of the State of Connecticut be conveyed to the Board of Management of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution.

Committee of the Council,

EVA V. M. BISSELL,
MARY F. W. SHIPMAN,
LOUISE L. BARNUM.

Mrs. Buel, having been granted the courtesy of the house, then read the following statement:

Connecticut's Statement to the National Board Concerning the Board Room.

Connecticut has always claimed that the Board Room was a State gift on the ground that it was given by a Connecticut Daughter through the State, the same as any other individual or Chapter gift, presented through any State and credited to that State.

The records and correspondence bear out this statement, and justify the ground taken that this gives the State as great a right to its name over the door as if the Board Room had been paid for by general subscription. In proof of this, I quote from a letter dated May 10, 1908, to Mrs. Kinney when State Regent of Connecticut from Mrs. James Knox Taylor, the then Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of Continental Hall Committee, which letter was sent to Mrs. Kinney for Mrs. Manson's (then Mrs. Benedict's) information, a copy of which was sent nearly two years later to me by Mrs. Manson herself with other correspondence, showing that she knew of and

understood the proposed method of marking the rooms. It reads: "It is understood that it will be the room where the National Board will meet. Over the doorway in large brass lettering the name 'Connecticut,' showing the room was given by some State or member from that State." To this there is no record of Mrs. Manson's objecting. She withdrew her original pledge for reasons with which Connecticut had nothing to do. A history of this pledge is as follows, beginning with extracts from the printed Proceedings of Congress and the Minutes of the National Board:

Proceedings of the Fifteenth Continental Congress (1906)

From the Report of Mrs. James Knox Taylor, Chairman of Ways and Means Committee:

* * * The demands for memorials come in daily. Since the last congress, New Jersey, Delaware, West Virginia and the District of Columbia have taken rooms to finish, in the name of their States. * * * Your chairman is also in communication with Connecticut and Massachusetts as to memorial rooms * * *.

Contributions to Continental Hall Fund.

(The official reader called the States as follows:)

Alabama, \$262; Arizona, \$50; California, * * *.

President General, * * *.

Reader, Colorado, * * *.

Connecticut: Hannah Benedict Carter Chapter, \$10; Mrs. H. Prescott, \$10; Torrington Chapter, \$10; Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter, \$25; Phoebe Humphrey Chapter, \$25; Fanny Ledyard Chapter, \$25; Sarah Williams Danielson Chapter, \$25; Sarah Ludlow Chapter, \$25; Dorothy Ripley Chapter, \$30. Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, \$17; Emma Hart Willard Chapter, \$5.

President General: With your permission, Mrs. Kinney, I have just received \$50 also from the Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter; I would like to add that to that chapter.

Connecticut (continuing): Elizabeth Clark Hull Chapter, \$80; Faith Trumbull Chapter, \$50; Esther Stanley Chapter, \$25; Mary Wooster Chapter, \$25; Willimantic Chapter, \$30; Wadsworth Chapter, \$100; Freelove Baldwin Stowe Chapter, \$125; Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, \$150; Mrs. Frank H. Benedict, a member of Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, \$6,000.

Mrs. Kinney: You will see by this that Connecticut never does things by halves. This contribution is for the board room, the Board of Management Room, and it is given by Mrs. Benedict as a memorial to her Revolutionary ancestors, one of whom was George Washington's private secretary. (Applause.)

President General (Mrs. McLean): That is the largest single contribution that ever came to us. A year ago it was thought certain places

would take so much money in order to finish them. The board room being the largest room in the building outside of the auditorium, museum and library, the architect has calculated it would take about \$6,000 to finish that room. Owing to the personal influence of our State Regent of Connecticut upon the pure and patriotic soul of the donor of such a memorial, for such a purpose, we are able, this afternoon, to receive this \$6,000 in reverent memory of the ancestors of the woman whose soul has been so fired with generosity. (Applause.) Rising vote of thanks given. (*American Monthly Magazine*, Vol. 29, Page 179).

Extract from report of Ways and Means Committee to Memorial Continental Hall Committee at meetings held June 6, 1906:

* * * By the very generous contribution of Mrs. Benedict, *Connecticut* was given the Board Room, with the understanding this sum of \$6,000 would be used in the finishing and furnishing of that room.

Report accepted.

State Regent's Report to Sixteenth Continental Congress (1907).

* * * Mary Clap Wooster Chapter of New Haven * * * through one of its members, Mrs. Frank H. Benedict, the chapter was made the contributor of \$150 to Continental Hall, and it is radiant with reflected glory from Mrs. Benedict's larger gift of \$6,000 to the same object. It is believed this is the largest personal gift that was ever made at any one time to Continental Hall fund. (*American Monthly Magazine*, Vol. 31, Page 165.)

From Proceedings of Eighteenth Continental Congress (1909).

The President General (Mrs. McLean): Seven hundred dollars from Connecticut, ladies. We thank you. I desire to say here there is a pledge from Connecticut which is going to be redeemed very shortly. As chairman of the Continental Hall Committee, I have recently received a letter from Mrs. Manson of Connecticut. She will redeem a fine, large pledge.

Extract from Minutes of National Board of Management, Saturday, April 16, 1910:

The Vice-President General from Ohio moved a vote of thanks to the State of Connecticut for the beautiful furnishings for the Board Room. (Applause.)

The State Regent of New Jersey seconded the motion.

The State Regent of Connecticut said the entire amount (\$6,000) was given by Mrs. Manson, one of our Connecticut Daughters. (Applause.)

The Vice-President General from Ohio moved that the Secretary be instructed to send Mrs. Manson a vote of thanks.

The motion was seconded by the State Regents of Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Virginia and many others.

Nineteenth Continental Congress (1910) (Mrs. Buel's first Congress as State Regent).

Mrs. Buel: Connecticut gives this year as follows:

Anne Wood Elderkin Chapter.....	\$20
Freelove Baldwin Stowe Chapter.....	100
Hannah Woodruff Chapter (special object)	100
Mary Clap Wooster Chapter.....	50
Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter.....	25
Mary Silliman Chapter, to place names of Mrs. Jane E. Sterling Seeley, ex-regent, and Madam Fanny I. Crosby on Roll of Honor Book	100
Norwalk Chapter	8
Putnam Hill Chapter.....	25
Sarah Ludlow Chapter.....	25
Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter.....	50
Sarah Whitman Hooker Chapter.....	25
Wadsworth Chapter	50
Mrs. John T. Manson, account furnishing Board Room (money given).....	6,000
(Proceedings Nineteenth Continental Congress—Second Day, Page 91).	

Correct List Continental Hall Contributions, Report of Treasurer General to Board, June 1, 1910:

Connecticut

Anne Wood Elderkin Chapter.....	\$20
Elizabeth Clark Hull Chapter.....	25
Freelove Baldwin Stowe Chapter (special)	100
Hannah Woodruff Chapter (special object)	100
Katherine Gaylord Chapter.....	50
Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, to place the name of Miss Emily Louise Gerry, first regent and daughter of Elbridge Gerry, Signer of the Declaration of Independence, on Roll of Honor Book.....	50
Mary Clap Wooster Chapter.....	50
Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter.....	25
Mary Silliman Chapter, to place the name of Mrs. Jane E. S. Seeley, ex-regent, and Madam Fanny I. Crosby on the Roll of Honor Book.....	100
Norwalk Chapter	8
Putnam Hill Chapter.....	25
Sarah Ludlow Chapter.....	25
Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter.....	50
Sarah Whitman Hooker Chapter.....	25
Stamford Chapter	10
Wadsworth Chapter	50
Mrs. John T. Manson, furnishing and finishing Board Room (memorial to ancestors)	6,000
(Extract from Minutes of National Board Meeting, June 7 and 8, 1911)	

* * * The Vice-President of Delaware brought up the matter of placing the names

of offices and States on the doors of the rooms, and after a discussion of the ideas of the architect in regard to this, the Treasurer General moved: "That a committee be appointed to take up the matter of marking the rooms." Seconded by the Registrar General, the Vice-President General of Delaware and the State Regent of Massachusetts, and carried. (*American Monthly Magazine*, Vol. 39, Page 174.)

Extract from Minutes of National Board Meeting, October 4, 1911.

* * * The Vice-President General of Delaware proposed that the Committee on Marking the Rooms, of which she was a member, be given authority by the board to go ahead and do this work, as she was anxious that it should be finished before the next Congress. On motion of the Vice-President General of Delaware, seconded by the Treasurer General, it was voted:

"That the committee be authorized to go ahead, and give the order for marking the doors." (*American Monthly Magazine*, Vol. 40, page 135.)

Twentieth Continental Congress, 1911.

Extract from Treasurer General's Report:

The Treasurer General submits the following statement of special features:

Alabama Chapters, on account Alabama Room.
California Chapters, on account of California Room.
Colorado Chapters, on account of Box.
Colorado Chapters, Chair for Recording Secretary General.

Connecticut Chapters, on account of Bronze Doors \$230
Connecticut Chapters, for Connecticut Column 2,000
Mrs. John T. Manson, of Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, Memorial to her Ancestors, Board Room and Furnishings.. 6,000
(Proceedings of Twentieth Continental Congress, Appendix C, Page 596.)

Twenty-fourth Continental Congress.

Extract from Treasurer General's Report:

Alabama Chapters
California
California Chapters, California Room
Colorado
Colorado Chapters, Box and Retiring Room
Colorado Chapter, Flag Pole
Connecticut
Connecticut Chapters, Bronze Doors and Marking \$2,357.00
Connecticut Chapters, Column and Marking 2,006.38
Connecticut Chapters, Account of Bond 2,951.00
Mrs. John T. Manson, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, Memorial to her Ancestors, Board Room..... 6,000.00
Connecticut Chapters, Placing Statue Oliver Ellsworth 12.12

Connecticut Chapters, Grounds..... 60.00
 Connecticut Chapters, Repairing Clock 3.50
 (Treasurer General's Report to Twenty-fourth Congress, Pages 19-20.)

These show the Board Room to have been originally pledged through Mrs. Kinney, State Regent of Connecticut, at the Congress of 1906, and redeemed through Mrs. Buel, State Regent of Connecticut, four years later in 1910. The original pledge, dated April 18, 1906, says, "said sum to be paid within six months from date." I have no knowledge of what held the matter in abeyance for so long. It was not until six months after I became State Regent in 1909 that the matter was brought to my personal attention through Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, then resident secretary, Continental Hall Committee, who asked Mrs. Sterling, then Vice-President General from Connecticut, in October, 1909, what Connecticut was going to do about the Connecticut room, as nothing up to that time (three and a half years) had been done about the pledge, Mrs. Manson having partially withdrawn some time previously, date unknown to me. This was her first withdrawal. In reference to this, I wrote Mrs. Hodgkins on October 18, 1909, as follows:

East Meadows, Litchfield,
 October 18, 1909.

My dear Mrs. Hodgkins:

Supplementing Mrs. Sterling's conversation with you in regard to the Board Room, I am writing to tell you that Connecticut has always considered the Board Room hers since Mrs. Manson's pledge came through Connecticut, being announced by Mrs. Kinney for the State, and that now Connecticut will hold herself responsible for the other \$3,000 necessary to finish this room.

As I understand it, this money does not have to be given in all at once, but all future contributions from Connecticut may apply to the Board Room without limit in time. * * *

Yours very sincerely,
 (Signed) ELIZABETH C. B. BUEL,
State Regent, Conn. D. A. R.

On October 30, 1909, Mrs. Hodgkins wrote me that Mrs. Manson had definitely withdrawn (this was the second time) and I replied that she must hold the room for the State until I could do something about it. I then set to work to secure the resumption of the pledge, asking Mrs. Scott (then President General) to write Mrs. Manson, explaining away whatever might have been the causes of dissatisfaction on Mrs. Manson's part, with the result that Mrs. Manson renewed her plans and all went well until a question arose as to whether or not she might place in the room a memorial tablet with her own name thereon as donor. Understanding that she could not place such a tablet, she again withdrew (this was the third time) and Mrs. Scott in despair over the misunderstanding appealed to me on March 1,

1910, and I replied on March 5, that "Connecticut must step into the breach somehow." All through Mrs. Scott's correspondence with Mrs. Manson (copies of which Mrs. Manson sent me when she withdrew), Connecticut is referred to as having some part and rights in the matter. On March 7, I wrote Mrs. Manson a letter from which I quote:

Litchfield, Conn., March 7, 1910.

Mrs. John T. Manson,
 82 Hillhouse Avenue,
 New Haven.

My dear Mrs. Manson:

* * * I was deeply reluctant to see Connecticut fail to take the room for which she stood pledged in the eyes of the whole Society for so many years. * * *

I have made these explanations in full that you may know that I am not only not a stranger to the late transactions, but on the contrary, a keenly anxious participant in them, for upon the outcome depended Connecticut's action in the matter. If your plans fell through, it devolved upon me, as an embarrassing and painful duty, to appeal to the State to take up the pledge. If I did not do this, and let the Board Room go, I felt that the State would be severely criticised before the whole Society. I have therefore been awaiting the outcome of Mrs. Scott's correspondence to see, first, what you would still be willing to do, and then to see that Connecticut did the rest. * * * If this does not appeal to you, then Connecticut must do it alone, for the State cannot, in honor bound, let the room go at this late hour. * * * My chief difficulty in this unfortunate situation is this: to act quickly, as this emergency requires—for every day now lost makes it more certain that Connecticut's room will be the only room unfinished when Congress convenes—means that I must act without due authority and trust to the loyalty of the State to support me; for I cannot actually pledge the State except by its own vote at the State meeting, which will not be held until March 30th. This is where the situation is involved and embarrassing for all concerned, and yet I must in some way save the room for the State.

* * *

Yours sincerely,
 (Signed) ELIZABETH C. B. BUEL.

I then brought the matter before my Council at its meeting on March 10th, three days later, when they were enthusiastically unanimous in favor of retaining the Board Room and sending out an appeal to the Chapters to take up the pledge. Before this appeal could be issued, however, Mrs. Manson again resumed negotiations over the telephone in reply to my letter just read. Her proposal was that she would renew the entire pledge of \$6,000, fulfilling original plan if allowed memorial tablet by rescinding any vote of Congress forbidding such tablet; in case of a failure to rescind,

Connecticut was to repay Mrs. Manson the \$6,000. I telegraphed these terms to each member of my Council, who each telegraphed acceptance; also to Mrs. Scott, who assured us there was no vote forbidding such a tablet, nor could we find any anywhere. In my presence and Mrs. Manson's, at an interview held a few days later in New York, Mrs. Manson wrote out a second pledge as follows, the agreement that Connecticut repay the \$6,000 if a tablet was forbidden being verbally understood:

(Mrs. Manson's conditions under which she resumed work on the Board Room)

"Mrs. Manson will take up her original pledge of \$6,000, meaning for the room and furnishings, with the distinct understanding that there shall be no interference from any source, with her plans for decorating and furnishing the Board Room. It being her intention to proceed with designs of the Chapman Decorating Co., of Philadelphia, which have been submitted and which she understands are acceptable. It is also understood that she may place a tablet in the room wherever she may please, the inscription also to be as she may wish, in short the whole matter must be left to her good taste." A little later Mrs. Manson gave me her check for \$6,000, which she almost directly recalled, sending me two checks for \$3,000 each, to which Mr. Manson refers as follows:

New Haven, Conn., April 14, 1910.

My dear Mrs. Buel:

* * * If this matter of treating the check is not in your judgment all right, you may handle it as seems best to you, so long as the idea that you first had, that of Mrs. Manson getting full credit for the \$6,000 is brought about. * * *

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) JOHN T. MANSON.

These two checks I presented to the Congress of 1910 as read in the Proceedings. This narrative terminates with this letter, dated May 17, 1910, from Mr. Manson:

New Haven, May 17, 1910.

My dear Mrs. Buel:

Mrs. Manson asked me several days ago to acknowledge your very kind letter, but it has happened that the days have not been long enough to accomplish it, until now.

She has been greatly pleased with the communications that have come to her from the various Boards, Committees and with the kind mention you made in your report. * * *

Both Mrs. Manson and I have appreciated your interest and help in the Board Room matter and we join in very kind regards.

Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) JOHN T. MANSON.

In all this correspondence there is no mention of a \$1,000 deposit being necessary before the State could retain the room, nor was it

imposed upon Mrs. Manson. This point was made at the June Board meeting as one of the arguments against retaining the State's name over the door. It was understood throughout by all concerned that rooms bear the names of the States contributing to them, whether by the sole gift of one individual or the smaller contributions of many.

Through all Mrs. Manson's indecision and three withdrawals, Connecticut never released the room so that it could be assigned to any other State, but on the contrary, continually stood ready to redeem the pledge made by Mrs. Manson; and even when Mrs. Manson finally resumed and carried it to completion, it was with the expressed understanding that the State should repay to her the \$6,000 if anything were done not in accordance with her wishes. Connecticut was ready to do that in 1910 and stands ready to redeem its own.

ELIZABETH BARNEY BUEL,

State Regent, Connecticut.

After a lengthy discussion, the motion was made by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Lockwood, that the name of Connecticut be replaced over the Board Room door as it was before, so as to read, Board Room, Connecticut. The President General having requested that the matter be deferred to a meeting of the Board, when Mrs. Manson might be present and also be heard, Mrs. Minor consented to postpone her motion, and moved, *to postpone my motion, "that the name of Connecticut be replaced over the Board Room door as it was before, so as to read Board Room, Connecticut," to January Board meeting.* This was seconded by Mrs. Smoot and carried.

Permission was accorded Mrs. Gaar, who had been appointed Vice-Chairman in Charge of the Block Certificates at Washington, to appear before the Board to present a proposition with regard to the certificates. Mrs. Gaar stated that after making a few investigations she had found that only \$52 had been received by the Treasurer General since last April for certificates, out of which \$5.20 would have to be paid to Caldwell—that it would not pay to employ a special clerk at \$75 a month to receive only \$52 in five months—that Caldwell's bill on the 1st of February was \$7,556.61, showing that during the last four years only \$2,443.39 had been paid on his bill for certificates. Mrs. Gaar also gave some figures showing the amounts that had been turned in by Mrs. Block at various times to the office of the Treasurer General, and the number of blank certificates that had been sent by Mrs. Block and Caldwell to the Hall to be sent out under the resolution adopted by the last Congress that certificates should in the future be sent out from Memorial Continental Hall. Mrs. Gaar suggested that inasmuch as the small amount received during the past year and since spring would indicate there was not much de-

mand for the certificates, and in order to realize something from the stock on hand, it might be well to adopt the business method of reducing the price—that at the time the certificates were first issued the debt on the Hall was much larger, but now the end was in sight. Mrs. Gaar also said that there were 1,200 certificates on hand that had been fixed with the silver shield over Mrs. Scott's name, on which had been engrossed Mrs. Story's name, but which bore the name of Mrs. Brumbaugh, the former Registrar General, and could not, therefore, be sent out under the ruling that all the certificates should bear the signatures of the officers of the administration at the time they were issued, and suggested that she be permitted to mark a line through the signatures and use these 1,200 certificates as samples in the effort to place the certificates in the hands of members. In connection with the Block certificates, the Registrar General moved *that in order to preserve the integrity of the records of this Society, that in future all certificates issued under the Block certificate scheme be compared with and agree with the ancestral records on file in the office of the Registrar General.* This was seconded by Mrs. Smallwood and carried. Permission was given Mrs. Gaar to use the certificates now at the Hall having the incorrect signatures for samples, and on motion of Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Hall, it was carried, *that the Vice-Chairman, Mrs. Gaar, sell the Block certificates at 35 cents each, having thereon the names of the officers of the administration in which they are issued.*

Word was sent to the parties in the Syracuse case that the Board was ready to proceed with the hearing of the case.

The matter of the Syracuse case was then taken up, attorneys being present to represent both parties and the adviser to the Board, as well as the witnesses called in the case.

The Recording Secretary General read the charges filed against Mrs. Rich and, after some discussion, part of the answer subscribed to by Mrs. Rich. The hour having arrived for luncheon, it was moved by Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Smith, and carried, *that a recess for luncheon be taken until 2:30 P. M.*

The afternoon session was called to order by the President General, and the hearing in the Rich case resumed. It appearing that the hearing would continue for some hours, it was moved by Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Boyle, and carried, *that we remain in session as long as necessary.* During the examination of the last witness, the President General stated that she had hoped it would have been possible for the case to be decided before the time necessary for her to leave, that she had asked one of the Vice Presidents General to take the chair, which, according to the arrangement accepted by the attorneys and the Board, would

be perfectly proper, but that it might be better for the Board to elect their Chairman. Moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, *that Mrs. Smallwood preside in the absence of the President General.*

The attorneys and witnesses having retired, the motion was carried that the Board go into executive session, and on motion of Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Goode, it was also carried *that the present chairman, Mrs. Smallwood, be the chairman of the executive session.*

The Board having risen from executive session, it was moved by Mrs. Longley, seconded by Mrs. Page, and carried, *that the charges against Mrs. Anna Ingersoll Rich have been sufficiently sustained.* On motion of Mrs. Longley, seconded by Mrs. Augsburg, it was further carried, *that Anna Ingersoll Rich be expelled from membership in the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, and her name be stricken from the rolls.*

After some discussion, it was moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Miss Barlow, and carried, *that a recess be taken until tomorrow morning.* Miss Pierce stated that it was important that her report should not go over until the next day, and moved *that the report of the Registrar General be made a matter of personal privilege.* This was seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt and carried.

Miss Pierce then read her report as follows:

Report of the Registrar General.

Madam President General, Members of the Board of Management. I have the Honor to Report the Following:

Applications presented to the Board....	1,354
Applications presented to the Board conditionally	3
Supplemental applications verified.....	549
Original papers returned unverified....	55
Supplemental papers returned unverified	327
Permits for Insignia issued.....	486
Permits for Ancestral Bars issued....	343
Permits for Recognition Pins issued...	386
Application for Real Daughters presented	2
Number of Letters, including duplicate papers, issued	4,234
Number of cards issued.....	2,230
Original papers examined and not yet verified	633
Supplemental papers examined and not yet verified	1,220
New records verified.....	567
Original papers awaiting Notary's Seal	20
Supplemental papers awaiting Notary's Seal	22
Total number of papers verified.....	1,910
Number of application papers copied, 108 at 25c	
	\$27.00
Number of volumes bound since Board Meeting	18

Pension Records copied and turned over
to Librarian General..... 577
Respectfully submitted,
GRACE M. PIERCE,
Registrar General.

On motion, duly seconded, the report was accepted.

The announcement was read of a meeting of the Mary Washington Chapter of the District of Columbia, at the Washington Club, for that evening, and an invitation extended to the members of the Board to attend.

The motion at 7:25 to adjourn was unanimously seconded and carried.

The adjourned meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order at 10:15, Wednesday, October 13, Mrs. Smallwood, Vice-President General of the District of Columbia, in the chair.

The following members responded to the roll: Vice-Presidents General: Mrs. Minor, Connecticut; Mrs. Smallwood, District of Columbia; Mrs. Moody, Delaware; Mrs. Goode, Alabama. Active Officers: Mrs. Boyle, Recording Secretary General; Miss Pierce, Registrar General; Mrs. Augsburg, Historian General; Mrs. Orton, Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution; Mrs. Sternberg, Librarian General; Miss Barlow, Curator General. State Regents: Mrs. Buel, Connecticut; Mrs. Hall, Delaware; Mrs. Greenawalt, District of Columbia; Mrs. Guernsey, Kansas; Mrs. Bosley, Maryland; Mrs. Wait, Michigan; Mrs. Brant, Ohio; Miss Crowell, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Longley, Rhode Island; Mrs. Calhoun, South Carolina; Mrs. Lobingier, Orient. State Vice-Regent: Mrs. Page, New York.

The Chairman called attention to the fact that the business left over from the first part of the session was the hearing and accepting reports of the National Officers and standing committees, all of whose recommendations had already been acted upon.

Mrs. Boyle read her report as Recording Secretary General.

Report of Recording Secretary General.

Madam President General and Members of the Board of Management:

Since the meeting of the Board of Management on June 16, 1915, the routine work of the office of the Recording Secretary General has gone forward as usual.

The minutes of the Board meetings of June 16 have been prepared and turned over to the editor of the Magazine and proof read. Copies of the rulings of this meeting have been sent to all offices. The minutes of the June meeting of the Memorial Continental Hall Committee, and of the Executive Committee meetings, have also been transcribed.

The official notices, letters of sympathy, regret and condolence in connection with the June Board have been sent out from this office.

Notices of appointments on committees are being sent out as lists are received from the President General and copy prepared for the printer.

The notices to the members of the Board of this meeting were mailed two weeks in advance.

Cards of condolence have been sent to the families of deceased Daughters and to regents of their chapters in all cases when the Recording Secretary has been notified. A letter of sympathy was sent to the family of Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, and an appreciative reply received. Also resolutions were received from the Massachusetts Founders association on the death of Mrs. Walworth. My office has also received notice of death of Mrs. Brookmire and the card of condolence has been sent her family and Chapter.

The notification cards to new members (1,346) admitted at the June Board meeting, were promptly mailed.

All documents requiring her signature have been signed by the Recording Secretary General.

Regrets and acceptancees for the October Board meeting have been received and filed.

Mrs. Abbott, Vice-President General, was on her way when she was intercepted by a message that her mother had a severe heart attack. She writes that God has been good to them and spared the mother's life, but it was too soon to say she was better. Mrs. Cobbs, State Regent of Alabama, is unable to be present, having just lost her mother.

Certificates of membership issued, 4,400.

The following Year Books have been received: Mary Isam Keith Chapter, Texas; Colonial Daughters Chapter, Maine; Jane Douglas Chapter, Texas; Jacob Bennett Chapter, New Mexico; Elizabeth Schuyler Hamilton Chapter, Michigan; Mary Marion Chapter, Iowa; James McElmece Chapter, Iowa; George Clymer Chapter, Penna.; Deborah Avery Chapter, Nebraska; Daughters of the American Revolution of New Jersey; Enid Chapter, Oklahoma; Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio; Marshalltown Chapter, Iowa; Nebraska Daughters of the American Revolution; Martha Pitkin Chapter, Ohio; Ashley Chapter, Iowa; Lebanon Chapter, Pennsylvania; General Richard Montgomery Chapter, New York; Charles Carroll Chapter, Indiana; Bellefonte Chapter, Pennsylvania; Santa Barbara Chapter, California.

There was also received from the California Daughters a copy of the program at the D. A. R. Conference at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition; from Miss Mary I. Stille, a very interesting program of exercises on the occasion of the marking of the Battlefield of Brandywine by the Pennsylvania Historical Commission and the Historical Societies of Chester and Delaware Counties, September 11,

1915; from the Hindman School of Kentucky, the announcement of the establishment of a Kindergarten Department and an appeal for support; copy of New York *Evening Sun*, containing an interesting and instructive talk on the Flag by Mrs. C. B. Nelcamp, Ohio State Chairman of Committee on Desecration of the Flag; circulars from the Woman's Section of the Navy League and from the National Security League; copy of Washington's Farewell Address to the Nation; from the Ohio State Regent, Mrs. Brant, printed list of State officers, Chapter Regents and Vice-Regents.

Respectfully submitted,

(MRS. WM. C.) ABBIE WILLIAMS R. BOYLE,
Recording Secretary General.

Before closing, may I claim a moment to speak of the memory of one with whom for the last two years I have been a co-worker and close friend, Alice B. Fishburne?

She came to me as an inheritance from former administrations, having served our Society as a loyal and loving Daughter and faithful worker under four administrations and more than fifteen years.

Never have I seen a woman more patient, nor known one more earnest in the performance of every duty, best of all, never have I heard her say a harmful nor unkind word.

Her walk in life did not lead her into green pastures, nor through many pleasant places, but always she was climbing the Hill of Difficulty in her untiring care for those whose mainstay she was.

While we miss daily in our office her pleasant smile of greeting, her gentle presence, her quiet help, we do not mourn for her, for as this natural life is but the shadow of the spiritual life of substance, we *know* that such as she pass from the shadow into the substance of fulfillment and happiness.

So to our feeling of tender recollections we add one of reverential gladness that she has safely passed the troubled waters and shoals of life, put out to sea, and crossed the bar.

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, *that the report of the Recording Secretary General be accepted.*

Mrs. Greenawalt asked to be permitted to report in reference to the death of Mrs. Fishburne, that she had received a telegram from the President General ordering flowers to be sent and a personal expression of her sympathy given to the family, which was done; that she called upon the family of Mrs. Fishburne and personally expressed the sympathy of the President General and of the National Society—at the same time as Regent of the District of Columbia expressing the sympathy of the State for the loss of its valued member, sending flowers also in the name of the District Daughters; as Acting Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee, she had ordered that the flag used for the obsequies of Daughters be

sent to the house to be used on the casket, and all the clerks who were able to leave their work and desired to attend were given permission to attend the funeral services. The Board expressed its approval of the action taken, and on motion, duly seconded, it was carried that this report be spread upon the minutes. It was also moved by Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Augsburg, and carried, *that the bill for flowers authorized by the President General for Mrs. Alice B. Fishburne, a clerk in the employ of the National Society for fifteen years, be authorized by the Board and paid.*

Moved by Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, *that the bill for flowers for the funeral of Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch, ex-National Officer, ordered by the direction of the President General, be authorized by the Board and paid.* Moved by Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, *that the bill for flowers for Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, Founder, authorized by the President General, and all the expenses connected with her funeral be paid.*

The report of the Organizing Secretary General was read by Mrs. Sternberg in the absence of Mrs. Smoot.

Report of the Organizing Secretary General.

Madam President General and Members of the Board of Management:

Through their respective State Regents, the following members at large ask for authorization to organize Chapters:

Mrs. Annie M. H. Bennett, Spring Lake, N. J.
Mrs. Ada Saunders Burkhalter, Barnwell, S. C.
Mrs. May Chaplin Collins, Douglas, Wyo.
Miss Grace L. Davis, Pittsfield, Maine.
Mrs. Charlotte L. B. Langstroth, Rahway, N. J.
Mrs. Anne Watson Merrick, Weis, Idaho.
Miss Clara B. Pritchard, Connellsville, Penna.
Mrs. Martha Jane Relf, Monroe, Wis.
Miss Nancy B. Runley, Mercersburg, Penna.
Mrs. Estelle J. Stephenson, Twin Falls & Burley, Idaho.
Mrs. Mary Field Taliferro, Bryan, Texas.
Miss Edna P. True, Phillips, Maine.
Miss Bird C. Dunlap, Clarksville, Ark.
Mrs. Nora S. Miller, Alliance, Ohio.

The following Organizing Regencies have expired by time limitation:

Miss Mary A. M. Gardner, Webster, Iowa.
Miss Frances William Hess, Norborne, Mo.
Miss Fannie Price, Tallapoosa, Ga.
Mrs. Caroline B. M. Robinson, Bessemer, Ala.

The reappointment of the following are requested by their State Regents:

Miss Frances William Hess, Norborne, Mo.
Miss Mary G. Barney, Blairstown, Iowa.
Mrs. D. Lulu Brown Engelken, Le Mars, Iowa.

The resignation of Mrs. Frances Margaret Smith Trotman, Organizing Regent at Milwaukee, Wis., has been received.

The National Board is requested to authorize chapters at the following places:

Eldora, Iowa.
Pineville, Ky.
Princeton, Ky.
Somerset, Ky.
Stanford, Ky.
Lancaster, Ky.
Coldwater, Mich.
Sault Ste Marie, Mich.
St. Charles, Mich.

The following Chapters have been organized since the June 16th Board meeting:

Michael Watson, June 21, 1915, at Ridge Spring, S. C.; Butler-Johnson, June 17, 1915, at Sutton, Neb. Wythe, July 10, 1915, at Pocatello, Idaho. Isaac Hull, July 17, 1915, at Salem, Ill. Mary Chilton, June 17, 1915, at Sioux Falls, S. D. Sally de Forest, July 17, 1915, at Norwalk, Ohio. Caswell-Nash, June 16, 1915, at Raleigh, N. C. Independence Bell, September 22, 1915, at Washington, D. C.

The Chapter at Boulder wishes to be officially disbanded.

Regents and Ex-Regents Bar Permits issued	23
Organizing Regents commissions issued...	12
State Regents commissions issued.....	47
State Regents and State Vice-Regents re-election cards	48
Charters issued	17
Regents lists made for distribution.....	7
(five of which were given away and two paid for)	
Letters received	368
Letters written	523
Officers lists written for.....	200
Officers lists received.....	439

Card Catalogue Reports from June 16, 1915.

Changes	2,442
Deaths	159
Marriages	173
Members cards made and filed.....	1,294
Members dropped	10
Members resigned	205
Members reinstated	13
Added Membership June 16, 1915.....	117,159
Actual Membership, June 16, 1915.....	88,322

Respectfully submitted,

BETTY CARTER SMOOT,
Organizing Secretary General.

Mrs. Guernsey asked that a chapter at Columbus, Kansas, be authorized, and on motion of Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Orton, it was carried, *that the State Regent of Kansas be given authority to form a Chapter at Columbus, Kansas.* Mrs. Longley also asked that a Chapter be authorized in Rhode Island, and on her motion, seconded by Mrs. Minor, it was carried, *that the State Regent of Rhode Island be authorized to give permission for the formation of a new Chapter in the Diamond Hill*

Section of Rhode Island. Moved by Mrs. Augsbury, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, *that the report of the Organizing Secretary General be accepted.*

The Registrar General presented the following supplemental report:

Supplemental Report of the Registrar General.

Applications presented to the Board..... 2
Respectfully submitted,

GRACE M. PIERCE,
Registrar General.

This brought the number of names submitted to 1,359, and Miss Pierce stated that while her report the previous evening had been accepted, no formal ballot had been cast for the admission of the members. It was therefore moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Augsbury, and carried, *that the Recording Secretary General be empowered to cast the ballot for the election of 1,359 new members.* The Registrar General presented also a request from a chapter in South Carolina asking for a pension for a Real Daughter and moved *that the usual pension to Real Daughters be granted to Mrs. Anne Josephine Avant, of South Carolina.* This was seconded by Mrs. Calhoun and carried.

The Recording Secretary General announced that she had cast the ballot for the 1,359 new members just admitted, and the Chairman then declared them elected.

Mrs. Sternberg now read a supplemental report of the Organizing Secretary General, as follows:

Supplemental Report of Organizing Secretary General.

I ask for the confirmation of the following Organizing Regents, appointed through their respective State Regents, after they have been admitted to the National Society:

Miss Mary Bell Bishop, Eustis, Fla.
Miss Jane Duke Hance, Calvert Co., Md.
Mrs. Annie Elizabeth Thomas Lilburn, St. Mary's Co., Md.

Mrs. Lulu Crosland Ricaud, Dillon, S. C.
Miss Mary Frances Sapp, Whitesboro, Texas.

The resignation of Mrs. May Thurber Farrell, as Organizing Regent at Marionville, Mo., has been received from the State Regent of Missouri.

Respectfully submitted,

BETTY CARTER SMOOT,
Organizing Secretary General.

Moved by Miss Barlow, seconded by Mrs. Augsbury, and carried, *that the supplementary report of Organizing Secretary General be accepted.*

The Treasurer General's report was then presented by Miss Pierce, in the absence of Mrs. Ransdell—with the permission of the Board the totals only being read.

TREASURER GENERAL'S REPORT

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to submit the following report of receipts and disbursements from June 1st to September 30th, 1915:

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in Bank at last report May 31, 1915..... \$29,967.39

RECEIPTS.

Annual Dues \$10,724.00 less \$580.00 refunded.....	\$10,144.00	
Initiation Fees \$1,477.00 less \$67.00 refunded.....	1,410.00	
Certificate	3.00	
D. A. R. Report to Smithsonian Institution.....	4.70	
Die of Insignia	1.61	
Directory	6.28	
Drinking Cups—Slot Machine.....	5.00	
Duplicate papers and lists.....	64.11	
Exchange	1.45	
Hand Books	113.62	
Index of Books in Library.....	3.16	
Interest	194.08	
Lineage Books	225.52	
Magazine, single copies.....	5.29	
Proceedings of Congress.....	3.34	
Ribbon	3.63	
Rosette .....	.15	
Stationery	1.94	
Telephone	11.13	
Sale of Waste Paper.....	3.21	
Refund, Mary Desha Monument Association.....	50.00	
Refund, Expressage on Lists.....	.21	
Refund, Twenty-fourth Congress, House Committee..	81.63	
Auditorium Events:		
District of Columbia Mass Meeting.....	\$.80	
Western High School.....	100.00	100.80
Total Receipts.....		\$12,437.86
		\$42,405.25

EXPENDITURES

OFFICE OF PRESIDENT GENERAL

Clerical Service	\$360.00	
Postage	98.48	
Telegrams and Telephones.....	38.46	
Rent of Typewriter.....	17.50	
Mileage, California, Colorado, Missouri and Utah....	360.00	\$874.44

OFFICE OF ORGANIZING SECRETARY GENERAL

Clerical Service	777.62	
Postage and Expressage	11.62	
Telegrams	2.27	
Lithographing and Engrossing Charters, Commissions and Cards	80.05	
Two Rolls Parchment.....	45.08	
Guides and Methods of Organization, and application for Charters	22.00	
Autograph Stamp	2.00	
Sharpening erasers .....	.30	
Repairing Typewriter .....	.75	941.69

OFFICE OF RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL

Clerical Service	\$695.93	
Postage	8.00	
Telegrams	16.35	
2,000 Officers' Lists	25.50	
10,000 Cards to be Printed.....	13.50	759.28

CERTIFICATE

Clerical Service	300.00	
Postage and Expressage.....	219.19	
Engrossing and Engraving 2,872 Certificates.....	272.83	
5,023 Tubes	45.21	
Record Book	7.25	
Repairing Typewriter	5.50	849.98

OFFICE OF CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL

Clerical Service	300.00	
Postage	45.00	
50,000 application blanks.....	406.00	
5,000 fac-simile blanks.....	19.75	
5,000 "How to Become a Member".....	12.50	
4,000 cards to be printed.....	12.80	
Wrappers for blanks	10.80	
Cash Box .....	.55	807.40

OFFICE OF REGISTRAR GENERAL

Clerical Service	2,170.88	
Extra clerical service	253.58	
Postals to be printed.....	50.00	
Binding Registrar's Records	95.00	
10,101 cards	32.50	
Expressage .....	.27	2,602.23

OFFICE OF TREASURER GENERAL

Clerical Service	2,275.93	
Extra clerical service.....	200.00	
Telegrams and Expressage.....	2.61	
30,000 Remittance Blanks.....	103.50	
Vouchers, bill books and cards.....	35.55	
Sharpening erasers and repairing typewriter.....	.80	2,618.39

OFFICE OF HISTORIAN GENERAL

Clerical Service*	1,000.00	
Binding three volumes Lineage	3.00	
Autograph Stamp	2.00	
Record Book	2.25	
Telegram and Repairing Typewriter.....	1.90	1,009.15

*\$225 of the amount charged to Historian General, through a technicality, was for salary of a clerk not actually employed in that office.

DIRECTOR GENERAL, IN CHARGE OF REPORT TO SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Clerical Service	71.75	
Postage	40.00	
Printing blanks and envelopes.....	70.25	182.00

OFFICE OF LIBRARIAN GENERAL

Clerical Service	340.00	
Postage and Expressage	3.99	
Pamphlet boxes, binders and cards.....	7.45	
Rubber Stamp .....	.20	
Binding sixty-seven volumes	62.45	
"Bates Brantree Massachusetts Records 1640-1793"	5.15	
"Genealogical History Hoyt, Haight and Hight".....	10.00	
"History of Temple".....	9.00	
Subscription, "Virginia Magazine of History and Biography"	5.00	
1,000 copies "Historical and Genealogical Works in the Library"	234.40	
Clerical service, Genealogical Research Department	300.00	977.64

OFFICE OF CURATOR GENERAL OF MUSEUM

Clerical Service	300.00	
Postage	2.00	
Reading glass	1.50	
Record book	9.50	
3,588 cards and guides and 500 envelopes.....	22.16	
Repairing typewriter	4.50	339.66

GENERAL OFFICE

Clerical Service	300.00
Messenger	88.00
Extra messenger service .....	.95
Postage and overdue postage.....	18.00
Revenue tax stamps	6.00
16,000 stamped envelopes.....	364.80
Supplies	163.33
Telegrams, freight, drayage and expressage.....	16.18
Postal Guide and Journals.....	2.15
Repairing bicycle .....	.15
Special Notices "Flag Day".....	3.87
Professional service, Onondaga case.....	375.00
Engrossing twenty-two pages in Remembrance Book	110.00
Four jeweled pins, Honorary Presidents General.....	240.00
Flowers, Mrs. Walworth	15.00
Mary Desha Monument Fund.....	50.00

COMMITTEES:

Auditing, postals .....	.11
Building and Grounds and other Committees,	
Clerical Service	268.75
Block Liquidation and Endowment Fund, Freight	
and Postage	14.08
Bureau of Lectures and Slides, Telegram.....	.83
Finance, postage	3.19
National Charity Officer, printing reports and	
instructions	46.00
Patriotic Education, silver cup, Naval Academy..	43.00
Patriotic Education, Southern Mountain Schools,	
printing 2,000 circulars	25.00
Philippine Scholarship Endowment Fund, Post-	
age, envelopes and printing.....	35.00
Publication, professional service.....	200.00
To Prevent Desecration of the Flag, printing....	17.00
Twenty-fifth Anniversary, postage.....	40.00
	2,446.39

EXPENSE CONTINENTAL HALL

Superintendent	400.00
Watchman	241.75
Guide	200.00
Telephone Operator	100.00
Cleaners	601.95
Seven tons coal	43.75
Hauling ashes	6.00
Electric current	190.31
Water rent	19.70
Inspecting elevator	1.25
Repairing three boilers	135.00
Repairing water coolers	1.40
Ice	17.27
Towels and service	21.90
5,000 paper napkins	3.75
Toilet paper, freight and drayage.....	6.54
Seven gallons disinfectant	11.50
Cord and shade pulls.....	3.20
Cleaning thirty-one pairs curtains.....	23.25
Six chair covers for Platform.....	16.00
70½ yards cheesecloth.....	2.47
Can sal-ammoniac, zines and glass.....	3.06

Hardware	1.82	
Paints, alcohol, tar paper and gasoline.....	10.27	
Grass seed and repairing two lawn mowers.....	8.40	
Altering sign on Board Room door.....	2.00	2,072.54

PRINTING MACHINE

Printer	72.00	
Roll and clips	7.25	
Electro and composition.....	1.25	80.50

MAGAZINE

Clerical Service, Chairman.....	341.25	
Postage, Chairman	77.73	
Telegrams and express, Chairman.....	3.36	
Envelopes, Chairman	3.00	
Mileage, California, Colorado, Missouri and Utah....	360.00	
Salary, Editor	400.00	
Postage, Editor	10.50	
Telegrams, Editor	4.87	
Paper, Editor	2.10	
Expense "Notes and Queries".....	120.00	
Postage, Genealogical Editor	7.00	
10,000 cards, Genealogical Editor.....	9.00	
Printing on envelopes, Genealogical Editor.....	1.00	
Postage, Secretary	10.00	
Printing and mailing, May number.....	686.67	
Printing and mailing, June number.....	791.30	
Printing and mailing, July number.....	560.73	
Printing and mailing, August number.....	928.94	
Printing and mailing, September number.....	648.28	
Cash for Post Office, above numbers.....	145.83	
Cuts for above numbers.....	126.92	
Index	107.38	
Stenciling and addressing envelopes.....	67.23	
Plates and prints of 818 engravings, St. Memin's Collection	275.00	
Expressage	9.75	5,697.84

SUPPORT REAL DAUGHTERS

Support forty-two Real Daughters, June, July, August and September	1,344.00	1,344.00
---	----------	----------

STATE REGENTS' POSTAGE

State Regent, Arkansas.....	10.00	
State Regent, Connecticut	10.00	
State Regent, Florida	5.00	
State Regent, Indiana	10.00	
State Regent, Louisiana	10.00	
State Regent, Michigan	20.00	
State Regent, Minnesota	10.00	
State Regent, Mississippi	10.00	
State Regent, New Jersey	10.00	
State Regent, New York.....	10.00	
State Regent, Ohio	10.00	
State Regent, Oklahoma	5.00	
State Regent, Virginia	5.00	125.00

STATIONERY, NATIONAL OFFICERS, COMMITTEES, ETC.

President General	20.00	
Organizing Secretary General	29.75	
Recording Secretary General	8.15	
Corresponding Secretary General	10.00	
Registrar General	43.90	
Treasurer General	50.50	
Historian General	23.65	
Librarian General	4.50	

416 *DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE*

Curator General, Museum	8.80	
General Office	109.01	
Chairman, Magazine	7.00	
Editor, Magazine	15.30	
Genealogical Editor, Magazine	31.25	
National Charity Officer	12.15	373.96

STATIONERY, STATE REGENTS

State Regent, Alabama	8.80	
State Regent, Arkansas	8.30	
State Regent, California	3.75	
State Regent, Connecticut	8.00	
State Regent, Delaware	10.90	
State Regent, Indiana	5.90	
State Regent, Kentucky	5.50	
State Regent, Louisiana	7.60	
State Regent, Maine	5.50	
State Regent, Maryland	6.05	
State Regent, Massachusetts	6.40	
State Regent, Michigan	10.15	
State Regent, Mississippi	28.80	
State Regent, New Hampshire	9.15	
State Regent, New Jersey	2.40	
State Regent, New York	14.30	
State Regent, Ohio	9.70	
State Regent, Oklahoma	14.05	
State Regent, Pennsylvania	5.00	
State Regent, South Carolina	4.25	
State Regent, South Dakota	8.80	
State Regent, Tennessee	2.70	
State Regent, Washington	5.15	
State Regent, West Virginia	11.55	
State Regent, Wisconsin	8.90	211.60

TELEPHONE

Service and toll	248.72	248.72
------------------------	--------	--------

LINEAGE

Postage and expressage	34.25	
Refund, order canceled	2.26	36.51

D. A. R. REPORTS

Postage	2.00	2.00
---------------	------	------

HAND BOOKS

Clerical Service	4.72	
Mailing, telegrams and telephones.....	245.35	250.07

AUDITING

Audits, April, May and June.....	150.00	150.00
----------------------------------	--------	--------

RIBBON

Five bolts D. A. R. Ribbon.....	15.00	15.00
---------------------------------	-------	-------

SPOONS

Spoon for Real Daughter	2.40	2.40
-------------------------------	------	------

FURNITURE

Filing cabinet, Curator General, Museum.....	89.50	
Stand for Addressing Machine, Magazine Chairman...	16.00	
Dating stamp, Organizing Secretary General.....	9.00	114.50

TWENTY-THIRD CONGRESS

Page Committee, six spoons for Pages.....	9.00	9.00
---	------	------

TWENTY-FOURTH CONGRESS

COMMITTEES:

Credential, telegrams	\$16.08	
Cards, voting sheets and directions for Tellers...	34.75	
Carbon and fasteners	6.45	
Drayage and freight, Voting Machines.....	18.13	75.41
Emergency, clerical service.....	30.00	
Rent of typewriter	2.50	32.50
House, tickets and folders.....	50.75	
Pads, pencils, cards, etc.....	25.36	76.11
Music, 500 printed songs.....	7.75	7.75
Page, postals .....	.50	.50
Program, 2,000 cards	4.85	4.85
Reception, invitations and postage.....	25.21	25.21
2,500 copies Annual Report, Treasurer General....	165.75	388.08

AUDITORIUM EVENTS

George Washington University:		
Labor, electric current and ice.....	38.00	
Refund	39.50	
Home Club:		
Labor, electric current and ice.....	23.20	
Refund	42.30	
Motet Choral Society:		
Electric current and ice.....	6.70	
Washington College of Law:		
Labor, electric current and ice.....	22.45	
Refund	55.05	
Western High School:		
Labor, electric current and ice.....	12.45	
Refund	65.05	
District of Columbia Mass Meeting:		
Erecting Nominating Board .....	.80	305.50
Total disbursements		\$25,835.47
Balance, Current Fund, September 30, 1915.....		\$16,569.78

EMILY NELSON RITCHIE MCLEAN HISTORICAL FUND

As at last report May 31, 1915.....	1,483.09	1,483.09
-------------------------------------	----------	----------

FRANCO-AMERICAN FUND

As at last report May 31, 1915.....	214.89	214.89
-------------------------------------	--------	--------

PHILIPPINE SCHOLARSHIP ENDOWMENT FUND

As at last report May 31, 1915.....	\$1,304.30
-------------------------------------	------------

RECEIPTS

Mrs. Franklin F. Knous, Conn.....	\$ 1.00
Mrs. Robert S. Goodwin, Conn.....	1.00
U. S. D. 1812, through Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Philip-	
pine Scholarship Committee, D. C.....	5.30
Dorothy Quincy Chapter, Ill.....	5.00
Muskegon Chapter, Mich.	5.00
Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter, Mich.....	10.00
Chautauqua D. A. R. Circle, N. Y.....	10.00
Mrs. Josephine Griffith, President Chautauqua D. A. R.	
Circle, N. Y.	1.00
Brookville Chapter, from Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cook,	
Pa.	5.00
Great Bridge Chapter, Va.	5.00
Interest on six months' Second Mortgage Investment	30.00

Interest on Fund, April 1, to July 31.....	8.32	
Nathan Hale Memorial Bust Fund, transfer, order of Twenty-fourth Congress, "Memory of Nathan Hale, the Schoolmaster".....	158.00	244.62
		<u>\$1,548.92</u>

DISBURSEMENTS

Investment: 6% Second Mortgage, Real Estate, Nor- folk, Va.	1,000.00	
Cash balance, September 30, 1915.....		548.92
Balance National Metropolitan Bank September 30, 1915	\$ 548.92	
Investment, 6% Second Mortgage, Norfolk, Va.....	1,000.00	
Total Philippine Scholarship Endowment Fund	<u>\$1,548.92</u>	
PATRIOTS' MEMORIAL D. A. R. SCHOOL FUND		
As at last report May 31, 1915.....	672.30	

RECEIPTS

Owahgena Chapter, N. Y.	10.00	10.00	682.30
On deposit in National Metropolitan Bank September 30, 1915			<u>\$19,498.98</u>
Petty Cash Fund	\$500.00	<u>\$500.00</u>	

PATRIOTIC EDUCATION FUND

RECEIPTS

Little Rock Chapter, Ark.	\$25.00	
Hannah Woodruff Chapter, Conn.	50.00	
Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Conn.	50.00	
Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter, Conn.	50.00	
Sibbil Dwight Kent Chapter, Conn.	50.00	
Wadsworth Chapter, Conn.	25.00	
Col. John Donelson Chapter, D. C.....	5.00	
Mary Bartlett Chapter, D. C.....	26.00	
Augusta Chapter, Ga.	7.00	
Henry Walton Chapter, Ga.	23.75	
John Milledge Chapter, Ga.	4.00	
Peter Early Chapter, Ga.	8.00	
Piedmont-Continental Chapter, Ga.	25.00	
William Marsh Chapter, Ga.	8.09	
Kewanee Chapter, Ill.	25.00	
John Paul Chapter, Ind.	10.00	
Coronado Chapter, Neb.	5.00	
General Lafayette Chapter, N. J.....	10.00	
Chester County Chapter, Pa.	100.00	
Cumberland County Chapter, Pa.	25.00	
Fort McIntosh Chapter, Pa.	50.00	
Germantown Chapter, Pa.	30.00	
Adam Dale Chapter, Tenn.	50.00	
Bonny Kate Chapter, Tenn.	10.50	
Campbell Chapter, Tenn.	15.00	
Col. Thomas McCrory Chapter, Tenn.....	9.30	
Commodore Perry Chapter, Tenn.	12.85	
Jackson-Madison Chapter, Tenn.	11.25	
John Carter Chapter, Tenn.	2.55	
Martha Bratton Chapter, Tenn.	3.15	
Ocoee Chapter, Tenn.	2.50	
Shelby Chapter, Tenn.	3.60	
Jane Douglas Chapter, Texas.....	10.00	
Albemarle Chapter, Va.	20.00	
Eastern Shore of Virginia Chapter, Va.....	5.00	
Elizabeth Ludington Hagans Chapter, W. Va.....	50.00	\$817.54

DISBURSEMENTS

Helen Dunlap School, Ark.	50.00	
Ellen Wilson Memorial Fund, D. C.	27.09	
Y. W. C. Association, D. C.	1.00	
Berry School, Ga.	65.00	
Mineral Bluff School, Ga.	35.00	
The A. and M. College, Ga.	23.75	
Pine Mountain Settlement School, Ky.	55.00	
W. C. T. U. Settlement School, Hindman, Ky.	20.00	
Asheville Normal and Industrial School, N. C.	25.00	
Maryville College, Tenn.	355.00	
Tennessee D. A. R. School, Tenn.	125.70	
Mountain Missions, Va.	25.00	
Southern Industrial Educational Association.	10.00	\$817.54

RED CROSS FUND
RECEIPTS

Boulder Chapter, Colo.	\$ 5.00	
Narcissa Whitman Chapter, Wash.	20.00	\$25.00

DISBURSEMENTS

American Red Cross		\$25.00
--------------------------	--	---------

PERMANENT FUND

Balance in Bank at last report, May 31, 1915.		\$5,494.87
--	--	------------

RECEIPTS

Charter Fees		\$ 55.00
Life Membership Fees		250.00
Continental Hall Contributions:		
Boulder Chapter, Colo.	\$28.90	
Mary Washington Chapter, Memorial to Mrs. Dickens, D. C.	3.00	
Banquet Committee, 24th Continental Congress, D. C.	100.05	
Transportation Committee, 24th Continental Congress, D. C.	95.00	
Lone Tree Chapter, Ind.	4.00	
Mrs. Lucile H. VanDoren, Certificate, Ind.	1.05	
Hannah McIntosh Cady Chapter, Mich.	10.00	
Rebecca Prescott Sherman Chapter, Minn.	6.25	
St. Charles Chapter, Certificates, Mo.	3.75	
Mrs. Alice M. Van Cleave, Mo. ....	.25	
General Lafayette Chapter, N. J.	20.00	
Greenwich Tea Burning Chapter, N. J.	10.00	
Bronx Chapter, Certificate, N. Y.	1.00	
Chepontuc Chapter, N. Y.	25.00	
Mersereau Chapter, Penny a Day, N. Y.	43.80	
New Connecticut Chapter, Ohio	25.00	
Ripley Chapter, Ohio	2.00	
Mrs. Elizabeth H. Patton, Sycamore Chapter, Certificates, Ohio	3.65	
Col. William Barton Chapter, R. I.	5.00	
Cumberland Chapter, Refinishing Polk Mirror, Room, Tenn.	4.00	
Capt. Jedediah Hyde Chapter, Vt.	10.00	
Cheyenne Chapter, Wyo.	9.00	410.70

Christmas Offerings:

Mrs. Eva H. Jensen, at Large, Ariz. ....	.50
Sequoia Chapter, Cal.	1.00
Miss Ella V. Berry, at Large, Cal. ....	.50
Mrs. Madeleine E. Peckham, at Large, Cal. ....	.25
Mrs. Caroline N. Dinsmore, at Large, Ga. ....	.45
Mrs. Jennie C. Sturtevant, at Large, Ill. ....	.25
Mrs. Flora G. Gulick, at Large, Ind. ....	.25
Mrs. Celia G. M. J. Whiting, at Large, Mass. ....	.25
Miss Marion Shinn, at Large, N. J. ....	.25

420 DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

Mrs. Isabel S. Tennant, at Large, N. Y.....	.50	
Mrs. Mary H. Hudson, at Large, N. D.....	.25	
Mrs. Abbie F. Aspinall, at Large, Ohio.....	.25	4.70
Silver Shower:		
Sarah Williams Danielson Chapter, Conn.	1.75	
Sergeant Newton Chapter, Ga.	3.00	
Eunice Baldwin Chapter, N. H.....	1.55	
Jane Douglas Chapter, Texas	25.00	31.30
Silver Anniversary:		
Albert Lea Chapter, Minn.	5.00	
Anson-Stanly Chapter, N. C.....	1.65	6.65
Contributions for Purchase of Land:		
Francis Marion Chapter, Ala.	6.25	
Light Horse Harry Lee Chapter, Ala.....	1.25	
Mrs. Charles H. Bissell, State Vice-Regent, Conn...	6.25	
Mrs. Louis K. Curtis, State Treasurer, Conn.....	6.25	
Deborah Avery Putnam Chapter, Conn.	2.50	
Mrs. Wm. F. Brooks, Esther Stanley Chapter, Conn.	6.25	
Mrs. W. C. Hungerford, Esther Stanley Chap., Conn.	5.00	
Freelove Baldwin Stow Chapter, Conn.....	7.50	
Green Woods Chapter, Conn.	5.00	
Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Conn.	7.50	
Mrs. Sidney H. Miner, Regent, Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Conn.	2.50	
Mrs. Geo. M. Minor, Vice President General, Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Conn.	31.25	
Mrs. Bryan F. Mahan, Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Conn.	6.25	
Miss Natalie S. Lincoln, Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter, Conn.	2.50	
Mary Silliman Chapter, Conn.	5.00	
Mary Wooster Chapter, Conn.	6.25	
Board of Management, Mary Wooster Chapter, In honor of Mrs. Martha C. Peck, Conn.....	2.50	
Mrs. Charles S. Peck, Regent, Mary Wooster Chapter, Conn.	1.25	
Melicent Porter Chapter, Conn.	6.25	
Nathan Hale Memorial Chapter, Conn.	6.25	
Miss Elizabeth Dean, Regent Orford Parish Chapter, Conn.	5.00	
Putnam Hill Chapter, Conn.	10.00	
Ruth Hart Chapter, Conn.	1.25	
Mrs. Albert L. Stetson, Ruth Hart Chapter, Conn...	6.25	
Mrs. Frank P. Chaffee, Ruth Hart Chapter, Conn...	2.50	
Mrs. Fred M. Hotchkiss, Ruth Hart Chapter, Conn..	2.50	
Ruth Wyllys Chapter, Conn.	13.75	
Delegation of Ruth Wyllys Chapter to 24th Congress, Conn.	12.50	
Sabra Trumbull Chapter, Conn.	1.25	
Sarah Ludlow Chapter, Conn.	1.25	
Miss Mary E. Allis, Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, Conn.	1.25	
Mrs. Noyes D. Baldwin, Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, Conn.	1.25	
Miss Katherine Nettleton, Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, Conn.	12.50	
Miss Susan A. Norcross, Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, Conn.	6.25	
Sarah Whitman Trumbull Chapter, Conn.	7.50	
Sarah Williams Danielson Chapter, Conn.....	11.25	
Stamford Chapter, Conn.	6.25	
Mrs. Elizabeth P. Anderson, Stamford Chapter, Conn.	6.25	
Miss Elizabeth Davenport, through Stamford Chapter, Conn.	1.25	
Miss Elizabeth M. Sowers, through Stamford Chapter, Conn.	1.25	
Army and Navy Chapter, D. C.....	.25	
Deborah Knapp Chapter, D. C.....	5.00	
Miss Ethelwyn B. Hall, Regent John Hall Chapter, Sale of Markers, D. C.....	10.00	
Mrs. Edith Bakenhus, Mary Washington Chapter, D. C.	1.25	

Mrs. F. E. Potter, through Mary Washington Chapter, D. C.	2.50
Col. Arthur Erwin Chapter, Fla.	10.00
Mrs. M. W. Carruth, for De Soto Chapter, Fla.	5.00
Mary Hammond Washington Chapter, Ga.	1.25
Illinois Chapters, Ill.	1,000.00
Mrs. James W. Noel, Cornelia Cole Fairbanks Chapter, Ind.	5.00
Fowler Chapter, Ind.	5.00
Mrs. John L. Dinwiddie, Vice President General, Fowler Chapter, Ind.	5.00
Thomas Johnson Chapter, Md.	2.50
Lexington Chapter, Mass.	2.50
Old Belfrey Chapter, Mass.	2.50
Mrs. Wm. H. Wait, State Regent, Mich.	5.00
Miss Alice L. McDuffee, Vice Regent, Mich.	20.00
Mrs. L. E. Holland, State Treasurer, Mich.	12.50
Abiel Fellows Chapter, Mich.	5.00
Chippewa Chapter, Mich.	7.50
Mrs. Anna Sears Selden, Regent Chippewa Chapter, Mich.	25.00
Mrs. C. B. Kinyon, Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter, Mich.	2.50
Miss Melinda Kinyon, Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter, Mich.	2.50
Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter, Mich.	12.50
George Washington Club, Children of the Republic, Mich.	1.25
Martha Washington Club, Children of the Republic, Mich.	1.25
Minute Men Club, Children of the Republic, Mich. ...	1.25
U. S. Grant Club, Children of the Republic, Mich. ...	1.25
Minnesota D. A. R., Minn.	57.50
Mrs. L. D. Griggs, Nathan Hale Chapter, Minn.	2.50
Kansas City Chapter, Mo.	11.25
Rachel Donelson Chapter, Mo.	1.25
St. Charles Chapter, Mo.	1.25
Old Trails Society, C. A. R., Mo.	2.50
Mrs. Laura H. Johnston, Molly Stark Chapter, N. H. ...	1.25
Mrs. Clement R. Ogden, Regent Ann Whitall Chapter, N. J.	1.25
Chinkchewunsk Chapter, N. J.	2.50
Col. Thomas Reynolds Chapter, N. J.	2.50
Eagle Rock Chapter, N. J.	2.50
General Mercer Chapter, N. J.	3.75
Kate Aylesford Chapter, N. J.	1.25
Nova Caesarea Chapter, N. J.	2.50
Oak Tree Chapter, N. J.	2.50
Orange Mountain Chapter, N. J.	2.50
Parsippanong Chapter, N. J.	5.00
Paulus Hook Chapter, N. J.	10.00
Tennent Chapter, N. J.	2.50
Amsterdam Chapter, N. Y.	5.00
Astenrogen Chapter, N. Y.	1.25
Benjamin Prescott Chapter, N. Y.	12.50
Blooming Grove Chapter, N. Y.	1.25
Capt. Christian Brown Chapter, N. Y.	1.25
Capt. Israel Harris Chapter, N. Y.	5.00
Caughnawaga Chapter, N. Y.	7.50
Col. Israel Angell Chapter, N. Y.	2.50
Deborah Champion Chapter, N. Y.	2.50
Deo-on-go-wa Chapter, N. Y.	5.00
Fort Oswego Chapter, N. Y.	5.00
Fort Plain Chapter, N. Y.	5.00
Fort Rensselaer Chapter, N. Y.	5.00
Gan-e-o-di-ya Chapter, N. Y.	1.25
Ganowauges Chapter, N. Y.	2.50
Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.	1.25
Mrs. A. B. Brandow, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.	1.25
Mrs. W. B. Coffin, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.	1.25
Mrs. C. M. Culver, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.	1.25

Mrs. F. E. Fitch, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Miss Margaret Griffith, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y....	1.25
Mrs. W. H. Griffith, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.....	3.75
Mrs. A. D. Mills, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Mrs. Charles Nash, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Mrs. Merritt Peckham, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y..	1.25
Mrs. W. B. VanOrden, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y..	1.25
Mrs. R. C. Wagner, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Mrs. H. R. Wright, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
General James Clinton Chapter, N. Y.....	2.50
General Nicholas Herkimer Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
General William Floyd Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Mrs. A. C. Capron, General William Floyd Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Mrs. E. C. Thompson, General William Floyd Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Gouverneur Morris Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Irondequoit Chapter, N. Y.....	25.00
Iroquois Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
James Madison Chapter, N. Y.....	2.50
Jamestown Chapter, N. Y.....	10.00
Mrs. Abbie C. Backus, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y...	1.25
Mrs. Frank Cadwell, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y...	1.25
Mrs. John Cadwell, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Mrs. James Fowler, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y...	1.25
Mrs. Fred P. Hall, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Miss Lucy Norton, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Mrs. William Proudfit, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y....	1.25
Jane McCrea Chapter, N. Y.....	5.00
Johnstown Chapter, N. Y.....	5.00
Johnstown Chapter, In Honor of Mrs. W. H. Alexander, N. Y.....	1.25
Kanestio Valley Chapter, N. Y.....	5.00
Mahwenawasigh Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Major Benjamin Bosworth Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Mary Weed Marvin Chapter, N. Y.....	10.00
Melzingah Chapter, N. Y.....	25.00
Minisink Chapter, N. Y.....	5.00
Mohegan Chapter, N. Y.....	5.00
Monroe Chapter, N. Y.....	5.00
New Rochelle Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Olean Chapter, N. Y.....	12.50
Oneida Chapter, N. Y.....	50.00
Mrs. Frances W. Roberts, Oneida Chapter, N. Y....	5.00
Oneonta Chapter, N. Y.....	5.00
Owahgena Chapter, N. Y.....	6.25
Owasco Chapter, N. Y.....	6.25
Patterson Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Philip Schuyler Chapter, N. Y.....	5.00
Richmond County Chapter, N. Y.....	2.50
St. Johnsville Chapter, N. Y.....	5.00
Salamanca Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Saranac Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Saratoga Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Saugerties Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Tawasentha Chapter, N. Y.....	5.00
Ticonderoga Chapter, N. Y.....	1.25
Willard's Mountain Chapter, N. Y.....	5.00
Wiltwyck Chapter, N. Y.....	2.50
David Williams Chapter, N. C.....	1.25
Fort McArthur Chapter, Ohio.....	2.50
Ripley Chapter, Ohio.....	2.50
Mrs. John Davis Hail, State Regent, Okla.....	2.50
Ah-yah-stee Chapter, Okla.....	1.25
Anadarko Chapter, Okla.....	1.25
Anne Lee Chapter, Okla.....	1.25
Cherokee Outlet Chapter, Okla.....	1.25
Enid Chapter, Okla.....	1.25
Hobart Chapter, Okla.....	1.25
Muskogee-Indian Territory Chapter, Okla.....	1.25
Nancy Green Chapter, Okla.....	1.25

Oklahoma City Chapter, Okla.....	1.25	
Oklmulgee Chapter, Okla.....	1.25	
Sachem-Sequoyah Chapter, Okla.....	1.25	
Sarah Harrison Chapter, Okla.....	1.25	
Tulsa Chapter, Okla.....	1.25	
Washington Irving Chapter, Okla.....	1.25	
George Taylor Chapter, Pa.....	6.25	
Mrs. Amelia S. Oliver, Pittsburgh, Chapter, Pa.....	125.00	
Mrs. Wm. Thaw, Jr., Pittsburgh Chapter, Pa.....	31.25	
Mrs. Ella E. M. Marshall, Quemahoning Chapter, Pa.	2.50	
Miss Eva C. Rutter, Quemahoning Chapter, Pa....	2.50	
Tioga Point Chapter, In Memory of Mrs. Maurice, Pa.	6.25	
Flint Lock and Powder Horn Chapter, R. I....	12.50	
Old 96th District Chapter, S. C.....	1.25	
William Capers Chapter, S. C.....	1.25	
Agnes Woodson Chapter, Texas.....	1.25	
Esther McCrory Chapter, Texas.....	1.25	
Lady Washington Chapter, Texas.....	1.25	
Lone Star Chapter, Texas.....	1.25	
Major Francis Grice Chapter, Texas.....	1.25	
Mary Isham Keith Chapter, Texas.....	1.25	
Robert Raines Chapter, Texas.....	1.25	
Pocahontas Chapter, Texas.....	1.25	2,056.50
<hr/>		
Commission on:		
Luncheon, Nordhoff Guild.....	63.30	
Recognition Pins	47.00	110.30
Interest on:		
Bank Balances	17.54	
Bonds	45.00	62.54
<hr/>		
Total Receipts.....		\$2,987.69
		<hr/>
		\$8,482.56

DISBURSEMENTS

Interest on Bills Payable, Building.....	\$1,250.00	
Interest on Bills Payable, Land.....	375.00	
Chair, repairing furniture and expressage, Room, Mass.	31.08	
Refinishing Polk Mirror, Room, Tenn.....	4.00	
Plate for Chair, Banquet Hall.....	1.00	
Total Disbursements.....		\$1,661.08
		<hr/>
		\$6,821.48
Transfer of Nathan Hale Bust Fund to Philippine Scholarship Fund, order of Twenty-fourth Congress		158.00
		<hr/>
Balance on hand September 30, 1915.....		\$6,663.48
		<hr/>
Balance, American Security & Trust Co. Bank, Sept. 30, 1915	\$6,663.43	
Permanent Investment, Chicago & Alton Bonds.....	2,314.84	
		<hr/>
Total Permanent Fund, Cash and Investment.....	\$8,978.32	

Respectfully,
 OLIVE POWELL RANSEDELL,
Treasurer General.

NOTE: The Treasurer General wishes to make the following corrections in the August Magazine:

Page 110, Philippine Scholarship Fund, Mrs. A. S. McKitrick, Ohio, \$5.00, and Mrs. Charles S. Lobingier, Philippines Chapter, P. I., \$5.00, should read "in honor of Miss Donaldson."

Page 112, Continental Hall Contributions, under Connecticut, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, should read "Mrs. John T. Manson, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, Bond, \$194.00."

* (Ruled by Board to read "Mrs. John T. Manson, \$194 for Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, for redemption of the remainder of the chapter pledge for Connecticut Bond.")

Page 115, under Ohio, Ursula Wolcott Chapter, should read "Toledo Chapter, \$33.00."

Mrs. Augsbury's request, that the notation appear on the Treasurer General's report that \$225 of the amount charged to Historian General, through a technicality, was for salary of a clerk not actually employed in that office, was acceded to by the Board.

Miss Pierce read also the following message from Mrs. Ransdell:

Since my books closed September 30, another \$5,000 bond has been paid, thus reducing the debt to \$45,000. As your Treasurer General, I regret not being with you to-day, but I wish a continuation of the success of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution. When the debt is paid in full, I suggest that this happy day be celebrated in a fitting manner—a "Jubilee Celebration."

OLIVE POWELL RANSELL,
Treasurer General.

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Wait, and carried, *that the report of the Treasurer General be accepted.*

Miss Pierce submitted also for the Treasurer General the lists of the members deceased, resigned, dropped and reinstated, reading simply the totals; 254 deceased since the Board meeting in June—the Board rising in silent sympathy; 195 resigned, 647 dropped, 23 reinstated. On motion, duly seconded, it was carried that this supplemental report be accepted.

Mrs. Buel referred to the correction desired in the Treasurer General's report for June (which appeared in the August Magazine), desiring to know why the correction was requested. On motion of Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Miss Crowell, it was carried, *that Mrs. Bryan be asked to appear before the Board and explain why certain corrections were made in Treasurer General's report.* While waiting for Mrs. Bryan, the reports of the National Officers were continued with, Mrs. Augsbury reading her report as Historian General.

Report of Historian General.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I bring you to-day, a report for the vacation months, when we naturally expect less activity in all our departments. I have, however, much to tell you of the interest and enthusiasm expressed in a large number of letters from Chapter Historians. I have been deeply touched, too, by the personal kindness manifested in these letters, proving that my new official family have taken me to their hearts and are glad to work with me in our chosen task of Historical Research.

The file of valuable records suitable for publication in the Magazine is daily accumulating and I am frequently begged to expedite the publication of manuscripts left over from former years. In reply to these requests, I can only, of course, lament the limited space allotted to every department in the Magazine and

beg my correspondent, who ever she may be, to work in her own Chapter for new subscribers so that we may have a self-supporting Magazine, larger and better, with many pages at the disposal of the Historian General every month.

Assistance has been rendered to many of the Chapters in the arrangement of their Year Books, by furnishing lists of reference books and courses of study along the desired lines, also by the loan of Year Books full of valuable suggestions from my own files.

A large number of historic spots have been marked during the summer by our own and kindred Societies. Invitations, programs and descriptive matter have brought to me a vivid picture of these occasions as well as a fund of valuable historic data.

The following invitations and gifts are gratefully acknowledged: Invitation to the unveiling of a memorial tablet and stone to the memory of Sergeant John White and Mercy Hathaway White, at Stumpfield Cemetery, Contoocook, N. H., on June 30, 1915. Also report of Flag Day meeting of "Mercy Hathaway White" Chapter, describing the Captain Francis Davis Homestead at Warner, N. H., built in 1773 and still owned by the Davis family. Report of guest day meeting of "Eunice Baldwin" Chapter, Hillsboro, N. H. Invitation from the Historical Society of Chester and Delaware Counties, Penna., to exercises of marking the battlefield of Brandywine at Birmingham Meeting House, September 11, 1915; also program and badge of the above from Miss Mary I. Stille, State Historian of Pennsylvania, D. A. R.

Report of dedication and flag raising at Gen. Nicholas Herkimer Homestead, Little Falls, New York. Report of "Old Home" celebration at the historic "Yellow Church" at Manheim, near Little Falls, the ceremonies including the unveiling of markers at the graves of Jacob Hoover, Sr., and Jacob Hoover, Jr., who fought respectively in the Revolution and War of 1812, presented by Mrs. J. Colfax Arnold, Historian, Astenoegen Chapter.

Report of Jonathan Dayton Chapter, Dayton, Ohio, describing the rescue from destruction of Dayton's historic fire bell, used for patriotic purposes during the war of 1861-65. Also copy of deed for 3,060 acres of land dated 1705, sent by Mrs. Ruth M. Livesey, Dayton, Ohio.

Records from a memorandum book carried through the Revolution by Captain Eleazer Curtis and his son, Major Eleazer Curtis, by their descendant, Mrs. Anna Curtis Enos, of Deongowa Chapter, Batavia, New York.

Account of pageant at Rockford, Illinois, illustrating the earliest history of Winnebago County, gift of Mrs. Florence D. Buckbee.

One hundred and forty-two marriage records from Montgomery County, Md.

Thirty-five marriage records from Frederick Co., Md.

Two hundred and seventy-five names of pastors in the Baltimore Conference, Methodist Church, presented by Mrs. William H. Talbott, Rockville, Md.

Index to typewritten pamphlet "Some Revolutionary Soldiers from Antrim, N. H.," previously presented.

First inventory entered at Court House, Pittsburgh, Pa., gift of Mrs. Effie Whitaker Teemer.

Newspaper clippings giving an account of the unveiling of a heroic bronze figure in memory of the fallen heroes of all our wars, in the presence of 35,000 people, on June 11, 1915, at West Chester, Penna., sent by Miss Mary I. Stille.

Program of Parker family reunion and centennial of first settlement of Theresa, New York, illustrated by interesting cuts of historic buildings, contributed by the Historian General.

Records of Wills recorded in Stephenson County, Illinois, 1849-50, sent by Miss Adrianna P. Corning, Freeport, Ill.

Program, photographs and press notices of the centennial celebration of the founding of New Harmony, Indiana, June, 1914. This town has had a history which is unique in many respects. Founded in 1814 by a religious sect, the Rappites, led by George Rapp, a religious mystic, from Wittenberg, Germany, and his followers, six or seven hundred German peasants. They remained on the banks of the Wabash eleven years, then returned to their former location in Pennsylvania, where they remained until their community was disbanded in 1906. It still possesses many of the original buildings and ancient landmarks, among which is the stone with the so-called Gabriel footprints. In 1825, Robert Owen, a Scotch cotton manufacturer, a philanthropist and crusader for social betterment, bought the community property, and continued it for two years, when it ended in failure, but New Harmony retains its celebrity for being the pioneer town in several useful ways. The first Kindergarten in the United States, the first free public school, the first co-educational school, the first industrial school, the first local prohibition of the liquor traffic in the United States, and last but not least, the first woman's club in the United States, the Minerva, were established in New Harmony, Indiana. This most interesting data has been sent by Miss Mary Emily Fauntleroy, whose home, built by the Rappites in 1815, was the birthplace of the Minerva Club, five years before the organization of the club movement in New York.

In conclusion, I wish to send greetings, through the publication of my report in our Magazine, to every Daughter; whether officially connected with my department or not, who is devoted to the study of the early history of our country. I shall welcome any suggestions for the better development of research work. I

believe that this twenty-fifth anniversary year and the beautiful ceremonies which have marked it, will prove an inspiration for renewed efforts along historic lines.

Respectfully submitted,
MARY E. AUGSBURY,
Historian General.

October 12, 1915.

Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Miss Barlow, and carried, *that this splendid report of the Historian General be accepted.*

Mrs. Bryan having appeared, was requested to furnish the information desired by Mrs. Buel as to the reason for the change in the Treasurer General's report. After some discussion following the compliance of this request, Mrs. Bryan asked that she be permitted to present to the Board the letter from Mrs. Knouse, requesting that the change be made.

The regular order of the day was then proceeded with, Mrs. Orton reading her report, as follows:

Report of Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Ladies:

I have the honor to report that the 17th Report of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, will very soon be ready for distribution. The delay in its appearance has been due to the pressure of work in the government printing office, so stated in a letter to me from the Printing Clerk of the United States Senate, Mr. Ansel Wold.

As the officer in charge of this Report, I had an interview Monday morning with Mr. Wold. He told me that this Report would be ready for distribution in a week or ten days. The copy which was presented to the President General at our Silver Jubilee was simply what is known technically as a dummy, as the report is not yet out—the dummy being the page proofs folded in with every other page blank.

In accordance with instructions from the President General, I have ordered 500 copies of this Report for our Society, advance orders sent to the Business Office showing that this number would be needed. Pierce's Register in the appendix is responsible for this extra demand.

Blank forms for state and chapter regents, to the number of 1,510 separate addresses, for the 18th Report to the Smithsonian Institution were sent out on October 1, and replies are beginning to come.

Forms differing from previous ones were sent this year in the endeavor to obtain more complete returns from the chapters. The report proper was one long slip, easily run through a typewriter, and spaced at intervals with questions followed by blank places for the replies. The questions covered every line

of possible activities for the chapters, and were as follows:

Chapter
 Location
 Regent (Mrs. or Miss).....

Give a brief account, including the history, of any historic spot (not building) preserved or marked by your chapter during the year between October 11, 1914, and October 11, 1915. Give day, month and year of marking, give the inscription. Send photograph if possible.

Give an account, the inscription and date, of any tablet or memorial placed to Soldiers of the Revolution, between October 11, 1914, to October 11, 1915. Send photograph if possible.

Give an account of any attention given to historic buildings between October 11, 1914, to October 11, 1915; if marked, give inscription, give full date of marking. Send photograph if possible.

Has your chapter a house or room? Give account and date when secured. Send photograph.

Does your chapter own property? If so, give account.

How many D. A. R. Lineage Books does your chapter own?

What work has your chapter done in connection with marking or tracing Old Trails Roads? (between October 11, 1914, and October 11, 1915.)

Does your chapter observe Flag Day? Have you held any special flag celebration between October 11, 1914, and October 11, 1915? Have you presented any flags during this time? Have you distributed in this time any flag leaflets? State how many. What work has your chapter done to prevent desecration of the flag during the year?

Does your chapter observe Memorial Day? If so, state how.

Does your chapter co-operate with other patriotic Societies? If so, give their names.

What has your chapter done in the way of special memorials, aside from historic spots, graves or buildings, during the year? Books, busts, portraits come under this enumeration.

What has your chapter done for education during the year (October to October)? If scholarships have been given, state amount; if members are assessed, tell how much the assessment yields; in giving to schools, state where they are located, and their object. If a scholarship is given as a memorial, give an account of the individual so honored.

Are your chapter meetings social, or do you follow a program? If so, give it. Do not send Year Book.

Send any account of local history that you may have; for example, valuable historical papers written by your members. Not more than one can be accepted from each chapter.

Enter its title here. Give an account of any historic research done.

Have you distributed copies of the Declaration of Independence during the year? If so, state how many, when and where.

Have you established any lecture courses during the year?

Give an account of your work for Children and Sons of the Republic, during the year.

Give an account of your work for the Girl Home Makers during the year.

Give an account of any charitable work you may have done during the year.

Give an account of any sanitary work during the year (October to October).

Give an account of any civic work during the year (October to October).

Give an account of any work during the year (October to October), for the welfare of women and children.

Have you any Real Daughters in your chapter? If so, give names and dates.

Has any member of your chapter written a play on subjects connected with the Revolution? If so, has it been presented; when and where. Give dates.

Classify chapter contributions during the year; give amount.

Give accounts of prizes (if money, give amount) and medals given to school children for essays on historic subjects.

If you cannot make a single entry, please return the blank with your chapter and name to Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr., Director General in Charge of the Report to the Smithsonian Institution, 788 East Broad St., Columbus, Ohio., as an acknowledgment of its receipt.

This set of questions would seem to any fair-minded person sufficiently comprehensive to enable any chapter to at least reply to one; but several blanks have already been returned, showing that some chapters do not even have meetings, social or otherwise.

With the question blank was sent a blank for the names and dates of the graves located of the Soldiers of the Revolution. Also a circular letter.

No doubt it will have been observed during the reading of the questions the stress laid upon the time the reports should cover between October 11, 1914, to October 11, 1915. This has been found absolutely essential. Some chapters report the same work year after year; for example, one tablet will be reported for three or more years and then the date on which it was placed will not be given. On August 16 a letter was received from the State Librarian of a certain State asking for the dates of marking by two D. A. R. Chapters in his State of two forts. A search in back numbers of the reports to the Smithsonian Institution revealed that the marking of these two forts had been reported for three years, but not once were the dates of marking given. Therefore, as an

answer the names of the two regents, with their addresses, were sent in order that they might be interviewed on the subject.

It requires no argument to prove that in historic work accuracy of statement and dates are of the first importance. The questions in the blanks were made so definite in order to secure this accuracy.

Respectfully submitted,

MARY ANDERSON ORTON,

MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.

Director General in Charge of the Report to the Smithsonian Institution.

The acceptance of the report of the Director General in Charge of the Report to the Smithsonian Institution was moved by Mrs. Augsbury, seconded by Mrs. Page, and carried.

Mrs. Bryan here submitted the letter received requesting the change in the report of the Treasurer General, showing that Mrs. Knouse had, at Mrs. Manson's request, made the donation at the last Congress, and therefore she desired the correction made as outlined. Mrs. Buel stated that at a State Conference Mrs. Manson, as Regent of the Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, had pledged the chapter to pay their proportion of the \$5,000 bond undertaken to be paid for by Connecticut, that the chapter had raised \$250 of the amount, and at the last Congress a message was brought that Mrs. Manson would make up the deficit since the treasury of the chapter was depleted, and the chapter was, therefore, credited with having paid its quota of the bond. After some further discussion, it was moved by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Hall and Mrs. Wait, and carried, that under *Continental Hall Contributions, under Connecticut, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, should read "Mrs. John T. Manson, \$194 for Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, for redemption of the remainder of the Chapter pledge for Connecticut Bond."*

Mrs. Sternberg read her report as Librarian General.

Report of Librarian General.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report the following accessions to the library:

BOOKS.

Beginnings of Colonial Maine, 1602-1658. By Henry S. Burrage. Portland, 1914. Presented by Lucy Talbot Ames.

Narrative of the town of Machias. The old and the new, the early and the late. By George W. Drisko. Machias, 1904. Presented by Hannah Weston Chapter.

Records of the Columbia Historical Society. Vol. 18. Washington, 1915. Presented by the Society.

Proceedings of the 15th Annual State Conference of the D. A. R. of Texas, November 3, 4,

5, 1914. Presented by Mrs. Andrew Rose, State Regent.

Proceedings and addresses of the 15th annual session of the State Literary and Historical Association of North Carolina. Raleigh, December 1-2, 1914. Compiled by R. D. W. Connor. Raleigh, 1915. Presented by the Association.

History of the Haggard family in England and America, 1453 to 1899. By David D. Haggard. Bloomington, Ill. The Corn Belt Printing and Stationery Company, 1899. Presented by Mrs. Amos G. Draper.

The escape and suicide of John Wilkes Booth or The first true account of Lincoln's assassination containing a complete confession by Booth many years after the crime. Written for the correction of history by Finis L. Bates. Memphis, J. L. Nickols and Company. Presented by Mrs. F. L. Bates in the name of the Martha Bratton Chapter.

Biographical history of Westchester County, New York. 2 volumes. Chicago, Lewis Publishing Company, 1892. Presented by Mrs. Bertha Murdock Robbins, Regent Judge Lynn Chapter.

The Critical Period 1763-1765. Edited with introduction and notes by Clarence Walworth Alvord and Clarence Edwin Carter. Collections of the Illinois State Historical Library, volume X. British Series, volume 1. Springfield, 1915. Presented by Illinois State Historical Library.

Newton Genealogy, genealogical, biographical, historical; being a record of the descendants of Richard Newton of Sudbury and Marlborough, Mass., 1638, with genealogies of families descended from the immigrants, Rev. Roger Newton of Milford, Conn., Thomas Newton of Fairfield, Conn., Matthew Newton of Stonington, Conn., Newtons of Va., and Newtons near Boston. By Ermina Newton Leonard. Published by Bernard Ammidown Leonard, De Pere, Wisconsin, 1915. Presented by the compiler.

Jubilee Annals of the Lake Superior Ship Canal. The world's greatest mechanical waterway. By Sarah V. E. Harvey. Cleveland, Press of J. B. Savage Company, 1906. Presented by Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Harvey.

History of the Hubbell Family, containing genealogical records of the ancestors and descendants of Richard Hubbell from A. D. 1086 to A. D. 1915. By Walter Hubbell. Second edition. Brooklyn. The Scientific Press, 1915. Presented by Dr. Alice Burritt.

Register and Manual, 1915, of the State of Connecticut. Hartford, 1915.

Report of the State Librarian to the Governor for the two years ended September 30, 1914.

The last two presented by the Connecticut State Library.

Samuel Craig, Senior, pioneer to Western Pennsylvania, and his descendants. Compiled by Jane Maria Craig. Greensburg Pennsyl-

vania, 1915. Privately printed. Presented by J. Craig Griffen.

History of Waterloo, Wisconsin. Published by Maunsha Chapter D. A. R. Waterloo, 1915. Presented by Maunsha Chapter.

The Mayflower Descendant. A quarterly magazine of pilgrim genealogy and history. Volume 2. Boston. Massachusetts Society of Mayflower Descendants, publisher. Presented by Robert A. Smith.

Library Memorial Continental Hall. A list of the historical and genealogical works. N. S. D. A. R., Washington, 1915.

Baylor's History of the Bayers. A Collection of records and important family data collected and edited by Orval Walker Baylor and Henry Bedinger Baylor. Le Roy Journal Printing Company, 1914. Presented by Orval W. Baylor.

Makers of America. Biographies of leading men of thought and action, the men who constitute the bone and sinew of American prosperity and life. By prominent historical and biographical writers. Volume 1. Washington, D. C. B. F. Johnson, publisher. Presented by Miss Elizabeth J. Black.

Some Old Colonial Families of Virginia. By Cynthia Martin Polk. n. p. n. d. Presented by the author.

Stephens-Stevens Genealogy. Lineage from Henry Stephens or Stevens of Stonington, Connecticut, 1660. By Plowdon Stevens. New York, Frank Allaben Genealogical Company, New York, 1909. Presented by the author.

Hernando De Soto. By Walter Malone. New York, G. P. Putnam's Sons, 1914. Presented by Commodore Lawrence Chapter.

Report of Committee on Patriotic Education for the years, 1909-13. Washington, 1910-1913. Presented by Mrs. Samuel A. Ammon.

6th circular of information, 1909-13, of the American Flag Association. Yonkers, n. d. Presented by the Association.

Journal of a voyage from Philadelphia to Cork, 1809 together with a description of a sojourn in Ireland. By Margaret B. Harvey; with a supplement by her granddaughter, Dora Harvey Develin. Philadelphia, West Park Publishing Company, 1915. Presented by Mrs. Dora Harvey Develin.

The following were presented by Mrs. Harriett E. Blodgett:

Memoir of Philippe Maton Wiltsee and his descendants. By Jerome Wiltsee, Sr. Atchison, G. W. Myers, publisher, 1908.

The Valentines in America, 1644-1874. By T. W. Valentine, New York, 1874.

History of the United States of America. By Charles W. Goodrich, New York, 1829.

History of Stamford, Connecticut. By E. B. Huntington. Stamford, 1868.

New York in the Revolution. By Berthold Fernow. Albany, 1887.

PAMPHLETS.

Dr. and Mrs. William Thornton. By Allen C. Clark. Washington, 1915. Presented by Miss Virginia Miller.

Index prepared by the New Hampshire Department of Vital Statistics, to "Some Revolutionary Soldiers," compiled by Molly Aiken Chapter. Presented by Molly Aiken Chapter.

The Battle of Shiloh. By Anne Bachman Hyde. Presented by Mrs. Charles R. Hyde.

Signers of the Mayflower Compact. Brewster records and personal history of other passengers on the forefather ships, *Fortune, Ann and Little James.* By Annie Arnoux Haxtun. Reprinted from *The Mail and Express*, New York, 1902. Presented by Mrs. Harriett E. Blodgett.

Two numbers Mayflower Descendant. Presented by Mrs. Harriett E. Blodgett.

Annual report of the Connecticut Historical Society. May, 1915. Hartford, 1915. Presented by Connecticut State Library.

Pomeroy. Interesting English records supplemental to the *History and Genealogy of the Pomeroy Family.* By Charles Arthur Hoppin. Cleveland, 1915. Presented by Col. A. A. Pomeroy.

The Cabell Descendants in Missouri. By Joseph A. Mudd. Reprinted from the *Missouri Historical Review* of. Presented by Dr. Gaius M. Brumbaugh.

Genealogy and Eugenics. By Paul Popence. Washington, 1915. Presented by the author.

PERIODICALS.

Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine. June, July.

Illinois State Historical Society Journal. January.

Kentucky State Historical Society Register. September.

Maryland Historical Magazine. June, September.

Mayflower Descendant. July.

Medford Historical Register. June, July.

National Genealogical Society Quarterly. July, October.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register. July.

New York Genealogical and Biographical Record. July.

New York Public Library Bulletin. June, July.

Newport Historical Society Bulletin. July. *Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly.* July.

Patriotic Marylander. September.

Pilgrim Notes and Queries. May.

Somerset County, N. J. Historical Quarterly. July, October.

Virginia Magazine of History and Biography. July.

William and Mary College Quarterly Historical Magazine. July.

The above list comprises 42 books, 10 pamphlets, and 26 periodicals. 38 books were presented, and 4 received in exchange.

In addition to the above list I have to report that during the summer months the routine work in the library has continued without interruption, while the compiling of the catalogue, ordered by the last Congress, was completed and the book printed. It is herewith presented for your inspection and approval. It is a list of the historical and genealogical works in the library which will be of great assistance not only to those who work in the library but to others at a distance giving them helpful suggestions as to the books to be consulted for family lines and Revolutionary service.

In looking over this book you will notice that some states are better represented than others. I cannot too strongly urge that measures be taken to send to the library as many state records, local histories, etc., as possible.

During some of the hottest days of the summer Miss Wilson was at the Treasury Department reading the proof of the Index to Pierce's Official Register, which was copied last winter and that will shortly appear in the 17th D. A. R. Report to the Smithsonian Institution.

The historical and genealogical data transferred by order of Congress from the Historian General's office to the library has been very carefully examined and is being made as rapidly as possible available for ready reference.

The hospitality of the library has been extended to a larger number than usual as its facilities for research are being better known.

Respectfully submitted,

(Mrs. George M.) M. L. STERNBERG,
Librarian General N. S. D. A. R

Mrs. Sternberg also accepted with thanks the book presented by the State Regent of New Jersey, The Register of the New Jersey Society of the Colonial Dames of America. On motion duly seconded the acceptance of the report of the Librarian General was carried.

Miss Barlow presented her report as Curator General of the Museum as follows:

Report of Curator General of Museum.

Madam President General, Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report the work accomplished in the Museum during the past few months.

The mahogany filing case, so graciously accorded me by the Board at the June meeting, is in its place and the work of cataloguing the Revolutionary relics is now progressing.

The following accessions have been made to the Museum since June:

Silhouette of Sophia Dorothea Curtz, the great-great-grandmother of the donor, Miss Priscilla E. Kent, of Washington, D. C.

Iron Lamp and Snuffers, presented by Charles Ricard of Luray, Va.

Letter, written by Dolly Madison, June 11th, 1847, presented by Mrs. Edmund Pendleton, of Washington, D. C.

Newspaper, copy of *Columbian Herald & Daily Advertiser*, printed at Columbia, S. C., Dec. 5th, 1795, presented by Mrs. W. Edward Callender, of Falls Church, Va.

Bronze Medal of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, San Francisco, Calif., Sept. 13th, 1915. Presented to the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, through the President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story.

In trying to work out the problem of new wall cases to contain the increasing number of articles we are receiving, I have consulted the members of the Art Committee, and have now their decision to present to this Board for confirmation, that the work may progress.

Respectfully submitted,

CATHERINE BRITTIN BARLOW,
Curator General of Museum.

The acceptance of the report of the Curator General with the appreciation of the Board of the splendid work accomplished in her short time of service as a National Officer in this newly created National Office was moved by Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Boyle, and carried.

Miss Barlow then reported in detail that the Art Committee had suggested wall cases, of plate glass and white wood, that might appear to be a part of the construction of the walls of the Museum; these cases to be 6 ft 3 in. in height, 2 ft. 3 in. in width, and 3 ft. in depth, placed between doors and windows, that they might form alcoves, as do the stacks in the Library; the cases to have rose-colored fabric on the shelves to harmonize with the draperies of the windows; and to follow the idea carried out in the furnishing of the Library, a rose-colored carpet should cover the floor.

Miss Barlow stated that the State of Wyoming had already contributed a case to the Museum, which would be used for the display of manuscripts, and the other Western States might be given the opportunity for a memorial and present the other cases needed. There was some discussion as to whether states other than Western States would be permitted to furnish these cases, Mrs. Wait announcing that Michigan at their State Conference in August voted to furnish a case. Mrs. Guernsey announced that Kansas would also furnish one of the cases. Mrs. Lobingier reported that the Daughters of the Orient trusted to furnish rare embroideries, etc., for a case in the Museum, whereupon Mrs. Wait asked that as the State Regent of the Orient was from Michigan that the exhibit gotten together under her supervision be placed in the Michigan case. Miss Barlow then moved *that I have the privilege of asking the States for wall cases for Museum,*

and to carry out the ideas suggested by the Art Committee. This was seconded by Mrs. Buel and carried.

Mrs. Gaar and Mrs. Speight having requested permission to appear before the Board on matters connected with the work they had in charge, it was moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt, and carried, *that the courtesy of the Board be granted to Mrs. Gaar and Mrs. Speight.*

Miss Pierce reported that two more names had been sent in to be presented, and she was given the privilege by the Board of adding these two names to the list in the following supplemental report, and the Recording Secretary General was instructed to cast the ballot for the two additional members.

Supplemental Report of Registrar General.

Applications presented to the Board.....2
Total number of applications presented to the Board1361

Respectfully submitted,

GRACE M. PIERCE,
Registrar General.

The Recording Secretary General announced that she cast the ballot for the two new members, the Chairman declaring them elected.

Mrs. Gaar appeared for further instructions as to having the certificates changed with the silver shield bearing the signatures of the present officers, and was informed that the ruling of the Board, that the signatures of past officers in the sale of certificates during this administration be erased and that the certificates bear the signatures of the officers of the administration at the time they are issued empowered her to make the proper changes before the certificates were issued.

Mrs. Speight, as Chairman of the Souvenir Committee, appeared before the Board to make a partial report on the sale of the souvenir medals for the 25th anniversary, stating that most unfortunately the automobile in which she was traveling from Norfolk to Washington had broken down in the Wilderness and she had been compelled to stay there all night, so that she was too late to put the souvenirs on sale during the exercises in the afternoon, but many of them had been sold during the reception, and she trusted every State Regent would take one to her conference, and that many members of the Society would wish to order one—that only 500 were made, the price to be \$1.00 each.

Mrs. Calhoun asked permission to present a special request in the form of the following resolutions which she desired to present to the Board.

Whereas: There is being erected in the city of Washington a building in honor of the women of the Civil War for the use of the American Red Cross;

And *Whereas:* The great services of Miss

Clara Barton in the Civil War and afterwards in national disasters should therein be commemorated;

And *Whereas:* Miss Clara Barton was a Charter member of the D. A. R. and a National Officer;

And *Whereas:* We deem a recognition of her patriotic services due her from the National Government;

Therefore Resolved: That the President of the United States be asked to suggest to the Commission erecting the building in honor of the Women of the Civil War for the accommodation of the American Red Cross that a suitable memorial to Miss Clara Barton, the Founder of the American Red Cross, be placed therein.

Resolved: That a copy of this Resolution be presented to the President of the United States.

MRS. F. H. H. CALHOUN,
MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.

After discussion as to the advisability of adopting these resolutions, during which tributes were paid to the work accomplished by Miss Barton, it was moved by Mrs. Calhoun, seconded by Mrs. Orton, *that the resolutions to memorialize the President of the United States on the subject of a suitable memorial to be placed in the new Red Cross Building be adopted.* A rising vote was called for; the motion carried by a vote of fifteen in the affirmative and four opposed.

Mrs. Sternberg then presented her report as Chairman of the Finance Committee.

Report of Finance Committee.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

During the four months that have covered the interval since we last met your Chairman of Finance has had numerous exigencies to meet.

Some vouchers had to be approved without the authorization of the Building and Grounds Committee, owing to absence from the city of the Chairman and serious illness in the family of the Vice Chairman. I knew the bills were correct and they were approved to facilitate the work of the organization, and with the distinct understanding that these bills would be authorized immediately on the return to town of the Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee, and that has been done.

A meeting of the Finance Committee was called for Friday, October 8th. The number present was small and discussion correspondingly brief. Therefore, my report will be briefer than usual.

The Chairman explained, for the information of the Committee, some of the work she had done during the past four months.

The purchase of two typewriters, one for the Chairman of the Magazine Committee, and one

for the office of the Organizing Secretary General, were explained and a motion was passed which read as follows:

"I move that the Committee approve the work of the Chairman during the summer, in signing some vouchers necessary to carry on the regular work of the organization."

I ask the approval of the Board for the purchase of these two typewriters, and also that the Board endorse the work of the Chairman during the summer.

The Chairman spoke to the Committee in regard to some vouchers she had received, which were sent for her approval, and had been authorized by a National Officer with a rubber stamp. After some discussion the following motion was made and carried:

"I move that the Committee recommend to the Board that all Officers and Chairmen of Committees personally sign their vouchers in writing."

A blank form of voucher was presented for the consideration of the Committee. It has been in use during the summer months, as the old supply became exhausted. She informed the Committee that the Committee to consider the voucher consisted of the Chairman of the Finance Committee, Chairman of Auditing Committee and the Treasurer General. She stated to the Committee that she personally approved the form of voucher with a slight modification, namely: that the printing on the lower edge of the voucher be moved up two or three lines, so that there would be more space at the bottom for any writing that it might be necessary to add. The blank was gotten up in the office of the Treasurer General and is practically the form we have used for a number of years and is doubtless satisfactory to the Treasurer General. The Auditing Committee approved and I present to the Board with the recommendation that the Board approve this blank voucher with the slight modification for the use of the National Society.

Inquiry was made in regard to the appointment of one of the clerks as a Notary Public. Letters containing requests have been sent to the Finance Committee, but it was decided they did not properly belong to that Committee, and they will be reported to the Board when it is in order for new business.

Respectfully submitted,
(Mrs. George M.) M. L. STERNBERG,
Chairman Finance Committee.

During the past four months vouchers have been approved to the amount of \$28,177.12. The largest items were as follows:

Pay Roll:
Clerical\$9,454.11
Stenographic services
to the President General, and Committees. 821.30 \$10,275.41

Employees of the Hall, including extra services for Auditorium events	1,768.00
Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, salaries of Editors and expenses incidental to publication	6,650.85
Real Daughters' Support	1,344.00
Postage, including stamped envelopes, for National Officers, State Regents, and Committees	1,237.38
Patriotic Education....	842.54

The acceptance of the report of the Finance Committee was moved by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Guernsey, and carried.

The Chair stated that owing to the change in the order of business announced at the June Board meeting, in making the report of the Corresponding Secretary General come after the other National Officers had reported, she had inadvertently overlooked the report of the Corresponding Secretary General, and would call for it at that time. The report of the Corresponding Secretary General was then read by Mrs. Orton in the absence of Mrs. Burrows.

Report of Corresponding Secretary General.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

During the four months since our last Board meeting the following supplies have been sent from the office:

Application blanks.....	14,551
Leaflets "How to Become a Member".	1,293
Constitutions	1,226
Miniature blanks	974
Transfer cards.....	534
There have been 1124 letters written, and 1425 received and recorded.	

Numerous complaints were received in the early part of the summer because orders for application blanks were not filled promptly, and in justice to the office let me say this was through no fault of the office but was due to the fact that there was delay in the printing of the blanks. As soon as they were received the orders were immediately filled and mailed to the various chapters waiting for them.

The clerical work of the Finance Committee has been done by the clerk in this office, and the mail for the building has been assorted and distributed three times each day.

A number of Year Books from chapters have been received and I take this opportunity to thank them for these books, which are very much appreciated, as they frequently offer suggestions to other chapters for lines of work in

which they may engage, as well as a program for chapter meetings.

Respectfully submitted,

MRS. JULIUS C. BURROWS,
Corresponding Secretary General.

By Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr.

The following letter was also read as part of the report:

To the National Society, Daughters American Revolution:

Mrs. Donald McLean acknowledges the receipt of the very beautiful and handsome pin designed for the Honorary Presidents General, National Society, Daughters American Revolution. Doubtless each Honorary President General feels, as does Mrs. McLean, a debt of appreciation to each member of the National Society, Daughters American Revolution, for this token of appreciation for the work undertaken and performed for the Society.

The acceptance of the report of the Corresponding Secretary General was moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Miss Barlow, and carried.

The report of the Editor of the Lineage Book was read by Mrs. Boyle as follows:

Report of Editor of Lineage Book.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

The Forty-first Volume of the Lineage Book will be sent to the publisher this week. I have been able to make better progress than in former years, because the Historian General is appreciative and in sympathy with the work, and Miss Weedon is an able assistant. In this volume there are ten Real Daughters, and nineteen vacant numbers. One hundred and ten letters have been written, eighty-three replies received. Fifty postals written to those who have been delinquent in answering requests for additional data. Fifty pension records copied.

Respectfully yours,

SARAH HALL JOHNSTON,
Editor of the Lineage Book.

The acceptance of the report of the Editor of the Lineage Book was moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Miss Barlow, and carried.

Mrs. Greenawalt read the report of the Auditing Committee, stating that she did not present the matter of the vouchers, as the Chairman of the Finance Committee had reported that they had met with the approval of the Auditing Committee.

Report of Auditing Committee.

The President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Your Auditing Committee met on Friday, October 8th, and went over the reports of the Auditor for the months of June, July, August and September, 1915. An adjourned meeting was held Monday, October 11th, and the Treasurer General's Report from June 1st to September 30th, 1915, was verified.

All moneys received have been accounted for, the Petty Cash funds of the Treasurer General's office and the Business Office have been counted, and cash, checks and vouchers to the full amount of the funds were found.

The Stamped Envelope Account agreed with the inventory of envelopes, and the Finance Book was reconciled with the records of the Treasurer General's Office.

Respectfully submitted,

MAUD L. GREENAWALT,
Chairman.

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Miss Crowell, and carried, that *the report of the Auditing Committee be accepted.*

Mrs. Greenawalt as Second Vice Chairman, and then Acting Chairman of Building and Grounds Committee, read the report of the Committee as follows:

Report of Building and Grounds Committee.
Madam President General and Members of the National Board:

The Building and Grounds Committee reports that at the time of the death of Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, one of the Founders, the President General was immediately notified by telegram of this sad event, and following her instructions everything possible was done to show our desire to honor the memory of Mrs. Walworth; that the flag was placed and kept at half mast until after the funeral services in Saratoga; that the portrait of Mrs. Walworth was placed on the platform in the auditorium and draped with crepe, where it remained for thirty days as a testimonial to her memory; that a representative of the Society was sent to the hospital in Washington, D. C., where the death of Mrs. Walworth took place, to convey the sympathy of the Society to the family and to suggest that the body be permitted to lie in state in Memorial Continental Hall, as had been done in the case of the passing away of Miss Desha, another Founder, but, owing to the arrangements that the body be taken out of the city at once the family did not accept; that flowers, ribbon of the National Society, and the Mary Desha Memorial Flag, known as the Obsequies Flag, were sent to Saratoga, New York, the place of interment, to be used at the funeral services; and that Memorial Continental Hall was closed on the day of the funeral in honor of her memory.

The Committee further reports that in accordance with instructions from the President General the Committee authorized the Superintendent to have the necessary brick work, re-lining of flues and overhauling of steam lines in the furnace done by Zellers and Company at a total cost of one hundred and thirty-five dollars (\$135), this price having been obtained by competitive bids from several different companies, and that this work has been satisfactorily done.

In accordance with a request from the Treas-

urer General, dated June 5th, stating that "as Miss Mary-Louise Myers, employed in my office May first, 1915 at \$30 per month, in place of Miss Powell, resigned, has proved herself satisfactory, I ask that her salary be raised to \$50 beginning June first, 1915, and "I would like to have the authority from the June Board to place Miss Myers' name on the permanent roll beginning September first, 1915, at a salary of \$55 per month," we present:

Recommendation No. 1

That Miss Mary-Louise Myers be placed on the temporary roll May first at a salary of \$30 per month, that her salary be raised to \$50 a month beginning June first, 1915, and that she be placed on the permanent roll beginning September first, 1915, at a salary of \$55 per month.

In accordance with a letter from the Registrar General, dated June 12, 1915, calling our attention to the fact that Miss Ruth Westergren of her office has been on the temporary roll since January 18th, a period of nearly five months, and asking for her transfer to the permanent roll of her office, we make:

Recommendation No. 2

That Miss Ruth Westergren be placed on the temporary roll January 18th at a salary of \$30 per month, that her salary be raised to \$50 a month beginning February 18th, 1915, and that she be placed on the permanent roll beginning May 18, 1915, at a salary of \$55 per month.

The Committee further reports that in reply to a letter, dated June 12, 1915, received from the Registrar General, asking that "Miss Mary Fennell, who has been serving in her office on special work, be placed on the temporary roll with a view to her permanent employment in her office," they had written to the Registrar General saying that they could not recommend the placing of Miss Fennell on the list inasmuch as there was not authorization by the National Board for a tenth clerkship in the Registrar General's office, and also stating that the dismissal of Miss Fennell, the extra clerk doing temporary work in the Registrar General's office, must be made at once by the Building and Grounds Committee in conformity with the ruling of the National Board of Management, April 26, 1915, regarding temporary clerks; but the Building and Grounds Committee, being anxious to aid the Registrar General's office, transferred to her office temporarily Miss Camilla H. Diggs, third clerk in the Historian General's office, the Committee having been previously notified by the Historian General that she would not need the further services of this clerk, and recommending her employment elsewhere in the building.

In accordance with a request from the Recording Secretary General "for assistance in the clerkship made vacant by the death of my valued and greatly beloved Alice B. Fishburne,

who has just left us to enter the better life," we present

Recommendation No. 3

That Miss Jean Jackson be placed on the permanent roll at \$75 per month to fill the position left vacant by the death of Mrs. Fishburne, such appointment to date from October 6, 1915.

Respectfully submitted,

MAUD L. GREENAWALT,

Acting Chairman, Building and Grounds

Committee.

Miss Pierce explained that not recognizing that the Genealogist of the Society had been included in the clerks in her office, she had supposed there was a vacant clerkship in her office, and had asked that Miss Fennell be assigned to her office, but having been informed that office already had its full quota, she could not, of course, make use of the services of Miss Diggs, and so replied to the Building and Grounds Committee.

On motion of Mrs. Goode, seconded by Mrs. Lobingier, it was carried that the report of the Building and Grounds Committee be accepted.

Mrs. Augsburg made an informal report for the Chairman of the Insignia Committee, who was not present, stating that there was to be a meeting of that Committee the next day, when Mrs. Cook and Mrs. Reynolds would be in Washington; that requests for designs for the pin for Charter members and the Vice-Presidents' General bar had been sent out and the designs had been sent to the members of the Committee from the different jewelers, and that she had these designs with her to show to the members of the Board.

In this connection Mrs. Minor referred to the matter of the recommendation adopted at the last Congress for a wider ribbon for the Vice-Presidents General and moved that information be requested as to when the wider ribbon for the use of Vice Presidents General can be purchased. This was seconded by Mrs. Buel and carried.

Mrs. Greenawalt asked to be permitted to make the following statement:

As Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements for the 25th Anniversary Celebration I am not ready to submit my formal report, but I wish to express at this time my appreciation of the efficient and cheerful rendering of assistance by the clerks in the various offices, especially those in the Business Office, in the arrangements for the celebration of the 25th Anniversary. I think we have excellent clerks, and I wish to take this opportunity to tell the Board that they willingly and cheerfully helped me in all the various details of the work. I wish to thank the clerks in the Organizing Secretary General's office for their help; I had to obtain a list of charter members in order to send special seat tickets, and this meant much extra work in this office be-

cause they had to find out where these members were, and in some cases the relatives and friends had not reported the deaths of members, so should you hear of invitations having been received by the families of members who had passed away, you will understand that it was because the death had not been reported to the National Society, and not because of ignorance on the part of the Chairman of Invitations, Mrs. Clementson. I wish to mention the splendid help rendered by our Superintendent, Mr. Phillips, who has a personal love for this building—it was he who put up the electrical illumination at the back of the stage showing the figures 1890-1915, and borrowed palms from the Pan-American Building without expense to the Society—and I am most anxious that this appreciation be spread upon the minutes. This is all I have to report now. The Committee was formed by the President General of the members of the Executive Committee, who were requested by the President General to vote as to whether a medal should be struck off, as to the amount to be expended, and other matters in regard to the Celebration.

Mrs. Boyle read the following letter from one of the eighteen members present at the first meeting, of whom there are only four living. Through a misunderstanding, this was not read at the Anniversary exercises for which it was intended.

Mrs. Maud L. Greenawalt,
Chairman Committee of Arrangements,
25th Anniversary, D. A. R.
Washington, D. C.
Memorial Continental Hall.

My Dear Mrs. Greenawalt:

My keenest regrets and warmest greetings to all the dear Daughters assembled on this most notable and happy event. Thanking you heartily for the honor of the kind invitation to be present to participate in the exercises, I will, as one of the original signers, send a few reminiscences to be read:—

Come with me, if you please, to the then pleasant parlors of Strathmore Arms, Washington, D. C., October 11, 1890, and see there gathered eighteen enthusiastic and patriotic women, with four Sons of the American Revolution, this having been chosen the permanent day for organization with Mary S. Lockwood. We had been residents of this old historic city for more than a year, and was almost a daily caller at this hospitable home for all Wisconsin people, especially, being an invited guest for the entire day nothing was lost sight of. The call to order came at 3 P. M., and I can now see, as in a mirror reflected, Flora Adams Darling, seated at the table, in her sombre garb of widowhood, in charge of organization. Eugenia Washington, serene and satisfied, signing the first formal draft, No. 1, now safely kept in the archives of our Society; Ellen H. Walworth,

smiling and stately, Marie Hollowell, Amelia Mohl, Caroline Ransom, Susan R. Hetzel, sweet and dear, with her lovely mother, Margaret; Mary Desha, acting Secretary, active and alert. They are now sleeping in the Silent City, together with our beautiful and lamented Lilian Lockwood, who bade us welcome, with her mother, but did not sign. Of their eighteen, nine are left, to-wit: Mary V. Cabell, Honorary President Presiding, one of our most gracious and much beloved Daughters; Emily L. Ragan, official correspondent; Florida Cunningham; Harriet Coolidge; Alice Clark; Pauline McDowell; Ada P. Kimberley. Last, but to me, dearest and best, Mary S. Lockwood, my friend of many years, and pleasant memories, my guide and inspiration, our first Historian, our now Chaplain, our only remaining Founder. May she live to grace our gatherings for many years to come. This was the ending of a perfect day. At our second meeting, held with Mrs. Cabell, October 18th, the organization was perfected, the colors of Washington Staff, blue and white, were chosen for our rosette, and a seal and motto decided upon. February 22, 1891, the Daughters celebrated Washington's Natal Day, by inviting the Sons of the American Revolution to an entertainment at Prof. Cabell's, which you may imagine was of high order. Mrs. Cabell presided, and with our President General Mrs. Caroline Harrison, her daughter, Mrs. McKee, General Greely, and Prof. Cabell, assisted in receiving the guests. Large American flags were festooned wherever possible. In the spacious inner hall handsome young men, dressed in elegant Colonial costume—minute men—stood as sentinels. Choicest blossoms from the White House Conservatory had been furnished. Every detail of arrangement was perfect, and everyone radiant, happy and satisfied.

A writer of note has said: "Live in the future," "Bury the past." Shall we agree with this? I have said, "Ah, no, not upon such occasions as these." October 11, 1890—a quarter of a Century. A day of deeds, not words. What changes the years have wrought. *Then*, looking forward to a promising future, *now*, looking backward, with great rejoicing to wonderful achievements. When called upon to sign that little paper, No. nine (9), now so prized, I was *then* one of the youngest members, *now* the great-grand mother of two small children. The founders of our D. A. R. instituted a splendid service to America, and I am proud to be ever actively associated with it. I am, and ever shall be, intensely patriotic, our Starry Banner floats continuously in the breeze, from our porch, the wonder of passers-by. My reply as to why—"To show that we are true Americans."

My greatest pleasure in D. A. R. circles last year, was in welcoming, at our State Conference, in Wisconsin, our charming President

General, Daisy Allen Story, and for the first time in our history—23 years—a President General. She won all hearts by her gentle, unassuming manner, and made many new friends. Florence Finch, bright, energetic, business manager of our magazine, also present, was much admired.

Cordially,

ADA P. KIMBERLEY,

Honorary State Regent, D. A. R., for 23 years.

Original charter member, N. S. No. 9.

Janesville, Wisconsin.

October 6, 1915.

The motion, duly seconded, was carried that this should be published in the Magazine.

Mrs. Sternberg requested that permission be given by the Board to the "Army League of the United States" to leave at the Hall for distribution the pamphlet entitled "Problem of National Defense," issued by the "Army League," containing information for the public such as extracts from speeches by distinguished men, President Wilson, Secretary Garrison, ex-President Taft, and others, asking an interest and the quiet consideration of the problems of national defense by the people, and moved that the "Army League of the United States" be given permission to place their booklet entitled "Problem of National Defense" in Continental Hall to be given to the public to give information in regard to our national defense. This was seconded by Mrs. Guernsey and carried.

It was also moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Augsbury, that twenty-five dollars be donated to each, the Army League and the Navy League, for postage and circulation of literature for the information of the general public in regard to the national defense of our country. The question was raised by the Recording Secretary General and others as to whether the National Board had the authority to vote money to other organizations or to initiate new expenditures. This constitutional question was discussed at considerable length. Mrs. Guernsey then moved that these amounts be given subject to the approval of the Executive Committee, and Mrs. Sternberg withdrew her motion. After some further discussion, Mrs. Guernsey also withdrew her motion, and Mrs. Sternberg stated that with the consent of her second she would prefer to offer again her original motion with the accepted amendment. The previous question having been moved, the motion of Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Augsbury, that twenty-five dollars be donated to each, the Army League and the Navy League, for postage and circulation of literature for the information of the general public in regard to the national defense of our country, with the amendment by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Augsbury, that this matter be referred to the Executive Committee with power to act if it is legal for us to give this donation, was carried.

At 2:10 a recess was moved for half an hour for luncheon.

The afternoon session was called to order by Mrs. Smallwood, Vice-President General, at 2:50.

Mrs. Brumbaugh, as Corresponding Secretary of the Children of the American Revolution, appeared before the Board in connection with the spoon of the C. A. R. which it was thought might fill the want set forth by Mrs. Boyle at the June Board meeting for a spoon suitable to be given to children and grandchildren of Daughters. The spoon shown by Mrs. Brumbaugh was much admired by the members present, though Mrs. Boyle stated that it could hardly take the place of the one that Caldwell had been asked to design, inasmuch as the C. A. R. spoon ought not to be given to any child who was not itself a C. A. R., whereas the other spoon authorized at the June Board meeting could be given by any Daughter to a child affiliated or not affiliated with the C. A. R. No formal action was taken by the Board, Mrs. Brumbaugh merely desiring to show the spoon and to give the prices of the different qualities.

Mrs. Sternberg stated that she had received a letter from Mrs. John A. Logan asking if the National Society would not make a contribution toward a tablet in memory of Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch, which was to be put up in a conspicuous place in Garfield Hospital—that while Mrs. Tulloch was one of the early and faithful members and ex-officers of the National Society, she was also very much interested in the Garfield Hospital work, and it seemed fitting that the National Society should be represented in the movement to honor her memory.

Mrs. Wait, desiring to bring up one or two matters to the Board, and having to leave to make her train, Mrs. Sternberg yielded the floor in favor of Mrs. Wait.

Mrs. Wait requested that she might take from the Michigan Room the book given by Mrs. Benton Hanchett, recently deceased, who had desired that the book might be brought up to date, as it was not now historically correct. On motion of Miss Barlow, seconded by Mrs. Augsbury, the request of the State Regent of Michigan, asking the temporary removal of the Memorial Book was carried. Mrs. Wait also requested that Michigan be permitted to have a picture of its room, that it might be represented in the postal cards on sale at the building. It was stated by the Chair that the Board had given the privilege of making postcards of the rooms to the Mt. Vernon Chapter, and that there was no doubt Michigan's request would be very willingly granted. It was, therefore, moved and carried that the request of Michigan be referred to the Mt. Vernon Chapter. It was also requested by Mrs. Wait for the State of Michigan that they be permitted to place in the Michigan Room a book containing pictures of the tablets and monuments that Michigan Daughters had erected, and on motion of Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Buel, it was carried, that the third

request of the State Regent of Michigan be granted, that a blue book containing monuments, tablets, etc., erected by Michigan Daughters be allowed to be placed in the Michigan Room. By courtesy of the Board, a letter was read from Miss McDuffee, State Vice Regent of Michigan, to Mrs. Smallwood, a copy of which had been sent to the other members of the Board, in which Miss McDuffee outlined her plan to try to secure in celebration of the 25th anniversary of the organization of the National Society \$25,000 in multiples of 25. The State Regent of Michigan stated that this idea was not being put out as a State proposition, but was undertaken personally by Miss McDuffee, as the State Conference had already been held when the idea suggested itself to Miss McDuffee, and for the first time the State had adopted the budget plan, apportioning its money for certain purposes. After some discussion, it was carried that the Recording Secretary General be directed to write to Miss McDuffee that the Board had already subscribed to several plans and the official recommendation of the Board could not be given to another plan, but any personal effort she could make along the lines outlined in her letter would be much appreciated and the results received with many thanks.

Mrs. Sternberg now moved *that ten dollars be appropriated as a subscription now being raised to place a bronze plaque in the memory of Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch in the Garfield Hospital.* This was seconded by Miss Barlow and carried.

Mrs. Sternberg referred to a letter received from Mrs. Macfarlane, National Chairman of Committee to Prevent the Desecration of the Flag, stating that she had asked the American Flag Association to send on their publication, and she desired the Printing Committee to copy the form of legislative Act approved by the American Flag Association and recommended by them, having had many requests for this kind of literature, and she desired 200 copies of this extract. Moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Sternberg, and carried, *that the request of the Chairman To Prevent Desecration of the Flag be given to the Printing Committee for investigation and action.*

At the request of Mrs. Smallwood, Mrs. Minor took the Chair and Mrs. Smallwood addressed the Board in regard to the proper reverence for the flag and the duty of mothers and women generally in inculcating that reverence, and asked that the Board recommend that its Daughters all over the land have the symbol of their country, the national flag, in a conspicuous place in their homes. This was unanimously seconded and carried.

Mrs. Smallwood, having resumed the Chair, stated that two papers had been left by the President General to present to the Board, two applications for the use of the auditorium—

one from an association of Jewish women, who were endeavoring to bring forward a world-wide movement for the recovery of the Holy Land, and they desired to have Mr. Louis D. Brandeis and Dr. Stephen Wise to speak in favor of the proposition—the other application being from the Laymen's Missionary Movement, composed of men all over the country. After some discussion as to the wear and tear on the building by these meetings, and the statement by the Chair that the Building and Grounds Committee arrange the details and no meeting was permitted to be held in the Hall that would be roughly attended, as was evidenced by the distinguished gatherings that had been held in the auditorium, these applications were, with the approval of the Board, returned to the usual channel. It was also moved by Mrs. Goode, seconded by Mrs. Minor, and carried, *that the request of the Laymen's Missionary Movement be granted, and referred to the usual channels.*

Moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Minor, and carried, *that all matters coming to the National offices referring to matter for adjustments between chapters and their members—or matters distinctly state interest—be communicated to the State Regents before action is taken.*

Mrs. Smallwood brought up the question of the proper disposition of the duplicate of the original application papers, stating that there seemed to be some lack of knowledge and uniformity among the chapters, some chapters sending a copy of the paper to the member withdrawing from the chapter and retaining the original paper, others furnishing the original paper itself to the withdrawing member and retaining the copy of the paper in their files, and still others furnishing the original paper and leaving no copy for their files. The Registrar General and other members discussed the question, and it was the consensus of opinion that the duplicate of the original application paper must be retained in the archives of the first chapter to which the member belongs. Miss Crowell moved *that Article 8 of pamphlet "General Information" be interpreted to mean that the duplicate copy of the original application paper—placed on file in the chapter to which the applicant originally belongs—be considered the property of that chapter, and a copy only be given to the member withdrawing from that chapter.* This was seconded by Mrs. Minor. Moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Miss Barlow, *that when printed, the interpretation of Article 8, leaflet General Information, shall be given the following heading, "The attention of Chapter Officers is especially called to the following." Accepted by Miss Crowell as a heading for her motion and carried, and the motion of Miss Crowell also carried.*

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs.

Longley, and carried, *that all money solicited from members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, for whatever purpose, be sent through the State Treasurer to the Treasurer General of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, to be reported by her to the Board and to the Congress.*

Mrs. Guernsey moved *that a vote of thanks be extended to Mrs. Smallwood, Vice-President General of the District, for the gracious manner in which she presided in the absence of the President General.* At the request of Mrs. Smallwood, Mrs. Minor took the chair and put the motion, which was seconded by all and carried with a rising vote.

Mrs. Smallwood having resumed the chair, Mrs. Minor moved *a rising vote of thanks to Mrs. Greenawalt for her devoted service as Chairman of the Silver Jubilee Committee.* Mrs. Orton asked to be permitted to amend to include *her unfailing grace and tact.* This was unanimously seconded, was put and carried, and the motion as amended was carried by a rising vote.

Mrs. Sternberg referred to the little pamphlet on the history of the organization written by Mrs. La Verne Noyes, given out in the building to visitors, calling attention to the very ordinary quality of paper on which it was printed, contrasting so unfavorably with the beautiful building, and made the motion *that the brochure written by Mrs. La Verne Noyes be printed on better paper.* This was seconded by Mrs. Orton and carried.

Moved by Mrs. Longley, seconded unanimously, and carried by a rising vote, *that the thanks of the National Board be extended to our President General for her courtesy in giv-*

ing us a luncheon on Tuesday, October 12.

On motion of Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Boyle, it was carried, *that a leave of absence, on full pay, of the remainder of the week, be given Mrs. Ezekiel, in recognition of her services, in place of a court reporter, in reporting the hearing on Tuesday.*

An invitation was read from the Patriots Memorial Chapter for the unveiling of one of the boundary stones at Chevy Chase Circle for the next day at 3 o'clock, and it was requested that as many as possible of the members of the National Board would attend. The statement was made that the District Commissioners and those who had in charge the marking and restoring of the old milestones of the District would not be able to carry out the task if the Daughters did not attend the ceremonies of the unveiling of these stones marking the original ten-mile square.

The announcement was read of the marriage of Mrs. Katherine Braddock Barrow to Mr. Frederick McCausland Braddock, and the Recording Secretary General was instructed to send the best wishes of the Board to Mrs. Braddock.

In answering to the question as to the date of the next Board meeting, Mrs. Boyle stated that the President General had informed her that the next meeting would be on the third Wednesday in November, the 17th, and that it would be a regular meeting.

The motions as passed were then read and approved as the minutes of the Board.

On motion, the meeting adjourned at 4:30 p. m.

Respectfully submitted,
(Mrs. Wm. C.) ABBIE WILLIAMS R. BOYLE
Recording Secretary General.



THE PROCEEDINGS
of the
Twenty-fourth Continental Congress
are now on sale
at the
BUSINESS OFFICE
Memorial Continental Hall
Washington, D. C.



PRICE PER COPY, FIFTY CENTS

Postage, Twenty-five Cents Extra

